

THE ORD QUIZ
Goes into more families each week
than all other papers in the county.
It's advertising rates are low.

The Ord Quiz.

Nebraska Historical Society

THE ORD QUIZ
Has the best Job Printing Plant in
the Loup Country. Our work is the
best. Prices low as the lowest.

Established April 6, 1882. Whole No. 943.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1900.

VOL. 19, NO. 5

ROYAL

The Absolutely Pure
BAKING-POWDER

is the baking powder of general
use, its sale exceeding that of all
other baking powders combined.

Royal Baking Powder has not
its counterpart at home or abroad.
Its qualities, which make the bread
more healthful and the cake of finer
appearance and flavor, are peculiar
to itself and are not constituent
in other leavening agents.

Great efforts are made to sell alum baking
powders under the plea that they are so many
cents a pound cheaper than Royal. The admis-
sion that they are inferior. But alum pow-
ders contain a corrosive poison and should
not be used in food, no matter how cheap.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

A. M. ROBBINS
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE
Attention given to legal business in Valley and
adjoining counties.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

R. L. STAPLE,
LAWYER,
Abstractor of Titles and Notary Public.
Office in Court House.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

A. A. LAVERTY,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW
Estate and Probate matters made a
Specialty.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

F. D. HALDEMAN,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Moe and residence opposite Presbyterian
church.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

C. A. BRINK, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over First National Bank.
Residence four blocks west of square and one
block north of Episcopal church.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

E. J. BOND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN.
All calls promptly attended day and night.
Office upstairs over Patten's Pharmacy.
Residence four blocks west of public square

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

DR. F. C. HOLSON,
DENTIST,
Office over the First National Bank.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

DR. H. T. CLARK,
DENTIST.
Office over Postoffice.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

F. MISKO,
DEALER IN HARNESSES,
Saddles, whips, robes, blankets, collars,
curry combs, brushes, and every-
thing usually kept in a first-
class harness store.
Shop on North
Side square.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

H. STRONG & CO.
Dealer in
FURNITURE
A
UNDERTAKING
GOODS.

Give us a call before buying.

A. M. DANEILS
FURNITURE, PICTURE
FRAMES, FLOOR MATTING
UNDERTAKING AND
EMBALMING.

Southeast Corner of Square,
Ord, - - - Nebraska

ALL SORTS.

Already the Navy Department is
building a coaling station at the harbor
of Pago Pago in Samoa. Our island
there is not large, but it is our own, and
it marks the end of territorial conquest
in the Pacific.

"DeWitt's Little early Risers are the
finest pills I ever used."—D. J. Moore,
Milbrook, Ala. They quickly cure all
liver and bowel troubles. Ben Bridge-
ford.

American business talent enjoys an
expanding reputation in every part of
the world. One of the latest American
contracts abroad is to pave with asphalt
seventy-five streets in the City of Mexico.
Don't stay at home on account of that
cold. Keep on with your work and take
Crause's Cold Cure. Sold by Ben Bridge-
ford.

Another selfish and incompetent Leg-
islature would be a heavy blow to Mis-
souri. Voters are acquainted with the
character of the last Legislature and
should take pains to avoid its repetition.

A thoughtful person consults his best
interests by having a box of Krause's
Headache Capsules at hand; taken as
directed they will prevent or stop any
kind of a headache, no matter what the
cause, in fact, if your skull was cracked
they would prevent headache. Sold by
Ben Bridgeford.

Nebraska's bank deposits have in-
creased \$3,000,000 within a year. That
state may run after demagogues but it
cannot deny that its prosperity dates
from Republican success.

Please send me a box of Beggs' Ger-
man Salve, as I have the piles. It is
the only thing that will give any relief.
—H. D. Lane, Gravitt, Ark. It not only
relieves chronic cases of piles but it
permanently cures thousands when
everything else has failed. Ben Bridge-
ford.

Brigandage is all that remains of the
insurrection in the Philippines and the
bandits are discouraged over the Amer-
ican style of putting down organized
robbery.

"After suffering from piles for fifteen
years I was cured by using two boxes of
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve." writes
W. J. Baxter, Northbrook, N. C. It
heals everything. Beware of counter-
feits. Ben Bridgeford.

Wool and sheep are worth twice as
much as they were in 1890. The gold
standard and reasonable protection re-
stored a living profit to American
owners of sheep.

Positive statement of one who knows.
I would not be without Beggs' Hair Re-
newer if it cost \$5 per bottle. It has
saved me from complete baldness and
given me a fine head of hair.—Mrs. May
Hofstetter, Eau Claire, Wis. Ben Bridge-
ford.

Senator Pettus declares that "Alabama
is master of the situation, both as to
iron and coal." Republican ideas seem
to agree with what was once distinctive-
ly the land of cotton.

"Was troubled with dandruff and fall-
ing hair for several years. Tried many
remedies without result. Beggs' Hair
Renewer removed the dandruff at once
and my hair is coming out again.
Would not be without it at any price."
—W. J. Walsh, Iowa City Iowa. Ben
Bridgeford.

British troopers dislike the horses im-
ported from South America. The great-
est horse and mule market in the
world, which is St. Louis, stands ready
to supply a first-class article.

E. F. White, Des Moines, Iowa, writes,
"One box of Beggs' German Salve cured
me of the piles, after I had been under
the treatment of a physician for two
years, without receiving any benefit.
He said there was no hope for me, but an
operation." Ben Bridgeford.

A second great shipyard is to be built
at San Francisco and will give employ-
ment to 3000 men. That town made a
valuable reputation when it turned out
the battleship Oregon.

Mrs. J. Francis, Florence, Kansas,
says, "I was all run down in health,
worn out, weak, my appetite was poor, I
could not sleep and doctors did me no
good. I took Beggs' Blood Purifier and
gained ten pounds in two weeks and am
now in perfect health." Ben Bridgeford.

Democracy say they are pained to see
a warlike in Republican policies. Solici-
tude of this kind is an infallible sign
that Democrat traps have been set in
vain.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.
Last winter during an epidemic of
whooping cough my children contracted
the disease, having severe coughing
spells. We had used Chamberlain's
Cough Remedy very successfully for
croup and naturally turned to it at that
time and found it relieved the cough
and effected a complete cure. John E.
Clifford, Proprietor Norwood House,
Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale
by Johnson Bros.

The republican surplus in the nation-
al treasury is the latest cause of Demo-
cratic insomnia.

The Democratic primaries will be held
to select shouters for the ticket already
reposing in the vest pockets of the party
managers.

VICINITY CLIPPINGS.

Gleaned from our Neighbor Exchanges
(From the Arcadia Champion.)

The full delegation from Arcadia was
in attendance at the county convention
at Ord last Tuesday, and they took in
everything in sight. See the report of
the proceedings in another column of
this paper.

Everybody raced home from Ord
Tuesday, and Tuesday night everyone
was discussing the merits and demerits
of the different teams in town. Jim
Linders holds honors driving to Ord in
a little over two hours and home in the
same length of time. P. W. Rounds
started out briskly but everybody
passed him on the home stretch.

M. L. Fries went on from the county
convention at Ord to the congressional
convention at Kearney without return-
ing here.

From the Greeley Leader-Independent.
Louie Johnson was down from the
Cedar last Friday. He said the irriga-
tion ditch would be used this season and
that the water would be serviceable for
the entire length, a distance of some
thirty-five miles. When one under-
stands the use of water it is valuable
beyond estimation.

While in St. Paul last week I saw
Clark Perkins, editor of the St. Paul
Republican. I rather envy Mr. Perkins,
not the politics of his paper, but the
vast possibilities for news. While at-
tending every session of the convention,
I yet picked up the facts of a Republi-
can county convention, an indignation
meeting against the saloons, a big dance,
and a B. Y. P. U. convention. What
couldn't a person find out if he were out
hunting for news?—Central City Demo-
crat.

Miss George went to Gibbon Tuesday
morning where she goes to be in attend-
ance at the wedding of her brother,
which was scheduled to come off in that
town Wednesday. She returned Wed-
nesday.

The easiest and most effective method
of purifying the blood and invigorating
the system is to take DeWitt's Little
Early Risers, the famous little pills for
cleansing the liver and bowels. Ben
Bridgeford.

Gen. Weaver's Populist platform in
1892 demanded a per capita of \$50. The
present per capita of \$36 in gold is
equal to more than \$50 in 18 to 1 silver.

J. C. Kennedy, Knoxville, Tenn., says,
"I cannot say too much for DeWitt's
Witch Hazel Salve. One box of it
cured what the doctors called an incur-
able ulcer on my jaw." Cures piles and
all skin diseases. Look out for worthless
imitations. Ben Bridgeford.

Kipling was smart to write his poem
on Bobs before the General was sent to
South Africa. The cemetery of reputa-
tions gathers them in now as of yore.

If troubled with rheumatism, give
Chamberlain's Pain Balm a trial. It
will not cost you a cent if it does no
good. One application will relieve the
pain. It also cures sprains and bruises
in one-third the time required by any
other treatment. Cuts, burns, frost-
bites, quinsy, pains in the side and
chest, glandular and other swellings are
quickly cured by applying it. Every
bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cts.
Sold by Johnson Bros., Druggists.

The Boer national hymn, "Het Trans-
vaalse Volkslied," is somewhat reminis-
cent of that soul-stirring American an-
them known as "A Hot Time" in some
venerable community after the shades of
night have fallen.

"I had stomach trouble twenty years
and gave up hope of being cured till I
began to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It
has done me so much good I call it
the savior of my life," writes W. R. Wil-
kinson, Albany, Tenn. It digests what
you eat. Ben Bridgeford.

NO USE TRYING

I can't take plain cod-liver
oil. Doctor says, try it. He
might as well tell me to melt
lard or butter and try to take
them. It is too rich and
will upset the stomach. But
you can take milk or cream,
so you can take

Scott's Emulsion

It is like cream, but will
feed and nourish when cream
will not. Babies and chil-
dren will thrive and grow
fat on it when their ordinary
food does not nourish them.

Persons have been known to gain
a pound a day when taking an
ounce of Scott's Emulsion. It gets
the digestive machinery in working
order so that the ordinary food is
properly digested and assimilated.
See and know all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

This Week in Local History.

Interesting news items gleaned from the files
of THE QUIZ for the last seventeen years,
showing what has happened each year in the
week corresponding with the present.

May 14, 1882.—Twenty-one buildings
were in course of construction in Ord.

Elita and May Bartholomew, children
of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Bartholomew, died
of scarlet fever.

Will Jennings was running a milk
wagon.

May 3, 1883.—First corn planting for
the season was reported, T. G. Bartlett
of Mira Valley being the first one to
plant.

The Bailey boys were delivering good
fat steers for market the same as now.

May 2, 1884.—G. T. Halber arrived
from Farley, Iowa, to locate in Ord.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Bartlett celebrated
their silver wedding. Many gifts were
received and a big supper was partici-
pated in.

D. O. Way and C. C. Wolf were pre-
paring to erect a furniture store and go
into the furniture business.

May 1, 1885.—The ladies band gave a
fancy dress carnival at the rink. Miss
Gertie Likes and Mr. Paul Marley car-
ried off the honors.

A. F. Crosby came to town and op-
ened up a boot and shoe shop.

S. A. Stacy and E. D. Cheesborough
entered into the lightning rod business.
Who would think that Sam ever sold
lightning rod to see him now?

The skating rink was all the go. The
butcher the baker the candle-stick maker
all went rolling at the rink.

April 30, 1886.—A wedding reception
was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Stov-
er at the residence of H. A. Walker.

Mrs. L. D. Bailey was taken to a pri-
vate hospital in Ashland, Neb., and op-
erated upon for a tumor.

May 29, 1887.—A sleek tongued gambler
attempted to take in the people on the
streets, but he was arrested by Sheriff
Johnson and made to shell out about
forty dollars he had gulped the people
for.

Michael Yeokham was brought to Ord
for safe keeping. He was accused of the
murder of Lincoln U. Downing, near
the forks of the Dismal.

May 4, 1888.—There was considerable
chinch bug talk.
A carload of forty-two persons left for
Oregon.

May 1, 1889.—J. H. Ager sold his in-
terest in the Patten & Ager drug store to
W. L. Eastman.

May 2, 1890.—Prairie fires were the
order of the day.

Mrs. Widell brought suit against John
Zablouel for \$10,000. She set forth
that Zablouel had done her that dam-
age by selling her husband liquor. John
is still selling whiskey.

May 1, 1891.—Mrs. May Mitchell, first
wife of Ed. Mitchell, died.
A lawn tennis organization was ef-
fected with J. G. Sharpe as president.

Class Cornell left for Chicago where he
had employment.

May 3, 1895.—While scuffling at school
Anton Kokes fell on a sharp lead pencil
and for a time it was thought that the
wound would be serious.

April 31, 1897.—Elmer Gard went to
Salida to work for C. B. Coffin.

H. D. Leggett and Link Harris decid-
ed to launch a new newspaper in Ord,
and the Times was started.

Mrs. Steve Weare took an overdose of
medicine and it came near proving fatal.
Lillian Davis was married to Charles
Nicolai.

April 29, 1898.—Frank Mallory sold
his interest in the Mallory & Perry Co.
Company "B" was called out to do du-
ty in the Spanish-American war. They
left for Lincoln Tuesday April 25. A
big reception was tendered them at the
court house the night before they left.

The Moore barn on the summit of the
hill west of town was burned. Two
horses suffocated in the fire.

May 5, 1899.—Campbell Bros. circus
was billed for May 10.

Gen. Barry came to town and rec-
ognized company "B".
The Ord and St. Paul high schools
were having a series of joint debates.

The new bandstand was finished.

Tortured A Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by wit-
ness T. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before
he gave this evidence: "I coughed every
night until my throat was nearly raw;
then tried Dr. King's New Discovery
which gave instant relief. I have used
it in my family for four years and recom-
mend it as the greatest remedy for
Coughs, Colds and all Throat, Chest,
and Lung troubles. It will stop the
worst cough, and not only prevents but
absolutely cures Consumption. Price
50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaran-
teed. Trial bottles free at Ben Bridge-
ford's Drug Store.

Krause's Little Liver Pills
are a purely vegetable, gelatine coated
pill that act directly on the liver and
bile. They are free from crude and ir-
ritating matter, their action is gentle and
natural and they do not cause constipa-
tion after using. Sold by Ben Bridge-
ford.

A CHARMING grandmother!
What a pleasant influence in the house is a delight-
ful old lady in good health!

Mrs. MOLLIE BARBER, St. James, Mo., writes: "I took
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound during change of
life, and have passed through that
critical period safely. I suffered for
years with falling of the womb and
female weakness. At times could
hardly stand on my feet, also had
leucorrhoea. I tried several good
doctors, but instead of getting better, grew worse all the
time. A friend advised me to try Mrs. Pinkham's Compound.
I did so and after taking six bottles, was cured of both
leucorrhoea and falling of womb. I am now enjoying good
health and feel very grateful for
the good your medicine has
done me. I would recommend
it to all women suffering as I
was."

HEALTHFUL OLD AGE



and well. It helped me through the change of life period. I
am fifty-five years old."

The women of advanced years who are healthy and happy
are invariably those who have known how to secure help
when they needed it. Mrs. Pinkham will advise any woman
free of charge who writes about her health. Her address is
Lynn, Mass.

St. Paul College

OFFERS SPECIAL
WORK IN THE
FOLLOWING COURSES

Teacher's Course.
Business Course
Shorthand & Typewriting Course

No school in the west offers better opportunities to those
desiring a thorough, practical education at reasonable rates.

Students may enter at any time. Small classes. Two
hours given each day to personal instruction. By these plans
students advance more rapidly than by the usual plan of large
classes and no special attention given to the students.

Board reasonable. No examination on entering. Ex-
perienced teachers. Write at once for particulars.

ST. PAUL COLLEGE,
S. D. SMITH, PRINCIPAL.

NEW
YORK
TRI-WEEKLY
TRIBUNE

MONDAY,
WEDNESDAY,
FRIDAY,
PRACTICALLY
a Daily,
AND THE CHEAP-
EST KNOWN.

PUBLISHED ON
THURSDAY.

A new and remarkably attractive pub-
lication, profusely illustrated with por-
traits and half-tones; contains all the
striking news features of the Daily Tri-
bune. Special war dispatches, domestic
and foreign correspondence, short
stories, humorous illustrations, Indus-
trial information, fashion notes, Agri-
cultural matters carefully treated, and
comprehensive and reliable financial and
market reports. It is mailed at same
proportion of subscribers on date of is-
sue, and each edition is a thoroughly
up-to-date daily family newspaper for
busy people.

Regular subscription price,
\$1.00 PER YEAR.

We furnish it with THE ORD QUIZ for
\$2.25 PER YEAR.

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HE ORDQUIZ

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

ORD, NEBRASKA

A wise man would rather be ignored than be bored.

Men do less than they should unless they do all they can.

Some people wear glasses because they can't believe their own eyes.

Smiles and frowns are little things, but they are powerful for good or evil.

Of things that are in our power are our opinions, impulses, pursuits, avoidances, and, in brief, all that is of our own doing.

There are now upward of 400 rural mail carriers in the United States, and during the year just closed they carried close to 10,000,000 pieces of mail.

Possibly Senator Clark was "turned" down for the crime of raising the price of senate seats to a figure where none but plutocrats could afford to buy them.

A New York clairvoyant told the owner of a stolen horse, where the animal could be found. The thief must have refused to give the clairvoyant a commission.

Pretoria, the capital of the Transvaal, is said to be a veritable city of roses. The town nestles among hedged roses, which grow everywhere in wild profusion. It is fair to assume, however, that "Oom Paul" doesn't do much reclining on beds of them at present.

Those who assert that wine growing countries are largely exempt from the evils of intemperance need not point to France in proof of their assertion. The habitual use of wine often creates the craving which seeks for such stronger stimulants as absolute or vermouth. Of about three thousand prisoners in the department of the Seine, in which Paris is situated, it is officially stated, more than two thousand were drunkards. The number of suicides induced by habits of intemperance is said to have more than doubled in recent years. Alcoholism is also largely responsible for the fact that thirty-four per cent of the young men conscripted for the army are sent back as unfit.

The great moral reform wave that has been sweeping over the country has subsided. It has failed to crush a single play on the American stage. Rather, it has supplied several most excellent advertising. Seats for "Sapho" in New York are sold four weeks in advance, and a dozen "Sapho" companies are on the road. Barred from a few cities "The Degenerates" enters more than it had intended when it started on the circuit. Other plays are being Sapho-ed and degenerated, to meet the public demand for the sensational. The theater season will be prolonged several weeks. All because the reform wave ran right up against public sentiment.

An eminent physician lately called attention to the important part wars have taken in hospital development. He declared that the Crimean war developed the trained nurse and the training school. In the American civil war, medical men learned that small hospitals, and even hospital tents, are better than large enclosed structures for the sick and wounded. To the knowledge thus gained is due the pavilion tent. It was war, also, it is asserted, that led, not to the discovery, but to the introduction of antiseptic surgery. Medical science will profit from the conflict now in progress in Africa. Through disease and wounds there treated, benefit will come to the civilized world. Thus out of a great evil may come a great good, for war compels resort to every expedient to save the lives of one's own soldiers, no less than to destroy the lives of those in the hostile army.

The power plant of the Paris exposition has a chimney 289 feet high. Twenty-six feet is below the service of the ground and 263 feet is above the ground. The foundation rests upon an oak piling capped with a concrete block fifty-nine feet in diameter and five feet thick. Upon this is built a truncated cone of masonry fifty-four feet in diameter at the base, and forty-two feet in diameter at the top and eighteen feet six inches high. Into the hollow space in its interior open the tunnels conveying the smoke and gases from the various boiler plants. Above the ground line the chimney consists of a pedestal fifty-two and a half feet high, a shaft 177 feet high and a capital thirty-three feet high. The chimney is built of white brick ornamented with bands, lozenges, crosses, etc., in red, black and enamel brick. On the whole the smokestack is most excellent from an architectural point of view.

"The opening of the baseball season" is a phrase which implies that the season opens everywhere at once. In reality, the season opens in our big country very much as the honey season for the bees, or the season of bird singing, or the strawberry season opens—that is to say, not long after New Year's day in Florida, and from that date on to a period several months later in northern Maine. Now that American soldiers have introduced the American game in Havana, San Juan, Manila and Iloilo, baseball has all seasons for its own.

Turkey has drawn the line on American pork. She has a perfect right to do so, though exclusion of this great American product may somewhat affect the business of the big packing concerns. There isn't any use in making much fuss about it.

Confectioners are asking that the copper cent be called in and an aluminum cent issued in its stead. Such a cent possibly would find its way into more mouths than the copper cent does but how would that help the confectioners?

BOERS GET AWAY

Camper to Safety When Danger Threatens.

PURSUIT IS LIKELY TO BE IN VAIN

Have Crafty Leader in Commandant Louis Botha—Murmurs Against Roberts—Too Long Delay in Marching on Pretoria.

A London, April 28 dispatch says: an Commandant General Louis Botha the Boers appear to have found a capable successor to Joubert. As the result of his insight and quick decision it may be assumed now that the retreating commandos have gotten safely away with the transport. It is true that Lord Roberts' dispatch leaves much unsaid as to the whereabouts of other forces than those of General French and General Rundle.

Nothing is said about the troops of General Brabant, Pole-Carew, Hart and Chermide, but the indications from Aliwal North show that several small commandos are still hovering in the vicinity of Springfield, causing a certain amount of danger, and the advice from Dewet's camp, outlining the duties of General Chermide, justify the conclusion that it will still be necessary to employ a considerable body of troops to keep the Free State clear of Boers.

The position is that the Boers began their raid a month ago by compelling Colonel Broadwood to retire on Bloemfontein, and then got safely away to the northward, practically without loss, but with the advantage of seven British guns, together with a hundred prisoner captured.

Meanwhile the advance to Pretoria has not begun. Small wonder is it that muffled complaints and criticisms are beginning to be heard here and there against Lord Roberts.

Urged to Take No Part. Resolutions calling on its 20,000 members and their families and friends to refrain from taking any part in the Dewey demonstration at Chicago, were adopted today by the board of business agents of the building material trades council. The action of the board is the outgrowth of the use of non-union labor in constructing the parade grandstand.

Manipulated Tax Receipts. Edward Blair, a former employee for years in the offices of treasurer and county clerk, at Chicago, Ill., was arrested charged with manipulating tax receipts and tax records, which may involve losses to the county and property owners aggregating thousands of dollars.

Long Sentence For Boy. Sixteen-year-old Peter Goetz, who shot and killed his father on the night of March 29, at Hays City, Kan., was found guilty of murder in the second degree and sentenced to twenty-five years in the penitentiary at hard labor. At the trial the son confessed to shooting his father, giving as an excuse that the parent had been cruel.

Rumors of Revolution. A commercial house at Madrid has received a dispatch from Cuba saying that Jesus Rabi, the Cuban leader has headed an "insurrectionary" movement in the province of Santiago, which the sender of the dispatch believes to be "supported by the chief towns of the province."

Believe He Was Murdered. Adolph Spitzel, known in all sporting centers of America, died at Hot Springs, Ark., from concussion of the brain, and it is believed he was murdered. He was found lying on the steps of a resort with blood flowing from his mouth, nose and ears. A stone was found near by.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF

Reports reached Fremont that a tornado wrecked several farm buildings between Wahoo and Cedar Bluffs in Saunders county, Neb.

A report from Fort Valley, thirty miles from Macon, Ga., says a wreck occurred on the Southwestern railway and several persons were killed.

Comptroller Dawes has authorized the Pender National bank of Pender, Neb., to begin business with \$25,000 capital. John A. W. Wachter, president; John Forrest, cashier.

Henry Hostetter, former treasurer Dodge, Dodge county, Neb., has been arrested at Green Bay, Wis., and will be brought back to Fremont to answer to the charge of embezzling \$2,100.

The house Friday passed the bill granting a pension of \$40 a month to Mrs. Stotsenburg, wife of Col. J. M. Stotsenburg of the First Nebraska.

A flood at Waco, Tex., swelled the streams flowing through the city, doing great damage. Three persons are known to have been drowned. The property damage will amount to \$50,000.

Burglars broke into the general merchandise store of Joseph & Grate at Wahoo, and stole goods, silks and jewelry, to the amount of from \$500 to \$800. The Lincoln bloodhounds were put at work on the case, but have given no satisfactory results.

The town of Laurel Forge, Cumberland county, Pa., was almost wiped out of existence by fire. Fourteen dwellings, two barns and two large ice houses were destroyed. Forest fires in the vicinity caused the conflagration. The loss is estimated at \$50,000, partially insured.

At Grand Island Special Officer Kelso nabbed the leader of a gang of thieves which infested the U. P. depot and trains. The fellow entered a passenger coach and grabbed a valise, but the officer caught him before he could get away with it.

The Hastings Produce company is putting a duplicate of their cooling machinery into the old building across the street from the new plant. While it entails the expenditure of a considerable sum of money it puts the plant in excellent condition and makes the company safe from loss should anything happen to one of the machines.

HULL, ONTARIO, BURNED.

Whole City Fire Swept and Damage to Property \$20,000,000.

An Ottawa, Ont., April 27, dispatch says: five square miles of territory burned over more than 2,500 dwellings, factories, mills, stores and other buildings destroyed, entailing a loss estimated to reach \$20,000,000 and between 12,000 and 15,000 men, women and children homeless, is a summing up of the havoc wrought by the fire which has been raging at Hull and in Ottawa since 11 o'clock yesterday morning, and at midnight was practically under control.

Most of the lumber piles in Ottawa and Hull have disappeared and are now mere heaps of charred wood and ashes. Half a dozen churches and schools, a number of mills and the Hull waterworks, Hull court house and jail, postoffice, the convent, almost every business place and about 1,000 dwellings and shops in Hull have been destroyed. Indeed, practically nothing is left but a church and a few houses beyond it.

The fire at this time also sprang across the Ottawa river and caught the sheds in the rear of the Mackay Milling company on Victoria island, and in a few minutes the lumber piles on Victoria, Chaudiere islands, one of the power houses of the Ottawa Electric company, Victoria foundry and half the buildings on the two islands, were in flames.

In this city it was estimated that besides the mills, factories, etc., burned, 1,500 residences were destroyed. The total loss is estimated at \$15,000,000 and the insurance at \$2,500,000.

MANGLING BY A HANDCAR.

Young Man at Wymore Receives Fatal Injuries.

While returning to Wymore on a crowded handcar after his first day's work on the steel gang, Otis Brown, a young man who was married three weeks ago, fell from the car and was run over, receiving injuries which will prove fatal. His shoulder was broken, his head is crushed, and his body is paralyzed from the chest down. The heavily loaded car passed over his neck and it is considered a miracle that his head was not cut off. The gearing under the car mutilated the body badly.

RUSH OF NEW BANKS

A Savings Bank for Lincoln Among the Newly Chartered.

Two more state banks have been organized within one week. One of the institutions whose articles of incorporation were approved by the state banking board was the American Savings bank of Lincoln. The new bank is headed by J. W. McDonald, N. Z. Smith, H. S. Freeman and M. Weil. The paid up capital stock is \$25,000.

Mrs. Adams is Acquitted. Mrs. Jeannette Adams, who recently shot and killed her husband, the agent of the Union Pacific railway, at Cincinnati, O., in the presence of their two children and her own sister, was acquitted of the charge of murder. The evidence shows that Mrs. Adams has suffered from cruel treatment and was acting in self-defense. She announces that she and her children would at once make their home with the parents of her deceased husband at Omaha.

North Bend Elevator Burned. The Dowling & Purcell elevator east of the depot at North Bend, Neb., burned to the ground. A strong wind blowing from the south threatened the whole of the business district, but by desperate work the flames were confined to the elevator. The Cherney & Watson lumber yard, adjoining the elevator property, was badly scorched, but not a board was burned. There was a large quantity of grain in the building. The loss will be nearly six thousand, well insured.

Knights of the Soil. The first lodge in Kansas of a new farmers' organization to be known as the "Knights of the Soil," was organized at Abilene, Kan., with Samuel Landis as "Head Farmer." With similar lodges are to be organized throughout the state and it is intended that the whole shall finally form a farmers' association that will endeavor to influence the price of grain by regulating the acreage and controlling the quantity placed on the market at any one time.

Michigan Forest Fires. Forest fires are burning between Nestoria and Saron, Wis., along the line of the South Shore railway, the most numerous being between Sidway and Lake Gogebic, where trains are rarely out of sight of the flames. The fires so far have not done great damage, but should the dry weather continue for another week much valuable timber will be destroyed and several small towns endangered.

Secured \$5,000. Burglars blew open the vaults of the bank at Coulterville, Ill., with dynamite and secured \$5,000, nearly all in currency, and made their escape.

Durbin Nominated. The Indiana republican convention nominated Winfield T. Durbin for governor, a full state ticket, and delegates to the national convention. The session lasted thirteen continuous hours.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF

It is rumored that Gen. Joe Wheeler will marry Mrs. George W. Childs.

Frank E. Bundy, ex-city chamberlain of Elmira, N. Y., has been indicted for grand larceny. It is believed his shortage will foot up \$100,000.

American capital will be used in constructing railways in Cuba. One company has just been organized at New York.

The queen has left Dublin for home. Enormous crowds bade her good-bye.

Moses P. Kinkaid was nominated by the republicans of the Sixth Nebraska district for congress. J. D. Pope was nominated in the Fourth district.

IS CUT TO PIECES

Unknown Man Falls Under the Wheels.

BODY IS FOUND NEAR GRAND ISLAND

Was Tramping to Omaha, and Home is Supposed to Be in Minnesota—He Killed He Was Stealing a Ride and Fell from Bumpers.

A man tramping his way across the state toward Omaha met with a horrible death at Grand Island. His name, it appears, was Henry McAnney, and it is believed his home was in Minnesota, the address, "530 Winona street, Minn.," being found on his person. He was better dressed than the ordinary tramp and appeared not to have been a genuine hobo. Wednesday he inquired whether an extra freight out of the city would be good for travel in his line and was told by a man whom he addressed that it probably would not be very swift to get out. It is believed he caught this train and settled himself on the bumper. The place where the body was found is just at the foot of a grade and it is believed that when the train pulled away from the slack in the cars it gave such a bump that he was thrown from the bumpers to the track.

The body was cut in two at the base of the spinal column, the legs being about a hundred yards away from the trunk. Blood and particles of flesh in the body were dragged that distance when his feet became disengaged from what ever held them. The head and upper portion of the body were lying along the north side of the track two telegraph pole lengths west of the limbs, the latter lying in the middle of the track. The body was first seen by a farmer lad, who took stock to a pasture. A few minutes thereafter a freight train from the east came along and the remains were cared for.

REFUSES TO DIVIDE MONEY.

Young Man Arrested in Omaha Loaded Down With Gold.

F. W. Finnegan, a young man residing in Colfax county, Neb., was arrested at Omaha Wednesday afternoon shortly after his arrival in Omaha, and is being held at city jail on the charge of carrying concealed weapons, but back of this there is a serious quarrel in the Finnegan family. The young man recently became of age and received \$7,500 as his share of an estate. After drawing the amount from the bank, he learned that a brother-in-law with whom he had been living was determined to collect \$2,500 for his board. This position was not looked upon with favor by young Finnegan, and he left home between two days, and came to Omaha. When searched at the city jail \$7,273 was found on his person, nearly all in gold.

SENT TO PRISON FOR LIFE.

Plea of Insanity for Iowa Murderer Ineffective.

A Muscatine, Ia., dispatch dated April 25 says: The jury in the case of George Wright returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree and fixed his sentence for life in the penitentiary.

This was Wright's second trial. Last July Wright shot and killed Mrs. Nellie Crippen, the attractive young wife of his foreman, with whom he had maintained secret relations for some time. The crime was committed upon the eve of the departure of the woman and her husband for a new home in another state. Wright has a family. His attorneys pleaded insanity.

Mrs. Lottridge Goes Free. Mrs. Anna Louise Lottridge was freed from custody and exonerated from all blame for the death of Millionaire Rufus Wright by the coroner's jury in Chicago. The testimony of all other witnesses who spoke with Mr. Wright before he died in the room at the Leland hotel, where he was shot April 14, agreed in that Mr. Wright repeatedly stated that it was accidental and that he had been clear in his mind when he said it.

Child Dies From Poison. A sad case of poisoning occurred at Creighton wherein three children of Sam Stewart were poisoned by eating wild parsnips. The doctors were called and the lives of two of the children were saved. The other was too far gone to be helped and died in a few hours. One of the sad features is that the father is lying at the point of death with cancer.

No Saloons for This Year. Every indication is now that there will be no more open saloons in Des Moines this year. Judge Bishop has ruled on the certiorari application asked by the anti-saloon people. He holds that the opponents of the saloon are entitled to have a hearing at the canvas of the petition and that the court will review the proceedings of the supervisors in making the canvass.

Will Not Marry Kitchener. Investigation of the rumor circulated in London and cable to the United States that Mrs. James Brown Potter, having been divorced from her husband by mutual consent, was shortly to be married to Lord Kitchener of Khartoum, shows the story to be entirely without foundation.

A. S. Halliwell Dead. A. S. Halliwell, builder and inventor of the first cable car system in the United States, which was laid down in San Francisco, died from heart disease aged seventy-three years.

According to advices received at San Antonio, Panuco, Mexico, an important trading point on the east coast has been entirely destroyed by fire. Panuco is a town of about 11,000, and almost everything went down before the flames. The loss will aggregate \$2,225,000.

The southwestern express on the Pennsylvania railway ran down a party of three at South Fork, Pa., killing Joseph Petragon, a miner, aged thirty-five, and Mary Peteski, his niece, five years old, and fatally injuring Petragon's daughter, Lizzie, aged three years.

BOERS SLIP THROUGH

Quietly Retire From Wepener Before Lord Roberts' Net Closes Up.

A London, April 26 dispatch says: The war office has issued the following from Lord Roberts, dated Bloemfontein, April 25, 3:25 p.m.: "The enemy retired from in front of Wepener last night and this morning fled northward along the Ladybrand road. Their number was between 4,000 and 5,000."

The Times' Lorenzo Marques correspondent, telegraphing Tuesday, says:

"It is asserted that the Boers are collecting enormous quantities of provisions at depots in the Lydenburg district, with a view to a final stand in the mountains. The district around Johannesburg and Pretoria are being extensively intrenched. Pegsies' foundry at Johannesburg is turning out 700 shells a day."

INDEMNITY FOR LYNCHING

Favorable Report on House Bill in Behalf of Foreigners.

The judiciary committee of the house has directed a favorable report on the bill providing means of indemnifying foreigners injured in person or property through mob violence or otherwise in this country.

The measure grows out of the lynching of Italians in Louisiana and the representations made by Italy through Baron Pava, the Italian ambassador. As affairs of this kind were of frequent occurrence, each time threatening diplomatic complications, the president recommended a general measure of redress and the bill now reported seeks to carry out this recommendation.

Three Hanged for Murder.

John Watson and Bill Brown, both white, and Sonnie Crain, colored, were hanged at McMinnville, Tenn. Watson was convicted of having shot his neighbor, James Hillis, from ambush, in 1898. Brown was charged with complicity in the murder of his wife. Crane was a double murderer. He was convicted of having killed another person, and while serving his sentence killed John Brown, a fellow prisoner.

Tornado Near Wymore.

A perfect tornado cloud passed through the air at a height of about a quarter of a mile some two miles east of Wymore. Hundreds watched it develop into a perfect funnel-shaped twister and plow its way through space. It was too high to do damage. Three miles east the air was full of dust and debris.

No Loss of Life in Fires.

Latest reports from the scene of the bush fires near the Minnesota boundary line, show that there has been no loss of life. Several lumbering and the camps were destroyed, but both men and horses escaped. The loss to Winnipeg, Manitoba, contractors in lumber and wood destroyed will amount to about \$100,000.

Boers Have Gun Factory.

A Lorenzo Marques correspondent of the London Times says: "The foreign ordinance experts in the Boer war department have succeeded in equipping a big gun factory at Pretoria. The first gun has been sent to the Free State. Nothing is known here regarding its caliber."

Prodding the Sultan.

The porte has received telegrams from the Turkish minister at Washington. All Ferrough Bey, pointing out the bad impression created in the United States by the non-payment of the indemnity due and announcing the determination of the American government to insist upon a prompt settlement of the claims.

May Foreclose on Harpers.

A suit for the foreclosure of a mortgage of \$3,000,000 has been filed in the supreme court of New York by the State Trust company as trustee against Harper & Brothers, publishers. The property against which the mortgage stands consists largely of real estate. The foreclosure applies to the machinery and plant of the firm.

Two of the Six Dead.

Since the Wilcox, Wyo., train robbery on the Union Pacific, about a year and a half ago, a never-ceasing search has been kept up by the Union Pacific to catch the six men who did the job. Two of the six are now beneath the sod and a third one is in jail at Cheyenne awaiting trial.

General Rivera Resigns.

A Havana, Cuba, dispatch says: Gen. Luis Rivera has resigned the post of secretary of agriculture, industry and commerce in the governor general's cabinet. He has also announced to the citizens of Havana that he is a candidate for the majority.

Acquitted.

Everet Anderson, who was charged with attempting to rape Anna Anderson near Ragan, Neb., was acquitted. Much interest was taken by the citizens of Ragan, but the case was highly colored, the verdict being satisfactory to the people in general.

An Eighteen Months' Sentence.

In district court at Nebraska City in the case of the State of Nebraska vs. George W. Hall, the prisoner pleaded guilty to forgery and was sentenced by Judge Jensen to eighteen months in the penitentiary.

Killed by Footpads.

Andrew Stubbs of Pittston was murdered at Wilkesbarre, Pa., while resisting two highwaymen who rifled his pockets of everything of value. The murderers escaped and there is no clue to their identity.

Kills Employer.

George B. Wells of St. Louis, a contractor in charge of a large force of negroes filling in the big Missouri Pacific trestle in the Flint hills, near Eldorado, Kan., had a dispute with one of the men over wages, when the man struck him on the head with a pick, killing him.

Plumbers Strike.

The plumbers of Chicago have gone on a strike. It is the latest development of the local labor troubles, and is aimed directly at the contractors. The number of plumbers now out is 600.

AMERICAN SHOES THE BEST.

Foreign Makers Do Not Make the Comfortable Kind.

We are very apt to think of imported goods as something superior to those of our own manufacture. This is particularly wrong of American shoes. Nowhere in the world is made the equal of our shoes. I know women who find from experience that it is best to carry with them on a trip abroad, whether to the land of French heels or English common-sense soles, a full supply of footwear to last until their return, finding it impossible to buy comfortable shoes in any foreign land. There are some facts about shoes that one should not disregard if they would have that most desirable thing—comfortable feet: Never wear a boot or shoe tight anywhere, or one that will not allow the great toe to lie in a straight line. Never wear a shoe that pinches the heel, or that is so large in the heel that the foot is not kept in place. Never wear a shoe that presses up into the hollow of the foot, nor have the top of the boot tight, as it interferes with the muscles and makes one walk badly. Never wear one pair of shoes all the time unless compelled to. Two pairs of shoes worn a day at a time alternately will last longer, be more comfortable and much more healthful. It is restful to have light shoes for house use. Never imagine that feet will grow large from wearing a comfortably large shoe. Pinching the foot makes it grow not only large, but unsightly. Allowance for the natural use of the muscles makes a foot compact and attractive.

WOOD PAVING.

A New Method Said to Be the Best Known.

The decision of the city council of London, upon recommendation of the city engineer, to pave two new streets with wooden pavements has caused new interest to be taken in wooden pavements on both sides of the Atlantic. This new system of wood paving is said to be the most durable and the most easily repaired. It is said that it is the only kind of wooden pavement that can be relied upon to stand the traffic of cities like London and New York. Instead of fashioning the wood blocks into dice, hexagons, polygons or dove-tailed complications in any form, by the new process barked trees of any size or quality are sliced into cylindrical pieces about 13 inches in thickness. The largest pieces are put down first into a good foundation, and then the smaller pieces, until the remaining interspaces may be filled up with what may be called pigs. Ramming renders the whole one solid mass of timber, and not a chip is wasted. The surface presents end grain only, and with the different sorts and sizes afford a better foothold than either granite blocks or asphalt.

Do Not Go to an Ex-stream for the Waters of Truth.

Use Magnetic Starch—it has no equal guides.

The world is being guyed by blind guides.

Some men have so much respect for the truth that they always keep at a distance from it.

Try Magnetic Starch—it will last longer than any other.

Do not go to an ex-stream for the waters of truth.

Use Magnetic Starch—it has no equal guides.

Try Grain-O!

Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. At the price of coffee, 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee

Looks like Coffee

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

Wooden Bedsteads Return to Favor. Wooden bedsteads are coming into fashion again, not only in this country, but in England, whence the idea of the metal bedsteads was imported. Aside from the love of change which has its effect in causing many housekeepers to revert to the wooden bed, the advance in the price of brass is partially responsible for this revival. Then many persons like to have sets of furniture and can match things up better with a wooden bed than with one of iron or brass. Most people who have welcomed the simplicity and cleanliness of the metal beds will be loath to give them up or believe that any one will, but the fact remains that dealers are selling five or six times as many wooden beds as they did last year.

Value of Diamonds.

An idea of the great increase in the cost of diamonds imparted by the labor of polishing and mounting, as well as by the profits of the traders, may be obtained by comparing their price at the mines in South Africa with the prices in the jewelry shops. A diamond weighing one carat, mounted in a ring, may cost the buyer \$100 or more, but at Kimberley the average value of diamonds is only \$8.33 per carat. The value, of course, varies with the size and purity of the stones, but the total value of the 22,849 carats of diamonds found in the Transvaal in 1898 was only \$212,812, an average of \$9.22 per carat.

Thackeray at Oxford.

Cardwell told me himself that soon after Thackeray's first visit to Oxford he fell in with him at the Athenaeum club, when Thackeray remarked: "Well, Cardwell, you know I have been down among your constituents. Of course I did not expect that all of them would have read my novels, but I certainly did expect that most of them would have heard of me; instead of which I found that the question on every one's lips was 'Who the devil is Thackeray?'"—"Memories and Impressions, 1831-1900," by the Hon. G. C. Broderick.

Poor Children in Japan.

KING DON:

A STORY OF MILITARY LIFE IN INDIA.

...BY MAJOR ALLAN...

CHAPTER X.—(Continued.)

That night she would not consent to forsake his couch.

A new strength—the strength of despair—had come to her, and the doctor and nurse alike marvelled at the courage and promptitude with which she assumed the duties of her position when the sleepless night was over at last and the good ship steamed slowly into Southampton docks.

There she indited telegrams, arranged for Don's removal to the little steamer for the Isle of Wight, and gave orders about their luggage, all with a fortitude and forethought that had never been called upon till now. The sympathy of the whole ship went with her, for the calamity which had befallen her, and her great endurance beneath it had won her golden opinions from all.

The captain stepped forward and grasped the little hand she proffered in silent gratitude for his confidence when the moment of farewell came at last. He had a letter to deliver into her keeping which, owing to Don's illness, he had refrained from doing before. He explained that the letter had been found upon the dead body of the Indian when recovered from the sea; and as Captain Gordon's name was mentioned in it, he thought Captain Gordon's wife should have it.

Lillie took it and put it in her pocket, with a little smile of thanks. Vivid as was her remembrance still of that ghastly scene the night of the storm, her thoughts had seldom dwelt on the swarthy seaman's dastardly deed which had added this twofold agony of Don's illness to her sorrow-laden soul. Indian life had inured her to the deep-rooted thirst for revenge of the native if he believed himself wronged; but Don was ever so universal a favorite she could not fathom the seaman's attack. She had neither time nor heart to read the letter now.

Yet it was not till the channel packet moored alongside the Cowes pier, and she saw Roddy and DI, in response to her telegram, hurrying forward to greet her, the unnatural strain upon her endurance and calm gave way, and she fell on Diana's neck with the bitter, broken cry which meant the whole world to her.

"He is dying."

All that night Don's life was despaired of. His feeble pulse went down to the lowest ebb; and, as if that brief period of consciousness had sapped the last spark of vitality, his exhaustion was so great that at times they scarcely could tell if the breath of life had not gone out forever. There was no question of proceeding to Shanklin, where Roddy and DI had fondly expected to welcome bride and bridegroom to their cottage home.

To the big hotel overlooking the azure sea they carried Don to die. True, the fever had left him now, but it had left him prostrate, helpless as an infant. He slept continuously, knowing not the difference between night and day, sometimes dully conscious of a loving hand ever ready to minister to his wants, but too weak, too far out on that limitless grief that flows between the worlds to dream of what awaited him on either shore.

And Lillie? She must have suffered even if she had not loved him, and her love during those long weeks of nursing had become to her both life and food. She sat by him while night waned and dawn broke. "Why seek rest when sleep is impossible?" she argued. And so they let her have her way, passing in and out of the sick room, always to find her sitting there, with her blue eyes fixed upon Don's face, motionless, almost breathless in her piteous despair. But just as the sun was rising and bathing the fair world without in a blaze of golden light Diana stole to her with some refreshment, to find her sitting up in her chair, a hectic flush on her face, her eyes agape with mingled excitement and grief. A letter lay open on her lap. It was the letter the captain of the troopship had given her, and which had lain in her pocket forgotten until now, when a chance thought recalled it.

It was written in Hindostanee, and bore the straggling signature of one who had so ruthlessly wrecked "the White Lily's" peace. The signature was Sing, and it was it wonder, as Lillie laboriously waded through its contents, passion and pain and remorse overwhelmed her bleeding heart.

"I command you to remove the despicable Feringshee (Englishman) Captain Gordon out of my path," ran the Prince's scroll. "Dotard! poltroon! that you were to take Captain Derwent's life in his stead! Your excuse that the darkness of the night and Captain Gordon's conduct led to your failure avail you nothing. You have robbed me of a friend, and let my foe go free. Expect neither reward nor mercy from me."

She understood it all now. The Indian whose knife had pierced Don's breast was no other than the sepoy who, in the secret service of the Prince, had followed Don into Tirah. But his orders had been to shoot Don, but in the gathering dusk of the night he had mistaken Captain Derwent for his intended victim. He had thereupon graphically reported Don's every word and action to the misdirection of his own rifle; but the excuse had weighed not at all with the haughty potentate, whose imperious will had thus been frustrated.

And the sepoy, with that blind devotion to his master which is the Indian's truest point, had willingly faced death, disguised as a seaman, again to

IT CONCERNS LABOR.

VITAL ASPECT OF THE PUERTO RICAN QUESTION.

How American Wage Earners Would Be Affected by the Competition of Low Paid and Half-Civilized Workers from Our New Possessions.

Although occupying in the columns of the Congressional Record scarcely more than one-tenth of the space commonly taken up by statesmen desirous of disseminating their views through the medium of the government printing office, the speech of Congressman Grosvenor of Ohio on the Puerto Rican question, delivered in the National House of Representatives on the 28th of February, 1900, is among the most important of all the speeches made on this subject in either branch of Congress—more important than all the rest of the speeches put together, we had almost said. The strength of Mr. Grosvenor's presentation of the real factors of the Puerto Rican problem lies in its brevity, its directness, its simplicity of statement, and above all its truth, solid, vital truth.

"Surely in vain the net is spread in the sight of any bird," began Mr. Grosvenor, aptly taking from Holy Writ a quotation that should put to shame a considerable number of Republican speakers and writers who have deliberately walked into the net spread out in plain sight before their open eyes and have been awkwardly flopping around in it now some two months. It was a net spread by the enemies of American liberty and American labor; a net spread by prototypes of those who in 1800 forced upon the country the dangerous issue of intrinsically human slavery into the territories on the principle that "the constitution of its own force carries slavery into any or all of the territories of the United States," a net spread by free traders with the design of advancing their favorite dogma of cheapening American labor and American manhood; a net spread to embarrass and defeat the Republican party at the polls this year.

It is strange indeed that in the minds of those Republican writers and speakers who enlarge upon the cruelty of the 15 per cent tariff proposition and who discourse so eloquently upon what they designate the right of the people of all our new possessions to the all the rights enjoyed by the people of the states of the union, the real purpose of the net spread in the plain sight had not been more apparent; strange that they should not see, what Mr. Grosvenor so forcibly points out, "that behind it all is simply the stalking of the Democratic purpose, manifested at the very outset, to drive the Republicans of this country into a position where they could destroy them at the polls."

The telling points which bristle in the speech of Mr. Grosvenor may thus be briefly stated:

1. The question whether "the constitution followed the flag" into Puerto Rico, and if into Puerto Rico then of necessity into the Philippines, for you cannot separate the two propositions.

2. If the affirmative of these propositions be true, the cheap, degraded labor of the Sulus, the Tagals, the Filipinos and the horde of Asiatics which we took unto ourselves when we took the Philippine islands will come into competition with American labor in our mines and mills, for you cannot legally prevent a full-fledged American citizen from offering his labor where he will, at what price he will.

3. The entire volume of Puerto Rican sugar and tobacco now awaiting transport to the American market has long since passed out of the hands of the native producers and into the hands of trusts and speculators who alone would profit by the removal of all tariffs on these commodities.

"That is all there is of it," says Congressman Grosvenor, "and in order to bring that about the whole Democratic party of the United States, and all their coagulators and co-operators have launched their boat in support of a principle that will bring to the labor sections of the United States millions upon millions of half-dressed vagabonds to cut down the price of wages. Truly and well it is urged by Mr. Grosvenor that if the question with it alone, and had not carried with it a much bigger, broader and more portentous question, nobody would have been seriously or permanently disgruntled if abolition of free trade had been granted to Puerto Rico and the people of that island would have been granted without much opposition, the boon of unrestricted commercial intercourse through legislative enactment by a Republican Congress; but not, mark you, in pursuance of the false and dangerous doctrine that 'the constitution follows the flag.'"

It was in the interest of American labor that Mr. Grosvenor made his powerful speech of February 28. No one has yet answered that speech; no one has yet shown, and no one can show, how the Republican party could have squared itself with the labor interests of the United States if it had walked into the Bourbon free trade net so artfully spread for the purposes of the campaign of 1900.

Only Stoolpigeons.

The most significant statement of the trust question in relation to the Puerto Rican tariff bill was made by Congressman Cannon of Illinois, on the floor of the House. He charged that both the tobacco and sugar trusts in Puerto Rico are owned by the sugar and tobacco trusts. They have put forward some natives as stoolpigeons to beg for free trade, so that, while the Democrats cried out against the trusts, they would be voted for them.

In other words, while the Democrats are shouting out at the tops of their voices for free trade with Puerto Rico they are acting directly in the interests of the tobacco and sugar trusts, who hope and pray for such free trade since they own the sugar and tobacco that have been stored up in Puerto Rican warehouses. There is something for all intelligent men to ponder over, and Mr. Bryan would do well to give

it more than a passing glance. The Democratic party, which, by the way, sheltered and honored the greatest trust maker of the age, ex-Governor Roswell P. Flower of New York, acting as the stoolpigeon of the abominable sugar and tobacco trusts! Shades of Thomas Jefferson!—Youngstown (Ohio) Telegram.

A PREDICTION.

Free-Traders Will Accept Bryanism for the Sake of Overthrowing Protection.

The Philadelphia Record is one among the few Democratic newspapers which indulge in the vain delusion that it is yet possible to prevent the nomination of Mr. Bryan as the Democratic presidential candidate this year. Reviewing the platform just adopted by the Nebraska Democracy in state convention—a platform which undoubtedly was submitted to and approved by Mr. Bryan prior to its adoption—the Record says:

"The Democrats have before them an opportunity and a problem which require a statesman of high ability and courage, capable of leading the government in constitutional paths. By his Populist platform and his speech menacing the people with a new greenback agitation just when the specter of free silver has been laid Mr. Bryan has shown even to his most zealous adherents in the past that he is not the man for the hour. No matter how sound may be his views upon the great issue which a Republican administration and a Republican Congress are forcing upon the nation, his identification with the worst monetary heresies and humbugs, including greenbackery, has inspired a distrust of him which cannot be overcome in the pivotal states that will decide the contest."

And yet William Jennings Bryan will be the Democratic nominee at Kansas City next July; nothing is surer than that. Will the Philadelphia Record refuse to support him in the campaign? Probably not. Its hatred of Republican doctrines and policies is too strong for that. Rather than abate one jot of its unreasonable hostility to what it calls "the record" policy of protection, the Record will most likely accept Bryanism and all the rest of the Democratic free-trade policy of the United States. Mark the prediction.

OUR OPPORTUNITY.

If Only We Had the Yankee Ships to Take Advantage of It.

The cheerful condition of a foreign commerce carried almost exclusively under foreign flags is emphasized by England's last move in the Transvaal war.

Dispatches have been received at the State Department from Ambassador Choate which state that British vessels are not permitted to take goods for the enemy's territory, and there are no other vessels running between East London and Lourenzo Marquez.

The representation of the American merchant marine in those waters is confined to one or two sailing vessels that occasionally appear there. Ambassador Choate, it is to be noted, says there are no vessels other than British plying between East London and Lourenzo Marquez, so that even if goods could be sent to East London and discharged there, it would be difficult to transport them to Lourenzo Marquez.

England has done a very sensible thing. No one will blame her in time of war for harassing her antagonists in every possible manner. She builds her own ships, subsidizes them and controls not only the vessels for transports or auxiliary cruisers in time of war, but can put an embargo if she likes, upon their cargoes.

Of course, such action hurts the United States. Of course it hurts a nation that has to do business under a foreign flag. The fanatics who are opposing Senator Frye's shipping bill, as they opposed the making of steel rails, as they opposed the building of the navy, as they opposed resistance to secession, would do well to paste this incident in their hats.

They help, they help, they are either in the pay of foreign steamship lines or else members of that sincere but melancholy group who were born with the belief that their country is something of which to be ashamed.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

WILL NOT BE FOOLED AGAIN.



Would Retain the Principle.

The decision of the Senate Republican Steering Committee to further amend the Puerto Rican tariff bill by striking out the provision requiring the payment of duties upon American

goods imported into that country to a merely nominal rate, much smaller than the fifteen per cent of the Dingley duties provided for in the House bill, brings the whole question back very close to the president's original proposition for free trade with the island. Such a tariff arrangement would be practically equivalent to free trade and yet would retain the vital principle for which the Republican party contends, that the constitution does not apply to the new territory without specific action of congress.—Denver Times.

The Best Way.

The government has just paid over to Puerto Rico \$2,055,455.88, the amount paid on imports from Puerto Rico during the past eighteen months. The United States passed it over to her "for the use and benefit of the island." The proposed tariff is sim-

ply a proposition to raise revenue for the island. "For the use and benefit" of the people of that island in a way which produces the least friction and which would save the taxpayers of the United States just that amount.—Salt Lake Tribune.

FAULT FINDING MERELY.

Unworthy Attitude of Democrats in the Puerto Rican Matter.

Observe the nature of the Democratic assaults upon the proposed action of congress relative to Puerto Rico.

How keenly and with what truthfulness they jump upon the tariff provision of the bill passed by the house of representatives. With what an assumption of righteousness indignation they seek to tear to tatters the legislation which is engaging the attention of congress, and how painstaking in their efforts to worry the majority.

When you have waded through the bitter denunciations with which they have made the circumambient atmosphere look blue, do you not recognize the familiar and ever-scolding voice? It is the old, wandering, vituperative objector, who is always pulling down and never building up. The democratic will is that a tariff should not be imposed upon Puerto Rico. Where in all the denunciation of that measure is there a suggestion of anything constructive in its place?

Grant that there should be no permanent tariff wall between Puerto Rico and the United States, and no Republican claims that there should be, what do these Democrats offer in its place? There is crying out for provision of some sort for the relief of the storm-tossed, Spain-ridden islands, but the only idea that has secured absolute possession of our Democratic critics is that a tariff restriction is horrible.

They have only traveled one segment of the circle and imagine that they have been clear around.

The party that seeks to feel its way toward constructive legislation for our new island possession, the party that has the courage to march along untrodden paths and blaze away, is denounced by a party that is paralyzed with fear over the necessity for positive action.

Grant that the Republican party is meeting with difficulty in all at once striking upon the absolutely correct policy to pursue in view of the new questions that confront us, in heaven's name where would we be if the solution of these questions were in the hands of the party that objects but does not suggest, of the party that looks down and does not look up, of the party that fears to go forward and dares not go back?—Los Angeles (Cal.) Express.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE.

Exports of Manufactures This Year Will Amount to More Than \$100,000,000.

The fact that there was an increase of more than \$10,000,000 worth in the exports of manufactured commodities from the United States in February, compared with the exports of like commodities in February of last year, is the most striking fact in connection with the international trade in which this country was interested during that month. The February exports of manufactures this year aggregated more than \$34,000,000 worth, and it is estimated that according to the present outlook our total sales of manufactured goods for the current year will amount to more than \$400,000,000 worth. These are striking figures, and must be impressive to every student of our industrial enterprises, and of the remarkable success that attends the effort to extend sales into foreign countries. It is only necessary to remark, in this connection, that four years ago our total annual exportations of manufactured commodities amounted to less than \$200,000,000 worth. By our greater percentage of increase in our foreign sales of manufactures has taken place since the Dingley protective act gave such encouragement to American industries, as not only to enable them to hold the domestic market, but to reduce the cost of production on many lines as to make them competitors in the markets of the world. Export of manufactures in 1899 were more than double those of 1890.

Will Charge It to Protection.

A Scotch linen manufacturer writes to this country that linen yarns have advanced fifty per cent, coal 200 per cent and bleaching and wages fifteen per cent. And yet when linens are advanced about thirty-three per cent, some of the Democratic papers will be charging it up to the trusts or protection.—Hamilton (Mo.) Hamiltonian.

Our Level-Headed Country.

Excitable editors who are retiring President McKinley because of the little Puerto Rican middle forget that the country loves prosperity.—Kansas City (Mo.) Journal.

A City of Roses.

Pretoria is thirty-five miles from Johannesburg, in an upland valley, surrounded by the Witwatersberg hills, about 4,500 feet above the level of the sea. The town nestles among hedges of roses, which grow everywhere in wild profusion. Lines of willow trees and blue gums border the hedges, and streams of clear water flow down the sides of the broad streets, which are laid out in straight lines. There is quite a continental air about Pretoria. The place is lighted with a fine installment of arc lamps, which at night time, as they shine through the foliage, irresistibly suggest the boulevards of Paris and Brussels. Some of the buildings at Pretoria are truly palatial. First among them comes the "Raadaal," or government buildings. They have a frontage of 175 feet wide, a depth of 220 feet and a height of 125 feet from the ground up to the winged figure of Liberty which surmounts the principal dome.

Excavating Trenches.

On active service each soldier armed with pick and shovel is expected to excavate five feet of trench, two feet six inches wide, one foot six inches deep, in half an hour. This affords shelter for one rank of kneeling men.

IN THE ODD CORNER.

QUEER AND CURIOUS THINGS AND EVENTS.

Queer Birds and Insects of South Africa.—How Milk and Water Can Be Made to Change Glasses.—Earth's Winkly Crust—Magic of Figures.

Lines to a Skeleton.

(Old Favorite in Series.)

The MS. of this poem, which appeared in 1827, was said to have been found in the museum of the Royal College of Surgeons, in London, near a perfect human skeleton, and to have been sent by the curator to the Morning Chronicle for publication. It excited so much attention that every effort was made to discover the author, and a responsible party went so far as to offer a reward of 50 guineas for information that would discover its origin. Notwithstanding this, the author's name remained a secret until nearly sixty years had passed, when it was learned that the lines were written by Robert Philip of Gormy Cottage, Scotland. Toward the end of the year 1825 he wrote the verses while watching for body snatchers in the parish churchyard of Torphichen, where, during the repainting of the church, the unearthing of a skeleton suggested the subject. The verses were shown to Dr. John Alford, who procured a copy, and either by accident or intent dropped a copy in the Royal College of Surgeons where they were found.

Behold this ruin! 'Twas a skull
One clotted sight full
This narrow cell was life's retreat,
This space was thought's mysterious seat.
What beautiful visions filled that spot,
What scenes of pleasure long forgot?
No hope, no joy, no love, no fear
Have left one trace of record here.

Beneath this mouldering canopy
Once shown the bright and busy eye;
But start not at the dismal void—
If social love that eye employed;
If with no lawless fire it glared,
But through the dew of kindness beamed,
That eye shall be forever bright,
When stars and suns are sunk in night.

Within this hollow cavern hung
The ready, swift and tuneful tongue.
If falsehood's honey it disdained,
And when it could not praise was
chained;
If bold in virtue's cause it spoke,
Yet gentle concord never broke;
That silent tongue shall plead for thee
When time unfolds eternity.

Say, did these fingers delve the mine,
Or with its smould'ring rubies shine,
To hew the rock or wear the gem,
Can little now avail to them—
But if the page of truth they sought,
Or comfort to the mourner brought,
These hands a richer meed shall claim
Than all that wait on Wealth or Fame.

Avails it whether bare or shod,
These feet the paths of duty trod?
If from the bowers of ease they fled
To seek affliction's humble bed,
Of Grandeur's giddy biwh they spurned,
And home to Virtue's cot returned,
These feet with angel's wings shall vie,
And tread the palace of the sky.

Queer Creatures in South Africa.

Among the British soldiers who are fighting in South Africa are many naturalists, amateur and professional, and the result is that the folks "at home" have been in receipt of much information that was the more interesting because it was unwelcome. The first letters that arrived in England telling something about the country in which the troops were campaigning contained many remarks on the fact that the soldiers saw the "real locusts" all over the plains. Tommy Atkins shied sticks at them, and men and officers wore the big bird-like insects on their hats. The soldiers' English pleasantly expressed their surprise to find that many English species migrated as far south as South Africa, among them particularly the English swallow and the English cuckoo. Shrikes, fly-catchers and sparrows were among the familiar birds, and it was with surprise as well as pleasure that the Englishmen found these old friends mingling with strange, gaudy, tropical birds like the purple and green turacos or plantain eaters, and the grand sun-birds, which are far more gorgeous than are the Brazilian humming birds. The queer work of the tailor birds was a delightful Tommy wonder. One variety swallows its nest to the leaves of trees with silk stolen from giant spider webs, and another uses thread made from grass fibre. One shrike, which has been named "Fiscal," after a certain Dutch magistrate who had a large latitude in the matter of indicting capital punishment on negroes, catches smaller birds, tears their heads off, rips their bodies into four pieces, and then impales the fragments on convenient thorns to wait until it needs them as food. Two birds have been called vultures indiscriminately by the writers who describe the scenes on the battlefields. One of these is not a vulture at all, but merely a carrion crow, known properly as the white-necked crow. The real vulture of South Africa, many of which were seen after the big battles, is a huge bird, believed to be identical with the mighty griffon vulture of Europe, which, in turn, is nearly the largest of the flesh-eating birds of the Old World. There are the stately snake-killing secretary bird and a curious shrike, which has acquired a taste for cooked food, and will follow a bush fire as long as it burns in order to feed on the burned animals.

The worst snake in South Africa is the "ring-hals," meaning ring neck. It is white and black, and its bite is fatal. Cobras of all sizes are common, and so are horned vipers and adders.

Wrinkles and Hollows on the Earth's Surface.

Once upon a time, the learned men tell us, this world on which we live was a part of the sun and was thrown off from it—taking the round form it has, as it whirled about terrifically hot, like the sun from which it was thrown out, and probably in the form of a gas. But being much smaller than the sun it cooled much more quickly, and became white-hot liquid. And this, too, gradually cooled more and more, until at last a thin crust began to form on all around it, as a film forms on cooling molasses candy, when it begins to harden. The water in the air about it frequently formed into rain and fell on the hot surface and helped to cool it, though, of course, it evaporated again very quickly, but remained on the crust all and gradually formed an ocean all around the earth. And the inside of the earth went on cooling under this hardened crust and shrank as it cooled, for all things grow smaller as they cool off. You can easily prove this yourself by heating the end of a

key that fits a lock snugly; and you will find that when it is quite hot, you cannot get it into the lock at all, but soon as it cools it will go in again as before. So the inner part of the earth went on shrinking, and finally it shrank so much that the outside crust, which was not so very thick, comparatively speaking, doubled up and cracked at different spots all round the earth, so that the surface, which must before have been pretty smooth, became rough with high elevations and deep depressions, and naturally all the water flowed into those deep depressions and formed oceans in spots where there had been before a single ocean reaching all around the globe.

An Odd Experiment.

A pretty bit of scientific recreation, which comes in handily after dinner, is sometimes called by the high-sounding title of "The Revenge of the Danaides," in allusion to the daughters of Danaus, who, as a punishment for their crimes, were condemned to forever draw water with leaky vessels. Fill completely two glasses of exactly the same size and shape, one with water, the other with milk. Stretch over the mouth of the glass containing the water a circular covering of tulle or other thin goods, somewhat larger than the glass, and previously moistened. Now smooth the lapping over tulle as closely to the glass as possible, and holding the palm of the right hand squarely to the mouth of the glass, seize the stem with the left and turn it quickly upside down, avoiding the entrance of air. Next slide the right hand softly away from underneath, and, much to your astonishment, the tulle will remain sticking to the glass, while not a drop of water will fall out, though that exceedingly leaky tissue. You will very soon succeed in this experiment. Hereon follows the second part: Place your full, but not dripping, glass of water, thus turned upside down, but not inside out, over the full glass of milk, and you will soon see little jets of white liquid penetrating the tulle in every direction. It is the milk, progressively mounting the superior glass, which in the same proportion yields water to the lower glass in the opposite direction. At the end of about a quarter of an hour the change will be complete, and you will see the lower glass filled with pure transparent water, while the upper one will be full of white milk.

Mathematical Magic.

You can never tell what figures will do. Of course they are truthful if properly handled, but some of them are capable of the most bewildering antics. Here is a method by which figures may be made to tell secrets in a way that will astonish those who are not informed about how to do the "figuring."

Ask some person to put down unknown to you a number composed of three figures (say 762). Tell him to transpose the figures (making 267) and to subtract the lesser from the greater. Then ask him to tell you the first figure of the result, and you can tell him the entire number. For instance, your first number in the present example is 762, which transposed makes 267. Subtract 267 from 762 and you have 495. The only figure that is told is 4, the first of the result. You have to do is to subtract 4 from 9, which will give you 5, the last figure, and the central figure is always 7. So your number will be 457. This is true in all cases where only three figures are used in making up a number. The central figure will always be 9 when the transposed number is subtracted from the original number, and the two end figures when added together will make 9. So, knowing either the first or the last figure of the result, you can give the entire number.

Trick Played Upon a Waiter.

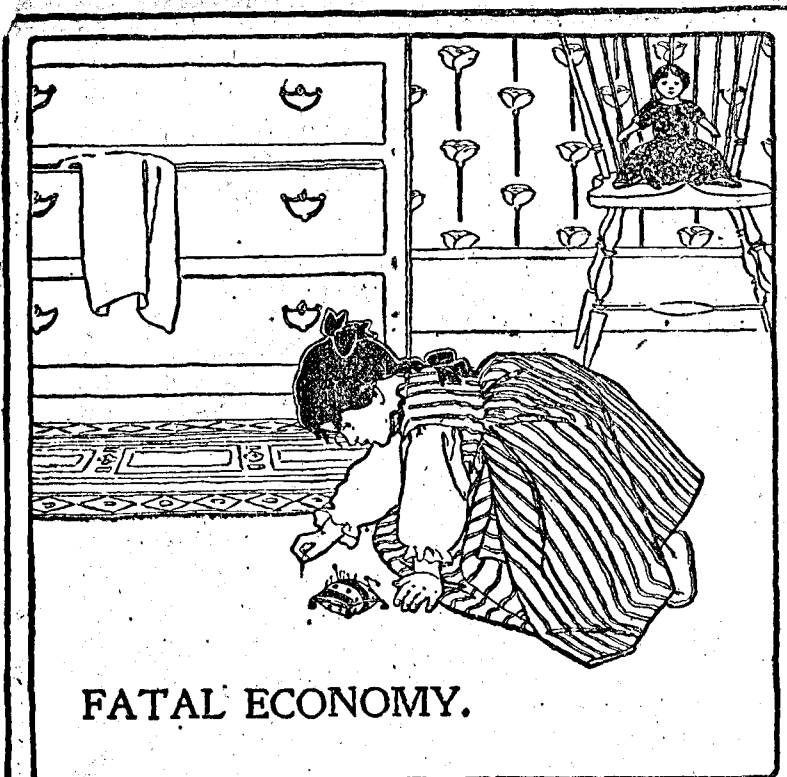
Liquid air is perhaps the coldest thing in the world. It is so cold that a cake of ice is a fierce fire compared with it, for a kettle of liquid air placed on a cake of ice will boil just as water boils over a hot fire. It freezes mercury so hard that one can drive nails with it. The story is told that Mr. Charles E. Tripler, the experimenter in liquid air, recently took a quart can of the remarkable substance with him on a visit to a friend. On the way he stopped in a restaurant to eat a beefsteak. The waiter brought a hot broiled steak and placed it in front of Mr. Tripler. As soon as the waiter's back was turned, Mr. Tripler hastily opened the can and exposed the meat to the liquid air. Instantly the steak was frozen as hard as a rock. When the waiter came back his customer complained that the steak was frozen. So the waiter called the head waiter, and the head waiter blamed it all on the cook, and the cook was at a loss to explain, and the result was that the frozen steak was taken back into the kitchen as a mysterious curiosity. A new steak was broiled for Mr. Tripler, and this one he ate with much relish.

A Wonderful Cave.

Some persons who have just returned from the neighborhood of Huasteca Potosina, Mexico, where they were in search of coal, report the discovery of a very wonderful cave in the mountainous regions of that country. It is decorated inside in a very elaborate manner, and is evidently the temple of an aboriginal god. In fact there is now in the cave a huge stone image of an Indian idol. From indications it is evident that the idol is still receiving the worship of the natives. It is thought that this worship may have been going on for many years in the same place, and that the natives, when they found that they could not carry on their heathen worship openly, took the idol to the cave and there fitted up for it the best and most elaborate temple their facilities afforded.

New Plan of Sea Coast Defense.

Major General Miles, accompanied by Capt. Whitney, of his staff, has recently been making a tour of inspection of the sea coast fortifications of the southern states. He has not personally visited these ports since prior to 1888, when the work of placing the large guns there was begun. It is the intention of the department authorities to begin immediately a new plan of sea coast defense.



FATAL ECONOMY.

A VERY old maxim declares that it isn't economy to pick up pins; the time is worth more than the pins. Similarly it is not true economy to do without Ivory Soap; your health requires the daily removal of the bodily excretions which are discharged through the pores of the skin. These tiny mouths must be kept open, and they should be opened only with a pure soap.

IVORY SOAP—99% PER CENT. PURE.

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The Ord Quiz.

W. W. HASKELL, Publisher.

NEBRASKA

FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1900.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord, Nebraska, as second class mail matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates are very low considering the circulation of THE QUIZ and the quality of its readers. They are strictly adhered to and no deviation will be made. These rates do not include a copy of the paper.

	1 Wk.	1 Mo.	3 Mo.	6 Mo.	1 Yr.
1 inch.....	25	50	1.50	3.00	5.00
2 1/2 inch.....	50	1.00	3.00	5.00	8.00
4 column.....	1.00	2.00	5.00	8.00	12.00
5 column.....	1.25	2.50	6.00	10.00	15.00
1 column.....	2.00	4.00	10.00	18.00	25.00

Locals, 5 cents a line. No local for less than 10 cents.
The guaranteed circulation of THE QUIZ is over 1,150 per week.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50.
If unpaid year after year, \$2.
Extra copies to be sent abroad per year \$1.00.

Republican State Ticket.

Governor—C. H. Dietrich.
Lieutenant Governor—E. P. Savage.
Secretary of State—W. W. Marsh.
Treasurer—William Steuffer.
Auditor—Charles Weston.
Attorney General—F. N. Front.
Land Commissioner—George D. Folmer.
Superintendent—W. K. Fowler.

It is a good ticket and THE QUIZ is proud of it.

There can be no possible doubt about it, Dewey is a Democrat.

"The man with a hoe" is out of date. It is now "the man with a lawn mower."

The republican party is starting off in a winning pace. They did good work at the convention, which is half of the battle.

"Corn is King" and the rains of the past few weeks have made it a possibility for Valley county to be the center of the Kingdom.

Up in Dawson City the market report lists corn at \$150 a ton, and still there are many people in that country who are foolish enough to search for gold.

The Omaha Bee and World-Herald are enjoying, much to the dissatisfaction of their readers, the usual spring argument as to which paper has the larger circulation.

If the interest taken in republican primaries and conventions over the state is to be taken as any criterion of the interest in general over the state, republican leaders have every reason to rejoice.

We now learn that Nebraska's bank deposits have increased \$3,000,000 during the past year. It is presumed that this fact will not lead many persons into the belief that the time for change in the administration has arrived.

Thurston was elected one of the national delegates by the skin of his teeth. He got 606 votes while the other three persons elected got nearly 1000 votes. He goes as the last man in the list while Rosewater goes at the head of the heap.

The striking thing about the republican state ticket is the fact that the whole list is a new one. Many of the men named are well known as republican workers, but not as nominees for state offices. The wheel horses are not put on the list this time, and it is a wise thing that they are not.

The republican state convention made the following selections for the offices named:

Delegates at large:

E. Rosewater, Douglas.
John M. Thurston, Douglas.
John H. McCloy, Lancaster.
John A. Ehrhardt, Stanton.

Alternates:

Norris Brown, Buffalo.
M. R. Snodgrass, Cuming.
H. C. Baird, Knox.
W. W. Kaley, Webster.
Presidential electors:
J. T. Nesbit, Bart.
I. M. Raymond, Lancaster.
R. B. Windham, Cass.
Charles B. Dempster, Gage.
Ed. Boyce, Cass.
M. D. Cameron, Schuyler.
L. M. Hague, Kearney.
S. P. Davidson, Johnson.
J. L. Jacobson, Douglas.
J. L. Kennedy, Douglas.
John L. Langer, Saline.

The Omaha Bee leaves off on its subscription quarrel with the World-Herald occasionally long enough to pour a little hot shot into John M. Thurston. When Rosewater gets through John's record will be envied by every politician in the state.

State News and Comment.

Ewing has a new State Bank.

Central City has organized a new cornet band.

A. Castetter, a pioneer banker and politician of Washington county, is dead.

The vicinity of Cedar Bluffs was recently visited by a hard storm the cyclone nature.

Both St. Paul and Burwell are gaining much notoriety over affairs relating to the running of saloons.

A Chinaman supposed to be running a hop joint in Rushville was called upon to leave town. He left.

The corner stone has been laid, foundation completed, and work commenced on a new Methodist church at Sargent.

Miss Horlocker, the Hastings girl who recently acquired much notoriety is reported to be confined in a private asylum in the east.

A Beatrice woman attempted to start a fire with coal oil and as usual the oil poured upon the flame ignited and the result proved fatal.

Geneva has organized a new company of the Nebraska National Guard. It will be called company "M" and attached to the second regiment.

Frank Simmons, editor of the Seward Blade and postmaster of that town has made good the \$1000 shortage in his postal accounts and is now a free man.

A Blair paper publishes the application of twenty-three individuals who desire to sell liquor in that town the coming year. Schuyler is next on the list with thirteen.

Papillon recently had a big hail storm where hail-stones came down the size of tea cups. Many hundred feet of glass was broken and shingles of buildings destroyed.

The Central City Democrat claims the distinction of being the only paper in the state where the entire office force are "angels." The manager, foreman and "devil" are all feminine and it is claimed that they actually wash the windows and sweep out.

W. R. Butler, the populist county attorney of Holt county, at the request of the chairman of the populist committee has tendered his resignation. He refused to make a satisfactory report of his official doings to the county board, hence the request to resign.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.
China and Japan floor matting at A. M. Daniel's.

John Stafford is erecting a neat little cottage in the east central part of town.
Get your watches and clocks repaired at Bridgford's. They will save you money.

A heavy white frost covered the ground Thursday morning and light overcoats were much in demand.

No mule, no pay. Come and see my imported jack, Paragon, at Scott's barn Saturday or Monday.
S. L. FRANKINS.

Oliver Cromwell is improving the looks of his home, the old Hasbaw property, with a new coat of paint, which adds much to the appearance of that part of the city.

Mrs. Rose Holson and children and Mrs. A. M. Robbins returned from their trip down to Blair Wednesday evening. They report a pleasant trip and an enjoyable visit.

The Unitarians held another of their social and literary functions down at the home of E. P. Clements, Tuesday evening. Quite a large crowd was present and all enjoyed themselves in a royal manner.

Mr. and Mrs. Beecher Ward, relatives of Mrs. E. R. Brown, who have been in the city visiting for several days, departed for the east Tuesday morning. Their home is at Farwell, Minn., whither they are bound.

There was a plain case of Jack Frost visible yesterday morning, but it came a little too early and was not severe enough to do all the damage feared. There is a good prospect for fruit this spring and we hope that frost will not blight it.

Cass Cornell is spending about half of his time these days working on some of the new buildings at Sargent. Cass has quite a reputation as a tin smith over there and contractors are compelled to stipulate that Cass will do the tin-work on their buildings or they do not get the job.

Mable Anderson is teaching school at Olean and came up Saturday to be over Sunday with her folks. Mable is a young lady of more than the usual pluck and energy as she left her boarding place in the rain and mud Saturday afternoon, and carrying a cumbersome grip, walked three-quarters of a mile to catch the freight at Olean so that she might be at home on the Sabbath. She tells us that it was quite a disagreeable trip but that she could not bear the thought of being from home over Sunday. She returned to her school Monday morning.

No better citation of the proof of prosperity can be made than the conditions that exist right here in Ord today. With several new buildings erected already this spring; a big brick business block just completed; with lumbermen filling their yards to an overflow with the understanding of their customers that they will build this year; with every able-bodied carpenter in town busy at his trade; with every man or boy who wants to work having his want gratified; with not a single destitute family in the community crying for bread, surely this is an age of prosperity, and surely Ord is enjoying its share of it.

That was a pretty mean trick that T. Rockhold played on Charley Barnes if 'Charley tells the truth. As the 'ves Charley spent a couple of hours catching frogs to go bass fishing one evening last week, carefully sealed them up in a tomato can and set them out back of the barber shop so that he could get them handy for an early start the next morning. Rock knowing Uncle Charley's ability to catch feeb, and being a little jealous of the many bites the tonsorial artist gets, sneaked around back of the shop and let the frogs out. The next morning supposing that he had the frogs good and safe Charley carried the old empty tomato can down to the creek to feed. It was a dandy morning for bass and Charley says that they actually came out on the bank and laughed at him. Of course Rock denies it, but Uncle Charley says that Rock always has been jealous of him and is always playing his dirty tricks.

There are few boys who have the elements of success so early displayed in them as the Barba boys. There's Jim. Everybody knows Jim Barba. As the pioneer bootblack of the city in its primeval days he was a success. Success is stamped on everything he turns his hand to since. As a smearer of boot-black he was no more of a success a few years ago than he is now at measuring silks and ribbons at the Palace of Trade. Then there is his younger brother Frank. The other morning he came into the postoffice at twilight while the postmaster was sweeping out the relics of the former day's humanity, and asked for a postal card. Procuring it he supplemented his too short legs by mounting a box so as to enable him to reach the ink on the public desk, and proceeded to dash off a message. The postmaster went on with his sweeping and when the boy finished, which was in a very short time, the postmaster, true to his instinct, asked to see his handwriting. He found the card written in a style of penmanship that would have done justice to a man four times as tall as this youth. And these boys are of Bohemian descent and of humble home, but mark our word, if they nurse their powers and take heed of the habits they form they will attain wealth and prominence early enough to enjoy it many years before old age overtakes them.—QUIZ, May 2, 1890.

Ord was a temperance town for a couple of hours Monday morning, as the city board had not granted the saloon license, but at a reasonably early hour the board convened. The formality of examining the saloon keepers' bonds was gone through with and licenses granted to Leopold Marek, John Zablouel and Frank Kelley. Marek will occupy the old Masin corner, Zablouel the new Ceruk brick, and Kelley the Jack Murphy place. The usual mayor's address was dispensed with and Mayor Carson appointed A. Norman city attorney and P. W. Busby Marshal. At this writing the city clerk is out of the city and we are unable to get the minutes of the meeting.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.
Vol. Earnest hobbled into the Quiz office on his crutches the other day. This is his first trip since the misfortune in breaking his leg some weeks ago. He came in on a load of wheat, driving the team himself. Vol. says that he has been shot, drowned, had his ribs stove in and in several other ways been killed off, but he is still on deck and has got in 147 acres of wheat just the same.

W. A. Anderson is very busy these days planting beets and keeping tab on the less experienced people who are interested in the enterprise. He commenced planting several days ago and has about twenty acres planted already. The early planting, he says, seems to be all right for the seed 'had sprouted in the middle of the week.

Tuesday was the first day of May and in the evening the young people indulged in the usual pastime of hanging Maybaskets. A member of THE QUIZ force was unusually fortunate this year in finding a handsomely decorated tomato can, filled with rag-weeds, blue grass etc., awaiting us when we started for the office in the morning.

The district court at its session this week divided the property held jointly by W. B. Keown and Hans Sorensen estate. Mr. Keown got the Ord Hardware property and the lot across the street from there, while the estate got the property on the corner where Eret now holds forth.

Two town herds are organized and both filled to the capacity of the pastures with a good many cows in town still unprovided for. Some one who can get control of a convenient grazing spot would have no trouble in getting a good-sized herd. The population of the city seems to be increasing both in cows and men.

Charles McCall started for Idaho yesterday morning. Sand Point is the point to which he is headed, that being the place where his soldier brother Frank lives. Frank is teaching school and Charles expects to follow the same profession. Good luck to him.

Q. A. M. Daniels will be clerk of the Woodman camp after the 10th of May. The former clerk has a fool notion to go to Cape Nome so that his family can have a chance to collect his Woodman insurance, which is as good as gold.

Mrs. A. M. Daniels has not yet recovered from the trouble to her eyes, which have been seriously affected for some time, but we are glad to state that she is improving and hopes to save the sight of them.

It is not often that THE QUIZ asks its patrons to pay up, but if you really want the Quiz man to get out of town drop in and pay what you owe, so he can be financially able to go to Alaska.

Mrs. Hattie Fisher, nee Davis, and children are expected at Ord this week on a visit with her people and friends. She has been living in Minnesota since her marriage.

The high school was given vacation yesterday afternoon to allow the eleventh grade to fix up the rooms for the Midway.

Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. G. F. Siler next Wednesday at 2 p. m.

Rose Valley people are having their land corners located or hunted up by Surveyor Webster this week. Mr. Webster is an old hand at the business.

Lost:—A common shovel with "E. H." on the handle. Finder will please return to Alva Chatfield.

John Auble dropped into the city Wednesday evening and made himself visible for a while.

Auction every Saturday afternoon on the north side.
L. J. HARRIS.
All kind of watch, clock and jewelry repairing done at Bridgford's.

The next meeting of the county board will be June 15.

District court will be in session again Saturday.

UNFAIR DEALING



Brings it own just reward.
An ounce of prevention is better than a ton of disappointment.

BETTER GOODS. . . .
are not sold than we sell. Why pay out your good money for worthless imitations when you can get the best on the market of us for the same money.

FITZSIMMONS & GRAHAM,
ORD, NEB. The Implement Men.

OUR CITY SCHOOLS.

Conducted by Cora A. Thompson.

Miss Ollis entertained her pupils Wednesday evening at the home of her sister, Mrs. Oliver Cromwell.

The geography contest last Friday resulted in a tie between Charles Ciochon and Clare Boydston.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlton, Gertrude Ager, Bessie Clements, Mrs. Johnson of North Loup, Lydia Schwaner, Pearl Conrod and Mr. Anderson were visitors at the tenth grade program Friday afternoon.

Nora Winters, who has been absent so long, owing to the sickness of her brother Clarence, is again enrolled in the eleventh grade.

The flowers analyzed this week are the butter-cup, plum, pocomoon, currant, and gooseberry.

Ed. and Charlie McCall, Mr. Johnson, Alma Harris, and Adelheit Reithardt visited in the high school Monday.

J. F. Winters, agent for the American Book Company was a caller Wednesday.

There were no classes in the high school Thursday afternoon as the eleventh grade pupils were busy with preparations for their entertainment.

The members of the American literature class have finished their reviews of Washington Irving's "Tales of a Traveler," and are now reading selections from "Poor Richard's Almanac," by Benjamin Franklin. In English literature, they have lately read Roger de Croyerly and are now studying John Bunyan and John Dryden.

At morning exercises, Wednesday, Mr. Anderson asked each one in the high school to write on a slip of paper his favorite selection in literature. The result was very gratifying and showed that most of the pupils have a taste for literature of a high character. A great many well-known pieces were mentioned, among them "Thanatopsis," "Evangeline," "Death of Little Paul," "Paradise Lost," "Psalms of Life," and "Paradise Lost."

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.
Real Estate Transfers.

Reported by J. H. Capron.

Martin Anderson has filed deeds from the C. B. & Q. R. Co. and Soren Jorgensen for the ne 1/4 section 21, Michigan township, consideration \$480.

Edward L. Frink bought the s 1/2 of section 17, Yale township, from W. C. Cruzer, trading other property for it, and then sold the north half of the tract to James L. Frink for \$500. All parties are Pennsylvanians.

Joseph Hallinsky has bought the s 1/2 of section 6, Eureka township, from the London and Yankton Development Co., a Dakota concern, for \$480.

Anna Mary McCune has filed an \$800 deed from David McCune for the nw 1/4, ne 1/4, s 1/2 nw 1/4, nw 1/4 section 24, Michigan township.

The deed from Edward Jensen to Laura E. Abernethy, conveying the nw 1/4 of section 4, Noble township, \$1000, has just been filed.

W. W. Haskell has sold to L. D. Bailey 6x117 feet of lots 3 and 4, in block 21, Ord, for \$500.

C. A. Capron has bought lot 3, block 50, Ord, the Jackson property, from Jacob Funch, for \$500.

Rudolph Sorensen has bought the ne 1/4 of section 10, Michigan township, from Lorenz Blessing, for \$250.

Charles D. Wigent has bought the s 1/2 of section 4, North Loup township, from John S. Hughes, for \$500.

E. M. Williams sold lot 3, block 9, Hillside addition to Ord, to Kit J. Carson, for \$75, the deed just being recorded.

Lafe Paist bought lots 1 and 2, block 8, Hillside, the Charley Wolf property, from J. B. Woodbury, for \$500.

Dr. Smith Lyon and Mrs. Bertha Reinert of Denver, arrived in the city the other day to see their afflicted daughter and sister, Mrs. A. M. Daniels.

James Nay, Wiktor Daneczek, Frank Turdik, Viggo Muller and Thurevald Muller were made full fledged American citizens by the district court this term.

A Young Girl

May be very old in suffering. She is very apt to neglect the earlier symptoms of disease. Often when she takes treatment it is the wrong treatment for her case. Very many young women write to Dr. Pierce and consult him by letter free. All such correspondence is strictly private, and womanly modesty is spared the shock of indecate examinations, unpleasant questionings and offensive local treatments.



"I suffered with female trouble," writes Miss Agnes McGowan, of East Bank, N. H. "I tried various remedies but none seemed to do any permanent good. The doctors said it was the worst case of internal trouble they ever had. I decided to write to Dr. Pierce for help. I received a very encouraging reply and commenced treatment at once. I had not used the 'Favorite Prescription' a week before I began to feel better, and as I continued, my health gradually improved. It is improving every day and I still continue to take the medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription
Makes Weak Women Strong and Sick Women Well.

Ida Items.
High license! At any rate this berg went wet last week.
The Butts boys brought their cattle from the Calamus and I. N. Kennedy will pasture them this season.

M. Goodenow and family L. N. Kennedy and family visited at Mr. Bergrud's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Brockus and Mrs. Wright called at Mrs. Butts' home Sunday.

Mrs. Noble and two children have been quite sick. However they are on the mend.

Miss Jennie Smith of Burwell closed a very successful term of school Friday last.

Carl Whiting visited home folks Sunday.

Hank Payton is improving in health.

Horses to give away. Call on M. B. Goodenow.

Mr. Brace of Ord brought 33 head of cattle up to Mr. Kennedy's pasture this week.
Doris.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord, Nebr., for the week ending May 5, 1900.

J. S. Cameron, Miss Dilla Brownman, M. Miller, V. S. Raudy, J. S. Turner.

Letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Parties claiming any of the above please say they were 'advertised' by S. A. Sraay, Postmaster.

Jack Murphy has bought Tom Dalton's pool hall.

Mrs. J. E. Bowen, who has been having such a bad hand for sometime, is getting along nicely now, and the serious consequences looked for are no more feared.

Haydn Strong has bought the building where he has been doing business, paying \$1000 for it.

Ord Market.

Wheat.....	45
Oats.....	25
Corn.....	35
Hogs.....	4 65
Butcher stock.....	3 25
Potatoes.....	10
Butter.....	07

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

ORD, - NEBRASKA.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - \$64,000.00.
Banking in all its Branches. Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold

OFFICERS:
P. MORTENSEN, President. E. M. WILLIAMS, Cashier.
G. W. MICKELWAIT, Vice-President. O. B. PAIST, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
P. MORTENSEN, E. M. WILLIAMS, J. B. WOODBURY,
G. W. MICKELWAIT, M. B. GOODENOW, J. R. WILLIAMS.

PACKLER THE GROCER. . . .

GROCERIES EXCLUSIVELY. Here to serve you to the best of our ability.

Phone 31. Free delivery.

DWORAK'S

Every thrifty housewife orders her Groceries from the Blue Front. Good Goods at low Prices is our motto. Our stock of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes is the largest in the city and it will pay you to examine my stock.

BLUE FRONT

HIGHEST PRICES FOR PRODUCE.
Call Telephone No. 34.
PROMPT DELIVERIES

STORE.

A. E. CHARLTON,
DEALER IN . . .

Cattle and Implements

WAGONS AND BUGGIES.

CATTLE SOLD ON COMMISSION.

ORD, - NEBRASKA

A Word with you About Kid Gloves.

We are today showing the most complete Line of Kid Gloves shown in this section of the Country. We will sell you a good grade Kid Glove in Black and all colors at \$1.00 a pair. We will sell you a two clasp, strictly a No. 1 high grade warranted, Kid Glove for \$1.35 a pair. This glove comes in following colors:

BLACK,
Assorted BROWNS,
" TANS,
" GREYS,
MODES.

This glove is made from the National Kid skins grown in France and represents the perfection of workmanship in all points; are manufactured only from skins of the finest quality and may be depended upon in all respects. We also have the undressed Kid Gloves in the Pearl White and Natural color at \$1.00 a pair. Come in and see them. No trouble to show goods. L. D. Bailey & Sons.

The Ord Quiz.

W. W. HASKELL, Publisher.

ORD, NEBRASKA

FRIDAY, May 4, 1900.

RAILROAD TIMETABLES.

UNION PACIFIC.

No. 82—Passenger..... Leaves 8:30 a. m.
No. 84—Freight..... Leaves 12:30 p. m.
No. 81—Passenger..... Leaves 2:30 p. m.
No. 83—Freight..... Leaves 4:30 p. m.
All trains are daily except Sunday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Passenger, going east..... Leaves 7:35 a. m.
Freight, going east, (except Tuesday) 12:30 p. m.
Freight, going west..... Leaves 2:30 p. m.
Passenger, going west..... Leaves 4:30 p. m.
*Eastbound freight goes to Eriecon Tue. days leaving Ord at 8:45 on that day only.
All trains are daily except Sunday.

Home Happenings & Comment

Will it rain next Sunday?

Get out your lawn mower.

Buy your Garden Seeds at Bridgford's.

Miss Wharton came up from St. Paul Saturday night.

For 7 per cent farm loans call on H. E. Olson, Ord.

Can we show you our wall paper for spring 1900?—Bridgford.

Rev. Arnold returned from a trip down the road Saturday evening.

Willie Harding was mending watches and selling jewelry in North Loup T. day.

Rev. Miles of Arcadia occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church Sunday night.

Otto Murschel has moved into his new place of business in the Cernik ck.

A new coat of paper and paint adorns the walls and woodwork of the Parsons oery.

Mrs. Sowers has sold her residence property in the town and will move to country this week.

Scale books at the Quiz office.

The town herd has been organized for the summer.

See the new steel range at Harris's north side store.

For first class painting, decorating and sign-writing see Wm. Timm.

Mrs. Ben Bridgford is still on the sick list though somewhat improved.

*See the Walking Hats and Sailors you can buy for 49c at Miss Hamilton's.

L. Thompson was home for a few days last week. He is doing well in the stock food business.

The Mesdames Kroetch were passengers to the Island Monday morning, returning in the evening.

Elsworth Ball of Rose Valley and Silas Peterson of the Cedar were doing business in Ord Tuesday.

Miss Mary Perkins just finished an eight month's term of school in her home district last Friday.

Dr. and Mrs. Milligan have broken up house-keeping and will soon start for an extended visit in Iowa.

Det Knowles came up to Ord Tuesday evening to visit with friends, returning to the Island Wednesday morning.

Mrs. James Colby will spend the summer in Wisconsin with relatives and old time friends while Jim is at Cape Nome.

Not a single circus patron boarded the train Monday morning to see the "big show on earth" at the Island on that day.

The Farmers Bank of North Loup has opened for business and the citizens are jubilant over having a safe depository of their own.

The Quiz has several fine pieces of vacant property still left for sale. If you want a building lot you make a mistake not to look at our list before buying.

Millford & Sons have moved their shoe stock into new quarters and now have a much lighter and more commodious apartment to display their footwear.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

In the district court Tuesday, Judge Letton severed the legal ties which bound Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Starkey as man and wife. Mrs. Starkey claimed that Jeff had failed to provide the proper support for the family and that he had done various other things unbecoming for a good husband. As the defendant did not appear in court, Mrs. Starkey's testimony was taken as fact and the divorce granted. We are informed that Jeff is up in Dakota, confined to his bed with a fever.

Walter and Arthur Perkins, two of the boys who left with the gang of men recently shipped to Wyoming, where they were to work on the railroad, have returned home. The boys say the job as promised was not forth-coming when they got there and as the climate did not agree with them they returned. Arthur says that when he came away Roy Rashaw was confined in the hospital with a fever.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

Ed. McCall arrived in the city Saturday evening and will circulate among his Valley county friends for a week or ten days. Ed enjoys his labors at the asylum quite well as he has been promoted from the position he formerly occupied and not only receives a better salary but enjoys the work much better than for merly.

A. C. Siegel was over from Arcadia Tuesday talking crops and good weather with the boys. He says there has been lots of rain in his section of the woods this spring, and things look promising for a good year.

Miss Gertrude Connell went over to Sargent Wednesday where she will visit a few days with friends and then go to her home at Whitman, Nebraska. She has been here several weeks visiting her sister, Mrs. A. P. Williams and family.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

What has become of that lawn tennis club that it was proposed to organize some time ago? We fail to see why the organization has not been made. If we cannot have a base ball team this summer we surely can have a lawn tennis association to pass some of the leisure hours. Ginger up, organize, fix up the courts and get in the game.

The sun came out nice and bright Monday morning and so a dozen members of the Ord gun club thought that it would be a good day for a practice shoot and at 2:30 the boys repaired to the club grounds and for a couple of hours indulged in a friendly contest. On the whole the shooting was probably poorer than at any match since the club was organized. The weather was fine and everything favorable for good work but the boys could not hit them and the average was small. Beecher Ward, visiting with E. R. Brown, a trap man of more or less professional reputation was the guest of the club, and while in the team shoot he failed to make any great score, in a fifty bird exhibition shoot, made the remarkable score of 48 out of 50, which is by far the best ever made in the city. The team contest was at 50 birds to the man, from known traps and at unknown angles. The score was:

Spaulding.....30 Barnes.....21
Cook.....26 Watson.....32
Ward.....39 Shirley.....35
Heuck.....21 Beushausen.....13
Trump.....15 Westberg.....30
Graham.....9

Some of the boys fell short on ammunition, Trump shooting but 25, Beushausen 30, Westberg 45, Heuck 45, Graham 25.

Ord people going to Cape Nome this summer have received official information from the steamship company with which they have taken passage that their boat will start for the gold fields on the 20th of May. This will necessitate their leaving Ord about the tenth, as it requires three days to make the trip to Seattle, and they are required to have their baggage on the dock four days before sailing time of the boat. This will give them two or three days in Seattle to purchase and pack their outfit and prepare for the trip.

Some little excitement was caused Tuesday afternoon by the ringing of the fire bell. Although but one or two taps of the bell were sounded the most of the boys were on hand for business. The burning of a hay stack in the east part of town was found to be the cause of the alarm but as no good could be done and as no other property was in danger it was not found necessary for the department to turn out.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

Ford Shirley came down from Milligan Wednesday night where he has been for several months. Ford says that he has had all the work he could do up there in the painting and paper-hanging line and that he has papered and painted nearly all of the business houses in town and a good share of the private residences. He will remain here for a time.

There is a meeting of the Grand Chapter of the order of the Eastern Star at Hastings this week and Tuesday morning Mrs. J. A. Paton, Mrs. F. D. Halde-man and Mrs. Matt Coffin went down to that city to represent Ord lodge in that meeting. They expect to return Thursday or Friday, but Mrs. Coffin will go to Lincoln for a few days.

Denny, the telephone man, was in the city looking after the wires for the company this week. While here he put in and connected two phones out in Mira Valley. They connect the two Ollis farms and are both on one circuit from Ord. It is probable that more phones will be put in in that vicinity in the near future.

Mrs. Crow tells us that in a letter received from members of her family who recently left for Battle, Wyo., she learns that they have arrived safely at their destination, but that they have not yet got well enough settled to know whether or not they will like the country.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

Prof. R. W. Bond returned to Hastings Monday.

New spring styles wall paper at Bridgford's.

Dr. Coffin and family returned to Lincoln Monday.

Mr. Peter Mortensen went to Lincoln Tuesday morning.

Rev. Russell drifted into town Monday evening for a few days.

W. H. Carson started for Lincoln on the U. P. freight Tuesday noon.

The stallion Tiddley-Winks will be in Ord after May 10. J. AUBLE

Just received some pretty, new pattern Hats at Miss Alice Hamilton's.

Remember Miss Bonds recital at the Presbyterian church Monday night.

Grace Thompson went to Burwell Monday evening returning Tuesday morning.

Millford has something to tell the people in a quarter page ad this week. It will pay you to read it.

When you want posters or handbills get them at Quiz office. The best work and lowest prices.

Mrs. Al. Kroetch of Burwell, is this week visiting in the home of Martin Kroetch and other relatives and friends here.

J. H. Capron has money for 7 per cent loans on improved farms. Money furnished when papers are signed. Notes payable at Ord.

Fannie Haggart got back from St. Paul Monday night. She has been working several days in the printing offices of that town.

Dr. Billings, Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office over Postoffice. Residence three blocks west of Court house square, Ord, Nebraska.

The Patty Ford Company have fitted up their aquarium and filled it with handsome gold fish, and it now occupies a place in their display window.

Ed. McCall finished his brief visit at Ord Thursday and returned to his labors at the asylum, accompanying his brother Charles as far as Aurora.

Frank Misko thought he had earned a vacation so Monday morning he took the train for Glenwood, Minn., where he will spend two weeks or ten days with old friends.

E. J. Clements and J. A. Paton were Lincoln passengers Wednesday morning. They were in attendance at the state republican convention the same day.

George Upright got a kick from a mule that was a close call for him Tuesday. He was struck in the abdomen and some injuries received called for a surgeon, but he will be all right in a little while.

As we go to press Thursday evening the eleventh grade of the high school are entertaining a good crowd at the school house with a reproduction of the Midway. They are showing everybody a good time.

Will Rogers and family, who have been residents of Ord for the past few years, departed for Greeley Center Wednesday afternoon where their home will be hereafter. We are sorry to have these good people leave us.

Miss Sadie Ollis entertained her room at her home Wednesday evening in a way to make the little folks feel that life is worth living. Miss Ollis thinks much of her email but numerous charges and they reciprocate with the fondest affection for her.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

Just the Checker

For a swell dress---Ondule Tissu; Egyptian Tissu Imperial Dotted Mulls; Bastes, etc. etc.

Something new in pulley Collars.

See our 75 cent Oxfords, others price \$1.50.

Yours for Prosperity,
McLAIN & SILER.

Wednesday evening a large number of friends of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bailey Sr. rendezvoused at the home of A. J. Kirkins and as soon as it was dark they marched over to the Bailey home and took possession. Mrs. Royal Bailey had been scheming to make the surprise complete and had succeeded in having the front door unlocked. When the crowd got there Lon Kirkins rapped at the north door wondering what he could say as an excuse for coming. But as usual Mrs. Bailey helped him out by commencing a long story which Lon was too "tickled" to get the run of. While this was going on the guests crowded into the front room and rang the bell. The day following was Mr. Bailey's birthday, but the friends knew better than try a surprise on that day for Mrs. Bailey is too cute to be easily caught that way. To make sure of the surprise the friends planned to get in their work one day ahead and the result was very satisfactory. Refreshments were brought out at a late hour and people got to bed about 1 a. m. Mr. Bailey is 77 years old and is still pretty hale and hearty, and all the community will wish him a goodly number of years yet to live.

People who took part in the city election this spring will not soon forget the active work done by H. E. Olson for the side that won out. It is hardly to be supposed that all that hot day he had no thought of the position of city attorney which he then held and which he had reasons to suppose he would continue to hold if the whiskey ticket could run against nobody and carry the day by his labors. But maybe he did not want the position longer, we don't know. At any rate the mayor turned him down and appointed A. Norman for the place.

From Ford Shirley we learn of the marriage of Joe Eret up at Milligan last Wednesday night. Joe is running a barber shop up in that country and doing well. Ford says that he has succeeded in carrying off one of the belles of that country. We wish him success.

Mrs. Leo McDonough has been in the city for a few days. She returned to the Island Wednesday morning.

If you have a watch or clock and want it repaired right take it to Bridgford's

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

Wall paper at Bridgford's. Latest styles.

Jos. Mazin went to Burwell Wednesday evening.

LADIES TAKE NOTICE: We will store your stove clean and return in the fall. CORNELL BROS.

Tickets for Miss Bond's musicale, are now on sale at Bridgford's pharmacy and Elmer Gard's jewelry store.

Adam Smith left Wednesday morning for Vincennes, Indiana, where he has a brother and other relatives with whom he will visit for a time.

I do not want the earth, but can sell you millinery at prices that will command a share of your patronage. I will sell you a hat cheaper than you can buy it elsewhere in the county.

MRS. L. J. HARRIS.

No public observance of Arbor day was made in Ord. Some of the grades in school held special exercises, but the day came and went without the average Ord person remembering that the state legislature had made it a legal holiday.

There will be no regular preaching service at the Methodist church next Sabbath morning. Arrangements have not yet been made for any one to occupy the pulpit in the evening, but preaching services will be held at the usual evening hour.

Court Reporter Clafin was in the city with his family over Sunday, returning to St. Paul Monday morning. Claf says that they are having a big time in St. Paul over the saloon question, with strong possibilities that it has not ended yet.

The Quiz is in receipt of a letter from Ora Taylor, now located on the Tribune at McCook, Nebr. Ora says he has got a good job in a good big office and that he likes the town and country very much. He will probably not return to Ord until next Thanksgiving.

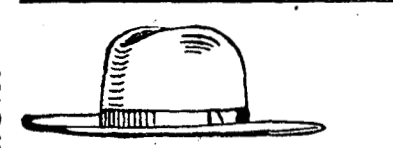
Dr. Billings has received a new rifle to take with him on his Cape Nome expedition. It is a Winchester, 38 caliber, of the latest pattern, and about as handsome a gun as we have seen for some time. The doctor is promising his friends a good and juicy bear steak before he returns from that country.



WE OFFER YOU ANY PAIR OF OUR \$1.00 or \$1.25 PANTS FOR 75Cts.



Any 30c glove 20c.
Any 60 or 65c glove 50c



Any \$1 or \$1.25 hat 75c
Any 65 or 75c hat 50c

The Best Goods at . . .
The Bottom Price at . . .

MILFORDS.



MILFORD SHOES ? ?

We have all the latest styles, colors and kinds of

Babys Shoes,
Boys Shoes,
Girls Shoes,
Misses Shoes,
Youths Shoes,
Ladies Shoes,
Mens Shoes.

We sell nothing but the best Shoes and Sew and Nail them Free of Charge.

10 Per Cent. Off of Shoes . .

We now have the largest Shoe Store in Central Nebraska and have it filled from floor to ceiling. And yet we are not able to crowd our immense shoe stock into it Eight months ago, before the recent big advance in prices on all kinds of leather, **We bit off more than we can chew.** Our stock **Must be reduced** therefore we offer you 10 per cent. from prices which are already 15 per cent. under the shoe market today.

You can save 25 per cent. by buying from

MILFORD & SONS.

We bought several cases of ladies and childrens hose direct from the manufacturers before the big advance in cotton goods and can save you from 20 to 25 per cent. on hose.

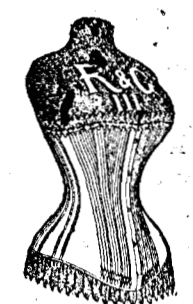
While stock on hand lasts we will sell you any

\$1.00 corset for 88c.
50c corset for 38c.

in the following makes: Dr. Warner's Coralline, F. P., Armorside, "C. C. C." and R. G.

We carry the largest and finest line of Fancy Lawns, white India Linen, Trimming and Dress Silk, Chiffon, Dotted Mousillene, laces, all-overs and embroidery, and is the only store that buys silks and laces direct from the manufacturers.

We can save you money.



SENTENCED TO HANG

ON WHAT LOOKS MUCH LIKE FLIMSY EVIDENCE.

A Murder Case That Is Agitating the State of Montana—Joseph C. Hurst Found Guilty of a Crime of Which He May Be Innocent.

One of the most remarkable cases known to the administration of the criminal laws of Montana, and perhaps of any other state in the Union, is that of Joseph C. Hurst, convicted of the murder of Dominick Cavanaugh and now under sentence of death at Glendive, Mont. Hurst, who is only 28 years of age, has been sentenced for the second time, after the refusal of the Supreme Court to grant a reversal of the judgment in his case. He was convicted on the bloody imprint of a finger on the corner of his handkerchief. These stains were never proven by experts to be blood, but the word of an ordinary physician was accepted by the court, although another physician stated that in his opinion the stains were paint. To add to the remarkable features of the case, the most relentless prosecutor in the case was a former suitor of Hurst's wife. Dominick Cavanaugh had been an office-holder for fifteen consecutive years in Dawson county, whereof Glendive is the county seat, and was extremely popular. At the time of the murder he had held the office for one term of two years, which was about to expire. At the election just preceding his murder he had been a candidate for sheriff against Joseph C. Hurst, the condemned man, and had defeated Hurst by about forty votes. On the morning of December 24, 1898, the body of Cavanaugh was found in an alley. He had been waylaid on his way home the night before and beaten to death. Tremendous excitement at once laid hold of Glendive. The town was almost at the point where martial law seemed necessary to the preservation of order. There were rumors and whispers, but nothing tangible to guide the arm of authority. In this pass of affairs, and before Cavanaugh's body was yet under ground, Hurst solicited



JOSEPH C. HURST.

of the board of county commissioners the appointment to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of Cavanaugh. Hurst received the appointment, holding the office for five days, when he was arrested. There seems to have been no suspicion of Hurst until a detective came from St. Paul and, learning that Hurst had been the opposing candidate of Cavanaugh, directed suspicion against him. At the time of his arrest the coroner's inquest was in session and Hurst had been gathering evidence against persons supposed to be implicated. His arrest caused a cessation of these investigations and directed towards finding in how far Hurst was incriminated. With this and that he was enabled to make a showing sufficiently strong to warrant his being held, and eventually he was brought to trial. Meantime public opinion seems to have determined Hurst's guilt. The chief witness for the state was Frank Gilmore, who up to that time was looked upon as peculiar, eccentric and unreliable. Gilmore testified that on the night of the murder Cavanaugh, on his way home, passed and spoke to him; that following Cavanaugh, thirty-five or forty feet behind, came a man whom he identified as Hurst, and that both disappeared in the direction where Cavanaugh's mutilated body was found the following morning. This seemed damning, but it was shown that on the morning after the murder Gilmore had spoken to several persons about the man he had seen following Cavanaugh; that he had mentioned Hurst as this man, but had, in fact, mentioned three or four other men as answering the description of the person who was dogging Cavanaugh; that he had, in a sworn statement to the attorney general of the state at the time of the inquest, said this person was, in his opinion, one Charles Gallagher; that he described this person as wearing a cap, whereas other state witnesses swore that they had seen Hurst ten minutes before the alleged reconnoiter with Gilmore, and that then Hurst was wearing a hat. To all of this Gilmore answered that he had not implicated Hurst in the first place because he desired to shield him.

Two witnesses for the state swore that a day or two after the election Hurst, in speaking of various political matters and persons, among them Cavanaugh, and a certain Mumford, made the remark that he would "get even" and would "fix him." It is not clear that these remarks were intended for Cavanaugh, there being a conflict in the testimony. It was further shown by the state that after Hurst's arrest his home was searched, and hanging in his bedroom was found a pair of pantaloons encased in overalls. In the pockets of which were two handkerchiefs. These handkerchiefs had blood stains upon them. In the corner of one was the imprint of a finger.

These stains were never submitted to a chemical or microscopical examination, but the only two physicians in Glendive swore that, save as to one of the stains, it was their opinion they were blood. As to this one, one of the doctors was of the opinion that it was paint, while the other was equally positive it was blood. As to this testimony, it was shown that Hurst was

troubled with nosebleed, and the washerwoman who cleansed his clothes testified that Hurst's handkerchiefs were usually stained with more or less of blood. This was all the evidence against Hurst at the time of the verdict, and all that has been discovered since. As to motive, the only one urged by the prosecution was that Hurst had been defeated for the office of sheriff and wanted the office, to which he hoped to be appointed in the event of Cavanaugh's death. It would seem that on such a showing no man's life could be adjudged away.

Cavanaugh's assassin must necessarily have received some blood from his victim. Cavanaugh was a man of great muscular power, able to cope with most any one in the community. It has been contended by the counsel for the state that Hurst held one of the handkerchiefs found in his pocket over Cavanaugh's mouth, to prevent the emission of any sound, while he beat him with some blunt instrument on the head from behind. This Hurst's counsel declared so utterly impossible as to be ridiculous. On this showing Hurst was adjudged guilty and condemned to be hanged. The result was so unexpected that it left his attorneys dumfounded. When they recovered from their amazement several things were brought to their notice that in a measure explained the verdict. Among the men who sat in judgment on Hurst was a brother-in-law of the murdered man. Yet, to this man's credit, he is said to have been the last juror to agree to the verdict and gave way to his feelings when the verdict was returned. Two of the witnesses for the state were brothers of another of the jurors. This juror, whose name was Lovering, together with his brothers, who were witnesses, had been active in the prosecution of a man named Bailey for a similar offense some time prior in the same community. The judge then sitting in that case has since stated that these Loverings were exceedingly wroth when a new trial was granted after the conviction of Bailey, and this same judge has said that his own life was threatened because he granted Bailey a new trial.

Upon the motion for a new trial affidavits were made to the effect that two of the jurors had said, prior to being called into the jury box, that Hurst was guilty and should hang, but these affidavits were contradicted by the jurors. Two of the jurors who sat upon Hurst's trial have since made affidavits that they voted for the conviction of Hurst for the reason that he failed to take the stand, admitted that they disregarded the instructions of the court in this respect.

Despite all this, and more, the Supreme Court has refused to intervene on the ground that there were no errors of law in the case. Nor has there been any popular demand for intervention, either by the court or the other constituted authorities. Indeed, the state has, until the present, been unaware of this remarkable trial. Glendive is an isolated community, and until a public-spirited citizen of Butte, who happened to be present on the day on which Hurst was sentenced, learned of the facts and gave them publicity, the press of the state had been silent. But now the whole state is becoming aroused to the actual condition of affairs, and it is not unlikely that Governor Smith will now interfere.

Hurst's lot has been an exceedingly hard one during all this ordeal. His devoted wife and children were not allowed to be present at his side during his trial. His wife has never been allowed to see him since his incarceration, fourteen months ago, except through prison bars, and then only in the presence of the sheriff. After the decision of the Supreme Court was rendered, on January 29, and until the matter was brought to the attention of the court the day he was sentenced, his own counsel were not allowed to see him in private. No friend of his has ever been allowed to see him during the entire time of his incarceration.

A spice of romance is part of the web and woof of the whole case. One of the most active partisans of the prosecution and one of the most zealous witnesses for the state was formerly a suitor for the hand of Joe Hurst's pretty wife, and has never seemed to have forgiven his successful rival.

Preacher Turns Miner. The Rev. G. H. Howard, pastor of the Baptist church at Melrose Highlands, Mass., has discovered a new way to raise church debts. He has been laboring for some time under the disadvantage of a large parochial debt and a poor congregation. Efforts to raise funds to put the church on a sound basis have failed him, and he has recently received a three months' leave of absence from his people. But Mr. Howard is not going to spend the time in recreation. He has already sailed for Honduras, accompanied by one of his parishioners, who is an old miner and who is said to have located valuable gold mines in that country. Mr. Howard goes with the idea of digging enough gold to pay the debt of his church, and he expects to come back this summer with his pockets bulging with wealth.

A Scout Who Has Served. Morris, the scout of Gen. French, the British cavalry leader, has had plenty of experience, having fought in Ashanti, Egypt, Benin and Matabeleland, where he was in the service of Col. Baden-Powell. He was next associated with the Jameson raid, being one of the five men who escaped. During the raid he was a member of the party who was fighting the American irregulars. During the present campaign he has seen service at Rensburg, Coleskop, Arundel and Colesberg.

Has Lived to Be 101. Mrs. Julia Duplont of Chippewa Falls, Wis., is 101 years old. Four of ten children are living and she has eighteen grandchildren, twenty-four great-grandchildren and two great-great-grandchildren. Her health is still good.

In the Baltic sea there are more wrecks than in any other place in the world.

A REALIZED DREAM.

SUCCESSFUL CAREER OF A STREET CAR MAGNATE.

How Herbert H. Vreeland, the Head of the Surface Lines of New York, Reached the Goal He Selected in His Youth.

The story of how this man or another reached the top in the struggle for wealth and power is always an inspiration for those at the bottom. A striking instance of perseverance and its reward is found in the career of H. H. Vreeland, president of the Metropolitan Street Railway company, whose genius directs the operations of the surface railroads of New York. Mr. Vreeland has recently been before the public in connection with the deal by which the Third Avenue line became a part of the Metropolitan company's property. He began his active life as a grocery clerk; today he sways a great corporation whose earnings amount to \$18,000,000 a year and is regarded as the foremost street railway man in the world.

Vreeland comes of Mohawk Dutch stock and was born forty-three years ago in the village of Glen, near Amsterdam, N. Y. At 10 years of age he was driving a grocery wagon. His next occupation was cutting ice on the Hudson river. At 25 he took to railroading, his first occupation being to shovel gravel on a night construction train on the Long Island railroad. Vreeland made up his mind then that he would some day be president of a railroad. He felt nearer the presidency when, a few months later, he was promoted to track walker at \$1 per day. Not long thereafter he was sent to Bushwick to tend a switch. At night, when his duty at the switch was over, he would go to the station and help the accountants in the division superintendent's office. He was not asked to do this work, but often he poured over traffic figures until midnight, because he expected to be president of a road some day. The Bushwick job did not last long, for the switch was taken out and Vreeland



HERBERT H. VREELAND.

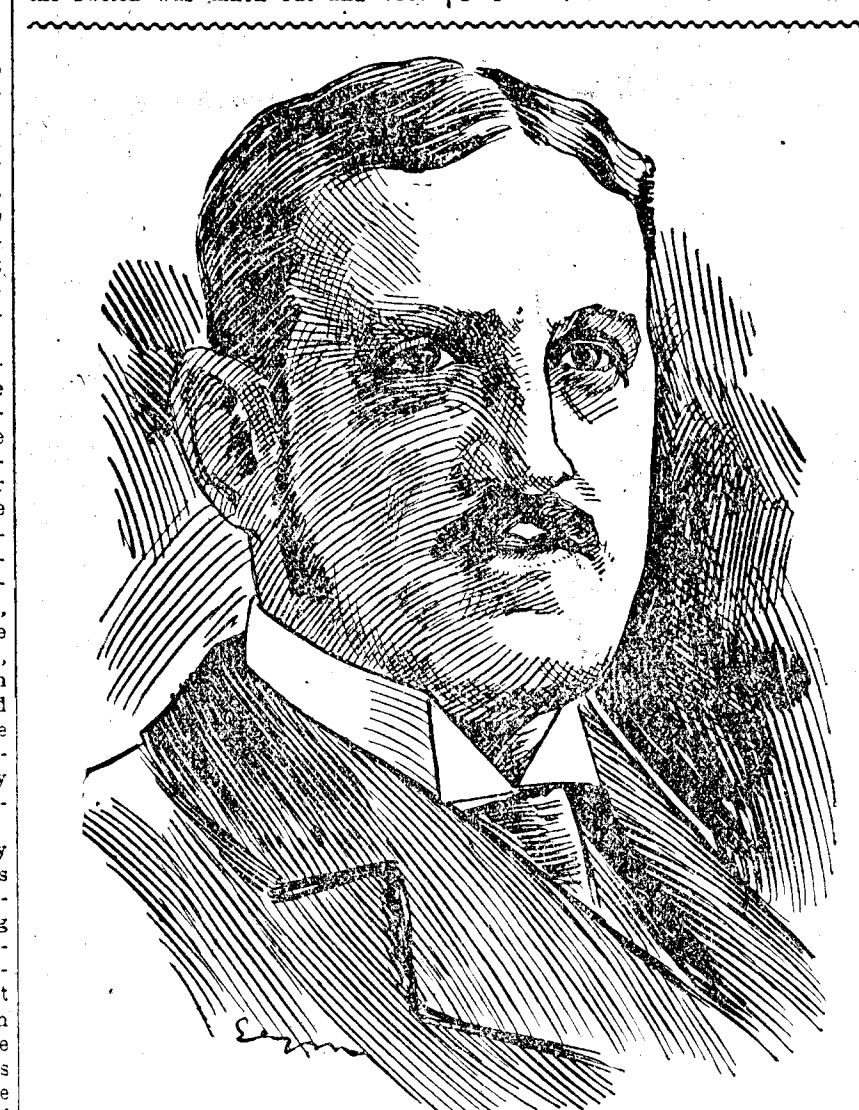
land was told he was not wanted. But he could not be driven away and was finally set to work as a car duster. Not long thereafter he was made a brakeman. One morning one of the older men bantered the ambitious young fellow. "Well," said he, "I suppose you think your fortune is made, now that you're a brakeman; but let me tell you what will happen. You'll be a brakeman four or five years; then they'll make you a conductor, and there you'll stick all your life, if you don't get discharged." "Do you think I'm going to be a conductor all my life?" the young fellow replied hotly. The old railroad man burst out into a hearty laugh. He told the story around among the men on the road, and everybody thought it was a huge joke. "President" was the nickname this story gave to the young brakeman, and often after that his routine instructions came to him addressed "President" Vreeland. But these taunts did not dishearten Vreeland. One day a conductor was discharged, and Vreeland was sent out with a train, chagrined by Vreeland's rise over their heads, refused to go out with him. He took out a new crew and ran the train for several months, until he and his engineer lost their places because of an accident for which they admitted equal responsibility. Vreeland asked to have another trial, and he was taken back as a brakeman. One day he went out on a special train, carrying the directors of the road. On the ride they asked the big brakeman questions about the road; he answered them all. The next day the president of the road, impressed by what the directors had told him, sent for Vreeland.

"What are you doing?" he asked. "Braking No. 17," replied the young giant. "Here," said the president, abruptly, "take this letter to your superintendent. It asks him to relieve you from duty and put somebody else in your place. Come back here afterward." When he returned he was informed that he was to be the president's confidential man. Here he learned the ins and outs of railroading. After a few years the management changed hands and he was out of a job. He found another as conductor on the New York & Northern railroad, and a few years later was promoted. He introduced some new features, and when William O. Whit-

ney took charge of the road as owner he took an interest in Vreeland. His enterprise pleased the magnate and he was made general superintendent. Not long thereafter Vreeland was made president of one of the street car lines of New York city in which Whitney was a director. That was the beginning of the great Whitney system of railroads in New York. The "Philadelphia syndicate," with Mr. Whitney as its chief New York member, started in to absorb the street traffic of New York. Horse road after horse road was bought, and soon Vreeland's name came to be an important one in the street railway world. He transformed horse car lines into electric and introduced cables when the electric wires were ordered underground. But Vreeland believed that the underground electric conduit system, then a failure wherever tried, was the thing he wanted, and in his characteristic way he went ahead, despite the smiles of older street railway men, and made an experimental conduit line in Lenox avenue. The conduit was made so big that the cable system might be a failure; but Vreeland's experiment was successful, and three years ago the Metropolitan decided upon his recommendation to make all the lines of the system electric roads. Now American and European cities are following the example set by Vreeland. A mighty railway system is now in the control of this young giant. It covers nearly 400 miles of track, including every foot of street railway track on Manhattan island. It carries 500,000,000 passengers a year and earns in nickels nearly \$20,000,000. It represents an investment of about \$150,000,000. It employs over 10,000 men and pays in wages every week nearly \$120,000.

LADY LOUISE TIGHE.

No social event of the century equals in celebrity the ball given in Brussels on the eve of the battle of Waterloo. The last survivor of this famous event has just died at Woodstock, Ireland, and in her last days she often referred to that night of gaiety and tragedy so graphically described by Thackeray in



"Vanity Fair" and by Byron in "Childe Harold." This woman was Lady Louise Tighe, daughter of the duchess of Richmond, by whom the ball was given. It was she who buckled on Wellington's sword ere he left the brilliant ballroom to go out and begin the fight which decided the fate of Europe. Lady Tighe's father, the duke of Richmond, had a residence in Brussels, near which city the British under Wellington were encamped. On the night of June 16, 1815, the duchess gave a ball in honor of the British officers. Wellington was there. While the ball was in progress a message from Blucher came to Wellington, and about the same time the sound of guns was heard. Wellington, after a few moments of abstraction, gave orders to one of his staff officers, who instantly left the room. Others saw him go, and one by one, they stole away from their partners, who in many cases



LADY TIGHE.

never saw their heroes again until their dead bodies were brought in from the bloody battlefield. Wellington was one of the last to leave the ballroom, and ere he departed the lady who has recently died fastened his sword about him.

Softly—"You must apologize, sir. I hear you referred to me as a pompous ass." Cynic—"Well, I'll take half of it back. You are not pompous."—Philadelphia Record.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

PREACHES ON MAY CHANGES OF RESIDENCE.

Timely Discourse in Which the Need of Patience and Equipoise Is Set Forth—Moving Into the Father's House.

[Copyright, 1900, by Louis Klopsch.] Text, Philippians IV., 12: "I know both how to be abased, and I know how to abound."

Happy Paul! Could you really accommodate yourself to all circumstances in life? Could you go up without pride, and could you come down without exasperation?

We are at a season of the year when vast populations in all our cities are changing residence. Having been born in a house, and having all our lives lived in a house, we do not have full appreciation of what a house is. It is the growth of thousands of years. The human race first lived in clefts of rocks, beasts of the field moving out of the caverns to let the human race move in. The shepherds and the robbers still live in caverns of the earth. The troglodytes are a race which to this day prefer the caverns to a house. They are warm, they are large, they are very comfortable, they are less subject to violent changes of heat and cold. We come on along down in the history of the race, and we come to the lodge, which was a home built out of twisted tree branches. We come further on down in the history of the race, and we come to the tent, which was a home built with a round pole in the center, and skins of animals reaching out in all directions, mats on the floor for the people to sit on.

Time passed on, and the world, after much invention, came to build a house, which was a space surrounded by broad stones, against which the earth was heaped from the outside. The roof was made of chalk and gypsum, and coals and stones and ashes pooled together. After awhile the porch was born, after awhile the gate. Then hundreds of years passed on, and in the fourteenth century the modern chimney was constructed. The old hives had openings in their houses from which the smoke might escape if it preferred, but there was no inducement offered for it to leave until the modern chimney. Wooden keys opened the door, or the keyhole was large enough to allow the finger to be inserted for the lifting of the latch or the sliding of it. There being no windows, the people were dependent for light upon latticework, over which a thin veil was drawn down in time of winter to keep out the elements. Windows were so late as two or three hundred years ago, in England and Scotland, so great a luxury that only the very wealthiest could afford it. A hand mill and an oven and a few leather bottles and some rude pitchers and plates made up the entire equipment of the culinary department. But the home planted in the old cave or the tent of a tent pole has grown and enlarged and spread abroad until we have the modern house with its branches and roots and vast girth and height and depth of comfort and accommodation.

Good Houses to Live In.

Architecture in other days busied itself chiefly in planning and building triumphal arches and basilicas and hippodromes and mausoleums and columns, while they allowed the people for residences to burrow like muskrats in the earth. St. Sophia of Constantinople, St. Mark's of Venice, St. Peter's of Rome are only the Raphael walls against which lean the squalor and the pauperism of many nations. I rejoice that, while our modern architects give us grand capitols in which to legislate and grand courthouses in which to administer justice and grand churches in which to worship God, they also give much of their time to the planning of comfortable abodes for our tired population. I have not so much interest in the arch of Trajan as I have in the wish that all the people may have a comfortable shelter, nor have I so much interest in the temple of Jupiter Olympus at Athens as I have in the hope that every man may have an altar for the worship of the true God in his own house. And I have not so much interest in the science of ceramics, which goes gray over a twisted vase, or a queer hand-painted jug in use 3,000 years ago, or a pitcher out of which the ancient pharaohs poured their drunken debauch, as I have that every man have on his table a plate with plenty of healthful food and an appetite to attack it.

Thank God for your home—not merely the house you live in now, but the house you were born in and the many houses you have resided in since you began your earthly residence. When you go home today, count over the number of these houses in which you have resided, and you will be surprised. Once in awhile you will find a man who lives in the house where he was born and where his father was born and his grandfather was born, but that is not one out of a thousand cases. I have not been more perambulatory than most people, but I was amazed when I came to count up the number of residences I have occupied. The fact is, there is in this world no such thing as permanent residence.

In a private vehicle and not in a rail car, from which you can see but little, I rode from New York to Yorkers and Tarrytown, on the banks of the Hudson—the finest ride on the planet for a man who wants to see palatial residences in fascinating scenery. It was in the early spring and before the gentlemen of New York had gone out to their country residences. I rode into the grounds to admire the gardens, and the overseer of the place told me—and they all told me that all the houses had been sold or that they wanted to sell them, and there was literally no exception, although I called at many places, just admiring the gardens and the grounds and the palatial residences. Some wanted to sell or had sold because their wives did not want to reside in the summer time in those places while their husbands tarried in town in the night, always having some business on hand keeping them away.

Change of Residence.

From some houses the people had been shaken out by chills and fever, from some houses they had gone because death or misfortune had occurred, and all those palaces and mansions had either changed occupants or wanted to change. Take up the history of any city of England or America and see how few people live where they lived 15 years ago. There is no such thing as permanent residence. I saw Monticello, in Virginia, President Jefferson's residence, and I saw on the same day Montpelier, which was either Madison's or Monroe's residence, and I saw also the white house, which was President Taylor's residence, and President Lincoln's residence, and President Garfield's residence. Was it a permanent residence in any case? I tell you that the race is nomadic and no sooner gets in one place than it wants to change for another place or is compelled to change for another place, and so the race invented the railroad and the steamboat in order more rapidly to get into some other place than that in which it was then. Aye, instead of being nomadic, it is immortal, moving on and moving on. We whip up our horses and hasten on until the hub of the front wheel shivers on the tombstone and tips us headlong into the grave, the only permanent earthly residence. But, bless God, even that stay is limited, for we shall have a resurrection.

A day this spring the streets will be filled with the furniture carts and the drays and the trucks. It will be a hard day for horses, because they will be overloaded. It will be a hard day for laborers, for they will overfill before they get the family furniture from one house to another. It will be a hard day for housekeepers to see their furniture scratched and the crockery broken, and their carpets miffed and their furniture dashed of the sudden showers. It will be a hard day for landlords. It will be a hard day for tenants. Especial grace is needed for moving day. Many a man's religion has suffered a fearful strain between the hour on the morning of the first of May, when he took his immature breakfast, and the hour at night when he rolled into his extemporized couch. The furniture broken sometimes will result in the breaking of the Ten Commandments. There is no more fearful pass than the hall of a house where two families meet, one moving out and the other moving in. The salutation is apt to be more vehement than complimentary. The grace that will be sufficient for the first of January and the first of February and the first of March and the first of April will not be sufficient for the first of May. Say your prayers that morning if you find nothing better to kneel down by than a coal scuttle, and say your prayers at night though your knee comes down on a paper of carpet tacks. You will want supernatural help if any of you move. Help in the morning to start out aright on the day's work. Help at night to repent. There will be enough of annoyance to make a Xanthippe out of a Frances Ridley Havergal. I have again and again been in crises of moving day, and I have stood appalled and amazed and helpless in the shipwreck, taking as well as I could those things that floated ashore from the breakers, and I know how to comfort and how to warn, and how to encourage the people, so I preach this practical May day sermon. All these troubles will soon be gone, and the bruises will heal, and the stiffened joints will become supple, and your ruffled temper will be smoothed of its wrinkles, and order will take the place of disorder, and you will sit down in your new home seriously to contemplate.

Reverses of Fortune. But there are others who will move out of large residences into smaller through the reversal of fortune. The property must be sold or the bailiff will sell it, or the income is less and you cannot pay the house rent. First of all, such persons should understand that our happiness is not dependent on the size of the house we live in. I have known people enjoy a small heaven in two rooms and other suffer a pandemonium in twenty. There is as much happiness in a small house as in a large house. There is as much satisfaction under the light of a tall candle as under the glare of a chandelier, all the burners at full blaze. Who was the happier, John Bunyan in Bedford jail or Belshazzar in the saturnalia? Contentment is something you can neither rent nor purchase. It is not extrinsic; it is intrinsic. Are there fewer rooms in the house to which you move? You will have less to take care of. Is it to be stove instead of furnace? All the doctors say the modern modes of warming buildings are unhealthy. Is it less per mirrors? Less temptation to your vanity. Is it old-fashioned toilet instead of water pipes all through the house? Less to freeze and burst when you cannot get a plumber. Is it less carriage? More room for robust exercise. Is it less social position? Fewer people who want to drag you down by their jealousies. Is it less fortune to leave in your last will and testament? Less to spoil your children. Is it less money for marketing? Less temptation to ruin the health of your family with pineapples and indigestible salads. Is it a little debt? Not hearing so many disagreeables.

I meet you this springtime at the door of your new home, and while I help you lift the clothesbasket over the banisters and the carman is getting red in the face in trying to transport that article of furniture to some other destination, I congratulate you. You are going to have a better time this year, some of you, than you ever had. You take God and the Christian religion in your home, and you will be grandly happy. God in the parlor—that will sanctify your sociabilities. God in the nursery—that will protect your children. God in the dining hall—that will make the plainest meal an imperial banquet. God in the morning—that will launch the day brightly from the drydocks. God in the evening—that will sail the day sweetly into the harbor.

And get joy, one and all of you, whether you move or do not move. Get joy out of the thought that we are soon all going to have a grand moving day. Do you want a picture of the new

house into which you will move? Here it is, wrought with the hand of a master. "We know that if our earthly house of this tabernacle were dissolved, we have a building of God, a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens." How much rent will we have to pay for it? We are going to own it. How much must we pay for it? How much cash down, and how much left on mortgage? Our Father is going to give it to us as a free gift. When are we going to move into it? We are moving now. On moving day heads of families are very apt to stay in the old house until they have seen everything off. They send ahead the children, and they send ahead the treasures and the valuables. Then, after awhile, they will come themselves. I remember very well in the country that in boyhood moving day was a jubilation.

Going to the Father's House.

On almost the first load was the children, were sent on ahead to the new house, and we arrived with shout and laughter, and in an hour we had raged through every room in the house, the barn and the granary. Toward night, and perhaps in the last wagon, father and mother would come, looking very tired, and we would come down to the foot of the lane to meet them and tell them of all the wonders we discovered in the new place, and then, the last wagon unloaded, the candles lighted, our neighbors who had helped us to move—for in those times neighbors helped each other—sat down with us at a table on which there was every luxury they could think of. Well, my dear Lord knows that some of us have been moving a good while. We have sent our children ahead, we have sent many of our valuables ahead, sent many treasures ahead. We cannot go yet. There is work for us to do, but after awhile it will be to do night, and we will be very tired, and then we will start for our new home, and those who have gone ahead of us they will see our approach, and they will come down the lane to meet us, and they will have much to tell us of what they have discovered in the "house of many mansions," and of how large the rooms are and of how bright the fountains. And then, the last load unloaded, the table will be spread and our celestial neighbors will come in to sit down with our reunited families, and the chalice will be full, not with the wine that sweats in the vat of earthly intoxication, but with "the new wine of the kingdom." And there for the first time we will realize what fools we were on earth when we feared to die, since death has turned out only to be the moving from a smaller house into a larger one, and the exchange of a pauper's hut for a prince's castle, and the going up stairs from a miserable kitchen to a glorious parlor. O house of God not made with hands, eternal in the heavens!

CITY OF SAULT STE. MARIE
Destined to Be Metropolis of Upper Michigan.
Sault Ste. Marie, is destined to become at no distant day the metropolis of the upper peninsula of Michigan. This will be the result of the development of its immense waterpower, which is second only to that of Niagara. Here at the natural gateway between the east and the west, the United States and Canadian governments have built ship canals and locks for the benefit of the vast commerce to and from Lake Superior. The waters of this great inland sea go tumbling down St. Mary's rapids, forming one of the finest water powers in the world. A portion of the vast water power has already been harnessed and put to commercial use on both sides of St. Mary's river. On the American side \$3,500,000 is being expended on a mammoth water power canal that will develop 40,000 actual horse power, all of which has already been leased for use in establishments to be erected for the manufacture of calcium carbide, chemicals and other products that will use to the best advantage the raw materials existing in this neighborhood and such as can utilize most profitably the remarkable advantages enjoyed by Sault Ste. Marie for the assembling of raw materials and the distribution of finished products. When all the projected industries are completed and in operation it will result in the up-building of Sault Ste. Marie from its present population of about 10,000 to a city of great importance as a manufacturing center.—N. L. Martin in Milwaukee Journal.

THE JUDGE'S DOUBLE ENTRY.

Style of Bookkeeping He Learned from Hotel Registers.
Judge James Fitzgerald of the New York supreme court is an excellent example of what perseverance and singleness of purpose will accomplish. The judge, who is about 40 years old, supported not only himself, but helped his family while serving as a cash boy in a store, and at night he attended Cooper union. Later he read law at night and managed to be admitted to the bar at the same age that most young men begin practice. To his native Irish wit is added a power of speech that nearly approaches eloquence. He soon took a prominent part in politics, and was for years a member of the legislature. Several years ago he was appointed an additional assistant district attorney at the comfortable salary of \$7,500 per year. Before taking office he married a girl when on a prolonged wedding trip. When he returned a month's pay was due him and he went to the office for it. During his honeymoon he had traveled over a good part of this country, and as his funds were low he went direct from the train to the office. "Here is your money," said the pay clerk, deferentially, after his kiss. "All right," replied Mr. Fitzgerald, pocketing the roll of bills. "Sign the payroll, please," continued the clerk. "Of course," responded the bridegroom, and absent-mindedly, he wrote as follows: "James Fitzgerald and wife." And the entry in the city books to this day.—Philadelphia Post.

Expert Opinion.

Intellectual Caller—"Don't you think Sienkiewicz as a novelist is rather hard to classify?" Literary Editor—"Not as hard, madam, as he is to pronounce."—Chicago Journal.

Nearly Cremated on a Railroad Train.
A party of five, including Lewis Morrison, the actor, his wife and his manager, William E. Denison, had a narrow escape from being burned to death near Eastport Junction, Me., while traveling in a private railroad car the other morning. The car had caught fire, probably from friction, and the party were about jumping from the swiftly-moving train when the engineer noticed the fire and stopped. The occupants of the burning car had hardly time to alight before the interior was a mass of flames. All their personal property, worth \$35,000, was destroyed.

British Aristocracy Blamed.
Many people attribute their recent reverses to degeneracy. The life of luxury does not produce vigor. Indigestible suppers, constant nervous strain and lack of exercise upset the stomach. The blood that makes the man come from his healthy stomach. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters purifies the blood and strengthens the stomach. It cures constipation, indigestion and dyspepsia.

The Life of a Gun.
The bigger the gun the shorter its life. Those monsters, the 110-ton guns, cannot be reckoned upon to fire more than eighty full-charge rounds without becoming quite useless. The 67-ton gun can fire 105 rounds, while the six-inch breech-loader is good for 400 or 500 full-charge rounds.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?
It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The Largest Vineyard.
Sunny Slope, Cal., enjoys the distinction of being the largest vineyard in the world. It is situated amid the most beautiful scenery of that favored land, two miles from San Gabriel. Of a total of 1,900 acres, 735 are devoted to grape vine, the remainder being distributed among orange trees (of which there are 12,000), lemon and olive trees.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

\$18 PER WEEK.
A salary of \$18 per week and expenses will be paid to man with one or two-horse rig to introduce our Poultry Compound and Live Killer among Farmers. Address with stamp, Acme Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Iowa.

The Army death rate is lower in Great Britain than in any other country. In France it is nearly six times as high.

Pilo's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. ENGLISH, Vanburn, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

However much actors may quarrel they generally "make up" before the performance.

100,000 AGENTS WANTED.
Men and women, boys and girls, all over the United States. Big money, easy work. Valuable prizes in addition. Write C. H. Marshall & Co., Dept 10, Chicago.

Cape Town War Prices.
Wheat costs \$4 a bushel in Cape Town. Livery teams hire for \$25 a day.

FITS Permanently Cured. Notice of nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy. Send for FREE \$24.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 301 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

After a harness is cleaned it takes only a few minutes to sponge it off after a day's use.

The Maker's of Carter's Ink Say:
"We can't make any ink like this one, but we can make power ink, but we won't." Carter's Ink is the best.

Books and papers are printed by machinery, but it requires brains to write them and to read them.

Your clothes will not crack if you use Magnetic Starch.

The so-called leaders of the people are dealers in their own wares for the sake of the profits.

Send for "Choice Recipes," by Walter Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass., mailed free. Mention this paper.

Christian science view as to when the twentieth century begins: It doesn't matter!

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, soothes and relieves, cures colic, cures worms, cures all the troubles of infants.

Forget yourself, and others will think of you.

For starching fine linen use Magnetic Starch.

The sea of matrimony swamps many a courtship.

FOR WOMAN'S HEALTH

Earnest Letters from Women Relieved of Pain by Mrs. Pinkham.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before I commenced to take your medicine I was in a terrible state, wishing myself dead a good many times. Every part of my body seemed to pain in some way. At time of menstruation my suffering was something terrible. I thought there was no cure for me, but after taking several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound all my bad feelings were gone. I am now well and enjoying good health. I shall always praise your medicine."—Mrs. AMOS FESCHER, Box 226, Romeo, Mich.

Female Troubles Overcome.
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I had female trouble, painful menses, and kidney complaint, also stomach trouble. About a year ago I happened to pick up a paper that contained an advertisement of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and when I read how it had helped others, I thought it might help me, and decided to give it a trial. I did so, and as a result am now feeling perfectly well. I wish to thank you for the benefit your medicine has been to me."—Mrs. CLARA STIERER, Diller, Neb.

No More Pain.
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound has been of much benefit to me. When my menses first appeared they were very irregular. They occurred too often and did not leave for a week or more. I always suffered at these times with terrible pains in my back and abdomen. Would be in bed for several days and would not be exactly rational at times. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and menses became regular and pains left me entirely."—Mrs. E. F. CUSTER, Brule, Wis.

SIX PEOPLE KILLED.

Footbridge at Paris Exposition Gives Way.

VICTIMS ARE BURIED IN THE DEBRIS.

Was too Heavily Weighted by Sunday Crowd—Bodies Badly Mutilated—Exposition Authorities Not Responsible.

A Paris, April 29 dispatch says: An accident within the exposition grounds caused the death of six persons and injured about forty others. A temporary bridge, unable to withstand the Sunday crowd, broke. The accident threw a pall over the happiness of an immense throng who had profited by the magnificent weather to visit the exposition. Today's was probably the record attendance. The concourse was particularly great along the Avenue de Suffren, which forms the northern boundary of the grounds.

Here is situated a big sideshow, the celestial globe. A footbridge, on which the finishing touches were being put today, crosses the Avenue de Suffren, connecting the sideshow with the exhibition. It was constructed of wood with a sturdy facade and with a plastered lower end at each end. Strangely enough the bridge has been condemned only this morning as unsafe by the exposition authorities. The public was therefore not allowed to go upon the structure and in this way a disaster even more terrible than that which occurred was averted.

The gay crowd was passing along the avenue and some hundred or more persons were walking beneath the bridge when suddenly an ominous crash was heard. Before those underneath could turn aside the structure fell with a fearful crash, burying nearly fifty persons. A shout of horror rose from the spectators, mingled with the cries of the victims.

Almost immediately the crowd attacked the debris in an effort to release those lying beneath.

The workmen within the grounds, the police and republican guards, together with quite a number of soldiers, joined in the rescue work. The promoters forgot their Sunday attire and covered themselves with dirt and grim in tearing away the rubbish with their hands.

Messengers were dispatched to bring firemen and tappers with their equipment, and the first body was found after a quarter of an hour's frantic labor. It was that of a little girl about seven years old whose head was horribly crushed. Victim after victim was brought to light until a row of six mutilated corpses had been placed upon the sidewalk, and nearly forty other persons, some badly and others less seriously injured had been carried in ambulances or driven to the hospitals.

Carter in Prison Garb.
Oberlin M. Carter, late captain U. S. A., has arrived at the federal prison at Leavenworth, under guard of Lieutenant Thomas Barker, Fifteenth infantry, a corporal and three soldiers. By special orders issued from the department of justice, newspaper men were not permitted to interview the prisoner, who was immediately dressed in the prison garb of gray and assigned to cell. His prison number is 2,004 and he is now an occupant of cell No. 425.

Killed by a Cab.
Arthur H. Jones, an artist of some distinction, was knocked down and killed by a cab while he was crossing the street in front of the Waldorf-Astoria hotel at New York. He was seventy years of age. He was recognized as being one of the foremost engravers of the world and was wealthy, living in a mansion at Yorkers that contained a rare collection of works of art.

Woman Sold at Auction.
A woman known as Margaret Connette, was sold at auction within a block of the federal building at Galveston, Tex., for \$10. The police and federal authorities are searching for the parties involved. The woman is said to have been imported from Belgium together with a lot of other Belgians and French women, and was under contract to the man who sold her.

Body Found in the River.
The body of John Blagg, a prominent farmer's ally, was found in the Solomon river near Abilene, Kan. The body had evidently been in the water several days. Whether it is a case of murder or suicide is not known. Blagg was a prosperous farmer.

At Beatrice This Year.
The members of the four companies of cadets comprising the university battalion will rejoice to know that they are ordered to hold their annual encampment at Beatrice. The date has been definitely determined upon and the encampment will open May 19 and close May 22.

Eye Removed.
Mrs. Wesley Forney, a lady who lives about six miles east of Hastings, was forced to undergo an operation and have an eye ball removed. Her little son accidentally shot her in the eye with his air gun, which destroyed the sight. The shot was found imbedded in the eye ball.

Porter Seriously Ill.
John Addison Porter, formerly private secretary to President McKinley, is reported to be seriously ill in New York. He went there to undergo a surgical operation.

Dead Man Identified.
It has been found that the man, McAnerry, whose mangled remains were found on the Union Pacific tracks a mile east of Grand Island had a sister, Mrs. Erce, living at Osceola and relatives at Winona, Minn. They will care for him.

Torpedo Boat Blown Up.
A Constantinople dispatch says: News has just been received from Beyrout, Syria, to the effect that the Turkish torpedo boat Schmayl blew up in that harbor April 29, resulting in the loss of twenty-three lives.

SUICIDE OF LINCOLN GIRL

Supposed to Be Miss Minnie M. Wray—Uses Revolver

A Chicago dispatch of April 29 says: A fashionably dressed young woman, who registered at the Palmer house Friday as L. Gray, city, committed suicide Saturday night by shooting herself in the head with a pistol. Her body was found in her room today. Scraps of a letter showed that she had written to O. N. Ohler of Moline, Ill., just before killing herself, but had torn up the letter. The police received word from O. N. Ohler tonight that he would arrive in Chicago tomorrow to identify the suicide, if possible. He refused to talk concerning the case.

It was learned late tonight that the young woman was Miss Minnie M. Wray of Lincoln, Neb.

A Lincoln, April 30 dispatch says: George B. Wray, living at 821 North Tenth street, Lincoln, a Burlington brakeman, said last night that he had a sister, Minnie M. Wray, but he did not know she was in Chicago. She lived in Lincoln for a number of years and was a stenographer. She was a mailing order clerk for Miller & Paine of Lincoln for some time, and afterward graduated at the business college, taking the shorthand course.

SPAULDING GIVEN 5 YEARS

Man Convicted of Rape Not Allowed a New Trial.

Judge Cones held a special session of district court at Madison, Neb., to hear a motion for a new trial in the case of the state vs. Leland Spaulding, convicted of rape. There were thirty-three objections and one point was the separation of the jury. An old man was indisposed and when others were taken up to town to breakfast he was left at the jail. The judge overruled the motion and sentenced Spaulding to a five-year term in the penitentiary, but suspended the sentence until June 1, leaving the prisoner in the sheriff's care. This case will go to the supreme court.

COMMISSIONER SHOT

Affray in Grant County. But the Details Are Lacking.

Some excitement prevailed at Iltan, Neb., on account of the news received to the effect that Ansel Connor shot Albert Calhoun, county commissioner, through the stomach. Whether or not it will prove fatal has not been ascertained. The trouble is supposed to have arisen from a dispute as to the right of possession of certain property. The sheriff has been notified of the crime.

Child Burned to Death.

The two-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Will Noble, three miles west of Peru, Neb., was so badly scalded by upsetting a tub of boiling water over it that he died after a few hours of horrible suffering. Mrs. Noble had just poured a boiler full of hot water over clothes in a tub which was resting on a chair and had gone into another room and while she was gone the little boy pulled the chair so as to upset the tub.

Drunk Man Used a Razor.
At Newark, N. J., Edward Norley, forty-five years old, went to the home of C. W. Stuart, where his wife is employed as a domestic, and inflicted seven gashes about her neck with a razor. He cut his own throat with the same weapon and died in an hour. The woman will recover. Norley was worth \$15,000 a few years ago, but lost his money and drank heavily. His wife left him two years ago.

Small Strike at Nebraska City.
At Nebraska City, Neb., some thirty of the employees in the packing house agreed to strike for an increase of 25 cents per day in their wages, but before time to begin work all but seven of them weakened and went to work. Three of the seven were granted the increase, but later were told their services were no longer needed. The result is seven men are out of a job.

Hail Does Little Damage.
Cuming county, Neb., has had a good supply of rain within the past week and the ground is in fine condition. The spring wheat and oats are growing finely. Quite a large acreage has been sown. Plowing of corn is going on and farmers are in fine spirits. Parts of the county was visited by a hail storm, but nothing was damaged.

Jump in Front of Train.
A special from Millington, Mich., says: Mrs. James Simonds, who lives near Otter Lake, deliberately jumped in front of a Michigan Central express train with her two-year-old child in her arms. Both were killed. Mrs. Simonds' mind has been unbalanced for several months.

Crushed by Overhead Crane.
The tumbling of a hoisting machine and crane came from an overhead bridge work into Main street, Richmond, Va., resulted in the death of three men and the injury of three others.

Kills Self and Wife.
William Bolyard, who lives seven miles from Upper Sandusky, O., shot and killed his wife and then killed himself. The couple had separated and Mrs. Bolyard refused to live with him. They came from Paris, Mo.

Farmer Brutally Murdered.
Josiah Carr, an aged farmer living five miles north of Ottawa, Ia., was brutally murdered by unknown men. His body was found in a cellar where it had been dragged. He lived alone and was considered well to do.

Escape From Industrial School.
Three girls, two colored, one white, escaped from the girls' industrial school at Geneva, Neb. They were captured later by the superintendent.

Lynch a Desperate Negro.
George Gordon, a desperate negro, was hanged at Albin, Miss., by a mob. Gordon became involved in a difficulty with Manager Skinner of the Robinson plantation, and the latter was badly beaten up by the negro, who also fired several shots at Skinner.

Cloudburst in Mexico.
Meager information received from Hondo, Mex., states that much damage was done by a cloudburst, with possible loss of life. The mines were badly flooded.

SEEKS HIS BLOOD

Tragedy at Howells May Cost Two Lives.

WAS THE OUTCOME OF OLD TROUBLE

Joseph Slama Shoots Anton Cheda, a Neighbor, While in His Bed, and Afterwards Goes to a Grave Yard and Commits Suicide.

A Fremont, Neb., May 1 special says: A farmer by the name of Joseph Slama murdered and shot Anton Cheda at Howells yesterday morning, and after committing his bloody deed, went to the grave yard and took his own life. At an early hour Cheda was still breathing, but the doctors said there was no chance of recovery.

Slama went to Cheda's house while the latter was asleep and after running the children out of the house, went, revolver in hand, into the bedroom to find Cheda. Alarmed by the noise Cheda was fully awake when Slama entered and he told him to shoot, as he did not fear him. Slama fired, the bullet taking effect behind his victim's ear. The murderer then went to the grave yard and shot himself to death.

The trouble was of long standing. Slama and Cheda had trouble over real estate and their disagreement had grown to bitterness.

SHOT THROUGH THE NECK

Ted J. Sullivan Laid Low by Bartender Dougherty.

A Lincoln, May 1, dispatch says: Ted J. Sullivan, living at 135 South Tenth street, was shot through the neck in the Shamrock saloon, 731 O street last evening at the 6 o'clock. The ball entered at the "Adam's apple" and was taken out at the back of the neck. Whether Sullivan will recover is a matter of doubt. The shot was fired by Will H. Dougherty, a bartender, who was on duty at the time. Dougherty alleges that he fired in self defense as Sullivan made a movement as if to draw a revolver and then came at him with a knife.

The fight between the two men is said to have started in the saloon when one of the bartender and Sullivan were there. Sullivan and Dougherty were not friendly for not very long ago, Dougherty had caused Sullivan's arrest for fighting in the saloon. It is stated by those who know something of the two men that since this time Sullivan has borne a grudge against Dougherty and that he showed his feelings in particular last night.

Was Miss Wray.
Later developments in the Chicago suicide case have cleared up the mystery and the body has been positively identified as Miss Minnie Wray, formerly of Lincoln. The only reason assigned for the self-inflicted death is given by A. N. Ohler of Moline, Ill., to whom she was practically engaged. He says that the only cause he can ascribe for her suicide is that her beauty had attracted to her many suitors, all of whom she had rejected. As a consequence several are said to have turned out badly. Friends will take care of the body.

The Grant County Shooting.
But little has developed relative to the shooting of County Commissioner Calhoun. From last reports it seems that the parties engaged in a hand-to-hand fight. Connor, being outdone, pulled his revolver and shot Calhoun through the hand, the ball passing into the body. Connor was brought into town and lodged in jail. Citizens are in union denouncing promiscuous shooting, but both parties being highly respected citizens, a great deal of sympathy is expressed on both sides.

Shot by a Careless Hunter.
Jesse Reeves, son of Cleve Reeves, was accidentally shot Sunday morning while fishing at the creek near Madison, Neb. He was in the act of baiting his hook when a bullet struck him in the right leg just above the knee going clear through and bruising his other leg. The shot was fired by some careless hunter and his presence was not known to the boy. The wound is a very painful one.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt to Wed.
The engagement of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, second son of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, and Miss Elsie French, the daughter of Mrs. Francis Ormond French, has been announced. Francis Ormond French, the father of Miss French left a fortune of \$15,000,000. Alfred Vanderbilt inherited the greater part of his father's enormous fortune. He is twenty-two years old and a graduate of Yale.

Given Year in Penitentiary.
John Shupkins, sentenced to a year in the penitentiary for stealing a load of wheat from a farmer in Schoolcraft, Madison county, Neb., will be taken to Lincoln. Rudolph Heppinger, in the same deal, got a sentence in the reform school and will be initiated in the Kearney school Thursday.

Killed by Boiler Explosion.
Five men were killed and three injured, one of whom will probably die, by a boiler explosion at Tifton, Ga., in the sawmill of S. N. Brady & Co. The sawmill was almost demolished and many buildings in its vicinity were wrecked. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Escape From Industrial School.
Three girls, two colored, one white, escaped from the girls' industrial school at Geneva, Neb. They were captured later by the superintendent.

Lynch a Desperate Negro.
George Gordon, a desperate negro, was hanged at Albin, Miss., by a mob. Gordon became involved in a difficulty with Manager Skinner of the Robinson plantation, and the latter was badly beaten up by the negro, who also fired several shots at Skinner.

Cloudburst in Mexico.
Meager information received from Hondo, Mex., states that much damage was done by a cloudburst, with possible loss of life. The mines were badly flooded.

BANK IS LOOTED

Financial Institution at Staplehurst Loses \$1,700.

The Bank of Staplehurst at Staplehurst, Seward county, was entered by four men and robbed of about \$1,700. Some of the money was recovered. The large time lock safe was completely wrecked by three heavy charges of nitroglycerine. The entire front of the small brick building was blown out and parts of the safe were blown 100 feet away. The robbers departed within a short time after they entered the building, carrying away with them the entire amount of money contained in the safe and some valuable papers. Some of the papers and \$505 in gold and a small amount in smaller change was afterwards found along the railroad tracks south of Staplehurst. In their flight the robbers had dropped the money on the ground, and it was found in the morning when Detective Malone's bloodhounds took the trail of the robbers.

DIES FROM BURNS

Wife of General Wilson Victim of Distro-tressing Accident.

The wife of Major General James H. Wilson, military governor of the department of Matanzas-Santa Clara, died from the effects of the burns accidentally received recently while driving with her daughter. While alighting from her carriage, Mrs. Wilson stepped on a match, which ignited her dress. She was terribly burned, although everything was done to relieve her sufferings. Governor General Wood, Adjutant General Richards telegraphed condolences and great sympathy is expressed by every one, Cubans and Americans alike, for the Wilson family.

SHOOTS SWEETHEART DEAD

Tragedy Follows Estrangement of a Loving Pair.

Bert Underhill wounded his sweetheart, Anna Davis, at her home near Plato, Ill., and then sent a bullet through his own heart. Miss Davis, who was seventeen years old, is a daughter of D. M. Davis, on whose farm Underhill worked. The farm hand and the young girl formed a mutual attachment. The parents consented to their union on condition that the couple would neither see nor correspond with each other for three months. This period elapsed today. It is believed the couple quarreled, although the parents have no knowledge of their estrangement.

CAPTURE CABINET OFFICER

Prominent Filipino in the Hands of the Americans.

Major General Lloyd Wheaton reports from Manila that Senor Paterno, the former president of the Filipino cabinet, was captured in the mountain, near Trinidad, province of Benguet, April 25. Paterno recently, through relatives in Manila, requested and received permission to enter the American lines, but failed to appear. His relatives explained that he had been sick for a long time and was an invalid. He was taken to San Fernando on a litter ambulance by soldiers of the Forty-eighth regiment.

FLOODS ARE FAST RECEDING

Situation at Waco, Tex., is Vastly Improved.

The Waco, Tex., flood situation is very much improved, the destitute and suffering being nearly all provided with wearing apparel and food. The prospects of the Brazos are overflowing are exceedingly bright, as the river has been steadily falling.

Woman Kills Herself.

The tragic death of Mrs. Buenavista Hunter, daughter of the late United States Senator Barnes of Platte City, Mo., has come to light. Mrs. Hunter shot herself with a revolver at the home of her sister, Mrs. Koster, Friday. It is reported that despondency over her separation with her husband, an attorney of Sedalia, was the cause of the deed. Mrs. Hunter was a well-known society woman.

Can Read His Title Clear.

Attorney General Breckenridge enjoys the distinction of being the only state officer in Kentucky whose title is not in litigation. Judge Clifton J. Pratt, the republican contestee, as anticipated several days ago, quit the contest, and on his failure to file a supersedeas bond the undisputed title passed to Breckenridge.

Skimming Station Opened.

The Ainsworth skimming station was opened last Saturday with a celebration. Prizes were given for milk giving the best test. Speeches were made and all farmers seemed enthused.

Work of Rebuilding Begun.

The total amount of relief received at Ottawa, Canada, for the sufferers from the fire was \$142,749. This does not include the government grants.

Plague at Port Said.

Two fatal cases of what is believed to be bubonic plague have been officially reported at Port Said.

Fire in a Virginia Mine.

A special from Tazewell, Va., says that Pine Run mine, at Fox Creek, Wise county, is on fire. Four men have been found suffocated and two others are known to be in the mine. The mine has been flooded in the hope of extinguishing the fire.

Baseball Player Murdered.

Jim Epps, a negro baseball player and member of a Brooklyn, Ill., team, was shot and instantly killed at Newport, Ill., by a negro known as "Mink" after an altercation in regard to the umpire. "Mink" escaped.

Given Ten Year Sentence.

William F. Miller, manager of the "Franklin Syndicate," who was recently convicted of grand larceny, was sentenced in Brooklyn, N. Y., to serve ten years' imprisonment. Motions for a new trial and stay of proceedings were denied.

Kills Wife and Himself.

A Coloma, Wis., April 27 dispatch says: Levi Myhill and wife were found shot dead in the road about seven miles west of here. The shooting was done by the husband.

Velocity of Sound.

A full human voice, speaking in the open air, when it is calm, can be heard at a distance of 400 feet; a powerful human voice, speaking in an observable breeze with the wind, is audible at a distance of 15,840 feet; the report of a musket, 16,000 feet; a strong brass band, 15,840 feet; a drum 10,560 feet; very heavy cannonading ninety miles. Conversation has been maintained over water a distance of 6,696 feet in the arctic regions. The velocity of sound in gases increases with the temperature; in air this increase is about, two feet per second for each degree, centigrade. The velocity of sound in fresh water at a temperature of fifteen degrees, centigrade, is 4,174 feet per second, as determined by experiments made in the Lake of Geneva in 1827. In air it moves at the rate of about 1,090 feet per second.

Ants Made a Bridge.

A naturalist found that some black ants were devouring the skins of some bird specimens on a table, so he made tar circles on four pieces of paper, and put one under each leg of the table. Ants will not cross tar. Pretty soon he found the ants busily at work again, and looking at the tar circles found each one was bridged by bits of sand which the clever ants had brought in from the street.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores. 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

About the Sahara Desert.

The Sahara is not a barren waste, as is popularly supposed. Not long ago there were 9,000,000 sheep, 2,000,000 goats, and 260,000 camels in the Algerian Sahara alone; and the oases furnish a million and a half of date-palms.

If you have not tried Magnetic Starch try it now. You will then use no other.

A ladies' tailor has a hard row to hoe. He has to re-form so many of his customers.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Never salt beef in cooking because it extracts the juices and toughens the fibre.

As a dressing and color restorer, PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM never fails to satisfy.

Mixtures, the best cure for corns. 15c.

The trouble with the trusts is that the trustees will not trust the people.

Magnetic Starch is the very best laundry starch in the world.

The best prophet of the future is the past.

Double Trouble

The complication of

SPRAINS and BRUISES

is a very sore trouble, but doubly, or separately, as sprain or bruise there is no remedy known the equal of

St. Jacobs Oil

for a PROMPT, SURE CURE

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., DORCHESTER, MASS.

and our "La Belle Chocolatiere" on the back.

If your grocer does not keep the genuine article, please let us know, and we will endeavor to put you in the way of getting it. Send for a copy of our Choice Recipe book, mailed free to any applicant who mentions this paper.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited, Dorchester, Mass.

ESTABLISHED 1780.

ALABASTINE

Is a durable and natural cement base well coating. In 5 lb. paper packages, made ready for use in white and fourteen beautiful tints by mixing with cold water. It is a cement that goes through a process of setting, hardens with age, and can be scraped and recoated without washing off its old coat before repainting.

ALABASTINE

Is entirely different from all the various alabastines on the market, being durable and not stuck on the wall with glue. Alabastine customers should insist on having the goods in packages properly labeled. They should reject all imitations. There is nothing "just as good."

ALABASTINE

Prevents much sickness, particularly throat and lung difficulties, attributable to unsanitary coatings on walls. It has been recommended in a paper published by the Michigan State Board of Health on account of its sanitary features; which paper strongly condemned kalomine. Alabastine can be used on either plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or terra cotta, and any one can brush it on. It admits of great changes from wall paper decorations, thus securing a more durable and more beautiful result.

ALABASTINE

Alabastine Company of Grand Rapids, Michigan.

DAN. GROSVENOR SAYS:

"Peruna is an Excellent Spring Catarrh Remedy—I am as Well as Ever."



dians got after us.

"They was after us now, and we was there. The only trouble was that we didn't have nothin with us but our guns. We had lit out so fast that all the grub was left in camp. We knowed that with the shape of the mountain there wan't no danger of the Indians gettin to us, for we could stop them as fast as they tried to come up. But we was worried as to the grub question.

"Indians ain't no fools, even if they act like it sometimes, and them Navajoes soon made up their mind that we had mighty little grub with us. They found that out from the looks of the camp, and, as they knowed that mountain as well as we did, they didn't try to come up it.

"For a couple of days we got along all right. We was hungry, of course, but we amused ourselves poppin at the Indians whenever they showed from cover, and when we hit one, as we did now and then, it was almost as good as a meal. At least we tried to think it was

"But an empty stomach is a pretty tough thing to forget, and we were beginnin' to wonder how long we could hold out, when one mornin' we seed the 'Girl of Wild Horse Run.' She was a-comin' along our trail at the foot of

“As soon as we seed her we did our

best to let her know that she was riding into quick trouble. We started a smudge with a blanket and fired a couple of shots to attract her attention. She saw we was on the top of the mountain, and she knowed we was

"The Indians seen her about that time, and they took after her. She had a good two mile the start, but her pony had been on the road for some time.

and it was gettin tired. Still there is lots of spunk in a good mustang, and we all hoped that she would get away all right. As she went down the valley we could see that she was not headin for the Run, but for the stage station.

which was a good 20 mile away. We was doubtful about her pony holdin out ag'in the fresh ones of the Indians for that distance, but there wan't nothin we could do to help her, and so we staid where we was.

"It seemed to make the Indians kind of wrathful to have had her comin' round that way, and they began takin' chance shots at us. They didn't hit any of us, but they made us lie low where before we had been standin' up and movin'."

"All the rest of the day we didn't do much but wonder how that there girl had come out of the fix she was in. It was all done to help us, and we knowed it and that made us feel like we

It didn't do no good, but we was still at it when we heard a shot down the valley. It didn't come from where the Indians had camped, and we lighted a fire as a signal like. When the fire

"It was kind of dusky in the morning then, and we couldn't see well, but we soon made out about 50 men comin' up the valley. In a minute we seed they was white men, and then we knowed

"We come down from that mountain almost as fast as we went up it, but the Indians was gone. They had van-
moosed durin the night. When we come up to the men, we found there

come up to the men, we found there was a lot of freighters from the station. The girl was there, they said. She had beat the Indians out in the race, but she was in pretty bad shape, for she had one bullet clean through her, and another had broke her arm.

"We went to the station as fast as we could. When we got there, we seed there was nothin we could do. It was too late for anything but to tell her we knowed we owed our lives to her. She was too weak to say anything in answer."

"She seemed to know all that was going on," said one of the women.

thought it might make her feel easier if somebody prayed. So he, being the only one who knewed much about it, tried it, and we all kneeled down. He told us how we all knowed that the

"It was a good prayer for a man who ain't in the business professionally."

nd nerves, causing the most intense pain. as to make within a few days a healthy, shattered nerves; or it may be slow in make one feel uncomfortable: the ten-

me time rids the system of the poison is
of roots, herbs and barks of wonderful
— the blood — and quickly neutralizes
worn-out organs, and clears the system

Red Cross | **FOR**
Suppressed
Menstruation
PAINFUL
Menstruation

PRICE \$1.00
Sent postpaid on receipt of
price. Money refunded if not as we
say. **Vin de Cinchona Co.**

cures Impotency, Night Emissions and
wasting diseases, all effects of self
abuse, or excess and indis-
cretion. **A nerve tonic and
blood builder.** Brings the
pink glow to pale cheeks and

Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale by Patty Drug Co.

P. H. PETERSON, Dept. G,
172 North Humboldt St.,
Chicago, Ill.

by growing 250 bushels Big Four Oats; J. Breider, Michigish, Wis., 113 bush. barley; and H. Levojoy, Red Wing, Minn., by growing 320 bush. Salzer's corn per acre. If you doubt, write them. We wish to gain 200,000 new customers, hence will send on trial

10 DOLLARS WORTH FOR 10c.

10 pkgs. of rare farm seeds, Salt Bush, the 3-earred Corn-Splitter, producing 80 bush. Root and 4 was hay pot-arse—also 8 pkts. of barley, Bromus inermis—the greatest grass on earth. Salzer sends 10c.

FOR 14 CENTS

We wish to gain this year 200,000 new customers, and hence offer 1 Pk. Dixie Garden Bear, 16

man your trees, together with our great Plant and Seed Catalog, telling all about Salzer's Million Dollar Potato, subject of this notice, at 11c. stamps. We will write your trade and name when you order Salzer's seeds you will never do without. The 1500 Strawberry bears 1,000 quarts twice yearly. H. 4.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

LITTLE LIVER PILL
CURES
Billiousness,
Constipation,
Dyspepsia.

W. J. Medical Co., Chicago
For sale by **Patty Drug Co.**

Digests what you eat.

DON'T BE FOOLED
The market is being flooded
with worthless imitations

THE ORD QUIZ
Goes into more families each week
than all other papers in the county.
Its advertising rates are low.

The Ord Quiz

THE ORD QUIZ
Has the best Job Printing Plant in
the Loup Country. Our work is the
best. Prices low as the lowest.

Established April 6, 1892. Whole No. 944.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, MAY 11, 1900.

VOL. 19, NO. 9.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

No inferior or impure ingredients are used in Royal for the purpose of cheapening its cost; only the most highly refined and healthful.

Royal Baking Powder imparts that peculiar sweetness, flavor and delicacy noticed in the finest cake, biscuit, rolls, etc., which expert pastry cooks declare is unobtainable by the use of any other leavening agent.

Alum is used in making cheap baking powders. If you want to know the effect of alum upon the tender things of the stomach, touch a piece to your tongue. You can raise biscuit with alum baking powder, but at what a cost to health!

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

A. M. ROBBINS
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE
Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties.

R. L. STAPLE
LAWYER.
Bonded Abstractor and Notary Public.
Office in Court House.

A. A. LAVERTY
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW
Estate and Probate matters made a Specialty.

F. D. HALDEMAN
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Office and residence opposite Presbyterian church.

C. A. BRINK, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over First National Bank.
residence four blocks west of square; and one block north of Episcopal church.

E. J. BOND, M. D.
PHYSICIAN.
All calls promptly attended day and night.
Office upstairs over Patty's Pharmacy.
Residence four blocks west of public square.

DR. F. C. HOLSON
DENTIST.
Office over the First National Bank.

DR. H. T. CLARK
DENTIST.
Office over Postoffice.

R. MISKO
DEALER IN HARNESSES.
Saddles, whips, robes, blankets, collars, curry combs, brushes, and every thing usually kept in a first-class harness store.
Shop on North Side Square.

H. STRONG & CO.
FURNITURE
A UNDERTAKING
GOODS.
Give us a call before buying.

A. M. DANEILS
FURNITURE, PICTURE
FRAMES, FLOOR MATTING
UNDERTAKING AND
EMBALMING.
Southeast Corner of Square,
Ord, Nebraska

VICINITY CLIPPINGS.

Gleaned from our Neighbor Exchange
(From the Barwell Mascot.)

Guy Dann has removed to North Loop where he has opened a bank. Guy's hearty laugh will no more rebound and echo up and down our street as the gentle zephyr blow.

From the Barwell Tribune.
The editor of this paper has been appointed census enumerator for district No. 100, comprising Calamus, Willow Springs, Highland and Rockford precincts, including the town of Barwell. J. J. Pigman is the enumerator for the balance of the county—Erina, Dry Cedar and Midvale precinct. Taking of the census will begin June 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. Kroetch came home from Ord Wednesday evening.

Jarvis Hall has moved his family into the house vacated by Chas. Masin who has removed to Ord.

(From the North Loop Localist.)
Our new bank opened for business, Tuesday, under more favorable conditions than the stockholders had anticipated. A good substantial bank is a thing of which our town has long stood in need, and now that we have one it is our duty to give it all the support possible, and to speak a good word for it. Its home stockholders are among our most substantial business men and farmers—men in whom all have the utmost confidence and who will see to it that the bank is one in which all may safely trust. The bank building and fixtures are as fine as can be found anywhere and are a credit to the town.

We Acknowledge the Corn.

From the St. Paul Republican.
The intelligent compositor who sets the advertisements on the Ord Quiz is contemplating matrimony; Prof. Smith recently sent an ad for his business college to that paper, in which occurred the line, "Students may enter at any time." The printer changed the word "enter" to "marry" and the proof reader failed to catch the mistake. As a result it is said that all the girls in Valley county are saying up their money to take a course in this very enterprising institution.

Prof. Smith hasn't quite decided yet whether to make his promise good by adding a matrimonial agency to the school or to just charge it up to one of those funny, inextricable blunders that will occur in the best regulated print shops and let it go that.

Notwithstanding the assurances of General Lee Wallace and ex-Minister Terrell that the sultan will pay, our state department persists in reminding him that there is no time like the present.

The season of the year is at hand when the octopus must divide time with the funnel-shaped cloud.

"DeWitt's Little early Risers are the sweet pills I ever used."—D. J. Moore, Milbrook, Ala. They quickly cure all liver and bowel troubles. Ben Bridgford.

As Admiral Dewey does not agree with Mr. Bryan on "the vital issues" before the country it is presumed that he is going to make the race as a Democratic candidate on a Republican platform.

Don't stay at home on account of that cold. Keep on with your work and take Krause's Cold Cure. Sold by Ben Bridgford.

The average woman will heartily endorse the movement to save the dear little birds, and continue to wear the handsome thing her money will buy in the line of feathered millinery.

A thoughtful person consults his best interests by having a box of Krause's Headache Capsules at hand; taken as directed they will prevent or stop any kind of a headache, no matter what the cause, in fact, if your skull was cracked they would prevent headache. Sold by Ben Bridgford.

You
need not lose flesh in summer if you use the proper means to prevent it. You think you can't take SCOTT'S EMULSION in hot weather, but you can take it and digest it as well in summer as in winter. It is not like the plain cod-liver oil, which is difficult to take at any time. If you are losing flesh, you are losing ground and you need

Scott's Emulsion
and must have it to keep up your flesh and strength. If you have been taking it and prospering on it, don't fail to continue until you are thoroughly strong and well.

See and feel for all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Stage Thunder and Lightning.

The reason why the mechanism for making the noises that give realism to a play are never seen by the audience is because the illusion would be completely destroyed if its operations were exposed to view, explains Frank Fyles in The Ladies' Home Journal.

The noise of the waiter falling down stairs with a tray of dishes, for instance, is simulated by dropping as often as necessary a basket filled with bits of broken china, and a cylinder of sils, turned with a crank, drawing the cloth over wooden flanges, gives a perfect rain and wind storm. A lightning accompaniment is made by touching an ordinary file to a bit of carbon, both on live wires, and thunder by rolling tenpin balls in a long, narrow, wooden trough.

The rumble of the wheels of a carriage is imitated with a vehicle like a miniature freight car run on a wooden track, and a striking of wood or metal on hard or soft surfaces serves to convince an audience of the approach or departure of a horse. When there is war, a single shot or two is usually the real thing, but a rifle volley effect is obtained by rapidly beating a dried calfskin with rattans, while heavy strokes on the bass drum will convey the idea of cannonading.

If this mechanism were seen in operation by an audience, it would make the whole performance seem ridiculous.

Longevity of Whales.

Some light was thrown upon the subject of the vitality of whales by finding one of these animals in Bering sea in 1800 with a "toggle" harpoon head in its body bearing the mark of the American whaler Montezuma. That vessel was engaged in whaling in Bering sea about ten years, but not later than 1804. She was afterward sold to the government and was sunk in Charleston harbor during the civil war to serve as an obstruction. Hence it is estimated the whale must have carried the harpoon not less than 30 years.

In connection with this fact William H. Dall gives an account in The National Geographic Magazine of a discussion with Captain D. P. Herenden of the United States National museum of cases of whales that have been supposed to have made their way from Greenland waters to Bering strait and to have been identified by the harpoons they carried. While it is very likely that the whale really makes the passage an uncertainty must always be allowed, for ships were often changing ownership, and their tools were sold and put on board of other vessels, and harpoon points were sometimes given or traded to Eskimos. It therefore becomes possible that the animal was struck with a secondhand iron—Popular Science.

Elephant and Train.

A big and ugly elephant which had long been an object of pursuit to the sportsmen of the Straits Settlements one day wandered on to the railway line and tried conclusions with the engine of a goods train, charging it repeatedly and keeping up the contest for nearly an hour. The engine was reversed in the hope that the beast would allow the train to proceed, but as soon as there was any attempt to renew the journey the elephant returned to the encounter and resumed its obstructive tactics. The driver was afraid to charge the brute, lest the train should be thrown off the rails, and the contest might have gone on much longer had not the elephant backed into the engine and, setting its fore feet firmly between the rails, endeavored to shove the train backward with its hind quarters.

The driver took advantage of the opportunity and put on steam, gradually forcing the beast off the line. In this maneuver one of the wheels of the engine went over the hind legs of the animal, which was put out of its misery by the guard of a following passenger train—Science.

The easiest and most effective method of purifying the blood and invigorating the system is to take DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for cleansing the liver and bowels. Ben Bridgford.

Perhaps the sultan has a curiosity to see if the American brand of ultimatum differs materially from the European brand.

J. C. Kennedy, Roanoke, Tenn., says, "I cannot say too much for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. One box of it cured what the doctors called an incurable ulcer on my jaw." Cures piles and all skin diseases. Look out for worthless imitations. Ben Bridgford.

This is presidential year, but business is so good under Republican rule that it apparently is taking no notice of the fact.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frost-bites, quinsy, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cts. Sold by Johnson Bros., Druggists.

Still it is quite likely that there is a good man somewhere in the country who will not object to being nominated for vice president.

"I had stomach trouble twenty years and gave up hope of being cured till I began to use Kodol, Dyspepsia Cure. It has done me so much good I call it the savior of my life," writes W. R. Wilkinson, Albany, Tenn. It digests what you eat. Ben Bridgford.

ALL SORTS.

We are confident that if Chairman Cook will consult the Missouri Democrats he will find that they prefer to come to Kansas City—if for no other reason, to see the liveliest town in the state.

Please send me a box of Beggs' German Salve, as I have the piles. It is the only thing that will give any relief. —H. D. Lane, Gravitt, Ark. It not only relieves chronic cases of piles but it permanently cures thousands when everything else has failed. Ben Bridgford.

The middle of the road Populists have adopted the name of Progressive People's party, probably to distinguish it from the supporters of the Chicago platform.

Mr. Bryan again announces that he will not attend the Kansas City convention. Mr. Bryan desires to give an exhibition of nominating himself at long range.

"After suffering from piles for fifteen years I was cured by using two boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve," writes W. J. Baxter, Northbrook, N. C. It heals everything. Beware of counterfeits. Ben Bridgford.

Ex-Governor James E. Campbell has been pleading for a divorce from Democracy and Populism. His grounds are logical, but the tribunal to which he appeals is prejudice.

Positive statement of one who knows. I would not be without Beggs' Hair Renewer if it cost \$5 per bottle. It has saved me from complete baldness and given me a fine head of hair.—Mrs. May Hostetler, Eau Claire, Wis. Ben Bridgford.

The amazing thing about Mr. Bryan's popularity in his party is the fact that it continues notwithstanding the thorough discrediting of every position he has taken and every prediction he has made. The logic of events has been exposing him steadily for the last three years.

"Was troubled with dandruff and falling hair for several years. Tried many remedies without result. Beggs' Hair Renewer removed the dandruff at once and my hair is coming out again. Would not be without it at any price." —W. J. Walsh, Iowa City Iowa. Ben Bridgford.

A contemporary observes that the senate exalted itself when it unseated Mr. Clark, of Montana. However, the senate must feel humble enough when it reflects that Pettigrew and Billy Masin are still in its midst and cannot be either unseated or kept silent.

E. F. White, Des Moines, Iowa, writes, "One box of Beggs' German Salve cured me of the piles, after I had been under the treatment of a physician for two years, without receiving any benefit. He said there was no hope for me but an operation. Ben Bridgford.

Colonel Waterson says "the average Kentuckian does not believe that his honor compels him to commit crime." If that is true we may assume that the average Kentuckian is not in sympathy with the attempt of the Goebelites to steal the governorship.

Mrs. J. Francis, Florence, Kansas, says, "I was all run down in health, worn out, weak, my appetite was poor, I could not sleep and doctors did me no good. I took Beggs' Blood Purifier and gained ten pounds in two weeks and am now in perfect health. Ben Bridgford.

The Republicans in several of the Southern states seem to think that the way to go about splitting the solid South is to spit their own organizations as wide open as possible.

A Young Girl

May be very old in suffering. She is very apt to neglect the earlier symptoms of disease. Often when she takes treatment it is the wrong treatment for her case.

Very many young women write to Dr. Pierce and consult him by letter free. All such correspondence is strictly private, and womanly modesty is spared the shock of indelicate examinations, unpleasant questions and offensive local treatments.

"I suffered with female trouble," writes Miss Agnes McGowan, of 1221 Bank St., Washington, D. C. "I tried various remedies but none seemed to do any permanent good. The doctors said it was the worst case of internal trouble they ever had. I decided to write to Doctor Pierce for help. I received a very encouraging reply and commenced treatment at once. I had not used the 'Favorite Prescription' a week before I began to feel better, and as I continued my health gradually improved. It is improving every day and I still continue to take the medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription
Makes Weak Women Strong
and Sick Women Well.

SALESWOMEN understand what torture is. Constantly on their feet whether well or ill. Compelled to smile and be agreeable to customers while dragged down with some feminine weakness. Backaches and headaches count for little. They must keep going or lose their place.

To these Mrs. Pinkham's help is offered. A letter to her at Lynn, Mass., will bring her advice free of all charge.

MISS NANCIE SHOFF, Florence, Col., writes a letter to Mrs. Pinkham from which we quote:

"I had been in poor health for some time, my troubles having been brought on by standing, so my physician said, causing serious womb trouble. I had to give up my work. I was just a bundle of nerves and would have fainting spells at monthly periods. I doctored and took various medicines, but got no relief, and when I wrote to you I could not walk more than four blocks at a time. I followed your advice, taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Purifier in connection with the Vegetable Compound and began to gain in strength from the first. I am getting to be a stranger to pain and I owe it all to your medicine. There is none equal to it, for I have tried many others before using yours. Words cannot be said too strong in praise of it."

MISS POLLY FRAME, Meade, Kan., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to write you in regard to what your medicine has done for me. I cannot praise it enough. Since my girlhood I had been troubled with irregular and painful periods and for nearly five years had suffered with falling of the womb, and whites. Also had ovarian trouble, the left ovary being so swollen and sore that I could not move without pain. Now, thanks to your wonderful medicine, that tired feeling is all gone, and I am healthy and strong."



WOMEN WHO EARN THEIR LIVING

St. Paul College

Teacher's Course.
Business Course
Shorthand & Typewriting Course

OFFERS SPECIAL WORK IN THE FOLLOWING COURSES
No school in the west offers better opportunities to those desiring a thorough, practical education at reasonable rates. Students may enter at any time. Small classes. Two hours given each day to personal instruction. By these plans students advance more rapidly than by the usual plan of large classes and no special attention given to the students. Board reasonable. No examination on entering. Experienced teachers. Write at once for particulars.

ST. PAUL COLLEGE,
S. D. SMITH, PRINCIPAL.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE
NEW YORK TRIBUNE
PUBLISHED ON THURSDAY.
For over fifty-eight years a National Family Paper for farmers and villagers, whose readers have represented the very best element of our country.

A new and remarkably attractive publication, profusely illustrated with portraits and half-tones; contains all the striking news features of the Daily Tribune. Special war dispatches, domestic and foreign correspondence, short stories, humorous illustrations, industrial information, fashion notes. Agricultural matters carefully treated, and comprehensive and reliable financial and market reports. It is mailed at same hour as the daily edition, reaches a large proportion of subscribers on date of issue, and each edition is a thoroughly up-to-date daily family newspaper for busy people.

Regular subscription price, \$1.00 PER YEAR.
We furnish it with THE ORD QUIZ for \$2.25 PER YEAR.
Send all orders to THE QUIZ, Ord, Nebraska.

The Smith Premier Tabulating and Billing Machine.

An Ever Ready, Effective Time and Labor Saving Device for Premier Users.
Simplifies Bill Making and writing figures of different denominations in columns. It in no way interferes with the typewriter for usual lines of work.

THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER CO.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

A Dictionary of ENGLISH, Biography, Geography, Fiction, etc.
What better investment could be made than in a copy of the International? This royal quarto volume is a vast storehouse of valuable information arranged in a convenient form for hand, eye, and mind. It is more widely used as standard authority than any other dictionary in the world. It should be in every household.
Also Webster's Collegiate Dictionary with a Scottish Glossary, etc. "First class in quality, second class in size."

THE ORD QUIZ

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
ORD, NEBRASKA

The sea of matrimony swamps many a courtship.

The Sultan of Turkey is also the Emperor of Equivocation.

Fitzsimmons may hereafter be known as "Bob the Giant Killer."

The plural salary question will have a tendency to demoralize the army.

The admiral should employ a competent political sailmaker for his boom.

The war is now costing England \$750 per minute. Diamond and gold mines come high.

The trouble with most men is that they have to die before they are fully appreciated.

The Louisiana election was too one-sided to make an inspection of the returns interesting.

It is such an easy matter for the average woman to cry that there is no danger of her having water on the brain.

Love is the wondrous angel of life that rolls away all the stones of sorrow and suffering from the pathway of duty.

Of things that are in our power are our opinions, impulses, pursuits, avoidances, and, in brief, all that is of our own doing.

There is now said to be an Irish craze in England, but it probably goes no deeper than the buttonhole in which the shamrock is worn.

A St. Louis undertaker advertises that he can furnish everything requisite for a first-class funeral. He is evidently a doctor as well as an undertaker.

A pair that is without precedent in the memory of this generation of legislators was made on the vote for the Porto Rican bill in the senate. It is a venerable joke that a constituent once wrote to his member of congress that he was grieved to observe by the Record that he had been pairing with some one of the opposite party. "If you must pair," wrote the constituent, "I suppose you cannot always be present to vote, can't you do it with some good man in pair own party?" That kind of pair is cast in the shade by the arrangement which Senator Hoar of Massachusetts and Senator McEnery of Louisiana made. One is a Republican, the other is a gold Democrat. Each left his party on this issue. Republicans generally voted for and Democrats against the bill. Hoar was paired against the bill with McEnery, who would, otherwise, have voted for the bill. Each was paired against his party.

The membership of one of the colored churches of Pittsburg is composed chiefly of the Joneses. Until recently they have held all the offices, because when it came to a vote the Joneses all stuck together. The temporal affairs of the church are under control of a board of eight trustees; all of whom were Joneses. At the annual congregational meeting for the election of trustees the Jones' slate threatened to cause a division in the church. The minority wanted a representation on the board. When the time for voting came one indignant member arose and said:

"O's long's Ah can membah we'se had nuffin' but Joneses in office on Ah sink his time to a change. Ah move dat we drop some ob de Joneses on 'lect a layman." In the interest of peace one of the Joneses withdrew. A man of the name of Smith was elected and the minority was mollified.

Students of municipal government had expected much of the proposed joint investigation of the municipal and private electric light industries which was to be undertaken by the League of American Municipalities and the National Electric Light Association. The league is, however, backward in doing its share of the work and the private interests intimate it is because the advocates of the municipal ownership are afraid of the result. The facts, as stated by the Western Electrician, are that according to the agreement made at Syracuse last September each was to pay one-half of the cost of the investigation. The league stipulated that its acceptance of the offer should be conditional upon its raising its half of the necessary funds by special donation. The electric light association has \$25,000 ready, being its share of the money, but the Western Electrician says the league has made no serious effort to raise its proportion of the necessary amount.

The school children of Canada who were going to send Aguinaldo a message of sympathy now find themselves up against a hard problem. They don't know where he is, and it isn't likely that he will provide them with the necessary information. While he doubtless would have no objection to being found by a message of sympathy he does not care to be found by American soldiers, and if he should betray his whereabouts it is quite likely that the latter would be the first on the spot.

A purchaser of mortgaged premises who agrees for a consideration to pay the mortgaged debt, is held, in McKay vs. Ward (Utah) 46 L. R. A. 623, to be personally liable to the mortgagee or his assigns, whether his immediate grantor was personally liable or not.

A psalm which cultivates the spirit of gratitude is a psalm which we often to read. If we were more grateful both our joy and our strength is increased. Gratitude is born which take the time to count

DIETRICH WINS OUT

Hastings Man Is Chosen By Acclamation.

SENATOR THURSTON WINS HIS FIGHT.

Expectations of Trouble Not Realized—A Full State Ticket Made Up With Very Little Balloting—Delegates Well Pleased.

The republicans of Nebraska assembled in state convention at Lincoln Wednesday, and in four hours had work settled. As of all the differences, named a full state ticket, and adjourned amid the best feeling.

The only conflict of any importance came in the selection of delegates at large to the national convention. An effort was made by the opponents of Senator Thurston to send Norris Brown of Kearney to Philadelphia in his stead. During the balloting on these delegates the interest was intense and the air of the vast hall was surcharged with excitement. When the roll call showed the senator to be safely in the lead his friends gave expression to their joy in a long and loud demonstration. Then the convention settled down to routine business. The auditorium was filled with delegates and spectators, but at no time was it overcrowded. The delegates were greatly pleased with the ball, considering it an ideal place for such a gathering.

The Ticket.
E. Rosewater, Douglas.
John M. Thurston, Douglas.
John H. McClay, Lancaster.
John A. Ehrhardt, Stanton.

Alternates:
Norris Brown, Buffalo.
M. R. Snodgrass, Cumming.
H. C. Baird, Knox.
C. W. Kelley, Webster.

Presidential electors:
J. T. Nesbit, Burr.
R. B. Windham, Cass.
Ed Royce, Custer.
L. M. Hague, Kearney.
S. P. Davidson, Johnson.
J. L. Jacobson, Douglas.
J. L. Kennedy, Douglas.
John L. Langer, Saline.

District Delegates.
First—George M. Spurlock, E. A. Tucker.
Second—W. F. Gurley, E. J. Cornish.
Third—Henry Ragatz, J. C. Haskell.
Fourth—Alexander Lavery, C. B. Rodgers.
Fifth—O. A. Abbott, G. L. Day.
Sixth—George B. Darr, E. J. Davenport.

District Alternates.
First—Mr. Worl, R. C. Boyd.
Second—C. L. Hoover, F. H. Claridge.
Third—M. W. Wells, Nelson Grimes.
Fourth—M. F. Harlan, E. O. King.
Fifth—Edward Updike, C. A. Luch.
Sixth—James McIntosh, M. L. Frieze.
Governor—C. H. Dietrich, Adams.
Lieutenant Governor—E. P. Savage, Custer.
Secretary of State—G. W. Marsh, Richardson.
Treasurer—William Stueffer, Cummings.
Auditor—Charles Weston, Sheridan.
Attorney General—F. N. Prout, Gage.
Land Commissioner—George D. Folmer, Nuckolls.
Superintendent—W. K. Fowler, Washington.

HANGS HIMSELF TO A TREE.

Farmer in Thayer County Ends Life of Trouble.

E. W. Moll, a small farmer and mail carrier between Hebron and Kiowa, committed suicide by hanging himself to a tree about midway between his house and barn. He arose about dawn and his wife supposed he had gone out to do the chores, but when she got up about an hour later his body was dangling from the tree, the limb to which he hung only being about ten feet from the ground. He was about forty-five years old. He had met a number of reverses of fortune within the past few years, and as he had a large family of small children, despondency is supposed to have been the cause of the rash act.

Fremont Woman Poisoned.
Mrs. Orissa K. Bennett, wife of James Bennett, died at Fremont after a short and violent illness. The physician in charge has decided that her death was due to poisoning, probably from eating chicken pie. Sunday night Mrs. Bennett was first taken with violent vomiting fits, and the doctor who was called in saw symptoms of poisoning. She had been to a church supper on Saturday night and eaten chicken pie.

Ohio Town Is Burning Up.
A telephone message from New London, O., states the village was being destroyed by fire. Aid was asked and a fire engine drawn by four horses was dispatched at once. Twelve dwellings have been destroyed, the loss being estimated at \$50,000. It is feared the whole village is doomed.

Americans Reported Killed.
The American garrison of Catubig, island of Samar, consisting of thirty men belonging to the Forty-third regiment, has been attacked by rebels. Twenty of the Americans were killed. The remainder were rescued.

Dead By Scores.
Two hundred or more lives were lost in the explosion in mine No. 4 of the Pleasant Valley Coal company at Schofield, Utah. One hundred and thirty-seven bodies have already been recovered.

Fire in Iron Works.
Fire broke out in the engine room of the Beaver Dam Malleable Iron works at Beaver Dam, Wis., and razed the plant to the ground with a loss of over \$100,000. The freight depot of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, with five loaded cars, was also destroyed with a loss of \$10,000.

Two Fatally Buried.
By an explosion of molten metal at the Carnegie blast furnaces, Bradock, Pa., James Powers and Michael Brown, cast housemen, were fatally burned and three others slightly injured.

SEDA CANNOT RECOVER

Victims of Colfax County Tragedy Fully Wounded.

The county officers have returned to West Point, the extreme southwestern part of Cumming county, where a coroner's inquest was held over the remains of Frank Seda, who in a cemetery killed himself after having shot Anton Seda. The suicide took place in Cumming county, while the shooting of Seda occurred in Colfax county. Seda's wound is a terrible gun shot in the side of his head and is doubtless fatal.

The cause of the quarrel was that Seda's mother, who is Seda's sister, is seriously ill with dropsy and wanted to make out her will. Seda, who is sixty years of age, feared she would not make the will in his interest and the quarrel of the day before led to the shooting of Monday.

A twelve-year-old daughter testified to these facts, and told that Seda said he would not harm her, but that she was so frightened that she took her four-year-old brother in her arms, and with him jumped from a twelve-foot porch without injury to either.

The coroner's jury brought in a verdict that Seda came to his death by two pistol shot wounds self-inflicted. He was lying on his face in the cemetery with one hole in the temple and one over the heart.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

A General Summary of the Conditions in Nebraska.

Under date of May 1, the university weather bureau says:
The past week has been warm and wet, with more than the normal amount of cloudiness. The daily mean temperature for the week averaged ten degrees above normal in the eastern and seven in the western counties. The rainfall has been above the normal in all parts of the state. In the central and eastern counties it exceeded an inch, and in considerable portion of this area it exceeded two inches. In a large portion of the state rain fell on every day of the week, keeping the ground wet, and preventing any substantial progress in plowing for corn, and practically no corn was planted. The continued warm weather has been exceedingly favorable for the growth of wheat, oats and grass. All small grain is in fine condition. Grass has grown sufficiently to furnish good pasturage for cattle. Peach, apricot, and cherry trees are full of blossoms.

STRIKE ON AT OMAHA

Woodworkers and Carpenters Quit and Several Hundred Idle.

An Omaha dispatch says: The carpenters strike is on. As a result of the refusal of the contractors and mill owners to grant the demands of the men 150 mill workers and 850 carpenters laid down their tools and there is every prospect of a long and stubborn contest. The employees served notice January 1 that they would demand an increase May 1. This was to consist of an advance from 35 cents an hour to 40 cents an hour for carpenters, and from 27 1/2 cents an hour to 32 1/2 cents for mill workers. The mill men offered to accept 30 cents an hour, but the employers refused to compromise, and the men will now stand out for their original demand.

In addition to the carpenters who are already out, there are indications that there will be more unless the trouble is soon adjusted.

North Bend Woman Dies on Train.

A sad death occurred on the local passenger due at North Bend. Mrs. Susie Flater had been at Omaha for a time taking treatment for consumption. It was decided that she would do better at home and her father went to Omaha to bring her home. On the train between Waterloo and Kaplan Mrs. Slater died. At North Bend her husband was waiting and received her body. She leaves four small children.

Operators Close Down Mines.

Operators of the Harrisonburg mines in Saline county, Illinois, have shut down their mines, and they will probably continue closed all summer. Operators decline to pay the scale of 45 cents fixed by the state board of arbitration a few days ago, which is higher than the scale paid in Williamson county, which has heretofore paid the same scale as Saline.

G. C. Maxwell Dead.

G. C. Maxwell, a prominent citizen of Fairmont since 1874, an old soldier, and a member of the Masonic fraternity, died Tuesday morning after a lingering illness of heart trouble. In 1881 Mr. Maxwell lost his leg by being run down by a Burlington train. He leaves a widow and a son, G. D. Maxwell, who resides in Lincoln.

Found Dead.

Bertha Hoffman, a girl of nineteen, and daughter of a well-known Peoria, Ill., cigar manufacturer, was found dead in the woods near Prospect Heights. She was shot through the head with a revolver which was found tightly gripped in her right hand. Her lover has been arrested.

Taken to Omaha.

Harry H. Hopkins, a Union Pacific freight conductor, was taken to Omaha suffering from injuries which he received at Grand Island where he received a broken leg, a dislocated shoulder and three broken ribs. Two years ago he had four ribs broken in a similar accident.

Porte Makes Proposition.

The Turkish porte has issued a circular formulating proposals to the embassies for increasing the customs duties.

Allowed Many Liberties.

General Cronje and his wife, accompanied by the general's private secretary, were permitted to attend religious services at Deadwood camp, James-town, St. Helena, after which they had their first ride around the country, an experience which seemed to give General Cronje much pleasure. The famous Boer commander was received with cheers.

Last Memorial Day of this century is to be made a notable occasion by the Omaha posts of the Grand Army of the Republic and Woman's Relief corps.

WIND ON A TEAR

Tornadoes Descend Upon Nebraska and Kansas.

HEAVY DAMAGE IN FURNAS COUNTY

Houses Wrecked Near Town of Wilsonville—No Loss of Life Reported—Number Painfully Injured in Wreckage of a House.

Severe storms of wind, hail and rain visited a large section of Nebraska Saturday and Sunday. The storm reached the proportions of a tornado in Furnas and Red Willow counties, the town of Wilsonville suffering most, a number of houses being blown over and partially wrecked and the inmates injured. So far as known there was no loss of life. Farther east the storm was less severe, but the damage was considerable. Small buildings were overturned in a number of towns and the hail pounded out window

lights. Nebraska fared well as compared with Kansas, where in three counties twelve distinct tornado clouds appeared and loss of life followed.

In southeastern Nebraska the storm was limited to a heavy fall of rain, with some hail, doing little damage. A terrific hail and wind storm, described as a genuine twister, passed over the western part of Furnas county Saturday afternoon at about 4 o'clock. The worst damage was done in and near Wilsonville. Many farm houses were destroyed. The Presbyterian church was wrecked, the roof blown away and windows smashed. The hall continued for an hour, the wind coming from the east in a gale. The stones were as large as baseballs, measuring nine inches in circumference, and were driven through roofs and sides of buildings. The tornado cloud appeared in the southwest at the conclusion of the hail storm, traveling in a northeasterly course. It was funnel-shaped and did damage over a wide area. The farming community west and north of Wilsonville were the greatest sufferers. No doubt many lives would have been lost, but people saw the approaching cloud and fled to cellars.

Three Injured in One Home.

The house of A. Tower was destroyed. Mr. Tower had a leg broken. Mrs. Tower a collar bone broken and Miss Tower was badly cut on the head. The house and barn of H. H. Corbett were destroyed. The house of H. A. Bourne was destroyed and Mr. Bourne injured. The house and barn of S. H. Garrish was blown away.

At the farm of L. E. McFarland the summer house, in which was his daughter, was lifted into the air and carried some distance and set down without injury.

KANSAS SUFFERS THE WORST.

No Less Than a Dozen Tornadoes, With Three Fatalities.

No less than a dozen tornadoes of more or less severity are reported to have occurred Sunday afternoon in central Kansas. In Saline, Ellsworth and Barton counties, which join each other. At Ellsworth, Barton county, three persons are reported killed. Other storms are reported near Ellsworth and Kanopolis, in Ellsworth county, near Brookville, and in Saline county. Near Kanopolis eight distinct funnel-shaped clouds developed within a radius of twenty miles, four of them large ones, and one of which are known to have travelled over the earth for a space of twenty-five minutes.

LOSS OF A MILLION

Steamer Pier at New York and Many Barges Burn.

A fire that started at the river end of the Malory line steamship pier, at the foot of Maiden Lane and the East river, in New York, early Sunday morning, completely destroyed the pier and its valuable contents. The police place the loss at \$1,000,000. Several barges, which were moored near the pier, were also destroyed and many rescues of their captains and of the members of the families on board were made. Only one life was lost. The nine-months-old daughter of Captain Charles Lochs of the barge Sherwood was drowned.

Wisconsin Man Is First.

An interstate oratorical contest was held at Oshkosh, Wis., at which five states were represented—Wisconsin, Illinois, Kansas, Missouri and Iowa. The first place was won by E. L. Chickering of the Milwaukee normal; Neil Whitall, Warrensburg, Mo., second; Charles Whitten of Normal, Ill., third; Jessie Arnold of Cedar Falls, Ia., fourth; Mary R. Martin of Emporia, Kas., fifth.

Wealthy Planter Killed.

Gordon Cook, a wealthy planter of Cordova, Mexico, was attacked and killed by Mexican bandits. One of the bandits who was captured has been tried and sentenced to twelve years' imprisonment.

Concedes the Increase.

At what was announced as the final conference of the Pittsburg coal companies and the miners' district officers of the mine workers' association held at Pittsburg, Pa., the wage dispute of the day laborers was settled by the operators conceding the 20 per cent increase demanded.

Summons Sent to Taylor.

It was learned at Louisville, Ky., that Governor Taylor left for Washington in response to a telegraphic request from the national capital.

Not Admissible.

After a thorough examination of the eyes of those not totally blind at the institute for the blind at Nebraska City, Superintendent Harris and the pupils who were not admissible to the school as the oculist reported that they could see sufficiently well to attend the public schools, and they have been sent to their homes. Some of them have been students for years.

Damage By Fire.

The Standard Varnish works at Elm Park, Staten Island, N. Y., were damaged by fire to the extent of \$200,000. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

HOLD FIRM TO OLD FAITH

Methodists Unwilling to Make Any Radical Departure.

A Chicago dispatch says: The report of the constitutional committee to the Methodist general conference, which will probably be presented this week, will call for the continued maintenance of the religion of John Wesley. The episcopacy may be abandoned and other constitutional features changed, but the articles of religion, the doctrines of the church, are to be retained in their purity. The heretics of the future must leave the church as he has done in the past, but methodism will not accept any departure from the theology of the fathers.

The changes in the section of the book of discipline devoted to the general conference are very slight and in the direction of amplification. The commission anticipating lay representation has been incorporated in the proposed constitution.

DEATH IN NEW YORK FIRES

Four Fatalities Follow a Series of Accidents.

Four persons were killed in fires in New York City May 5, and a fifth lies fatally injured in a hospital. At a lodging house fire in South street, John Curran, a marine engineer, was burned to death and Fireman Daniel Mullin was thrown from a ladder, receiving injuries from which he has died. Fireman James Fitzpatrick was fatally injured by the overturning of a hose truck which he was driving. An explosion wrecked the fat and tallow factory of Joseph Stern & Co., in West Fortieth street and two men are believed to be buried under the ruins. They are Thomas McGuire and Joseph Drum. A gang of men worked all night in the ruins in a vain effort to recover the bodies.

RECEPTION TO DIETRICH

Hastings Friends and Neighbors Welcome Him Home.

Hon. C. H. Dietrich, republican nominee for governor, was accorded an enthusiastic reception by the citizens of Hastings on his return home from Lincoln, in which all the people joined regardless of politics or party affiliations, the affair being one of a purely non-partisan nature.

Mr. Dietrich was met at the depot by the Second regiment band, the Progress club, members of the Grand Army and citizens and escorted to the Kerr opera house, which had been gallantly decorated with the national colors. The house was packed to its utmost capacity.

A. M. E. Church Conference.

The general conference of the A. M. E. Zion church is in session at Washington, D. C., presiding, Bishop Lomax of Charlotte, N. C. There are three hundred delegates at the conference, representing every state in the union, Africa, Bermuda and St. Christopher islands, Porto Rico, Cuba and the Hawaiian islands. The conference represents a membership of more than half a million. A letter from President McKinley was read, in which he regretted his inability to be present at the opening exercises.

Indians to be Rewarded.

The United States revenue cutter Bear sailed for Alaska from Seattle. Among her passengers are Dr. Sheldon Jackson, Special Treasury Agent Evans and Colonel Wright, collector of customs for St. Michael. The Bear goes north loaded with supplies which as a reward for their services in aiding the Bear expedition during their efforts to rescue the whalers.

Consider Situation Serious.

News from Columbia is to the effect that the rebels are getting the best of the fight in that republic, and that they are momentarily expected to enter Bocas del Toro. It is added that no soldiers being available, the government has sent twenty-five policemen to Bocas del Toro on board a launch belonging to the canal company. The situation is considered serious.

Goes Ashore.

The British steamer Montpelier of the Elder- Dempster line of Liverpool, from Cardiff, April 7, and Las Palmas, April 20, for Montreal, while bound up the St. Lawrence, went ashore in a dense fog at Duck island, three miles from Cape Ray, at the entrance of the Cabot straight. Nothing has been heard of the crew. The ship is probably a total loss.

Many Mills Made Idle.

The converter and billet mills of the Illinois steel company's plant at Joliet, Ill., have closed indefinitely as a result of the suspension of the American Steel and Wire company mills and subsequent lack of supply. The steel company's red mills closed two weeks ago from the same cause. About 2,500 men are idle.

The funeral of sixty-two victims of the mine disaster was held at Schofield, Utah.

Suffers Paralytic Stroke.

Mrs. W. M. Breegee, an old and respected resident of Brownville, had a paralytic stroke that came near proving fatal. She is still very low. Mr. and Mrs. Breegee moved to Brownville a few years ago.

Strike At An End.

The strike of the carpenters of Boston and vicinity for the establishment of an eight-hour work day and a minimum rate of wages of \$2.50 a day practically ended by nearly all firms signing the new scale.

The fourteen-year old son of Thomas Johnson, a merchant at Sawyer, while hauling corn to the Nye & Schneider elevator at that place had his hand caught in a shafting that runs over the dumps drawing his arm around the shafting, crushing the arm and elbow in a shocking manner necessitating amputation near the shoulder.

The Standard Varnish works at Elm Park, Staten Island, N. Y., were damaged by fire to the extent of \$200,000. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

END OF LONG STRIFE

House Passes Free Homes Bill Without Division.

ONLY ONE MEMBER-OPPOSES THE BILL

Measure Has Long Been Pending in Congress—Galusha A. Grow Author of Original Homestead Bill Forty-eight Years Ago.

The house Thursday, without division, passed the "Free Home" bill, which has been pending before congress for a number of years. The bill provides that the government issue patents to actual bona fide settlers on agricultural lands of Indian reservations opened to settlement. These lands were taken up by settlers who contracted to pay them \$1.25 to \$3.75 per acre. By the terms of the bill the government assumes the purchase price to the Indians and changes the existing laws relative to agricultural colleges so as to insure the payment of the endowments which heretofore have come out of the sale of public lands, in case of deficiency. These payments involve \$1,200,000 annually. Of the 29,000,000 acres in Indian reservations opened to settlement for which the government is to pay or has paid \$55,000,000, about 3,000,000 acres have been taken, and about 2,000,000 are supposed to be still available.

A remarkable thing in regard to the passage of the bill was a speech in its favor by Galusha A. Grow of Pennsylvania, the venerable ex-speaker of the house, who forty-eight years ago fathered and passed the original homestead bill. He was then the youngest and is now the oldest member of the house.

BOY MURDERER

George Coll Takes His Case to the Supreme Court.

George Coll, a young man who at Chadron, Neb., was convicted of murder has secured a stay of execution pending a review of his case by the supreme court. His bail bond has been fixed at \$10,000. Captain A. G. Fisher, attorney for Coll, has filed a petition in error and a transcript in the supreme court.

Coll shot and killed Thomas E. Ryan in Dawes county; and on being convicted on the charge of murder in the first degree was sentenced to serve ten years in the penitentiary.

Coll is a mere boy and the killing is said to have grown out of a feeling between cattle men and sheep men. Coll was herding sheep. He said Ryan came to him several times and threatened to kill him, and that he shot only after Ryan came at him in a threatening manner.

DEATHS MAY REACH 300

Estimate of Total Deaths in the Mine Disaster.

So far almost 300 bodies have been recovered from the Scofield mine in Utah, and it is thought that sufficient bodies yet remain to bring the list of dead near to 300.

Nobody entertains the faintest hope that there is a living man in the mine. It is now only a question of recovering the bodies of the victims and that cannot be finished for several days.

Threw Scalding Water on Him.

Ted Smith, an employee of the Chicago Packing and Provision Co., at Nebraska City, Neb., was badly burned in the cutting room of their plant. Lige Coager, another employee came to a tub of scalding water and in taking some at it was splashed onto Smith, who remonstrated against such things. Hot words ensued and Coager threw a bucket of scalding water over Smith. Coager made his escape for the time being, but was later arrested and placed in jail. Smith was badly burned on his left side, arm, leg and face. Later he was taken to the home of his parents. Both are young men about eighteen years of age.

Destructive Farm Fire.

Quite a destructive fire occurred at the farm of Dr. A. Disbrow's, near Creighton, Neb. A large barn, corn cribs and granaries filled with grain burned to the ground. The barn was partially covered by insurance; the rest is a total loss. The barn and cribs were probably worth between \$1,000 and \$2,000, \$600 insurance. Dr. Disbrow's loss is variously estimated from \$600 to \$1,000. The origin of the fire is not known.

Strike Quickly Ended.

The Port Huron, Mich., strike involving 300 employees of the street railway company and the Jenks Shipbuilding company, which began Tuesday, was settled Thursday. Both companies agreed to pay their striking laborers fifteen cents an hour, which they demanded.

Illinois Village Burned.

Grantsburg, a small village, nineteen miles north of Metropolis, was almost totally destroyed by fire. Only two business houses were left standing. Loss about \$250,000.

Favors Pneumatic Tubes.

The senate committee on postoffices and postroads Thursday heard the arguments of ex-Senator Faulkner in favor of having an appropriation of \$1,000,000 inserted in the postoffice bill to continue and extend the pneumatic tube service in the larger cities.

Outlook Not Favorable.

Reports received at Calcutta from the tea districts show the prospects are generally unfavorable. Hail and rain storms have done much damage to the crops.

To Build Immense Plant.

The American Ax and Tool company has purchased thirty-eight acres of river frontage at Glassport, near Pittsburgh, Pa., and will erect thereon a \$500,000 plant, the largest of its kind ever built. It is intended to centralize the plants of the combine at this point. The works will employ 1,000 men and will begin operation before the end of the year.

Damage Done by Frost.

The vicinity of Exeter was visited by a light frost and some damage done to gardeners, but no damage is yet reported from fruit growers.

Many Millions for Pennant.

The people of the United States consume 4,000,000 bushels of peanuts annually, at a cost of about \$10,000,000. The growing of the peanut in this country is gradually increasing, but much of the product consumed is still brought from abroad, notably from Spain, Egypt and Japan. Yet the South Atlantic seaboard and the lower Mississippi valley, as well as other parts of the United States have been shown to be abundantly responsive to the cultivation of this ground nut, the average yield being about sixty bushels per acre.

An Emblem of Sorrow and Rejoicing.

The cypress, which is regarded by us as an emblem of mourning and death, has been from ancient times associated with birth, marriages and rejoicing in the east. In the Grecian Archipelago when a daughter was born a grove of cypress trees was planted by her father as her future portion, a dowry which increased with her years.

How College Students Die.

The death rate in colleges is extremely low. The strict attention to the physique is given as the reason. Other, as well, may have health and strength. Host



THROUGH A GLASS.

IVORY SOAP is a skin soap. On one square inch of your hand there are 2,800 pores. On the whole body you have 2,381,284 of these little cavities to look after. Every one of these openings must be kept clear, or the impurities of the body can not pass out. Now, to cleanse the pores, you need a fine, pure soap. Scientists who speak not from opinion, but from scientific analyses, urge the use of Ivory Soap. 99 44/100 per cent. pure.

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The Ord Quiz.

W. W. HASKELL, PUBLISHER.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

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ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates are very low considering the circulation of THE QUIZ and the quality of its readers. They are strictly adhered to and no deviation will be made. These rates do not include a copy of the paper.

	1 Wk.	1 Mo.	3 Mo.	6 Mo.	1 Yr.
1 inch.....	25	50	1.50	3.00	6.00
2 1/2 inch.....	50	1.00	3.00	5.00	10.00
3 column.....	1.00	2.00	5.00	8.00	16.00
1/2 column.....	1.75	4.00	9.00	16.00	28.00
1 column.....	3.00	7.00	16.00	28.00	52.00

Locals, 5 cents a line. No local for less than 10 cents.
The guaranteed circulation of THE QUIZ is over 1,500 per week.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If unpaid year after year, \$2.
Extra copies to be sent abroad per year \$1.00

Now altogether, all along the line, "McKinley and Prosperity."

For four successive days we have scanned the columns of the morning newspapers and not one shooting affair have we seen recorded from Kentucky.

It will hardly be necessary for Uncle Sam to have the Oregon call around on the Sultan of Turkey to collect that little account due us. In all probability the ruler of the country of bloomer fame will remit at the first opportunity.

Fifteen years of residence in the state have given the people a confidence in Judge Kinkaid that cannot be shaken. Republicans made no mistake when he was nominated, as the result on election day will show.

50,000 school children of Minnesota donated one cent each and presented Admiral Dewey with a solid gold watch and chain. At this writing we have not learned whether the admiral has presented this token of esteem to his wife or not.

It was a wise act in the republican state convention to turn down all of the old fossils that have been nosing around the public crib since the state was organized, and nominate new timber for the state offices. Nebraska will be won over to the republicans this fall and it is of course best to have a good man in every office.

There is nothing but harmony in the republican party today. Every convention from Main to California will adopt resolutions endorsing Wm. McKinley and the administration. Now is the time to get aboard the good old ship with William at the helm she will be steered ahead in the waters of progress and prosperity at the same rate she has been sailing during the last four years.

Now comes General Douglas, an officer on the staff of General "Stonewall" Jackson, and brings convincing proof that "Whittier's beautiful poem, 'Barbara Fritchie,' was a fake of the worst kind and manufactured from whole cloth. Douglas says that Jackson never passed through Frederick with his regular army, that he was twenty-four hours in the rear, and that when he did enter he did not pass Barbara's house. This is too bad,

and the poem will lose some of its popularity. It is claimed, nevertheless that Whittier was entirely ignorant of the facts of the case as they were second-hand to him and consequently it was not his fault that "Stonewall" was made to say words that he did not say.

In eulogizing the wonderful war record of Col. Bryan the Omaha World-Herald says:
"He possesses in a remarkable degree the essential qualities of a soldier, viz., a strong physique, courage, bravery and strategy."
The truthfulness of this statement can be verified by nearly any member of the third Nebraska regiment. Strong of physique; courageous in enlistment; brave in drawing his pay and strategic in deserting his regiment at the front and returning home.

The Bee man appears to be getting a little the best of the World-Herald in the circulation war. Rosewater's latest proposition is to have the two circulations checked over by the census enumerator. This is surely a fair enough way to settle the affair for all time, but the general public have about come to the conclusion that Hitchcock would much rather have the matter as it now stands than to come to a show down and have his actual circulation brought before the public.

To the average person it looks like an impossibility for the government to complete the task it has mapped out in taking the census. Inside of thirty days it is expected to have every man, woman and child in the United States enumerated, as well as much other information of a statistical nature gathered. It is truly an enormous task, but none too large for Uncle Sam.

State News and Comment.

A York woman has been arrested for poisoning her husband. Traces of poison were found in his stomach and she is now in jail.

The Grand Island police raided a hop joint and carried off six inmates two of whom were women. In police court they were fined \$25 each.

John Orr, a prominent resident of Dakota City, died suddenly in a barber's chair, while being shaved. Heart trouble was given as the cause.

The Grand Island base ball team went up against the Omaha professional aggregation and got "done" to the tune of 6 to 0.

John Harder, a Millard grain buyer, embezzled several hundred dollars from his employers and skipped out. He was captured, brought back and part of the funds recovered.

George Johnson, an Albion farmer, fifty-four years of age, became insane and went after members of his family with a butcher knife. He was captured and sent to the asylum at Norfolk.

Thieves broke into a store at Wahoo and stole \$400 worth of silks and jewelry. Blood hounds were put on their trail but to no avail. The offenders were later arrested at Plattsmouth with the goods in their possession.

A resident of Springfield scratched his hand on a piece of barbed wire, blood poison set in and he had to have his hand amputated at the wrist.

A small boy in Fairbury took hold of a live electric light wire and caught 104 volts of electricity. He will recover.

The weather observer at O'Neill says that 5.47 inches of rain fell at that town in the month of April.

This Week in Local History.

Interesting news items gleaned from the files of THE QUIZ for the last eighteen years, showing what had happened each year in the week corresponding with the present.

May 11, 1882. — W. B. Keown was showing a five footed pig. He was not though in the fake show business.

The weather was cold and damp and no corn had yet been planted.

Hogs were listed at \$1.80 per hundred.
May 10, 1883. — A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Coffin. The same son, Clarence by name, was married at Lincoln a few weeks ago.

G. W. Milford was about to go into the dry goods business. Their store building was then under the course of erection.

May 8, 1884. — E. J. Clements arrived from Ann Arbor, Mich., and it was reported that he would locate at Taylor for the practice of law. It is evident that the report was not true.

E. M. Coffin and H. M. Grimes dissolved the firm of Coffin & Grimes.

May 8, 1885. — Work had just been commenced on the new Presbyterian church.

May 7, 1886. — The new Presbyterian church was finished and dedicated. On the same day at North Loup the Methodist people were dedicating a new church.

The farmers' Alliance was rapidly nearing its zenith.

Trees were being planted on the court house lawn.

May 6, 1889. — Harriet E. Haskell, wife of S. S. Haskell, mother of the Quiz man died.

Geo. Percival returned to Ord after a long visit in the east.

Ord post office was authorized to issue international money orders.

A petition was being circulated asking the board of trustees to call a special election to vote \$16,000 to erect two new frame school buildings. One to be erected in the first and the other in the second ward.

May 8, 1891. — Four tennis clubs were running in Ord.

May 6, 1892. — The building of a new school house was being agitated.

The Blizzard was sold to Dr. J. M. Klinker.

May 12, 1893. — The Methodist church received a new coat of paint and it has not received another since.

Otto Murechel arrived in town and was assisting in Jeff Starkey's barber shop.

Jim Milford and Charley Masin had a bicycle race at the fair grounds; each won a heat and then the race was declared off. They may be induced to finish the race the coming fourth of July.

May 11, 1894. — A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Capron.

Dr. McCrossen located in Ord.

Joe Watt quit the Transit House and Mr. W. E. Hall took took possession.

A ten pound daughter was reported at home of Len Firkins.

May 1, 1895. — Hannah J., first wife of W. L. Phillips, died.

A daughter was born to Geo. L. Kelley.

F. L. Harris was telling the people how to raise sugar beets.

The Ord base ball club was reorganized.

May 7, 1897. — C. A. Hager and wife came to Ord from York to live.

May 6, 1898. — George L. Perry and Gladys Stacy were married.

The second quota of men left Ord to join the militia at Lincoln and fill the company to its fighting strength.

May 15, 1899. — Ord and St. Paul high schools were having joint debates.

Somebody broke into the L. D. Bailey department store and stole a quantity of clothing. Every effort was made but the thief was never apprehended.

Cambell Bros. great circus was in town.

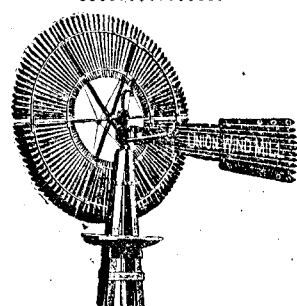
Krause's Little Liver Pills

are a purely vegetable, gelatine coated pill that act directly on the liver and bile. They are free from crude and irritating matter, their action is gentle and natural and they do not cause constipation after using. Sold by Ben Bridgford.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure. John E. Clifford, Proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by Johnson Bros.

FREE ON THE CARS AT ORD, NEBRASKA.



Price \$24.41.

10 Ft. Solid Wood Wind Mill Simplest, Strongest, Best, Cheapest on Earth.

Twenty Thousand now in use Send Draft, Money or Express Order with your order.

Reference First National Bank, Albion, Mich.

You take no chance. We guarantee SATISFACTION.

Write for price on tanks.

Albion Wind Mill & Implement Co., Albion, Mich.

1,000,000 DEATHS!

FROM CHOLERA, DURING THE PAST YEAR.

The Germs of this Fatal Disease Are Lurking Everywhere! Thousands of Dollars Saved by This Wonderful Discovery.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars have been lost in the poultry business on account of the devastation among flocks, caused by cholera, roup, gape, and other fatal diseases. There have been many remedies advanced, but none seem to be so successful as the American Poultry Mixture. This will cure cholera in the last stage of cholera and roup, and is excellent for gapes. Do your fowls suffer from violent diarrhea, drooping of the wings, stop or excessive thirst? These are the first symptoms of cholera. Cholera is a germ disease and being infectious spreads rapidly through the entire flock. Take time by the forelock; don't stop to experiment with unreliable or untried remedies. Use this mixture at once and the sanitary measures they recommend in connection. Don't give the fowls up. Cholera is a terrible disease but this remedy cures it every time. It is also guaranteed for roup, which can be told by hoarse breathing, swelled eyes, discharge at the nostrils, resembling catarrh. Fifty dollars is offered for any case the Mixture will not cure. If some of your fowls are diseased it will prevent the rest from catching it. Try it. It is cheap, reliable and effective; a scientific preparation, goes more than three times as far as any other remedy; does more good than all of them combined. It is used and endorsed by the most experienced and largest breeders of plain and fancy poultry in all parts of the world. The manufacturers guarantee every package or refund purchase money. If your druggist don't sell American Poultry Mixture, he's behind the age. In that case send \$1.00 for sample box to American Mfg. Co., Terre Haute, Ind.

County Correspondence.

Ida Items.

Sunday L. N. Kennedy and wife entertained Mr. Wright, Mr. Goodenow, Mr. Bergud and families, also John Butterfield and Martin Kruse.

A number of Burwell young people called at Mr. Butt's home Sunday.

A Mr. Parker of Gordon, Neb., stopped over Sunday with August Myres. He married Miss Anna Beckman, a former resident of this vicinity. They expect to make their future home about 25 miles below Ord.

Richard Brockus was visiting Mr. Nobles at the farm Sunday.

Effie and Don Whiting and Anna Bergud visited Maude Jackson Thursday.

The assessor put in his appearance in this vicinity Monday.

A. J. Borden, wife and daughter were callers at L. N. Kennedy's Sunday.

Arthur Butts was much worse Monday night with rheumatism.

Poplar Grove People.

Yes, it rained last Sunday and a nice rain, too.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Moudry of Manderson, May 1. These young parents are well known in our locality and we rejoice with them in their prosperity.

Mr. Fletcher, our cream man is now making two trips a week as the amount of cream is raising as well as the temperature.

Mr. V. Krikac and family called at Ign. Klema's last Sunday.

Henry Gugenunos smiling face is again beaming over our valley. He is working for Mike Prestele.

The Woodmen failed to meet last Saturday on account of the rain. The next meeting is the third Saturday of this month.

Mr. Neverkla had another streak of bad luck. His nicest horse was cut in barb wire so badly last Sunday that it will perhaps take all summer to heal up.

Mr. and Mrs. John Heffernan drove to Sargent last Tuesday.

This Paper Farm Journal One Year. Farm Journal 5 Years.

PAY UP AND GET BOTH PAPERS AT PRICE OF ONE.

We want to get 300 new subscribers to our paper, and are going to do it if we can; we therefore continue our arrangement with the Farm Journal by which we can send THE ORD QUIZ and the Farm Journal 5 years both for \$1.50. And we make the same offer to all old subscribers who will pay all arrearages and one year in advance.

You know what our paper is, and the Farm Journal is a gem—practical, progressive—a clean honest useful paper—full of gumption full of sunshine, with an immense circulation among the best people everywhere. You ought to take it.

OUR CITY SCHOOLS.

Conducted by Cora A. Thompson.

The twelfth grade had their final examination in Cicero Tuesday.

Superintendent Blessing has been a caller several times lately.

Irving Honnold was out on the farm planting corn, the first part of the week.

The receipts of the entertainment given by the eleventh grade were \$60.30.

George Nethery who has been absent for some time came up to see "Midway."

Charlie Chircon is back in school after an absence of a few days in the country.

Kittie Cox fell down cellar last Sunday and was so seriously hurt that she will not be able to finish the year's work with her class.

The flowers analyzed since last week are sweet pea, the white and yellow butter cup, false Solomon's seal, anemone, onion, woodsorrel.

Carrie Davis of the ninth grade has been obliged to drop her studies for the remainder of the year as her health is not very good.

The eleventh grade will give a reception to the graduating class some night next week.

There will be examinations in several of the classes next week—particularly in the twelfth grade.

Maggie Ferguson has given up her studies here and will soon go to Lincoln to prepare herself for a course in the University.

Alma Harris taught Miss George's room during her absence last week.

Bashie Tutley of the seventh grade, while gathering ferns last week, was badly poisoned and is not yet in school.

Last Friday the pupils of the sixth and seventh grades had a spelling match, in which Grover Walton of the seventh won and Faith Clafin of the sixth was second.

Miss Jennings' pupils, the eighth grade, will give their program Friday evening, May 18.

The arrangements for the class sermon have not yet been completed and announcements will be made later.

It is now certain that William Hawley Smith will deliver the class address, which will be held in the Methodist church Monday evening, May 21. The graduating exercises will occur Thursday evening. The place has not yet been decided upon but will be announced next week.

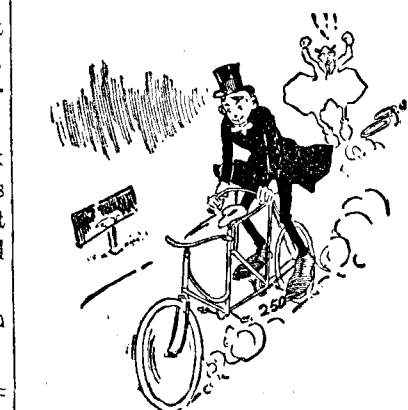
It is quite evident that the Kentucky Democratic hope is to carry that State this year by the grand jury vote.

The government proviso for Porto Rico is far more liberal than that given to Louisiana when that State was admitted to the Union. A little experience will assure the Porto Ricans of the character of Republican intentions. But the Democrats will still be dissatisfied.

Is it not about time for the Democratic party to call upon the country to put them in power, so that they may reduce the dangerous surplus in the United States Treasury? That is one of the few promises made by it that was faithfully fulfilled, and in doing so, it also reduced the surplus of almost every citizen in the Union. As a surplus reducer and a deficit creator that party has a record that cannot be successfully assailed.

Of the 1033 delegates scheduled for the republican state convention 1027 were present. This is a remarkable attendance and is a good indication of a republican year.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROOM-QUIZ TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. Twenty-five cents.



This Man

knows a good thing when he sees it, and a little thing like losing his best girl, does not stop him from calling on us at the earliest opportunity. Our goods and prices are the cause. Call and see us and be convinced.

Of Course

it is work to show goods, but we are here for that purpose.

FITZSIMMONS & GRAHAM, ORD, NEB.

The Implement Men.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

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A WISE CHOICE



Is made by those who buy their provisions where they can get the best and freshest at the lowest market price.

Everybody knows

that the Blue Front Store is the place where you can get your money's worth.

A Large Stock of Reliable Goods always on hand.

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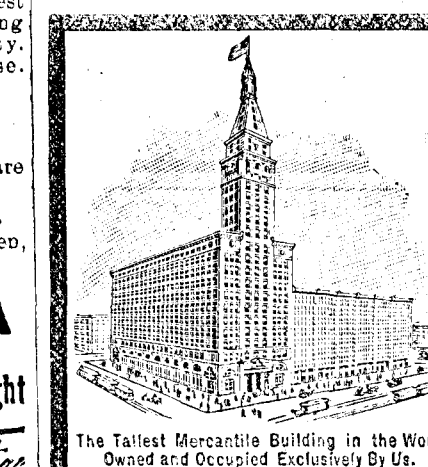
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WAGONS AND BUGGIES.

CATTLE SOLD ON COMMISSION.

ORD,

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Wholesale Prices to Users.

Our General Catalogue quotes them. Send 15c to partly pay postage or expressage and we'll send you one. It has 1100 pages, 17,000 illustrations and quotes prices on nearly 70,000 things that you eat and use and wear. We constantly carry in stock all articles quoted.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
Michigan Ave. & Madison St., Chicago.

The Tallest Mercantile Building in the World. Owned and Occupied Exclusively By Us.



WOMEN

revers, will make this jacket for a miss of medium size.

Message of the Fingernails.

In days when superstition was more prevalent, the shape and appearance of the fingernails were considered to forecast one's destiny. To learn the message of the fingernails it was usual to rub them so that the sunlight fell on them. Then, on the horny, transparent substance certain signs were supposed to appear from which the future could be interpreted.

Persons having certain kinds of nails were credited with the possession of certain characteristics. Thus a man with red and spotted nails was supposed to have a hot temper, while pale, lead colored nails were considered to denote a melancholy temperament. Narrow nails were supposed to betray ambition and a quarrelsome nature, while round nails were the distinguishing marks of lovers of knowledge and people of liberal sentiment. Conceited, narrow-minded and obstinate folk were supposed to have small nails, indolent people fleshy nails, and those of a gentle, retiring nature broad nails.

Young Girl's Box Coat.

When the faddists began wearing the box coats the general public looked askance, but as the season advanced and the number of these coats increased the same public indorsed the coat, and it must be admitted even by the most cynical that they are graceful for the slender figure. Especially for misses and children is this true. The



one we illustrate is the simplest form possible, with seamless back and double-breasted front, conventional collar and revers and two-seamed coat sleeves. One and a quarter yards, 54 inches wide, will make this coat for a miss of 14 years.

The Night Cap.

Is fashion going to bring the night-cap into general use again? Paris already seems to be inclined to answer the question in the affirmative, and when Paris says "yes" the rest of the world does not usually echo "no." The Parisian nightcap is not the more or less hideous monstrosity which our grandmothers wore and in which to our youthful eyes they suggested the wolf in "Little Red Riding Hood," but is a dainty bit of finery of the finest Indian muslin embroidered in silk and trimmed with lace and narrow ribbons. In addition to its daintiness of sight, it adds a daintiness of smell, for it must be perfumed with the special scent to which the wearer is addicted, and in this way it adds a fragrance even to the hair.

Be Cheerful.

Cheerfulness covers a multitude of sins. The good-natured woman who borrows everything but your toothbrush and your baby is a more desirable neighbor than the one who tells the story of her life's troubles until you feel as blue as the sad sea waves.

Our Cooking School.

Broiled crabs—Lift the shell at both ends and remove the spongy substance found on the backs. Then pull off the "apron" which will be found on the under side, and to which is attached a substance like that removed from the back. Wipe with a damp cloth and drop in boiling water for one minute, take up, and broil for eight minutes, serve with tartar sauce. Cucumbers are much better when the rind is removed down to the seeds. Rub them well with salt and place on the ice for at least an hour. Then slice and pour over them a French dressing and a tablespoonful of chives chopped very fine.

Calves brains a la poulette—Soak the brains for an hour in cold water; then simmer in water containing a tablespoonful of vinegar for twenty minutes; place again in cold water to blanch; remove the fibers. Cut the brains in small pieces and pour over them a poulette sauce which is made of a pint of white sauce made with white stock. Beat four yolks with a cup of cream. Remove the sauce from the fire and add it slowly to the eggs and cream, stirring all the time. Put it again on the fire a moment to thicken, but do not let it boil. Add one tablespoonful of butter slowly, a small piece at a time, the juice of half a lemon, a dash of cayenne. Fill individual paper cases with the mixture and place on the top one large broiled mushroom.

It is the manner of noble souls to do nothing by halves.—Wieland.

PORTO RICAN SUGAR.

SPANISH, ENGLISH AND GERMAN LAND OWNERS.

Department of Agriculture Official Says They Would Be the Only Gainers by An Absolute Free Trade Tariff With the United States.

Mr. C. F. Saylor, of the Department of Agriculture, has recently been on an official trip to Porto Rico. He shows clearly that those who would benefit by absolute free trade are the Spanish, English and other European owners of the plantations, and not the native islanders. He says:

"Let us look into the factories themselves, and I do not fear challenge in this respect because I have been in every factory in Porto Rico. Whatever capital is invested in those factories emanates from all island sources is purely Spanish. It does not belong to Porto Rico. The peculiar system maintained by Spain through all of the business concerns, and so far as their own capital was employed, threw everything into the hands of the Spaniards, who were simply in Porto Rico doing business. They do not belong to that element of Porto Ricans that we feel so tender about, and would not become citizens of Porto Rico or this country, whatever becomes of the constitutional question. Other factories are owned and controlled by English capital; others by German, and the entire factory system by Spanish, English and German."

"These factories mainly through their cheap labor, can, with absolute free trade, put sugar on the market of New York, at cost to themselves, for 2 cents a pound. This would be \$40 for a short ton of sugar. Sugar has been selling this year for \$70 a ton. With free trade this would be a profit of \$30 on an outlay of \$40, which I figure is 75 per cent. Who gets this profit? There is only one way for handling imported sugar in this country and that is through the two or three sugar combinations, mainly through the sugar trust. They agree with the planters or manufacturers to take this sugar, refine it, and place it on the market, dividing the profit on a certain basis, as is now being done and as has been done between the Hawaiian planters and the sugar trust for years. How will they divide the profits? Even? Each getting 37 1/2 per cent? We do not know. Only the parties interested know. This point is clear, however, and that is that the Porto Ricans are not benefited. Simply sugar combinations of this country and the foreign planters or manufacturers of Porto Rico."

"Isn't it a great deal that we should have freed the Porto Ricans from a condition as bad as slavery, making what concession we of right ought to make, in justice to the people of this country, assuring them that after they had attained the standard that one ought to have to enjoy the rights and privileges of the constitution of the country, that then they might be admitted with equal privileges with the rest. Do you think this ought to be before wages are paid in that country somewhere near in comparison with wages in this country, or before the average citizen of that country shall at least be able to understand the primary principles of our government and institutions? We said no. We should especially not bring in this great horde of cheap laborers who receive less per day than one person could live on in this country, and yet they are supposed to support families on this. We believe the laborers of this country will en masse resist this proposition."

"Of course we don't undertake to say that Porto Rico in itself is affording all this great hazard, but in the Porto Rican bill we have the principle at stake. Only 15 per cent of the present McKinley tariff is exacted, and this only to maintain the principle that we have the constitutional right to place a tariff against the Philippines. Porto Rico has been able, at her maximum, to export about 60,000 tons of sugar. She would be able if all her resources were brought into play, to send us about 3 per cent of our consumption. But when the Philippines and Cuba ask for the same privilege, then it will be an entirely different question. And yet the same principles are involved that I have discussed in Porto Rico. Isn't it enough that we have expended so much blood and treasure in wresting these islands from the condition they were in, at the same time offering every help in the future that is consistent with fair and honest dealing with our own interests and people?"

"I am a thorough believer in expansion. I believe that expansion is fraught with incalculable benefit both to the inhabitants of the island and to the people of this country, when congress shall have framed such fair, honest, just and equitable regulations as are consistent with the right of our own labor and industries."

MILITARY NOT GUILTY.
Idaho's State Officials Alone Responsible in Muling Riot Acts.
Bartlett Sinclair, who was the active representative of Governor Steunenberg in the Idaho mining riots, has been giving his testimony before the committee on military affairs of the house of representatives. He declared that the military authorities, who had been called into that district by the labor troubles, never went beyond their bounds in a single instance. As it is the acts of the military which are made the subject of this investigation it matters not, so far as congress is concerned, what may have been done by the state authorities of Idaho in suppressing the riots and maintaining order. If there was any misconduct on the part of those officials they must answer to the people, or the authorities of the state.

In reply to the questions of Mr. Robertson as to why the sheriff and county commissioners of Shoshone county had been suspended from office and martial law declared witness Sinclair said that his actions were in accordance with the instructions of Governor Steunenberg, and were in the interest of law and order. He suspended the county commissioners because he believed they were in collusion with the lawless element, and because he feared they might wrongfully expend the county's money and do other things antagonistic to the state. He assumed from the attitude of these county officials, who, instead of assisting in the apprehension and prosecution of those who had been guilty of conspiracy resulting in the destruction of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan Mills and the murder of two men, that they favored the miners, and obstructed the process of justice. He believed that the interest of the community demanded that they should be prevented from interfering with the execution of the law, and from comforting the lawless element, and he accordingly placed them under arrest. For that, he said, he was answerable to the people of Idaho, and that the military officers were not to be held responsible in any degree.

A CONSPICUOUS SIGN OF THE TIMES.



the tonnage of both high and low-class freights continued heavy. Agricultural and harvest implements are being carried by train loads, and in heavy groceries, hardware, glass, paints, oils, etc., the shipments are also unusually large.

SOME TRADE FAILURES.

Record of Years of Prosperity and Business Depression.
Business failures during the first three months of this year were even less in number and liabilities than in the early months of 1899, notwithstanding the fact that there are a larger number of business concerns in the country. Less than 900 business failures in each of the three months of this year is a fact that stands out prominently as a record of business prosperity. But the value of this year's record can be better appreciated by the following tabulated comparison:

ELI PERKINS DOWN SOUTH.

Gets Strange Admissions from a Dyed-in-the-Wool Democrat.

The other day, says the Louisville Commercial, Eli Perkins was introduced to Judge Scott, an old dyed-in-the-wool Kentucky Democrat. The judge is well known in the Blue Grass region and the grand old Kentuckian has always been looked up to as a High Priest of "beto'-the-wah Democracy."

Perkins was introduced by an old Democrat and Judge Scott supposed that Eli was a Democrat too and he became confidential with him at once.

"How are we Democrats getting along, Judge?" asked Eli in a confidential tone.
The Judge looked at Eli a moment to see if he really wanted information about the party, and slowly remarked: "Well, sir, we are getting on very well financially, but politically we are running behind.—Yes, I'm afraid we are running behind."

"What causes this?" asked Eli.
"Well, sir," said the Judge, sadly, "I am afraid our party has not been altogether right. We have erred in some things."

"Where have we erred, Judge?"
"Well, sir, I hate to admit it, but our Grover Cleveland policy hurt us Kentuckians. I wouldn't say it to a black Republican, but we Democrats all admit it among ourselves. You see," said the Judge, "we used to get 35 cents for wool, and a big price for hemp and tobacco, before Grover came in, but that Wilson bill hurt us. It knocked wool down to 12 cents. Free jute, put in to help the cotton fellows, ruined our hemp and it rotted in the ground. Then we lowered the tariff on tobacco and our tobacco went down on us. We didn't complain, but we Democrats did a good deal of thinking. Cattle and hogs got lower and lower and when Grover went out we were pretty poor—yes, dog-on hard up, sir!"

"Are they still bad—the times?" asked Eli.
"No, honestly the times are good. Wool and hemp and tobacco have doubled in price and are still going up. Cattle and hogs are high and our blue grass farmers are getting rich."

"Well, what is the matter then?"
"Why these good times have knocked out our dear old Democratic party. Our Democratic farmers say they will never vote for free trade or low tariff again."

"Well, what can we Democrats do?" asked Eli.

"I hate to admit it," said the Judge, sadly, "but if we Democrats want to win in Kentucky again we've got to keep the tariff right where it is. That old Wilson bill and Bryan's free silver will be a scarecrow to every farmer in Kentucky and Tennessee. We've tried low tariff and we know—I'm ashamed to say so—but we know it hurt us! No, sir, the people are prosperous, but our Democratic party is doing poorly. I wouldn't say it to a black Republican but that is the way we Democrats talk among ourselves." As the Judge got off the train at Lexington, he remarked: "Yes, and there was another mistake we Democrats made. Grover Cleveland wanted to sink the Republic of Hawaii and put a nigger on the throne. We Democrats didn't complain, but it made us sick, for, between you and me, we Democrats ain't puttin' niggers on thrones. McKinley's white governor over a republic suits old Kentucky and the South."

Western Prosperity.
One of the oldest transportation officials in Indianapolis said the other day that during the last six months every rail and locomotive had been kept in constant service there.
"Usually," he added, "there is, in winter months especially, a week and sometimes a month when there are empty cars in considerable numbers standing on sidetracks and dead ends in the houses, but in the last six months—yes, twelve months—our business has been limited to cars and the power to haul them, and there is as yet no sign of a decrease."
Shipments of grain and provisions for export have considerably increased, and the east-bound movement of live stock and dressed meats was the heaviest ever known in April. West-bound

"D-NS" THE TARIFF.

CURSES THAT MAY COME HOME TO ROOST.

Sentiments Not Likely to Be Shared by Sheep Raisers Who Have Profited Enormously Through the Restoration of Protective Duties on Wool.

"D-n the tariff and all its fools!" Such is the message of the Field and Farm, an agricultural journal published in Denver, Col., in response to a request by the American Protective Tariff league for information concerning the industry of sheep raising. The inquiry sent out by the tariff league was as follows:

"Dear Sir: We are anxious to show by reliable reports the actual effect of the Dingley tariff upon the industry of sheep raising. Wool was upon the free list under the Wilson free-trade tariff and is now adequately protected by the provisions of the Dingley tariff."

"Kindly fill out the blank spaces on the reverse side of this card and return the same to us at your earliest convenience."

"The information asked for will be held strictly confidential, and in no case will the figures furnished be used otherwise than making up the totals upon which general percentages are to be computed. Yours very truly, 'THE AMERICAN PROTECTIVE TARIFF LEAGUE.'

"Summarized returns of this investigation will be printed in the American Economist, and a copy mailed free to persons furnishing reports."

Accompanying this inquiry was a leaflet showing the effects of protection and free trade on wool growing and sheep raising. For example, from 1875 to 1882, inclusive, under the Morrill tariff the number of sheep throughout the country increased by over 11,000,000. Under the tariff of 1883, in which the duties on wool products were materially reduced, the number of sheep decreased by about 6,000,000. With restored protection to wool through the McKinley tariff of 1890 the number of sheep increased by nearly 4,000,000. The Wilson tariff, with free trade in wool, practically went into effect when Mr. Cleveland was elected, and immediately the flocks throughout the country began to decrease, and from '93 to '96 decreased by about 9,000,000. The Dingley tariff reimposed the scientific schedules of the McKinley tariff, and with the promise of protection to the election of McKinley and a Republican congress the sheep industry immediately began to advance. From 1896 to and including 1898 the number of sheep advanced by about thirteen hundred thousand.

The effect of protection and free trade in regard to the number of sheep owned throughout the country is not more impressive than the effect as to values. Under the Morrill tariff the lowest price per head was \$2.09, and the highest \$2.55. Under the tariff of 1893 the lowest price per head was \$1.91, and the highest price was \$2.27. Under the McKinley tariff the lowest price was \$2.49 and the highest price \$2.66. Under free trade the lowest price was \$1.53 and the highest price \$1.92. Under the Dingley tariff the highest price in the history of the nation is recorded—namely, \$2.75.

These facts of vital interest to the sheep raisers of Colorado and adjoining states seem to have an inflammatory effect upon the editor of Field and Farm: Hence his obnoxious response, "D-n the tariff and all its fools!" Why? We do not know. We could not possibly have supposed that the citation of acts like those gleaned from official statistics and quoted above would operate on the mind of the editor of Field and Farm as a red rag operates on the sensibilities of a bull, and cause him (the editor) to lose his temper and fall to cursing like a drab.

We hardly think the sheep raisers of his section will join this Brantite in "d-ning the tariff." Over the border in Utah they will not be likely to echo his profane sentiment. A sheep raiser in Utah county, for example, will not "d-n the tariff," for he reports that whereas in 1896 (Wilson free wool tariff) he owned 8,000 sheep of an average value of \$2 per head, he owned in March, 1900 (Dingley protective tariff), 11,000, of an average value of \$4.25 per head.

Sheep raisers in Chouteau county, Montana, do not "d-n the tariff." One of them reports that his flock has increased from 4,000 in 1896 to 6,500 in 1900, and that the value per head has increased from \$2.25 in 1896 to \$5 in 1900.

From Bingham county in Idaho comes the statement from a farmer who owned 2,900 sheep in 1896 and now owns 6,000; market value in 1896, \$2.50 per head; market value in 1900 \$5 per head.
Reports from Colorado are even more impressive. A Trinidad man now has 8,000 sheep, against 6,000 four years ago, and their present value is \$4.50 per head against a value of \$2.00 per head in 1896. Another Trinidad man has increased his flock from 3,500 to 5,000, and quotes value at \$4 per head instead of \$1.25 per head in 1896. A Trinchera flock owner has 4,200 sheep, or 2,700 more than he had in 1896, and the value at \$4 per head, or just double the value of 1896.

These are fair samples of the large number of reports received from the localities from which (presumably) the major portion of the reading patronage of the Field and Farm of Denver is forthcoming. Do these prosperous farmers, who are in the aggregate, many millions of dollars richer because of the change from free wool to protection, "d-n the tariff?" We should think not. It is much more reasonable to suppose that their profane expletives, if they use any such, will be applied to an editor who, while publishing a paper for farmers, has so little sense as to shower curses upon an economic policy through whose operations, directly and indirectly, the farmers of the United States have in the past three years been able to recoup in great measure the frightful losses—estimated at upward of five billion dollars—which they suffered during the four years of Cleveland free trade. "D-n the editor!" the farmers might, and with just cause, but not the tariff.

The Fact Remains.
It is no longer necessary to put a foreign label upon home-made goods in order to hasten their sale.—Philadelphia Record.

Why is it no longer necessary? How has the silk industry of the United States, to which the above remark is applied by the Record, attained to the enviable position of being able to market its products as home-made goods and to supply 85 per cent of all the silk fabrics worn and used in this country? Because of the sound common sense of insuring to that industry a fair living chance to sell its products in the home market through the operation of protective duties. In the absence of such defense against the rivalry of silks made in countries where labor is cheaper the silk makers of the United States could not possibly have succeeded as they have done. They would have failed in spite of all their energy, skill, enterprise and business ability, just as many other flourishing industries would have failed, and for the same reason. The Philadelphia Record points with pride to the tremendous development of silk manufacture in the United States, notably in Pennsylvania, which heads the list in the total number of silk mills within its boundaries; but the Record carefully refrains from pointing with pride to the true reason for this tremendous development. The fact remains, however.

How the New Broom Sweeps.
One week's record of new railroad equipment shows a total of 7,500 cars of different kinds distributed among eight different roads. In addition four other roads have put in orders for a total of twenty-three engines. It is this sort of thing which has been reported almost every week, in the news of the railroads, for many months back. There seem to be no signs of a let-up, but, on the contrary, the demand for more equipment by the railroads, which demand is only a by-product of the increasing demand for all kinds of American products, continues to be steady. The Dingley law, like the proverbial new broom, swept clean; and in a very brief space of time freed us from the want and idleness and poverty which free trade had brought upon us, and, unlike the new broom, it grows more effective as it grows older. As it and the protection which it gives to American industries grow in length of days, our national prosperity grows in volume. The American people will see to it that the law continues in force for many a long day yet.

Who Said Stop?
"I shall not stop talking about the money question until 70,000,000 people secure the right to attend to their own business without asking the aid or consent of any one to attend it for them."—Wm. J. Bryan.

Well, now, who said stop? Nobody, so far as we know, has ever expected William Jonah Bryan to stop talking, unless his tongue becomes paralyzed or his jaws drop out of place from incessant wagging.

It seems that the people were attending strictly to their own business on the 6th of November, 1896, when they chose between the policies of Wm. McKinley and W. J. Bryan.—Elizabethtown (Ill.) Home News.

Evidently Dangerously Ill.
"Alas, poor Bryan!" said the thoughtful man, as he laid aside his paper.

"What's the matter with him?" asked the Populist in alarm.

"Sick," replied the thoughtful man, regretfully; "dangerously ill, beyond question."

"Nonsense!" exclaimed the other, reaching for the paper. "How do you know? What proof have you?"

"Only yesterday," answered the thoughtful man, pointing to the paragraph he had just been reading, "he asked to be excused when called upon for a speech."—Chicago Post.

Severe Tests for Watches.
At Kew, at the meteorological observatory, a watch is tested in every position and its rate measured and recorded by the hour. It is hung upside down, hung from each side, placed dial down, and back down and at any number of angles, and to finish it is baked in an oven and frozen in a pail of ice. When it is considered that 19,000 vibrations an hour occur in a watch and it is easy to see why no watch has ever been perfect.

Just the Reverse.
Under the Cleveland regime a deficit used to turn up at the end of each month. Matters are just the reverse now. Each month shows an increase in the surplus of the United States treasury, and, besides that, the public debt is being steadily reduced.—St. Louis Star.

A POSSIBLE PRESIDENT? NO!



On the Brink.
And now it appears that New York cabled to London on one day an offer to take the whole of the \$150,000,000 war loan which England is floating. Pretty good for a nation that is on the brink of moral, political and financial ruin.—St. Louis (S. D.) Argus-Leader.

SOMETHING YOU NEED

Right now and that is a
PARASOL or UMBRELLA.

HERE IS A SNAP...

We will sell you a strictly all silk 26-inch, steel rod, black umbrella for \$1.50. Comes in Natural Wood and fancy bone handles. This is positively the best value ever offered. Other stores will ask you \$2.00 for umbrellas that are no better. We have black umbrellas from 50c to \$2.25. We have two grades of all silk umbrellas in the colors Wine, Green and Navy at \$2.00 and \$2.25. We have Childrens and Misses Parasols in all colors from 50c to \$1.85. We invite comparison on these Goods. No trouble to show them. **COME IN.**

L. D. BAILEY & SONS.

The Ord Quiz.

W. W. HASKELL, PUBLISHER.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

RAILROAD TIMETABLES.

UNION PACIFIC.

No. 82.—Passenger.....Leaves 8:30 a. m.
No. 84.—Freight.....Leaves 2:30 p. m.
No. 81.—Passenger.....Arrives 8:30 a. m.
No. 83.—Freight.....Arrives 1:30 p. m.
All trains are daily except Sunday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Passenger, going east.....Leaves 7:25 a. m.
Freight, going east.....Leaves 12:30 p. m.
Freight, going west.....Leaves 2:30 p. m.
Passenger, going west.....Leaves 4:30 p. m.
Eastbound freight goes to Elwood Tuesday, leaving Ord at 9:45 on that day only.
All trains are daily except Sunday.

Home Happenings & Comments

Clean up the alleys.

Repair the sidewalks.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

Postage stamp pictures at Bell's Cars.

Buy your Garden Seeds at Bridgford's.

Ex-Editor Clafin was in the city over Sunday.

Ben Bridgford went to Sargent Wednesday morning.

For 7 per cent farm loans call on H. E. Oleson, Ord.

Can we show you our wall paper for spring 1907?—Bridgford.

S. L. Perkins's jack is lame and off his feed. He will not be in Ord this week.

Mrs. Bob Mills is in the city this week visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Stove Wear.

Mrs. W. T. Barstow and two children were passengers to the Island Monday morning.

Dr. Bond and son Rollin purchased tickets for North Loup Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Abe Rowan was with the list of passengers east bound Monday morning. She was listed for North Loup.

The infant member of the Quiz household was quite sick for a couple of days this week, but has recovered at this writing.

Dr. Bond has moved his family into the old Orson Haskell property in the south-eastern part of town. Charley Rollins, fireman on the Union Pacific has moved into the property vacated by the Bond people.

IMPORTANT!

10 PER CENT OFF OF SHOES!!

We have "bit off more than we can chew." More shoes than will go into our NEW SHOE STORE, although it is the LARGEST IN CENTRAL NEBRASKA. OUR STOCK MUST BE REDUCED and we offer you 10 per cent off of prices, which are already 15 per cent under the shoe market today.

G.W. MILFORD & SONS.

Scale books at the Quiz office.

Get your picture taken at Bell's Cars.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

Ed. Watson was in Arcadia last Friday.

See the new steel range at Harris's north side store.

G. R. Beauchamp was an Elba visitor between trains Friday.

Judge Mann made a business trip to Greeley and back Tuesday.

Dr. Haldeman was over in Greeley one day the latter part of last week.

Miss Wharton is in St. Paul this week. She went down Saturday morning.

Dr. H. T. Clark was attending to his patients in North Loup Monday and Tuesday.

H. C. Spaulding was in the city a day or so last week visiting his son and daughter.

Will Tuma and his recently wedded bride went up to Elvira Friday evening, returning Saturday morning.

Superintendent Anderson was transacting business in the Island a couple of days last week. He got home Saturday evening.

Dr. Perry was compounding prescriptions at the Bridgford pharmacy several days this week in the absence of Mr. Bridgford.

L. E. Ballard went east Tuesday morning. We understand that he is about to go on the road for a wholesale tobacco house.

J. H. Capron has money for 7 per cent loans on improved farms. Money furnished when papers are signed. Notes payable at Ord.

Jake Zablouil was over to Arcadia one day last week negotiating for the rent of a pool hall in that town. Jake has severed his connection with the Zablouil saloon here.

Herman Oleson went to Wisner Wednesday morning to be in attendance at a wedding of his brother which is billed to come off in that town.

Editor Smith, wife and baby went to Burwell Saturday evening and spent a few hours visiting in that town. They returned Monday morning.

Mrs. Lawrence Kroetch and son and Miss Gertrude Kroetch went to St. Paul Wednesday morning to be with friends and relatives for a day or so.

Rev. Miles preached at the Methodist church again Sunday evening, there being no morning service. It is expected that Rev. Stillier will be back before the next Sabbath day service.

Little Jack McDonough came up from the Island Saturday and spent a day or so in showing his young friends here how they do it in a big town. He returned home Monday morning.

FOR SALE—1 sulky stubble plow, 1 breaking plow, 1 fanningmill, new and second hand buggies, pumps, pipe and fittings, and other articles too numerous to mention. L. O. HAMEL.

From the Era-Standard publisher at Kearney we find the following which will be read with interest by many Ord people as the parties are well known here: "Mrs. Minnie McCrosson has filed a petition in the office of the clerk of the District Court, asking for absolute divorce from her husband."

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

That was a novel advertising scheme the eleventh grade boys practiced to advertise their entertainment last Thursday. A corps of pupils from the lower grades were masked and canvassed the town in variegated costume distributing bills advertising their entertainment. It was a good card and helped to fill their house in the evening.

A very necessary purchase was recently made by the county in securing a vault door for one of the basement vaults for the safe-keeping of the records of the county. Books that will not be required in everyday business of the officers will be stored there where they can be safely kept and easily gotten at if required.

Those in attendance at the Presbyterian church service Sunday evening had the pleasure of listening to an excellent cornet solo by Prof. Bond with Miss Elia Bond as accompanist. Every time Rollin appears in public he shows improvement over his former performances, and he is rapidly approaching the acme of excellence.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

Miss Jessie Ward dropped in on the Quiz fore Wednesday and left us as handsome a bouquet of lilacs as was ever plucked in Mira Valley. Every year this bunch of flowers is forthcoming until we have at last got so accustomed to this free will offering, that to us flowers do not begin to bloom until this beautiful bouquet makes its annual appearance. Small is the intrinsic value of this bunch of flowers, and yet it comes as an oasis in the drear monotony of newspaper life and helps to cheer us on our rocky road, and incites within us a better opinion of our fellow-man.

There was a meeting to organize a tennis club at H. M. Davis's office last Friday night and a very satisfactory organization made permanent. Ota Bailey was elected president and H. M. Davis secretary and treasurer. The membership fee was fixed at \$2.50 for gentlemen and 50 cents for ladies and already the membership has extended far enough to warrant the members to go ahead and fix up the grounds. The vacant lots opposite the high school have been secured, and they will be entirely enclosed with a wire netting and fixed up generally. Tennis is a pleasant pastime and will afford much amusement to the young people this summer.

Business Notice.

I am gone for sixty days or more and during my absence all matters of business with THE QUIZ will be in charge of Mr. W. C. Parsons, who is fully competent to manage the affairs of the office. He is empowered to collect all moneys and pay all bills. Any business entrusted to THE QUIZ will be as promptly and carefully attended to as ever, and money paid to him will be as effectual in squaring you with the office as though you had paid it to the proprietor.

He will also have editorial charge of the paper, which in fact he has had for a week or two, and you will find that these pages will be readable and entertaining in the highest degree.

Thanking the public for the favors it has shown and which it will doubtless continue to bestow, I bid you all goodbye.

Truly yours,
W. W. HASKELL.

There was a conversing of roads to ward the Quiz man's house Tuesday evening. His late Sunday school class first planned to appropriate that evening for a visit to his home. Then the immediate friends of Dr. Billings had the same idea and lastly the neighbors in the first ward did likewise and all agreed upon the same evening. The matter was kept judiciously silent and when the home was filled with more than a hundred of these good people he was summoned from the office to meet his fate. Of course he declared he knew all about it and was not surprised a bit, but from a little inside knowledge we have on the matter we can say that he did not know as much as he pretended. But no matter as to that. The fact of the gathering of these friends at the time was a most happy circumstance to him and the memory of it will remain green, no matter how rigorous the climate may be at Cape Nome. We have promised a sack of gold or a seal skin or a polar bear's pelt to each one there. Good-bye.

Tuesday we learned that the census enumerators had been appointed for this county and that the lucky individuals were to be Arthur Honnold, Chas. Kokes, W. L. McNutt and O. A. Hager. These men are known to every voter in Valley county as bright and intelligent business men who are able to make a good record of the county census. There were many applicants for the positions and consequently some disappointments, but in each instance the appointment was a good one and meets the approval of the people. To O. A. Hager has been allotted the city of Ord and we all know that he will do the work all right. Their work will commence on the first day of June and it will require from fifteen to thirty days to complete the task.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

Tuesday was regular shoot day with the Ord Gun Club and but eight shooters were on hand when the referees called the match on. The weather was not very favorable as a strong wind lifted the birds and carried them quickly beyond the range of the marksmen. It was anybody's medal until the last shot was fired when it was found that Spaulding for the fourth consecutive time had, with his usual eighteen dead birds carried off the honors. The score was:

Spaulding.....18 Murschel.....17

Gard.....16 Busby.....16

Shirley.....15 Westberg.....14

Watson.....12 Masin.....10

Graham.....5

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

At the Presbyterian church Monday evening Miss Elia Bond and her class in music gave another one of their entertaining musical programs. The seating capacity of the house was overtaxed and many were obliged to stand, and yet all seemed to enjoy the entertainment.

From a high class musical standpoint, aside from Miss Bond's individual work, and the work of a few of her older pupils, the entertainment of course amounted to little, as most of the class are young and some are just enjoying their first term in music. Each one, though, showed careful training and reflected much to the credit of Miss Bond as a music teacher.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

Probably the most successful enterprise from a financial stand point that has occurred in Ord for some time was the reproduction of the Midway by the eleventh grade pupils in the high school building last Thursday. The entertainment opened with a well rendered literary program after which the Midway was opened and for a small sum a person could see the different attractions. Every pupil in the school labored to make the affair a success and their efforts were well rewarded as over forty dollars were cleared as the result of the entertainment.

By mistake a good big shipment of nursery stock was made to Ord this week and of course there was nobody to receive it. As the freight on the shipment would not allow the owners to ship it back to the nursery it was "bleed in" on the vacant lot east of Cerank's brick and sold out at fabulously low prices.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

George Gard came back to Ord last Thursday and will remain here during the summer. While George has not finished his course of study at the dental college he has secured permission from the state board to practice until school shall open again next fall and so he has opened dental rooms in Westberg's studio.

Thoroughbred Barred Plymouth Rock eggs 50c per setting.—Mrs. M. A. Boynton.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

For first class photo work go to Bell's Cars.

Bell's Photo Cars at south east corner of square.

New spring styles wall paper a Bridgford's.

Be suited and get your picture taken at Bell's Cars.

Rev. Russell was a passenger out Monday morning.

Jack Murphy has taken charge of and is running the Dalton pool hall.

Mr. and Mrs. John Romine were down from the Cedar Monday and Tuesday visiting their relatives the Calhouns.

Judge Lavery is improving the looks of his end of town by the addition of a new coat of paint to his family residence.

We understand that the young people of the Unitarian church are preparing to put on a play some time in the near future.

A social dance attracted a good sized crowd to the opera house Tuesday night. We understand an enjoyable time was had by all.

I will take your orders for cut flowers and guarantee satisfaction. We also have all kinds of plants reasonable at our greenhouse. H. D. LEOGERT.

Farmers this week are beginning to get in their corn crop. The corn acreage in this county will this year be larger than in any previous year.

Fred Bell, the Burwell photo car man, drove into the city Thursday night with his twin photo cars and has been busy pleasing his customers all the week.

Ed. Watson has spaded up a patch of ground at the rear of his barber shop, had a good load of soil hauled in and will have a fine pany bed this summer.

Mrs. A. O. Cornwell of Elvira returned from the mountains last Friday. She had been there a short while, but found that she could not stand the thin air and so had to hasten home.

Fred Kemp has gone into the old rag business and is paying the best price for good rags that have not been "chewed" too much. Quit "chewing the rag" and save 'em.

Miss Maggie Ferguson went to Lincoln Monday where she will remain in one of the Coffin families for the summer. She expects to attend the Cotner university in the fall.

John Wittsche of Rose Valley says that there was a heavy rain in lower Garfield county the first of the week, much more than fell in the vicinity of Ord.

The Journal has issued a neat telephone card containing a corrected list of the Ord telephone exchange and sells the same for five cents, as the old card was out of date.

Joe Waldman dropped in on THE QUIZ Wednesday. He declares he will not complain about too much rain, but the shower in his neighborhood the other day washed out a field of wheat for him.

Roy Rashaw returned to Ord Wednesday night after about three weeks absence. He went to Wyoming to find employment and as there was plenty of it there he was compelled to return home.

W. A. Watson, who will be remembered as the barber who used to run a shop where George Eret is now located, has purchased Jeff Starkey's chair and fixtures and expects to run a shop at Jeff's old stand.

Mrs. E. M. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Mason and Dave Gard went to a state meeting of the G. A. R. at Beatrice Tuesday morning. Dave will go on to Omaha and Lincoln as soon as he finishes his work in Beatrice.

W. B. Keown tells us that he has this spring dug about two bushels of dandelions out of his lawn. He says the only way to get rid of them is to go after them with a knife before they have time to seed. They certainly spoil the looks of a well kept lawn.

"During my residence in Valley county, I don't believe that I ever saw the country looking finer and the ground in better condition for work than it is this spring," said W. L. McNutt to THE QUIZ man last Saturday. And this is the universal judgment of every prosperous farmer we have interviewed on the subject this spring.

Two good soaking rains that pushed Jim Milford's rain gauge up above the half inch rain fall mark, were welcome visitors last Saturday and Sunday nights. Jim says this brings the rain fall for this year up to 5.97 inches and as the total precipitation last year only amounted to 13.05 this country is in a fair way to measure up a few more inches at the close of this than it did last year.

Down at the home of Dr. Billings last Saturday night a score or more of the doctor's friends assembled and spent the evening very pleasantly. Their coming was unbeknown to the doctor and he was quite surprised when they rushed in on him. As the doctor was to leave for Cape Nome Thursday his friends thought they would take the last chance and give him a little surprise before he left.

THE QUIZ feels called upon to ask the assistance of its county correspondence during the absence of the editor. There is nothing that brightens up the appearance of a country newspaper any more than a few columns of bright county precinct news. We have an excellent corps of correspondents and while we realize that at this season of the year they are all quite busy yet we would beg a few minutes of their time that their neighborhood may be mentioned in THE QUIZ.

Wants all Supplied!

If its a Summer Dress

- from 5 cents yard up -

A good stylish pair of Shoes

- 25 cents and up -

A fancy Tie or Collar

- 2 cents up -

A cool suit Underwear

- 5 cents up -

A nobby Shirt Waist or Shirt

- 25 cents up -

2500 yards Amoskeag gingham

- 4 cents yard -

A fresh line Groceries etc. etc.

Call on or call up 29.

Resp't.

McLAIN & SILER.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

Wall paper at Bridgford's. Latest styles.

Will Harding was in North Loup Tuesday.

China and Japan floor matting at A. M. Daniel's.

Mrs. Charles Nicolai is a visitor from Sargent this week.

Mrs. Cass Cornell went down the road Monday morning.

Hotel Ord has a new cook. He is a "Mr." and comes from the east.

For first class painting, decorating and sign-writing see Wm. Timm.

Rev. Arnold went to Scotia Tuesday morning returning in the evening.

If you have a watch or clock and want it repaired right take it to Bridgford's.

LADIES TAKE NOTICE: We will store your stove clean and return in the fall. CORNELL BROS.

Get your watches and clocks repaired at Bridgford's. They will save you money.

Dr. Holson was attending to business in his profession up the road Tuesday and Wednesday.

Cass Cornell went to the Island Tuesday and returned in the afternoon with his wife who went down the day previous.

It rained just enough Sunday morning to make true the old saw of raining seven successive Sundays after a rainy Easter.

Frank Kates returned from Sargent where he has been working with the Cap. Harris gang of carpenters for a time. He says there is still ample employment for carpenters and builders in Sargent, but as carpenters were scarce here and he could get enough work to keep him busy he thought it would be much more convenient to be at home and so will remain here for the time being.

Geranium, Nebr., April 10th, 1900.—I beg in this general way to express my sincere thanks, coupled with my deepest gratitude, for the kindness shown me by the officers and members of the Modern Woodmen, and for the promptness manifested in the payment of the \$2,000 certificate my late husband held in your society. Surely your benefit order has proved a blessing, although it cannot fill the vacant place left in the home. I shall always have a warm place in my heart for the Modern Woodman and especially so for the members of Geranium Camp.—Mary Klapp.

A fashion note says that belts, gloves and neckties of rattlesnake skin will be worn this spring. We knew the poor rattlesnake would have to come to it sooner or later, adds an exchange. It was about the only varmint left that the woman didn't wear. Think of a woman being arrayed in a silk worm dress, seal skin sacque, ostrich feather hat, goat skin shoes, whale bone stays, kid skin gloves, horse hide belt, tortoise shell comb, fish scale trimming, stuffed canary birds, clam shell buttons, Spitz dog muffs, mink tail collar, alligator hide purse and now a rattlesnake necktie. Solomon in all his glory was not such a menagerie as one of these.

To The Public.

Having passed a satisfactory examination before the State Board of Health, I am now ready to practice Dentistry in all of its branches. All my work will be carefully done and satisfaction guaranteed. My prices will be reasonable and all work warranted. Teeth examined free. Yours respectfully, GEO. R. GARD.

Over Clements Bros. Law office.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord, Nebr., for the week ending May 5, 1900.

Gandoor Duher S. R. Elson

Frank Mingler.

Letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised" S. A. STACY, Postmaster.

Ord Market.

Wheat.....\$ 45

Oats.....25

Corn.....35

Hogs.....4 65

Butcher stock.....3 25

Potatoes.....20

Butter.....10

Eggs.....07

Auction every Saturday afternoon no the north side. L. J. HARRIS.

All kind of watch, clock and jewelry repairing done at Bridgford's.

Mrs. S. J. Miner arrived in the city Wednesday evening.

Lawrence Kroetch went to St. Paul Thursday morning.

J. A. Patton got back from a Lincoln-Kearney trip Wednesday evening.

Clements & Spaulding, the cattlemen, went down the road Thursday morning.

The material for the tennis club grounds has arrived and it is expected that the club will have the grounds ready for play tomorrow.

All are invited to worship at the Presbyterian church next Sunday. Sunday school at ten and preaching at eleven in the morning and preaching at eight in the evening. There will be special music at the evening service.

We trust readers of this paper will pardon the local, editorial and general make up of the Quiz for the next few weeks if it does not come up to the standard of excellence as heretofore. When you find your name spelled wrong or run into our grammatical errors do not swear at us but bear with us in our misfortune as the running of a newspaper is not the easiest of the tasks allotted to man. At any rate readers may rest assured that the devil, typo and all will unite in an effort to make the paper as readable as heretofore.

LOST ON THE VELDT

A STORY OF THE BOER CAMPAIGN IN NATAL

By H. E. Mackenzie

CHAPTER I.

It was evening—a glorious evening, such as only tropical countries know. The hot wind that had blown all day had now died down, and there was a great stillness; but a pleasant coolness in the air made it delightful after the sweltering heat.

There had been no rain for a long time, and the ground was parched and dry. Outside the pretty homestead the red sand of the veldt lay thick and fine in the dry grass which covered the wagon track. But inside the grass looked green enough. Perhaps it had received an artificial shower. All round the grassy lawn were flower beds, mostly of tropical flowers, among which the succulent blue lily raised its long, trumpet-shaped flowers; but there were a few English flowers, too—stately hollyhocks, sweet-scented roses, queenly dahlias.

Beyond the lawn an avenue of blue gum and black nettle led to the veldt without. Behind the house, which was built of stone, and looked quaint and pretty with a veranda running round it, rose some of the highest peaks of the Drakensberg. A little to the left ran the river Klip.

On this evening the sun, too near its setting to be hot now, was shining a right into the sleepy brown eyes of a girl who lay full length in the shade of a gum-tree, a book on the grass beside her. Her head was supported by a plump little brown hand, and she was smiling a very happy, contented smile, as if some happy thought passed through her mind.

It was a pretty face, too, with its warmth and healthiness of coloring, its softly-rounded, girlish contour, its smiling, half-open, red lips, its clear, open, chiselled smooth forehead, over which little curls of the brown hair shot with ruddy gold came straying. The half-smile, smiling eyes were very soft and happy; just now, but who could say whether they might not some day be filled with burning passion, with blinding tears, or with the cold, set expression of despair?

"Bluebell, Bluebell! where are you, child?"

The voice came across the little lawn, clear and distinct on the evening air; and the girl, rising up from her comfortable position, shook herself, very much as a wet spaniel might do after coming out of the water, and started at a quick run for the house.

A tall, angular, spinster lady stood upon the doorstep.

"What a head, child! was the salutation. 'Have you forgotten we are to have company tonight?'"

"Well, I do believe I had," retorted the girl. "Don't be angry with me, will you, auntie? Really I couldn't help it. I'll never do it again. Now dad's going to bring some one from Maritzburg, is he? What is it, auntie? Not anyone very great, I hope—Mr. Rhodes, for instance?"

"Don't talk nonsense, child!" returned Miss Elizabeth Leslie. "No, not it's no one so great as that, only some very rich man, I believe, who has made his money at Kimberley or somewhere. But run away and dress yourself, child. I have a good supper ready, so I hope your father won't be waiting. He wished us to have dinner when we are alone, and should we change our customs 'anglers?'"

"Right, auntie dear," Bluebell said, with a shrug. "I'll be ready in half an hour. Besides, likely enough he's coarse, horrid man! They always the kind that become millionaires. Oh, auntie, I hope father won't make a great friend of him if he is!"

"We shall soon see him, dearie, so there's no use thinking beforehand what his ways are," said Miss Elizabeth—she was always called Miss Elizabeth—soothingly.

Bluebell ran upstairs to her own room. It was a pretty little room, not containing much furniture, but as dainty as feminine fingers could make it. Bluebell did not spend all her time lying dreamily under the gum-tree. She had just donned her pretty white muslin frock, drawn in at the waist by a blue band—it was rather strange that Bluebell should smile and blush a little to herself as she fastened the blue band—when the sound of horses' hoofs galloping up the avenue drew her attention. She ran to the window, hiding behind the window curtains.

Presently two riders emerged from the avenue, and rode up the gravelled path to the house. Bluebell could see them distinctly.

The first was her father. Bluebell knew him well enough not to require to take a second look at him; yet she did take a second look.

Adam Leslie, Esq., of Tintlawstock, Scotland, who had emigrated to South Africa 10 years ago, was a man of middle age, heavily built, stout, and red-faced, with a heavy chin, a stubborn mouth, and a pair of rather cold gray eyes. But just now his face was redder than usual and there was a slight wrang of certainty in his gait as he sprang from his horse that Bluebell colored to see.

His companion, the "millionaire," was not at all what Bluebell had pictured him. He was an old man; he looked straight-backed and alert, and sat on his horse with an air of negligence that showed him a true horseman. For the rest, Bluebell could see that he was somewhat dark in complexion, wearing a short little peaked beard; but she could not see his face distinctly.

She went downstairs presently. Her sitting room was a pleasant apartment, with skins of springbok and other wild animals covering the floor. A lamp burned on the table, on which a sumptuous supper was spread. The two men stood by the fireplace talking.

As Bluebell entered her father turned.

"Well, my girl, I'm back again, you see. Come and kiss me, Bluebell."

The girl approached, and the other man on the hearth, started at the dainty white figure of Adam Leslie gave her a sounding kiss on the cheek. "You see I've brought a friend with me, Bluebell. Mr. Moore—my daughter, Bluebell."

Mr. Moore bowed low, Bluebell did the same. She did not offer her hand, as her frank custom would naturally have led her to do; she hardly knew why.

"You will remember your native country every time you address Miss Leslie," said the millionaire, turning to his host.

Adam Leslie laughed uproariously. Bluebell felt now quite sure that he had been drinking. He was usually a reserved, even taciturn man, stern enough towards his household; but alcohol loosened his tongue and gave him a certain coarse frankness.

"Quite right, quite right, Mr. Moore! It was her mother gave her the name—a romantic freak; but it serves its purpose here, and makes us remember the poor old 'mither' country."

Miss Elizabeth came in presently, and they all sat down to the abundant supper. During the meal the two men talked, Mr. Moore quietly and gravely, in a somewhat rich, sonorous voice; Mr. Leslie with loud hilarity. Miss Elizabeth and Bluebell said very little, and the latter had a strange, uncomfortable consciousness during the meal that the dark, slow-moving eyes of the millionaire turned again and again to her face. She knew not why the look made her shiver suddenly every time she met it all through her warm, joyous heart and body.

The two men talked politics, discussing the likelihood of Kruger's yielding to British demands.

"Give up? Not he!" cried Leslie loudly. "Well, the British know what to do next, that's one good thing. We'll sweep the whole race of them from the earth before we've done with them, or I'm mistaken, and it's what they deserve!"

"If it comes to war, of course there can be no doubt as to which side will win," said Mr. Moore, more quietly. "I suppose you have no friends among the Boers or Afrikaners, Mr. Leslie?"

"Friends among such people?" cried Mr. Leslie. "Not very likely! I would not admit one of them into my house!"

Bluebell spoke almost for the first time. Her voice was just a little unsteady, as if emotion of some kind was stirring it.

"You don't always speak like that, father. I am sure we have never received anything but kindness from any of the Dutch with whom we came in contact. And, besides, there's a good deal to be said for their desire to rule their own republic in their own way. How would we like over in the old country if foreigners came and settled down among us—Frenchmen or Germans—and compelled us to conform to their customs? They are only like their brave forefathers in the time of William the Silent."

Her father interrupted her with a loud laugh.

"Doctor Rhodes has provided you with quite a number of arguments, Bluebell. But politics are quite out of a woman's sphere, my girl, so I advise you not to take them up. Eh, Mr. Moore, isn't that so?"

"I think Miss Leslie would even make a convert of me," said the millionaire, bowing gallantly. Again Bluebell caught his eye, and the look gave her another shiver. "May I ask he went on quietly, discussing Miss Elizabeth's plea. 'Who Doctor Rhodes is?'"

"A young Englishman over at Ladysmith," replied Mr. Leslie carelessly. "We have him here sometimes. A very clever young fellow—quite exceptionally clever; but just a little quixotic, you know, as young fellows are apt to be."

"Just so, I understand," said Mr. Moore quietly. He glanced at Bluebell without appearing to do so, and saw that the healthy rose in her cheeks had deepened almost imperceptibly in tint, and that her long lashes drooped over and demurely hid her eyes.

The millionaire was to stay at New Kelso—thus Mr. Leslie had named his farm in memory of the Scottish town near which he had lived—all night. Bluebell did not feel nearly as hospitable as usual.

Now Kelso was a lonely enough place, being about twelve miles from Ladysmith, the nearest village, and the womenfolk sometimes saw no outsider for the space of many months; they were, therefore, all the more disposed to make the most of any stray one who did appear.

But Bluebell did not feel that Gerald Moore was going to be any acquisition to her life, as if his presence denoted danger. "I don't like him," she said to herself. "And yet why should I not? He has done nothing to make me dislike or distrust him."

Downstairs the two men were sitting together at the table, a decanter of Scotch whisky and two glasses between them.

They had been speaking in low tones; but now, as the whisky began to take effect, Leslie raised his.

"You are a generous man, Moore!" he cried. "And you are in earnest when you tell me that this is the sole return you ask for your extraordinary generosity?"

"The sole return," Moore replied. He raised his hands to his lips, and kept it there for a moment; then, dropping it to his glass, which had stood full beside him all the time, though Leslie had replenished his several times, he added slowly: "But I must have that return, Mr. Leslie—that and no other. I have set my mind upon it."

CHAPTER II.

It was a week later.

Bluebell had gone to Ladysmith, riding across the dry, open veldt by

the wagon-path on her sure-footed little horse Rover. She was a capital horse-woman, and nothing daunted her when in the saddle.

It was a very hot day, and there were signs of coming rain, which made Bluebell hurry. Her path lay across the dry veldt. Coarse, parched grass and withered shrubs made it look like a desert. The road was a bad and narrow one. It swelled and undulated like an ocean, now dipping down into a hollow, now rising to the height of a little green-covered knoll. Sometimes she rode close to the river, which seemed almost dry now, so long had been the drought; and always she kept in sight of the great frowning peaks of Drakensberg, above which eagles and vultures circled in their sky-piercing flight.

Bluebell had messages at Ladysmith, but it was not of her messages she was thinking as she neared her destination. She was close to it at last. She saw the little town nestling, as it seemed in the distance, almost at the bottom of Bulwaan, though in truth separated from it by wide stretches of meadow land, with the Klip winding its course through them.

Now she passed numerous kopjes of red earth, interspersed with shrubs, between which grew abundance of flowers, white jasmine and climbing convolvulus, and the rich glory of red and yellow bloom clustered thickly on the low, dwarf shrubs which covered the kopjes.

Bluebell had acquaintances in Ladysmith. The Leslies were pretty well known in the country.

She was just turning into the town when some one emerging from behind a sudden curve came towards her. Bluebell started a little and stooped over Rover, a richer color than exercise had brought there coming into her cheeks.

In a few seconds the new comer was close to her, and lifting his big gray hat from his head, paused by her horse. He was a young man, perhaps nearing thirty, attired in gray khaki, and with a sunburnt face which showed that he was exposed to all weather. For the rest, he had been originally a fair-complexioned man, with good features and an open, frank expression. His dark gray eyes were clear and steady, but could look wonderfully soft and tender. They did so now, though his expression was one of much anxiety as he held out his hand, into which Bluebell put hers without a word.

(To be continued.)

Burnah's Amber Mines.

In Burnah's Amber Mines is a region difficult of access and jealously guarded by those who have every interest in keeping their secret. It is situated in the Hukong valley, surrounded on three sides by almost impassable ranges of mountains, so that it is accessible only from the south across low hills forming the watershed between the Chindwin and the Irrawaddy. In one of these low hills ranges are the famous and mysterious mines of golden resin. It is obtained in a very primitive way. After the harvest the diggers go to the hills, and selecting a place where there are no pits dug by previous prospectors, shape with their swords a small pointed hoe, a wooden shovel, and a basket of split bamboo. With these they make a hole in the blue clay, removing the refuse by means of the basket, and gradually deepening the shaft. Three men work in company—one below (the shaft not being large enough for more than one at a time), while the others hand up the basket. The amber is found in "pockets," which are generally indicated by strings of coaly matter appearing in the clay.—Stray Stories.

A Third Eye.

In ancient times a short-sighted soldier or hunter was almost an impossibility; today a whole nation is afflicted with defective vision. It is almost certain that man once possessed a third eye, by means of which he was enabled to see above his head. The human eyes formerly regarded the world from the two sides of the head. They are even now gradually shifting to a more forward position. In the dim past the ear flap was of great service in ascertaining the direction of sounds, and operated largely in the play of the features. But the muscles of the ear have fallen into disuse, for the fear of surprise by enemies no longer exists. Again, our sense of smell is markedly inferior to that of savages. That it is still decreasing is evidenced by observations of the olfactory organs. But the nose still indicates a tendency to become more prominent.

All a Mistake.

"Prisoner," said a Maryland justice, "you have been found guilty of stealing a pig belonging to Col. Childers. Have you anything to say before I pass sentence?" "I has, sah," answered the prisoner, as he rose up. "It's all a mistake, Judge—all a mistake. I didn't dun reckon to steal from Kurnel Childers. What I was arter was a hawg belongin' to Majah Dawson, an' how dem two animals got mixed up and de constable found de meat in my cabin an' gwine to bodder me till I come out o' jail an' lick de ole waman fer not keepin' better watch at de doah!"—New York Tribune.

First Class in Optics.

"In looking out of doors, do you notice how bright is the green of the grass and the leaves?" asked an elderly gentleman of a little girl, whose home he was visiting. "Yes, sir." "Why does it appear so much brighter at this time?" he next asked, looking down upon the bright, sweet face with tender interest. "Because ma has cleaned the window, and you can see out better," she said.—Stray Stories.

Went Favored Stations.

Army officers stationed in this country are all anxious to receive details to the military schools in the different states. Several of these details have been recently made. As they are all under the control of the president, it generally takes some little influence to obtain one.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

FROM PARABLE OF THE PRODIGAL SON.

His Bitter Denunciation of Self-Righteousness and the Lack of Sympathy For the Fallen and Unfortunate.

[Copyright, 1900, by Louis Klopfers.]

Text, Luke xv, 8. "And he was angry and would not go in."

Many times have I been asked to preach a sermon about the elder brother of the parable. I received a letter from Canada saying, "Is the elder son of the parable so unsympathetic so cold that he is not worthy of recognition?" The fact is that we ministers pursue the younger son. You can hear the clapping of his wings in many a sermon breeze, and the cranking of the pods for which he is an unsuccessful contestant. I confess that it has been difficult for me to train the camera obscura upon the elder son of the parable. I could not get a negative of the photograph. There was not enough light in the gallery, or the chemicals were too poor, or the sitters moved in the picture. But now I have him, not a side face or a three-quarters or the mere bust, but a full length portrait as he appears to me. The father in the parable of the prodigal had nothing to brag of in his two sons. The one was a rake and the other a churl. I find nothing admirable in the dissoluteness of the one, and I find nothing attractive in the arid sobriety of the other. The one goes down over the larboard side, and the other goes down over the starboard side, but they both go down. From all the windows of the old homestead burst the minstrelsy. The house quakes with the feet of the rustics, whose dance is always vigorous and rebounding. The neighbors have heard of the return of the younger son from his wanderings, and they have gathered together. The house is full of congratulations. I suppose the tables are loaded with luxuries, not only the one kind of meat mentioned, but its concomitants. "Clap!" he has no faith that the reformation of the younger son is genuine. His entire manner seems to say: "That boy has come back for more money. He got a third of the property; now he has come back for another third. He will never be contented to stay on the farm. He will fall away. I would go in too and rejoice with the others if I thought this thing were genuine; but it is a sham. That boy is a confirmed inebriate and debauchee. Alas, my friends, for the incredulity in the church of Christ in regard to the reclamation of the recreant! You say a man has been a strong drinker. I say, 'Yes, but he has reformed.' 'Oh,' you say, with a lugubrious face, 'I hope you are not mistaken; I hope you are not mistaken.' You say: 'Don't rejoice too much over his conversion, for soon he will be unconverted.' I fear. Don't make too big a party for that returned prodigal or strike the tumbler too loud; and if you kill a calf, kill the one that is on the commons and not the one that has been luxuriating in the paddock." That is the reason why more prodigals do not come home to their father's house. It is the rank infidelity of the church of God on this subject. There is not a house on the streets of heaven that has not in it a prodigal that returned, and staid home. There could be no other before you a scroll of a hundred prodigals named—the names of prodigals who came back forever reformed. Who was John Bunyan? A returned prodigal. Who was George Whitefield, the thunderer? A returned prodigal. And I could go in all the aisles of this church today and find on either side those who, once far astray for many years, have been faithful, and their eternal salvation is as sure as though they had been ten years in heaven. And yet some of you have not enough faith in their return.

Greeting the Prodigal.

You do not know how to shake hands with a prodigal. You do not know how to pray for him. You do not know how to greet him. He wants to sail into the warm gulf stream of Christian sympathy. You are the iceberg against which he strikes and shivers. You say he has been a prodigal. I know it, but you are the sour, unresponsive, censorious, saturnine, cranky elder brother, and if you are going to heaven one would think some people would be tempted to go to perdition to get away from you. The hunters say that if a deer be shot the other deer shove him out of their company, and the general rule is away with a man that has been wounded with sin. Now, I say, the more bones a man has broken the more need he has of an hospital, and the more a man has been bruised and cut with sin the more need he has to be carried into human and divine sympathy. But for such men there is not much room come back after wandering. Plenty of room for elegant sinners, for sinners in velvet and satin and lace, for sinners high salaried, for kid-gloved and patent-leathered sinners, for sinners fixed up by hairdressers, pomaded and lavendered and cogged and frizzled and crimped and "banged" sinners—plenty of room! Such we meet elegantly at the door of our churches and we invite them into the best seats with Chesterfieldian gallantries; we usher them into the house of God and put soft ottomans under their feet and put a gilt edged prayer book in their hands and pass the contribution box before them with an air of apology, while they, the generous souls, take out the exquisite portemonnaie and open it, and with diamond finger push down beyond the \$10 gold pieces and delicately pick out as an expression of gratitude their offering to the Lord—of one cent! For such sinners plenty of room, plenty of room. But for the man who has been drinking until his coat is threadbare, and his face is crysipelated, and his wife's wedding dress is in the pawnbroker's shop, and his children, instead of being in school, are out begging broken bread at the basement doors of the city—the man, body, mind and soul on

The Self-Righteous Man.

This self-righteous man of the text stood at the corner of the house hugging himself in admiration. We hear a great deal in our day about the higher life. Now, there are two kinds of higher life men. The one is admirable, and the other is most repulsive. The one kind of higher life man is very lenient in his criticism of others, does not bore prayer meetings with long harangues, does not talk a great deal about himself, but much about Christ and heaven, gets kinder and more gentle and more useful until one day his soul spreads a-wing, and he flies away to eternal rest, and everybody mourns his departure. The other higher life man goes around with a Bible conspicuously under his arm, goes from church to church, a sort of general evangelist, is a nuisance to his own pastor when he is at home and a nuisance to other pastors when he is away from home, runs up to some man who is counting out a roll of bank bills or running up a difficult line of figures and asks him how his soul is, makes the religion a dose of ipse acuanha. Standing in a religious meeting making an address, he has a patronizing way, as though ordinary Christians were clear away down below him, so he had to talk at the top of his voice in order to make him hear, but at the same time encouraging them to hope on, that by climbing many years they may after awhile come up within sight of the place where he now stands. I tell you plainly that a roaring, roistering, bounding sinner is not so repulsive to me as that higher life malformation. The former may repent; the latter never gets over his pharisaism. The younger brother of the parable came back, but the senior brother stands outside entirely oblivious of his own delinquencies and deficits, pronouncing his own eulogium. Oh, how much easier it is to blame others than to blame ourselves! Adam blamed Eve, Eve blamed the serpent, the senior brother blamed the younger brother, and none of them blamed themselves.

Again, the senior brother of my text stands for all those who are faithless about the reformation of the dissipated and the dissolute. In the very tones of his voice you can hear the fact that he has no faith that the reformation of the younger son is genuine. His entire manner seems to say: "That boy has come back for more money. He got a third of the property; now he has come back for another third. He will never be contented to stay on the farm. He will fall away. I would go in too and rejoice with the others if I thought this thing were genuine; but it is a sham. That boy is a confirmed inebriate and debauchee. Alas, my friends, for the incredulity in the church of Christ in regard to the reclamation of the recreant! You say a man has been a strong drinker. I say, 'Yes, but he has reformed.' 'Oh,' you say, with a lugubrious face, 'I hope you are not mistaken; I hope you are not mistaken.' You say: 'Don't rejoice too much over his conversion, for soon he will be unconverted.' I fear. Don't make too big a party for that returned prodigal or strike the tumbler too loud; and if you kill a calf, kill the one that is on the commons and not the one that has been luxuriating in the paddock." That is the reason why more prodigals do not come home to their father's house. It is the rank infidelity of the church of God on this subject. There is not a house on the streets of heaven that has not in it a prodigal that returned, and staid home. There could be no other before you a scroll of a hundred prodigals named—the names of prodigals who came back forever reformed. Who was John Bunyan? A returned prodigal. Who was George Whitefield, the thunderer? A returned prodigal. And I could go in all the aisles of this church today and find on either side those who, once far astray for many years, have been faithful, and their eternal salvation is as sure as though they had been ten years in heaven. And yet some of you have not enough faith in their return.

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fire with the flames that have leaped from the scathing, scorching, blasting, blistering, consuming cup which the drunkard takes, trembling and agonized and affrighted, and presses to his parched lips, and his cracked tongue and his shrieking yet immortal spirit—no room.

Oh, if this younger son of the parable had not gone so far off, if he had not dropped so low in wassail, the prodigal would not have been so wretched! But, going clear over the precipice, as the younger son did, the elder son is angry and will not go in.

Sympathy for the Fallen.

Be not so hard in your criticism of the fallen lest thou thyself also be tempted. Do you know who that man was who Sabbath before last staggered up and down the aisle in a church, disturbing the service until the service had to stop until he was taken from the room? He was a minister of the gospel of Jesus Christ in a sister denomination! That man had preached the gospel, that man had broken the bread of the holy communion for the people. From what a height to what a depth! Oh, I was glad there was no smiling in the room when that man was taken out, his poor wife following him, with his hat in her hand and his coat on her arm! It was as solemn to me as two funerals—the funeral of the body and the funeral of the soul. Beware, lest thou also be tempted!

An invalid went to South America for his health and one day sat sunning himself on the beach when he saw something crawling up the beach, wriggling toward him, and he was frightened. He thought it was a wild beast or a reptile, and he took his pistol from his pocket. Then he saw it was not a wild beast. It was a man, an immortal man, a man made in God's own image, and the poor wretch crawled up to the feet of the invalid and asked for strong drink, and the invalid took his wine flask from his pocket and gave the poor wretch something to drink, and then under the stimulus he rose up and gave his history. He had been a merchant in Glasgow, Scotland. He had gone down under the power of strong drink until he was so reduced in poverty that he was living in a boat just off the beach. "Why," said the invalid, "I knew a merchant in Glasgow once, a merchant of such and such a name." And the poor wretch straightened himself and said, "I am that man." "Let him that thinketh he standeth take heed lest he fall."

Again, I remark that the senior brother of my text stands for the spirit of envy and jealousy. The senior brother thought that all the honor they did to the returned brother was a wrong to him. He said, "I have staid at home, and I ought to have had the ring, and I ought to have had the banquet, and I ought to have had the garlands." Alas for this spirit of envy and jealousy coming down through the ages! Cain and Abel, Esau and Jacob, Saul and David, Haman and Mordecai, Othello and Iago, Orlando and Angelica, Calgula and Torquatus, Caesar and Pompey, Columbus and the Spanish courtiers, Cambyse and the brother he slew because he was a better singer. Jealousy among painters. Closterman and Geoffrey Kneller, Hudson and Reynolds, Francia, anxious to see a picture of Raphael, Raphael sends him a picture, Francia, seeing it, falls in a fit of jealousy, from which he dies. Jealousy among authors! How seldom contemporaries speak of each other! Xenophon and Plato living at the same time, but from their writings you never would suppose they heard of each other. Religious jealousies. The Mohammedans praying for rain during a drought; no rain coming. Then the Christians begin to pray for rain, and the rain comes. Then the Mohammedans meet together to account for this, and they resolved that God was so well pleased with their prayers he kept the drought on so as to keep them praying, but that the Christians began to pray, and the Lord was so disgusted with their prayers that he sent rain right away so he would not hear any more of their supplications. Oh, this accursed spirit of envy and jealousy! Let us stamp it out from all our hearts.

Getting Back at Him.

"Know Jones, of course?" said the drummer, as he settled himself in a chair and lit a cigar. "Travels for a shoe house, and considers himself the greatest practical joker on the face of the earth. His friends call him cute, and I call him a confounded nuisance. He is always seeking to make some one the butt of his wretched jokes, and no one is safe when he is around. Well, we met the other day on a train during one of those heavy snowstorms that we had some time ago. The train was delayed, and there was no telling when it would get through. Jones seized the opportunity to get off a number of silly jokes, and finally went to sleep, much to my relief, as well as the rest of the passengers. The train crept along, and finally took a siding to let another train pass. As it was about to take the main track again an idea occurred to me. Jones' destination was Albion, and leaning over him, I yelled in his ear. It worked just as I thought it would. Only half-awake, he didn't wait to see where he was, but grabbed his grip and jumped off just as the train started, landing in a snowdrift. When he got the snow out of his eyes he found himself at a blind siding, not a house in sight, and the nearest hotel five miles away. I am sorry that I wasn't able to hear what he said."—Detroit Free Press.

The Proverb Did Not Apply.

The little girl stood on the street corner sobbing as if her heart would break. On the stone flagging were the bits of a broken pitcher. "There, there, little girl," said the benevolent man, "don't cry, don't cry, little girl; never cry over split milk." "But it isn't milk," sobbed the girl, "it's beer."

The wild pigeon can fly 120 miles an hour, the teal 100 miles, mallard 85 miles, and the wild geese 70 to 75 miles.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON VII, MAY 13—LUKE 7: 36-50.

Golden Text—"Thy Faith Hath Saved Thee"—Luke 17: Jesus at the House of the Pharisee—John the Baptist in Prison.

36. "And one of the Pharisees," Simon by name (7: 40). "Desired him," was asking. "The temple implies that the request was repeated."—Expositor's Bible. And he went. Jesus was no Pharisee, keeping away from men, but went to any place where he could do good and reach the souls of men. He was like the rays of the sun, which shine on the most vile and unworthy things, and yet reach to wherever they go. It is safe for us to go wherever our work calls us, where we take our religion with us, and make it helpful to our fellowmen. "And sat down to meat." Reclined at table. At meals, the custom was to recline on a couch, the head toward the table, the feet toward the body and the body supported by the left arm. Here it is necessary to remember this, to understand the movements, of the grateful woman.

37. "A woman in the city, which was a sinner." One who had been and was a bad character, unchaste, etc. Kennedy, D. D. She was so notorious that she was recognized by Simon as a person of such character. When she knew that Jesus sat at meat, she went there. It is explained by the Oriental custom of strangers passing in and out of a house during meal to see and converse with the guests.

38. "And stood 'neath' standing at his feet," which she could easily reach on account of his reclining position. "Weeping," in penitence. "Began to wash (rather, 'to wet') his feet with tears," that fell unconsciously upon them. "Before she could perform the act of love she had in mind." And did wipe them with the hairs of her head. Having no cloth to wipe them, she promptly loosened her hair, and with that supplied its place, in order to remove the stains of her tears. She took a towel, chief ornament, and devoted it to wiping the travel-stained feet of her Savior.

39. "I entered into thine house." Where every opportunity for expressions of honest gratitude is given. "Thou gavest me water for my feet." To refresh the feet soiled with the dust and heat of summer travel.

40. "Thou gavest me no kiss." The kiss is a common—very common—salutation in the East. Not, however, between the sexes. That the Pharisee gave Jesus no kiss was not because he lacked politeness, but because he did not consider Jesus either near enough as a friend or high enough in honor, to call for that manner of welcome.

41. "My head with oil thou didst anoint." An ordinary token of respect. Oil—common oil is here contrasted with the ointment, which was the finer and costlier of the two. Christ means to say to Simon, "Thou didst not anoint my head, the nobler part, with ordinary oil. She hath anointed my feet with costly ointment."—M. R. Vincent.

42. "He spake within himself." Not venturing to utter his thoughts. "This man, if he were a prophet, would have known that Jesus was a prophet, but now had come a crucial test."

43. "Jesus answering," the thought of his heart. "Simon did not see through his guest, but Christ means to say to Simon, 'Thou didst not anoint my head, the nobler part, with ordinary oil. She hath anointed my feet with costly ointment.'—M. R. Vincent."

44. "There was a certain creditor." Typifying God, to whom we owe obedience. "Which had two debtors. Typifying sinners, who had fallen to pay to God the obedience due. 'The one owed five hundred pence.' 'Silver denarii, worth 15 to 17 cents each, the other fifty.' About 85. The former sum represents the enormous amount of sins to which this sinful woman pleaded guilty, and which Jesus had pardoned; the latter, the few infractions of the law for which the Pharisee reproached himself."

45. "And when they had nothing to pay." When they realized that, as confessed it. All sinners are equally unable to pay their debt of sin. Only God can forgive and save. "He frankly." Freely without payment of debt. "Pay to God the obedience due. 'The one owed five hundred pence.' 'Silver denarii, worth 15 to 17 cents each, the other fifty.' About 85. The former sum represents the enormous amount of sins to which this sinful woman pleaded guilty, and which Jesus had pardoned; the latter, the few infractions of the law for which the Pharisee reproached himself."

46. "He, to whom he forgave most." The two debts owed were of one size, sin, unfulfilled obligations; but as the appreciation of the parable shows, the sense of sinfulness is more acute. And this does not depend upon the actual guilt, which only God can measure.

47. "Wherefore." The reason for saying that. "Her sins, which are many, are forgiven." Have been and are. "For she loved much." Not, because she loved much, as though her love were the cause of the forgiveness; but that she loved much, as proved by the acts spoken of in vs. 44-46.—Schaaf. "To whom little is forgiven, the same loveth little, i. e., who feels little need of forgiveness loveth little."

48. Then he spoke directly to the woman, so that she might have assurance doubly sure. "Thy sins are forgiven."

"Jesus gilded the tear-drop with his smile. And made the desert garden bloom awhile."

49. "Who is this that (even) forgiveth sins." Showing how astonished the people were at the claims of Jesus, and calling attention to the great facts of his life and death, that he came to redeem men from sin and be the means of their forgiveness."

50. "And he said to the woman, 'Thy faith hath saved thee.' She showed her faith in him (3) by going to him in the house in this public way, and by her persistence for him; (4) by her acts of love and devotion. (5) By her confession of sin, and the punishment of sin, but to a pure and holy life. 'Peace.' The Greek is strictly 'Go into peace.' 'Peace is conceived of as a state which one enters into to go forward in, so as to realize, ever more and more, that rest and serenity of soul which low pardon and deepen finally into eternal rest.'—Bills.

HOMEMADE PHILOSOPHY.

When a man goes out to seek after truth, he first scuzzes too run up against awl the big wopper in creation.

We never feel how fast time is flyin till we meet a 'nold skool mate too hardly rememberize ower rinkled face any more.

The good pants in a man's karrekter are like the stripes in a rag carpet; they are wove in, and diddend groik big by chanst.

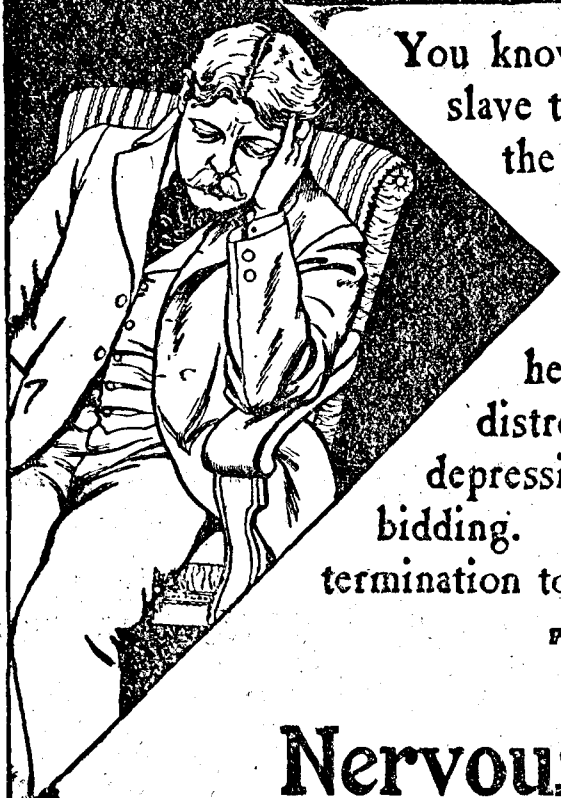
The promises o' pollytishins iz like the winds blowin throo a tramp's trouzerze; in at wun hole and out at a tother wun.

A morgage on yore home iz like a snag in yore trouzerze at a Sunday skool pick nicker; it absorbs yore entire attenthun.

After yoo hav dun yore best, yoo kin leave the rest to providence. Providence duzent doo any kind, but only distribuyotes the prizes.

A liseness o' any kind is only seakod by dullin the conscience of the publik with a bribe.

OVERWORK



You know all about it. You are a perfect slave to your work. It's rush through the day and worry through the night. There's no time to eat and no time to sleep. Already you have nervous dyspepsia, nervous sick headache, and neuralgia. Your food distresses you. You suffer from terrible depression. The outlook is dark and forbidding. You feel sure there is but one termination to this—

That's Nervous Prostration

And nervous prostration is something you don't want, that's certain. Then don't have it. A perfect Sarsaparilla prevents this distressing and dangerous disease, and it cures it, also. It keeps you up when especially pressed with work. It cures dyspepsia, and it builds up exhausted nerve tissue. But it must be a perfect Sarsaparilla to do this. So far as we can learn, there isn't but one in the world, and

That's AYER'S

"The only Sarsaparilla made under the personal supervision of three graduates: a graduate in pharmacy, a graduate in chemistry, and a graduate in medicine."

\$1.00 a bottle. All Druggists.

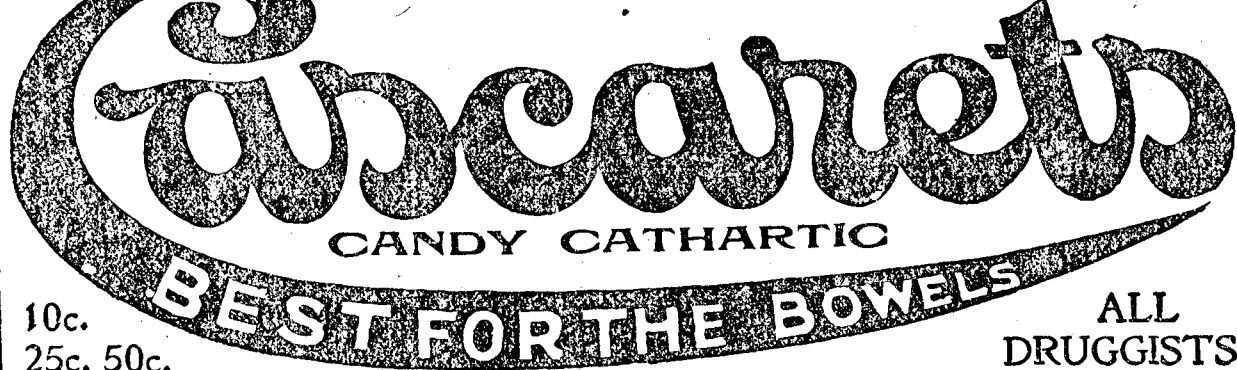
"I first used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in the fall of 1884. I came out of the Mexican War run down in health and badly used up. It did me so much good that I have always taken it every spring as a blood-purifying medicine. I attribute my robust health at 78 to the use of your Sarsaparilla every spring."—S. T. Jones, Wichita, Kans., March 29, 1900.

BILE IN THE BLOOD



No matter how pleasant your surroundings, health, good health, is the foundation for enjoyment. Bowel trouble causes more aches and pains than all other diseases together, and when you get a good dose of bilious bile coursing through the blood life's a hell on earth. Millions of people are doctoring for chronic ailments that started with bad bowels, and they will never get better till the bowels are right. You know how it is—you neglect—get irregular—first suffer with a slight headache—bad taste in the mouth mornings, and general "all gone" feeling during the day—keep on going from bad to worse until the suffering becomes awful, life loses its charms, and there is many a one that has been driven to suicidal relief. Educate your bowels with **CASCARETS**. Don't neglect the slightest irregularity. See that you have one natural, easy movement each day. **CASCARETS** tone the bowels—make them strong—and after you have used them once you will wonder why it is that you have ever been without them. You will find all your other disorders commence to get better at once, and soon you will be well by taking—

THE IDEAL LAXATIVE



10c.
25c. 50c.

To any needy mortal suffering from bowel troubles and too poor to buy **CASCARETS** we will send a box free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York, mentioning advertisement and paper.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 & 3.50 SHOES

Worth \$4 to \$6 compared with other makes. Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers. The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—If not, we will send a pair on receipt of price and size. Extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width of foot and cap toe. Can't find W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

Bee Supplies

Shipped Promptly. Catalogue Free. BEES-WAX WANTED. Barred Plymouth Rock Eggs, 13¢. TRESTER SUPPLY CO., LINCOLN, NEBRASKA.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS

Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Pension in Civil War. Adjudication claims. Attorney at Law. W. L. H. GREEN & SONS, Box 1, Atlanta, Ga.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

Thompson's Eye Water

Examine the Package!

In view of the many misleading and unscrupulous imitations of "Baker's Chocolate" which have recently been put upon the market, we find it necessary to caution consumers against these attempts to deceive and to ask them to examine every package they purchase, and make sure that it has on the front a yellow label, with our name and place of manufacture.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., DORCHESTER, MASS.,

and our "La Belle Chocolatiere" on the back.

If your grocer does not keep the genuine article, please let us know, and we will endeavor to put you in the way of getting it. Send for a copy of our Choice Recipe book, mailed free to any applicant who mentions this paper.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited, Dorchester, Mass.

FARMER DROWNED

Swept From Horse While Trying to Cross Stream.

CURRENT WAS TOO SWIFT FOR HIM

Body Not Yet Recovered—Hired Man With Him, But Unable to Effect a Rescue—He Leaves a Wife and Seven Children—Other News

A farmer named Brethouwer, living a short distance west of Havelock, Neb., was drowned about 8 o'clock Monday evening while attempting to cross a swollen stream on the back of a horse. While in the center of the swiftly flowing current he was carried off the horse and drowned. His body had not been recovered at a late hour Monday evening.

On Mr. Brethouwer's farm the barn is separated from the house by a long draw. During the afternoon Monday water came down the draw in a torrent. Mr. Brethouwer desired to cross over to the house. His hired man was with him.

Mr. Brethouwer mounted a horse and tried to force him into the stream. The horse was a little backward about going into the water, but finally plunged in and swam the stream. When about half way across Mr. Brethouwer was swept from the horse's back and carried down stream. The hired man saw him but could offer no aid. He was drowned and the body was carried away.

Mr. Brethouwer has a brother in Lincoln, T. A. Brethouwer, a clerk for Mayer brothers. He owns the farm on which his brother lived. The drowned man leaves a wife and seven children. His father is a physician at Hickman.

CAR INSPECTOR KILLED.

Struck by Lightning While at Work in Yards at Lincoln.

Paul Kobalter, a car inspector working in the Burlington yards at Lincoln, was struck by lightning and instantly killed during the storm of the evening of May 6. When the lightning struck him he was at work on top of a freight train that had just entered the yards, and evidence that has since come to light indicates that he was struck shortly after the train arrived. He fell on a box car which was afterwards made up as part of the "orange extra" east, and the body was carried as far as Pacific Junction before it was discovered. When found the lifeless body was lying face down on the top of the car, his hands were clutching a small crowbar used in his work, and his lantern was still burning under his coat.

BIG STRIKE ON AT ST. LOUIS

Twenty-six Hundred Street Car Men to Go Out.

A St. Louis special says: The executive committee of the street railroad men's union have decided to recommend to the employees of the transit company that a strike be decided upon forthwith. A mass meeting of the employees was at once called to take a vote on the executive committee's report.

The St. Louis Transit company employs about 3,800 men. At 2 o'clock Tuesday morning the mass meeting of employees without a dissenting voice decided to go on a strike immediately. Twenty-six hundred men participated in the meeting.

KILLED BY THE COLLAPSE

Two Women Were Suffocated and Seven Others Injured.

By the collapse of a house at 1430 North Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo., Cora Everson and Melvina Nelson, colored, were killed and seven others, who are now at the city hospital as a result of their injuries, narrowly escaped death. The two women named were suffocated, as no marks of injury are to be seen on their bodies. Five men rescued the other inmates of the building, which was a two-story dilapidated structure that had been condemned. All were asleep when the accident occurred.

Aguaquito With Tino.

A Manila, May 7 dispatch says: Telegrams received here from General Young report that Aguinaldo has rejoined the rebel general Tino, in the north, and that they have reassembled a considerable force in the mountains. General Young desires to strike them before the rains and asks for reinforcements.

The tenor of the dispatches indicates that General Young is confident that Aguinaldo is with Tino and it is presumed they are planning to resume fighting during the rains.

Terrific Hail Storm at Toledo.

A terrible hail storm at Toledo, O., broke many thousands of dollars' worth of plate glass, damaged the city greenhouses, stripped young fruit trees of buds and blossoms and caused a number of serious runaways. The aggregate of losses will be large.

Negro Hanged for Murder.

James Nettles, colored, who had twice been respited, was hanged at St. Louis, Mo., in the jail yard at the Four Courts. He died bravely. Nettles was convicted of the murder of Samuel W. Mann, a conductor of the Suburban street car line, on July 4, 1908.

Furniture Factory Burned.

The factory of the Ware Furniture company, at Atlanta, Ga., was burned. Forty cottages occupied by employees were destroyed. The total loss will be \$200,000, with insurance about half.

Half Million Lost by Fire.

Fire at New York destroyed a large section of the docks and sheds of the New Jersey Storage company, connected with the Standard Oil company's Constable Hook works, causing a property loss of \$500,000. A number of oil boats and barges lying at the dock were also destroyed.

Rains Quench Forest Fires.

Specials from Wisconsin say the rain has quenched the forest fires north and west of Menominee, Mich., and most of the danger is past.

AGENTS OF FENIAN PLOT

Light on Attempt to Blow Up Welland Canal Lock.

The evidence which will be produced at the trial of the three men, charged with attempting to blow up lock No. 24, in the Welland canal, says a Toronto, Ont., dispatch, it is understood, will show that the prisoners were not the instruments of the labor element of a Canadian route for grain traffic, but the agents of a Fenian plot.

It has been learned that the three men concerned in the outrage arrived at Buffalo from a city on the Atlantic seaboard. They were unacquainted in Buffalo and left for Niagara Falls at the earliest possible moment after their arrival in Buffalo.

JAPS COMING BY THE SCORE

Thirty Thousand Soon to Invade British Columbia.

Officers of the steamship Tacoma, which has arrived from Yokohama, speaking of the great number of Japanese flocking to the United States and British Columbia, say it was current talk in Yokohama that there would be 30,000 Japanese to leave their native country for British Columbia alone, this summer, and it is believed that the number coming to the United States will be enormous. The steamer Tosa Maru is now due on the sound with 1,600 Japanese on board, and the Dalmyostock one of the Tacoma liners, will be here in a few days with 900 more.

SMALL SCHOONER SWAMPED

Five Men Supposed to Have Been Lost Near Sitka.

The steamer Bertha, from Alaskan points, which has arrived at Seattle, Wash., brings news of the swamping of the small schooner Dora R., and the possible loss of five men between Sitka and Lituya. The schooner was in tow of the steamer when the tow line broke, the boat swamped and the cargo and men were thrown into the water. Much of the cargo and the body of one of the men is reported to have washed ashore two or three days later.

WHOLESALE CHICKEN THEFT

Two Farmers Lose 100 Fowls Each One Recent Night.

Ed Young, a farmer living near University Place, Neb., notified the Lincoln police recently that he had lost 100 chickens by theft. They were taken from his chicken house. A neighbor of Mr. Young, Willard Kuleson, also reported the loss of 100 chickens by theft. How the chickens were taken could not be told, and there was no intimation from the losers that they suspected any particular person. Mr. Young lost a team by theft a few months ago.

Losing No Time.

Lord Roberts is following the advantage gained by the occupation of Brandfort and his whole force is apparently moving on Winburg. The place mentioned in Lord Roberts' dispatch to the war office this morning as "Nealwelket" cannot be found on the maps and it is likely that it is a cable error for "Near Vet Kop," in which General Ian Hamilton seems to be, midway between Moutnek and Winburg, and has thus got between Winburg and General Olivier's command from Wepener, which is occupying Thaba Patocha. Between Thaba N'Chu, Ladybrand and Winburg the country is rough and suited for Boer tactics, so the British are liable to be considerably harassed before they capture the stronghold.

Take to Hills.

A London, May 8 dispatch says: The Boers are everywhere retiring before the British, except on the Natal frontier and at Mafeking, to the inner circle of their defenses. They appear determined not to fight until the Kruustad hills are reached. Lord Roberts is expected to do another forty or fifty miles and then to wait for a time in order to bring up supplies and to repair the railway. There are one or two hints in the dispatches from the front that he may rest for a few days at Smaldeal.

Store Robbed at Diller.

The general merchandise store of Lightner & Hutchinson at Diller, Neb., was broken into by burglars and about \$200 worth of dry goods taken. The burglars broke into the section house and secured tools, then broke the plate glass in front of the store and took what goods they wanted. The Fulton bloodhounds were telephoned for and as an excellent trail has been kept it is thought they will be able to locate the robbers.

Extent of Mine Disaster.

W. G. Sharp, superintendent of the Pleasant Valley Coal company at Schofield, has made a report to the treasurer of the company in regard to the mine disaster at Schofield, in which he says: "Total killed, 19; bodies recovered to date, 19; injured, 7. Of those in the mine 103 escaped alive and uninjured. There are 103 widows and 270 orphans."

Find Floater in the Platte.

A floater was found in the Platte river at Louisville, Neb., whose general description leads to the supposition that the body may be that of Henry J. Newman of Omaha, the woman's tailor who has been mysteriously missing for a fortnight.

Burglars Entered the First National Bank of Brady.

Burglars entered the First National bank of Brady, Pa., unattended and looted the safe. The bank officials refused to make any statement of the amount taken, but the loss is said to range from \$6,000 to \$10,000. The robbers left no clue.

Gary Declines to Talk.

E. H. Gary, president of the Federal Steel company, declined to make any statement about the closing of the company's mills at Joliet, Ill. He said he had no advice from the plant and could only offer a prediction as the probable reason for the closing of the mills.

Jim Epps, a Negro Baseball Player

and member of a Brooklyn, Ill., nine, was shot and instantly killed at Newport, Ill., by a negro known as "Mink" after an altercation in regard to the umpire. "Mink" escaped.

PECULIAR SITUATION.

As Phylaxation in Omaha Causes a Complication.

In a dingy little room on the second floor of the Henderson hotel, at Ninth and Farnam streets, Omaha, exists a gruesome mystery, which neither the coroner nor the hotel people can solve. On the bed lie A. R. Wilgus, of Villisca, Ia., and Cyrus Swan, of Minneapolis, the one dead and the other unconscious from asphyxiation, caused by the blowing out of the gas.

But whether the dead man is Swan or Wilgus is the question which is puzzling the authorities to determine. Everybody who has seen them has remarked that they look enough alike to be brothers. The men are dressed in their night robes, and, consequently, their letters and other personal effects which might serve to identify them are of no value.

In Wilgus' clothes was found a letter from his sweetheart, but the police have hesitated to notify her of his death, because the dead man may be Swan. The doctors say that the man who is now unconscious has but slight hopes of recovery, and it is probable that death will dispel the question as to which one is still among the living.

TELLTALE PAPERS LOCATED

Discovery of General Funston Proves to Be Important.

A Manila May 4 dispatch says: The United States transport Meade has been ordered to be ready to sail. It is supposed that Major-General Otis, with his personal staff, will then start for the United States.

The insurgent archives discovered by General Funston include papers implicating prominent foreign firms at Manila in unlawful dealings. It is reported that evidence has been obtained that some of them furnished munitions of war to the rebels, and it is also said that the American authorities are in possession from this source of a detailed plan for attacking the American forces.

No correspondence from the anti-imperialist party of the United States was found.

QUARTER MILLION FIRE

Mining Town of Sandon, B. C., Totally Destroyed.

Sandon, a British Columbia mining town, was all but obliterated by fire Friday. The big Echo hotel and the Canadian Pacific railroad station were among the first buildings to go, and, fanned by a strong wind, the fire climbed up the hill to the residence portion of the town. The loss will exceed \$250,000.

Photographers Convention.

The eleventh annual photographers' association will convene in Lincoln on May 22-23 inclusive. A special program has been prepared under the direction of the secretary, Alva C. Townsend, and a session that will be of great practical benefit to photographers will result. One of the attractions of this convention will be the presence of A. H. Griffith of the Detroit museum of art, who will lecture one evening. Mr. Griffith comes under the combined auspices of the association and the Nebraska art association.

A Large Orchard.

On the farm of E. T. Hartley, two miles north of Lincoln, a little west of the site of Worthington academy 100 acres of apple and cherry trees are in bloom. The orchard is said to be a sight well worth driving out to see. The trees are in fine condition and give promise at this time of a heavy yield of fruit.

Strike of Brewery Engineers.

The strike of the brewery engineers at Boston, Mass., has been declared off. A compromise agreement has been accepted whereby the engineers will work eight hours a day instead of ten hours at the same wages.

Fatally Shoots Sweetheart.

William Lantz, an ice-man, shot and instantly killed his sweetheart, Barbie Edwards, at Chicago, and then turning the revolver on himself inflicted a wound from which he died within an hour. Jealousy was the cause.

Lamp Overturned.

An overturned lamp set fire to the home of Mrs. Wolfhouse at Dubuque, Ia. In trying to rescue her four-year-old child the mother was probably fatally burned. The baby was badly injured.

Want Shorter Hours.

Encouraged by the success of part of the Minneapolis workmen in their demands the workmen of St. Paul to the number of 250 went on a strike for a nine hour day without change in pay.

Volcano Is Active.

The north peak of Mount Lassen, near Red Bluff, Cal., is thought to be in a state of activity. Rumbling noises have been heard and a heavy column of gray smoke is coming from the top.

Perish in Forest Fires.

David Malafon, his wife and little child, settlers near Crivitz, Mich., are missing and it is feared that they perished in the recent forest fires.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF

Cornell defeated Grinnell in the intercollegiate debate at Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

The sixth annual session of the school council of Illinois began at Carbondale.

Marshall Jones, a negro, implicated in the murder of a white man near Douglas, Ga., was lynched.

A jury has been secured for the trial of Col. E. R. Sutton, charged with complicity in Michigan military frauds.

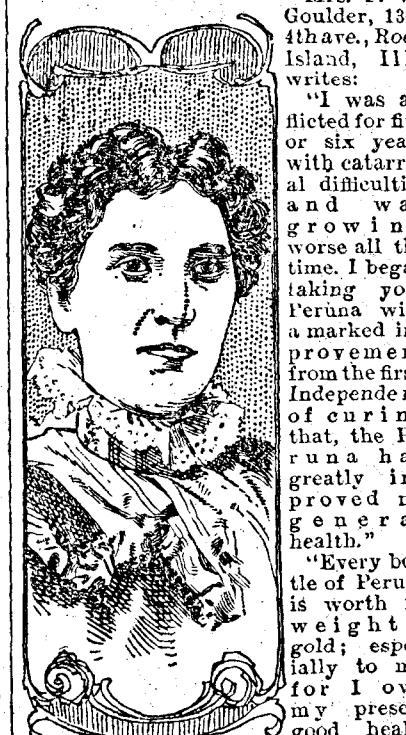
Dr. Edward E. Vincent, surgeon of Peary's 1893 Arctic expedition, was run over by a Detroit street car and killed.

At Bamberg, S. C., Rev. W. E. Johnson, pastor of a Baptist church, shot and killed W. T. Bellinger, a stenographer.

After robbing five passengers on a Northern Pacific freight train near North Yakima six highwaymen compelled the victims to jump off the swiftly moving train so that they themselves might be secure. The robbers secured nearly \$600, beside a lot of watches and jewelry.

DR. HARTMAN'S ADVICE

Is Sought by Female Sufferers from Ocean to Ocean.



Mrs. F. W. Goulder, 1306 4th Ave., Rock Island, Ill., writes: "I was afflicted for five or six years with catarrhal difficulties and was growing worse all the time. I began taking your Peruna with a marked improvement from the first. Independent of curing that, the Peruna has greatly improved my general health."

"Every bottle of Peruna is worth its weight in gold; especially to me, for I owe good health to Peruna."

All over the country there are women who have been invalids for many years, suffering with female derangements, which the family doctor cannot cure. What a boon to such women is Dr. Hartman's free advice! So famous has his skill made him that hardly a hamlet or town in the country but knows his name. He cures tens of thousands, and he offers to every woman who will write to him her symptoms and a history of her trouble free advice and treatment.

The medicines he prescribes can be obtained at any drug store, and the cost is within the reach of any woman. He describes minutely and carefully just what she shall do and get to make a healthy, robust woman of herself.

The doctor has written a book especially for this class of women, entitled "Health and Beauty." This book contains many facts of interest to women, and will be sent free to any address by Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

Some people have faith in odd numbers—and the favorite is number one.

There is a Class of People. Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease? It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N. Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn? Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists, Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

\$20.00 A WEEK AND EXPENSES to agents selling our household goods. Sell on sight. Write C. H. Marshall & Co., Chicago.

Many causes induce gray hair, but PARKER'S HAIR BRUSHING is the best cure for corns. 10c.

Gained 45 Pounds

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I was very thin and my friends thought I was in consumption."

"Had continual headaches, backache and falling of uterus, and my eyes were affected."

"Every one noticed how poorly I looked and I was advised to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

"One bottle relieved me, and after taking eight bottles am now a healthy woman; have gained in weight from 95 pounds to 140; everyone asks what makes me so stout."—MRS. A. TOLLE, 1946 Hillton St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Mrs. Pinkham has fifty thousand such letters from grateful women.

IN 3 OR 4 YEARS

AN INDEPENDENCE ASSURED

If you take up your home in Western Canada, the land of plenty, illustrated pamphlets, giving experience of farmers who have become wealthy by growing wheat, reports of delegates, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates can be had on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Department of Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to M. V. Bennett, 361 New York Life Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

A FARMER'S WIFE

Can buy an AMERICAN STEEL RANGE. The Best, with 6 Holes, 30" Oven, Hot Closet and Reservoir, for \$90.00. Payable \$5.00 Cash, and \$1.00 per week or \$5.00 per month. AMERICAN RANGE CO., Central Department, Lincoln, Neb. New York, Lincoln, San Francisco.

THE ORD QUIZ
Goes into more families each week
than all other papers in the county.
It's advertising rates are low.

The Ord Quiz.

THE ORD QUIZ
Has the best Job Printing Plant in
the Loup Country. Our work is the
best. Prices low as the lowest.

Established April 6, 1882. Whole No. 945.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1900.

VOL. 19, NO. 10.

ROYAL

The absolutely pure
BAKING POWDER

ROYAL—the most celebrated
of all the baking powders in the
world—celebrated
for its great leavening
strength and purity.
It makes your cakes,
biscuit, bread, etc.,
healthful; it assures
you against alum and
all forms of adultera-
tion that go with the
cheap brands.



Alum baking powders are low priced, as alum costs but
two cents a pound; but alum is a corrosive poison and
it renders the baking powder dangerous to use in food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 103 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

County Correspondence

County Doings by THE QUIZ Special Correspondents.

Pleasant Valley Pick-Ups.
Everybody is busy plowing for
corn planting.

Mrs. W. D. Dunlap starts for
Erie Ill., this week, called there by
the sickness of her only sister.

Mr. Tom Stove is expected
home from the asylum at Norfolk
this week, being out on parole.

Mrs. W. E. Burdick is some bet-
ter this week and her many friends
are hoping for her complete recov-
ery.

Mr. Geo. Smith has been busy
with the carpenters and masons for
the last ten days. He has been re-
pairing his house and it now looks
cozy and homelike.

Mrs. Will Burdick and Mrs. Lou
McClary are expecting their mother,
Mrs. Hall, from Vermont here this
summer to make them a visit.

Miss Mary Polson is here visiting
old friends, all of whom extend her
a glad welcome.

Mrs. Bossen entertained a few
friends last Friday night in honor
of Miss Polson.

Mr. Philip Smith, father of Mrs.
J. B. Hughes and brother of Adam
Smith, died at his home near Vin-
cennes, Ind. last week. The sad
news was not unexpected to Mrs.
Hughes, but the loss is just as
severe. Mr. Adam Smith reached
his brother's bedside the day before
he died and staid until the last sad
rites were over. The sympathy of
many friends go out to them for
this loss of father and brother.

Mr. Tom Trindle of Yale and Mr.
Geo. Thompson of Arcadia took
dinner at Peter McClary's one day
last week.

Messrs. Goddard and Walton were
in the valley last week. They were
looking after the interest of the
Piano binder and of course wanted
to sell machines. ALPHA.

Yale Yowlings.
Everybody is planting corn now-
adays.

A good crowd was out to hear
Rev. Forney preach last Sunday.
He and his wife are taking an
extended trip to the northern part
of the state attending to his minis-
terial business. He expects to be
gone about four weeks.

Roy and Percy Jewett attended
Sunday school at Yale last Sunday
and took dinner with Eva
Smith and from there they attended
church and Sunday school at
Pleasant Valley.

Mr. Forney went to Ord Monday.
Bud Jewett and wife Sundayed
at Forney's.

J. B. Hughes' lost a valuable cow
a few days ago.

A good rain with a little hail fell
at Yale Saturday evening.

Bessie Rhodes spent part of the
day Sunday with the Yale girls.
UNCLE.

Mira Mites.

Mrs. Upright, who has been dan-
gerously ill, is improving. This
will be glad news to her many
friends.

A. Ward must be renewing his
youth. He was out to the lodge
Monday evening and didn't get
home till nearly morning. He also
helped the boys with their first
game of ball this season, Saturday.

Miss Carrie Bremer has gone to
Iowa to look after her grandmoth-
er in her old age. She writes back
that things have changed a great
deal since she was there fifteen
years ago.

John Bell Sr. has been ailing this
week.

Quite a storm in the vicinity of
Vinton last Saturday. Hail came
thick and fast for a little while.

Miss Wharton came out home
with Mary Armstrong and remained
over Sunday.

R. R. Boubard has been selected
to represent the Midvale society at
a convention at Marquette in June.

some day he will be as big as his
papa. He's a mighty nice boy all
right.

AMUSEMENT.

Poplar Grove People.

Corn planting is the order of the
day.

A little rain would be of great
benefit to the small grain.

The little boy of Ign. Klema died
last Thursday after seven weeks of
suffering. He did not get entirely
well after the seige of lung fever,
and grew weaker day by day, until
at last he succumbed. He was
buried in the cemetery Saturday.

Mrs. John Lucas, once a resident
of Valley county, died in Iowa the
last part of last week and was bur-
ied Monday.

Ign. Klema left again for Omaha
for treatment the fore part of the
week. He did not know whether
he would stay at Lincoln or go on
to Omaha, but wherever he goes we
hope he will be more successful
than here-to-fore.

The Catholics will give a picnic
at the church May 28, in order raise
money to paint the church. Every-
body come and bring someone with
you. The ladies of the church will
provide the lunches.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Bouda, Mr.
and Mrs. V. Hardy, Mr. and Mrs. V.
Kritke, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Ptacnik
and neighbors visited at Ign. Kle-
ma's last Sunday. JOHNNIE.

Ida Items.

J. D. Steward, State Supt., organ-
ized an S. S. at the school house
last Sunday evening. S. S. at 2:30,
preaching every two weeks by Rev.
Campbell of Burwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Brockus were Ida
callers Sunday.

Mr. Witham and Arthur Butts
are able to ride out again.

C. C. Spaulding made a trip to
Central City Monday to view a piece
of land.

Mrs. Goodenow and daughter
Maude called on Mrs. Bergrud
Monday.

J. W. Abbot and James Barr took
dinner at Goodenow's Tuesday.
DORIS.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

New Timecard April 29.

Sunday, April 29, important changes
will be made in the running time of the
following Burlington trains:

No. 6, Denver to Omaha and Chicago.
No. 14, Oxford to St. Joseph and St.
Louis.

No. 17, Kansas City and St. Joseph to
Oxford and Denver.

No. 41, St. Joseph and Lincoln to the
Black Hills, Montana, Washington and
Oregon.

No. 42, Billings to Lincoln, Omaha,
St. Joseph, Kansas City and St. Louis.
No. 43, Lincoln to Alliance and
Edgemont.

See nearest Burlington ticket agent
and get details of the new schedules.
This will prevent the possibility of
missing trains. J. Francis,
General Passenger Agent,
Omaha, Neb.

Consumption

is robbed of its terrors by
the fact that the best med-
ical authorities state that it
is a curable disease, and
one of the happy things
about it is, that its victims
rarely ever lose hope.

You know there are all sorts of
secret nostrums advertised to cure
consumption. Some make absurd
claims. We only say that if taken
in time and the laws of health are
properly observed.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

will heal the inflammation of the
throat and lungs and nourish and
strengthen the body so that it can
throw off the disease.

We have thousands of testi-
monials where people claim they
have been permanently cured of
this malady.

50c. and \$1.00. All druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

ALL SORTS.

Missouri's greatest boom will date
from the election of a Republican Legis-
lature.

When it comes to resisting pressure
Turkey is not so very much of a spring
chicken.

Please send me a box of Beggs' Ger-
man Salve, as I have the piles. It is
the only thing that will give any relief.

—H. D. Lane, Gravitt, Ark. It not only
relieves chronic cases of piles but it
permanently cures thousands when
everything else has failed. Ben Bridg-
ford.

Dewey is picking up some of the ele-
mentary points. He remarks that
"Pennsylvania always goes the other
way anyhow."

"After suffering from piles for fifteen
years I was cured by using two boxes of
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve," writes
W. J. Baxter, Northbrook, N. O. It
heals everything. Beware of counter-
feits. Ben Bridgford.

It is not enough in these times to say:
"I am a Democrat." The addition
necessary is: "I am also a Pop, and a
fusionist for all practical purposes."

Positive statement of one who knows.
I would not be without Beggs' Hair Re-
newer if it cost \$5 per bottle. It has
saved me from complete baldness and
given me a fine head of hair.—Mrs. May
Hofstetter, Eau Claire, Wis. Ben Bridg-
ford.

Perhaps Mr. Carnegie thought it
safer to let Mr. Frick have what he
wanted than to take chances with a
batch of lawyers.

"Was troubled with dandruff and fall-
ing hair for several years. Tried many
remedies without result. Beggs' Hair
Renewer removed the dandruff and
my hair is coming out again.
Would not be without it at any price."
—W. J. Walsh, Iowa City Iowa. Ben
Bridgford.

The denial of the millionaire poker
story very properly comes from one of
the alleged losers.

E. F. White, Des Moines, Iowa, writes,
"One box of Beggs' German Salve cured
me of the piles, after I had been under
the treatment of a physician for two
years, without receiving any benefit.
He said there was no hope for me but an
operation. Ben Bridgford.

Prof. McKimley will hardly dare
to add to his stock of leather by attempt-
ing to settle Chicago labor troubles.

Mrs. J. Francis, Florence, Kansas,
says, "I was laid down in bed, with
worn out, weak, my appetite was poor, I
could not sleep and doctors did me no
good. I took Beggs' Blood Purifier and
gained ten pounds in two weeks and am
now in perfect health. Ben Bridgford.

Colorado claims to be suffering from
a disadvantage by reason of its excellent
climate, which brings to the state what
may be called an unhealthy competition.

J. C. Kennedy, Roanoke, Tenn., says,
"I cannot say too much for DeWitt's
Witch Hazel Salve. One box of it
cured what the doctors called an incur-
able ulcer on my jaw." Cures piles and
all skin diseases. Look out for worthless
imitations. Ben Bridgford.

Gen. Kitchener's failure to keep in the
South African campaign is said to be
due to a loss of heart, but the story that
he lost it to Mrs. James Brown Potter
ought to rekindle all the fighting spirit
he ever possessed.

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only one chance to save
your life and that is through an opera-
tion" were the startling words heard by
Mrs. I. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis.,
from her doctor after he had vainly tried
to cure her of a frightful case of stomach
trouble and yellow jaundice. Gallstones
had formed and she constantly grew
worse. Then she began to use Electric
Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a
wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney
remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Ap-
petite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guarant-
eed. For sale by Ben Bridgford, drug-
gist.

A summary of the situation in South
Africa shows that the war is progressing
with uncommon slowness. The up-to-
date result is that Oom Paul has been
checkmated and "Bobs" is up against it.

AN IDEAL CLIMATE.

The first white man to set foot on
Utah soil, Father Silvestre Velez de Es-
calante, who reached the Great Salt
Lake on the 23rd of day of September,
1776, wrote in his diary: "Here the
climate is so delicious, the air so balmy,
that it is a pleasure to breathe by day or
by night." The climate of Utah is one
of the richest endowments of nature.
On the shores of the great Salt Lake
especially—and for fifty miles therefrom
in every direction—the climate of cli-
mates is found. To enable persons to
participate in these scenic and climatic
attractions and to reach the famous
Health, bathing and pleasure resorts of
Utah, the Union Pacific has made a rate
to Ogden and Salt Lake City of one fare
for the round trip, plus \$2.00, from the
Missouri River, to be in effect June 21,
July 7 to 10 inclusive, July 18 and Aug.
2. Return limit Oct. 31, 1900.
For full information, call on or ad-
dress. F. R. FRICK, Agent.

WOMEN are assailed at every turn by troubles peculiar
to their sex. Every mysterious ache or pain is a
symptom. These distressing sensations will keep
on coming unless properly treated.

The history of neglect is written in the worn faces and
wasted figures of our women,
every one of whom may
receive the invaluable ad-
vice of Mrs. Pinkham,
without charge, by writing
to her at Lynn, Mass.

MISS LULA EVANS, of
Parkersburg, Iowa, writes of her recovery as follows:
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I had been a constant sufferer
for nearly three years. Had inflammation of the womb,
bearing-down pains, backache,
headache, ached all over, and
at times could hardly stand on
my feet. My heart trouble was
so bad that some nights
I was compelled to sit
up in bed or get up
and walk the floor,
for it seemed as
though I should
smother. More
than once I have
been obliged to
have the doctor
visit me in the
middle of the
night. I was also
very nervous and
fretful. I was ut-
terly discouraged.
One day I thought I
would write and see
if you could do any-
thing for me. I followed
your advice and now I feel
like a new woman. All
those dreadful troubles I have no
more, and I have found Lydia
cure for leucorrhoea. I am very thankful for your good advice
and medicine."



E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash a sure
cure for leucorrhoea. I am very thankful for your good advice
and medicine."

FREE! FREE!

\$300 Kingsbury Upright Piano

MERCHANTS' VOTING CONTEST.

Buy your goods of the following merchants and for
every 10 cent purchase get One Vote.

Crosby & Carson, Shoes. Sam Eacker, Groceries, Provisions, Fruits
C. Reel Bros., Hardware and Sporting Ben Bridgford, Druggist and Jeweler.
Goods M. Linn & S. R. Dry Goods Groceries, etc.
Fitzsimmons & Graham, Implements. A. M. Daniels, Furniture, Picture Frames,
Wagons and Buggies. Shales and Mitting.
J. W. Perry Co., General Merchandise. E. J. Sears, Meat Market.
Kellus W. Bond, Pianos and Organs.

THIS KINGSBURY UPRIGHT PIANO
worth \$300 will be given away on Friday September 14, 1900, to the lodge
church or society having the largest number of legitimate votes in the
city of Ord.

Ask for ballots with every purchase and deposit the same in the ballot box prepared for that
purpose at Bridgford's Drug Store.
Positively no ballots will be counted unless stamped by the merchant issuing the same.
All ballots issued prior to June 15 must be deposited before that date—otherwise they will be
void. This rule governs each month of the contest.

Piano on Exhibition at Ben. Bridgford's Drug Store

MERCHANTS' PIANO CONTEST.

NEW YORK PUBLISHED ON
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY, PRACTICALLY EVERY DAY.

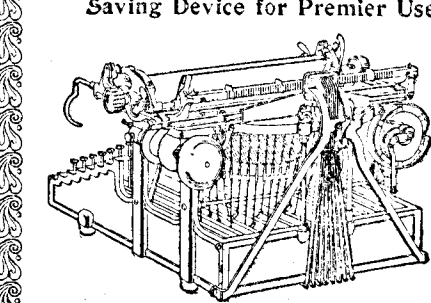
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TRIBUNE AND THE CHEAP- **TRIBUNE** EST KNOWN.

A new and remarkably attractive pub-
lication, profusely illustrated with por-
traits and half-tones, contains all the
striking news features of the Daily Tri-
bune. Special war despatches, domestic
and foreign correspondence, short
stories, humorous illustrations, Indus-
trial information, fashion notes, Agri-
cultural matters carefully treated, and
comprehensive and reliable financial and
market reports. It is mailed at same
hour as the daily edition, reaches a large
proportion of subscribers on date of is-
sue, and each edition is a thoroughly
up-to-date daily family newspaper for
busy people.

Regular subscription price,
\$1.00 PER YEAR.
We furnish it with THE ORD QUIZ for
\$2.25 PER YEAR.
Send all orders to THE QUIZ, Ord, Nebraska.

The Smith Premier

An Ever Ready,
Effective Time and Labor
Saving Device for Premier Users.



Tabulating
and...
Billing
Machine.
Simplifies Bill Making and
writing figures of different
denominations in columns.
It in no way interferes with
the typewriter for usual lines
of work.
THE SMITH PREMIER
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Corner 17th & Farnam Sts., Omaha, Nebr.

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Attention given to legal business in Valley and
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LAWYER,
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church.
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Office over First National Bank.
residence four blocks west of square, and one
block north of Episcopal church.
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All calls promptly attended day and night.
Office upstairs over Patty's Pharmacy.
Residence four blocks west of public square
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DENTIST,
Office over the First National Bank.
ORD, NEBRASKA.

DR. H. T. CLARK,
DENTIST.
Office over Postoffice.
ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

F. MISKO,
DEALER IN HARNESSES,
Saddles, whips, robes, blankets, collars,
curry combs, brushes, and every-
thing usually kept in a first-
class harness store.
Shop on North
Side square.
ORD, - - - NEBRASKA.

H. STRONG & CO.

.. Dealer in ..

FURNITURE

UNDERTAKING

GOODS.

Give us a call before buying.

The easiest and most effective method
of purifying the blood and invigorating
the system is to take DeWitt's Little
Early Risers, the famous little pills for
cleansing the liver and bowels. Ben
gford.

Do You Have Fifty Cents?

If you have, will tell you how to get
the most for your money. The Semi-
Weekly State Journal, published at
Lincoln, wants several thousand new
subscribers and as a special inducement
will mail the paper twice a week from
now until the end of this year for only
fifty cents. Two papers each week with
all the news of the world, through the
great presidential campaign and the
campaigns in this for two United States
senators and the state ticket. Never
in your life have you been offered so
much reading matter for 50 cents. Send
in your money right now, because the
sooner you send it in the more papers
you get for your money. Address:
Nebraska State Journal, Lincoln, Neb.

\$1.25 for 28 cents.

Any lady may have a beautiful flower
garden free also have an opportunity to
easily obtain her choice of many hand-
some, useful presents. We have a very
close connection with one of the largest
Seed and Bulb House in the world and
we have made arrangements to distrib-
ute one million regular large size pack-
ages of the choicest favorite flower
seeds, including carnations, asters, pan-
sies, sweet peas, verbenas, phlox, gallar-
dias, fuchsias, and many others, all col-
ors, guaranteed to grow and bloom this
season, all of which we intend to
give away absolutely free for the pur-
pose of introducing in new localities
"Cassandra Cream," a wonderful beau-
tifier of the complexion, that makes the
skin soft, fresh and white by removing
all impurities and discolorations, and
gives the bloom of beauty to the face.
This preparation is highly endorsed by
Physicians and is extensively used by
leading actresses and society ladies in
the larger cities. We will send a small
box of "Cassandra Cream" and free egle
of Cassandra skin soap (exquisitely
perfumed with delicate oils of French
flowers) and copy of Evelyn Hunt's
book, "Womanly Beauty" (regular price
50 cents) and six large packages of the
very finest flower seeds, all different
varieties, with "Cultural Directions," all
post paid, to any lady who sends four-
teen two cent stamps to cover expense of
packing and postage. This is the most
liberal offer ever made by a reliable
company, a wonderful bargain for
women every where, and is only done to
introduce "Cassandra Cream" to ladies
who have not yet used it. We are
spending large sums of money to adver-
tise in this manner the merits of our
standard preparation and a very extraor-
dinary prize offer of beautiful presents,
including Silverware, Fine Jewelry,
Rings, Watches, Silk Dress Patterns,
cash awards, etc., etc., will be sent to
every lady who takes advantage of our
present offer. Do not delay. Write
to-day.
THE MARILLA COMPANY,
108 Fulton Street, New York.

A Fast Bicycle Rider.

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains
or bruises from accidents. Backler's
Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal
the injury. It's the cyclist's friend.
Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore
Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Care
guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold
by Ben Bridgford, druggist.

THE ORDQUIZ

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
ORD, NEBRASKA

Fortunately the California man who has asked the Chicago police to find Attorney Will U. Bight did not do so.

You can always tell the floorwalker in a dry goods store from the proprietor by the good clothes the floorwalker wears.

The chamber of commerce of Pittsburgh, Pa., has passed a resolution petitioning the secretary of the navy to give the name "Pittsburg" to one of the new armored cruisers to be constructed for the United States navy. The reasons given for granting the honor are that Pittsburgh is the heart of the greatest iron and steel producing interests in the world; has a population of 1,008,964 within a radius of sixty miles, according to the census of 1900, and has a total ascertained tonnage by water and rail of nearly 59,000,000 tons—larger than any other city in the world.

Inventors in German factories have a hard time to profit by their brain work, according to a report to the state department by Consul General Guenther at Frankfurt. He cites the case of a German who invented a substance used in finishing velvet. Because he imparted his invention to persons outside of the firm for which he worked the foreman was tried and convicted of revealing a trade secret, although this secret was his own. The German court took the ground that it was a duty of the foreman to make experiments; that his inventions belonged to his employers and that he had no right to expose them.

Most common is the remark: "What interesting people one meets in traveling!" One may perhaps be pardoned for differing from this belief. The interesting people one meets in traveling are extremely likely to keep to themselves. They do not wear their hearts upon their sleeves. Therefore, if they are interesting, that trait is kept for their friends. On the other hand, the fools, bores and bores obtrude themselves upon you. The only way to escape being bored to death is to avoid their acquaintance. Then if you yourself are interesting—and of course you are—the fact remains concealed, says a writer in the Argonaut.

Some troublesome questions are doubtless destined to find a solution through the courts. In a case which has just been brought to trial in Indiana, an association of master plumbers in Indianapolis, in order to secure a monopoly of business, drew the leading dealers into an agreement not to sell plumbers' supplies to any except the members of their own "combine." An outside plumber brought suit against a dealer who had refused to sell him goods needed in his business. The judge decided that such discrimination in trade is against public policy, and that the complainant was entitled to damages for the inconvenience and loss he had suffered.

The Deering Harvester Company of Chicago has applied to the division of forestry for a working plan for its 54,000-acre tract of hardwood timber in southeastern Missouri. This marks what is probably the first attempt of an American manufacturing establishment to employ modern forest methods in raising hardwood timber for its own use. The timber owned by the company consists chiefly of oak, ash and hickory, woods especially adapted to the manufacture of agricultural implements. The owners intend to remove all the less valuable species, such as cottonwood, gum, honey locust and cypress, so as to give the others all possible advantage for growth. A plan will be made by which the merchantable timber may be removed without injury to the producing power of the forest. The division will send experts to the tract to make the observations necessary for such a plan.

There was no political purpose or importance in the visit of Queen Victoria to Ireland. It was undertaken by the aged sovereign simply to show the Irish people how fully she appreciates the loyalty and gallantry of her Irish soldiers; but like many another kindly deed, it may have more extended results. Mr. Gladstone enacted a series of reform measures based upon justice, but England and Ireland remained estranged. The Unionist government armed the Irish people with complete control over local administrations, yet the breach between the two peoples was not healed. The queen's gentle policy of gratitude and womanly sympathy may fall, as Mr. Gladstone's measures and Lord Salisbury's concessions failed; but her method appealed to the heart, and her motive is so sincere that it can hardly be misunderstood. She may succeed where statesmen were defeated.

The Chinese consul-general in New York is helping our government in its efforts to take the census by issuing a long proclamation in Chinese, officially signed and sealed, calling upon his fellow-countrymen to give all possible aid to the census-takers who go among them. Lithographic copies of the proclamation have been made and will be distributed through the Chinese quarters of American cities at the proper time. An accurate census of the Chinese is particularly desirable just now to show how completely our exclusion laws exclude.

One of the world's worthies said, long ago, that in the Lord's book are written all those who do what they can, although they cannot do what they would. The appeals of summer charities will soon be heard. Let those who cannot do all they would be among the cheerful givers.

That South Chicago saloonkeeper who renounced liquor-selling when he could not get a license is in the position of the burglar who quits house-breaking when he is locked up in the

NAVAL BILL PASSED

Senate Disposes of it After a Long Debate.

IT PROVIDES FOR ARMOR PLATES.

May Erect a Factory if Price Proves too High—Purchase of Five Holland Submarine Torpedo Boats Agreed To.

A Washington, May 14 dispatch says: After a discussion lasting five full days the senate today passed the naval appropriation bill. Practically four days were devoted to the consideration of the armor plate proposition which was agreed to finally as reported by the committee, with the exception that the secretary of the navy is authorized to make contracts only for such armor plate as may be needed from time to time. The secretary of the navy is authorized to procure armor of the best quality at \$145 per ton, but if he is unable to obtain it at that price he is then authorized to pay \$245 per ton for the armor for the battleships Maine, Ohio and Missouri and proceed to erect an armor factory to cost not to exceed \$4,000,000, one-half of which amount is made immediately available. The committee's proposition carried by a vote of 32 to 19, as follows:

Yeas—Allison, Barker, Carter, Clark (Wyo.), Davis, Depew, Elkins, Fairbanks, Foraker, Foster, Frye, Gear, Hale, Hanna, Hansbrough, Hawley, Hoar, Kean, Lodge, McComas, McCumber, Nelson, Penrose, Perkins, Platt (N. Y.), Proctor, Ross, Sewell, Shoup, Simon, Thurston, Wolcott—32.

Nays—Berry, Butler, Chandler, Cockrell, Daniel, Harris, Helfield, Jones (Ark.), Mallory, Morgan, Pettigrew, Pettus, Spooner, Stewart, Sullivan, Teller, Tillman, Turner, Wellington—19.

The next proposition of the committee provided for the purchase of five Holland submarine torpedo boats at a price of \$750,000 each, and it was amended, making the purchase mandatory. During the debate Mr. Teller denounced the army ordinance board as incompetent, and said army officers realized this.

RUSSIA SHOWS HER TEETH

Will Dispute American Right to Invade Turkey.

The London Times publishes a letter from its Odessa correspondent, dated May 6, in which he comments upon the suspicion and jealousy with which official circles in Russia are watching the progress of the Turkish-American dispute.

He quotes at great length from an important article sanctioned by the Turkish censor, that has appeared in the Odessky Listok, which declares that "the imperial policy of the United States is prompted by the necessity of finding new outlets for trade."

Commenting on the report that the United States government was prepared to dispatch a strong fleet to Europe, the writer hints that "Russia would head the powers in preventing such a violation of Turkish waters."

Provides for Aged People.

The will of the late Captain Thomas Wilson, the millionaire vessel owner, which has just been filed in probate court at Cleveland, O., provides that one-half of the estate shall go to the widow during her life and the remainder to the three children.

Upon the death of the widow the will directs that one-half of the estate shall be used to establish a home for aged couples, to be known as the "Wilson Home for Aged Couples," and that in all cases preferences shall be given to sailors on the great lakes and their wives.

The fortune left by Captain Wilson is estimated at \$1,000,000.

Wealthy Man Kills Wife.

L. D. McAllister, a wealthy citizen of Heloise, Tenn., shot and instantly killed his wife. After an ineffectual attempt to slay his wife's brother he blew out his own brains. The trouble began about two years ago, when McAllister charged his wife with having improper relations with one Love. Later he killed Love and after the trial was acquitted. Later McAllister had made further charges against his wife, and they had separated.

Dreyfus Visiting Paris.

Captain Alfred Dreyfus left Geneva Monday evening and arrived with his wife in Paris this morning, says a Paris dispatch of May 13. The government is much worried by this journey, which was quite unlooked for, and will take measures to have him leave as soon as possible, owing to its fear of demonstration.

President Sumner Plans.

WILL WELCOME THE BOERS

Three States are Ready to Provide Them Homes.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch Sunday, May 13, printed the result of an hour's conversation held by it, over a telephone wire, with Gov. Dan W. Jones of Arkansas, William E. Stanley of Kansas and Lon V. Stephens of Missouri, at their respective state capitals, in view of the announcement of State Secretary Reitz of the Transvaal, that he, with others, intends to emigrate to the United States in the event of their defeat by the British. Each governor was asked if he would not extend an invitation to the Boers to locate in his state, and each replied that the Boers would receive a most cordial and affectionate welcome to their state. The governors expressed hearty approval of a proposition to extend this invitation by special messengers to the Boer peace envoys, due to reach New York soon.

Elopers Married.

At Omaha, County Judge Vinson-haler married a couple hailing from Kansas and evidently an eloping pair. The groom gave his name as Dillard Watts, and that of the bride-elect as Lizzie Watts. They disclaimed kinship. When they entered the office Lizzie was clad in a gray traveling suit, but just previous to the ceremony the clerk showed her to the large of a vault. In a few minutes she reappeared in a white gown, white veil and white shoes. The judge married them and the bride changed her raiment in the vault, whereupon the couple left for the depot.

Shoots a Negro to Death.

William Willis, the negro who shot and killed Alexander Whitney at Augusta, Ga., in an altercation over a seat in a street car, was taken from the jail by a mob and an attempt made to hang him, but the rope broke. Willis fell to the ground and was in an instant riddled with bullets. A placard was pinned on him giving warning to like offenders. The coroner will investigate.

Commutes the Sentence.

The president has commuted the sentence of Joseph Wilkins, convicted in Philadelphia of frauds against the oceanographic law. The sentence, which would have expired May 28, was commuted to expire May 14. It is stated that Wilkins served seventeen months in jail while awaiting trial, which, by the president's action, is made a part of his term of service.

The Strike Is Over.

The carpenters' strike at Omaha has been settled. An amicable agreement has been reached between the contractors and the journeymen carpenters whereby the latter agreed upon to work on terms mutually agreed upon at a conference held between the contractors and carpenters.

Girl Killed by Lightning.

Flossie Wendell, the fourteen-year-old daughter of people living near Holmesville, Neb., was killed by lightning Monday afternoon. She was standing in a doorway at the school house when the bolt struck the building. She fell over on a boy, who was also severely injured by the bolt, and several of the scholars were affected by the shock.

Killed in South Omaha Yards.

Blainey Newmeyer was found lying in the yards at South Omaha, Neb., Sunday night with his left leg cut off and his left hand mangled. He was taken to the hospital at South Omaha, where he died. Newmeyer was on his way from Elmo, Mo., to Omaha, Neb. His father, W. L. Newmeyer of Elmo, was notified.

Last of an Outlaw.

Geo. Currie, the notorious Wyoming outlaw, who led a gang in the Belle Fourche, South Dakota, bank robbery and Union Pacific train hold up near Wilcox, Wyo., was buried at Chadron. There was a reward of \$6,000 offered for him.

Boy Seriously Hurt.

Near Albion the twelve-year-old son of Samuel Watson was severely injured by being dragged by a cow. He was riding a cow from a pasture and the rope fastened around his body. In some manner he was thrown and dragged.

Postoffice Safe Blown Open.

The safe in the Bancroft, Neb., postoffice was blown open and several dollars in cash and stamps were taken. The safe door was blown off with powder, the door being thrown about ten feet.

Cole Given Eight Years.

Charles H. Cole, former president of the Globe National bank at Boston, was given eight years in the penitentiary for the misappropriation of funds of the bank.

Kentucky Case Goes Over.

The United States supreme court adjourned for a week without announcing a decision in the Kentucky governorship case.

NO SIGN OF PANIC

Boers Have Plenty of Fight Left in Them.

GENERAL HUTTON ABLE TO SO TESTIFY

Fiercely Opposed and Forced to Fall Back—British, However Move On—Advance Steady and Winburg Already Passed—Other News

A dispatch from London, dated May 10, says: General Hutton's mounted infantry brigade, including the Canadians, with a part of General French's cavalry, crossed the Zand river Tuesday and began to work its way cautiously along the railway northward in the track of the retiring Boers. About 8,000 horsemen were probably engaged in this advance. General Hutton, before he was joined by a sharp of General French's force, had a sharp fight.

This was on Monday, when he reached the river and saw the Boer convoys on the other side and passed forward, intending to cross and capture them. The Boers, however, opened fire with from eight to ten guns, forded the river above and below, seemingly in thousands, and sought to envelop the British. General Hutton fell back several miles, the Boers firing until other cavalry reinforced Hutton. During the night the Boers retreated, not further contesting the crossing.

The Boer attack on General Hutton does not indicate any such panicky conditions as has been alleged to exist among them.

From Boer sources comes the report that in a skirmish outside Mafeking, May 5, Colonel Baden-Powell was slightly wounded.

The Transvaal volksraad adopted resolutions on Tuesday expressing indignation at the British for not conducting the war in a civilized manner, for killing wounded Boers with lances, for using armed Kaffirs under British officers, and for ill treating prisoners.

President Kruger, after his formal speech on Monday, said the British were prepared for war in 1896, as documents which the burghers had captured showed, but that the Transvaal, to avoid bloodshed, provided a seven year franchise and a five year franchise.

"Great Britain still demanded," he declared, "that the republic at length accepted the challenge. Even should the British enter the Transvaal and take Pretoria the Boers will still remain a free people. Our trust is in God, and we may be confident that He will defeat the most powerful generals."

BOBS ON THE MARCH

On His Way to Pretoria, But Way Is Rocky and Rough.

A London, May 9 special says: Four thousand British cavalry watered their horses at Zand river Monday, twenty-five miles beyond Smaaleel, where Lord Roberts continues to date his dispatches. The scouts who have been searching the country for miles along the stream have found no Boers' south of the river. The enemy are lagged in unknown force on the north bank. Thus the British advance guard is within forty-five miles of Kroonstad. The Free Staters, in the expectation that Kroonstad will speedily become untenable, are according to information from Lourenco Marques, preparing to transfer their government to Heilbron, a little more than fifty miles northeast.

The proclamation of Lord Roberts appears to have little effect upon the inhabitants of the invaded districts. Every farm is found deserted, except by women and children. All the men are away fighting. Correspondents at headquarters are now wiring freely concerning the incidents connected with the occupation of Smaaleel. Some exasperation is expressed at the ease with which the Boers escaped with their transports before the very eyes of the British.

Smaaleel is a village of only a score of dwellings, but is expanded in one night to a vast canvas of tents, and the glow of the campfires was like a scene in an iron smelting district. The city is likely to fade away in a day by the immediate progress of the infantry to Zand river.

Broken Bow Residence Burned.

The residence of J. L. McWilliams of Broken Bow, Neb., burned down. Mr. McWilliams and his son, Earnest, were awakened barely in time to get out alive. The house was a complete loss and only a small portion of the furniture was saved. There was \$600 insurance on the building and furniture.

Hotel Clerk Kills Himself.

The body of Charles Morton, former night clerk of the Southern hotel at St. Louis, Mo., who disappeared after resigning his position was found in room at the Regent hotel. He had evidently ended his life with a dose of carbolic acid. Nothing was found to indicate why he should kill himself.

Hoeffelker Bound Over.

Henry Hoeffelker, charged with embezzling from the funds of Dodge county, Neb., \$2,150, had his preliminary hearing. He waived examination and was bound over to district court in the sum of \$2,000. He has not yet furnished the bond and it is not expected that he will be able to do so.

Insane Woman Shoots Herself.

Mrs. George Boling, three miles south of Peru, Neb., shot herself through the heart while temporarily insane. She died instantly.

Small Strike at Nebraska City.

At Nebraska City Tuesday a number of the men working at Biokel's brick yard concluded they wanted \$1.50 instead of \$1.25 per day, and their desire not being complied with, they took their dinner pails and left the yard.

FUSIONISTS AT SIOUX FALLS

First Day's Work Purely Preliminary in Its Nature.

A Sioux Falls, S. D., May 9 dispatch says: The national convention of the people's party began business at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon in the big wigwag on top of the hill.

The audience was a representative American gathering. Probably nine-tenths of the delegates and a far larger percentage of the visitors were from the northern Mississippi valley states.

Previous to the calling to order all the delegations had entered quietly, with the exception of those from Minnesota and Nebraska, both of which evoked much applause as they came marching down the aisles. The Minnesota men carried banners and a large shield upon which was inscribed "Bryan and Towne." A large number of the delegates carried tin horns and made their presence manifest by carousing tools.

The Nebraska men, by all odds the largest delegation in the convention, having all their alternates present, also carried flags and waved them vigorously as they entered. Their arrival was greeted with cheers.

Chairman Butler addressed the convention, reviewing the events since 1896; told of the Omaha agreement, of the action of the mid-roads nominating Barker and Donnelly in 1898; of the Lincoln meeting of the national committee, of the bolt, and then introduced P. M. Ringdall of Minnesota as the temporary chairman of the convention. Committees on resolutions, credentials and permanent organization were appointed, and the convention adjourned to Thursday.

There is a wide difference of opinion as to the advisability of nominating a vice-president. Many, especially the Nebraska and various other delegations, favor sending a committee to Kansas City.

The Cincinnati Convention.

The national convention of the middle-of-the-road populist party at Cincinnati made good progress in its initial sessions Wednesday, May 9; listened to speeches of prominent leaders, appointed committees and paved the way for the main work of the convention, which it is hoped to conclude tomorrow.

The hall was decorated with banners bearing the mottoes of the party. Pictures of Peter Cooper were prominently displayed. Across the footlights hung a banner bearing the words: "We have thrown them over the transom." This was supplemented with the reply of the middle-of-the-roads: "You have thrown the party with us."

Congressman Howard of Alabama was made temporary chairman, and Col. W. L. Peck of Georgia was elected permanent chairman of the convention.

COURT-MARTIAL FOR PETTIT

Colonel in the Philippines to be Investigated.

A Manila, May 8 dispatch says: A court martial composed of General Hall, president, General Grant and several colonels, convened today at Manila to try Col. James S. Pettit of the Thirty-first volunteer infantry, on the charge of violating the sixty-second article of war, in having delivered the captured outlaw Juan Ramos to the local authorities of Zamboanga, island of Mindanao, with the result that Ramos was almost immediately killed without trial.

Pedro Patero, the former president of the so-called Filipino cabinet, who was recently captured in the mountains of Trinidad; has arrived here and has been placed incommunicado in the political jail. He is suffering greatly from sickness.

COMMUTES THE SENTENCE

Murderer of War Correspondent Saved by Roberts.

A London, May 9 dispatch says: Lord Roberts has commuted to penal servitude for life the sentence of death pronounced by the court martial before whom he was tried upon Lieut. Kenneth Murchison, of the artillery, who, on November 30 last, killed Mr. Parslow, correspondent of the Daily Chronicle at Mafeking.

The verdict of the court martial was forwarded to Lord Roberts with a recommendation to mercy from Colonel Baden-Powell, the British commander at Mafeking.

Mr. Parslow's death was at first attributed to an accident, but it subsequently developed that he and Lieutenant Murchison had dined together and that while they were strolling across the square Murchison drew his revolver and shot his companion.

COLLISION ON PLANT ROAD

Fireman Killed and Two Other Trainmen Injured.

The south bound passenger train on the Plant system and the north bound passenger train of the Southern railway collided at Hardeville, S. C., forty miles from Savannah.

John Jackson, colored fireman on the Southern, was killed, John S. Brown, bagman of the Plant system, and A. C. Stanley, mail clerk on the Southern were both injured. C. O. Lindford of Jacksonville and Mail Clerk Kearney, Waterman and Plans were seriously hurt.

The Plant system train was pulling into a siding when the collision occurred.

Dismisses the Case.

It has developed at Frankfort, Ky., that the \$25,000 damage suit of Col. Jack Chinn against Mrs. Kate Banta was dismissed at the recent term of the Franklin circuit court. Mrs. Banta filed an answer denying that she ever said or intimated to anyone that Chinn killed William Goebel. The petition alleged that she made use of the words "I saw Jack Chinn shoot Goebel."

Burns Children to Death.

OUR BUDGET OF FUN.

SOME GOOD JOKES, ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

The Camera and the Near-Sighted War Correspondent, How He Made a Motion Picture—At Home and Abroad—A Base Ball Problem.

Not Practical.

He said: "The girl that I make my wife, If I ever wed at all, The girl that I take for life—Must be a Dresden doll."

She said: "A Dresden doll with fluffy hair And cream and peaches look; Was made to sit up in a chair, But never made to cook."

A Cash Adventure.

For the big pot of coin at the rainbow's end In our innocent youth we have chased, my friend; But one man alone found that treasure, I'm told. He painted the rainbow, and so found the gold.

Made a Motion Picture.

Near-sighted War Correspondent—Ah, there's another fellow with a camera. I'll just take a shot at him for a joke.

But the other fellow's camera was a machine gun with instantaneous exposure. I'll just take a shot at him for a joke.

Annals the Second.

Hicks—That's rather an intelligent-looking dog.

Wicks—You bet he is. Why, that dog wandered away from home last week, and I put an advertisement in the paper offering a reward for his return, and what do you suppose was the result?

Hicks—Some one brought him home and claimed the reward, I suppose.

Wicks—The dog came home next morning carrying a copy of the paper in his mouth. You see he noticed the advertisement and came home of his own accord, so I wouldn't have to pay out any money on his account.

Drawing a Precedent on Her.

"Benny, you must not eat bread and butter out on the front steps."

"Aw, ma, you named me fer Denja min Franklin, an' teacher says he walked around in Philadelphia with a whole loaf o' bread under his arm."

House-Cleaning Strategy.

"Was that a porch-climber we saw over at Gamper's?"

"No; it was Gamper himself. He was afraid to go in at the front or back door for fear his wife or the cook would set him to beating carpet."

Universal Tendency.

He—You daughters of the American Revolution ought to be ashamed to wrangle the way you do.

She—Never mind; just wait until your Hall of Fame committee gets in session.—Indianapolis Journal.

She Was Wiling.

"If not yourself," said a wealthy old bachelor to a charming young lady, "whom would you rather be?"

"Yours truly," was the immediate reply.

The Sentence.

"A stolen kiss," said the janitor philosopher, "is sometimes punished by a married life sentence at hard-labor."

Home and Abroad.

The Umpire—I dare the first man to lay his hands on me! I defy the crowd of you! Come on!

A Steady.

Housekeeper—"I don't believe you ever did a stroke of work in your life."

Tramp—"I was six years in one place, mum." "Indeed! How did you happen to leave?" "I was pardoned out, mum."—New York Weekly.

Proposed Alliance With England.

If the United States and England should form an alliance there would be little chance for enemies to overcome us. When men and women keep up their health with little sleep and Stomach Bitters, there is little chance of attacks from disease, as it steadies the nerves and increases the appetite. Try it.

Owners of green houses should look out for snails. No less than seven distinct diseases are due to them.

A Blood Trouble

Is that tired feeling—blood lacks vitality and richness, and hence you feel like a laggard all day and can't get rested at night. Hood's Sarsaparilla will cure you because it will restore to the blood the qualities it needs to nourish, strengthen and sustain the muscles, nerves and organs of the body. It gives sweet, refreshing sleep and imparts new life and vigor to every function.

Felt Tired.—In the spring I would have no appetite and would feel tired and without ambition. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla in small doses, increasing as I grew stronger. That tired feeling left me and I felt better in every way. W. E. BAKER, Box 98, Milford, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best Medicine Money Can Buy. Prepared by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Nuremberg's Optical Works.

Nuremberg, Germany, has an electrical and optical works which employs over 4,000 men, besides a large scientific staff, and which in 1897 executed orders aggregating \$15,000,000.

The Shrinkers at Washington.

On May 19th, 20th and 21st the Big Four, C. & O. will sell round trip excursion tickets to Washington at one fare for round trip. For maps, rates, etc., address J. C. Tucker, G. N. A., 23 Clark St., Chicago.

To Improve Chocolate.

It is said by those who have tested it that hot chocolate is vastly improved in flavor when a teaspoonful of sherry is added to a cup.

Taste for the beautiful makes you appreciate such.

Remove the causes that make your hair lifeless and dry. Use Dr. Carter's Great Hair Restorer. For chafe, itching, eczema, the same, reduces inflammation, always cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A favorite expression—"I love you best of all."

Send for "Choice Recipes," by Walter Butler & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., mailed free. Mention this paper.

A single fact outweighs a thousand claims.

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FOR HOME AND WOMEN

ITEMS OF INTEREST FOR MAIDS AND MATRONS.

Some Notes About Apparel for Young and Old—A Handsome White Malt Fish for a Waist of Figured Lawn—Rough Straw Hats.

Willie, We Have Missed You.
(Old Favorite Series.)
Oh, Willie, is it you, dear,
Safe, safe at home!
They did not tell me true, dear,
They said you would not come.
I heard you at the gate,
And it made my heart rejoice;
For I knew that welcome footsteps
And that dear, familiar voice,
Making music on my ear
In the lonely midnight gloom;
Oh, Willie, we have missed you,
Welcome, welcome home.

We longed to see you nightly,
But this night of all,
The fire was blazing brightly,
And lights were in the hall;
The little ones were up,
Till 'twas 10 o'clock and past;
Then their eyes began to twinkle,
And they've gone to sleep at last;
But I thought I heard your footsteps,
Till they thought you'd never come;
Oh, Willie, we have missed you,
Welcome, welcome home.

Gift of Entertaining.
Today, among rational people who appreciate the fact that the best gift they can confer upon a woman is the knowledge of her own powers, the whole scheme of things is altered. The girl of the cultured classes, even when wealth is to be her portion, is early taught to take her part in domestic councils, writes Mrs. Burton Harrison in the Bazaar. The business of welcoming and looking after guests, a task peculiarly fitted for the exercise of her gracious powers, is largely allotted to her. She helps her mother to reduce the burden of notes, letters, applications for help and money that every day's mail brings pouring in to one's breakfast table. She writes and answers these invitations, gives hints as to the disposition of the daily menu for meals, remembers what dishes "papa" likes and "the boys" have called for, and receives claimants upon her mother's time and patience. Her youth, her beauty, her charm, when she is acting in her mother's stead, a hundred trifling annoyances of the household that through years of irritation have begun to weigh heavily upon the housekeeper. If there are younger children she establishes with them the loveliest of ties—that of vice-queen carrying out the mandates of the maternal sovereign, and at the same time making herself a comrade of nursery and schoolroom fun. To her father and grown brothers a girl rightly trained for the position may be a veritable blessing. To her they will carry worries and confidences they do not deem it expedient to convey to the generally overburdened mistress of the house. Her sympathy and camaraderie may well create a green spot in their lives of workaday.

Baby's Willow Basinet.
Where baby shall sleep from the very first day of his appearance is a subject upon which far too little thought is usually expended. The mother usually either lays him on the bed next to her or else upon a pillow which rests upon two chairs beside the mother's bed.
Both of these places for baby's sleep are objectionable. In the first place, no baby should lie under the same covers as the mother. Not only is she apt to turn upon him, and thus injure him unawares, but if he is a nursing baby he will soon acquire the habit of demanding food at frequent intervals at night through the pillow as he is bad. It is altogether too soft to support the weak little back, and it does not admit of baby's being tucked in as snugly as desirable when he first appears. Some mothers lay their child in the carriage. This would do at a pinch for awhile, if it contained a mattress laid upon a pillow, in order to raise it high enough to give the baby air, but he should not be put in the bottom of the carriage or upon a pillow. Some mothers use the crib at from the beginning. This, of course, is all right, but it is not so desirable at the outset, as it is a trifle too go to allow of the close tucking in of, and as it gives no sort of support to the weak frame.
Nothing can be found that is better all round purposes than the willow basinet. This comes in several sizes, very light, and rests upon a small stand, from which it can be lifted at will. It has the advantage that it is light and portable, and therefore convenient to carry the baby about in without disturbing him.
For the mother who feels that she cannot afford to pay \$5 or \$7 for a basinet, the clothesbasket is recommended as an excellent substitute. But care should be had in selecting it. It should be one with sides of wicker, and, if possible, with sides of very open weaving. If this is not practicable, the mattress can be raised high in the basket, resting upon a pillow which lifts it almost to the top.—Philadelphia Record.

For the Beauty-Secret.
Many of the most fascinating women of history have been without a single beauty of feature. Therefore, their attraction must have depended on expression, either inborn or acquired. Its subtleties depend as much on temperament as on education. A perfectly irregular face is sometimes magnetic by reason of its animation and earnestness. Irregularity of that kind is preferable to a beautiful and immobile countenance that smiles perpetually like an everlasting blue sky. There is only a hairline between repose and stagnation and one is as pleasing as the other is dull. It is the quality, rather than the quantity of the mind that affects expression. Excessive brain work is detrimental—it strains and contorts features, tightens the lips, and makes the head and dulls the other hand with a certain amount.

Bees for Pets.
There are few people in the heart of London who keep bees, but the Baden-Powells stand absolutely alone in having an apiary in their drawing room. Baden-Powell, it will be remembered, has distinguished himself in many ways in the present South African war. In the Baden-Powells' drawing room, surrounded by costly works of art and priceless bric-a-brac, standing on ornamental alabaster pedestals close to a great organ which takes up all one wall of a lofty room overlooking Hyde Park, are two large straw beehives, with glass windows that allow the bees to be seen at work within. Of course the bees do not fly about the room, but they escape into the outside world through a pipe leading out of a window. These bees are truly wonderful insects—the aristocracy of their kind, and they are made to do much work which bees, uncontrolled by such an ingenious mind as that of

Col. Baden-Powell, have never dreamed of. Wooden vessels of various objects, such as a bicycle, for instance, are placed in their hive, and the bees build their honeycomb upon them in the exact shape required. At the present time they are busy building a wax model of the colonel's bombproof quarters at Mafeking.

Gift for Working Girls.
Thanks to the generosity of the Marquis of Bute, the interest of £1,000 (\$5,000) is placed at the disposal of any working girl in Cardiff, who, on her approaching marriage, cares to apply for this little dowry. One would have supposed that such a bait would have brought a rush of applicants. But this year there is positively not one candidate for the money. What does this signify? Is it that matrons are growing too independent to ask for pecuniary help when matrimony is contemplated? Or is it that Englishmen, who are becoming scarcer and scarcer, have been positively rendered precious owing to the war?

Our Cooking School.
Shoulder of Veal.—This may be roasted, like the leg, but it is better for having the bone removed and the cavity thus left filled with a forcemeat made of bread crumbs and chopped ham, seasoned to taste.
Veal Cutlets.—Wipe the cutlets with a damp cloth, dip them, first in beaten egg, then roll in cracker dust and set in a cold place for an hour. Fry in dripping to a rich brown. Cook slowly that they may be thoroughly done. Lay for a moment on brown paper to drain free of grease, and put on a hot platter. Serve with tomato sauce.
Lettuce and tomato salad.—Tomatoes are greatly improved by a delicate seasoning of onion. Rub the bowl well with onion and line it with crisp lettuce leaves. Select tomatoes of the same size, peel and place them on ice until ready to use, quarter them and place on each piece a generous tablespoonful of Mayonnaise. French dressing can be substituted for the Mayonnaise if preferred. Cheese balls can be made of most any kind of cheese. Roquefort mixed with enough butter to moisten it and seasoned with a dash of cayenne is delicious. Roll a tablespoonful into a ball and arrange on lettuce leaves. Toast the crackers and serve very hot.

Outlandish.
The tramp entered the private office of a South Water street cheese merchant.
"Boss," began the knight of the tin-can tribe, "I see a Boer an' I wants yer to help me to land in South Africa."
"I'll help you to land on the 'out-side,'" blurted the busy cheese merchant.
"Den, boss, I'll be an outlander."
And the tourist vanished before the bombardment of ripe cheese.

Drawing the Line.
"Deah boy, we've got to draw the line on the Pwince, don't you know."
"How so, old chap?"
"Why, he weally can't expect that we'll carry our devotion so far as to go around the country with tinmiths shooting at us, don't you know."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Of Course They Are.
Mrs. Diggs—I wouldn't keep those peacocks if I were you. They are apt to cause trouble.
Mrs. Diggs—Why, how can they?
Mrs. Diggs—Well, they are always spreading tails, you know.

Mysteries of Life.
Dibbs—A man ought to know when he's got enough.
Jibbs—Well, I know when I've got enough work, but I never know when I've got enough recreation.—Chicago Record.

Disillusionment.
"Yes," replied the beautiful Geraldine, naively, "I felt like thirty cents, but I guess nobody suspected I talked like sixty!"—Detroit Journal.

BEAUTIFUL ROUGH STRAW.



The harmonies most favored in spring hats are of violet, gray, pastel blue, primrose and blush pink and a very beautiful shade of olive green. There is also a yellowish shade of red that is very charming. Pastel blue is very daintily employed in the accompanying illustration, which shows a hat of rough straw, with a tall crown, trimmed with narrow bands of velvet. A roll of satin ribbon in pastel blue and black is lightly laid around the brim and finished in an effective bow at the left side, the loops forming a picturesque background for two enormous white roses, with pale, yellow centers and deep-green leaves. A bandeau of the same flowers supports the brim at the back.

add it to the face, for the eyes gain depth and earnestness, the nose becomes determined, and the shapeless lips and jaws grow powerful. Expression to be really beautiful must correspond with and enhance the individuality already expressed. Violent temper renders the eyes dry and staring, making them devoid of that clear serenity which is so charming. Concentrated thought and pessimism, jealousy or discontent, deprive the mouth of its mobility and compress the lips to a thin line in time. Cynicism has a lasting effect on the corners of the mouth. No matter how ugly a face is it may come to possess rugged grandeur and homely sweetness, but neither of these is to be obtained by those who frivol, vacillate or have no appreciation for the higher things of life and the larger emotions. A petty expression, a poor mind, and a shallow heart cannot aid to the expression of a face.

A Waist Trimming.
White mull is made up this season in many pretty ways. The small belongings of dress are made almost exclusively of it and it is utilized for stocks, girdles and for the many pretty things that are twisted around the neck and yoke.
A very effective arrangement is made by tying a strip of white mull around the waist and bringing it up in a double bow at the bust line. This can be accomplished by a single strip of mull with silts for arm holes.
Another fasci is worn at the neck. It is edged with a narrow ruffle, and

is tied at the yoke in a soft knot. Little yokes of white mull finished with a little fasci are also worn. They are put on over the bodice and are fastened in the back or upon the shoulder.

Many are the pretty possibilities of mull, but it must in all cases be absolutely fresh, one or two wearings being all that can be claimed for it, unless it be kept for house wear only.

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BRITAIN'S MAINSTAY.

THE MERCHANT MARINE FLEET SAVES THE EMPIRE.

Her Shipping Makes Good Her Enormous Adverse Balance of Trade—Shipbuilder Cramp's Views—Passage of the Shipping Bill Is Urged.

Four generations of the Cramp family have in succession contributed to their present pre-eminence in American shipbuilding. Their Philadelphia shipyard now ranks in extent and output with the best in Europe, its product being always regarded as unexcelled in finish and efficiency. Mr. Charles H. Cramp is the present head of the family and its shipbuilding company. On this account, and the weight of authority given to his utterances on the subject of shipbuilding, as well as the probable early passage of the shipping bill, what he says is of timely value.

"Great Britain's imports in 1897," said Mr. Cramp, when asked for a brief statement, exceeded her exports by \$780,000,000, which is the largest adverse balance of trade in British history. How does she make it good? Chiefly through her vast shipping. Let me explain: At the last meeting of the directors of the Peninsular and Oriental Steamship Company—the largest in the world by the way—its present placed its average earnings at \$50 per gross ton, and which, in view of the competition to which it is subjected, may be regarded as the minimum per ton earning of British steamships. Information from other authentic sources indicates that the average earning of the entire British steam fleet, consisting of 7,310,000 tons, will not fall short of \$70 per ton per year. The British steam fleet, therefore, annually earns \$500,000,000 a year. Her sea-going sailing fleet, consisting of 2,735,976 tons, earns between \$15 and \$20 per ton per year, or say in the aggregate, \$180,000,000. The annual profits of banking, commissions and insurance in connection with this shipping are about 14 per cent of the traffic earnings. This shows: Steam fleet earn \$500,000,000, sailing fleet earn \$180,000,000, and other profits on shipping amount to \$68,200,000—showing a total annual earning from British shipping of \$688,200,000 a year, say in round numbers \$700,000,000.

"The earnings of her shipping, it will be seen, nearly wipes out Great Britain's adverse trade balance," continued Mr. Cramp, "and her revenue from foreign investments far more than exceeds the difference."

"Of this colossal revenue," concluded Mr. Cramp, "the United States contributes a little more than two-fifths directly; or, in other words, the producers and consumers of the United States pay to British ship owners not less than \$280,000,000 a year as the common carriers of American commerce to and from all parts of the world."

Congress is therefore confronted with the necessity of relieving the American people from the annual

JOE SIBLEY'S PLATFORM.

Tells a New York "Yellow" Why He Will Seek Re-Election.

Congressman Joe Sibley, who was nominated by the Republicans of the district in Pennsylvania that formerly was represented by a Democrat, was asked by a correspondent of the New York Journal on what platform he proposed to ask for re-election to Congress. His reply was characteristic of the man. He said:

"As an optimist, and not as a pessimist, as in favor of \$16 a thousand for hemlock lumber in my district as against \$8 a thousand four years ago; for 9-cent cotton as against 4-cent cotton; for \$1.55 a barrel for oil as against 55 cents a barrel; for 40-cent corn as against 20-cent corn; for a bigger rate per ton for the man who digs the coal than was paid to the owner four years ago; for three-eighths of one per cent of the population out of employment as against 40 per cent four years ago; for \$2 a ton for carrying ore on the great lakes as against 60 cents a ton; for \$2.85 a day for the ore handlers as against \$1.25; for an average increase of 25 per cent in wages over four years ago; for a surplus of \$90,000,000 in our national budget as against a deficit of \$75,000,000,000 under the last Democratic administration; for the continuance of the opportunity for every man to secure remunerative employment, and the banishment forever of soup houses from this glorious country; for an export trade of two billions annually, requiring three times greater product of our manufactures than we have at the present time; for the growing trade of the Orient, which will require all the farm products of the great west and a good deal of our industries, and will keep wheat at \$1 a bushel and upward."

"There are 100 more planks in my platform similar to the above, but my chief plank is that I am for a continuance of the splendid prosperity that we are enjoying under the administration of President McKinley."

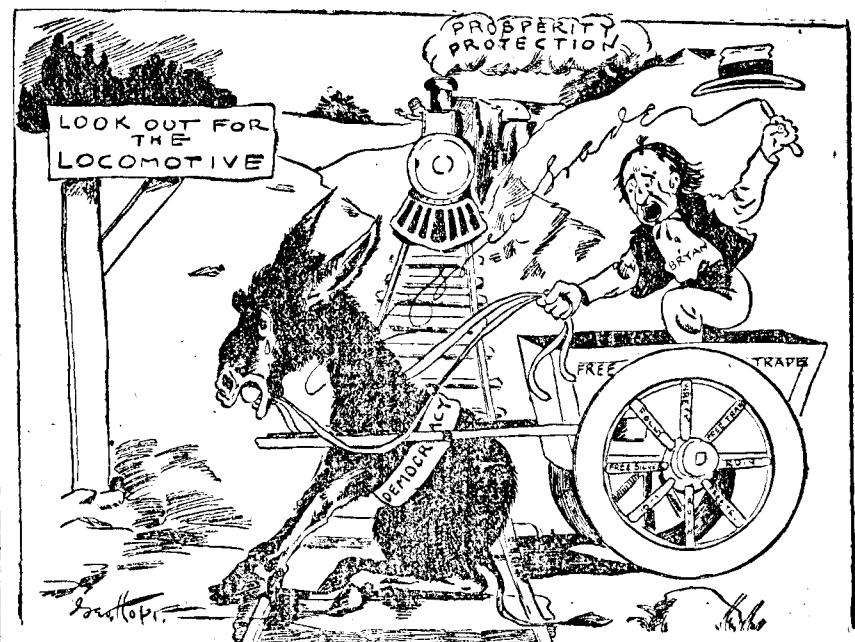
Jeffersonian Imperialism.

Mr. Bryan's recent remarks about "imperialism" sound very much like the criticisms that were hurled at the Jefferson administration when the Louisiana purchase bill was before Congress. As a sample here is a quotation from the New York Herald of March 21, 1804: "We revolted from Great Britain because her Parliament taxed us without our consent, expressed by our representatives. Our colonies may adopt our principles. Even the limited monarchy proposed in the bill now under discussion in the House of Representatives will not probably be established, and it is next to a certainty that the session will terminate leaving Jefferson in complete possession of all the despotic powers which were lately acquired by the Spanish monarch."

Colored Voters.

Senator Tillman's recent speech about the negro voter seems to have been but a preliminary toward disfranchising him in the south, judging from the action of the leading political party in Virginia. This evidence is in strange contrast with the

CAN HE ESCAPE A SMASH-UP?



drain of \$280,000,000 now contributed by them for the employment and permanent enrichment of Britons. It is conceded by all, and the president and his cabinet are emphatic on the subject, that the only way of overcoming this adverse and dangerous condition is for congress to speedily come to the aid of American shipping. The passage of the shipping bill, the provisions of which are in perfect accord with the urgent official recommendations of the president and the secretary of the treasury, and which bill has been favorably reported from the committees to each branch of congress, will revive American shipping in the foreign trade and lead to the eventual retention at home of these vast millions, the foreign outgo of which drains us of all our gold or its equivalent in our products.

But Prices Advanced.
Since 1897 there has been a general upward movement in the price of commodities in the United States. This was the cry of the Democratic party in 1896: "Give us free silver and prices will advance all along the line." But the Republicans killed free silver and prices went up all the same.

Expansion for Farmers.
The agricultural reports show that our sales of agricultural products abroad during the past three years, 1897-1899, were more than \$500,000,000 greater than in the preceding three years, 1894-1896. The American farmer is participating in the benefits of expansion.

David Jeckyll-Hyde Hill.
The report that the Hon. David B. Hill is prepared to support a platform that drove him to the political woods in 1896 is by no means startling. David is just that sort of person.

Baggag and Binding Twine.
Farmers will find a reason for the advance in bagging and binding twine by studying the foreign prices for Manila hemp and sisal. In both of these fibers there has been an advance of 100 per cent in value in the foreign market within two years. Jute has also advanced over 50 per cent within the same period.

Big Trusts Fighting.
Recent troubles between the steel and wire combines show that even big trusts can not compete amicably for trade. As a matter of fact, the bigger the corporation, and the more it attracts publicity, the more vulnerable it is if it does not deal fairly by the public or its employees.

The Railroad Record.
There were 4,500 miles of new railroad built last year, as against 2,219 miles in 1898, and 1,650 miles in 1895.

THE ARMY OFFICERS

TESTIFY IN THE IDAHO MINING INVESTIGATION.

Ate Prisoners' Food and Thought It Excellent—Punished Miners Who Tried to Build a Tunnel and Escape.

The Military Affairs Committee has listened to the testimony of three army officers on the matter of the treatment of the Coeur d'Alene miners, held as prisoners in Idaho by the soldiers, and on the general character of the food and accommodations. Capt. Edwards narrated the circumstances of the detention of Mr. Heney after the state authorities had given permission for his release. He said that a tunnel had been dug by the prisoners, that they might escape. When it was discovered investigation was made to determine who had done it. He suspected that Mr. Simpkins had been a leader of this movement, accused him, and upon admission, had him confined in the county jail. He ordered Mr. Heney and some of the other prisoners to fill up this tunnel, and they refused to work. For this insubordination, the witness said, he put Mr. Heney on bread and water, for the good of prison discipline, and held him until he had performed the work. Some other prisoners had been punished by his orders for violation of prison rules. This punishment consisted of a diet of bread and water, and being required to forego the luxury of hay for their beds. This, however, was not severe because they had their blankets and quilts to sleep on. He said there was no denial of free speech, and added that on the 4th of July, a celebration was had in which the soldiers, as well as the men, participated; speeches were made, rough riding and other games were indulged in. The suppression of the Mul-len Mirror, and the order preventing the commemoration of July 11th, by a public gathering, originated with the civil and not the military authorities.

Major A. L. Smith of the 1st Cavalry corroborated much of Capt. Edwards' testimony, and approved all of the measures taken by the latter, such as the punishment of prisoners, for the good of prison discipline. He told of a meeting which had been held at which the question of permitting men to resume work at the pumps was considered. The union had ordered the men to quit the pumps, and as this would have resulted very speedily in the flooding and the destruction of the mines, the matter was brought to the attention of the witness and of Lieut. Lyons. Ten minutes was given the union to meet and rescind its action, and the union complied, after which the men returned to work. Had this action not been taken the mines would have been damaged to such an extent that it is doubtful if they could ever have been resumed.

Major Smith said that he had not arrested any one, but that he had required a man to be prosecuted for draping the American flag in black, and putting it at half mast on the 4th of July. He said he had received no complaints of suffering among their families. As to the quantity and quality of the food served he said it was sufficient and very good.

Lieut. Helberg testified as to the treatment of prisoners and their food and accommodations. He said that he had heard of no infractions of the rules by the men, nor of any improper treatment of them by the troops. He said he subsisted for two weeks and a half upon the food from the prison kitchen, and considered it of superior excellence. As to the matter of punishment inflicted by Capt. Edwards he considered that it was not severe, and that it was necessary to maintain discipline.

Nebraska's Farm Values.

Regarding the prosperity now prevalent in the west, a paper from the interior of Nebraska, says: "With the price of steers ranging at from \$4.00 to \$5 in Omaha, hogs near the \$5.50 mark, corn near the 30 mark at home, and the country full of money, it doesn't look as though the presidential campaign is going to materially affect prosperity, at least not in the agricultural and stock-growing belt. Four years ago hogs sold for \$2.30 in Stanton, while good corn commanded but 14 cents. Oats, rye and barley show the same wide difference in price. Butter is worth nearly double what it was then. The same is true of everything the farmer has to sell, with the exception of wheat, and even that is several cents higher now than then."

Nebraska's Horrible Example.

Nebraska affords a striking horrible example of the effects of a Democratic administration and a free trade tariff. Its bank deposits show it:

Year.	Amount.
1892	\$24,891,113
1893	17,208,476
1894	18,074,832
1895	14,200,715
1896	10,227,587
1897	13,902,940
1898	18,225,180
1899	21,666,111

These figures represent the deposits in all banks in Nebraska under State supervision only. The decline during the Democratic administration of 1893-97 is as remarkable as the increase in deposits under the present administration of President McKinley.

More Work at Home.

With 100 per cent of increase in the population of the United States during the last thirty years, there has been an increase of only 60 per cent in our total imports of foreign goods. This shows how the American workman under protection is acquiring the American market.

Demand for Paper.

The man who writes the Kansas City platform will have to draw heavily upon the paper mills if he attempts to explain all of the miscarried predictions of 1896.

Missouri Improving.

Republicanism in Missouri must be on the increase. Democratic legislation seldom take the pains to Goebelize a state when there is no danger.

A GREAT EDUCATOR.

PRESIDENT HARPER, OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.

A Man of Indomitable Energy and Perseverance Has Won Many Prizeworthy Gifts from the Head of Standard Oil Company.

One of the greatest workers of today is Dr. William Rainey Harper, the president of the University of Chicago. His capacity for work is marvelous. Those who do not realize the endless variety of his duties, the details he arranges, the multitudes of instructions he gives, from morning till night, lose sight of the most remarkable phase in the character of the man whose ambition it is to make the University of Chicago "the greatest the world has ever seen." Recently he raised \$200,000, which enabled him to secure the \$200,000 donated by John R. Rockefeller for the university. Everything in Dr. Harper's life is done according



DR. WILLIAM R. HARPER.

to a certain schedule. He has a "little red book" in which each evening he jots down the tasks he will have to perform the following day and he executes them with the regularity of a clock. He never loses a minute in wondering what to do next. Dr. Harper rarely sleeps over seven hours, which leaves a big share of the 24 to map out for the thousand things he has on hand. He rises generally at 5 a. m. A cup of coffee and an hour's hard work follows. At 5:45 he dictates letters of instructions to secretaries and deans and, if the weather is clear, a short spin on his wheel is in order. Seven o'clock he breakfasts, followed by three hours of close application to important matters in his study. At 11 and 12 o'clock he has recitations. One o'clock finds him at luncheon and a half hour later at his office in the Haskell Memorial Building on the campus. His work with the professors and secretaries occupy from three to four hours and then he opens his office door to general callers. This program is carried out each afternoon. A bicycle spin precedes supper, which is served at 8:30 and to which Dr. Harper devotes half an hour. He takes a rest of 15 minutes after dinner and this time he frequently gives over to playing a cornet, upon which he is a very good performer. At 7:30 the evening grind begins and continues until 10:30, when he retires.

BESIEGED FOR 24 YEARS.

Candia Held Out for That Length of Time.

One of the longest sieges in history was that of Candia (Crete). It lasted twenty-four years, and was begun by the Turks in June, 1645, when they landed a large army, variously estimated at from 14,000 to 150,000 men. On September 3, 1669, the town capitulated, after a siege which is estimated to have cost the lives of 40,000 Christians and nearly 120,000 Turks. Constantinople was besieged by either Persians or Turks from A. D. 620 to 673. From 668 to 675 the Turks repeated their attacks yearly. The siege of Gibraltar, attacked by land and sea, lasted four years, from 1779-1783. During the thirty years war Olmutz was besieged from 1642-1643, and was still held by the Swedes in 1650, when they gave it up in accordance with agreement, not compulsion. The siege of Lucknow furnishes the most famous example of a British garrison holding out against fearful odds. For eighty-seven days the slender garrison held out until relief came. This is now eclipsed by Ladysmith. Herat, in Afghanistan, is one of the most frequently besieged cities, having been besieged fifty times. Constantinople has suffered from twenty-six sieges, and Paris from eleven.—Stray Stories.

What the Queen Has Seen.

Queen Victoria during her lifetime has seen the entire world transformed. On the day of her birth, May 24, 1819, the first steamboat which ever crossed the Atlantic or any other ocean started from Savannah to Liverpool, making the voyage in 23 days. The same distance is now made in less than six days. She was six years of age when the first railway train started to carry passengers. She was 13 years of age, and had just ascended the throne, when the Morse system of telegraphy was first patented. Thirty-nine years of her life had passed when the first cable was laid under the Atlantic. Fifty-six years of it expired before the first telephone went into practical operation. At the time of her birth the tramp of Bonaparte's armies had just ceased to shake the world, and Bonaparte himself was a prisoner on a British island in the South Atlantic. She has seen every throne in Europe vacated many times. She has seen her own country transformed politically from an oligarchy, in which only one out of 50 of population was permitted to vote, into a democracy, in which the voters number one out of six of the inhabitants.—Answers.

Dangerous Illness.

Mrs. Briske—Johnny, did the doctor call while I was out? Little Johnny (stopping his play)—Yes'm. He felt my pulse an' looked at my tongue, and shook his head, and said it was a very serious case, and he left this paper, and said he'd call again before night. Mrs. Briske—Gracious me! It wasn't you I sent him to see; it was the baby.—Tit-Bits.



A SUIT OF WHITE.

IN every cake of Ivory Soap there are 100 complete suits of rich, creamy lather. Before dressing, put on a suit of Ivory Soap. Cover the entire body from head to foot with lather. Take the suit off with tepid water and you will remove with it all the impurities of the body which have been carried to the surface through the pores. Use a pure soap for this.

IVORY SOAP—99 PER CENT. PURE.

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The Ord Quiz.

W. W. HASKELL, PUBLISHER.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates are very low considering the circulation of THE QUIZ and the quality of its readers. They are strictly adhered to and no deviation will be made. These rates do not include a copy of the paper.

	1 WK.	1 Mo.	3 Mo.	6 Mo.	1 Yr.
1 inch.....	25	50	1.50	3.00	6.00
2 1/2 inch.....	35	75	2.25	4.50	9.00
3 column.....	1.00	2.00	5.00	9.00	18.00
4 column.....	1.25	2.50	6.00	10.00	20.00
5 column.....	1.50	3.00	7.50	12.00	24.00

Scales, 5 cents a line. No local for less than 10 cents.

The guaranteed circulation of THE QUIZ is Over 1,150 per week.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50. If unpaid year after year, \$2.

Extra copies to be sent abroad per year \$1.00.

\$183,000,000 is the amount that it is claimed the war revenue tax has netted the government in the last two years.

It took twenty three rounds for Jeffries to knock out Jim Corbett last Friday night. It will take both pugilists more than that number of days to recover from the hard drubbing each received.

The Boer-English war moves steadily on, and it is quite evident that the end is not far. With such a superior force in numbers the strategy of the Boers has been more than equaled and it will be but a few short weeks ere Buller and his forces will be triumphant.

St. Louis is now claiming its share of public attention with a big strike of street and motor car men. On a call for 2,500 extra policemen to keep order only about 250 responded, and it is said that part of these were strikers who were getting anxious for a job.

The Omaha Illustrated Sunday Bee last Sunday presented to its readers a fine frontispiece in the shape of a halftone engraving of Hon. Charles H. Dietrich, republican candidate for governor. The Bee is fast gaining the reputation of issuing one of the finest illustrated Sunday editions that is being put out in the west.

It will now be in order for John L. Sullivan, of championship pugilistic fame, to challenge the winner of the recent Jeffries-Corbett fight, John never misses an opportunity of this kind to insist that he is a better man today than he was ten years ago, and that he will immediately begin to put himself in condition to meet the winner. The sporting world has grown used to John's prattle and treat him as one who talks in his second childhood.

The Calloway, Neb., Currier knows what it is talking about when it says:

Some of the papers are advocating the renomination of F. M. Currier for state senator. We are ready to second that nomination, and we believe he is the only republican who can be elected. His record in the legislature during his former term ought to insure him the support of many honest populists, as much of that record is a practical application of some reforms populists have always been demanding.

but which very few officeholders elected as populists have ever put into practice."

A man who has made a success in private life under all kinds of unfavorable circumstances would surely be the man that would make a success in serving and carrying out the will of the people in public life. Charles H. Dietrich, republican nominee for governor of Nebraska, started at the foot of the ladder and has made for himself a name that is respected by all who know him. A vote for him on election day will mean a vote for an honest, conscientious man and not a vote for a scheming, office seeking politician.

And now it appears that Edgar Howard has changed his idea and his ambition no longer runs toward a seat in the state house. Ed now wants a chance to run against Dave Mercer in the first congressional district. The fate of past politicians who have made the attempt to win the laurels from Dave should act as a guiding star to such a smooth politician. Many far more popular men than Edgar Howard have been sacrificed on the congressional block in Douglas county, and at present it looks much as if Edgar would be the next.

Memphis, Tenn. recently held a big Dewey demonstration and that southern city went wild in its attempt to do honor to the great naval hero. The much distinguished Admiral will now be compelled to again change his hat for a larger size, announce to the people that he is a democrat and once more have it declared from the house tops that he is still in the race for the presidential nomination.

It must have been a funny sight at the state convention to see Tom Majors in the harness working for Ed Rosewater for national delegate, and yet they say it was a fact. It is but a proof of the union and solid party front that will battle for victory this fall. There will be no faltering along the line, with every republican faction united Nebraska will be redeemed.

The record of an honest man will bear investigation. Study the biographical sketch of the republican nominee for governor, Charles H. Dietrich, as published in this paper, from the pen of a man of his own town, and the reason will be clear why he was nominated to fill the gubernatorial chair by the republican convention.

The Sioux Falls convention was quite an affair in its line but the real thing is scheduled to come off at Kansas City. Wait for the results of the big show. The side show is always "out and over before the amusement commences in the big tent."

Of course the delegates to the national republican convention from Iowa are for William McKinley. That state recognizes the marvelous advancement it has made under the present administration and only desires for more of it.

Now that the populists have made their selection at Sioux Falls, the leaders of that party will spend many sleepless nights in worrying over what will happen at the big show in Kansas City.

ON TO NOME CITY.

Haskell tells of the Wonders by the Roadside.

DEAR QUIZ:—Having extricated my feet from a maze of handbags and telescopes, where they had reposed for the night, and having aroused my brain from a refreshing night's sleep, I will now write a brief letter to you, more because it is my duty to do so, than because I have anything to write.

At this hour we are gliding along the valley of the Columbia headwaters, among whose barren wastes of sand and sage brush we found ourselves at day-break this morning.

Strange the contrast indeed! for when night came down upon us we were winding about in Montana following the sinuous course of sundry streams which dash along amid snow-capped peaks and beautiful villas resting at their bases.

During the night we passed from these beauties of Montana and through the northern spur of Idaho, so we saw nothing of the latter state.

But I must not pass from Montana without recording a most exalted opinion of her as a resourceful state. All day we traveled through that state, and from the moment we entered the state on the east until night shut out the view we had our good opinion of the state increased and confirmed. We saw no barren land. On the contrary the hills and even the snow-capped peaks were green with grass, and everywhere along the valleys were beautiful farms showing abundant evidence of thrift and prosperity. Millions of sheep and cattle were in evidence and pine were omnipresent, covering the whole extent of the state traversed. Mines are rich and numerous and to such as those at New Castle, Wyoming pays annual tribute of many thousands.

But I am writing my letter backward. I joined my companions, Billings and Colby, at about two o'clock Friday morning at Grand Island. When daylight came we were at Broken Bow not many miles from home though we had traveled since the preceding afternoon. As we steamed along we were in the excellence of the B. & M. roadbed and the increasing dreariness of Western Nebraska.

But as we neared Crawford Jim began to "pick up his ears." Here was where the gallant 2d Nebraska was first stationed when sent to make good Indians in 1890. He related several experiences one of which gave John Luke the nickname of "Papoose Soldier" for the rest of the campaign. Four Indian chiefs were guarded there by the company. Among them was "Man-Afraid-of-his-horse," who one day, looking down on Johnny Luke, patted him on the head and said "Papoose Soldier."

Here generally fine scenery began. Here also in Nebraska appeared the advance guard of the great pine forest through which we were to travel for two days and a night.

At 1:30 Saturday morning we reached Billings, Montana, and found Henry Nelson awaiting us at the depot. The train stops there some time and, though it was dark, Henry piloted us about the immediate vicinity of the depot.

He, his wife and eight boys are well and doing well. Two of them are already earning wages and he has a steady job. All day Saturday it rained, and so we could not witness at its best the grandness we passed through.

As I close this letter we are dipping deeper into the irrigated lands of Washington. The county is a desert but here and there are rich fields of headed wheat and fine orchards.

Water is pumped from the swift-flowing streams by water wheels.

W. W. HASKELL.

State News and Comment.

Eullerton is to have a new national bank.

The Platte river is said to be higher than it has been for years.

A runaway team in Grand Island wrecked a baby carriage and quite seriously injured a little girl who was the occupant thereof.

An electric storm visited the home of S. A. Hendree, near Cozad and many horses, mules, cattle and other property destroyed.

A floater was picked up in the Platte river near Louisville. There were no marks on the body for identification and the corpse was turned over to the coroner.

Dr. A. L. Nixon, one of the most prominent residents of Stanton, Nebraska, died suddenly with a stroke of paralysis. He was one of the oldest practicing dentists in the state.

Five inmates of the state Industrial school recently escaped from that institution, driving off with a horse and cart belonging to the school. They were captured and brought back before they got out of the county.

John Hibbard, of Washington township, Sherman county, was recently found dead in his bed. The coroner was called and an inquest held when it was found that he died of heart failure caused by the excessive use of tobacco.

An Iowa farmer laid down to take a snooze on the public thoroughfare of Omaha. He had a wad of money in his pocket and during his quiet slumber he was "touched" for the lucre. He now bemoans his loss to the police of that city.

Lightning struck a large new barn belonging to John Irving, in Warsaw precinct, Howard county, and it together with several out-buildings was burned to the ground. Several head of horses were suffocated in the flames. The loss was partly covered by insurance.

WAR TO THE DEATH

PESTS OF THE POULTRY YARD MUST GO!

American Lice Destroyer Kills More Mites, Lice and Other Vermin in a Day Than All Other Remedies Combined.

The war is on! The days of lice and vermin have done so much to make the life of the poultrymen miserable, and his business unprofitable are over. American Lice Destroyer is the proper ammunition to use! This preparation is wonderful in its power, and vermin cannot exist twenty-four hours after it is applied to the coop or fowls. Every poultryman needs it. It is cheap, reliable and effective, one package being sufficient to protect 250 fowls from mites and lice for one year. When this Destroyer is used profits at once increase. Lice and vermin do more to kill profits than all other causes combined. You know it. Don't go on losing money every week, but try American Lice Destroyer. You may have tried other things without success, but if this fails you can have your money back. We are in this fight to stay, and will back Destroyer against any number of mites or lice you may have. Don't fool away money with "recept" or home-made malapropos. Use scientific means. The American Lice Destroyer has been used by thousands of poultrymen; it has been on the market several years and has been tested thousands of times. We know it is all right, and if it doesn't work remember you get your money back. What more can you ask? If your druggist don't sell American Lice Destroyer he's behind the age. In that case send for \$1.00 box at once. Made only by American Mfg. Co., Terre Haute, Ind.

VICINITY NEWS.

From our Neighboring Exchanges.

From the Burwell Tribune. The petition asking the commissioners to submit at a special election the question of bonding the county for \$1500 to be used in building a fire-proof vault for the storage of books and papers at the court house, will be circulated in a short time. The petitioners agree to stand the expense of the special election, providing the bonds fail to carry. It is presumed that there are "patriots" enough in each precinct to act on the election boards, and therefore the expense will be very light. We hope the petitions will be liberally signed.

E. J. Clements, the Ord disciple of Blackstone, was in town on business last night.

From the St. Paul Republican. D. M. Erskine, the veteran traveling salesman, is reported in a very bad condition at his home in this city. His health has been poor for a long time and about a year ago he was compelled to leave the road, his daughter, Miss Kittie, taking his place. He is said to be stronger physically now than for a long time, but his mind has failed rapidly during the past few weeks and it is now feared that he is on the verge of hopeless insanity. "Dad" Erskine's misfortune will awaken a feeling of genuine sympathy in all the country around here; he was one of the oldest men on the road and very popular wherever he went.

J. L. Pratt, the Union Pacific operator has been sent to Brady Island to take charge of the station there temporarily. Clarence Nichols is in charge of the chained lightning during his absence.

The British Government, it is reported, is about to contract for 50,000 more American horses. No further inquiry need be made for the horseless era man He has retired from business.

A law has passed the Ohio Legislature that adds twenty-nine villages to the population of Cincinnati and doubles its area. It will bother Cleveland to answer this move in time for the census.

A Japanese prince is to build a steel and marble palace worth \$2,500,000, and has ordered the steel in the United States. American manufacturers are marching right along in Asiatic countries.

English military critics say the present movement of the Boers is extremely rash. But the Boers have kept the offensive for two weeks and at considerable cost to the enemy.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Of The First National Bank at Ord, in the state of Nebraska, at the close of business April 26, 1900.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		\$145,181.43
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		3,065.86
United States bonds to secure circulation		12,500.00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		7,000.00
Revenue stamp account		150.00
Due from approved reserve banks		13,054.82
Checks and other cash		1,998.51
Fractional paper currency		26.37
Specie		3,539.00
Legal tender notes		3,025.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		562.50
Total		\$221,251.20
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		\$50,000.00
Surplus fund		10,000.00
Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid		7,009.43
National bank notes outstanding		11,250.00
Individual deposits subject to check		78,238.04
Demand certificates of deposit		30,446.02
Total		\$191,003.49
State of Nebraska, ss		
I, E. M. Williams, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.		
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of May, 1900.		
H. E. Olson, Notary Public.		
My commission expires Jan. 16, 1906.		
Correct.		
J. R. Williams, President.		
PETER MORTENSEN, Directors.		

This Week in Local History.

Interesting news items gleaned from the files of THE QUIZ for the last eighteen years showing what had happened each year in the week corresponding with the present.

May 18, 1882.—Full account of the murder of Hans O. Thunen by Neils Godtfriedsen was recorded. Defendant was sentenced to twenty years at hard labor in the state penitentiary.

A heavy frost was reported but little damage done.

May 17, 1883.—Spring reported the with spring for many years.

G. W. Milford had not yet arrived but was expected in a week or so.

A cyclone passed through Pleasant Valley and tore things up generally.

May 16, 1884.—O. F. Way was running a stage coach between North Platte and Ord.

May 27, 1885.—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cushing.

May 15, 1886.—Billy Graves, a colored barber, stole a pair of pants from Jorgensen, the tailor, and shipped them out of town. He was taken before Judge Lavery and fined.

W. H. Hammond arrived from Marshalltown, Iowa and opened a real estate office.

May 13, 1887.—Preliminary work was first commenced for the construction of the Ord waterworks system.

May 24, 1889.—A big shipment of fat stock was made to Chicago on a special train. Twenty-two decorated cars containing 400 fat steers made up the train.

May 16, 1890.—J. F. Barron resigned his position as agent for the Union Pacific and accepted the cashiership of the Ord National bank. W. S. McCarthy took the position vacated by Mr. Barron.

O. F. Way was showing his "patent" typewriter.

May 15, 1891.—Lafe Paist came to Ord and entered the employment of the Milfords where he is still employed.

May 13, 1892.—D. A. Gard leased the Transit house to J. H. Watt.

Little rain and little news.

May 17, 1893.—There was much complaint about dry weather.

May 17, 1895.—Will Mattley and I. S. Fretz got into an argument on the woman's suffrage question and it wound up in a challenge and acceptance for a joint debate. Mattley of course sustained the suffrage question.

The Arcadia Champion first made its appearance with O. L. Day as editor. It has had many editors since.

THE QUIZ man was writing poetry on warm weather. We bet he has changed his subject ere this.

May 12, 1896.—Alvin Hughes was buried in a well by sand caving in on the George Upwright farm. Four days of hard work was required to extricate the corpse. The well was 140 feet deep.

May 14, 1897.—Thomas Stone residing near Arcadia was adjudged insane by the board of insanity.

Gid Summers was shot in the head by a tough from South Dakota. The shooting occurred at night in Luddington's livery stable. The tough doing the shooting escaped.

May 1899.—Ord had a base ball team that did not know how to play ball.

Charles Lock left for Farragut, Iowa. Counterfeit bills were being circulated in the vicinity.

A. F. Dworak left for Ward, Colorado.

Willie Harding came to Ord to work for Ben Bridgford.

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For those Preparing to teach.

Summer School,

For students of the public schools.

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For those wanting a thorough Business Course.

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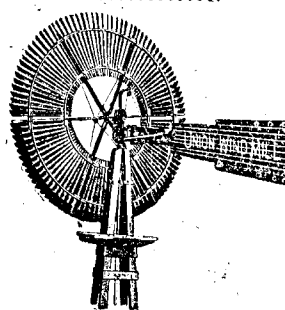
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CASTORIA

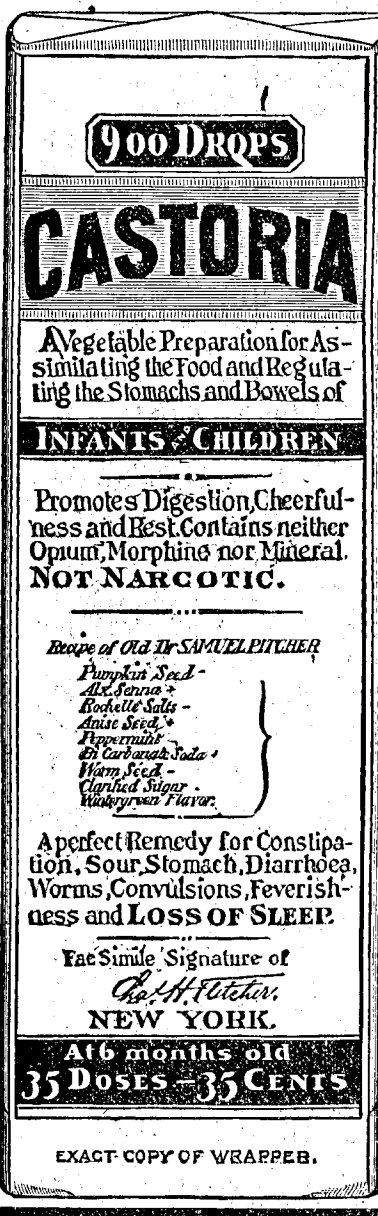
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WE HAVE THEM.

Men's Black Canvas Tennis Slippers at 70c.
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These are all new Goods bought this Spring and will give good service. Try a pair.

We Show

a nice Line of Ladies, Misses and Children's Oxfords in all colors and prices.

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The Ord Quiz.

W. W. HASKELL, PUBLISHER.

ORD, NEBRASKA



RAILROAD TIMETABLES.

UNION PACIFIC.
No. 82.—Passenger.....Leaves 8:30 a. m.
No. 84.—Freight.....Leaves 2:30 p. m.
No. 81.—Passenger.....Arrives 8:30 a. m.
No. 83.—Freight.....Arrives 1:00 p. m.
All trains are daily except Sunday.

BURLINGTON R.O.D.
Passenger, going east.....Leaves 7:25 a. m.
Freight, going east.....Leaves 12:20 p. m.
Freight, going west.....Leaves 2:30 p. m.
Passenger, going west.....Leaves 4:33 p. m.
*Eastbound freight goes to Erie on Tuesdays leaving Ord at 8:45 on that day only.
All trains are daily except Sunday.

Home Happenings & Comment

Hawley Smith Monday night.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

Buy your Garden Seeds at Bridgford's.

Tickets for Hawley Smith at Bridgford's.

For 7 per cent farm loans call on H. E. Oleson, Ord.

Herman Oleson made a flying trip to Scotia Wednesday.

Can we show you our wall paper for spring 1900?—Bridgford.

The A. M. Mutter family visited friends in North Loup Wednesday.

Joe Capron is showing some eastern capitalists over the country this week.

Emma Robbins went to Blair and Lincoln Wednesday morning to spend a month or so visiting.

Lost:—Gold plated watch chain with "nickle" charm attached. Finder return to this office and receive liberal reward.

Mrs. Frank Killian and son of Cleveland, Ohio, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Watt, arrived in the city Wednesday and will spend a time visiting here.

T. J. Curtiss, a Grand Island piano agent, was in the city Wednesday making arrangements for a local agency. Frank Kates accepted the agency and will put in a line of instruments.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

Irving Honnold tells us that the \$45 netted by the Midway entertainment given by the eleventh grade will be used in giving the twelfth grade a banquet and what is left after the banquet will be used in paying the expenses of a fishing expedition to Lake Erie.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

The fates are surely with Bill Wear. Bill has been a strong advocate of the six rainy Sunday theory all along, but all day Sunday it looked as if the theory had been knocked out and Bill had begun to hedge, claiming that the shower had gone around. But along about eight-thirty a small cloud drifted up and a two minute shower ensued. Not enough rain fell to soil the feathers on an Easter hat but enough for Bill to say "I told you so."

A special musical program at the Presbyterian church proved to be quite a drawing card last Sunday night. Outside the regular musical line Professors Bond and Eret were on hand and favored with one or two solos. These two accomplished musicians can fill a house in Ord on a moments notice.

M. D. L. Taylor will be the next janitor for the Ord public schools. This selection was made at the last regular session of the school board. Mr. Taylor is a hard and ambitious worker and we venture that he will be a good janitor.

H. D. Leggett has found it necessary to remove that hirsute piece of attractiveness from his upper lip. It certainly improves the looks of H. D. and we are now ready to cast our ballot for him as the handsomest man in town.

Abilfriend you have got the spring fever, run down, pains in the head, tired, restless—buy a ticket at Bridgford's and go to hear Hawley Smith lecture Monday night and come away from the court house a new man.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

The bathing season has arrived and Ord youths divide their time with the closing days of school and the river.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

Only a week more of school.

Scale books at the Quiz office.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

See the new steel range at Harris's north side store.

Just a few left—Tickets for the Hawley Smith lecture Monday night.

Tom Dalton got back Tuesday evening from a several days trip down the road.

Bridgford will sell you a ticket for Hawley Smith's lecture Monday night.

Lawrence Kroetch went to Grand Island Monday morning, returning on the freight.

Mrs. Robert Mills finished her visit in Ord and went home to St. Paul Friday morning.

Al Dunn was in town between trains Wednesday morning. He was on his way to North Loup.

Thoroughbred Barred Rock eggs 50c per setting.—Mrs. M. A. Boynton.

Cernik, the Ord tailor man, was a passenger to Burwell Tuesday evening. He returned Wednesday morning.

By dint of careful nursing and much labor the court house lawn is beginning to assume its usual green appearance.

Mart Hubbard went to the Island Wednesday where he will take treatment for his eyes from an eye specialist of that city.

Miss Mary Sirchon, sister of the Sirchon boys, left Tuesday morning for Mankato, Minn., where she goes to spend the summer.

J. H. Capron has money for 7 per cent loans on improved farms. Money furnished when papers are signed. Notes payable at Ord.

Dr. G. R. Gard, Dentist, over Clements Bros', law office. Special attention given to regulating the teeth. Examination and advice free.

Mrs. James Barta has sufficiently recovered from her recent sick spell as to again be able to go around. We hope for her further immediate recovery.

Bass are now reported to be biting at Lake Erie and several local parties are already beginning to make arrangements for an excursion to the lake.

Shake well before taking and take next Monday night. A little of Hawley Smith's lecture to the High School graduating class. Tickets going fast at Bridgford's.

Mrs. Peter Mortensen will entertain a number of young ladies next Saturday afternoon, at her spacious home, in honor of Miss Dora McMasters, of Hopkins, Mo.

N. Cone, father of Mrs. Phil Crow, who for the past six weeks has been visiting his daughter out on the old Mallory ranch, returned to his home in Lincoln Tuesday morning.

PEANUTS! Plants! Plants! by the hundreds and by the thousands! Plants for everybody! Sweet potatoes, cabbage and tomato plants for sale by M. D. L. TAYLOR, Ord, Neb.

Mr. Philip L'kes of Aurora, accompanied by his grandson, Merton L'kes, of Lincoln, came up Saturday and visited until Tuesday morning in the family of his daughter, Mrs. S. A. Stacy.

Virgil Stone passed through town Saturday evening enroute for Burwell where he remained over Sunday returning to Lincoln Monday morning. He said he did not have time to stop off in Ord this trip.

Charley Cox returned Friday from Memphis, where he had been with a load of horses and mules. He says that his stock brought fair prices and that he considers the Memphis horse market at present the best in the country.

Local enthusiasts raised enough money Friday to enable them to induce the Western Union people to allow Agent Erick to take the news of the Jeffries-Corbett prize fight from the wire. The returns were published in Kelley's saloon as fast as the rounds came off.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

C. C. Bashaw made quite a strange find one morning while loading his ice wagon at the ice house. The find consisted of a raccoon's nest, made in the saw dust, cozily lined and occupied by two young 'coons. A raccoon is quite a rare animal in this vicinity, history recording but few captures of this kind.

We desire in this public manner to thank the many friends who so kindly assisted during the sickness and death of our beloved child. There will ever be a green spot in our hearts for the loving neighbors and friends who have got forth so many efforts to make our burden easier to bear.

Mr. & Mrs. ION KLIMA.

Frank Johnson tells us that he just finished putting in a ten acre patch of sugar beets last Saturday night, getting them in just in time for the rain that evening. Frank says he expects that they will require a lot of hard work in about ten days to get them thinned down and get the weeds out of them but he thought he would try a few acres to see if there was anything in it.

Following is the program of the exercises of the eighth grade to be held at the opera house, this (Friday) evening: Song....."Bird of the Wild Wing".....Class Recitation....."In the Casca".....Allan Clements Instrumental Music.....Edith Walton "Faint Leaf Schottische" Essay.....Ray St. Claire "Laysan Island" Boys and Girls Recitation....."Big Jim".....Sadie Calhoun Solo....."Over the Fresh Green Fields".....Flora Wharton Recitation....."The Little Quaker Sinner".....Carrie Smith Song....."Swing".....Girls of Class Recitation.....Bessie Stacy Song....."Merry Jumps".....Mary Derran, Bessie Lavin, Carrie Smith, Bessie Stacy and Sadie Calhoun.

The Board of Education has held one or two meetings recently and made arrangements for the teachers for the coming year. All of the old teachers were re-employed except Miss Jennings and Miss Armstrong, the former not making any application for the position. The board came to the conclusion that they would discontinue one room for the present and as this left but one vacancy to be filled, Miss Stella Hewett was selected to fill the place. The teachers for the coming year are: Supt. O. L. Anderson, Cora A. Thompson, Alta Jones, Lydia Crow, Nellie Jones, Lary George, Bertha Clements, Stella Hewett, Sadie Ollis and Grace Packler. In the matter of salaries the superintendent will receive \$900 instead of \$850 per year. On investigation it was found that Miss Thompson was receiving \$55 and Miss Alta Jones \$45 per month and that both were doing practically the same work so the salaries of both were placed at \$50 per month. All of the other teachers will receive the same as last year except those who have been teaching in the school for less than one year. A resolution was passed to pay all teachers that had been in the school less than one year \$35, providing they were not placed in charge of the eighth grade, when so placed they are to receive \$40 per month. This resolution takes in Miss Packler, Miss Hewett, Miss Crow and Miss Clements. M. D. L. Taylor was employed to do the janitor work at \$30 per month, that position previously commanding \$35.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's. Rev. Wayne Smith, of the Unitarian church will preach the baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class of the Ord high school this year and the service will be held in the court house next Sunday morning. It was the first intention of the class to get a person from a distance to preach, the sermon but as the expense was going to be so great to get a good man they thought better to decide on local talent, and on ballot by the class, Rev. Smith was unanimously chosen. Rev. Smith is a graduate of Harvard, was at one time an instructor in the state university of Illinois and has spent many years in school and institute work and so is quite competent to deliver the sermon. From time memorable the baccalaureate sermon has been a union of the churches but we understand that some of the churches while having postponed their morning service, refused to unionize this year as they differ so radically with the Unitarian belief. It is an unfortunate circumstance to come up in such a matter, but we predict that a good house will encourage the class at the services next Sunday morning.

Frank Hewett, of the blacksmith firm of Hewett & Stafford, is another Ord resident who thinks that he can better his condition by going to the gold fields of Cape Nome, so accordingly he boarded the train Tuesday morning for Seattle to be in readiness to take the first boat out. Frank had declared all along that he was going but his friends thought that he would back out when the time came to start, but he showed his nerve by being right on hand, and in fact informed us before he left that he would not take anything for his chance of going. He calculated to have gone last week with the rest of the Ord delegation but could not make arrangements to get away at that time. We trust that he will strike it rich out there and that he will bring some of the riches back to Valley county with him.

Died, Thursday evening, May 10, little Willie, aged thirteen months ten days, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Ignatius Klima, of Germanium precinct. For six weeks Willie had been ailing and at times it was thought that he would recover, but as the weeks passed it became painfully evident that his frail constitution would not long stand that dread disease, pneumonia. In a nearby cemetery almost adjoining the Klima farm last Saturday morning the remains of the little child were laid to rest. Mr. and Mrs. Klima have the sympathy of the entire community in their sad bereavement.

There are many depths of meanness to which mankind can stoop, but to our way of thinking the vandal who last Monday night maliciously cut down some of the young trees in the school house yard has got beyond the average depth of man. There will come a reckoning day some time and the guilty party will lodge behind the bars of the city bastille. In the meantime the best that an honest citizen can do is to watch and wait.

Miss Ledvina, sister of Mrs. Vincent Kokes, who has been visiting here and at other Nebraska points for the past six months started for her home in Market Lake, Idaho, Wednesday morning. Mrs. Kokes went with her as far as Grand Island to get her started for home all right. Mrs. Kokes will remain in the Island visiting several days with her friend the Koehlers.

Rev. M. T. Stiffler and family got back Saturday night from their two weeks vacation. During that time they have visited Beaver City and several other places in Nebraska where Mr. Stiffler has formerly held a charge and also spent a few days at the Rev's. old home in Iowa. They returned to their labors much refreshed and benefited by the vacation.

Dr. H. T. Clark went down to Omaha Tuesday morning where he goes to be in attendance at the annual state dental association meeting, now in session in that city. There will be several important clinical demonstrations before the association one or two of which Dr. is more or less interested in. He expects to be in his office again next Friday.

Ed Mitchell was transacting business for the Barstow people in Arcadia Wednesday.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

New spring styles wall paper at Bridgford's.

Dave Gard came up from down the road Monday night.

Better than ever: Hawley Smith at the court house Monday night.

W. A. Watson is running the Starkey barber shop on the east side.

Ed. Mitchell was in Burwell Monday night coming back Tuesday morning.

Something good—Hawley Smith's lecture at the court house Monday night.

Tim Quiz wants a correspondent in every precinct in the county where it is not represented.

J. W. Rice, who used to reside in Ord, was shaking hands with a few old friends Thursday.

E. C. Loomis drifted into town Saturday night. He has been visiting in Iowa for some time.

Judge Munro, E. J. Clements, A. M. Robbins composed the trio of attorneys bound for Burwell Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Woodard of Cedar Rapids were in the city last Friday and Saturday visiting with her sister, Mrs. Aaron Ball and family.

Dr. G. R. Gard, Dentist, over Clements Bros', law office. Special attention given to regulating the teeth. Examination and advice free.

The tennis club's paraphernalia arrived Monday and the club is now putting in its spare evening hours in that ever popular pastime.

A bouncing baby baby arrived at the Guy Clement home in Mira Valley one day the first of the week. He is doing finely as well as all the rest of the family.

A sister-in-law of Will Gregory arrived in the city last Saturday evening, from Des Moines, Iowa, and will spend a few weeks visiting in the Gregory family.

We saw Mrs. Ben. Bridgford on the streets Monday for the first time in several weeks. Mrs. Bridgford has been quite sick during all this time, part of the time being confined to her bed.

Mrs. Cass Cornfield left for Deadwood, South Dakota, Saturday morning where she will spend a time visiting friends. She will probably stop over and make a visit in her old home at Alliance.

The piano on exhibition in Bridgford's drug store is proving to be quite a drawing card. Piano artists who visit that store are always invited to try the instrument and good music is almost continually forthcoming.

This is Miss Wharton's week in the Ord schools and she came up here Saturday evening. She says that she is being kept quite busy at both St. Paul and Ord arranging for the commencement music of the two schools.

Now is the time to keep down the weeds along the public highway. A few hours spent with a hoe and lawn mower outside the fence, at this season will insure not only a brighter and better look to your city but will enhance the value of your property as well.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

We see by the "Volante," the official organ of the Baptist college, that Anthony Rogers is making for himself quite a reputation as a base ball player. It says that Anthony is playing short-stop and that he is covering the position in a professional manner.

S. M. Mason and wife and Mrs. E. M. Foster returned Saturday night from Beatrice where they had been attending the state meeting of the G. A. R. They report a good meeting and say that Col. John Reese of Broken Bow was elected state commander.

Hawley Smith will deliver the class address to the graduating members of the Ord class next Monday night. Hawley Smith needs no introduction to an Ord audience as he has visited here for the past two years and each time has left a very favorable impression with his audience.

It is time some definite arrangements were being made for Ord expects to celebrate the fourth of July this year. We have extraordinary reasons for rejoicing and turning the eagle loose this summer, and if a successful celebration is to be held it is wise to early to begin to make arrangements for the same.

There was a chance of the train schedule on the Union Pacific Sunday and hereafter the freight will arrive in Ord one-half hour earlier than it has been coming in previously. It will also start back for the Island one-half hour earlier. As now arranged it is supposed to arrive at 12:30 and leave at 2 p. m.

Word has been received from Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Weaver stating that they do not intend to return to Ord for some time. It will be remembered that they wrote to Cass Cornfield telling him that they would soon be in need of their residence property and so Cass moved out and now their handsome residence is vacant.

The G. A. R. will hold a union Memorial service in memory of their deceased comrades on Sunday, the 27th of May at the usual hour of service in the M. E. church. Music by the several choirs of the city; prayer by Rev. Arnold; sermon by Rev. Stiffler; benediction by Rev. Smith. All churches are cordially invited to take part in these exercises. The veterans of '98 especially invited to be present in a body as well as company B, 2nd Neb. N. G. Line of march to form at the K. P. hall at 10:30 sharp. All members are requested to be present. Further notice will be given of the program for Decoration day.

Auction every Saturday afternoon on the north side. L. J. HARRIS.

Prof. Bond was in North Loup Saturday.

Wall paper at Bridgford's. Latest styles.

China and Japan floor matting at A. M. Daniel's.

Good for the blues. Hawley Smith at the court house Monday night.

For first class painting, decorating and sign-writing see Wm. Timm.

If you have a watch or clock and want it repaired right take it to Bridgford's.

LADIES TAKE NOTICE: We will store your stove clean and return in the fall. CORNELL BROS.

Get your watches and clocks repaired at Bridgford's. They will save you money.

Willie Harding got back Friday night from a three days trip down to the state metropolis.

The public has to pay for it. Let the public have the benefit. Vote the piano to the Ord High School.

Mrs. Barstow came up from the Island Friday night. She had been visiting in that town for a couple of days.

My jack is all right again. You can find him at Scotts barn on Monday, Wednesdays and Saturdays. S. L. PERKINS.

There will be no regular preaching service at the Methodist church next Sunday morning. At the Presbyterian church the usual morning service will be held.

A Dago and his knife sharpening machine attracted the usual attention on streets the first of the week. It was a "dull" day and he gathered in many nickles.

Herman Oleson got back from Wisconsin Friday evening where he had been in attendance at his brother's wedding. Herman says that he did not think the affair would have been much of a success had he not been of on hand.

A number of Ord merchants are giving coupons with every ten cent purchase which allows purchaser to vote on a fine piano. The church, society or lodge receiving the most votes will receive the piano. The piano is on display in Bridgford's store and it is a dandy.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bartlett arrived in town Tuesday evening and are now domiciled at the Cox residence. Mrs. Bartlett expects to remain in Ord a guest at the Cox' home for sometime, but Fred intends going out west and hunting up a new location when he will return for his wife.

Little Hazel Lockridge had a birthday last Saturday and so a number of her young playmates were invited to spend the afternoon with her. From the good time reported by some of the youngsters we should judge that they were unanimous in the wish that Hazel would have a birthday every week.

At the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. C. Heddle, last Sunday evening occurred the death of Mrs. C. M. Brown, a familiar face in Ord for the past two years. While not having been confined to her bed for any great length of time her friends realized for the past few weeks that her time upon this earth was short. Born in Dundee, Scotland, Aug. 3, 1872, she moved in her middle age to Portage, Wis., where she spent the greater part of her life, only moving permanently to Ord some two years ago. Her remains were conducted to the train Monday morning, a short funeral service having been held immediately before at the house by Rev. Arnold, and accompanied by Mr. Heddle shipped to Racine, Wis. She was a kind woman and loving mother and leaves a host of friends and relatives to mourn her death.

The eleventh grade pupils arranged and carried out a very successful surprise party on the Robbins twins last Tuesday night. Harold and Morace have often intimated that it would be a pretty hard job to get a surprise on them as they always kept their eyes open and would be pretty liable to catch on, but the eleventh grade managed affairs perfectly. On the evening of the party the twins were surprised to see so many of their class on the streets in their good clothes, but a friendly eleventh-grader threw them in charge and escorted them around the square where they would not be so liable to have their curiosity aroused. Later he turned them loose and they were allowed to go home and they were sure enough surprised to find the house full of their schoolmates when they got there. There were about thirty present, some new games were introduced, a bountiful supper served and a good time had in general.

H. P. MAIDEN DIFFERS.

Mr. Maiden takes some exception to the time of the coming eclipse of the sun as heretofore published, and furnishes us with the following letter explaining his view of the matter:

ERRON QUIZ:—Magnitude of sun's eclipse given in your issue of March 3, was based upon time given by Prof. Devoe, the weather prophet. Then I was not aware that the time given was supposed to be the beginning of the eclipse. Actual time of central eclipse in New Orleans 7:29 a. m.; time of totality 5:58 seconds; time of beginning 6:24 a. m.; ends 8:30 a. m. central time. Norfolk—eclipse central 8:49 a. m.; time of totality 7:5 seconds; eclipse begins 7:32 a. m.; ends 10 a. m. eastern time.

Eclipse of the sun will be partial in Valley county. At 7:23 a. m. south half of the sun will be eclipsed; at 7:58 a. m. the east half of the sun will be eclipsed. Eclipse will end at 8:35 a. m. central time. H. P. MAIDEN.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord, Nebr., for the week ending May 3, 1900.

Ely Gift, Joseph Helms N. O. White.

Letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised."

S. A. STACY, Postmaster.

OUR CITY SCHOOLS.

Conducted by Cora A. Thompson.

Edna Clements has gone with her mother to visit relatives in Oregon.

Helen Barstow expects to go to Manitou, Colorado, next week to spend the summer.

George Nethery is back to take the final examinations and finish the work with his class.

Miss Wharton will remain over Sunday this week with the music at the class session.

Mr. Tuma was a visitor in several recitations last Monday.

The high school boys played a game of ball with the North Loup boys yesterday afternoon.

Thurlo Thompson has been obliged to drop out of school before the last examinations.

The eleventh grade will give a banquet to the graduating class in the K. P. hall Saturday night.

Miss Wharton spent last Sunday at the home of Miss Armstrong in Mira Valley.

Miss Ollis's pupils had an arithmetic match a few days ago, the boys against the girls and the boys won.

Mrs. Jones's pupils spent a pleasant time last Friday gathering ferns down along by the river.

Miss Crow has a collection of curiosities which she just received from Vera Cruz, Mexico. Among them are seeds, beans, coffee, sugar and palm leaves.

The flowers analyzed since last week are choke-cherry, creeping buttercup, dogwood, lady-slipper, spiderwort, and beard tongue. A number in the class have more than twenty-five specimens in the short time since the flowers came.

Part of the examinations in arithmetic, algebra and geometry have been given this week and the remainder will be finished the first of next week.

The honors in the graduating class will be divided between Joe Barta and Maggie Baker. As the standings are now they are about even with only a few more examinations to be completed.

Announcements for commencement are as follows: program by the eighth grade Friday night May 18, at the opera house; class sermon by Rev. Smith, Sunday at the court house; address by William Hawley Smith, Monday night, at the court house, and the graduating exercises Thursday night at the opera house.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

All kind of watch, clock and jewelry repairing done at Bridgford's.

E. J. Clements was a passenger out Wednesday morning. He gave Lincoln as his destination.

The Crosby & Carson shoe store was invoiced yesterday, Kit having purchased Mr. Crosby's interest.

The ladies of the Methodist Aid Society will meet with Mrs. A. M. Robbins, Wednesday afternoon 2 p. m. All are cordially invited.

The young people's Christian Endeavor society entertained their friends at the home of Mr. E. R. Brown Wednesday night with an ice cream social.

Mr. Andrew Nelson and Miss Edie Seaman both of Erieon were united in matrimony Wednesday in Ord. There future home will be Signerville, Neb. We extend congratulations.

Great opportunity offered to good, reliable men. Salary of \$15 per week and expenses for man with rig to introduce our Poultry Mixture and Insect Destroyer in the country. Send stamp American Mfg. Co., Terre Haute, Ind.

The Ord schools now have an opportunity they have long been longing for for many years and that is to secure a piano for the school. Many are the entertainments planned by the pupils with this end in view but the proceeds always looked so small when it came to investing in a good instrument that they had about given up all hope of ever being able to raise the price. But the merchants' voting contest has settled the difficulty. Every pupil alive to the interest of the school is now taking a personal interest in seeing that the piano comes to the school room. As the most deserving, as the most public and as the most needful institution in town this paper will continually advocate the cause of the Ord high school, in the Kingsbury piano contest.

Notice.

I wish to state that my photo cards which are now in Ord will be closed from the 20th to the 28th of May, after which time will be open again for two weeks. Remember those dates.

F. J. BELL.

Ord Market.

Wheat.....\$.45

Oats......25

Corn......35

Hogs......4 65

Butcher stock.....3 25

Potatoes......20

Butter......10

Eggs......07

THIRTEEN CASH PRIZES.

\$115.00 for Nebraska letters.

LOST ON THE VELDT

A STORY OF THE BOER CAMPAIGN IN NATAL

By H. B. Mackenzie

CHAPTER II.—(Continued.)

"I remembered this was the day you spoke of riding over," said Dr. Adair. "But I hardly expected you would come today, with these terrible rumors about."

Bluebell's eyes grew larger than their wont.

"Rumors? I haven't heard any," she said. "What are they, Doctor?"

"You haven't heard?" He had not released her hand, and was holding it very closely now. "They say that the Boers are marching into Natal."

"Oh!" Bluebell uttered a little cry, and the rosy color faded out of her face. "Is it war, then?"

"I suppose so," Adair answered gravely. "It seems Kruger has as good as declared war by sending a message to England demanding that our troops should be immediately recalled from South Africa."

Bluebell sat very still on her horse, her hands clasped; Adair had at last withdrawn his.

"Will they come to Ladysmith?" she whispered at last.

Roths nodded. "That is what is expected. We shall be besieged. The inhabitants are beginning to fly already, and I expect in a few days Ladysmith will be deserted except by the garrison."

"And you, what will you do?" Bluebell asked. There was a little quiver in her voice, which seemed to send a swift thrill of mingled joy and pain to Roth's very soul.

"I shall remain here, of course," he answered, trying to speak in his usual tone. "Unless there is fighting outside. If there is I shall go with the army."

Bluebell was silent for a moment, and then she said:

"You will be on our side, of course?"

"I will be with the British army," Roth answered quietly, "but, thank heaven, a doctor's business is not to fight on any particular side, or to slay his brother, but to do what he can for those who are wounded and dying on either side. But you are going into the town, Miss Leslie? I must not keep you."

"I have messages," said Bluebell; "but I will not wait long, as I am going back alone."

"May I go a bit of the way with you?" Roth asked eagerly. "I do not like the idea of your riding those twelve miles alone with the country in this unsettled state."

Her soft eyes fell suddenly. Bluebell would hardly acknowledge to herself how her heart beat and her veins thrilled at the proposal.

"Thank you," she said the next moment. "It is kind of you. I shall leave the town about three, I think."

"Then I shall be here at that time," he answered. "Good-bye, just now." And he moved away.

Bluebell rode on into the town.

The terrible things had shocked and horrified her, but she was not frightened. There was little fear in Bluebell Leslie's nature, small and childish and fragile as she looked. And she was a woman, and the look in Adair Roth's eyes, the close, warm clasp of his hand, occupied her thoughts almost more than this terrible picture of war.

She found Ladysmith in a state of confusion. Many of the shops were shut. But Bluebell managed to get her business done, and then went to see one of her acquaintances.

She found her busy preparing for departure.

"I suppose it's safer to go," said Mrs. Lloyd, a pretty little English woman, whose husband was an engineer. "Ted insists on my going; but I don't feel as if I could leave him here alone."

"You are going and Mr. Lloyd is remaining?" exclaimed Bluebell, with startled eyes, and then: "Oh, Nellie, how can you?"

"I would not, of course, if I had only myself to consider," said Mrs. Lloyd, the tears springing to her eyes; "but there is my poor little baby, Bluebell."

"What of that?" said Bluebell. "A wife's place is beside her husband, surely? Better you should both die together, if the worst comes, than that you should be separated. Nellie, how would you feel if anything happened to your husband and you so far away?"

Nellie burst into tears.

"Yes, you are quite right, Bluebell. I held out against Ted ever so long, and now that you speak like that, I feel that I have been very cowardly to give in to him. No, I won't go!"

Bluebell left her friend, whose mind was thoroughly made up, after a little, and the two friends kissed each other, with the feeling that they might never meet again on earth. Bluebell kept back her own tears, and answered the little woman as bravely as she could, but as she rode out of the town her path was all blurred by the blinding tears that came to her eyes now.

Doctor Roth was waiting for her, mounted on a fine chestnut horse of his own, and together they rode on in silence until they were out of sight of the town.

"You saw one of your friends?" Roth asked at last.

"Yes, I saw Mrs. Lloyd. She is going to stay at Ladysmith, even if it is besieged."

"Brave little woman!" said Roth, a tone of emotion in his voice. "Al-ways thought her rather a butterfly, and I beg her pardon mentally for that."

"In fact, you thought she and I were very much alike?" said Bluebell, with a little tone of coquetry. "Confess now you think me that, too, don't you, Doctor?"

"I never thought you anything but—"

He was speaking with a sudden passion, but he suddenly checked himself and paused. "You know you are not justified in speaking like that,"

evidently what Moore's words implied.

Adam Leslie had always been a little apt to exceed, but it was only of late—within the last six months—that his daughter had noticed it. And it seemed to her, since the coming of Gerald Moore that her father had yielded still more to his unfortunate weakness.

"Perhaps you had better not come any further, Doctor Roth," she said, in a low voice. "If Mr. Moore is going to New Kelso, of course he may as well ride with me; but I would just as soon go by myself. I am not a bit afraid."

Roth took off his hat and held out his hand. For one minute, only one, their horses were close together, and Moore's was so far apart as to render him out of earshot at least of a whisper.

"Good-bye," said Roth, hurriedly and a little hoarsely. "I don't know when I may see you again. God only knows I pray that I may guard and keep you from danger!" He bent a little nearer, and added in a whisper: "As you value your safety and happiness, beware of that man. I entreat you to do so. He is a dangerous man. I cannot say more. Good-bye."

The clasp of his fingers on her hand was to remain there for many days. He rode off, raising his hat, and a strange sense of desolation and loneliness fell upon Bluebell.

She turned Rover's head and rode on, not glancing at Moore. Adair's words still rang in her ears.

"So that is Doctor Roth?" said Moore, giving his horse a little cut of the whip that sent him springing on beside Bluebell.

"Yes," she said, looking straight into his face. "Do you know him?"

"I had the pleasure of meeting him once in Maritzburg," said the millionaire dryly; "but, Miss Leslie, I wish to talk of something else just now. Your father has given me leave to do so. What do you think has kept me all this time lingering about this district?"

Bluebell shook her ruddy brown head. A feeling of vague discomfort and uneasiness shot through her at the question; but not in her wildest guesses could she have arrived within a mile of the truth.

Gerald Moore went on slowly: "The country will soon be in a ferment; existence in it will be dangerous, unsafe. For men this does not matter so much; for women, especially those," he paused and added impressively—"whom we love, it is terrible to be thought of. Your father wishes you to go out of the country while yet there is time."

(To be continued.)

CITY OF HONG KONG.

It is One of the Most Unhealthy Spots on the Globe.

In spite of all the precautions that have been taken, the perfect sanitation of the city, the fine natural drainage, the cleanliness of the streets, Hong Kong, says the Boston Transcript, is one of the most unhealthy spots on the globe. With its tropical heat, the lofty peaks that half encircle it, the clouds that the rapid evaporation create, the floods of rain pouring down in streaming torrents. The houses lack light, although they are built as well as they could be, with perforated ceilings, through which the air circulates, admitted from openings pierced in the outer walls; the floors are brilliantly waxed, carpets, owing to the great dampness being dispensed with. The great difficulty is to secure light and proper ventilation; the streets are very narrow, and the towering walls of buildings opposite obstruct the light in front, while at the rear the courts or terraces crowded with foliage cast a heavy shade from that direction. In the gardens, while plants flourish luxuriantly, there is no grass, but the ground is green with moss, just as it grows in damp, shady places in cooler climates. The heat and the great humidity are destructive to health, and it is doubtful if there is a single normal liver in the whole of Hong Kong. English women who come out with complexions of cream and roses grow thin and sal-low; the Hong Kong complexion is a startling grayish green, and the old residents have, with his pallor, dark bluish circles under the eyes. The least exertion includes exhausting perspiration, and people become gaunt and thin.

Crustacean on Eye.

Be careful when you handle a fish that you don't put your unclean fingers to your eye. A London fish dealer was reckless in this regard and as a result he planted a parasitic crustacean on the corner of his eye.

He noticed an irritation of the left eye, and as it became troublesome to see he went to a doctor and was treated. Some one told him that he had an ulcer on the eye, but that information conveyed nothing to him, as he had no recollection of having got anything in his eye. Then he went to an eye hospital and there Dr. Batten found a growth on the cornea, or the outer coat of the eyeball, but beyond this he was unable to make any diagnosis at the time. His description of what he saw introduced into medical nomenclature the Boer word "kopje."

For Dr. Batten says: "At the upper margin of the cornea there was a small, clear vesicle; its central portion was slightly prominent, forming a low, round-topped kopje surrounded by a shallow trench. The doctor didn't know exactly what to do, but something had to be done, and he decided to scrape the cornea. When he did so the whole mass lifted off and the patient had no further trouble. Then the thing was sent to a specialist, who pronounced it a parasitic crustacean, which is common on tur-bots and cod. He was inclined to think it was dead when removed, as he believed it doubtful if a marine crustacean really could live on a human eye.—New York Press.

London Papers Use Motor Carriages.

An interesting use of the motor carriage is in delivering newspapers in long, straggling country districts, where it has proved invaluable. Two of the London journals have tried the plan with great success.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

NEW JERUSALEM, LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

There Will Be No Parting from One Another in the Heavenly Kingdom—Its Glories Surpass Human Power of Comprehension.

[Copyright, 1900, by Louis Klopsch.] Text, I Corinthians ii, 9, "Eye hath not seen nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love him."

The city of Corinth has been called "The Paris of antiquity." Indeed, for splendor the world holds no such wonder-land. It stood on an isthmus washed by two seas, the one sea bringing the commerce of Europe, the other sea bringing the commerce of Asia. From her wharves the construction of which whole kingdoms had, been absorbed, war galleys with three banks of oars pushed out and confounded the navy yards of all the world. Huge handed machinery, such as modern invention cannot equal, lifted ships from the sea on one side and transported them on trucks across the isthmus and set them down in the sea on the other side.

The revenue officers of the city went down through the olive groves that lined the beach to collect a tariff from all nations. The mirth of all people was sported in her isthmian games, and the beauty of all lands sat in her theaters, walked her porticoes and threw itself on the altar of her stupendous dissipations. Column and statue and temple bewildered the beholder. There were white marble fountains into which from apertures at the side there rushed waters everywhere known for health-giving qualities. Around these basins, two all the beauties of sculpture and architecture, while standing, as if to guard the costly display, was a statue of Hercules of tanned Corinthian brass. Vases of terra cotta adorned the cemeteries of the dead—vases so costly that Julius Caesar was not satisfied until he had captured them for Rome. Armed officials, the Corinthian, paced up and down to see that no statue was defaced, no pedestal overthrown, no bas relief touched. From the edge of the city a hill arose, with its magnificent burden of columns, towers and temples (1,000 slaves waiting at one shrine), and a citadel so thoroughly impregnable that Gibraltar is a heap of sand compared with it. Amid all that strength and magnificence Corinth stood and defied the world.

Oh, it was not to rustics, who had never seen anything grand, that Paul uttered this text. They had heard the best music that had come from the best instruments in all the world; they had heard songs floating from morning porticoes and melting in evening groves; they had passed their whole lives among pictures and sculpture and architecture and Corinthian brass, which had been molded and shaped until there was no chariot wheel in which it had not sped, and no tower in which it had not glittered, and no gateway that it had not adorned. "Ah, it was a bold thing for Paul to stand there amid all that and say: 'All this is nothing. These sounds that come from the temple of Neptune are not music compared with the harp-strings of which I speak. These waters rushing in the basin of Pyrene are not pure. These statues of Bacchus and Mercury are not exquisite. Your citadel of Acrocorinthus is not strong compared with that which I offer to the poorest slave that puts down his burden at the brazen gate. You Corinthians think this is a splendid city. You think you have heard all sweet sounds and seen all beautiful sights, but I tell you eye hath not seen nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love him."

Beyond Our Conception.

You see my text sets forth the idea that, however exalted our ideas of heaven, they come far short of the reality. Some wise men have been calculating how many furlongs long and wide is the new Jerusalem; they have calculated how many inhabitants there are on the earth, how long the earth will probably stand, and then they come to this estimate: That after all the nations have been gathered to heaven there will be room for each soul, a room 16 feet long and 15 feet wide. It would not be large enough for you. It would not be large enough for me. I am glad to know that the human estimate is sufficient to take the dimensions. "Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard," nor arithmeticians calculated.

I first remark that we can get no idea of the health of heaven. When you were a child, and you went out in the morning, how you bounded along the road or street—how had never felt sorrow or sickness. Perhaps later you felt a glow in your cheek and a spring in your step and an exuberance of spirits and a clearness of eye that made you thank God you were permitted to live. The nerves were harp-strings and the sunlight was a doxology, and the rustling leaves were the rustling of the robes of a great crowd rising up to praise the Lord. You thought that you knew what it was to be well, but there is no perfect health on earth. The diseases of past generations came down to us. The air that now floats upon the earth are not like those which floated above paradise. They are charged with impurities and distempers. The most elastic and robust health of earth, compared with that which those experience before whom the gates have been opened, is nothing but sickness and emaciation. Look at that soul standing before the throne. On earth she was a life-long invalid. See her step now and hear her voice now. Catch, if you can, one breath of that celestial air. Health in all the pulses—health of vision, health of spirits, immortal health. No racking cough, no sharp pleuritis, no consuming fevers, no exhausting pains, no hospitals of wounded men. Health swing in the air, health flowing in the banks. No headaches, no side aches, no back aches. That child that died in the

agonies of croup, hear her voice now ringing in the anthem. That old man that went bowed down with the infirmities of age, see him walk now with the step of an immortal athlete—forever young again. That night when the needlewoman faints away in the garret, a wave of the heavenly air resuscitated her forever. For everlasting years to have neither ache, nor pain, nor weakness, nor fatigue. "Eye hath not seen it, ear hath not heard it."

No Separation There.

In this world we only meet to part. It is good-by, good-by. Farewells floating in the air. We hear it at the rail car windows and at the steamboat wharf—good-by. Children slip it, and old age answers it. Sometimes we say it in a light way—"good-by"—and sometimes with anguish in which the soul breaks down—"good-by!" Ah, that is the word that ends the thanksgiving banquet, that is the word that comes in to close the Christmas chant. Good-by, good-by. But not so in heaven. Welcomes in the air, welcomes at the gates, welcomes at the house of many mansions, but no good-by. That group is constantly being augmented. They are going up from our circles of earth to join in—little voices to join the anthem, little hands to take hold in the great home circle, little feet to dance in the eternal glee, little crowns to be cast down before the feet of Jesus. Our friends are in two groups—a group this side of the river and a group on the other side of the river. Now there goes one from this to that and another from this to that, and soon we will all be gone over. How many of your loved ones have already entered upon that blessed place? If I should take paper and pencil, do you think I could put them all down? Ah, my friends, the waves of Jordan roar so hoarsely we cannot hear the joy on the other side when that group is augmented.

Renowned Beyond the Grave.

Unbelief says, "They are dead, and they are annihilated," but blessed be God we have a Bible that tells us differently. We open it, and we find they are neither dead nor annihilated—that they are only waiting for our coming and that we shall join them on the other side of the river. Oh, glorious reunion, we cannot grasp it now! "Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love him."

What a place of explanation it will be! I see every day profound mysteries of providence. There is no question we ask oftener than Why? There are hundreds of graves in Greenwood and Laurel Hill that need to be explained. Hospitals for the blind and lame, asylums for the idiotic and insane, almshouses for the destitute and a world of pain and misfortune that demand more than human solution. God will clear it all up. In the light that pours from the throne no dark mystery can live. Things now utterly inscrutable will be illumined as plainly as the answer was written on the Jasper wall or sounded in the temple anthem. Bartimeus will thank God that he was blind, and Joseph that he was cast into the pit, and Daniel that he was humped-backed, and David that he was driven from Jerusalem, and that invalid, that for twenty years he could not lift his head from the pillow, and that widow, that she had such hard work to earn bread for her children. The song will be all the grander for earth's weeping eyes and aching heads and exhausted hands and scourged backs and martyred agonies. But we can get no idea of that anthem here. We appreciate the power of secular music, but do we appreciate the power of sacred song? There is nothing more inspiring to me than a whole congregation lifted on the wave of holy melody. When we sing some of those dear old Psalms and tunes, they rouse all the memories of the past. Why, some of them were cradle songs in our father's house. They are all sparkling with the morning dew of a thousand Christian Sabbaths. They were sung by brothers and sisters gone now, by voices that were dead and broken in the music, voices none the less sweet because they did tremble and break.

The Music of Heaven.

When I hear these old songs sung, it seems as if all the old country meeting houses joined in the chorus and city church and sailor's bethel and western cabins until the whole continent lifts the doxology and the music of eternity beat time in the music. Away, then, with your starveling tunes that chill the devotions of the sanctuary and make the people sit silent when Jesus is marching on to victory. When generals come back from victorious wars, do we not cheer them and shout, "Huzza, huzza!" And when Jesus passes along in the conquest of the earth, shall we not have for him one loud, ringing cheer? "All hail the power of Jesus' name!" Let angels prostrate fall. Bring forth the royal diadem. And crown him Lord of all."

But, my friends, if music on earth is so sweet, what will it be in heaven? They all know the tune there. All the best singers of all the ages will join it—choirs of white robed children, choirs of patriarchs, choirs of apostles. Morning stars clapping their harps. Harpers with their harps. Great anthems of God roll on! roll on! other empires joining the harmony till the thrones are all full and the nations all saved. Anthem shall touch anthem, chorus join chorus, and all the sweet sounds of earth and heaven be poured into the ear of Christ. David of the harp will be there. Gabriel of the trumpet will be there. Germany redeemed will pour its deep bass voice into the song, and Africa will add to the music with her matchless voices. I wish in our closing hymn today we might catch an echo that slips from the gates. Who knows but that when the heavenly doors open today to let some soul through there may come forth the strain of the jubilant voices until we catch it? Oh, that as the song drops down from heaven it might meet half way a song coming up from earth. They rise for the doxology, all the multitude of the blessed! Let us rise

with them, and so at this hour the joys of the church on earth and the joys of the church in heaven will mingle their chimes, and the dark apparel of our mourning will seem to whiten into the spotless raiment of the skies. God grant that through the mercy of our Lord Jesus we may all get there!

MONKEYS OF MAURITIUS.

Keep Their Wise Human-Looking Heads Moving.

Nothing can be more beautiful than the view from the back veranda at "Reduit," as the fine country government house built by the Chevalier de la Brillane for the governors of Mauritius more than a century ago is called. Before you spreads an expanse of English lawn only broken by clumps of gay foliaged shrubs or beds of flowers, and behind that again is the wooded edge of the steep ravine, where the mischievous "jacks" hide, who come up at night to play havoc with the sugar canes on its opposite side. The only day of the week on which they ventured up was Sunday afternoon, when all the world was silent and sleepy. It used to be my delight to watch from an upper bed-room window the stealthy appearance of the old sentinel monkey who first peered cautiously up and evidently reconnoitered the ground thoroughly. After a few moments of careful scouting a sort of chirrup would be heard, which seemed the signal for the rest of the colony to tumble tumultuously up the bank. Such games as then started among the young ones, such antics and tumblings and romps! but all the time the sentinels never relaxed their vigilance. They spread like a cordon round the gamboling young ones and kept turning their horribly wise human-looking heads from side to side incessantly, only picking and chewing a blade of grass now and then. The mothers seemed to keep together, and doubtless harmless skye terrier toddle round the corner of the veranda, and each female would dart into the group of playing monkeys, seize her property by the nearest leg, toss it over her shoulder and quicker than the eye could follow the should have disappeared down the ravine. The sentinels had uttered their warning cry directly, but they always remained until the very last and retreated in good order, though there was no cause for alarm, as "Boxer's" thoughts were on the peacocks, up to trespass at those silent and unguarded hours, and not on the monkeys at all.—Cornhill.

QUEER FOX-HOUNDS IN MAINE.

Peculiar Breed Evolved by the Needs of Aroostook County.

The three chief products of Aroostook county, Maine, are said to be potatoes, politicians and red foxes. A year ago Charles E. Oak of Caribou, Land Agent and Forest Commissioner for Maine, told a legislative committee that his country could furnish 100,000 fox pelts a year for ten years without diminishing the supply. Hunters from Boston and Worcester, Mass., who have shot and trapped foxes in Aroostook, say that Mr. Oak's estimate is too low by half. The great wire-net dog that will run for days without tiring; that doubles and turns to laugh at the dogs, and then goes on refreshed from the exercise, reaches fullest perfection in Aroostook county. Of the 20,000 or 30,000 foxes taken in Aroostook this winter, more than half were caught in traps. Nearly all the others were shot while running before the patient and slow-footed hounds that abound in northern Maine. The Maine foxhound is a hunting machine that was developed for a certain purpose. The result of fifty years' breeding is a short-legged, deep-chested, slow-running race of dogs that will run day and night without tiring. Bred that way, they annoy foxes and cause them to run in more or less restricted circles, and frighten them enough to cause them to hole. The Maine hound is to be of value must also be taught to hunt singly, so that if a hunter takes out a half-dozen dogs for a day's hunt every dog will pick up a track of his own and follow it to the death. It is not a surprising feat for a hunter with six hounds to go out in the morning and return at night with ten or twelve pelts. As the skin of the Aroostook red fox is worth anywhere from \$1.25 to \$2.50, the occupation is profitable as well as pleasing.

Anthropology of the War.

A correspondent who is interested in anthropology sends us the following notes: Looking to the mixed origin of the British people, it is interesting to note the types of distinguished generals and others in the war. Lord Roberts has an Irish face, not easy to analyze racially, but with features of the true Gauls, who were accounted the best soldiers of antiquity. Sir Redvers Buller has a Devonshire type of face, which, like that of Gen. Keke-wich, is rather Celtic than Saxon, though probably partaking of both characters. Gen. French has more of the Anglo-Saxon type, but his deep-set eyes are not a characteristic of that type in its purity. Lord Methuen and Gen. MacDonald have Scotch faces, the latter typically Highland, with a "dimple on his chin," and with traits of the Scandinavian type so common in the Highlands. Sir George White might be either Scotch or Northern Irish, and seems to show both Cymrian and Scandinavian traits. The bugler Dunn and his father have Irish types of face, like so many of the Manx people.—London News.

The Rummage Sale.

The ladies in charge of the rummage sale stated that yesterday there were more generous contributions than for some weeks past, owing, no doubt, to ladies having commenced to clean houses. Pieces of bric-a-brac, antiques and beautiful, yet those of which they have become weary, and have replaced by those of newer style, have been sent. The rummage sale will be open next Friday at the Dexter building, and people will find some rare bric-a-brac, rugs and curtains. The proceeds will be for the Ohio hospital.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A fur cap trimmed with lace is like a hot plum-pudding with ice cream sauce.

WEDDED WITHOUT A PREACHER

Unique Marriage of a Quaker Couple at Pasadena, Cal.

Pasadena (Cal.) special correspondence Chicago Chronicle: William F. Michener and Mrs. Mary V. Miller, both of this city, last week married themselves without the aid of any preacher and without even having previously secured a certificate. Their marriage must be recognized by the law, too. It was the first marriage of the kind which was ever solemnized in the state of California, according to the claim made by the parties. It was under the law of the Quaker church, originated by George Fox, the founder of the Quaker church in England 250 years ago. Several other states of the union, after a strong effort had been made, recognized this form of ceremony, and in 1897, through the efforts of Senator C. M. Simpson, California legalized it. The groom did not have to procure a license. On Saturday, Feb. 17, the bride and groom informed the Quaker church that they contemplated marriage. A committee was appointed to see that there were no obstacles. Thirty days later the committee reported that there was none. The couple then informed the church that they were still in the same mind and another committee was appointed by the congregation to see that the ceremony was properly performed. Half-past 10 in the morning was the time set. At the close of a prayer service the bride and groom stepped before the congregation, facing the groom's brother, Dr. J. C. Michener, a prominent physician, who was the first waiter or groomsmen. Prof. and Mrs. I. N. Vail, the nearest relatives of the bride, were her attendants. The couple joined their right hands and the groom said: "Friends, in the presence of the Lord and before this assembly, I take Mary V. Miller to be my wife, promising with divine assistance to be unto her a loving and faithful husband until death shall separate us." The bride repeated this formula and they inscribed their names upon a certificate reading: "William F. Michener and Mary V. Miller of the county of Los Angeles, state of California, having made known their intentions of marriage with each other in a public meeting of Friends held in Pasadena this 21st day of March, in the year of our Lord 1900, declared that in the presence of our Lord they took each other for husband and wife. And as a further confirmation thereof they did then and there in this presence subscribe their names, she, according to the custom and marriage, accepting the name of her husband." The witnesses signed the certificate. "There was no ring and no music."

FOWLS ATTACK A LIGHT.

Keepers of Hog Island Light House Kill Many Geese and Ducks.

One of the keepers of the Hog Island light on the Virginia coast relates a remarkable experience with wild fowls at that light one night recently. Between 7 and 8:30 p. m., the watch on duty was aroused by the "honking" of wild geese and brant, accompanied by the crash of breaking glass. He hastily summoned the other keepers, who responded with shotguns. They opened fire on the bewildered birds with every gun. The battle lasted for an hour and a half. The guns got so hot that it was dangerous to use them and the shoulders of the men became sore from the recoil. The supply of ammunition gave out and the fight ended. In the morning there were sixty-three dead brant, geese, and ducks at the foot of the tower. On the following Saturday morning the tower was again attacked by the birds. There being no stock of cartridges on the island, the guns were useless, but the keepers fought with sticks and captured 150 fowls, when a flock, apparently containing thousands, rushed upon them. They were compelled to seek shelter within the tower. So powerful was the flight of the frightened geese that the wire screens were penetrated, the light in the watch room extinguished, and the panes in three windows destroyed. These fowls had taken wing because of the severe weather prevailing upon their feeding grounds and were blinded by the intense glare of the powerful light in the top of the tower. Hog Island light marks one of the most dangerous shoals on the Virginia coast. It is an iron tower and stands 180 feet above mean high water. It is a first class light and can be seen from the bridge of a steamer a distance of twenty-five miles.

Make Way for the Ladies.

"Whenever I meet a wagon or a carriage on the road driven by a woman," said a horse owner to a Washington Star man, "I give an extra grip to the reins, brace my feet, hold my breath and watch her like a hawk. Why? Because there is not in a woman's nature that element that goes to make up a driver, and they are just as likely to pull the right rein as the left. The fair sex have discovered that by pulling at a horse's mouth he can be made to move more rapidly. This is because the short, quick jerk that a woman gives, accompanied usually by a sharp 'Get up!' hurt the animal's mouth, and he moves for relief. But most of all of them drive that way and always will. The only exceptions are those who have been taught by professional drivers in a riding school or on the road."

Miss Gould's Letters.

Miss Helen Gould, in a single week, recently received requests for financial assistance which aggregated \$1,548,000. The requests for loans aggregated \$156,000; requests to raise mortgages, \$77,500; to aid churches to the amount of \$56,000; a plan to equip a colony in Cuba would need \$1,000,000; girls desired money towards their trousseaux, and one asked for a house, then she could marry at once. One poor woman offered to exchange a valuable ring for \$1,200 in cash, and another offered a brooch for \$500; thirty-two requested to have interviews, another wanted air pillows for an entire regiment of soldiers, and eighteen of the letters were evidently from "ranks."

The world's 792,000 ever 4,200 ever one and at 36, very day, late, or nd.

THE LETTER WAS GENUINE

And Contained Facts—A Former American Settled in Western Canada

Flooded with Inquiries.

A short time since a letter appeared in these columns signed by Mr. W. H. Kinkadee of Alameda, Assiniboia, Western Canada, which caused that gentleman to receive a great many inquiries, most of them anxious to know if the letter was genuine. To a large number of the inquiries answers were sent, but it was impossible to reply to all. We take pleasure in submitting to our readers a specimen of replies sent by Mr. Kinkadee:

"Yes, the letter dated December 22, 1899, supposed to have been written by me, which you saw in your local papers, was genuine and contained facts. I will send you the information received from the Canadian Government Agents prior to coming here. I did not find a single untrue statement. The Canadian Government is honorable and its Agents are not misrepresent this country or they would lose their jobs. There is quite a bit of land for homesteading yet, a very little close to market, but mainly from 6 to 20 miles from stations. The country, hereabouts is a prairie, nearly level, slightly rolling, not a rough country by any means. Homestead entries cost \$10; on land that has been cancelled there is a \$5 cancellation fee extra and in some cases an inspection fee of \$5 and where the former occupant has made any substantial improvements there are small amounts to pay for improvements. This is a poor place for the poor man unless he has brains and muscle and 'git and grit,' but with these requisites he can succeed. The population of this part of Assiniboia has doubled during the past two years. There has been as much prairie broken the past two years as was already broken previous to 1898. C. P. R. land (odd sections) joining homestead land sells at \$3 per acre. Improved quarters within four to five miles of town sell at \$1,000 this spring. This is not a Garden of Eden at all, no man need think he can come here and get rich in a short time without much labor, but if he will work and be saving he can soon be an independent farmer tilling his own soil and getting good returns for his labor. We burn coal, which costs us \$1.85 per load at the mines, which are 20 miles southwest of us.

"People with stock and machinery should come in May so as to have all June to break in. Those who expect to work for wages for the first year or two should come by the end of July to work through harvest and threshing and then go to the coal fields and work all winter and by spring he could be ready to improve homestead. "A quarter section of railway land sells at \$3 per acre. The interest is all figured up and a man has about \$71 to pay cash, and if he breaks at least 10 acres first breaking season his \$21 interest for the first year is thrown off and the second fall following purchase he has \$60 to pay and then \$60 to pay for 8 more falls, which makes a total of \$611 the quarter costs him, including all interest. Paying for a quarter of land that way is like keeping a life insurance policy paid, only it does not take so long to do it. By a man homesteading one quarter and buying another quarter gives him a chance to have a 320-acre farm all his own and have it paid for in ten years, and after that he is sure of an easy living if he is any good at all.

"(Signed) W. H. KINKADEE."

When Cossacks Go Fishing.

In the frozen rivers of the Ural mountains, in Russia, the Cossacks go fishing in large bands. They mount their horses and ride across the frozen river until they reach the spot where they know the current is strong. They then cut through the ice and make an open breathing-hole right across the stream, and let down a net, catching fish from bank to bank, so that all the fish coming along from one direction must get caught in the net. They re-mount their horses and proceed to ride on the ice up stream four or five miles, and then they return at a good pace, stamping and galloping and rattling over the ice in the noisiest possible manner. The thundering of the horses' hoofs terrifies the fish, which swim away at full speed down stream, until they plunge in great numbers and in the utmost confusion, into the net, which is immediately hauled ashore, generally with a huge take.

IN THE LAKE COUNTRY

Of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan, there are hundreds of the most charming Summer Resorts awaiting the arrival of thousands of tourists from the South and East. Among the list of near by places are Fox Lake, Delavan, Landerdale, Waubesa, Okauchee, Palmyra, The Belts, at Kilbourn, Elkhart and Madison, while a little further off are Minocqua, Star Lake, Frontenac, White Bear, Minnetonka and Marquette on Lake Superior. For pamphlet of "Summer Homes for 1900," or for copy of our handsomely illustrated Summer book, entitled "In The Lake Country," apply to nearest ticket agent or address following four cents in postage, Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

Duration of a Wink.

A German scientist has gone to some trouble to calculate the average duration of a wink. He found that it takes just what the phrase "in the twinkling of an eye" means. He says that a wink occupies four-tenths of a second. The eyelids descend in one-tenth of a second, stays down thirteen-hundredths of a second and rises again in seven-hundredths.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Drugists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Reward for Good News.

According to the ancient practice of Oriental monarchs, the Chinese emperor rewards those who bring him good news and punishes those who bring him bad news.—Indianapolis Press.

BRYAN AND TOWNE

Fusionists at Sioux Falls Name a Full Ticket.

TOWNE CHOSEN AFTER LONG DEBATE

Both Candidates Nominated by Acclamation Amid Scenes of Enthusiasm—Session Ends at 1 O'clock Friday Morning—Other News.

For President.....W. J. BRYAN

For Vice President.....C. A. TOWNE

A Sioux Falls, S. D., May 11 dispatch says: The national populist convention concluded its session at 1 o'clock this morning and adjourned sine die, after nominating the Hon. W. J. Bryan for president and the Hon. Charles A. Towne for vice president. The nomination of Mr. Towne was only accomplished after a struggle of several hours' duration, in which an effort was made to have the question of the nomination of a vice presidential candidate referred to a committee to confer with the democratic and silver republican parties in their national conventions. A motion to this effect was defeated by a vote of 268 to 492.

Both candidates were nominated by acclamation, but before the result was reached various candidates were placed in nomination and their names successively withdrawn. Both nominations were accomplished amid scenes of enthusiasm. The convention was called to order at 9:45 a.m. The committee on credentials made its report. The committee on permanent organization made its report, and permanent chairman Patterson took the chair and made an address.

The platform was presented at the afternoon session. It consists of a preamble and a long series of resolutions. It congratulates the party on the marvelous growth of its principles; denounces imperialism and militarism; and the conduct of the administration in regard to the war and its connection with the Philippines; demand is made for a cessation of the war; the Puerto Rico tariff bill is declared to be contrary to the constitution; a standing army is denounced as unwarranted; there is a strong resolution of sympathy for the Boers, trust are denounced, the gold standard act is denounced, the present congress is denounced, as is also government by injunction; the party is pledged anew "never to cease agitation until the financial conspiracy is blotted from the statute books, the Lincoln greenback restored and the bonds all paid and all corporation money forever retired;" election of senators by direct vote of the people is urged, as is also governmental ownership of railroads and telegraph lines; the initiative and referendum, and an exclusion act against all kinds of Mongolian or Malay immigration is asked for.

The reading of the platform was interrupted frequently by applause, and was adopted by a unanimous rising vote. Senator Allen of Nebraska was then recognized to place in nomination William J. Bryan. Mr. Bryan's name was the signal for an enthusiastic outburst. His nomination was unanimous. The question of vice president then came up and for several hours confusion reigned, which finally ended in the nomination of Charles A. Towne of Minnesota, the nominating speech being made by Hon. J. W. Bowler. A motion that the new national committee be made the committee on conference with the national democratic and silver republican parties, the committee to have plenary powers. The motion was carried unanimously. The convention adjourned at 12:35 Friday morning.

BARKER AND DONNELLY

Named to Head Middle of the Road National Ticket.

For President—WHARTON BARKER.

For V. Pres.—IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

A Cincinnati, O., May 10 dispatch says: Above is the ticket placed in the field today by the middle of the road populist party. For a time during today's session of the convention it appeared as if nothing could prevent a complete disruption of the plans so carefully wrought out by the handful of men who separated themselves on February 19 last at Lincoln, Neb., from the fusionists element of the people's party. Since Tuesday a steady current against the cut and dried choice of Barker and Donnelly, who had been selected in 1895 by the initiative and referendum plan, to head the ticket, had almost destroyed the foundation upon which that ticket stood. Former Congressman Howard of Alabama had suddenly become the idol of an apparently winning number of delegates and today as the time drew near for nominations word was quietly passed, confirmed by Mr. Howard himself, that the Barker following would bolt the convention should their leader be turned down.

Austin, Tex., Burning.

Shortly after 3 o'clock this morning, says an Austin, Tex., May 11 special, fire broke out in a furniture factory in the center of a block of business houses on Congress avenue the main part of the city. Owing to the disabled water power, caused by the disaster to the dam some weeks ago, the fire department is using the old system of cisterns and is greatly handicapped. There is danger that the fire will spread and destroy the entire block.

Young Man Accidentally Shot.

At Gering, Neb., a young man named Bailes was accidentally shot in the stomach by a comrade who did not know the gun was loaded. The ball penetrated at least several inches and the result may be very serious.

Postoffice Safe Blown Open.

The safe in the Bancroft, Neb., postoffice was blown open and several dollars in cash and stamps were taken. The safe door was blown off with powder, the door being thrown about ten feet.

BUTLER CHOSEN CHAIRMAN

J. H. Edmisten Made Vice Chairman of National Committee.

The first meeting of the new populist national committee was held at Sioux Falls to elect officers. The meeting, which was a protracted one, resulted in a lively protest over the chairmanship between the friends of former Chairman Senator Marion Butler of North Carolina and J. Harley Edmisten, chairman of the Nebraska state committee. Nearly all of the new committeemen were present at the meeting. Senator Butler was elected chairman of the national committee by a majority of 7 in a total vote of 76.

Chairman Butler will make his headquarters in Washington during the campaign. Senator Butler accepted the position again officially on condition that a vice chairman be chosen to assist in the work. This position was offered to Mr. Edmisten and he accepted it. George F. Washburn of Massachusetts was made treasurer and J. A. Edgerton of Colorado was selected as secretary.

MILITIA NOT NEEDED

Governor Stephens Believes Police Able to Cope With Trouble.

The street railway situation at St. Louis, Mo., shows but little change. About the usual number of cars are being run by the Suburban, while only a few are out on the Lindell division of the Transit company's system. No others on the latter system are in operation. Police protection is still afforded the lines operating, officers guarding each car and patrolling the streets on foot and horseback. While the Suburban cars are well patronized those of the Transit company are about empty. Governor Stephens has departed for Jefferson City, after an ineffectual attempt to bring the strikers and their employers together for the purpose of settling the strike.

CORBETT KNOCKED OUT

Jedries Defeats Ex-Champion After a Long Ring Battle.

In the fastest, prettiest and closest heavyweight ring battle ever fought in New York James J. Jedries has affirmed his right to the championship. In the arena of the Seaside sporting club Friday night he decisively defeated Jim Corbett, once champion of the world, after twenty-two rounds of scientific fighting.

Charged With Felony.

Mrs. Nettie R. Craven has been indicted by the grand jury at San Francisco, Cal., on a charge of felony, namely, perjury for her testimony given before that body in relation to her claim for a widow's share of the James G. Fair estate. George W. Simpton, who swore he married Fair and Mrs. Craven, and Adolph Silva, the man who boasted he had engineered the deal, have also been indicted for perjury.

Case of Mumps Proves Fatal.

A strange death occurred at Lawrence, Neb., last Thursday. Earl Smith, aged fourteen years, son of a merchant, had the mumps. After getting out again he fell and injured his leg; took a relapse of the mumps which seemed to go into the blood through the injured limb and he suffered excruciating pains, dying three days later in terrible spasms.

Skull Fractured by a Kick.

At Greeley, Neb., D. D. Gibb's little boy, five years old, was kicked by a horse. He was in a pasture at the edge of town and went too near the animal, which struck him in the middle of the forehead. The child was unconscious for several hours, and it was found his skull was fractured. He will recover, but will have an ugly scar.

Suitor Wants More Time.

A dispatch from Constantinople dated Thursday, May 10, says: The matter of the settlement of the indemnity claims is temporarily delayed. Well informed circles say that the Turkish minister in Washington, Ali Ferigh Bey, has given assurances of the settlement of the claims, but asks for a short delay, which is granted.

Hastings People Pleased.

Hastings people are pleased that that city has secured the U. S. A. R. re-union for the next three years, and will pledge themselves that the veterans and their families will receive a hearty welcome and the best of treatment during the period of their annual gathering.

Towne Willing to Accept.

A Chicago dispatch says: Hon. Charles A. Towne was seen at the Auditorium annex. He said he was willing to accept the office of vice president if he was the choice of all three parties, but that he would not do so unless the Chicago platform was reaffirmed.

Business Houses Burned.

A special from Tecumseh, Okl., says: Twelve buildings burned here Friday morning, two hardware, two general merchandise, one military store, one dance offices and residences. Loss, \$30,000, with \$4,000 insurance.

Robbed of \$115.

Min Bond of Nebraska City reports that when he went to retire he found that some time during the day unknown persons had entered his residence and stolen a tin box containing \$115 in money and some valuable papers. There is as yet no clue to the thief.

Good Fund for Starving in India.

The Swedish mission church at Holmdregre, Neb., and at Holcomb, that country, has \$500 to starving India. Three hundred dollars of this was raised in Holmdregre.

Taken From Jail and Lynched.

Will Lea, the negro who attempted to assault Mrs. H. H. Diefenbach, a Chesapeake & Ohio telegraph operator at Sandstone, nine miles west of Hinton, W. Va., was taken from the jail and hung by a mob of 100 masked men. His body was afterward riddled with bullets.

Held On a Murder Charge.

A Beardstown, Ill., special, says: Mrs. Mary Shores was arrested Friday evening and held. She is supposed to have murdered Milton Beecham in Calhoun county, Ill., five years ago.

RESTLESS FILIPINOS

Papers Discuss the Probability of an Outbreak.

NATIVES LEAVE AMERICAN EMPLOYERS

Federal Officials Active—Authorities Do Not Fear an Uprising at the Present Time Because Rebels Seem to Lack Courage—Other News.

A Manila, May 14th dispatch says the latest rumor of an outbreak in Manila among the natives, which is in circulation last week, was seriously discussed by some of the local papers and has attracted more attention than has usually been the case on this point. As a matter of fact, many Filipinos did leave their American employers with the apparent intention of joining some such movement. Their action, taken in connection with the arrest of several natives for carrying concealed weapons and the dispersion of several suspicious gatherings gave color to the reports.

The officials have been active in the matter, but are not inclined to think an uprising will be attempted. They believe the Filipinos are lacking in the necessary courage, and especially in view of the fact that the natives feared to attempt the demonstration at the time of General Lawton's funeral, although they had made careful preparations and many insurgents had come to Manila for this express purpose.

A paper found among the captured effects of General Pantaleon Garcia asserts that the United States congress had done nothing for the Filipinos, and that therefore, all Filipinos who are working for Americans must leave the penalty of treason. One report is that the Filipino junta is endeavoring to incite an outbreak in order to show the civil commission that the insurrection is still alive. It does not seem probable that the peace proposals which Senor Buencamino, at one time a member of the so-called Filipino government, has drawn up for submission to Aguinaldo and other insurgent leaders will have much weight with the Filipinos. Buencamino's opinion gained in other wars, is that of a man who hurries to the aid of the winning side. He was in doubt as to the Filipinos even before the collapse of their government, owing to a widespread suspicion of his loyalty to his colleagues.

NO GREAT DISTURBANCE

Anti-Tax Agitation in Spain Conducted Very Quietly.

May 11 passed off peacefully, practically everywhere throughout Spain, despite the universal character of the anti-taxation agitation. The only noteworthy disturbance took place at Valencia, where rioting occurred and barricades were erected in the streets, from behind which the mob stoned the gendarmes. On the latter endeavoring to dislodge the rioters they were received with rifle shots and two policemen were injured. The gendarmes replied with a fusillade, before which the mob fled. Martial law has been proclaimed in the provinces of Barcelona and Valencia, at Seville, where the shops are still closed, the excitement continues. There has been further resistance to the gendarmes at Valencia.

Forming a Bridge Trust.

The American Bridge company, with thirty or more separate companies and a capital of \$70,000,000 will, it is announced, be formed at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., in New York. The \$70,000,000 capital is, according to those in a position to know, to be divided equally between common and preferred stock. The companies represented by the combination comprise about ninety per cent. of all those doing business in this country.

Barnett Commits Suicide.

After a writing a note of farewell to his former sweetheart, Harry S. Barnett, a young Chicagoan and heir to an estate worth \$25,000, which would have passed into his possession in eighteen months, took carbolic acid and died. The suicide is attributed to Barnett's despondency concerning his relations with the young woman.

Passes Two Million Mark.

Work of the Chicago city directory enumerators for 1900, almost completed, shows that the population of Chicago is not less than 2,001,000. The directory estimate is so conservative that the national census, which commenced June 1, and ends June 15, will probably show a bigger figure than this by 20,000.

Fatally Stabbed.

At Lexington, Ky., George Chilton was stabbed under the heart by C. H. Foushee and will die. Foushee and the Haverly brothers were engaged in a heated discussion and Chilton sought to quiet them. He stepped in between them with the above result.

She Gets \$25,000.

At Philadelphia in the suit for damages brought by Mrs. Elizabeth G. Reading of Williamsport against Mrs. Gazzam, for alienating the affection of the former's husband, the plaintiff was awarded \$25,000 damages. The case attracted wide attention because of the high social standing of the parties.

Drowned in a Stop Jail.

At Edgar, Neb., Clyde Jones, aged one year, fell into a large slop pail half full of water and was drowned before he could be rescued.

Found Under a Log Ratt.

The body of Andrew Alt, aged about forty years, was found beneath a long log at Clinton, Ia. It may have been suicide or accidental. Nothing is known of him at Clinton. Papers show that he was a laborer.

Hoetfelker Pleads Guilty.

Henry Hoetfelker, the Dodge ex-official who embezzled \$2,100 of county funds at Fremont, pleaded guilty to the charge against him. The sentence imposed was three years at hard labor in the state penitentiary.

BURIED AT SAN FRANCISCO

Soldier From Philippines Whose Home is at Fremont, Neb.

J. A. Bateman of Fremont, Neb., has received word from Congressman J. S. Robinson that the body of his son, Homer Hugh Bateman, private in company H, Thirty-ninth infantry, was interred in the national cemetery at San Francisco after reaching the American shore on the transport. The young man died at sea after a long illness contracted in the Philippines. He was on the transport Sherman on the date of his death, April 24. Mr. Bateman was anxious that if the body of his son was not buried at sea it should be brought to Fremont for burial and wrote to that effect both to San Francisco and to Washington. He got no news of any kind until recently, when the news of his son's burial reached him. Had the body been sent there would have occurred the first soldier's funeral in Fremont in which a fighter in the late war was laid to rest.

GETTING MONEY AND ARMS

Filipino Junta Boasts of New Aggression.

A dispatch from Hong Kong says the Filipino junta has been receiving large amounts of money at Manila. Within the past three months three ship loads of arms have arrived here from Germany for the insurgent cause. The junta gave a big banquet here last night in honor of the reorganization of their government. The Filipino claim they will open aggressive hostilities just as soon as the rainy season begins.

SIX KILLED IN EXPLOSION

News of Disaster in the Coal Mines of Virginia.

News has been received at Bristol, Tenn., headquarters of the Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke company, of a disastrous explosion in their coal mines at Tom's creek, Wise county, Va. Six men were killed.

Won the Caps.

At the opening of the baseball season at University Place Postmaster Samuel Reeseman offered to furnish caps to the town kid line if they would defeat the Bethany boys in a series of three games. The games were played, University Place winning two of the series. Mr. Reeseman made good his promise and the boys proudly wear their new caps. The organization is named "Uncle Sam's Nine," in honor of the postmaster.

Factory Not Needed.

May 12, by a close vote of 23 to 24, the senate rejected the proposition to erect, without reference to the price at which the government could secure armor plate for its warships, an armament plant. The subsidiary amendments were rejected by about the same vote. When the committee's proposition was about to be voted upon a filibuster was organized, the quorum of the senate was broken and the question is still in the air.

Caught in a Stalk Cutter.

John Brown, a boy about eighteen years of age, met with a horrible and almost fatal accident near Schuyler, Neb. While cutting cornstalks with a machine the team ran away, throwing Brown forward under the cutter. When found he was so tightly wedged in the machinery of the cutter that it was impossible to extricate him. His left leg and arm were broken and severe gashes cut in his limbs and chest.

Body Found.

The body of Brethouwer, the farmer who was drowned on his farm near Havelock while trying to cross a stream, was found by Sheriff Branson and a searching party. The sheriff held an inquest and a verdict was rendered that death was due to accidental drowning.

To Throw Off British Yoke.

Serious reports are current that the Ashantis are determined to throw off the British yoke; that they have secured the co-operation of eight other tribes and that they are now able to raise 30,000 warriors.

The Baboonic Plague.

A Sydney, N. S. W., May 13 dispatch says: The number of cases of bubonic plague officially reported to this date is 216. Of these seventy-three have proved fatal.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Oxford, Neb., has voted \$4,000 for a new school house. It is expected that congress will adjourn about June 10. Summonses have been issued in New York against the ice trust promoters. Dr. Olaf Olson, president of Augusta college, Rock Island, Ill., is dead from cancer of the stomach. At Sheboygan, Wis., the chairmakers of the country held a meeting and effected an organization. The E. Jaeger & Co. Jewelry company of St. Louis, the largest jewelry company in the west, has gone into the hands of a receiver. Lord Roberts entered Koonstsdad unopposed. The Boers have retired to the Transvaal and will probably stand at the Vaal river. Heavy fighting is reported in Natal. Edward Shinnick, the seven-year-old son of William Shinnick, 640 Forty-third street, was drowned in the stock yards pond at Forty-third and Peoria streets, Chicago, Ill. Although heiress to millions, Mrs. Annie Jackson, of New York, eloped with her coachman, Alfred C. Terwilliger. Her grandfather says she will be forgiven if she returns alone. May McNally, aged sixteen years, and Edna Worden, aged twenty, were drowned at Joplin, Mo., in Neosho river, their boat capsizing. At Danville, Ill., because she was forced to occupy a cell in the city prison with a colored woman, Mrs. Mary E. Smith stabbed the negroess to death. Both had been arrested for disorderly conduct. A pension of \$12 per month has been granted Lydia Strang. She is the foster mother of the late William Lewis, Company E, First Nebraska, the first Nebraska soldier to give up his life in the Spanish war.

No Longer a Maverick.

The Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady, giving experiences as "A Missionary in the Great West," tells of the baptism of a little daughter of a big cattle owner in Indian Territory: "In our baptismal service we sign those who are baptized with the sign of the cross," he explains, "and when the little girl returned to school after the baptism the children pressed her with hard questions, desiring to know what that man with the 'nightgown' had done, and if she were now any different from what she had been before. She tried to tell them that she had been made 'a member of Christ, the child of God, and an inheritor of the Kingdom of Heaven,' but did not succeed in expressing the situation very well, and they pressed her for a clearer explanation. Finally, when she had exhausted every other effort, she turned on them, her eyes flashing through her tears, 'Well,' she said, 'lapse into the vernacular, 'I will tell you. I was a little 'maverick' before, and the man put Jesus' brand on my forehead, and when He sees me running wild on the prairie He will know that I am His little girl.'"

Self-Proclaimed Poets.

"A little over three hundred years ago," writes Thomas Bailey Aldrich in the March Century, in a paper on Robert Herrick, "England had given to her a poet of the very rarest lyrical quality, but she did not discover the fact for more than 150 years afterward. The poet himself was aware of the fact at once, and stated it, perhaps not too modestly, in countless quatrains and couplets, which were not read, or, if read, were not much regarded at the moment. It has always been an incredulous world in this matter. So many poets have announced their arrival, and not arrived!"

Clerical Salaries in Germany.

In view of the advance in salaries of other state officials, the German clergy have been petitioning their respective governments for increased remuneration. The greater cost of living calls for such increase. An addition of \$10,000 was voted for this purpose. Ministers will now receive for the first five years \$450 per annum and a parsonage; for the second five years \$600; for the third five, \$765; for the fourth five, \$750; then \$825, \$900, and thirty years' service, \$950.—Chicago Tribune.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Drugists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Domino Crazy.

Two men from neighboring New Jersey towns met in a domino tournament last fall, and this contest was followed by a series of domino games between players from the towns, ten players being on a side. It is now reported that the two towns are domino crazy. Matches are held every week.

Droopy treated free by Dr. H. H. Green's

Sons of Atlanta, Ga. The greatest droopy specialists in the world. Read their advertisement in another column of this paper.

A dash of black is considered smart

on hats, gowns, and corsages. I do not believe Pile's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 5, 1900.

Why not turn that Turkey claim

over to a collection agency? \$20.00 A WEEK AND EXPENSES to agents selling our household goods. Sell on sight. Write C. H. Marshall & Co., Chicago.

A smash-up on the stock market of

ten causes a business wreck. Hall's Catarrh Cure. Is taken internally. Price, 75c. The human race is but a contest for dollars.

1900

There is every good reason why

St. Jacobs Oil

should cure

RHEUMATISM

NEURALGIA

LUMBAGO

SCIATICA

for the rest of the century. One par-

amount reason is

THE ORD QUIZ
Goes into more families each week
than all other papers in the county.
It's advertising rates are low.

The Ord Quiz.

THE ORD QUIZ
Has the best Job Printing Plant in
the Loup Country. Our work is the
best. Prices low as the lowest.

Established April 6, 1882. Whole No. 945.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1900.

VOL. 19, NO. 8.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

Makes hot breakfast-breads wholesome—no yeast germs, no alum. Makes cake, biscuit and pastry of superior fineness, flavor and delicacy. Makes food that will keep moist and sweet. Is most economical, because it is the purest and greatest in leavening strength. In the easy, expeditious preparation of the finer cakes and pastries, Royal is indispensable.

Care must be taken to avoid baking powders made from alum. Such powders are sold cheap, because they cost but a few cents per pound. Not only will they spoil the cake, but alum is a corrosive acid, which taken in food means injury to health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

A. M. ROBBINS
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE
Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties.

R. L. STAPLE,
LAWYER,
Bonded Abstractor and Notary Public.
Office in Court House.

A. A. LAVERTY,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW
Estate and Probate matters made a Specialty.

F. D. HALDEMAN,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Office and residence opposite Presbyterian church.

C. A. BRINK, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over First National Bank.

E. J. BOND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN.
All calls promptly attended day and night.
Office upstairs over Patten's Pharmacy.
Residence four blocks west of public square.

DR. F. C. HOLSON,
DENTIST,
Office over the First National Bank.

DR. H. T. CLARK,
DENTIST.
Office over Postoffice.

F. MISKO,
DEALER IN HARNESSES,
Haddies, whips, robes, blankets, collars,
curry combs, brushes, and every-
thing usually kept in a first-
class harness store.
Shop on North
side square.

H. STRONG & CO.
FURNITURE
AND
UNDERTAKING
GOODS.

A. M. DANEILS
FURNITURE, PICTURE
FRAMES, FLOOR MATTING
UNDERTAKING AND
EMBALMING.
Southeast Corner of Square,
Ord, Nebraska

The easiest and most effective method
of purifying the blood and invigorating
the system is to take DeWitt's Little
Early Risers, the famous little pills for
cleansing the liver and bowels. Ben
Bridgford.

County Correspondence

County Doings by THE QUIZ Special Correspondents.

North Loup News.

H. M. Davis was in town Saturday.
Mrs. H. H. Studley arrived home Monday.
S. J. Stichter was a St. Paul visitor last week.
Rev. O. M. Frazer went to Alda last week.
Charley Maxon went to St. Paul Wednesday.
John Wheeler went to St. Paul on business last week.
N. K. Redlon shipped a car of hogs to Omaha Thursday.
H. I. Cox has moved into his own house near the depot.
Mrs. Guy Dunn went to Scotia on the morning train Wednesday.
Mrs. Myra Gowen is in Omaha attending the Babcock wedding.
Orin Manchester took a fine load of cattle to Omaha Monday last.
Mrs. Stella Honeycutt and family of Sargent are visiting friends here.
The Farmers State Bank opened for business according to contract May 1.

The frame of the new church for the Friends is up and being rapidly enclosed.

Miss Nancy Huckleberry was over from Scotia Saturday and Sunday.

C. N. Thrasher has added a gasoline engine to his blacksmith facilities.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Black are the happy parents of a new boy born Monday May 14.

Walter Davis has laid a new side walk in front of his harness shop. There are others waiting.

G. H. Nash and family have gone to Clyde, Mo., where they will probably locate for the future.

E. J. and A. H. Babcock went to Omaha Wednesday morning to attend the wedding of their brother George.

Mrs. J. M. Stewart and daughter Nettie went to Aledo, Ill., last week being called there by the death of Mrs. Stewart's sister.

Mrs. E. M. Brass and daughter were passengers to Elba last Friday. They have been visiting at McClellan's for a week or two.

The beet crop is reported to be starting out in poor shape, seed not coming up good. Consequently a poor stand may be expected.

Miss Maud Shepard and Miss Julia Sears went to Ord Monday to hear William Hawley Smith's lecture. Rev. E. C. Reeve also went on the noon train.

Mrs. Ruby Burton of Scotia was visiting at Mrs. Shepard's Tuesday. This was probably the farewell visit as she expects to start for Guernsey, Wyoming, the first of next week.

A subscription has been started for the purpose of erecting a band stand. There will probably be no trouble in getting the money but there will be some difficulty in locating the institution after it is erected.

There are more potatoes bugs this year than potatoes. It is no uncommon thing to see a crowd of them sitting on a clod of dirt waiting for a chance to get to the lunch counter. Puts me in mind of pop politicians waiting for pie.

Clyde Wellman has been making a great improvement in his photograph parlor in the way of carpeting and furniture. He has also manufactured a handsome revolving show case which stands on the sidewalk in front of the entrance. He now has one of the finest rooms to be found in the country.

Frank Johnson's folks had quite an exciting time with a gasoline stove one day last week. It seemed to have been leaking and in trying to fix it the reservoir came off spilling the contents around promiscuously. Of course the usual conflagration resulted. But after heaving the stove into the street and considerable lively scrapping Frank succeeded in putting down the fire without serious damage.

Ida Items.

Sunday had attractions at Burwell for Ferd Butts.
Miss Hattie Hennick is assisting Mrs. Butts this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Witham dined with the Goodenows Thursday.
James Butts is putting down a well on his Calamus farm.
Mrs. Noble and Miss Winnie Kerns called at Mrs. Butts Sunday.
Chas. Smith of Ord will begin work Monday for Spaulding & Co.
S. W. Brockus and T. H. Doran dined with Spaulding & Co. Sunday.
O. H. McGreen of Burwell is papering in this neighborhood this week.
Free Methodist preaching at the school house Sunday, June 10, by Miss Cook of Taylor.
The bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Sprague took breakfast with Mrs. Whiting on their way to Ord.
Mr. and Mr. Whiting made a trip up the Bloody river this week looking up a sheep ranch with a view to locating.
Mr. John Thompson and family visited at L. N. Kennedy's as also did Will Cottle and wife, and Wright and family.
Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Powell of Burwell called at Mr. Noble's Sunday to view the vacant house of Mr. Brockus with the idea of buying.
Rev. Campbell preached to a small congregation at the school house Sunday. He will continue to hold services every alternate Sunday. Come all.

The Republican party has a past, a present and a future. The Democratic party has only a past, and it would be much better off without that.

Perhaps Hon. Billy Mason may explain the failure of the Illinois Republicans to endorse him on the theory that they have been subsisting upon adulterated food products.

E. F. White, Des Moines, Iowa, writes, "One box of Beggs' German Salve cured me of the piles, after I had been under the treatment of a physician for two years, without receiving any benefit. He said there was no hope for me but an operation. Ben Bridgford."

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Wharton Barker still insists that Bryan will not be nominated at Kansas City. Mr. Barker's opinion on this subject is entitled to rank with his profoundest views on the money question and on government ownership of everything worth having.

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Nemes have recently been applied to a number of Alaskan peaks. If the prospectors run across a Stygian hole in the ground they call it Pettigrew.

The Republicans in Congress are about to complete the Puerto Rican legislation and to show that they are not foolish enough to fall into Democratic traps.

Krause's Little Liver Pills are a purely vegetable, gelatine coated pill that act directly on the liver and bile. They are free from crude and irritating matter, their action is gentle and natural and they do not cause constipation after using. Sold by Ben Bridgford.

Attention Hog Raisers!

I have secured the exclusive agency and sale in Valley and Greeley counties for the famous B. T. Gernsied Hydro-drenio Hog Cholera Cure of Fidelity, Ohio, and Missouri Valley, Iowa. 99 sick hogs out of 100 cured by this treatment. Remember we ask no pay until you are satisfied that your treated hogs are cured. I furnish all medicines and treat the hogs. This is no humbug but an absolute fact. Everybody having sick hogs or a sick herd please call on me at Greeley, Nebr., or drop me a card and I will come and treat your hogs. Respectfully,
S. J. Corner, Greeley Nebr.

Do You Have Fifty Cents?

If you have, will tell you how to get the most for your money. The Semi-Weekly State Journal, published at Lincoln, wants several thousand new subscribers and as a special inducement will mail the paper twice a week from now until the end of this year for only fifty cents. Two papers each week with all the news of the world, through the great presidential campaign and the campaign in this for two United States senators and the state ticket. Never in your life have you been offered so much reading matter for 50 cents. Send in your money right now, because the sooner you send it in the more papers you get for your money. Address, Nebraska State Journal, Lincoln, Neb.

The predictions that Bryan will be elected are all discredited by the fact business is still driving along in a vigorous and confident way without fear of the future.

If Abdul Hamid continues to ignore Mr. Hay's sharp reminders he will soon owe this country an apology. Perhaps he may consent to pay that.

"Was troubled with dandruff and falling hair for several years. Tried many remedies without result. Beggs' Hair Renewer removed the dandruff at once and my hair is coming out again. Would not be without it at any price." —W. J. Walsh, Iowa City Iowa. Ben Bridgford.

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HOME duties to many women seem more important than health.
No matter how ill they feel, they drag themselves through the daily tasks and pile up trouble. This is heroic but a penalty has to be paid.

A woman in New Matamoros, Ohio, Mrs. ISABELL BRADFORD, tells in the following letter how she fought with disease of the feminine organs until finally forced to take to her bed. She says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to write to you to tell you that I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and think there is no medicine in the world like it. I suffered for nine years, and sometimes for twelve weeks at a time I could not stand on my feet. I had female troubles of all kinds; backache, and headache all the time. Seven different doctors treated me. Some said I would have to go to the hospital and have an operation performed. But oh! how thankful I am that I did not, that I tried your Vegetable Compound instead. I cannot say too much in its praise, nor thank you enough for what it has done for me. I want you to publish this in all the papers for the good of other sufferers."

The wives and mothers of America are given to overwork. Let them be wise in time and at the first indication of female trouble write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for her advice. This advice is promptly given without charge.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled; for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, advising and helping by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.



WOMAN'S DEVOTION TO HOME

FREE! FREE!

\$300 Kingsbury Upright Piano

MERCHANTS' VOTING CONTEST.

Buy your goods of the following merchants and for every 10 cent purchase get One Vote.

Cresby & Carson, Shoes.
Cornell Bros., Hardware and Sporting Goods.
Fitzsimmons & Graham, Implements, Wagons and Buggies.
J. W. Perry Co., General Merchandise.
Sam. Fackler, Groceries, Provisions, Fruits
Ben Bridgford, Druggist and Jeweler.
McLain & Siler, Dry Goods Groceries, etc.
A. M. Daniels, Furniture, Picture Frames, Shades and Mattings.
F. J. Starr, Meat Market.
Rollin W. Bond, Pianos and Organs.

THIS KINGSBURY UPRIGHT PIANO

worth \$300 will be given away on Friday September 14, 1900, to the lodge church or society having the largest number of legitimate votes in the city of Ord.

Ask for ballots with every purchase and deposit the same in the ballot box prepared for that purpose at Bridgford's Drug Store.
Positively no ballots will be counted unless stamped by the merchant issuing the same.
All ballots issued prior to June 15 must be deposited before that date—otherwise they will be void.
This rule governs each month of the contest.

Piano on Exhibition at Ben. Bridgford's Drug Store

MERCHANTS' PIANO CONTEST.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY, PRACTICALLY a Daily, AND THE CHEAPEST KNOWN.
NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE
PUBLISHED ON THURSDAY.
For over fifty-eight years a National Family Paper for farmers and villagers, whose readers have represented the very best element of our country population.

It gives all important news of the Nation and World, the most reliable market reports, fascinating short stories, an unexcelled Agricultural Department, Scientific and Mechanical Information, Fashion Articles for the Women, Humorous Illustrations for old and young. It is "The People's Paper" for the entire United States.

Regular subscription price, \$1.00 per year.
We furnish it with THE ORD QUIZ for \$2.25 PER YEAR.
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We furnish it with THE ORD QUIZ for \$2.25 per year.
Send all orders to THE QUIZ, Ord, Nebraska.

Wholesale Prices to Users.
Our General Catalogue quotes them. Send 15c to partly pay postage or expressage and we'll send you one. It has 1100 pages, 17,000 illustrations and quotes prices on nearly 70,000 things that you eat and use and wear. We constantly carry in stock all articles quoted.
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
Michigan Ave. & Madison St., Chicago.

Caricatures in the University of Chicago's junior annual represent President Harper and John D. Rockefeller playing football, with a bag of gold doing duty in place of the usual pigskin. The caricatures are wrong, absolutely wrong and incorrect. In football both sides are supposed to get an equal chance to kick the sphere, while the game played between President Harper and Mr. Rockefeller has been wholly one-sided, with the oil man doing all the kicking out and the president making all the touch-downs.

Lord Roberts is Passive.
General Roberts continues passive at Kroonstad. His cavalry are stretching like a semi-circular screen many miles in length, without lapping flanks. The railway will probably be completed today. The Kroonstad censor permits the passage of long dispatches dealing with incidents prior to the occupation.

Frenchmen Fight in Force.
A Dane, who was captured by the South African horse, says there are 500 Frenchmen with the Boers who are opposing General Buller, together with many Germans and other foreigners.

Mine Secretary Resigns.
W. C. Pearce, secretary and treasurer of the united mine workers of America has resigned, and W. B. Wilson of Pennsylvania has succeeded him. The announcement was made at the united mine workers' headquarters at Indianapolis. His books were audited last week.

Man's Activity.
A reasonably active man walks about 297,200 miles—more than ten times the earth's circumference—in 80 years, just walking about his house.

Deputy United States Marshals Eaton and Dowell arrested at Litchfield and lodged in jail in Springfield John Scheffer, ringleader of the Big Four strikers, charged with the violation of Judge Allen's injunction. The strikers are reported to be wholly ignoring the injunction, and many more arrests will follow.

Can't Boycott Chinese.

At Butte, Mont., Judge Knowlton handed down a decision enjoining labor unions and all other people from combining to boycott the Chinese, or

A proclamation purporting to have been issued by Aguinaldo, dated May 4, from Piliillo Island, one of the Philippine group, east of Luzon, in the Philippine archipelago, is being widely distributed in Manila. The commission appointed by President McKinley was appointed without the authorization of congress and that, hence, it cannot treat officially. It urges the Filipinos not to surrender their arms at the instigation of the commission and on promises which congress may not ratify and also urges the Filipinos to enthusiastically welcome the commission whenever it arrives in the town and provinces, asking boldly for the form of government they most desire, as the Americans permit freedom of speech.

The proclamation closes with asking the Filipinos to still strive for liberty and justice and to be warned that the commission is a delegation.

The Pennsylvania railroad, it is announced, is seeking control of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, of which C. E. Perkins is the president. It is stated that a definite proposal will be offered the board of directors at their meeting in Chicago next Wednesday looking toward a lease of the entire line. It is said in addition that the Pennsylvania has secured practical control, by recent heavy purchases of stock, similar to the plan followed in gaining control of the Baltimore & Ohio and the Chesapeake & Ohio.

THE HEALTH OF YOUNG WOMEN

W. N. U.-LINCOLN-No. 21-190

When Answering Advertisements Kind

MINERS MAKE ISSUE.

SHAMEFUL CONDUCT OF DEMOCRATS IN CONGRESS.

Representatives Lentz and Sulzer want a Plank in the Kansas Platform Commemorative of Law and Order in the State of Idaho.

Congressmen Lentz and Sulzer have terminated their most remarkable conduct of an inquiry that ever besmirched a United States congress. They heaped personal abuse on Republican members of the committee as well as on the opposing attorneys and witnesses. They hesitated not to draw the most offensive inferences. They hesitated not to charge men with the most sordid motives. They hesitated not to indulge in personal threats. Fortunately for them they were not taken with great seriousness. Only once were they really brought to with a short turn. Chairman Hull had been goaded almost beyond human endurance. Livid with anger he shook his fist under the nose of Lentz, whose coveting eye avoided him. "You have gone as far with me as you dare," he cried, Lentz went no further. He might bully, but his physical courage must not be put to too severe a test.

The very first witness, Governor Steunenberg of Idaho, a Democrat, who opposed them, took from beneath them the very ground of argument upon which they had stood. Governor Steunenberg assumed full responsibility for all that was subject of complaint. He and Auditor Sinclair, his deputy in Shoshone county after the riots, after martial law had been declared, announced that what was done there, or ordered done, because they deemed it necessary for the protection of life and property. Lentz and Sulzer were in the very paroxysm of transcendent joy. They had nailed them to the cross at last. "Are you the state, like Louis XIV.?" Lentz asked, in great glee, arguing solemnly that the question was a proper one.

Then came the explosion which deadened their ebullitions. "What are your politics?" was the indiscreet question put to Governor Steunenberg. "I am a Democrat," he said. "I voted for Bryan in 1896. I hope to vote for him again in 1900."

It was a sad blow. It was absolutely disheartening. And another disagreeable feature of it is that Governor Steunenberg had so much confidence in the righteousness of the course which he pursued that he is willing to let the people judge him by becoming a candidate for the United States senate. Isn't it terrible?

But another, sadder blow, awaited the conspirators. Auditor Sinclair took the stand. Attorney Robertson, who appeared for the "miners," he said, had successfully browbeaten the witness. He put an insulting question to him. "Do you make that as a statement?" Sinclair asked. "I do," Robertson replied pompously. "It is a lie," was the little bantam's response.

This was Robertson's chance. He weighs over 200 pounds. Sinclair is heavy at 150. So Robertson displayed his personal bravery by making a fierce physical attack on the witness, who had not the slightest intention of making Robertson responsible for the lie. He was dragged off before he had the opportunity to do him much damage, beyond a disarrangement of his toilet. Sinclair never whimpered. He just went on as though nothing had happened, while Robertson continued to nervously ply him with questions.

"Your politics?" a Republican member finally inquired, mindful of the surprise that was sprung in response to that question by Governor Steunenberg.

"I am a Democrat," was the clear answer. He had voted for Bryan. Would vote for him again. And, horror of horrors, his preference for the vice presidency was Sulzer, Sulzer, the Bowers statesman, who before that could scarcely refrain from throwing inkstands at the witness, but whose manner now underwent a sudden change. He truly began to imbibe a lingering affection for Sinclair.

Sulzer and Lentz want the Democrats at Kansas City to adopt a plank in the platform condemning the calling out of the United States soldiers to suppress the riots. Let them do it if they desire. But Governor Steunenberg has declared that he will head

the Bryan delegation from Idaho to the Kansas City convention. He will naturally oppose any action that will personally discredit him. If the subject is forced upon the convention it will cause a row of no mean dimensions. It may result in a bolt. All of which is no Republican's funeral. It is only the outcome of the attempt of Lentz and Sulzer to play politics. They wanted new issues. They have them. Let them make the most and the best of them. Hoist by their own petard.

A LESSON TO MINERS.

Increased Output and Employment in Wyoming's Coal Fields.

Wyoming is not generally regarded as being much of a coal producer, yet there were only ten states in which more coal was mined last year. The output of Wyoming coal has been as follows during the last decade:

Year—	Tons.	Value.
1890	1,370,366	\$3,183,669
1891	2,327,841	3,555,275
1892	2,503,839	3,168,776
1893	2,439,311	3,290,904
1894	2,417,463	3,170,392
1895	2,246,911	2,977,901
1896	2,233,184	2,918,235
1897	2,597,886	3,136,694
1898	2,863,812	3,664,190
1899	4,547,733	4,690,163

*Including Nebraska.
Moderate as is Wyoming's production of coal, it is ample to serve as an object lesson to the 3,500 miners in that state. They can see that there was an increasing demand for Wyoming coal in the year 1890-92 under the Republican administration of President Harrison, with a consequent better employment of labor.

They can also see that the output of coal from Wyoming's mines decreased during the Democratic administration of President Cleveland, when the miners were only working from 184 to 190 days in the year.

But there were more men at work, and they were working more days, 242 days in 1898, under the Republican administration of President McKinley. Then the output of the Wyoming coal mines increased to 4,547,733 tons last year.

Miners will do well to think over these facts. Next November they will have to vote either for activity in the mines, with work nearly all the year through, or for partial idleness, with work only for half a year. Republican prosperity has reached the Western mines, and it will stay there if we again elect a Republican president this year, and Republican representatives in congress to support him.

What Foreign Trade Means.

The export trade balance in favor of the United States during the first three years of President McKinley's administration amounted to \$1,483,000,000. More than one-half of that sum represents what was paid for labor in manufacturing these exports, for which the rest of the world paid. In other words the Republican policy has obliged the world, in the last three years, to pay at least \$740,000,000 to American labor, which would employ 740,000 men for one year at a salary of \$1,000 per year. This is one reason why work is plenty, wages good, and the home consumption of American products has largely increased.

Colorado's Prosperity.

The Denver Times has turned from the party of calamity and is engaged in properly placing the responsibility for the prosperity which obtains in Colorado. It will not be at all strange if the electoral vote of the Centennial state is found in the McKinley column in November.

The Negro Vote

The Virginia Democrats have decided to go about the elimination of the negro vote in a systematic manner. The party that seeks to make capital out of the "government without the consent of the governed" cry is getting together beautifully.

Some Prime Material.

The Hon. David B. Hill and the Hon. John P. Altgeld are to have a conference. Here is prime material for a political ghost dance.

Making a Dash.

The Hon. George Fred Williams has mobilized his adjectives and is prepared to make a dash for the vice-presidency.

PORTO RICAN PAPER

Gives Its Views of Our Currency Under Gold Standard.

The following article is from the "Correspondencia de Puerto Rico" of April 26, 1900. It is interesting in that it shows how our new wards sum up the political differences between the two great parties on the money question:

The fiscal campaign of the Democrats, or better said of Mr. Bryan, for an enlarged metallic circulation, has passed to the category of settled questions. It is a dead letter in view of the statistics that have just been published. There is now circulated in the United States more gold, more silver and more paper money than in any epoch in the history of the Union. For the first time the per capita wealth has reached \$26.12, and for the first time in the history of the country there is in circulation the sum of \$2,000,000,000.

During the last five years the sum of money in circulation on the 1st day of April has been as follows:

April 1, 1896	\$1,528,629,463
April 1, 1897	1,669,000,645
April 1, 1898	1,756,058,645
April 1, 1899	1,927,346,942
April 1, 1900	2,021,274,506

This demonstrates that during the four years during which the administration has been in the hands of Mr. McKinley, the circulating medium of the United States has increased \$492,645,043, which is 23 per cent.

The increase of the circulation of gold has also been enormous. On April 1, 1900, there were \$755,545,549 in gold coin and gold certificates, while in 1896, at the beginning of the McKinley administration, this same circulation was only \$489,151,505, making an increase of 60 per cent in the four years.

The language of figures is most eloquent, and there is no remedy except to bow to the force of their arguments.

FOREIGN SHIP OWNERS

Working Hard to Kill American Shipping Bill in Congress.

The foreign shipping interests, and their free trade mercenaries, who are fighting the shipping bill, have endeavored to unite the Democrats in congress in opposition to the bill and in advocacy of free ships. This scheme has been neatly nipped in the bud by a number of patriotic Democrats who are members of the House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee, and who have united upon a report on the shipping bill in which a few not unacceptable amendments to it are proposed, and in which report subsidies are declared to be the only practicable means with which to revive our merchant marine. This Democratic minority report contains the emphatic declaration that free ships are impracticable and unworthy of consideration, as being a policy that the Democrats themselves refused to adopt when they had a chance, and which they never would adopt. Besides the report says it is well known that Republicans would never consent to such legislation, as it would be ruinous to American shipyards. Thus defeated and checkmated, the humiliation and embarrassment of the foreign shipping lobby and its free trade friends must be acute. This Democratic minority report declares that the shipping question is a national and not a partisan one. Here, at least, these Democrats align themselves with progressive and patriotic Republicans to the discomfiture and defeat of the foreigners and their American free trade allies.

"Perfidy and Dishonor."

The Hon. William L. Wilson, author of the tariff measure that extinguished the fires in the American mills, is predicting Democratic success this year. The country has a very fair idea of the value of Mr. Wilson's predictions.

Michigan Is Steadfast.

Notwithstanding the efforts of Mr. Pingree to the contrary the Michigan Republicans are harmonious and in line with the National administration. Michigan has no reason for reversing its verdict of 1896.

No Calamity Period.

Never before in the history of the United States has there been such a demand for watches of all kinds. When a nation is in a watch-buying mood it has no time to devote to calamity oratory.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

LABOR AND CAPITAL LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

There is a Christian remedy for all Industrial Misunderstandings—Suggestions as to How the Irrepressible Conflict May Be Settled Forever.

[Copyright, 1900, by Louis Klopsch.]
Texts, Galatians v. 15, "But if ye bite and devour one another take heed that ye be not consumed one of another," and Philippians ii. 4, "Look not every man on his own things, but every man also on the things of others."

About every six months there is a great labor agitation. There are violent questions now in discussion between employers and employees. The present "strikes" will go into the past. Of course, the damage done cannot immediately be repaired. Wages will not be so high as they were. Spasmodically they may be higher, but they will drop lower. Strikes, whether right or wrong, always injure labor as well as capitalists. You will see this in the starvation of next winter. Boycotting and violence and murder never pay. They are different stages of anarchy. God never blessed murder. The worst use you can put a man to is to kill him. Blow up tomorrow all the country seats on the banks of the Hudson and the Rhine and all the fine houses on Madison square and Brooklyn Heights and Rittenhouse square and Beacon street, and all the bricks and timber and stones will just fall back on the bare hands of American and European labor.

Neglect of Christian Duty.

The behavior of a multitude of laborers toward their employers during the last three months may have induced some employers to neglect the real Christian duties that they owe to those whom they employ. Therefore I want to say to you whom I confront face to face and those to whom these words may come that all shipowners, all capitalists, all commercial firms, all master builders, all housewives, are bound to be interested in the entire welfare of their subordinates. Years ago some one gave three prescriptions for becoming a millionaire. First, spend your life in getting and keeping the earnings of other people; secondly, have no anxiety about the workmen, the losses, the disappointments, of others; thirdly, do not mind the fact that your vast wealth implies the poverty of a great many people. Now, there is not a man here who would consent to go into life with those three principles to earn a fortune. It is your desire to do your whole duty to the men and women in your service.

First of all, then, pay as large wages as are reasonable and as your business will afford—not necessarily what others pay, certainly not what your hired help say you must pay, for that is tyranny on the part of labor. The right of a laborer to tell his employer what he must pay is the right of an employer to compel a man into a service whether he will or not, and either of those ideas is despicable. When any employer allows a laborer to say what he must do or have his business ruined and the employer submits to it, he does every business man in the United States a wrong and yields to the principle which, carried out, would dissolve society. Look over your affairs and put yourselves in imagination in your laborer's place, and then pay him what before God and your own conscience you think you ought to pay him.

"God bless yours" are well in their place, but they do not buy coal nor pay house rent nor get shoes for the children. At the same time, on the employer, ought to remember through what straits and strains you got the fortune by which you built your store or run the factory. You are to remember that you take all the risks and the employee takes none or scarcely any. You are to remember that there may be reverses in fortune and that some new style of machinery may make your machinery valueless or some new style of tariff set your business back hopelessly and forever. You must take all that into consideration, and then pay what is reasonable.

Cutting Down Wages.

Do not be too ready to cut down wages. As far as possible, pay all, and pay promptly. There is a great deal of Bible teaching on this subject. Malachi: "I will be a swift witness against all sorcerers and against all adulterers and against those who oppress the hireling in his wages. Lamentations: "Thou shalt not keep the wages of the hireling all night unto the morning." Colossians: "Masters, give unto your servants that which is just and equal, knowing that ye also have a Master in heaven." So you see it is not a question between you and your employee so much as it is a question between you and God.

Do not say to your employees, "Now, if you don't like this place get another," when you know they cannot get another. As far as possible, once a year visit at their homes your clerks and your workmen. That is the only way you can become acquainted with their wants. You will by such process find out that there is a blind parent or a sick sister being supported. You will find some of your young men in rooms without any fire in winter, and in summer sweltering in ill ventilated apartments. You will find out how much depends on the wages you pay or withhold.

Moreover, it is your duty as employer, as far as possible, to mold the welfare of the employee. You ought to advise him about investments, about life insurance, about savings banks. You ought to give him the benefit of your experience. There are hundreds and thousands of employees, I am glad to say, who are settling in the very best possible way the destiny of their employees. Such men as Marshall of Leeds, Lister of Bradford, Akroyd of Halifax, and men so near at home it might offend their modesty if I mentioned their names—these men have built reading rooms, libraries, concert halls, afforded croquet lawns, cricket grounds, gymnasiums, choral societies for their employees, and they have not merely paid the wages on Saturday night, but through the contentment and the thrift and the good morals of their employees they are paying wages from generation to generation forever.

Again, I counsel all employers to look well after the physical health of their subordinates. Do not put on them any unnecessary fatigue. I never could understand why the drivers on our city cars must stand all day when they might just as well sit down and drive. It seems to me most unnecessary that so many of the female clerks in our stores should be compelled to stand all day and through those hours when there are but few or no customers. These people have aches and annoyances and weariness enough without putting upon them additional fatigue. Unless these female clerks must go up and down on the business of the store, let them sit down.

The Duty of Employers.
But, above all, I charge you, O employers, that you look after the moral and spiritual welfare of your employees. First, know where they spend their evenings. That decides everything. You do not want around your money drawer a young man who went last night to see "Jack Sheppard." A man that comes into the store in the morning gashed with midnight revelry is not the man for your store. The young man who spends his evening in the society of refined women or in musical or artistic circles or in literary improvement is the young man for your store.

One of my earliest remembrances is of old Arthur Tappan. There were many differences of opinion about his politics, but no one who ever knew Arthur Tappan, and knew him well, doubted his being an earnest Christian. In his store in New York he had a room where every morning he called his employees together, and he prayed with them, read the Scriptures to them, sang with them, and then they entered on the duties of the day. On Monday morning the exercises differed, and he gathered the young men together and asked them where they had attended church, what had been their Sabbath experiences and what had been their sermon. Samuel Budgett had the largest business in the west of England. He had in a room of his warehouse a place pleasantly furnished with comfortable seats and Fletcher's "Family Devotions" and Wesleyan hymnbooks, and he gathered his employees together every morning and, having sung, they knelt down and prayed side by side—the employer and the employees. Do you wonder at that man's success and that, though 30 years before he had been a partner in a small retail shop in a small village, at his death he bequeathed many millions? God can trust such a man as that with plenty of money.

Present Surroundings.

Sir Titus Salt had wealth which was beyond computation, and at Saltaire, England, he had a church and a chapel built and supported by himself—the church for those who preferred the Episcopal service, and the chapel for those who preferred the Methodist service. At the opening of one of his factories he gave a great dinner, and there were 3,500 people present, and in his after dinner speech he said to these people gathered: "I cannot look around me and see this vast assembly of friends and work people without being moved. I feel greatly honored by the presence of the nobleman at my side, and I am especially delighted at the presence of my work people. I hope to draw around me a population that will enjoy the beauties of this neighborhood—a population of well paid, contented, happy operatives. I have given instructions to my architects that nothing is to be spared to render the dwellings of the operative a pattern to the country, and that the life is spared by divine Providence I hope to see contentment, satisfaction and happiness around me."

That is Christian character demonstrated. There are others in this country and in other lands on a smaller scale doing their best for their employees. They have not forgotten their own early struggles. They remember how they were discouraged, how hungry they were and how cold and how tired they were, and though they may be 60 or 70 years of age, they know just how a boy feels between 10 and 20 and how a young man feels between 20 and 30. They have not forgotten it. Those wealthy employers were not originally let down out of heaven with pulleys of silk in a wicker basket sat in, fanned by cherub wings. They started in the roughest cradle, on whose rocker misfortune put her violent foot and tipped them into the cold world. Those old men are sympathetic with boys.

A Religious Life.

Employers, urge upon your employees, above all, a religious life. So far from that, how is it, young men? Instead of being cheered on the road to heaven some of you are caricatured, and it is a hard thing for you to keep your Christian integrity in that store or factory where there are so many hostile to religion. Zietzen, a grave general under Frederick the Great, was a skeptic. One day Zietzen, the venerable, white haired general, asked to be excused from military duty that he might attend the holy sacrament. He was excused. A few days after Zietzen was dining with the king and with many nobles of Prussia when Frederick the Great in a jocos way said, "Well, Zietzen, how did the sacrament of last Friday digest?" The venerable old warrior arose and said: "For your majesty I have risked my life many a time on the battlefield, and for your majesty I would be willing at any time to die; but you do wrong when you insult the Christian religion. You will forgive me if I, your old military servant, cannot bear in silence any insult to my Lord and my Savior." Frederick the Great leaped to his feet, and he put out his hand, and he said: "Happy Zietzen! Forgive me, forgive me!"

Oh, there are many being scoffed at for their religion, and I thank God there are many men as brave as Zietzen! Go to heaven yourself, O employer! Take all your people with you. Soon you will be through buying and selling and through with manufacturing and building, and God will ask you: "Where are all those people over whom you had so great influence? Are they here? Will they be here?" O shipowners, into what harbor will your crew sail? O you merchant grocer, are those young men that under your care are providing food for the bodies and families of men to go starved forever? O you manufacturers, with so

many wheels flying and so many bands pulling and so many new patterns turned out and so many goods shipped, are the spinners, are the carmen, are the draymen, are the salesmen, are the watchmen of your establishments working out everything but their own salvation? Can it be that, having those people under your care 5, 10, 20 years, you have made no everlasting impression for good on their immortal souls? God turn us all back from such selfishness and teach us to live for others and not for ourselves! Christ sets us the example of sacrifice, and so do many of his disciples.

A True Physician.

One summer in California a gentleman who had just removed from the Sandwich Islands told me this incident: You know that one of the Sandwich Islands is devoted to lepers. People getting sick of the leprosy on the other islands are sent to the island of lepers. They never come off. They are in different stages of disease, but all who die on that island die of leprosy.

On one of the islands there was a physician who always wore his hand gloved, and it was often discussed why he always had a glove on that hand under all circumstances. One day he came to the authorities, and he withdrew his glove, and he said to the officers of the law: "You see on that hand a spot of the leprosy and that I am doomed to die. I might hide this for a little while and keep away from the island of lepers, but I am a physician, and I can go on that island and administer to the sufferings of those who are farther gone in the disease, and I should like to go now. It would be selfish in me to stay amid the luxurious surroundings when I might be of so much help to the wretched. Send me to the island of the lepers." They, seeing the spot of leprosy, of course took the man into custody. He bade farewell to his family and his friends. It was an agonizing farewell. He could never see them again. He was taken to the island of the lepers and there wrought among the sick until prostrated by his own death, which at last came. Oh, that was magnificent self denial, magnificent sacrifice, only surpassed by that of him who killed himself from the health of heaven to this leprous island of a world that he might physician our wounds and weep our griefs and die our deaths, turning the island of a leprosy world, into a great, blooming, glorious garden! Whether employer or employee, let us catch that spirit.

CARVED A TOMB

For Himself in Marble and Was Buried in It.

Angel's Camp (Cal.) special San Francisco Call: A unique burial took place at Altaville cemetery yesterday. Allen Taylor, a pioneer, died at his home on Thursday, and his family at once consulted John Carley, an undertaker with whom the aged marble worker had made arrangements four years ago in regard to his burial. A grave which the old man had prepared was opened and in it was found a marble box just large enough to receive a body without a casket of any kind. Taylor had some bitter disappointments in his family a few years ago, and since then life has had little interest for him. He conceived the idea of constructing his own grave, cut the marble and placed the box in a secure position. He then called the undertaker, and after showing him the grave was told that it was too small for the reception of a casket, at which he laughed, stating that he wished to be buried that way, so in respect to his wishes the body was draped in a shroud, placed on a covered bier and borne to its last resting place by his pioneer friends, where it was lowered into the white marble receptacle made by the hands which are now at rest within.

The Sure-Footed Yak.

From "Innermost Asia." Ralph P. Cobbold: I was enveloped in a mass of warm clothing in order to exclude the bitter cold; besides my body clothing, I wore two large sheepskin coats and three pairs of sheepskin gloves, with the result that I was quite helpless and incapable of mounting, even with assistance. I was accordingly lifted on to the yak, and just succeeded in clinging to the front of the saddle, while a Kirghiz led the animal by a rope.

The going was frightful; the road was a mixture of large boulders and deep holes, but the yak was a wonderful equilibrist, and puffed and blew hard as, with his nose to the ground, he totted steadily upward over a frozen watercourse without ever making a mistake. The men slipped about in all directions, but the yak's cloven feet gave him so firm a foothold that he never even stumbled. I clung on for dear life, digging my heels into the beast's hairy sides as he careered in the dark over rocks and ice, plentifully cut up by crevasses, and wondering whether, when he fell, I should have the luck to lie on the top.

Pilgrims Wheel to Rome.

There is nothing mediaeval about the pilgrimage to Rome in this year of jubilee. Within the Eternal City electric cars and horse cars to St. Peter's keep down the greed of cab drivers anxious to overcharge, and now the Tablet announces that the pilgrims from Padua will pedal their way to Rome on bicycles along the old Via Emilia. Punctured tires will test the pilgrim's patience in place of the peas in his sandal shoon.

Exciting Fight with Snakes.

"Frank Purnell of Bebee Run, Cumberland county, had a fight Saturday with two black snakes, which came near getting the better of him. He saw them bask in the sun, and thought he would kill them. He claims each would measure five feet, and while tackling one the other rushed at him. In his fight he was well high exhausted, when the reptiles gave up and took to the woods."—Newark (N. J.) News.

Making "Relics" at Gettysburg.

A factory for the manufacture of battlefield "relics" has been discovered hidden away in a clump of trees at Gettysburg. Old bullets, cannon balls, soldier buttons, swords and buckles are turned out in large quantities.

TOWN HOLDS OUT

Mafeking Not Yet in the Hands of the Boers.

TOWN MADE THE CENTER OF INTEREST

Whole War Drama Switched to Tie Up Garrison—Besiegers Fall Into a Trap—Colonel Baden-Powell Able to Execute Coup.

England still waits with intense and almost breathless interest for the news, of the relief of Mafeking. A crowd remarkable for the number of men in evening dress and including many ladies, lingered around the war office even after midnight, hoping for some announcement. Only reluctantly did the people disperse when the lobbies of the war office were finally cleared with the word that nothing had been received.

One thing seems clear. The town still holds out. Were it otherwise the Boer wires laid to the camps of the beleaguers would have finished the news.

Skeleton messages from Lorenzo Marques, based upon information that leaked out at the Pretoria war office, show that the Boer stormers Saturday fell into a trap. Colonel Baden-Powell permitted them to seize one fort and he then surrounded and overbore them before the large forces near at hand perceived the strategy. It was thus that Sarel Eloff, President Kruger's grandson, and part of his commando were taken and fifty Boers killed.

The Canadian artillery contingent of the Rhodesian force is now reported to have reached Bulawayo May 2. The distance from Bulawayo to Mafeking is 400 miles. As the railway was open all the way to Pitsani, twenty-eight miles from Mafeking, where Colonel Plumer is, the Canadians may yet take part in the relief.

General French, scouting northward found the Boers in strong force at Rheonsdorp's spirit, thirty miles from Kroonstad. Generals Botha, Delany, and Olivier, with artillery, were holding the position.

DESERTED BY HER HUSBAND

Omaha Woman Tries to Kill Herself and Child.

Mrs. Mary Crunes, living at 804 1/2 South Thirteenth street, Omaha, Neb., with her mother, attempted to commit suicide by taking poison. When the physician arrived the delirious woman had her three-year-old child in her lap trying to strangle it. Mrs. Crunes' husband deserted her a year ago. Illness and poverty are said to be the causes of the rash act. She may survive.

Missing Girl Is Found.

June Welsh, a nine-year-old daughter of E. Welsh, living one-half mile west of Milford, was found a short distance beyond Pleasantdale, seven miles away. Wednesday evening about 5 o'clock she was seen playing on the school grounds. About 9 o'clock her parents became alarmed at her absence. A search was instituted for her. A fire bell was rung at 12 o'clock and a whole town joined in the work of finding the child. It is said the cause of her leaving home was fear of punishment by her parents for some misconduct at school.

Runs Away From Robbers.

While the through east-bound passenger on the Texas & Pacific railway was taking water at Glade creek, near Longview, Tex., an attempt was made to rob the train by two men. Fireman Dobbs was covered by pistol in the hands of a man who ordered him to get off the engine. Engineer Jaquish, taking in the situation, opened wide the throttle and dropped to the floor. Neither of the robbers were able to catch up with the train, but the fireman caught the last car and all reached St. Louis in safety.

Farmer Killed in a Runaway.

John Reel, a highly respected and leading farmer of Perry Precinct, Red Willow county, was killed in a runaway accident on his farm, his neck being broken. No one saw the accident, so particulars are lacking. The remains were shipped to Graffton for burial at that place, it being his former home.

Leg Fearfully Mangled.

Plenny Pickett, who lives south of Wilcox, Neb., got one of his legs entangled in a road grader which he was operating a few days ago, horribly mangled it. Dr. Lundberg of Holdrege attended him and though the tendons which support the ankle were torn, thinks he will recover the use of the limb.

Woman Badly Injured.

Mrs. W. N. Cratty of Driftwood precinct, Hitchcock county, was severely injured in a runaway on her way home from McCook. She sustained a compound fracture of her right leg above the ankle, the bones protruding through the flesh. She was taken to McCook for treatment.

Woman Kills Herself.

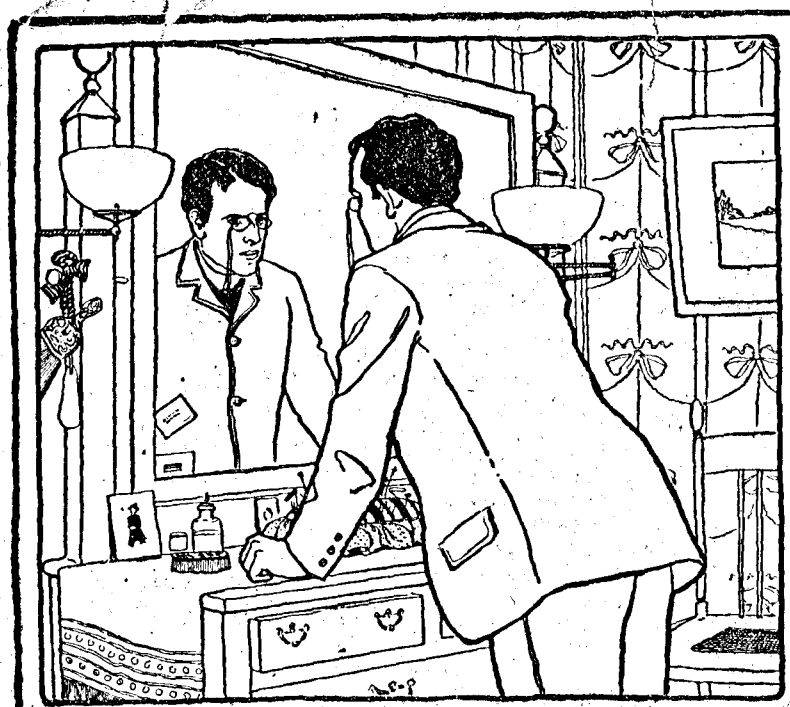
Mrs. Phoebe A. Posson, a sister of Congressman Albert J. Hopkins, shot and killed herself at her home in Maple Park, Elgin, Ill. Mrs. Posson had been in ill health for some time, and of late had been dependent over the death of her husband.

Guiltily of Manslaughter.

A dispatch from Vienna, Illinois, says that M. L. Burnett and C. M. Farris, charged with the murder of John Maupin, August 16, 1899, were found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to ten years.

Loss by Fire \$50,000.

The Standard oil sheds, the Farmers' and Merchants' bank, Bagley-Strong company and Empire elevators were totally destroyed by fire at Webster,



TO THE MAN WHO THINKS.

LOOK yourself squarely in the face and see if you are not half ashamed to be without Ivory Soap in your house. Worse than this, your wife is without it. It is bad enough for a man, though a man often doesn't care how his comfort is mis-spelled. But a woman misses all these little helps to housekeeping. And Ivory Soap is one; its great potency makes it actually cheaper than yellow soap for general work. It floats.

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The Ord Quiz.

W. W. HASKELL, PUBLISHER.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates are very low considering the circulation of THE QUIZ and the quality of its readers. They are strictly adhered to and no deviation will be made. These rates do not include a copy of the paper.

	1 Wk.	1 Mo.	3 Mo.	6 Mo.	1 Yr.
1 inch.....	.25	.50	1.50	3.00	6.00
2 1/2 inch.....	.50	1.00	3.00	6.00	12.00
4 column.....	1.00	2.00	6.00	12.00	24.00
5 column.....	1.25	2.50	7.50	15.00	30.00
1 column.....	.20	.40	1.20	2.40	4.80

Locals, 5 cents a line. No local for less than 10 cents.

The guaranteed circulation of THE QUIZ is over 1,100 for week.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50. If unpaid year after year, \$2. Extra copies to be sent abroad per year \$1.00.

The census enumerators will commence their work the first of month.

It is now in order for the sweet girl graduate and the cyclone to leave the country by storm.

The St. Louis street car and motormen strike has nearly been settled and the cars are again running in that city.

It was a wise decision arrived at by the state committee when they concluded to locate state headquarters in Omaha. As the metropolis of the state it is certainly the best location to bring forth good results.

Not content with being presented with a brownstone front Admiral Dewey becomes more anxious every day that the people turn the white house over to him. The American people are fearful lest he should deed the nation's executive mansion over to his wife.

Mark Hanna and his money are now being accused of figuring in the recent typographical presidential election. It is a pretty small election in this day that Mark don't have a hand in. We expect next to hear it claimed that Hanna had something to do with the recent school board election in Ord.

It was a smooth trick of Senator Clark to slide from one seat in the senate to another, but without doubt it will be the commencement of the Senator's slide into oblivion. Astride the swiftly moving toboggan of dishonesty in public life it will take the man from Montana but a short time to land at the bottom of the heap.

Will the Kansas City convention fall in line and accept the dictations of the party platform as mapped out at Sioux Falls? We think so. It would not be good politics for them to do anything else at this stage of the game. The pops were wise when they called their convention first and were thus enabled to have their whole say upon candidate, platform and all.

Editor Rosewater again finds himself in serious trouble. This time it is contempt of court and Supreme Judge Poynter and Sullivan have issued the papers requesting him to come before that august assembly and explain why he has

commented so freely on some of the doings of that body. But then it is nothing new for Rosewater and we venture he has lost no sleep over the affair. When Judge Scott was on the bench it was nothing out of ordinary for Rosewater to be called into court on contempt proceedings after every edition of the Bee made its appearance on the street. Past attempts should prove to public office holders that it is no easy snap to close the Bee mouth if it desires to speak. With so much wood to cut Rosey is going to keep hewing away, leaving the chips to fall where they will.

When a party reaches that stage where it needs no primary, county or state credentials for a person to act as national delegate it can be pretty generally conceded that the party as well as its principle is about in its last stages. Such is the condition of the free silver republican organization. If you desire to be a delegate to the national convention you need not even go to the trouble of communicating with the state organization. Just show up at the convention with your silver badge and you will be privileged to help select a presidential candidate.

We this week received an announcement of the Nebraska State Fair to be held at Lincoln September 3 to 7. The Association sends along a few entry blanks with which to enter our fast horses. We have come to the conclusion however that we will not enter our fast stock this year. Lincoln never does things by halves so we can count upon a big show in that town this fall.

The rankest of pop papers have failed thus far to trump up any vile stories against the republican candidate for governor, Charles Dietrich. The record of a man of the Dietrich stamp will bear the closest scrutiny by any pop organ in the state.

Screen doors and wire cloth at Cornell Bros.

Decoration Day Program.

Post and Circle of the G. A. R. meet at the G. A. R. hall promptly at 10 a. m.

At 10:30 fall in line, led by music, Adam Smith marshal of the day.

LINE OF MARCH:
Veterans of '90; ladies of G. A. R.; veterans of '98; Company B, 2d Neb. N. N. G.; Ord Fire Co.; civic societies etc.; citizens. March to high school building where the pupils with flowers will fall in; also special decorating committee.

Take carriages at school building and proceed to cemetery.

Decorating graves.

G. A. R. service on the G. A. R. burial lot.

Ladies G. A. R. render service to unknown dead at Cenotaph.

Break ranks for dinner.

Veterans and families take basket dinner at court house.

AFTERNOON.
Literary exercises at 2 p. m.

Music.

Prayer, Rev. Stiffler.

Reading of Lincoln's address per order of National Commandar.

Music.

Address to Ladies and Veterans of the G. A. R. by Rev. Smith.

Song, "Marching through Georgia" by audience.

Benediction, Rev. Arnold.

READY FOR THE START.

The Gold Hunters Sail Monday on Board the Olympia.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 18, 1900.
DEAR QUIZ:—I think my last letter ended with us still on the way to Seattle.

Washington grew more beautiful as we traveled west and the scenery reached its climax of grandeur as we passed over the mountains that divide the eastern from the western Washington. The way the railroad winds itself around and ties itself into loops and knots is truly wonderful. But it was necessary to do so in order to scale the heights of the Rockies and even then several tunnels had to be cut. The engineering feats accomplished in running the Northern Pacific over this great elevation are very marvelous. I wonder that no more is said about the scenery along this road for it is truly grand.

Well, enough of this. In fact I wonder that, after living in this gold craze for five days I could write about anything but Alaska.

Talk of the silver craze of four years ago! It was not in it for a second with the gold craze that is on just now in the west.

Until we reached the vicinity of the Black Hills on our way here we heard but little about Cape Nome. But at Edgemont a large number of miners came aboard all bound for Nome and loud about it. And as the train traveled west the number of gold-seekers increased and then tongues became more and more loose.

But since reaching Seattle there is nothing else talked by anyone except the merchants who are busy gathering their harvest.

See a bunch of men talking and you may bet and give great odds that they are talking Alaska.

The universal opinion is that there are unlimited possibilities there and that many will strike it rich. I never hear anyone express doubt as to that. But of course all admit that the majority of those going there will come away poorer than they went. Such is the fate of all mining stampedes.

Merchants are making hay now, and prices for things most called for are very steep. And there are all kinds of devices on exhibition intended to separate gold from sand. They range in size from a common rocker to powerful pumping plants and sluices. Some of them are ludicrous but many are doubtless practical more or less.

Boats are sailing every day for the north. Some of them are good ones, but some are old hulls repainted and put on the road for Nome. Several boats which saw their best days years ago and which have been condemned are sailing for the far north. All are going out heavily laden. It may not surprise you to hear of many wrecks.

Our boat, the Olympia, sails Sunday night or Monday. It is an excellent one that did transport service for the government during the Spanish war.

Dr. Billings and Mr. Colby are well and eating regular meals. Jim is always hungry.

Frank Hewett arrived this evening. Luckily he got here just in time to get a ticket on the Olympia. These tickets had been all sold several days ago, but when he called at the office the company had just received back some tickets which had been exchanged for tickets on another boat. Had he come an hour earlier or an hour later he would have been out. This I mention to show the immediate rush there is for passage.

Truly the crowd is crazy.

I will write again just before shipping. I expect also to get another letter in the mail at Dutch Harbor where we expect to be about one week from next Saturday.

After reaching Nome I will write at least one letter a week. In those letters I will describe things just as they are.

W. W. HASKELL.

According to the census of Cuba taken October 16, 1899, as shown by public documents just furnished to the public by our government, the population of that island summed up to 1,572,797. The last regular census under Spanish rule, taken in 1887 gave the population as 1,631,687, the loss in ten years thus amounting to 58,890 or 3.6 per cent of the population. From previous history of the island it is estimated that the population increased by the excess of births over deaths to a total of less than 1,800,000. It is probable that the direct and indirect loss by war, and the increase in emigration reached a total of something over 200,000.

All kind of watch, clock and jewelry repairing done at Bridgford's.

FOUND A GOLD MINE.

IT WAS HIS POULTRY YARD.

Man in Iowa Uses a Compound that Makes His Hens Lay Double the Usual Number Summer and Winter. Secret of His Success.

People in the neighborhood of Creston, Iowa, are amazed at the number of eggs that this man drives to market with. When asked what was the cause of his hens doing so prolific, he stated it was all in a certain compound he was using, that kept his hen in good condition and furnished them with the proper stimulus to egg production. America Poultry Mixture is the name of it, and is made by American Mfg. Co. Terre Haute, Ind. Every man in the poultry business is interested in the health of his hens and their laying capacity. In the eggs lie his profits. This mixture is guaranteed to increase the production of eggs 100 percent or money refunded. It will do more than three times as much as the same amount of any other compound. It is concentrated in form and the result of years of practical experience in the poultry business. There is absolutely no doubt as to what it will do, and you are invited to try it at the expense of the company. Send \$1.00 for a sample package and if it doesn't do the work you get your money back. This is fair and is made to induce poultrymen to give it a trial. It is also a sure preventive of such diseases as the terrible cholera and croup which create such havoc in all parts of the country. It acts directly on the crop and kizard and is a thoroughly scientific preparation.

The manufacturers guarantee every package or refund purchase money. If your druggist don't sell American Poultry Mixture he's behind the age. In that case order direct from American Manufacturing Co., Terre Haute, Ind.

State News and Comment.

Nemaha county has laid the corner stone for a new court house at Auburn, Neb.

Dakota City is enjoying a scandal escape of more than the usual magnitude.

Farmers in the vicinity of Fremont are said to have finished their corn planting.

No rain fell in Central City last Sunday and the people mourn for having now lost faith in an old sign.

A man was found dead on the prairie near Harrison, Neb. It is thought that foul play had been indulged in.

A case of smallpox was discovered in a graders' camp east of Columbus. Columbus people are very much excited over the find.

Fire destroyed the fine residence of Prof. W. F. Hargrave, of St. Paul one day recently. A \$500 library went up in the flames.

While eating strawberries a Grand Island girl got a sandbar in her throat. It required the assistance of a physician to remove the same.

York citizens tried to make out a case of husband poisoning by a prominent woman of that town but so far have not been able to do so.

The printers of Wahoo beat the county officials a game of base ball. The printers of Ord can do the same thing to the Valley county officials.

The Grand Island Gun Club recently defeated the North Platte gun club in a team contest. Why doesn't the Ord club go after the boys down the road?

Highwaymen held up a farmer near Beatrice and took from him a quart of whiskey and a case of beer. It is supposed they were not members of the anti saloon league.

The Teacher's Institute.

The Twentieth Annual Institute of Valley county, Nebraska, will commence at the Ord High School building, at 8 a. m. June 11, 1900, and continue in session until Saturday, June 16, 12 a. m. Monday and Tuesday of the following week will be devoted to examinations for teacher's certificates.

All teachers who expect to teach in this county during the next school year must attend the County Institute unless regularly excused and school boards are requested to give preference to teachers attending the institute.

We will excuse non-attendance under two conditions only. First sickness; second, teachers who have attended summer schools or normals elsewhere. An enrollment fee of one dollar will be charged to help defray expenses. All applicants must make out enrollment cards, and pay the enrollment fee before entering classes.

Teachers are requested to bring text books on all subjects which they desire to pursue during institute. As all subjects will be discussed topically no particular text is necessary.

Superintendent C. E. Atkinson superintendent-elect of York schools, will have Diagnostics, Arithmetic, Grammar and Geography.

Superintendent C. L. Anderson of the Ord school will have U. S. History, Civics, Reading and Physiology.

Mrs. Alice E. Trimble, formerly of the Ord primary school, will have primary methods, also spelling.

The school law contains this language: "The County Superintendent may, at his discretion, revoke the certificate or refuse to grant a certificate to any teacher who refuses to attend the county institute." Teachers, this is your opportunity. What will you make of it?

No particular arrangements have been made with lecturers, but we expect to have at least two during institute.

A cordial invitation is extended to all patrons and school boards in the county to meet with us in the institute.

L. B. BRASSIN, County Superintendent.

Week in Local History.

Interesting news items gleaned from the files of THE QUIZ for the last eighteen years, showing what has happened each year in the week corresponding with the present.

May 25, 1882.—Snow and frost were both reported. Though the former did not last long.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Severson lost a fifteen months old child with membranous croup.

Whooping cough was abroad in the land.

May 25, 1888.—Ord organized its first base ball club.

The seventh day people at North Loup were preparing to build a new church.

May 23, 1884.—O. S. Haskell located a brick yard in Ord.

Enemies of THE QUIZ painted the front door with red paint. But THE QUIZ is still doing business.

May 1885.—The heaviest rain storms for years swelled the Loup and overflowed all the bottom land in the vicinity.

Advance notice of the organization of the First National Bank was first published.

In a twenty-five glass ball shoot the score was: Paul Marley 21; E. Ream 20; Fred Bartlett 14; A. J. Shirley 13; A. W. Travis 5.

May 21, 1880.—Israel Moore, an Iowa jeweler, arrived and went into business with C. B. Coffin.

THE QUIZ put in its first job press.

May 26, 1893.—The sad house of John Fogt caved in during the night. All escaped except one little girl who was smothered.

The death of John Styre was reported.

A jury in the Nash case returned a verdict in favor of Mrs. Nash for \$750.

A heavy hail and storm visited the community but little damage was done.

May 24, 1895.—Arthur Crow and Miss Minnie Turner were united in marriage, at Lincoln. Dr. E. J. Swain and Miss Ethel Provins were to be married at the same time in Iowa.

Joe Watt opened a "green goods" counter in Pleidrup's meat market.

May 21, 1897.—There was a scheme on foot to organize a party of gentlemen to travel overland to Yellow Stone Park. Possibly Lloyd can tell you about it.

The Valley County Times made its first appearance.

O. D. Crane, founder of the Arcadia Champion died.

May 20, 1898.—Company "B" was ordered from Lincoln to Chicago.

Fourteen more volunteers were called for to fill the company.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Tolson died.

Ed. Amersat Ott delivered the lecture to the graduating class of the high school.

May 26, 1898.—Ord was making great preparations to celebrate the fourth of July.

The Nebraska telephone company began arrangements for building their line to Ord.

Local talent was preparing to play Evangelina at the opera house.

Mrs. L. A. Steward left Thursday for Denver, Colorado.

A party of surveyors got off the train between North Loup and Ord last Monday and did some leveling and measuring along the U. P. Agent Frick tells us that the U. P. expects to put in new steel rails on this branch this summer and that probably that was what the surveyors were at.

There will be a meeting of the tennis club at my office this Friday, evening.

It is desired that every member of the club, and especially the ladies will come out and participate in this meeting as much work of interest in relation to the club will be talked over, and the opinion of the lady members is desired. The meeting is called for eight o'clock.

HORACE M. DAVIS, Secretary.

Miss Minnie Fulton, sister of M. S. James Barta, went to Sargent yesterday after a several weeks visit in the Barta home.

His Terrible Cough.

Few things are so depressing and weakening as a constant cough.

Few things are as discouraging as a cough that will not yield to treatment.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures coughs when all other medicines fail, because it is more than a cough medicine. The cough is but a symptom. "Discovery" makes new and pure blood, heals the lacerated tissues, and gives the body the needed strength to throw off disease. It cures the cough by curing the cause of the cough. There is no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, nor other narcotic in the "Discovery."

"I had a terrible cough something over a year ago and could find nothing to stop it, or even to do me a particle of good," writes Mr. J. M. Parr, of Canton, Oregon Co., Ga. "I chanced to see an advertisement of yours and forthwith bought a bottle of your invaluable Golden Medical Discovery. Before I had taken half a bottle I was entirely well."

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Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, in paper covers, free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord, Neb., for the week ending May 26, 1900.

John Boyce. Mrs. B. H. Waid. C. H. Young. Letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised."

S. A. STACY, Postmaster.

"Lecture!"

Rev. O. A. Martin, presiding elder of this district, will deliver a lecture at the M. E. church June 4, for the Ladies Aid society, the proceeds to be used in repairing the church. The subject of his lecture will be "Ourselves and others." Come and help us.

The Democrat county committee has called their county convention to meet on Saturday afternoon, June 23, at 2 o'clock. The convention is called to meet at the court house in Ord.

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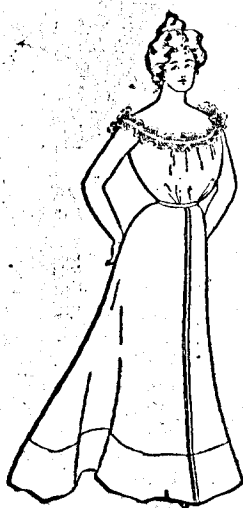
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SKIRTS and CAPES



We show a nice Line of Crash and Duck Skirts made and trimmed in the latest style. They fit and look well and you could not begin to buy the goods and make them up for the price that we will sell them to you at.

They range in price from \$1.00 to \$2.

HERE IS SOMETHING SPECIAL.

We have just received a Line of Golf Plaid Walking Skirts. Everyone made and guaranteed by Beifeld. Absolutely newest style; either with box or inverted back; ten rows of stitching at the bottom. All high grade Golf Plaids in all colors—Black, Oxford, Cadet Blue, Light, Medium and Dark Greys and Grey small check. We are selling these skirts at \$5.00 each and at this price they are the most remarkable value ever offered in this Line.

WE SHOW A NICE LINE

of Ladies' Spring and Summer Capes.

They are strictly up-to-date and range in price from \$3.50 to \$7.50.

We earnestly request you to come in and look these Goods over.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW THEM.

L. D. BAILEY & SONS.

The Ord Quiz.

W. W. HASKELL, PUBLISHER.

ORD, NEBRASKA.



RAILROAD TIMETABLES.

UNION PACIFIC.
No. 82—Passenger. Leaves 8:30 a. m.
No. 84—Freight. Leaves 2:30 p. m.
No. 81—Passenger. Arrives 3:30 p. m.
No. 83—Freight. Arrives 1:30 p. m.
All trains are daily except Sunday.

BURLINGTON R.O.E.
Passenger, going east. Leaves 7:15 a. m.
Freight, going east. (Except Tuesday) 12:30 p. m.
Freight, going west. Leaves 2:30 p. m.
Passenger, going west. Leaves 4:55 p. m.
*Eastbound freight goes to Elroy on Tuesdays leaving Ord at 8:45 on that day only.
All trains are daily except Sunday.

Home Happenings & Comment

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

Ben Bridgford got back Friday from a few days trip to Sargent.

Horace Davis was down to North Loup Monday on a business mission.

George Eret's new residence property is nearly ready for occupancy.

W. B. Keown and daughter Emma were North Loup visitors Sunday.

If you have a watch or clock and want it repaired right take it to Bridgford's.

Get your watches and clocks repaired at Bridgford's. They will save you money.

Ota Bailey was trying for bass in lake Ericson one or two days last week. Ota says they have not begun to bite very satisfactorily yet.

Dr. G. R. Gard, Dentist, over Clements Bros' law office. Special attention given to regulating the teeth. Examination and advice free.

Maud Shepherd and Julia Sears, two North Loup belles, journeyed to Ord Monday afternoon and visited for a time in the W. B. Patty home.

Rev. Reeves, of the North Loup Presbyterian church, came up to Ord Monday to hear Hawley Smith and visit for a day with Rev. Arnold.

A prosperity wave struck Johnson Bros. Tuesday morning and for two days all was excitement around the post office building. A new coat of paper and paint now adorns the walls.

Now is the time to prepare your smoked glass and be in readiness to view the eclipse of the sun next Monday morning. According to our local astronomer, H. P. Maides, the shadow will first appear over the sun at about seven o'clock a. m. Persons in habit of getting up at that hour and trusting to the sun as the proper time of getting out of bed will do well to set their alarm clocks the night before as through the darkness caused by the eclipse they may oversleep themselves a few hours.

Arthur Homend came home from Grand Island last Friday evening where he has been attending the Grand Island Business college. Arthur says he likes his studies and enjoys the treatment at that institution quite well and would like to have stayed longer but as he was appointed to enumerate Davis Creek precinct and he thought he had better come home a little early and get himself in condition for the work. He expects to return to that institution this fall.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's. The finest string of fish that has been our luck to gaze upon for some time was the string of bass captured at Ericson by Photographer Westberg and Marshal Busby. There was in the neighborhood of fifty pounds in the catch averaging in weight from one to six pounds each. We will have to yield the palm to the boys for bringing in the finest string of fish this or any other season.

Sargent is the only town in this vicinity that has begun the arrangements for a big eagle screaming jubilee on July 4. Already the citizens of that town have produced something over \$300 to turn the cannon loose on that day. There never has been anything slow about Sargent and we venture that they will do it right this year.

Report of the month ending Friday, May 11. Total enrollment 62. The following were not absent during the month: Mabel Timmerman, Glen Millard, Emma Vandas, Mary and James Bales, Clara Wyant, Freddie Brown, Verl Arnold, Doan Stowell, Henry Starra and Mabel Hansen.

O. A. Hager, Teacher.

County Superintendent Blessing has issued his annual announcement to the school teachers of Valley county giving notice of the approach of the teachers' institute. The institute will be held in Ord this year from June 11 to June 20. The announcement will be found in another column of this paper.

Mart Hubbard returned from the island Friday night. He has been having his eyes treated by an oculist in that city.

Seale books at the Quiz office.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's. Wall paper at Bridgford's. Latest styles.

See the new steel range at Harris's north side store.

George Perry was a passenger down the road Monday morning.

Bridgford will sell you a ticket for Hawley Smith's lecture Monday night.

Mrs. Marion Crosby went down the road for a visit with her folks at Qlean Saturday.

LADIES TAKE NOTICE: We will store your stove clean and return in the fall. CORNELL BROS.

For good, pure, fresh lard go to Misko's. Ten cents a pound, eleven pounds for \$1.00.

M. P. Calhoun and Steve Weare were at Ericson trying to make the bass bite, the first of the week.

Mrs. Kokes got back from the Island Saturday evening. She had been visiting the Koehlers for several days.

Gladys Perry went down to St. Paul last Friday and visited over Sunday with friends and relatives. She returned to Ord Monday evening.

Det Knowles was up from the Island shaking hands with friends Monday evening. He returned home Tuesday morning.

Pearl Wilcox got back Friday from an extended trip to Iowa, and other eastern points where she has been visiting relatives.

Ford Shirley applied a new coat of wall paper to the K. of P. Hall the first of the week. A new coat of paint also adds much to the interior of that building.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Fries of Arcadia were in the city Monday evening to hear what William Hawley had to say to the people. They were the guests of the Charlton family.

Bessie McDonough came up Saturday evening and was the guest of Bird Hatfield over Sunday. Monday morning they both went to Grand Island where Birdie visited for a day or so.

Miss Mary Cook arrived in the city Saturday evening and is this week the guest of the Misses Fackler and other friends. She tells us that they are pleasantly located at Gibbon and that they like the town very much.

We don't believe there is a farmer in the country that would kick if we should get more rain. While everything is growing fine and prospects are good, history does not recall a time when we have had too much rain at any season of the year.

Willie Harding and wife left Saturday morning for their new location at Spencer, Iowa, where Willie will go into business for himself. He has made many friends during his stay of one year here all of whom wish him the best of luck in his new home.

Fred J. Bell in a recent edition of the Ord papers offered to give every mother a picture of her baby free if she would bring the infant around to his studio. The offer held good for two days and Fred tells us that during those two days his studio resembled a foundling asylum. When he summed up the list at the end of the two days he found that he had taken pictures of 204 babies. The moral of this is if you have anything to give away advertise it.

Pure cream ice cream at Lloyd's.

The high school alumni association failed in their usual banquet to the graduating class this year and as the eleventh grade was rich in funds they decided not to allow the class to go without the usual banquet and accordingly at the K. of P. hall last Saturday night they were at home to the graduating class of '00. Plenty of good things to eat had been prepared and the evening hours were divided between the well filled tables and social games. Not until the clock gave warning that the Sabbath hour had arrived did the merry crowd adjourn to their homes.

The St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of St. Paul, Minn., will insure growing crops against loss by hail during this season, for five per cent of the sum insured. Cash or secured note will be required when insurance is written, and losses will be satisfactorily adjusted and paid within sixty days after loss occurs. This is this company's 17th year in hail insurance, and with all its losses here, it has had no one loss settled by arbitration. No other company has a record to compare with this, and its cash assets over one and one-half million dollars make sure its promise of square dealing. Call on J. H. Capron, agent, for your policy.

The usual good crowd went down to the gun club grounds Tuesday afternoon to see the regular shoot and to see Clara Spaulding carry off the gold trophy for the fourth consecutive time. The wind blew hard and a blinding dust filled the marksman's eyes every time he faced the traps but notwithstanding the conditions the shooting was up to the average of that done by the club. On the first twenty-five birds it was found that Shirley and Spaulding were tied for the medal with a credit of eighteen dead birds each, but on the shoot of the tie at ten birds Clara got 9 and Bud 7 and the referee declared Clara the winner. It has been decided to more strictly enforce the rules of the club at the next meeting as it has been found that unless some of the boys use more caution in handling their guns they will succeed in breaking a "two-legged" bird. The official score of the shoot was: Spaulding 18, Westberg 15, Graham 10, Shirley 15, Deushausen 8, Gard 17, Davis 16, Morschel 14, Busby 13, Watson 8, Trump 5.

It is a well known fact that the Ord lodge of Odd Fellows never do things by halves and their reputation along this line was more than maintained last Friday evening when at their hall on the east side they feasted and banqueted their friends in a lordly manner. Over sixty members were present from out of town, Sargent, Loup City, Arcadia, Burwell and North Loup all having representatives around the festal board. The evening entertainment commenced at eight o'clock with the lodge in regular session and with several candidates waiting for initiation. It required some time for the carrying out of the secret work of the organization but after it had been completed all repaired to the banquet hall where the ladies of the Rebekah and the wives and daughters of the lodge members were in waiting to participate in the banquet. To describe the good things to eat upon that banquet board is beyond the power of the writer but suffice it to say that every delicacy of the season was to be found thereon and the tables fairly groaned beneath the weight of good things artistically arranged. It was a late hour when the appetites of all had been appeased and adjournment was once more made to the lodge rooms and another hour or so spent in social intercourse. Still later was the hour when the meeting adjourned, the visitors departing with many words of praise for the Ord organization and for their ability in entertaining. The ladies were entertained at the home of Mrs. Lon Morris during the early hours of the evening, until the secret lodge work was over and the banquet announced.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

As is the usual custom the eighth grade held their program at the opera house last Friday evening. The house was crowded to the doors, many being compelled to stand for lack of seating capacity. The program was a short one admirably rendered, and thus gave better satisfaction to the audience than many school entertainments of that class for as a rule they are liable to be too long drawn out and get to be tedious. Every number showed much training and careful work by the recitor. The bit of the evening was made by Bessie Stacy who recited "A little girl's view of life in a hotel" in her original manner and succeeded in bringing down the house. The class singing and instrumental music were fine, as was also the solo by Miss Wharton, Carrie Smith, Sadie Calhoun and Allan Clements each did well with their recitation and the class drill with the dumbbells was not the least of the attractions of the evening. There are 24 members in this grade who will next term enter the high school.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

Under date of May 17, Louis Beran writes the Quiz and tells us the particulars of a fire that destroyed his meat market at Louisville, Colorado. By reason of the fire he tells us that he now finds him self badly crippled financially besides being out of business. Louis's many friends here sympathize with him in his hard luck. The Boulder county Herald has the following to say about the fire:

"The meat market of Louis Beran at Louisville went up in flames Monday. The fire was discovered at about 3 o'clock. Mr. Beran, wife and child lived in the same building and barely escaped with their lives. Mr. Beran saved a suit of clothes. The wife and child saved only such clothing as they had on when aroused from their sleep. A delay of a few minutes would have cost the lives of the three. The furniture as well as the meat market, was destroyed. The total loss will foot up about \$1,000, partially insured."

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

Marshal Busby tells us that while over at Ericson the other day he ran onto Gov. Pointer, who, like himself, was angling for bass but without much success. As Pete tells the story the governor happened along just as Westberg was in the act of landing a big five-pounder, and as he stood gazing in open-eyed astonishment at the operation he remarked that he had been fishing three days and had not succeeded in landing a square meal. His eyes hung out on his cheeks when the boys invited him to look into their fish box where he saw numerous three and four pounders swimming around. Pete says the governor looked as if he would liked to have carried one of their big ones back to Lincoln, but that he did not make any offer.

For some time it has been known by the intimate friends and relatives of Mrs. Elizabeth Starra that her mind was again weakening and that unless a change for the better occurred she would have to be taken to the asylum. Monday morning they decided that this was the best course to pursue and accordingly Sheriff Heuck left for Norfolk with her in charge on the morning train. It will be remembered that she was first taken to the asylum some two years ago and as she got better was allowed to return home. We trust she will soon fully recover again.

We wish to tender thanks to Miss Cora Thompson this week for the kindness she has shown the Quiz and its readers during the past school year in conducting our school column. This space has been taken care of by Miss Thompson in a very proficient manner and has been made one of the most interesting columns in the paper. The public always enjoy reading the happenings in the public schools and they have surely had a good opportunity to keep posted on the school affairs during the past school year.

Buy your Garden Seeds at Bridgford's.

J. H. Capron has about thirty quarter-sections of prairie land to lease for grass for the season, and parties short on grass should see him soon.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

New spring styles wall paper at Bridgford's.

For 7 per cent farm loans call on H. E. Oleson, Ord.

China and Japan floor matting at A. M. Daniels's.

Jim Barta and wife went to Sargent Thursday morning.

I sell the finest bacon ever seen in Ord for 12½¢ a pound. W. Misko.

Frank Francel went down to North Loup Tuesday morning.

Can we show you our wall paper for spring 1900?—Bridgford.

For first class painting, decorating and sign-writing see Wm. Timm.

The B. & M. R. Co. are putting in new bridges along this line, this week.

Judge Munn dismissed a term of court up the road and was at home over Sunday.

Numerous broken boards in the sidewalk testify to the fact that the town herd has again resumed operations.

Mattie McDonough is visiting with Mrs. Dr. Brink and other friends this week. She came up Tuesday evening.

Dr. G. R. Gard, Dentist, over Clements Bros' law office. Special attention given to regulating the teeth. Examination and advice free.

We erred last week in mentioning the amount of the school house janitor's salary. We reported it as \$30 while it should read \$35.

J. H. Capron has money for 7 per cent loans on improved farms. Money furnished when papers are signed. Notes payable at Ord.

Ed. Watson's double, Orin Mutter, was over from Sargent Thursday. He brought his wife over to attend the graduating exercises.

Gass Cornell had a little accident while handling barbed wire one day recently that cost him one finger nail and a badly lacerated finger.

Tom Stone, who, it will be remembered, was confined in the state asylum at Norfolk, was paroled by that institution the first of the week.

The wife and mother of Frank Gruber, of St. Paul, have been visiting in Ord for several days. They returned to their home Wednesday morning.

Mrs. H. D. Leggett went to the Island Thursday morning in quest of flowers for the sweet girl graduates. She returned the evening of the same day.

A new stone crossing is being laid from the court house square to the sidewalk in front of Misko's. It is a substantial improvement and will last many years.

PLANTS! PLANTS! PLANTS! by the hundreds and by the thousands! Plants for everybody! Sweet potatoes, cabbage and tomato plants for sale by M. D. L. Taylor, Ord, Nebr.

Arthur Capron is indignant that in an item concerning him in last issue of this paper stated that he did business at Bell's photo cars without parental escort, and he states that his dad was with him all the time.

Great opportunity offered to good, reliable men. Salary of \$15 per week and expenses for man with rig to introduce our Poultry Mixture and Insect Destroyer in the country. Send stamp American Mfg. Co., Terre Haute, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Koupal received word Thursday of the death of Mrs. Koupal's sister at South Omaha. As a result of the death a two-weeks old baby was left without a mother and Frank and his wife went to South Omaha with the intention of bringing the child home to care for it.

Mr. O. B. Bidwell, of Freeport, Ill., accompanied by Mr. H. S. Capron, of Princeton, Ill., were visiting with the Caprons here last week. This was Mr. Bidwell's first visit to Valley county and he was surprised to find it so good a country. He has considerable interest in it, through investments made for him by J. H. Capron.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

Every good citizen should uphold the city marshal in his attempt to get the streets and alleys cleaned up. Not only the good looks of the town demand this cleaning up of the rubbish, but it is required for the general good health of the city. Don't wait until the marshal is compelled to serve the papers on you but get after it and let us have one of the cleanest towns in the state.

Prof. H. M. Marker, secretary of the Nebraska Magnetic Infirmary of Omaha was in the city Saturday and made this office a pleasant call. The professor tells us that his people have sent him here to locate a branch for their infirmary. They have had a man at North Loup who was doing quite well but as his work was not satisfactory to the company they thought it better to make a change.

The piano contest people opened the ballot box for the first time Wednesday when the following result was found: Eastern Star Lodge 4245, Ord High School 2426, Odd Fellows Lodge 795, Christian Church 622, A. O. U. W. 492, Unitarian Church 492, Masonic Lodge 293, M. E. Church 239, Knights of Pythias 204.

There were several others voted for but the above are the only ones that succeeded in passing the 100 mark. While without any doubt the contest will be conducted fairly, yet we have heard many say that more interest would be taken in the voting if each ballot was personally signed by the voter. As yet there has been little interest taken in the voting.

As THE Quiz goes to press Thursday evening the annual commencement exercises of the high school are being conducted at the opera house. There are ten graduates in the class this year, six girls and four boys. THE Quiz man sneaked into the hall at a late hour this afternoon and found everything decorated in the class colors, pink and green, hot house plants on every side. School patrons have already taken up the block of tickets offered for sale at Bridgford's and prospects are that the house will not nearly hold the people who desire to listen to the exercises. The graduates are Maggie Baker, Maude Lavery, Marie Reithardt, Alice Cox, Otto Heuck, Mary Frey, Lester Stacy, Belle Ager, Carl Jensen, and Joe Barta. The program reads as follows:

Invocation.....Alice Cox
"Hail to the Beautiful Morn of May" from Joan of Arc.....High School Chorus
Oration.....Maude Lavery
"Man the General and Glory of the Universe".....Geo. Eret
Overture "Home Circle".....Schloepfer
Oration.....Maude Lavery
"Exposition of the Declaration".....Miss Wharton
"The Happy Miller".....Double Trio, Male Voices
Oration.....Marie Reithardt
"Undercurrents".....Lester Stacy
Oration.....Alice Cox
"Childhood Shows the Way as Morning Shows the Day".....Miss Wharton
"Dost Thou Know that Sweet Land?".....Otto Heuck
"Our Country".....High School Chorus
Oration.....Mary Frey
"Unwound Queens".....Lester Stacy
"The Voyagers".....High School Chorus
Oration.....Maude Lavery
"The Torrent".....Double Trio, Female Voices
Oration.....Lester Stacy
Oration.....Belle Ager
"Beward of Virtue".....Geo. Eret
Violin Solo....."Mountain Rose"
Oration.....Carl Jensen
"Napoleon".....Joe Barta
Oration.....Maude Lavery
"We Meet to bid a Fond Farewell".....Class
Presentation of Diplomas.....A. M. Daniels
Benediction

From Seattle comes a good story on the Ord delegation to Cape Nome. As it reads Billings and Colby were walking along a side street in Seattle when they discovered a drunken miner asleep on the sidewalk and bending over him with a razor in his hand was a tough looking individual with a gold searching look flashing from his eyes. The boys supposed they were about to see murder committed and were somewhat surprised when they saw that only the whiskers of the sleeping victim were being removed and placed carefully in a paper sack. Curious to know the reason of this public display of the tonsorial art the boys advanced and made inquiry, when they were cordially informed by the wielder of the razor that it was his intention to take the whiskers home and pan the gold out of them. He willingly volunteered the further information that after six weeks residence on Cape Nome an average whisker crop would pan out from \$25 to \$40 worth of dust. "It's in the air, you know" he said. Haskell and Colby are now both raising a full beard and every one of the party carries with him a full set of shaving utensils whenever they go forth on the street.

For three consecutive years Hawley Smith has made an annual pilgrimage to Ord and on each occasion he has been greeted by a large audience. "Education and Business" was his theme at the court house Monday night and he not only held the attention of the graduating class but of the entire audience as well. There is always something in Smith's talk that brings man up against the problems of life with a little less jar and discord than is produced by the talk of the average lecturer. Good, sound facts unsparsingly mixed with vivacity is the key to the success of William Hawley Smith's lectures. The proceeds of the evening fully paid the expense of securing the lecturer.

Pure cream ice cream soda at Lloyd's.

One day last week Earl Stacy received a letter from Ralph Stacy who is working on a ranch at Cheyenne. Ralph went out to that country some weeks ago for the benefit of his health and from the tone of his letters S. A. says he has been much benefited. While at school Ralph always had the reputation of being the best poet enrolled and the climate out there must agree with his poetic machinery, for occasionally he sends home a few lines of verse for the folks to read. His last letter contained the following effusion:

The gentle western zephyr dies,
The cowslips close their tiny eyes,
Homeward now, the quivering flies
And the waiting, pleading bees
Sighs no more faint, and far away,
Hear now in louder key,
Heralding the close of day
When the shadows fall,
When the sun sinks low behind the hills,
The shades fall fast upon the mill,
Twilight now the valley fills,
Slowly, calmly, or all,
Comes that sweet celestial rest
When the songbird seeks its nest,
Tis the hour that forever beets,
When the shadows fall,
When grim Death has come to reap,
When I sleep my last long sleep
Will there be a friend to weep,
Mourn in sorrow over my fall?
In that haven bright and fair,
Where they know no tear nor care,
Will I see my Saviour there,
When life's shadows fall?

Every available seat was occupied at the court house Sunday morning to hear the baccalaureate address of Rev. Wayne Smith to the graduating class of the Ord High School, and every person attending felt well paid for going in listening to the well worded sermon of Rev. Smith. As announced previously his subject was "Ideals" and he handled the subject in a deep and masterful manner. The singing consisted of a solo by Miss Wharton and one or two anthems by the high school choir. The affair was in every way a success and reflected credit upon the promoters.

The high school baseball team went down to North Loup last Thursday and polished the boys from down the river up to the tune of 19 to 11. John Rook and Wilmer Gray did the battery work for the Ord team and at no time during the game did the Loup school stand a show of winning out. Not only in the battery work did the Ord nine excel but in every point of the game. There is every prospect that the boys will get together again at some future date on the home grounds.

Real Estate Transfers.

Repor filed by J. H. Capron.

Carrie I. McNutt has bought lots 7 and 8 in block 39, Ord, from Ida L. Wishard for \$300, and lot 6 from W. W. Haskell for \$225.

Peter Mortensen has bought the net section 25, Springdale, from the Berlin Company for \$300, and the west half of lot 7, block 47, Ord, from Ida L. Wishard for \$1.

Robert Johnson has sold block 9, of Babcock's addition to North Loup, to George E. Johnson, for \$100, and the east half of lots 5 and 6, in block 18, of Haskell's addition to Ord, to Sarah A. Ball, for \$600.

Leonard Everett, of Council Bluffs, has bought the west half of section 9, range 14, Elyria township, from the Harrison National Bank, for 400, and the west half of section 10, range 14, Elyria township, from William A. Kober, for \$840.

L. S. Kingman has sold lots 10, 11 and 12, in block 8, of first addition to Arcadia, to Mary Duryes, for \$250.

Marshall Mayo has deeded to John L. Thompson the west half of section 2, Independent township, for \$4000, and will give possession at the end of the year.

For \$220 W. W. Haskell has deeded the west half of block 61, Ord, to W. L. Phillips.

Oscar W. Yeager has bought from J. S. Bussell 8.15 acres in northwest section 21, Ord, for \$326.

Mary Garbacz has sold the west half of section 22, in Elyria township, to Joseph Novak, for \$100.

Dora Turek has bought the northwest section 29, Michigan township, from Frank J. Bouda, for \$2300.

Josie Kasal has bought the J. J. Beranek property in block 6, Woodbury addition to Ord, for \$400.

Wenod Drobnj has just filed his deed from Mary M. Woodbury for the west half of section 33, Elyria township, which cost him \$3050.

OUR CITY SCHOOLS.

Conducted by Cora A. Thompson.

The receipts of the lecture Monday evening were over \$100.

Miss Wharton came up from St. Paul Thursday evening to attend the commencement exercises.

There were several picnics today by the classes of the high school and some of the high school and some of the other grades.

The teachers had their pictures taken last Saturday morning. That accounts for the unusual "dressed-up" appearance of so many of them on the streets that day.

The program given by the eighth grade last Friday evening was a creditable one to both teachers and pupils. The class shows considerable talent and will be a welcome addition to the next high school.

The class sermon by Rev. Smith was listened to by a large audience at the court house last Sunday morning. The theme "Ideals" was appropriate for the occasion and gave evidence of deep thought and careful preparation.

Nearly all of the pupils of the botany class have analyzed twenty-five plants—the number required for the spring work. A number have between thirty and forty and expect to soon have fifty or one hundred. This has been a good year for botany and the class has shown a great deal of interest.

William Hawley Smith was greeted by a crowd of friends at the court house Monday evening. His subject was "Education and Business" and as this was his third lecture in Ord it was less formal than the former ones were. It contained many good things. The most prominent was that education must have an end in view—that education without some definite purpose instead of fitting one for everything, unfits him for anything. The facts shown and the thoughts expressed will no doubt set many "to thinking" of the important relations of education and business professions.

The eleventh grade entertained the members of the graduating class at the K. P. hall last Saturday evening. A short program, consisting of speeches, recitations and music, was given after which refreshments were served. Each one found his partner by matching cards, tied with the class colors of the twelfth grade, on which quotations were written. The remainder of the evening was spent in playing games and guessing in the book contest. In this all made drawings to represent the title of some book. Maude Lavery guessed the greatest number and was awarded the prize. The evening was altogether an enjoyable one and will be a pleasant recollection to those present.

My jack is all right again. You can find him at Scott's barn on Mondays Wednesdays and Saturdays.

S. L. Perkins.

After five successive rainy Sundays and after we had begun to think that the old saying was about to come true, our hopes were blasted Sunday by old Sol making his appearance in the morning and remaining in evidence all day. Not a drop of moisture made its appearance in the whole twenty-four hours, but Bill Weare officially announces that the rain went "round." How far "round" he neglected to say.

Coming!

Drake's traveling repair wagon. All kinds of general household repairing, gun, bicycle, sewing machine, sharpening of scissors and fine edged tools and instruments. I carry one of the finest sets of tools on wheels.

Yours for business,
FRED L. DRAKE.
Head Repairman.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

The LAXATIVE BROWN-QUEENING TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Givens' signature is on each box. Twenty-five cents.

IMPORTANT!

10 PER CENT OFF OF SHOES!!

We have "bit off more than we can chew."

More shoes than will go into our NEW SHOE STORE, although it is the LARGEST IN CENTRAL NEBRASKA.

DECORATION DAY



ERE CENTURY DAWN.

A Memorial Day School Recitation for 1900.

In this the waning light of rounded years,
We swing the portals of the century near,
In ecstasy of hope—through blur of tears—
We wait the word prophetic, be of cheer.

The Holy of the Hollies enter we,
The dream of ages, and of seers foretold,
A day of kinder motive, bondless, free,
The century-tide, where meet the New and Old.

In clash of hungry steel and din of hate,
We hear the echo of a dying past;
We pray it jangle not the new-born state,
Nor that its clang this pregnant year outlast.

For dispensation new the world hath need
Of peace on earth and God's good will to men,
Where Love shall make new war—on lust of greed,
And old war steel shall thirst for blood in vain.

And what have ye to gain of arms ye bear,
Ye nation's army—mad, in fevered strife;
What measure shall we mete for blood ye spare,
For waste of treasure and for sunk-en life?

The fittest have ye drained, to mar and slay,
Survive the weakling, to beget your young;
Decadence dogs your dead march all the way,
From hall to hut the haunting wall is wrong.

Ye pile the burdens higher, year by year,
For every ship ye build, are build two;
In wild alarm, ye counsel take of—Fear,
Nor see the end whereof—the ill ye brew!

Ho! Armistice! ye leaders, be ye wise;
Ere yet the century sands have all been spilled,
A truce to let of blood! ye nations rise,



And call the measure of your hate overfilled.

For halt shall come; nor may the question cease:
"The turn, be it of choice, or led by fate?"
To bid for rising joy of unarmed Peace;
Or War, to broadcast wild the seeds of hate!

Come now and let us reason, saith the Lord,
If there be not for men an holier way:
For ye shall lay no lines of less reward
Than such have fallen ere this Epoch day.

We wait a newer school in things of State,
Of joy in brotherhood, and weal of men,
To lift the human life—put Love for hate,
Look ye—the writing on the wall again!



If e'er an hour outrolled within our ken,
When it were due to pause, one cometh now—
And on apace—when o'er this world of men
There broodeth thought of Peace o'er aching brow.

So be ye swift to take your fill of blood,
Then haste to wipe your blades e'er set of sun;
For men implore that in more human mood,
The wide world o'er, the century be begun.

Mark not with stain of blood that sacred hour—
At turn of century tide. This threshold cross
With lowered lance. Show ye a mightier power.
That counsellor war, and spoils of war, all loss.

O ye, who are the hope of this our day,
Who dominate world-thought—ye of our tongue,
Defy not, but ally that ye may say
On Century Morn no battle hymn be sung.

—William Henry Lynch.

GRANT'S CHARGES.

From his earliest boyhood General Grant was an expert rider, and like Washington, he possessed a mysterious power over horses. He ridiculed the idea that he could be thrown, so long as the horse kept on his feet. He asked but one thing of a steed, and that was that he should go. No Mexican vaquero, Bedouin sheik or American cowboy had a firmer seat, or more resembled a centaur. Early in the Mexican war Grant purchased a superb stallion that had just been captured from a herd of wild Texas horses. He was blindfolded and then saddled for the first time. The young lieutenant, springing lightly into the saddle, ordered the blindfold removed, when the untamed steed bounded like a bull, reared, leaped, threw his head almost to the ground, sprang first to the right and then to the left in his efforts to unseat his rider; but finding all his efforts futile, he dashed away at a terrific rate of speed, soon disappearing in the distant chaparral. General

Longstreet, who after more than half a century recalls the incident, in a letter to the present writer, states that no anxiety was felt concerning Grant's safety, who was then, as well as previously while a cadet at the Military Academy, universally recognized as an accomplished and fearless horseman.

Of Cortez, as Lieutenant Grant named his wild charger, he wrote in his Personal Memoirs: "I had, however, but little difficulty in breaking him, although the first day there were frequent disagreements between us as to which way we should go, and sometimes as to whether we should go at all. At no time during the day could I choose exactly the part of the column I would march with, but after that I had as tractable a horse as any in the army."

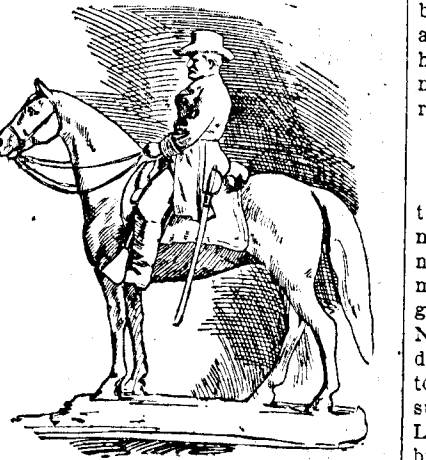
During the occupation of the capital by General Scott's forces, a Mexican gentleman, with whom Grant was on terms of intimacy, requested the loan of Cortez for an afternoon. His owner said afterward: "I was afraid he could not ride the horse, and yet I knew if I said a word to that effect the suspicious Spanish nature would think I was unwilling to lend him." The result was the Mexican mounted the spirited stallion, was thrown before he had gone three blocks and instantly killed!

A few days before the American army evacuated the city of Mexico, Grant mounted Cortez and rode out to make a morning call on the colonel in command of the Castle of Chapultepec. The officers' quarters were inside of the fortress, which was surrounded with a high broad earthwork. Riding up the outside slope and around the castle without observing any hitching post, Grant spurred his steed down the broad but long, steep, stone stairs that led into the fort. When the colonel appeared and saw Cortez tied at the door, where no horse had ever been seen before, he exclaimed in astonishment:

"Lieutenant, how in heaven's name did you get your horse down here?" "Rode him down, sir," calmly answered Grant.

"And how do you expect to get him out?" "Ride him up, instead of down," replied the lieutenant, which he accordingly did on his departure, the intelligent Cortez climbing like a cat to the top, when Grant, waving his chapeau in adieu to the colonel far below, disappeared over the breastworks. With the single exception of Captain Charles May's Black Tom, a magnificent and powerful coal black gelding, such a steed as Theodore Winthrop introduces in his best story under the name of Don Fulano, or the Forest

reports and the society news."



REBESSO'S STATUE OF GRANT.

King in Ouida's novel of "Under Two Flags," Cortez was the grandest war horse in General Scott's army with which he conquered Mexico. Five years later, when Captain Grant was stationed with the Fourth Infantry at Columbia Barracks, now Fort Vancouver, on the Columbia River in what was then Washington Territory, he purchased the most valuable horse in that part of the country, calling him Garland, in honor of his

brigade commander during the Mexican war. In April, 1853, Lieutenant George B. McClellan, of the Engineer Corps, reached Columbia Barracks, and for three months, while on duty there, was Grant's guest. The day of his arrival, while seated with several comrades in front of the officers' quarters, they saw the captain returning from a ride on his superb charger and approaching a six-gun battery which was parked some 300 yards distant. As he drew near the guns and they were observing the graceful movements of Garland and his perfect rider, the group of officers saw Grant pull down his hat more firmly and seat himself squarely and securely in the saddle. "He is going to leap the battery!" they exclaimed, when McClellan and the others—including General Rufus Ingalls, Grant's West Point classmate, who told the story—stood up to see the interesting performance. Running his horse at good speed toward the place, Grant put Garland over the six guns, one after another, as easily and gracefully as Charles Lever's world-famous Charlie O'Malley could have executed the clever act of horsemanship.

Early in June, 1861, Governor Richard Yates appointed Grant colonel of an Illinois regiment, and borrowing \$400 from his father's Galena partner, with which to equip himself for the position, he paid about one-half of the amount for his famous Claybank, or Old Jack. This showy war horse Grant used for several years, and he was well known to the Army of the Tennessee as "Old Yellow." At the battle of Belmont, a horse having been killed under him, Grant mounted his cream-colored steed. When at the close of the fighting our forces retreated to the boats on the Mississippi, the general on reaching the landing place found that he was the only representative of his army between the Confederates and the Union transports and war vessels. From one of the former a plank was run out and from a high bank the intelligent horse took the situation, sliding down the difficult slope on his haunches to the gang-plank, and with his rider was soon safely aboard the steamer. Grant's groom was captured. Belmont, and a colored colonel belonging to a Confederate corps escaped with the Northern troops. An exchange was proposed by Bishop Polk, the Confederate commander at Columbus, Grant replying that he had no authority to exchange a black man, but the cook could return to the colonel if he so desired. The slave did not, but Grant's groom was nevertheless courteously sent back by the Confederate prelate-general.

Monkeys Invade Girl's Boudoir.
In the grounds of the big hotel at Coronado Beach there are a score of monkeys whose antics afford much amusement for the guests. Recently, however, the monkeys took it upon themselves to amuse themselves at the expense of one of the young women staying at the hotel. She was an unusually good-looking young woman, and the monkeys from the trees observed her day after day arraying herself in pretty clothes and going forth in all her glory for the promenade and drive. One day when they had seen her leave the room and had taken note of the open window they climbed the fire escape and took possession of the fair lady's property. Their observation had not taught them the precious details of donning feminine attire, but they managed to envelop themselves in swirls of silk and lace to their greatest satisfaction and to hold flower and feather-adorned hats atop their heads, grinning and chattering meanwhile. They had a happy quarter of an hour, and when discovered got away with pieces of finery in all stages of dilapidation clinging to them. The girl's distress at the wreck of her wardrobe was assuaged by the offer of the hotel proprietor to make good her losses, and after the first shock had passed she was ready to laugh with the others over the prank.

A Polite Stranger.
A big, fine-looking man sat in the corner of a Brooklyn car reading his newspaper. Next to him sat a little woman in an up-to-date frock. She had a box of candy in one hand and an opera libretto in the other, says the New York Telegraph. She tried to get a newspaper from a newsboy who came through the car, but the conductor broke up the transaction, and, seizing the small newsdealer, put him down on the pavement. Then the pretty woman in the up-to-date frock paid her fare in pennies and smiled. The big man's newspaper was spread out before her eyes, and she glanced at the headlines. Then she read half a column about a thrilling rescue of a typewriter girl by a gallant fireman. She glanced sideways at the big man. Apparently he was taking no notice. She began on a story of burglars in a south side flat, how they bound and gagged a woman, stole her seakins and— "Oh, the horrid things!" she exclaimed excitedly. The big man looked around inquiringly, and then, quite as a matter of course, he said: "Have you finished this page, madam? If so, let us turn to the stock reports and the society news."

Bored by Andrew Lang.
Even the shrewdest persons may at times be deceived. No matter how much people may differ upon the genius of Andrew Lang, they are unanimous in regard to his quick intelligence and his talent for playing golf. Not long ago he was a guest at a very distinguished dinner, which he is said to have described as an extraordinary survival of savage mysteries; but Mr. Lang's enjoyment was utterly ruined by having, as he put it, "a budding funny man on the one hand and a diabolically deaf socialist on the other."

"I could not," added the famous critic, "tell which of the two was the more mournful companion." Two weeks afterward it got out that the socialist was not deaf; that he had come to the banquet prepared to be bored by less learned guests; that he had been seated alongside "an idiotic middle-aged gentleman, who did nothing but talk golf," and that to protect himself he had simulated deafness which kept his neighbor bawling—Philadelphia Press.

LOST ON THE VELDT

A STORY OF THE BOER CAMPAIGN IN NATAL.

By H. B. Mackenzie.

CHAPTER III.—(Continued.)

"And to leave him behind? No, that I could never do!" cried Bluebell. She turned and looked straight into his face. "If that was what you wished to say to me, Mr. Moore, let me tell you at once you need say no more. As long as my father is in New Kelso I will stay with him. I am not in the least afraid. Why should a woman necessarily be a coward?"

"A coward? No! No one would accuse you of being that!" cried Moore. He turned his horse's head toward hers, so close that he was able to lay his hand on hers. Bluebell started and instantly withdrew her hand. Moore went on in a lower tone: "But you are one of those women to save whom from danger or hurt men would give up their lives. Bluebell, listen to me. I am going out of the country, and have only been waiting here until I should dare to ask you to accompany me. Your father is anxious you should consent."

She was still unconvinced. "You may leave the country," she answered coldly. "You are not of it; I am. I have been brought up in it, and I love it. Am I going to run away because we are going to be invaded by the Boers from the Transvaal? Do you think I have so little confidence in our British relations as that? Besides, where should I go? I have no relations in the world, so far as I know, but my father."

"You will not understand me," said Moore. His brow began to darken, but Bluebell did not notice that. "Miss Leslie—Bluebell, I love you with all my soul! I wish you to be my wife."

"If the koppel they were ascending had suddenly been cleft asunder, and swallowed up rider and horse before her eyes, Bluebell could not have been more astonished."

Bluebell looked at the man for a minute, to see if he were really in earnest; then, as once more he tried to lay his hand on hers, she shook it off and drew her horse aside.

"Mr. Moore, you have taken me by surprise. I never for a moment dreamt of such a thing. Why, you've only seen me two or three times! But though we had known each other for a lifetime it would be all the same. Thank you for the honor you have done me, but it is quite out of the question. I do not love you, and could never be your wife."

It was as well she did not see the expression of his face now. He did not speak for a few minutes. Perhaps he was trying to conquer himself. "I will not take that as my answer, Miss Leslie," he said at last, in the same tone as before. "I have spoken too suddenly; you were not prepared for it. I will wait until you have seen your father, until he has spoken to you. Perhaps your answer then will be different."

"It cannot be different," the girl retorted. "What could my father say to change my feelings? You may as well take your answer now, Mr. Moore; and please don't think it is because I did not expect what you have just said that I have made such an answer. I am very sorry if I have hurt your feelings, but I can't help it. Now I am going to put Rover to a gallop; we are getting near home."

She put the words into action, and the next moment the gallant little veldt pony was flying over the level plain, the girl keeping her seat like one to the manner born, her slight figure erect, her reins held with the negligent yet firm hand of a thorough horsewoman. It was a pretty sight to see horse and rider lit up by the red blaze of sunset, the girl's white figure simply outlined in the crimson light, her ruddy hair touched with the gold of the setting sun.

Moore followed. There was a look on his face that would have given Bluebell a thrill of indefinite fear and vague foreboding had she seen it. Once his lips moved, as if he were muttering to himself; but no articulate sound came from them.

Bluebell did not pause until they were close to the avenue of blue-gum and nettle; then she half turned her head to say:

"Are you coming up, Mr. Moore?" "If you have no objection, Miss Leslie," he answered in his usual tones. Bluebell made no response, and a few seconds brought them to the door of the house.

The gaunt figure of Miss Elizabeth appeared at the entrance, brought thither by the sound of horses' hoofs. Her thin, high-arched nose and face was grey with anxious fear.

"Thank God, you're safe home, my bairn!" she exclaimed, using the familiar Scotch word, as she was apt to do in moments of excitement. "I have not been able to do a stroke of work for over-anxiety about you. They say the Boers have entered the country."

"I didn't see them, anyway, auntie; and I've turned up all safe and sound, and you see," said the girl with a little laugh, as she laid an affectionate arm round Miss Elizabeth's scraggy shoulders. "Here, Sam!" to the Zulu boy who appeared from the stables—"take the horses, boy."

"Yah, missie," answered the Zulu, showing his teeth in a grin. He was an intelligent-looking specimen of his race, with a frank and pleasant expression on his brown visage. As Bluebell and her aunt disappeared, Moore dismounted, but somehow his foot caught awkwardly in the stirrup, and he fell. As he rose, he saw a broad grin on the face of Sam. His rage, long at the smoldering point, burst forth, and lifting his riding whip, he struck the boy severely across the face with it.

"Take that, you black nigger!" he said, with an oath, "and learn not to laugh at your betters!"

A great wall rose on the boy's brown face, as he uttered an involuntary exclamation. It reached Bluebell's ears, and she ran out quickly. A glance at the two revealed everything, and she

"You mean," she said, slowly, in a changed voice, all the girlish defiance and brightness gone out of it, "that you are in that man's power?"

"I—I've been foolish lately, Bluebell, I confess it. I've been speculating and lost. I got into Moore's power, up at Maritzburg. There's worse than I've told you, Moore holds a bill—a bill that would disgrace me forever, would—his voice sank—"put me in prison."

Bluebell gave a low cry, shrinking from her father's touch, and covered her face with her hands.

"It was—I was not quite accountable for it," said Mr. Leslie in a hoarse whisper. "I—I had been taking too much. But it's done, Bluebell, and can't be undone. You must save me. On the day that you marry him Gerald Moore will give that paper over into my hands to be destroyed."

Bluebell's hands dropped from her face and she looked up at him.

"So, to save you from the consequences of your crime," she said slowly, "you would make me give myself up to this unscrupulous villain—a villain even according to your own showing! You will be saved, but what of me? I am to be sacrificed to a life worse than death, life with a man I fear and despise and dishonor, who—yes, I am sure of it—does not love me, but wishes for some purpose to get me, as well as you, into his clutches. Did it never strike you as being rather a cowardly thing to do, dad?"

There was a strange bitterness in her voice—a bitterness that had never been heard in Bluebell Leslie's blithe, clear young voice in all her life before. The wretched man felt it and winced; but the next moment he seized her arm again.

"I am your father, and I have a right to demand this of you!" he exclaimed hoarsely. "Will you see your father dragged to prison and your aunt and yourself turned out of the veldt, ruined and disgraced, to be shot by the Boers, or to die of starvation? Answer me that!"

"I cannot answer you now. Let me go to my room," said Bluebell in a low voice. "I beg your pardon, dad, for having spoken to you as I did just now. I should not have done it. But I do not think anything would justify me in marrying him."

Before he could stop her she had slipped from the room and gone up to her own. Miss Elizabeth had been waiting for her, and now came to the door.

(To be Continued.)

DESERTED VILLAGES.

Causes That Lead to Their Desertion by the Inhabitants.

It seems difficult to realize that there are in Great Britain, says Pearson's Weekly, whole villages existing to-day wherein is not to be found a single inhabitant. It is interesting, moreover, to trace the cause of such desolation, both in England and abroad, where empty towns are almost ubiquitous.

The public attention was recently drawn to the case of the village of Congleton, on the Macclesfield high road, which consists of over sixty houses and cottages, not one of which is occupied. But this instance is by no means unique. In county Donegal, Ireland, there is a small town in a similarly deserted condition. Over one hundred houses go to form it, and the public buildings include a Roman Catholic chapel, a police station and a postoffice. Yet not one of the houses is occupied! Why? Because of the banshee! The unfortunate little town acquired the reputation of being haunted, and the superstitious inhabitants have one by one deserted the place. Nor is this cause of desertion unique. Not in Ireland alone, but in England and Scotland, too, there are villages of smaller or greater size reputed to be haunted. Some of these are entirely and some only partly uninhabited, but one and all, they present the appearance of having been abandoned with a mark recommending man to avoid them. In the Auvergne Mountains of France there are two adjacent villages without inhabitants. In this case ghosts are not responsible for the state of affairs, though. More tangible and material beings have worked the desolation. The villages are the hunting grounds of fierce wolves! Wolves are by no means uncommon in France. Indeed, the sum of \$5,000 is paid annually to keep down the scourges.

MIXED THEIR HATS UP.
The President and Two Cabinet Members Made Slight Mistakes.

Three silk hats stood in a row on the mantel in the cabinet room the other morning when the cabinet adjourned, says a Washington dispatch in the New York World. One belonged to the president, one to Secretary Hay and one to Secretary Root. "Well," said Mr. Root, "I must be going," and he walked over to the mantel, put on the president's hat and went out. "Good-by, Mr. President," said Secretary Hay as he walked over to the mantel, put on Secretary Root's hat and went out. The president picked up the hat that was left—it was Secretary Hay's—and put it on. "If I'm here," said Mr. Root, "I must get a new box; this hat is very uncomfortable." When Mr. Root got to his office he looked at the hat he was wearing and saw the initials "W. McK." on the band. He sent the hat back to the president with apologies, and the president returned Mr. Hay's hat to Mr. Root. Meantime Mr. Hay discovered he had Mr. Root's hat, and he sent it to Mr. Root. Then Mr. Root sent Mr. Hay's hat back to the secretary of state and the incident closed. Mr. Root's size is No. 7, and so is Mr. Hay's. The president wears 7½.

Room for Such Work.
New York theatrical agents are scouring foreign markets for new dramatic attractions. "They are," they would better stay at home and scour some of the plays they have already secured.—Puck.

The Point of View.
To the novice, politics seems rotten; but to the cultivated taste, merely gamey.—Detroit Journal.

FERTILE COLORADO.
The Denver & Rio Grande railroad has just published a second edition of "THE FERTILE LANDS OF COLORADO," which gives a concise description of the vast area of agricultural, horticultural and grazing lands located on its line in the state of Colorado and the Territory of New Mexico, and full information as to the stock interests, the sugar beet industry and farming by irrigation. It is a truthful representation of the numerous and wonderful products of the soil in that portion of the country and is of especial interest to all who are interested in agriculture or kindred pursuits.

Copies of this book will be sent free on application to S. K. Hooper, G.P.A., D. & R. G. R. R., Denver, Colo., or any official of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad.

I am sure Pisco's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. T. H. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

A desire to attend strictly to one's business is a difficult art to acquire.

CARTER MEDICINE CO. WINS.

Obtains Injunction in Case Involving Simulation of Labels.

Brent Good, president of the Carter Medicine Company, yesterday received a telegram from his lawyers in Chicago, Messrs. Lowden, Estabrook & Davis, informing him that a final injunction, with costs, had been granted against the Chicago Label and Box Company. This company makes a specialty of manufacturing labels, boxes, etc., for druggists. The Carter Company has been following them through the courts for two years on the complaint that the label company was making simulations of the labels of Carter's Little Liver Pills. They have now obtained a final injunction with costs, and the costs are very large, as the case has been submitted to a Master in Chancery for a final accounting.

The Carter Medicine Company has been the first and only one to prosecute printers or engravers who have prepared such labels and wrappers. It marks a new departure in infringement cases, and their victory is one of great importance to the whole "proprietary trade," and also of interest to retail druggists.—New York Press, May 2, 1900.

Emperor's Employee.
There are 1,500 persons upon the German emperor's list of employees.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!
Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has the rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. One-fourth the price of coffee, 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

In the march of progress it is sometimes necessary to "mark time."

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?
It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The purpose of the people generally regulate prices.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, cures the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There is a point where cheapness ceases to be economy.

AGAINST TAYLOR

Supreme Court Rules on Kentucky Contest.

IT SAYS MR. BECKHAM IS GOVERNOR

Cannot Take Case From Hands of the Legislature—Not a Unanimous Decision—Four Judges Dissent From the Chief Justice.

A Washington, May 21, special says: The Kentucky governorship case has been decided by the United States supreme court in favor of Beckham, affirming the decision of the Kentucky court of appeals.

The opinion was handed down by Chief Justice Fuller and the case was dismissed for want of jurisdiction and that the determination of cases of this character, contests for state offices, must necessarily be settled by the political branch of the government. That branch had acted in the Kentucky case when the general assembly took jurisdiction. There was no appeal from the assembly's decision, which was favorable to Governor Beckham, except to the tribunal of the people, which tribunal the chief justice said was always in session. He also said the case was purely a state case, that Kentucky was in full possession of its faculties as a member of the union and that there was no emergency at this time calling for interference.

The opinion in the Kentucky case was not unanimous, some of the justices dissenting. Justices Brewer, Harlan, Brown and McKenna were the dissenting justices.

DIVIDEND ON DEPOSIT

State to Realize From Capital National Bank Funds.

Attorney General Smyth has received notice that the United States court of appeals at St. Paul has issued a mandate in the case of McDonald against the state. This is the case in which the state asked that Receiver McDonald of the defunct Capital National bank be required to pay a dividend on a claim of the state. The state had \$236,000 on deposit when the bank failed. The bank was a state depository at the time. The receiver has paid other depositors a dividend of 15 per cent, but refused to pay anything to the state. He has kept back enough to pay the state's dividend, which amounts to between \$35,000 and \$40,000. The mandate is supposed to command the receiver to pay the claim. Upon its receipt or probably before it arrives the claim may be paid. Had the state lost its suit the dividend would have gone to the individual depositors.

Makes Positive Denial.
The statement that there was to be a conference between President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania railroad and President Perkins of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy system is denied positively at the office of the Pennsylvania railroad in Philadelphia. Previous denials of statements regarding the possibility of the absorption by the Pennsylvania of the Burlington or Atchafalaya systems were vigorously repeated. Statements to this effect have never been credited in financial circles.

Almost Caused a Wreck.
An old horse belonging to M. M. Plants was killed by a heavy loaded stock train on the Elkhorn railroad at Geneva. The track was damaged to some extent, but none of the cars were derailed. Mr. Plants is an old soldier and crippled with rheumatism to such an extent that he is unable to walk, and the old horse furnished the only means of getting about, therefore the loss to him is a heavy one.

Advance Price of Sugar.
All grades of refined sugars have been advanced five points except coarse granulated and extra fine granulated. Orders for soft sugar are taken at Saturday's full prices. All undelivered balances on contracts expiring May 31 will be canceled except No. 1, 2, 3, 5 and 16. Arbuckle Bros. and the Doscher Refining company of New York have followed the advance in regned made by the American Sugar Refining company.

Bank Falls to Open.
The banking house of Nielsen & Co., at Pentwater, Mich., failed to open its doors and the circuit court has been asked to appoint H. H. Banyea, a brother-in-law of Mr. Nielsen, and one of the heaviest depositors as receiver. A delegation of depositors went before the court and protested against Mr. Banyea's appointment. The liabilities are unofficially estimated at \$75,000 to \$100,000.

Try to Lynch a Negro.
Near Ryan, I. T., Rufus Bunor, a negro, killed a nine-year-old girl who was living with his family, and attempted to conceal the crime by burning the dead body. He was caught in the act and an attempt made to lynch him. Bunor was arrested and landed in jail at Ardmore, I. T.

Woman Uses a Revolver.
Edward Whittington, Dennis Brown and Thomas Coleman—said to be coal miners—entered the lunch house of T. F. McKenna at Memphis, Tenn., and became involved in a quarrel with the porter. McKenna and his wife interfered and Mrs. McKenna was badly beaten with a club by Whittington. She ran behind a counter, and procuring a revolver, shot Whittington through the neck, killing him instantly. Brown advanced menacingly toward her, and received a bullet in the face, which physicians say will prove fatal. Mrs. McKenna is in jail.

Children Burn to Death.
Four children, their ages ranging from five to thirteen years, of Thomas Brady, were burned to death in their home ten miles from Nashville, Tenn., the house having caught fire during the absence of their parents at church.

Drops Dead on the Street.
John Bucher dropped dead on the street at Columbus, Neb., from heart failure. He was a native of Switzerland fifty-seven years old, and leaves a wife and one son in California and one son at Columbus.

RIOTING ON AFRESH.

St. Louis May 21st dispatch says one boy was killed, and three men and a girl were wounded as a result of the strike. The dead:

Martin Zika, eighteen years of age, struck in the left breast by a bullet fired from a street car.

The wounded: Clarence E. Mullen, motorman, home in Jacksonville, Ill., not serious. Minnie Kroger, eighteen years of age, not serious. Two rioters, carried away by friends, names not named.

Zika was shot late in the afternoon while standing in the door of his home at 1306 Geyer avenue. A mob of several hundred men had surrounded a car and were threatening conductor and motorman. A few stones had been thrown when a shot was fired from the car, the bullet striking Zika full in the breast. He died within a few minutes.

Conductor Farley and Motorman Drake were arrested.

At the police station Conductor Farley admitted firing the shot which killed Zika. He fired, he said, at a man who was preparing to throw a stone at him, and the bullet hit Zika.

MUST PRACTICE SHOOTING.

National Guardsmen Ordered to Do Record Firing.

Adjutant General Barry has issued orders containing the details of the target practice regulations and requiring an examination of non-commissioned officers. The Nebraska national guard opened May 15 and will close November 15. All practice for record must take place between September 1 and the close of the season. A contest for competitive firing will take place during the summer, range to be designated hereafter. The best shot in each company will receive a bronze medal, the best shot in each regiment a silver medal and the best shot in the brigade will receive a gold medal to be awarded by the governor. The failure of any enlisted man to practice on the range during the season will be sufficient reason for his discharge for the "good of the service." Inefficiency on the part of a company in target practice shall be sufficient reason for its disbandment. An "efficient trophy" will be given the company that has the greatest number of men making score work on the range during the season. This trophy carries with it the rifle honors of the year.

NEW CHIEF OF WINNEBAGOS

The Succession May Depend Upon the Result of a Duel.

The Winnebago tribe of Indians is preparing to install a new chief. Whether it will be Thomas H. Roddy of Chicago, who was elected a year after the death of Chief Black Hawk, or whether it will be Tom Thunder, may depend on the outcome of a duel. Roddy, who is an Irishman, and known as White Buffalo among the Indians is preparing to go to the reservation and be inaugurated. Preparations are underway to give him a royal reception.

Tom Thunder, the son of a medicine man, wants to lead the Winnebagos, however, and has sent a challenge to Roddy to fight a duel, the victor to succeed to the leadership.

Roddy says he does not expect any trouble, but says he can handle all that comes his way.

NO APPEAL FROM KRUGER

President of Transvaal Republic Has Not Asked for Pardon.

The Associated Press Tuesday morning was able to say that no message from President Kruger direct or indirect has recently been received by Lord Salisbury or by any department of the British government, nor is there any communication from him dealing with the question of the cessation of hostilities expected by them in the immediate future. The proximity of peace, according to the government point of view, will remain a matter of military progress. How soon the latter may bring about the former is still too suppositious for a serious forecast on the part of any government official.

Mrs. Lee Returns Home.
Mrs. Fitzhugh Lee, wife of the military governor of Havana and members of her family, have arrived at New York on board the United States transport Sedgwick from Havana.

Inspecting Navy Yard.
Rear Admiral Hichborn, chief of construction of the navy, has arrived in San Francisco on a tour of navy yard inspection. He will visit Mare Island navy yard before leaving for the north.

Fighting Bob Has Rheumatism.
A Hot Springs, Ark., special says: Captain Robley D. Evans has arrived at the army and navy hospital here. He is suffering from a severe case of rheumatism.

John Gross of Gering accidentally discharged a revolver, and the bullet found lodgment in the body of Joseph Barnes, seriously wounding him.

Killed by Daughter's Suitor.
A story has reached Macon, Ga., to the effect that William Raines and his son were killed near Cordele, Ga., by a Mr. Gleaton, who intended to marry Miss Raines. One morning Gleaton went to the home of Miss Raines, accompanied by a friend. A quarrel arose and the young woman's brother rushed up with a pistol and commenced shooting at Gleaton and his friend. Gleaton shot and killed the young lady's father and brother and mortally wounded a neighbor who tried to stop the trouble.

Grant Statue Unveiled.
A Washington dispatch says that the General Grant statue by the American sculptor Franklin Simmons, was unveiled in the rotunda of the capital. The widow, the daughter and descendants of the hero of Appomattox were there.

Elect Senators.
The democratic executive caucus at Baton Rouge, La., decided upon Senator McEnery and Murphy J. Foster for the United States senate. The election of these two by the legislature followed.

IN THE LAKE COUNTRY
of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan, there are hundreds of the most charming Summer Resorts awaiting the arrival of thousands of tourists from the South and East.

Among the list of near by places are Fox Lake, Delavan, Lauderdale, Waukegan, Oconomowoc, Palmyra, The Dells at Kilbourn, Elkhart and Madison, while a little further off are Minocqua, Star Lake, Frontenac, White Bear, Minnetonka and Marquette on Lake Superior.

For pamphlet of "Summer Homes for 1900," or for copy of our handsomely illustrated Summer book, entitled "In The Lake Country," apply to nearest ticket agent or address with four cents in postage, Geo. H. Healdford, General Passenger Agent, Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

Inexpensive, but Highly Valued.
The Victoria cross, the intrinsic value of which is one penny and one farthing, or two and a half cents, cannot be accepted as a pledge by a pawnbroker anywhere in Great Britain, under penalty of a heavy fine. The cross is made from cannon captured from the enemy and weighs just three and a half grains less than one ounce.

75 PER CENT OFF.
Farm News, one of America's best live stock and farm journals, price 50 cents a year, has adopted a new and original plan to get into new houses by making an unusually low price on certain Bargain Days.

The best offer yet is to send it two years to all who remit 25 cents to Farm News, Springfield, Ohio on June 1, next Bargain Day.

The U Dropped.
Mrs. A.—I declare it's scandalous the way these Englishmen drop their h's. Mrs. Z.—Think so? Mrs. A.—Yes. The other day George was taken ill from overheating. Well, what should that cockney coachman do but meet every caller at the door and tell them "The master is ill from over-eating!"

\$20.00 A WEEK AND EXPENSES
to agents selling our household goods. Sell on sight. Write C. H. Marshall & Co., Chicago.

Great Britain's Merchant Tonnage.
The Bank of the Netherlands, the Bank of Belgium, the Bank of Italy, the Bank of Austria-Hungary and the Imperial Bank of Russia all hold less gold than they held a year ago.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

Not the Fault of Jones.
Smith—You and Jones don't seem to be as friendly as you were. Does he owe you money? Brown—No, not exactly, but he wanted to.—Stray Stories.



PERRU-NA
FOR WOMEN
The debilitating drains and discharges which weaken so many women are caused by Catarrh of the distinctly feminine organs. The sufferer may call her trouble Leucorrhoea, or Weakness, or Female Disease or some other name, but the real trouble is catarrh of the female organs and nothing else. PERRU-NA radically and permanently cures this and all other forms of Catarrh. It is a positive specific for female troubles caused by catarrh of the delicate lining of the organs peculiar to women. It always cures if used persistently. It is prompt and certain.



A Swallow
is one of the earliest indications of an equally sure indication is that feeling of languid depression. Many swallows of HIRES Rootbeer are best for a spring tonic and for a summer beverage. It is a tonic for the system and a stimulant for the appetite. Write for list of premiums offered free for labels. Charles E. Hires Co., Malvern, Pa.

The Horses of the Boers.
The artillery and cavalry horses of the Boers have all been inoculated against the "tsetse fly" and rinderpest, both of which are apt to play havoc with green horses in that district.

100 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of OLD DR. SAMUEL PITCHER
Drops of Castor Oil—
Glycerine—
Syrup of Marshmallows—
Simple Syrup—
Syrup of Gum Arabic—
Syrup of Gum Tragacanth—
Syrup of Gum Benzoin—
Syrup of Gum Myrror—
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WISE AND OTHERWISE.

The main thing to remember about the vice presidential nominees is that he should be fit to be President. A mistake on this point might be disastrous.

Republican platforms coming from the different states show perfect harmony in the party on national issues.

Agents on salary of \$15.00 per week and expense; the greatest agent ever produced; every stock and poultry raiser buys it on sight. Hustlers wanted. Reference. Address, with stamp, American Mfg. Co. Terre Haute, Ind.

The latest thing in railway inventions is a cigar-shaped train. It is being pulled by some of the scientific journals.

Bryan and Allen will write the Populist platform in May and the Democratic National Convention in July will begin business with a superimposed turret.

The Sheldon edition of the Topeka Capital was a success for one week, but E. F. Andrews of Newton, Kansas, says, "Beggs' Blood Purifier has been a standard spring medicine in his family for twenty years. Permanently cures all skin and blood disorders. Ben Bridgford."

Forty years ago the doctors decided that Herbert Spencer must die. The eminent writer accepted the decision, but concluded to take his own time about it. He is yet alive and just celebrated his 80th birthday.

By a final decision in Washington the official spelling will be "Porto Rico." That sounds familiar and saves 10 p cent in writing the name.

Over ten thousand lives have been lost in the African war. Ten times as many die every year as a result of impure blood, which could be saved by using Beggs' Blood Purifier. "It's the best spring medicine ever made."—Fred Ackerman, Moberly, Mo. Ben Bridgford.

If the Sultan's conduct becomes too outrageous he will find a Yankee solo different from a European concert.

Bryan is a fine specimen of robust and vigorous manhood, because he is in good health. It's easy. Keep your blood in a healthy condition with Beggs' Blood Purifier and Blood Maker, and you will be strong and healthy. It's guaranteed to give satisfaction. Ben Bridgford.

The most important look ahead this year will be the Republican national platform.

"After suffering from severe dyspepsia over twelve years and using many remedies without permanent good I finally took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It did me so much good I recommend it to every one," writes J. E. Watkins, Clerk and Recorder, Chillicothe, Mo. It digests what you eat. Ben Bridgford.

A New York watering place is said to date its downfall from the refusal of a hotel to give a guest a second helping of pie. If the article withheld had been a second plate of soup the town could die content as a martyr to principle.

Don't stay at home on account of that cold. Keep on with your work and take Krause's Cold Cure. Sold by Ben Bridgford.

Opposition to monopolistic trusts is a plank in the Republican state platforms adopted this week. The man engaged in writing the Kansas City platform should find these utterances helpful.

"I had stomach trouble twenty years ago and gave up hope of being cured till I began to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It has done me so much good I call it the savior of my life," writes W. R. Wilkinson, Albany, Tenn. It digests what you eat. Ben Bridgford.

To the horrors of war may be added the destructive explosion of an arsenal in Pretoria. The once peaceful farmers of the Transvaal are truly going through a test by fire.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demonic enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by Johnson Bros.

Census-takers are invested with legal rights and authority, but every good citizen will cheerfully facilitate their labors without regard to that part of the business.

J. Q. Hood, Justice of the Peace, Crosby, Miss., makes the following statement: "I can certify that One Minute Cough Cure will do all that is claimed for it. My wife could not get her breath and the first dose of it relieved her. It has also benefited my whole family." It acts immediately and cures coughs, colds, croup, grippe, bronchitis, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. Ben Bridgford.

The only party that carries its platform into effect is making an admirable new one for the next four years.

Considering the size of the armies in South Africa the fighting that goes on must be called light and desultory.

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of this remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease.—W. J. Lynch, Dorr, W. Va. This remedy is sold by Johnson Bros.

Cheese In Swiss Families.

The social rank of a family in Switzerland is estimated by the age of its cheese, and the greater the respect due to or the affection for a guest the older is the cheese set before him. There are in each canton at least as many cheeses as there are boys and girls in the family, for at the birth of every child a cheese is made.

It is first cut into on his or her wedding day, on which festive occasion all the guests partake of a piece of the groom's and the bride's cheese in order to secure for them all earthly thrift and happiness. The rest is served as a token of friendly souvenir and heart-felt mourning after the tomb has closed over his or her earthly career.

Moreover, when a Swiss youth falls in love and wishes to pay court to the girl of his heart he goes to her father and asks permission to share the family dinner next Sunday. This is always granted if he is respectable, for it would be considered a deadly insult to refuse. The anxious question in his mind is, "Will papa bring out the cheese?"

Papa does not usually hurry to relieve his fears, having the family dignity in mind and wishing to proceed with due deliberation. If he is indeed satisfied with the suitor, he at length rises from his seat, goes solemnly to the cupboard, takes down the oldest piece of cheese, splits it and hands a piece to the youth and one to the maiden, and from the moment they have tasted it they are betrothed.

"The revenue cutters of the United States, as you may know," said an officer of one of them who likes his little joke, "confine their services, which are really invaluable to the government, to the coast, and it is a rare thing indeed for any one of them except those of the Bering sea patrol to venture any distance out to sea. Nor is this rule an unsatisfactory one, for, say what you please about it, sea service is not as pleasant as the novelists and other romancers would have you believe.

"But I am getting off of my story, which applies to the cutter Grant when she was doing duty in New York bay and vicinity. Something had happened to call her down the shore somewhere, and she left the bay one afternoon, and early the next morning, while she was bowling along at about seven knots an hour, she halted at a big four-master.

"What ship is that?" came the cry from the Grant.

"The Royal Bengal Tiger, 243 days out from Calcutta," came the reply.

"What ship is that?"

"Revenue cutter Grant," was the plaintive answer, "and we've been out all night."—Washington Star.

A Bold Little Bird.
The honeybird is a well known denizen of many parts of the Transvaal. It has the unique peculiarity that it does not fear men and women, but actually flies up to them, uttering a plaintive low note and, flying about their heads, tries to lead them to the nearest clump of rocks or kopje.

The bird knows full well that under a certain rock lies a store of honey, concealed by the cunning bees, and rock honey being as much esteemed by birds as by human beings, the clever little fellow tries to induce a friendly little with two strong hands to push aside the rock, so that it may get to the honey.

If it succeeds in its object and the traveler on the veldt, attracted by the bird's flutterings and to fro between himself and the rocks, finds the honey, the bird changes its plaintive tone to one of joy and pleasure, as much as to say, "Thank you very much."

Epitaphs In A Tyrolean Churchyard.
A German traveler has discovered some quaint epitaphs in a Tyrolean cemetery.

On a tombstone in the valley of Tux was this inscription: "In pious remembrance of the honest widow Anna Kriedl, 40 years long." A miller is thus remembered. "In Christian memory of —, who departed this life without human assistance."

A farmer whose initials only are given and appears to have been the author of his own epitaph has this memorial: "Here rests in God F. K. He lived 20 years as man and 37 years as husband."

On the tomb of a man who fell from a roof and was killed are these words, "Here fell Jacob Hosenknecht from the roof into eternity."

This wall of a desolate husband caps the climax. "Tears cannot bring thee back to life, therefore I weep."

A Good Excuse.
"You wish to be relieved from jury duty, but you haven't given a good reason," said the judge.

"It's public spirit," said the unwilling jurymen. "On the score of economy, I have dyspepsia, your honor, and I never agree with anybody. If I go on this jury, there'll be a disagreement, and the court will have to go to the expense of a new trial."

"Excused," said the judge.—Tit-Bits.

THE REASONS WHY.

You will notice by the announcement below, which we had in three papers of Valley county last week, that we gave notice to the effect that Mr. B. W. A. Davis, who has been our branch manager at North Loup, had resigned his position to go elsewhere and that Prof. H. M. Marker, secretary of the Kharas Magnetic Healing Infirmary, would take his place. As we have started a new branch office in Ord instead, the people of Valley county are wondering why. So we insert this by way of explanation and as a warning to the people of Valley county who are now taking treatment or may be thinking of taking treatment of Davis, that he is no longer under our employ and that we are not responsible for any of his doings after the 20th of May.

All persons who take treatment of him or do business with Mr. Davis any time after the above date, do so at their own risk, and you may judge from this explanation of Mr. Davis's actions as to whether it is safe for you to take any chances under his care.

We have Mr. Davis letters to prove that he absolutely refused to stay in North Loup longer than the 20th of May, and that he made demands that Prof. Marker be sent to take his place and stated that he would turn everything over to him just as soon as he arrived. At a great amount of expense for advertising and carfare and much inconvenience to the business in the home office at Omaha, Prof. Marker came so that we might be able to make good our promise to keep up our business in Valley county for one year, but all our expense and inconvenience were for naught as upon the arrival of Prof. Marker, Mr. Davis absolutely refused to turn over not only the office and our patients, but denies having had any connection with our firm for nearly one month as is shown by his verbal and written contract which was signed in good faith by Mr. Davis and all parties concerned. So rather than start up a new office in North Loup and create discord, Prof. Marker came to Ord through the urgent solicitation of Dr. Bond and some others who wished to take treatment, and has located the Kharas Magnetic Infirmary in this city permanently.

The Kharas Magnetic Infirmary of Omaha is now incorporated under the laws of the state of Nebraska and has a paid up capital of \$10,000.00. Prof. Marker our new branch manager at Ord is secretary of the Company and owns \$2,500 in stock which is worth considerably more than par value. We are determined to keep our agreement with the people of Valley county and are willing to spend \$1,000 rather than let our good name and reputation suffer from the wrong doings, duplicity and misrepresentations of any of our representatives.

Prof. Marker has the contract and entire routine correspondence of Mr. Davis in his possession and proof of all of the above statements will be furnished inquirers. We do not publish this to injure Davis but he has woefully misrepresented his employers and we wish to let the people know the real truth of the matter.

Mr. Davis signed a contract agreeing never to practice Magnetic Healing, Osteopathy or any drugless method of healing in Valley county only as employee of our firm and we wish the people to give their attention as to whether he will break this agreement. Our office at North Loup is closed and all people who wish to take treatment of us should either call at the residence of Mrs. J. M. Stone at Ord or come to Omaha.

We invite all those who know Mr. Davis to call on our new manager at Ord. We solicit investigation.

Take notice.—We the combined owners of the Kharas Magnetic Infirmary do hereby make the following offer: All those who have taken treatment of Prof. Davis at any time on or before the 20th of May, 1900.

To any persons whom we have on our list as having taken treatment of Prof. Davis, who have been our branch manager at North Loup, who think they do not or have not received as much or any benefit from his treatments as they expected, if such persons will call or write our manager, Prof. Marker at Ord and inform him accordingly, we will give them as many more treatments as they have paid for and will not charge them a cent for our trouble. We do not in the world to take people's money and not give them value received and wish to make good our assertions for honesty and dealing. Let us here from each of you for this is a bonafide offer to our patrons.

Does this look like we were trying to beat the public or that we are a gang of fakers of the highest type? As some people have represented us to be. Stop, think and consider the difference.

It has been considered necessary by the management at Omaha to place the Kharas Office in North Loup, now in charge of Mr. B. W. A. Davis, in other hands. The present manager has sent in his resignation, which is to take effect Saturday, May 19, 1900. The office will be taken charge of at that time by Prof. H. M. Marker, who was formerly Chief Operator in the main Infirmary in Omaha, and since has been elected secretary of the Kharas Infirmary Co., which owns and controls all the Kharas Offices of Iowa and Nebraska. Prof. Marker is undoubtedly the most competent man who could take charge of the North Loup office. He will arrive in North Loup the day before the date above given, and the work will be turned over to him by Mr. Davis, and the patients will continue just the same as if there had been no change in the management.

It is the aim and endeavor of the Kharas Company to give its patrons honest, faithful service. The office at North Loup was established by Prof. Kharas, the superintendent of all the Kharas Infirmaries, with the express understanding that it was to be a permanent business in that city.

Prof. Kharas is going to a great expense to make his word good to the people of Valley Co. Prof. Davis contracted with Professor Kharas to conduct this office for a year, but now that he chooses to work in another place, the management will place it in as competent hands and patients will be treated, if possible, better than ever before. Regretting that any change has been necessary, but assuring the people of North Loup and Valley county of our best wishes and very best efforts, we beg to remain,

Yours for humanity,
THE KHARAS INFIRMARY CO.,

ALL SORTS.

The Hon. Grover Cleveland has too much principle and rheumatism to permit of his crawling in under the Bryan canvas.

Is the Kansas City convention to be nothing more than a mere ratification meeting? Are we to play second fiddle to little Sioux Falls?

A FOLLOWER OF MEISLES.—In many instances a persistent cough follows an attack of measles. In speaking of this Mr. Walter B. Beel, editor of the Elkin (N. O.) Times, says: "Three weeks ago I had an attack of measles which left me with a bad cough. I took several doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the cough has entirely disappeared. I consider Chamberlain's medicines the best on the market." For sale by Johnson Bros.

In the last sixteen months Andrew Carnegie has given nearly \$3,000,000 in benefactions to libraries. This is sufficient to lead an air of sincerity to Mr. Carnegie's talk about the disgrace of dying rich.

It troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frost-bites, quinsy, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cts. Sold by Johnson Bros., Druggists.

Colonel Waterson admits that the country is prospering wonderfully under Republican rule, but as a matter of partisan politics he feels that he must try to overthrow that rule.

Admiral Dewey discovered first that he wanted to be a candidate for the presidency, and then that he was a Democrat. By and by he will discover his mistake in both instances.

W. S. Musser, Millheim, Pa., saved the life of his little girl by giving her One Minute Cough Cure when she was dying from croup. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It quickly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grippe, asthma, and all throat and lung troubles. Ben Bridgford.

Close observers have noticed that labor does not usually resort to strikes except when the condition of the country is one of adversity or one of prosperity.

"How will you have your Populism," asks the Washington Post, "a la Cincinnati or a la Sioux Falls?" Perhaps neither. What's the matter with a la Kansas?

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.
Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe convulsing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure. John E. Clifford, Proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by Johnson Bros.

A Keen Clear Brain.
Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your stomach and liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by Ben Bridgford, Druggist.

Except in the matter of finance, expansion, trusts and tariff the Democrats are substantially agreed on issues. They are all in favor of the offices.

Governor of South Dakota.
Krause's Headache Capsules are splendid; never failed to cure my headaches and save a world of suffering. I am recommending them everywhere. The druggists of Aberdeen, Hecla and Britton, Marshall county, all promised me to get them in stock. I give your address to every sufferer I meet. I am going to Colorado in June, and I shall do you good there among the miners, nearly all of whom suffer from headaches in that high altitude. Yours, etc.

J. H. FLETCHER, Lt. Gov. Santa Clara, S. Dak. Sold by Ben Bridgford.

A Woman's Awful Peril.
"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation" were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis. from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gallstones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guaranteed. For sale by Ben Bridgford, druggist.

This Paper One Year. Farm Journal 5 Years.

PAY UP AND GET BOTH PAPERS AT PRICE OF ONE.
We want to get 300 new subscribers to our paper, and are going to do it if we can; we therefore continue our arrangement with the Farm Journal by which we can send THE ORD QUINZ and the Farm Journal 5 years both for \$1.50. And we make the same offer to all old subscribers who will pay all arrearages and one year in advance.

You know what our paper is, and the Farm Journal is a gem—practical, progressive—a clean honest useful paper—full of information full of sunshine, with an immense circulation among the best people every where. You ought to take

SCROFULA

The Blighting Disease of Heredity.

In many respects Scrofula and Consumption are alike; they develop from the same general causes, both are hereditary and dependent upon an impure and impoverished blood supply. In consumption the disease fastens itself upon the lungs; in Scrofula the glands of the neck and throat swell and discharge from the ears, the skin, producing indescribable pain and suffering. Cutting away a sore or diseased gland does no good; the blood is poisoned. The old scrofulous taint which has probably come down through several generations has polluted every drop of blood.

Scrofula requires vigorous, persistent treatment. The blood must be brought back to a healthy condition before the terrible disease can be stopped in its work of destruction. Mercury, potash and other poisonous minerals usually given in such cases do more harm than good; they ruin the digestion and leave the system in a worse condition than before.

S. S. S. is the only medicine that can reach deep-seated blood troubles like Scrofula. It goes down to the very roots of the disease and forces every vestige of poison out of the blood. S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. The roots and herbs from which it is made contain wonderful blood purifying properties, which no poison, however powerful, can long resist. S. S. S. stimulates the long dormant, enfeebled body. It increases the appetite, aids the digestion and purifies the blood, increases the best blood purifier and blood builder known, as it contains no poisonous minerals. S. S. S. is pre-eminently a remedy for children.

When my daughter was an infant she had a severe case of Scrofula, for which she was under the constant care of physicians for more than two years. She was worse at the end of that time, however, and almost hopeless of her life. A few bottles of Swift's Specific cured her completely, as it seemed to go direct to the cause of the trouble. I do not believe it has any equal for such cases of blood diseases which are beyond the power of other so-called blood remedies. S. I. Brooks, Monticello, Ga.

Our medical department is in charge of experienced physicians who have made Scrofula and other blood diseases a life study. Write them about your case, or any one you are interested in. Your letter will receive prompt and careful attention. We make no charge whatever for this.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, Land Office at Lincoln, Neb., April 20, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Mr. Davis, Clerk of the District Court at Ord, T. C. 116 for the several 7-12 E. 12 N. 10 W. 1/4 Sec. 2, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 8