

The Ord Quiz.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Tuesday, April 5, 1907.

Vol. 26, No. 2

LOWE BROTHERS
"HIGH STANDARD"
PAINTS

Neb State Historical Society



Know

for Charles Kriz last Monday.

Edward Zikmund is hauling lumber from Sargent for a large house.

Mrs. Slegel of Valley county visited with Krumls one day last

In Ye Olden Times

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882

The Ord Quiz.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Tuesday, April 5, 1907.

Vol. 26, No. 2



Know Paint Before You Buy Paint

Paint to give results must be purchased and put on intelligently. You must have a good painter—there is no quality in paint that will replace his skilled knowledge—experienced judgment. But the quality of paint used is a vitally important consideration to your purse and your pride.

You want the paint that has the greatest covering power, spreading capacity, beauty, wearing quality. In meeting all these requirements—

Lowe Brothers "High Standard" Paint Gives Best Results

We have sold a CARLOAD each year for the past three years. This ought to be evidence enough to satisfy YOU that it is the best to buy. For sale only at

Cornell's

HARDWARE IMPLEMENT HOUSE

Springdale News.

The school is planning for appropriate exercises on Arbor Day.

Herman Jensen spent a pleasant Sunday with his cousin, Earl Hansen.

The township board met Tuesday afternoon at the school house.

Mr. O. R. Hansen returned home from Omaha last Tuesday evening.

The fourth and fifth grade had tests in geography and spelling this week.

The eighth grade arithmetic has taken up the subject of promissory notes.

Messers. Ed. and Lars Hansen were down at Mr. V. Hansen's, of North Loup, Sunday.

J. C. Nelsen and Mrs. O. R. Hansen were Garfield visitors last Thursday and Friday.

Doane Stowell, who has been attending school at Grand Island, returned home Saturday night.

Azella Seerley is absent from school this week. She is at the home of her sister, Mrs. George Hubbard.

Mr. Wimberley's pulpit was filled last Sunday by Mr. Rush. The sermon was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Mr. H. D. Stowell was on hand last Friday afternoon, and for about three quarters of an hour gave the school some very helpful instruction in music. The

school appreciates his interest in us.

The farmers of our community are making the discs play a lively tune on such cornstalks as are unfortunate enough to be standing. Some early oats are also being sown.

Norman Holt left Tuesday morning for South Dakota. He came to our locality from New York state. His sojourn with us proved him to be a young man of sterling qualities.

Nearly all the boys of the eighth grade have been compelled to discontinue their studies on account of spring work. We are sorry to have these young men leave us.

The seventh and eighth grade literature finished "The Battle of Blenheim" Thursday. Critical study of the poem has proved very interesting and instructive.

Mr. Norman Holt visited school Monday afternoon. It is always a pleasure to have our patrons inspect our work.

The new grammars for the seventh grade have arrived. The text to be taken up is "Steps in English" book No. 2. The new text will be taken up as soon as the books studied now are completed.

Ida Items.

The Sharp family visited in Burwell Sunday.

Meyers and Hart made a business trip to Ord Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Grunk-

meyer and Mr. and Mrs. Otto Alderman visited Mrs. Butts Sunday.

Meyers loaded two cars of popcorn last week.

The Goodenow family and Martin Kruser were entertained at the Brechbill home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mel Alderman spent Easter with their niece, Mrs. F. M. Butts.

Vida Garrison spent a couple days visiting Ethel Meyers the first of the week.

Anna Dubos, who is working for Mrs. Craig, spent last week at home.

L. O. Todd, who worked for Mr. Brechbill last year, has again been employed by him for the coming season.

Mr. Craig and son Arthur attended a sale near Burwell last Saturday.

Pleasant Table News.

Many of our farmers have planted their small grain and are now getting ready to plow for the corn.

Frank Nekuda who has been sick for a long time and went to Mexico on account of his health wrote home that he was feeling much better.

George Casadie is moving to Kent where he intends to take charge of the postoffice and store.

Fred Klanecky is getting signers for the Custer county division.

James Novak was shelling corn

for Charles Kriz last Monday.

Edward Zikmund is hauling lumber from Sargent for a large house.

Mrs. Siegel of Valley county visited with Krums one day last week.

Elyria Items.

The farmers in this vicinity are sowing oats.

The Baptist Sunday school gave a very interesting Easter social which was a great success.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Koch of Ord were visiting at Fisher's over Sunday.

Harry Ward and wife came up from Omaha to visit the home folks for a few days.

Our annual town meeting was held on Tuesday and some road matters were voted upon and business that comes before the township board was transacted.

Mr. Fullerton has concluded not to move to Cushing but will continue in the meat business here.

Mrs. A. H. Shafer was in Ord Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wozniak were visiting in Mira Valley Sunday.

John Lindquist has rented his farm to L. Anderson.

Catholic Services.

There will be Catholic services held at the Episcopal church next Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m. There will be a high mass and a Bohemian sermon. At 7:30 p. m. there will be evening devotions and an English sermon. Rev. Rose of St. Paul will hold the services and a choir from the same place will render the music for the occasion. All are cordially invited.

Real Estate Deals.

Alonzo J. Firkins to Albert M. Russell, wd \$12,750, w2 sep 15-19-14.

Cornelia A. Rowan to Albert McMIndes, wd \$1900, lot 1 blk 25 Haskell's add to Ord.

L. W. Turner to W. C. Edney, wd \$3000, ne4 18-19 13.

August Meyer and wf to Adolf Gizinska, wd \$6975, ne4 16-20-15.

The Fourth of July.

Look here! Shoes repaired free virtually. Why? Because each 25c is credited to you on a new pair of shoes at the City Shoe Shop.

An inventor claims that he can get six times the heat of coal from what has been thrown away after its combustion. The ashes trust may be expected without delay.

The Right Watch at the Right Price

17 jeweled Elgin or Waltham 18s. 9.95.

15 jeweled Elgin or Waltham 18s. 8.00.

11 jeweled Hampden 18s. 7.00.

7 jeweled Elgin or Waltham 18s. 6.50.

Then a full Line of Gold and Gold Filled Watches that will suit you for both quality and Price.

PARKINS

In Ye Olden Times



when women did their own pinning, it was a source of great pride to have a well filled linen chest.

In these days of rush and worry any woman can lay in a supply of household linens with a very small expenditure of either time or money. Our line of Dress and Wash Goods for Spring has just arrived and we invite you to call and inspect the same.

Frank Dworak

Do You Know

we want you to do your banking business with us? If you are not already one of our customers call and see us about opening an account with us.

Your money is safer in the bank than anywhere else, and then pay your bills by check, which is the safest and most convenient method, and your check becomes a receipt for the amount paid.

Having a large CAPITAL and SURPLUS we offer the greatest security for deposits, and in addition to our financial strength our officers have the benefit of many years' experience. If you are not already one of our customers we would be pleased to have you call, and if we can be of any service to you we will be pleased to assist you.

FIRST NAT'L BANK
Ord, Nebraska
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - - \$100,000

Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.

See our line of Fence Posts

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

JOS. CERNIK

MERCHANT TAILOR

All work finished in a workman-like manner. North side square, Ord, Neb.

Dr. F. D. HALDEMAN,

Physician & Surgeon,

Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 158,

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

Chester A. Brink, M. D.

Ord, Nebraska

Calls answered night and day.

CLEMENTS BROS.,

Lawyers.

Office in Misko Block,

North Side of Square.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

M. M. Newbecker, M. D.

Day and Night Calls.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

A. M. ROBBINS

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE

Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D.

Office over post office,

Phone 116

ORD - - - NEBRASKA

HONNOLD & DAVIS

Lawyers

Ord, - - - Nebraska

C. J. MILLER, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office and residence phone 41

Office in new Misko block.

Ord, - - - Nebraska.

R. L. STAPLE,

Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor.

Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds.

First National Bank Building.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

A. J. DANIELS

...Undertaking...

Licensed Embalmer.

Residence Phone 74.

Store Phone 82. ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. W. TAYLOR

Dentist

Office over First National Bank

Office Phone 24.... Residence Phone 27#

The Ord Quiz

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If unpaid year after year, \$2.

Advertising Rates.

| | 1 Wk | 1 Mo | 1 Year |
|------------------------------|------|-------|--------|
| Less than 5 inches, per inch | 25 | 75 | 6.00 |
| 5 to 10 inches, per inch | 30 | 90 | 6.00 |
| 10 to 15 inches, per inch | 3.75 | 11.25 | 90.00 |
| 15 to 20 inches, per inch | 4.00 | 12.50 | 125.00 |

A month is four insertions.
Want locals 5 cents a line.
Regular locals 10 cents a line.
Black locals 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin or end at any time. Notice to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All subscriptions are received with the express understanding that the subscription may continue until the subscriber notifies the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

Senator Rayner of Maryland says that the day of bosses in the democratic party is over. A single supreme dictator like Bryan suits the organization better.

Whether well founded or not, the belief that Mr. Fairbanks is a cold man should not place him at a disadvantage. Benjamin Harrison was noted for his chilliness, yet he was one of the most capable statesmen who ever occupied the White House.

Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany is going to send his son, Prince Oscar, to Harvard so that he may grow up with Roosevelt's sons. It is to be hoped that no international difficulties occur if one of the Roosevelts should take a fall from the German prince or best him in other college sports.

The Nebraska Experiment Station has just issued Bulletin No. 96, containing an account of the principal insects which were injurious to wheat in this state during the past two years, with suggestions for their control and destruction. The bulletin may be obtained free of cost by residents of Nebraska upon writing to the Agricultural Experiment Station, Lincoln, Nebr.

The postoffice department has decided that a newspaper whose subscription price is less than the cost of the publication cannot have second class postal privileges. This ought to shut out a lot of \$1.00 weekly papers. No good paper can be printed these days for any such a sum, and if we were guilty of asking only \$1.00 a year for the Quiz we would hasten to get on the safe side of the financial as well as the postoffice side of the case and spring the price a few. Then there is that other potent fact to consider: The \$1.50 country paper almost invariably has a larger circulation than his \$1.00 competitor. People want the best paper and will not stop at the other four bits in their search for it.

A man in ill health who has the prospect of a surgical operation which he fears will prove fatal, is fighting for life. The world looks good to him and he would gladly forfeit every dollar to his credit if he could, restore health and prolong his days on earth. Another man broods over financial loss until other and greater considerations than wealth are overwhelmed, and he is driven to despair, mental unbalance and self-destruction. One would give everything to regain health and live. The other sacrifices life because of the loss of material possessions. Thus, too many of us attach pre-eminent importance to wealth, and become so intense in pursuit of it that failure to gain crushes the spirit and the advantages of good health, the beauties of the earth, the value of friendship and the endearments of kin are often forgotten. It should not be so.—Beatrice Express.

Sealing Its Own Doom.

People who are concerned about the welfare of the public, people who look with horror and misgiving at the destructive work of the saloon, people who are ready to despair on account of the rampant manner in which the saloon power rides over the public will, debauching and destroying the souls of men with seeming impunity, people who are incensed at the supine manner in which our officials witness the violation of law by the saloon men, may be sure of one thing—the saloon is working its own downfall. The very fact that saloon men are constantly violating the law and are upheld in it by both officials and men called to serve on the juries, will in the end surely seal the doom of the saloon.

Good citizens are realizing more and more the evil of the saloon business, and public sentiment is crystallizing rapidly into a firm conviction that the traffic in alcoholic beverages must be stopped.

Things move a great deal faster now than they did years ago, and when the public begins to take notice of evils it goes after their destruction in no such snail gait as it used to do.

Witness the work of legislatures in the last year or two. One or two years ago the conviction seized upon the public mind that the political pass was an evil. Today the political pass is effectually abolished. Our present legislature has passed several laws making it easier to stop illicit selling of alcoholic liquors and other states are doing the same things.

Not only are the legislatures tightening the rope about the neck of the saloon business, but our courts are gradually paving the way for the complete annihilation of the license business.

Here are some of the things that the courts of the land have done along this line:

In 1881 the U. S. supreme court took a preliminary step by saying that the lottery license was unconstitutional because no legislature can bargain away the public health or public morals. The people themselves cannot do it, much less their servants.

In 1890 the U. S. supreme court said: There is no inherent right in a citizen to sell intoxicating liquors at retail; it is not the privilege of a citizen of the state of the United States.

January 25, 1907, Judge S. R. Artman, circuit court of Indiana, said: The right of the board of commissioners to grant the license is denied, because: The sale of intoxicating liquors at retail to be drunk as a beverage is destructive of the public morals, the public health, and the public safety, and is therefore inherently immoral and unlawful and cannot be licensed under the constitution of the state of Indiana or the constitution of the United States.

The supreme courts of Kansas, Iowa, Missouri, South Carolina and Indiana have laid at the doors of the liquor traffic the responsibility for misery, pauperism and crime.

The candidates for mayor of Chicago were Busse and Dunn—just alike except the s and n parts of their names. Busse, the republican candidate, was elected. There was a marked reversal of opinion as to the question of municipal ownership. Two years ago municipal ownership of street railways was carried by a good majority, this year the vote was 4,000 against such a policy.

Since Porto Rico became a part of the territory of the United States, the price of its lands has increased eighty-fold. That is a handsome bonus to go with all the other benefits conferred.

More Local News

Many patterns to select from at Milford's special sale on curtains.

T. C. Honnold returned from his Oklahoma trip the first of the week.

The proprietors of the Domestic Kitchen make a specialty of serving Sunday dinners. Price 25 cents.

Dr. Taylor left for Scotia Wednesday morning just as though he had not been triumphantly elected alderman from the bloody first.

Mrs. Beulah Franklin (nee Rashaw) returned to her home in Bayard, Nebraska, this morning after spending a few days visiting relatives in Valley county.

S. P. Warner will in a couple of weeks commence the erection of a new house on a lot adjoining the home of his daughter, Mrs. Lafa Paist, in the west part of town. He will try to sell his present residence.

We have arranged with The Weekly Inter Ocean so that our patrons can secure that sterling paper, together with The Quiz at the exceedingly low price of \$2.00 for one year. This is a rare opportunity and should be taken advantage of.

A sick dog lay on the court yard lawn for several days this week, but our marshal failed to get an action on himself with reference to the poor cur. Wednesday morning after election, however, his elder son appeared on the scene and shot the cur. It was not a very sportsmanlike thing for Otto to do for the dog was unable to make any effort at a get-away before the shot was fired, and had not life enough to make a good kick at the agonies of death. But the killing was wholly justifiable. If this is the way Heuck will go after the performance of his duty under the new administration there is hope for the public weal yet.

Now on, Milford's special sale on lace curtains.

A month ago when the city council decided to try the gas street lights for a while beginning with April 1, it was definitely stated that the gas lamps at the Murschel and Milford corners were not to be burned because the residents of that vicinity were paying for electric lights on those corners, and the water committee to which, the question of selecting the gas lamps to be burned so instructed the gas company. This proposition was gladly accepted by the gas company for it would give the public a chance to make comparison between the gas and 32-candle-power electric lights which the electric company proposed to furnish the city for general lighting over the city.

But the electric company would not stand for that, though they tacitly agreed to the proposition at the council meeting. On the night that the gas was first lighted these two electric lights refused to show up and they have been since dark. If there is any way to get those electric lights started again while the gas lights are on we are going to have them start. The public naturally makes its estimate of the electric lights from the arc lights that have been burning for two years on the corners of the square. But these are not the lights that the electric company proposes to supply the town with generally for street lighting purposes. Indeed they could not be used for the cost of the arc lights is about \$8.50 per month each. The kind of lights that some members of the city council were talking of using for street purposes is the kind that the electric company is ashamed to burn while the gas lights are going.

Miss Delpha Taylor has been ill for two or three days and has not been attending to her duties at the Ord State Bank as a consequence.

Judge Gudmundsen issued a marriage license on Thursday to John Polinsh of Custer and Solonia Carkowski of Valley county.

Earl C. Brink is back in Ord again having settled up his business affairs in Comstock.

Mrs. H. L. Parsons went to Hastings for a few days visit this, Friday, morning.

Special sale on lace curtains at Milford's.

SPECIAL SALE

of LACE CURTAINS

AT MILFORD'S

In some way these columns gave the wrong date in publishing the call for the meeting of the Ord alumni in Tuesday's issue. The right date for the meeting is Friday night, April 12, whereas we published it to occur on the third. We trust that the error will be overlooked and that a large representation of the graduates will be on hand next Friday evening.

The abstract of vote of the recent election published in the Journal is authority for the statement that Dr. Taylor's majority was 97 votes. Of course the figures are off as the doctor's total vote was but 78, while Cromwell had 56 to his credit. It will thus be readily seen that the wet candidate was elected by 22 majority.

We are informed that the new switch board for the farmers mutual telephone company has been received and placed in position and that the new company is now doing business in the new office.

Agnes Beran returned from Clarkson Wednesday evening bringing with her her younger sister, Amelia, who has been spending the winter with her sister at Clarkson.

Miss Delpha Taylor has been ill for two or three days and has not been attending to her duties at the Ord State Bank as a consequence.

Judge Gudmundsen issued a marriage license on Thursday to John Polinsh of Custer and Solonia Carkowski of Valley county.

Earl C. Brink is back in Ord again having settled up his business affairs in Comstock.

Mrs. H. L. Parsons went to Hastings for a few days visit this, Friday, morning.

Special sale on lace curtains at Milford's.

This week marks the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Quiz. For twenty-five years through drought and rain, good times and bad the Quiz has made its appearance at least once every week during the period and during that time under the same ownership. There are few papers in the state today that can lay claim to this record. It is true that there are many older papers in the state than the Quiz but the number is few that can lay claim to continuous publication for twenty-five years under one management. Two years ago we started in to make the Quiz circulation pass the fifteen hundred mark and this we have been able to do and today we are issuing far in excess of that number to as many subscribers twice each week.

Even with this record we are not content to rest satisfied and have now ambitions to put the Quiz upon the two thousand list and to accomplish this aim it is our intention to make the Quiz news service bigger and better than it has ever been before. Although the paper will hereafter be published twice a week there will positively be no increase in the subscription price.

If you are thinking of buying a typewriter drop into the Quiz shop and look at the latest model machine now being put out by the Oliver people. If you are at all in need of a machine the good points on the new Oliver will certainly appeal to you.

Don't forget that the Smiths make a specialty of serving Sunday dinners. Price 25 cents.

Notice. All persons will take notice that travel is forbidden across the west half of section 28, Germania township. Persons crossing this land from now on will be prosecuted for trespass.

Joseph S. Smolik.
52-3t-pd. Rosalia Smolik.

Attention Alumni!

You are urged to attend a mass meeting of the Alumni of the Ord high school, which is to be held at the court room in Ord on Friday, April 12, at 8:00 p. m. We trust that every graduate living in or near Ord will be present and assist in this movement. The purpose of this meeting is to arouse interest in high school of our city, to appoint various committees, to bring up all business which may come before the association and to further formulate definite plans for a permanent organization. We are confident that you will show your loyalty to your alma mater by making this meeting an eminent success. You should consider it a great privilege to be a co-worker in this noble cause. Show your appreciation by coming out in full force.

Marcella Calhoun, secretary.
G. R. Mann, president.

Advertised Letters.

List of Letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord Nebr., for the week ending tomorrow.

Mr. Carl Horn.
L. B. Hartwick.
Jas. Hardy.

Letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised."

A. M. COONROD, Postmaster.

A Good Deal.

If you have a little money, here is an investment that is perfectly safe, and will pay you well. It is a grain and stock farm of 847 acres, 24 miles from Scotia and 4 1/2 miles from North Loup, just off the river valley, with good road to both places. 315 acres under plow, balance in pasture, all good soil and pasture well grassed; 9-room house, with cellar; barn and cattle shed 30x90 feet; large double granary and corn crib; two good wells and windmills, with cistern at each, and new gasoline pumping engine. This entire tract is well worth \$25 per acre, but to enable the present owner to complete another business deal, he offers it for only \$15.700, which is about \$18.50 per acre. If \$7,700 cash is paid, the other \$8,000 can run ten years at 6 percent interest.

If you can handle this do not neglect the opportunity, but come and see me about it at once.
J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA

LOCAL NEWS

V. J. Thomas was in the city yesterday.

Special sale on lace curtains at Milford's.

The city council met in regular session last evening.

Drop in and take a look at the new Oliver at the Quiz office.

Mrs. A. M. Robbins and son, Floyd, visited friends in Burwell over night Wednesday.

John Sink, the Grand Island cigar maker, was shaking hands with his Ord friends Tuesday.

The funeral of Mrs. Nate Sinkler was held from the family residence Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. James Nay and her four little children took a trip to Olean Wednesday morning for a short visit.

The Quiz print shop is turning out a new telephone directory for the Burwell telephone exchange this week.

The Independent Telephone company received a car load of poles for use in extending the service in the country.

If you have some printing to be done, bring it around to the Quiz office. We will do it to your taste and the price will suit you.

Ulrich Sorensen informs us that he is about to purchase a balloon and commence making ascensions this summer over the state. Mr. Sorensen is not entirely a novice in ballooning, as he followed that avocation a little last summer, and succeeded every time it reaching the ground all right. We hope that his happy descensions will be fully as numerous as his ascents.

H. D. Leggett is not recovering very rapidly from his sick spell. Several days ago he was taken down with the grippe and the first of the week he was somewhat improved and thought that he would be able to be about again Tuesday but later he suffered a relapse and was compelled to go back to bed again. It will probably now be several days before he will be able to be at his post of duty again.

Sam Stacy is acting office boy in the Clements Bros. law offices while the members of that firm are land prospecting and sight seeing in the south. Sam tells us that if there is anybody in the neighborhood looking for a divorce or require any other legal papers drawn up they will find him on the spot prepared to attend to all their wants.

Mrs. Nellie Jones has decided to go to Fremont as soon as her school closes in Wayne, Nebraska, where she has been teaching for the past two years, and will take special instruction in primary work. She will probably not visit Ord before commencing her school work in Wayne next September.

Max Boydston went to Grand Island one day the first of the week to take the civil service examination for a postal clerk. Max has been studying with this end in view for some time and he probably will not have much trouble in passing an examination that will soon bring him an appointment.

The Independent Telephone people are working overtime and with extra crews putting new phones and building new lines to accommodate new customers. They are just completing two lines to connect the North Elm Creek company.

Sunday dinners at the regular price is one of our specialties. A quarter of a dollar satisfies us; the dinner satisfies you. Smith's Domestic Kitchen.

Special sale on lace curtains at Milford's.

Dr. Caldwell, the specialist, is in the city today.

Typewriter ribbons in stock at the Quiz office.

Smith's Sunday dinners are popular with all who dine out on Sunday. Try them. Price 25 cents.

Mrs. A. C. Johnson and Miss Marie Goodhand went to Scotia Wednesday morning on a short sojourn.

The United Brethren people will hold another meeting at the Episcopal chapel Sunday evening at 8:00. Rev. Barkheimer will preach.

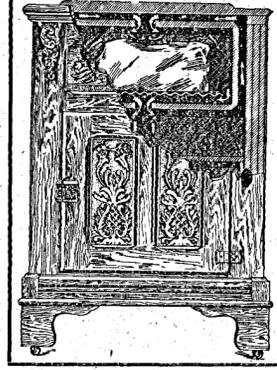
The Aid Society of the Methodist church will hold its next regular meeting with Mrs. Hull on Wednesday afternoon, March 10. All interested are invited to be present.

Mrs. Mike Roach received word the first of the week of the death of her father whose home was at Friend. Mr. and Mrs. Roach went to Friend at once to be present at the funeral of the deceased.

Anthony Rogers has gone to his new location at Weld, Colorado. For the present his wife and child will remain in Ord and until Anthony shall get a suitable residence fixed up in their new western home.

A New York man complains in court that he caught a bad cold when he fell ten stories down an elevator shaft. Those who are susceptible to colds should carefully avoid drafts and shafts.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. The place to buy grub. New line of Heinz's preserves in cherries, raspberry and strawberry. Canned pineapple in cubes, just the thing for fruit salads. Large bottle ketchup, 15 cents. Rice, 5 cents. Prunes 5 cents. Canned corn, 5 cents. Baby chick food. Fresh lettuce, onions and radishes now in season.



Ice Chests

We have just received our spring stock of Alaska Refrigerators. This is the fifth year we have sold this splendid line and there is no line of ICE BOXES that gives the same satisfaction. They have the most complete system of circulation. Come in

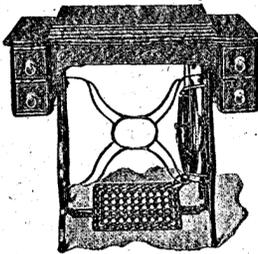
and see the line before stock is thinned out, and let us explain the system.

Paint

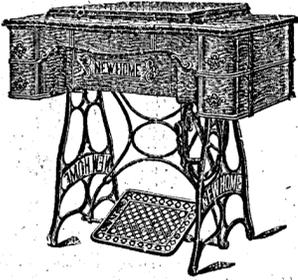
If you are going to paint, use PATTON'S SUN PROOF MIXED PAINT, guaranteed for five years. Ask those who have used it. It covers more surface, lasts longer and looks better than many other paints.



LEGGETT-WISDA HARDWARE CO.



Improved New Model
\$14.50



New Home \$30.00



New Home With Automatic Lift
\$33.00

Sewing Machines

We are headquarters for these goods. We carry in stock, all the time, seven different machines for you to select from. We do not handle them on commission, but buy them outright for spot cash. If we were handling these goods on commission (as most stores and agents do) we would have to get \$40.00 for the same machine that we are now selling you for \$30.00. If you are going to buy a machine, you can't do better than to come and figure with us. Cost you nothing to look.

No. 7. The Improved New Model is self threading throughout, has automatic bobbin winder, stitch regulator, showing the number of stitches to the inch. Woodwork golden oak, unique and attractive in appearance. Substantially made from well season and carefully selected material. A full set of attachments goes with every machine. It is fully warranted for twenty-five years, and the price is only \$14.50. Now, please do not send away for your machine, when you can get one like this, at this price right here at home.

Coronel Drop-Head is another style, at \$20.00.

No. 20. New Goodrich. It is full nigh-arm, has positive four-motion feed, and makes the celebrated lock-stitch. Golden oak case, highly polished, finely finished and ornamented head. Ball bearing and neatly japanned stand, drop head, automatic lift, five drawers, best attachments and the price is \$25.00.

Ruby is another style made by the New Home people. Price 22.50.

The old reliable New Home---none better made.

New Home. They have been on the market for over thirty years, and are known the world over. They are made for those who want the best. Over one million now in use. They can be found in every city, town or village in the United States. The case is now made of quarter sawed golden oak, and has a piano polish. All running parts have the finest ball bearings. It runs lighter and with greater speed than any other machine. The New Home is guaranteed to give satisfaction. It will last a life time. We have them in three different styles, one at \$30.00, one with the new rotary shuttle at \$31.50 and the style with the automatic lift at \$33.00. You would not get a better machine if you paid \$40, \$50 or \$60 for it.

We can furnish you with shuttles and repairs for any make of machine.

Baileys' Department Store

Ord's biggest, busiest and best trading place.

We want to buy some hens. Can't you bring us some?

Attend our special sale on lace curtains at Milford's.

George Pierce expects to leave Monday for northern California where he will make his home in the future.

Mr. J. E. Crawford, the electric light man, returned home to St. Paul this morning after a few days' visit in Ord and vicinity.

Thursday morning Professor Howe went to York to attend the district declamatory contest. Ethel Newbecker and Archie Coombs accompanied the superintendent to take part in the contest, the former in the declamatory class and the latter in the debating class.

Will Moses is getting his cement factory in shape for the coming demand for cement blocks, and will be working a force of men for the next few weeks. He tells us that he also has quite a bit of cement sidewalk to construct as soon as he can get to it.

Tom Trindle announces that he is meeting with unexpected success in raising funds for the purpose of leasing the old fair grounds northwest of town for a term of years, their intention being to make it the permanent home of the Ord Driving Association.

Ord bears the distinction of being probably the only town of its size in the entire country without an opera house or a semblance of one. However, the new structure which Wentworth and Ramsey are putting up is slated to make its debut as a show house some time during this month. Mr. Wentworth announces that a show will be held therein, although the building will of course not be entirely completed till several weeks later.

The Journal declared that the issue in the recent city election was more than saloon or no saloon, and intimates that the issue was whether or no the electric light company should continue to have everything in sight. This statement of the Journal is probably true, but the Journal ought to have said so during the campaign. If that was the issue the public ought to have known it.

Tonight occurs the debate between the high schools of the Central Nebraska Debating and Declamatory Association at York. We trust that the Ord representatives will acquit themselves in a manner sufficient to merit the decision of the judges.

There has been quite a lot of cloudy weather for some days, but up to this time the weather clerk has deferred having the proverbial April showers, for reasons best known to himself. We trust that as soon as he gets through with his rush of work he will hand us a soaker.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Finley, of Long Pine, are in the city as guests of the G. G. Lloyd family, having arrived Monday evening on a short visit. Mr. Finley is a brother-in-law of Mr. Lloyd and was here visiting some years ago.

There seems to be a conflict of dates between the U. B. and the Catholic people, for both are advertising their meetings at the Episcopal chapel for Sunday evening.

A baby girl is reported to have recently arrived to bless the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jess Baird.

Sam Mitchell, the tree man, is making a delivery of nursery stock in North Loup today.

Attend our special sale on lace curtains at Milford's.

THE ORD QUIZ

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY.

ORD, . . . NEBRASKA

What Londoners Lack.

London is described as one of the gayest cities in the world. We have practically everything that makes for gaiety, and yet it cannot be said with any degree of honesty that we are as lively as we might be in the circumstances. Among a few folk high spirits prevail, says London Lady's Pictorial. It is certainly not fashionable to be serious, but, speaking generally, we stand sorely in need of more liveliness. If one would take the measurement of liveliness of the average person, it is only necessary to stay a few days in any of our winter resorts and make a study of the conversation of inmates of the hotel and boarding-house. Health will be found to be the chief topic of conversation at one, bridge at another, stocks at another, and the menu at yet another. A joke is rare; it is rarer still that one hears any remark worth remembering, and no one ever appears to be thoroughly determined to have a good time. High spirits are certainly at a discount; the joy of living does not appear to be understood. And yet in good hotels and boarding houses visitors are represented by all classes of society that count. What shall we do to be gay?

One reason why stamps in the future will bear the names of the cities whence they are issued is the difficulty thus put in the way of stamp thieves. At present stamps constitute one of the most readily negotiable forms of plunder obtainable owing, of course, to the universal use of postage stamps and the consequent difficulty of tracing ownership. Even when nearly \$100,000 worth of stamps were stolen from the Chicago post office it was impossible to get clues for detecting the criminal. The United States is not the first country to place the names of the cities of issue on the stamps. Mexico has done it for years, Liberia has the names of five principal towns on the stamps designed for their respective use. But no nation hitherto has entered upon the plan to the extent proposed at Washington. Fully 6,000 cities will be provided with distinctive stamps. In the case of 26 of the largest cities the name of the respective city and state will be engraved as a part of the basic design of the stamp, whereas in the case of the thousands of smaller cities the name will in each instance be printed across the faces of the stamps after they have been impressed in the regular color.

The Kaiser's imperial garage is now pretty fine, having recently been added to in a most sumptuous manner, says a Berlin correspondent. The new motors are all electric and fitted in the most luxurious manner possible, besides being models of practical equipment. Pale turquoise is the color of the rich upholstery in silk brocade, the walls and four seats of each car being covered with this material. Small ledwood tables, wall cupboards, clock and book rests in natural wood and ivory complete the fittings of the imperial carriages. His electromobles are painted ivory white on the inside, with touches of blue and gold, and doors and back panels of the vehicles bear the motto, a particularly appropriate one for motorists, "Gott mit uns," above the imperial crown. The chauffeur's seat is in pale blue leather.

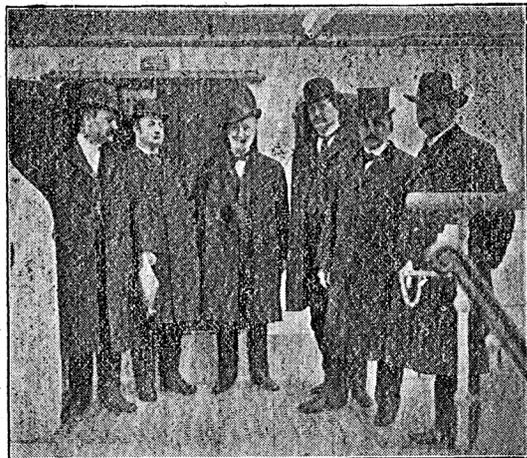
It is interesting to note how rapidly the members of the English royal family are dividing up the spoils of Europe. An English princess is on the throne of Norway; another, Princess Margaret of Connaught, will some day wear the Swedish crown. The daughter of the late Princess Alice, King George's sister, is now the Czarina, the son of the Duke of Albany is Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, the eldest daughter of the Duke of Edinburgh is Crown Princess of Roumania, the Crown Princess of Greece is a daughter of King Edward's eldest sister, while a daughter of Princess Henry of Battenberg is on the Spanish throne.

The agent of a Canadian railway arrived in St. Petersburg not long ago, seeking laborers who were wanted to construct a new transcontinental line. He did not get them, the authorities being of the opinion that it was not desirable that Russian workmen should be brought into close contact with American workmen.

The British Royal Commission says that milk gives you tuberculosis, and Prof. Wiley says whisky coagulates your protoplasm. The other ingredients of the milk punch probably coagulate your diaphragm, so what's the use?

A real service has been rendered by the scientific sharp who discovered that "a \$20 gold piece has an odor distinctly its own." Few have been acquainted with one long enough to find it out for themselves.

Statesmen Who Visited Panama.



From stereograph, copyright by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.
Several members of congress, led by "Uncle Joe" Cannon, the speaker, sailed on the Hamburg-American liner Bluecher, the other day for a junket to the West Indies, the Spanish Main, Panama Canal, and other points in the West Indies. The persons on the photograph are, from left to right: Representative Wm. M. Calder of New York, (not in the party); Representative James A. Sherman; Speaker Cannon; Representative J. Van Vechten Olcott of New York; Representative James A. Tawney of Minnesota and Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas.

RELICS OF CATHOLICS

INTERESTING OLD CURIOS UN-EARTHED IN NEBRASKA.

Silver Crucifix Believed to Have Once Belonged to Friar Padilla, Who Worked Among Indians in the Sixteenth Century.

Lincoln, Neb.—Three interesting curios recently unearthed in Nebraska, and each at least more than a century old, are attracting the attention of Catholic dignitaries in the United States. The three curios, a solid silver crucifix, a double-barred cross of iron and a figure in stone, are now on exhibition at the State Historical society museum. The crucifix is believed to have once belonged to Friar Padilla, who was the first white priest to attempt alone the religious subjugation of the Indians of the plains. Padilla lived among the red men of Nebraska back in the sixteenth century, but after a time was killed.

The crucifix was discovered a few months ago by a farmer while digging for a foundation on his farm one mile west of Orleans, Harlan county. It was in this section that tradition has it Padilla was murdered. It was found resting upon the collarbone of a skeleton. Father M. A. Shine, rector of the Lincoln cathedral, has laid these facts before church authorities, and an effort will be made to learn if this is the grave of the friar, long sought by the church. It may have been given by the priest to a converted Indian, and that it was upon his skeleton that it was found, but a priest would not likely give away probably the only silver crucifix he owned, and the bones are apparently not those of an Indian.

The crucifix is hand made and of solid silver. At the base appear a skull and crossbones. Two letters and the top of a third are found at the top point. It is supposed that the letters "I. N. R. I." found on all crosses was originally upon this one, but the first "I" is not visible, the "N" is upside down, and the last letter is almost worn away.

The double-barred cross has been traced to the ownership of Pierre Dorion, once a religious worker among the Indians, who was a member of the Lewis and Clark expedition. Dorion at that time had married an Indian squaw and acted as guide through much of the northwest. In 1812 he was with another big expedition, but wandered away. The cross was found on a grave on the top of a hill close by a towering cedar upon the trunk of which "O-R-I-O-N" in rude carving appeared.

The little stone figure is about four inches in length and two in width. Casts of it have been made and sent all over the world, one being presented to Pope Pius. More than a century ago the Omaha Indians maintained rude temples in each of which they sacredly guarded what was known later as the shell of St. John. These temples were erected under the ministrations of friars of those days, whose lives were spent among the Indians, and it is to discover if in the records at Rome any relics such as this are to be found on a record made of them that a cast was sent to the Vatican.

Vocal Organs of Spiders.

Recent observations of government naturalists have shown that many sub-species of the gigantic spiders, generally known as the mygale, are provided with stridulating, or noise-making organs, with which squeaking sounds can be produced. Prof. Moorehead states that there is not a particle of evidence that these spiders, which have occasionally been known to destroy small reptiles, possess the sense of hearing. Yet, they can emit sounds, and the inference is that the purpose of these noises is similar to that of the rattlesnake's rattle—they are emitted when the spider is on the defense, and under the excitement of fear or anger.

WOLVES INVADE DEER PARK.

Keepers of Game Preserve Unable to Drive Out Marauders.

Marquette, Mich.—More wolves have invaded the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company's game preserve of Grand Island, Lake Superior. It was supposed a few days ago when the recent four-footed marauders were driven back to the mainland after having killed six deer in less than a week that depredations of the kind were at an end for the winter.

Now there is evidence that three of the animals have evaded the vigilance of the gamekeepers. It is considered likely that the same wolf which escaped has returned across the ice from the mainland and has brought two others with him. The tracks of three wolves have been seen and an organized hunt is in progress in the preserve.

The preserve is stocked with moose, caribou, elk and other species of the deer family and with American and foreign game birds. There is apprehension that heavy slaughter will be done before the wolves are finally dispatched or driven away. A big swamp in the center of the island makes wolf hunting difficult, a fact which was demonstrated last winter, when it took 30 men as many days to kill a lone wolf, which in the meantime had put an end to the existence of something like a score of deer. It cost the company \$1,400 to rid the island of this one wolf.

GAIN IN BRITISH SAVINGS.

Number of Depositors in the Banks Now Reaches 10,000,000.

London.—Recent comparative statements show a great increase in the number of depositors in British savings banks, there now being about 10,000,000, or one in each 4.35 of population. Their total deposits are \$740,248,181.50, an average account for each of \$74.30.

There are now 15,000 post office banks, and the scope of the institution has been enlarged so that an individual may now deposit £50 in one year and his total deposit may amount to £200, and small sums may now be withdrawn at the nearest post office, but such sum must not exceed £1 without notice having been given. The expense of management is now about \$1.69 for each \$500 on deposit annually.

Soldiers on foreign service can deposit through the war office, and in over 1,000 schools money is received by the post office and placed to the credit of children. There are also in the kingdom 5,000 "penny banks" which keep accounts with the post office.

It was recently asserted by an ex-member of parliament in a published letter that the post office savings bank was insolvent, but its popularity seems to be steadily increasing and the faith of the general public boundless.

Vessels Under Water.

London.—H. Middleton, an engineer, claims to have solved the problem of propelling and steering large vessels under the water. This has been engaging the attention of the admiralty and Vickers' Sons and Maxim, the naval ship builders, for some time. Mr. Middleton believes that in future the food supply of Great Britain will be brought by large submarine vessels and that his invention will make this possible. The nature of his invention is a closely guarded secret, but he is submitting it to experts with a view to securing a trial for it.

Cortelyou Eats With Clerks.

Washington.—Secretary Cortelyou, new head of the treasury department, astonished the hundreds of clerks who take their midday lunch at a restaurant across the street from the treasury building by appearing among them the other day. He ate a sandwich and a piece of pie and drank a mug of milk. Many of the \$1,000 clerks partook of a more sumptuous repast. Mr. Cortelyou was accustomed to lunch at this stand when he was private secretary to the president.

RICH OIL FIELD ON SEA

MARINE EL DORADO REPORTED IN GULF OF MEXICO.

Discovered by a Naval Officer Who Says Petroleum Covers an Area of 400 Miles and is Four Feet Deep.

New Orleans.—About 100 miles south of the coast of Louisiana and 150 miles from New Orleans Lieut. John C. Soley of the United States navy has recently discovered a field of oil 400 miles in area and four feet deep floating on the surface of the Gulf of Mexico.

The news of this find, which is worth several millions, as soon as it became known to the southern shipping centers, created almost as much interest to treasure hunters as the discovery of gold in the Klondike, and already along the wharves of Mobile and the levees of New Orleans, where sailormen gather in low-jowled buildings, the fever of treasure trove is in their veins, and they are planning expeditions such as made the old argonauts famous.

No similar event has so gripped the avaricious instincts of the southern sailors and it is doubtful if such an unusual discovery has been made before.

For several days past the United States hydrographic office, under whose direction Lieut. Soley was working, has been receiving hundreds of communications from men interested in the venture and who are inquiring for charts plotting the exact location of the sea where the oil can be found. The scene of activity along some of the wharves has been unusual, and it is said that some of the keenest business men not only of the south, but all over the country, have expressed the intention of sending out searching parties, comprising experts in navigation and high-salaried oil testers, to locate the oil and to report on the practicability of making it a paying venture.

An insatiable desire for rapidly acquired riches has grown among the maritime men along the gulf coast similar to the excitement of the gold fever of '49, and a wild scramble for the floating oil field threatens to be in full sweep before another week has passed.

According to one of the prospectors who has made arrangements to charter a large tank steamer and to install a powerful pump apparatus for drawing the oil from the sea, he fully expects to reap a rich harvest, provided the survey steamer which he has sent to the oil field makes a favorable report on the quality of the oil and the chances of getting it aboard.

Even in some of the most conservative commercial houses careworn business men have turned away from the perpetual grind of their daily duties and have expressed more than a perfunctory interest in the discovery.

PRODUCTION OF ILLINOIS OIL.

On March 1 There Were 3,222 Wells in Main Field with Output of 60,000.

Marshall, Ill.—Figures just completed show the number of producing oil wells in the Illinois field on March 1. At that time there were 3,222 producers, divided as follows: Casey pool (including all of Clark county and Cumberland and Licking townships in Crawford county), 2,085; Crawford county (outside of the two townships in the Casey pool), 932; Lawrence county, 205. In addition to these there are about a dozen light wells in Coles, Edgar and Jasper counties. They are, however, unimportant because of their small production.

A large number of wells has come in since March 1, and there are at present over 400 rigs at work in this state. New wells are being brought in daily. Dry holes are more common than they were a few months ago, on account of the wildcat work being done in an endeavor to find new territory. The daily production of the Illinois field is now about 60,000 barrels.

WOMAN SINGS SELF TO DEATH.

Ranchman's Wife Has Hysterics Until She Is Exhausted.

McPherson, Neb.—Mrs. Amanda Hill, wife of Morris Hill, a ranchman living in this county, literally talked and sang herself to death.

She had been an acute sufferer from a nervous affection for a number of years, and her malady did not yield to medical treatment.

At times she became hysterical, but her hysteria was of the usual kind until a few days before she died. Four days before her death she began to talk and sing, and she talked and sang almost constantly from that time until, completely exhausted, her heart ceased to beat.

Her talking and singing were evidently of a hysterical nature, and she was unable to cease either. She was requested and commanded to keep silence, but could not do so.

One Drawback.

"Do you think the time will ever come when every one will fly?" "It may. But if it does I hope I'll not have to live near the people who are our next-door neighbors now. I know they would be running in every day or two to borrow our wings."

Well in Bank of England.

The Bank of England is not in danger of a drought. An artesian-bored tube well, reaching to a depth of 400 feet, has just been completed there. Springs have been tapped yielding a minimum supply of 100,000 gallons a day.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE

MADE FORTUNE IN STOCK CRASH



According to the most authentic accounts, J. Brandt Walker, formerly of Chicago, made more than \$2,500,000 in the recent disastrous stock slump in Wall street. Mr. Walker, who formerly was in the brokerage business in Chicago, has been in business in New York six years, living in Lakewood, N. J.

Many conservative ones who predicted ten years ago that Walker would wind up in a pauper's grave because of his recklessness, expressed surprise at his success. He is said to have been so unsuccessful at Chicago that his father, former Judge Edwin Walker, refused to furnish him money with which to speculate.

Walker had fitted up an apartment at a Lakewood hotel before he began his fortunate campaign. With him was J. J. Townsend, a Chicago broker, who assisted him in executing orders. Two telegraph operators were kept busy giving orders to the operators add answering the six telephones in the clothes closet that served for a telephone booth.

Mr. Walker possesses a phenomenal memory. He carried on all the details of his bear campaign without the assistance of a secretary, bookkeeper or clerk. He carried all his details in his memory and never took the trouble to note down his orders. One Wednesday, when his transactions amounted to more than 200,000 shares, he made a single memorandum. He was doing business with 22 firms in New York city and abroad, handling many stocks at the same time.

Single-handed Walker battled against at least a dozen powerful cliques. Next to his wonderful memory, coolness and self-control are his strong characteristics. While hundreds of thousands of dollars were pouring into his lap he appeared to be not a bit more concerned than if he were being measured for a suit of clothes.

WILL HANDLE BIG SAGE FUND

Robert Weeks De Forest, chairman of the board of trustees which will disburse the \$10,000,000 Sage fund which she has established to cure ignorance, poverty and vice in the United States, is a New York attorney noted for his many good works in behalf of humanity.



The "Sage Foundation," Mr. De Forest explains, will be a sort of clearing house for future charities to be promoted by Mrs. Sage and others.

He says: "It will be used for the general improvement of the social and living conditions in the United States and will include necessary research, publication, education, the establishment and maintenance of charitable and beneficial agencies, and the aiding of such establishments as already may be organized."

"We will in no way conflict with the several funds now in operation, such as Rockefeller, Carnegie and Phipps foundations, representing a total of \$23,000,000."

Only the income of the \$10,000,000 is to be used and Mr. De Forest estimates that this will amount to \$450,000 a year.

Mr. De Forest has been president of the Charity Organization society of New York since 1888. He was the founder and first president of the Provident Loan society, the first philanthropic pawn-brokers. He was made chairman of the Tenement House commission of the state of New York in 1890. He is a manager of the Presbyterian hospital in New York. He was made first Tenement House commissioner of the city of New York in 1891. He was elected president of the National Conference of Charities and Correction in Atlanta, Ga., in 1903. Mr. De Forest practices law in New York and is vice president of the Central railroad of New Jersey.

NOTED WOMAN HONORED



Miss Katherine Eleanor Conway, editor of the Boston Pilot and poet and essayist of note, who was awarded the Laetare medal for distinguished service in the cause of the Roman Catholic church by the University of Notre Dame, was born in Rochester, New York. She was educated in the schools of the Sisters of Charity and of the Religious Sisters of the Sacred Heart, and graduated with high honors from St. Mary's academy, Buffalo. While still a girl she published her first poem, and was in her teens when she began work on a Rochester paper. In 1878 she became a member of the staff of the Buffalo Catholic Union and Times, and in 1880 its assistant editor. Her first published volume was "Christian Symbols and Stories of Saints." Among her other books are "A Dream of Lillies," "Making Friends and Keeping Them," and "Questions of Honor in Christian Life."

Dr. John Gilmary Shea received the first medal in 1883. Others who have received it since then are: Patrick J. Keely, architect; Eliza Allen Starr, art critic; General John Newton, civil engineer; Patrick V. Hickey, editor; Anna Hanson Dorsey, novelist; William J. Onahan, publicist; Daniel Dougherty, orator; Major Henry W. F. Bronson, soldier and scholar; Patrick Donahue, editor; Augustin Daly, theatrical manager; General William S. Roscerans, soldier; Anna T. Sadler, author; Dr. Thomas A. Emmett, physician; Timothy E. Howard, jurist; John Creighton, philanthropist; William Bourke Cockran, lawyer and orator; Dr. John Benjamin Murphy, surgeon; Charles Jerome Fitzpatrick, lawyer and statesman; Richard C. Kearens, jurist; Thomas E. Fitzpatrick, financier; Francis J. Quinlan, surgeon.

NOVEL OLD AGE PENSION

Sir Richard John Cartwright, M. P., K. C., M. G., P. C., has attracted the serious attention of Canada's leading thinkers and politicians by advocating an old age annuity in the Dominion. His remarkable proposition was listened to with profound respect and consideration in the conservative upper house of parliament in Ottawa.

At the very outset Sir Richard made it clear that he was not at all in favor of old age pensions. There was no excuse for it in Canada where every wage earner had it within his power to acquire a competence for his old age if given a fair opportunity. What was now proposed was to give every man this opportunity.

Sir Richard Cartwright declared that he had given the matter careful consideration for several years and was convinced that the Dominion could, at little or no expense, afford every wage earner in the country the chance of obtaining at a reasonable cost an annuity guaranteed by the state for his old age. He said that to make such a scheme a success three things were necessary:

It must be absolutely safe, necessitating government backing. There must be absolute freedom from forfeiture. There must be no possibility of anticipating the benefits.

Sir Richard computes that a payment of half a day's wages a week will give the average man an annuity of \$200 a year from the age of 65 until death. It is pretty well understood that this matter of old age annuities has edged the attention of the Canadian government, and may before long be adopted as part of the national policy of the Dominion.

Sir Richard Cartwright is one of the oldest and most distinguished of Canada's statesmen. He entered the parliament in 1863. Years ago it was said of him: "He is one of the few examples of this new country of a man of means making statecraft his profession, and devoting himself for 30 years entirely to politics, giving his time and means to a cause from which he cannot hope in case of success for anything more than an opportunity to serve his country."

His early education was received at Trinity college, Dublin. He is unrivaled in debate, speaking with a freedom from restraint and a fund of humor and anecdote that is unsurpassed in Canada.



WANT COLUMN

FOR SALE—Registered Hereford bull, three years old. Phone B 17. C. J. Dye. 52-31 pd.

WANTED—A good girl at Timm's restaurant. 2-tf

HORSES WANTED—Harper Bros. will be at McMinden's Barn Saturday for the purpose of buying horses.

FOR SALE—\$8500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 2-tf

FOR SALE—A medium size fire proof safe as good as new. L. D. Bailey & Sons.

I wish to place my 11-year-old son with a good family, farmer preferred. The boy is well behaved, willing to work and was raised on a farm. I want him to go to school at least 6 months in the year. Will make suitable arrangements. Phone or call at Burwell. C. R. Hutchins. 2-4t.

WANTED—Cattle to pasture. Price \$1.50 for the season. Phone Petty Bros. C. A. Nelson. 51-4t pd.

POCKETBOOK LOST in Ord Saturday morning. Finder please leave at Quiz office.

POTATOES—Pure Early Ohio seed potatoes; 80c per bushel. R. J. or E. L. Collins. 2-tf

PLASTERING sand and coarse gravel, price \$1.00 a yard delivered. G. W. Butcher & Son. 2-tf.

SOME fine evergreens, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 51 tf.

COWS—Having bought the Hayes pasture I have plenty of room to pasture cows at \$1.00 per month. Jos Bartos, Ord, Neb. 51-4

FARM FOR SALE—Brace school house quarter. Enquire at farm or of me in Ord. J. W. Wimberley. 51-4t.

LOST—On the streets of Ord, a lady's gold watch. Stella Ragan.

LOST—A new white waist last Saturday. Finder please leave at Quiz office. Miss Philbrick.

FOR SALE—Team of horses for sale cheap. Weight 1,100 lbs. each. Will sell for \$135. Phone H 21. Peter Peterson.

FOR RENT—A house close to the high school. Enquire Mrs. Mattley. 52-tf

HOGS—Will be in Elvira every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52-

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

EGGS—Crescent strain B. P. R. eggs, \$1 for 15; \$5 for 100. Phone F. 14 or R. F. D. No. 2. Mrs. Jake Peterson.

MY RESIDENCE for sale; house and eight choice lots in West Ord. S. A. Stacy. 51-tf

PASTURE for cattle on the Ed Ehler farm north of Ord. Good hill pasture and plenty of water. \$1.50 for the season. 1-tf

FARM FOR RENT—See O. A. Cromwell. 50-tf.

R. C. Williams sells incubators, The Old Trusty kind. Call at Williams' harness shop or phone. He will do you good. Some books left yet. 50-

FOR SALE—or rent three room house. Possession can be given at once. Truman L. Smith. 50tf.

FOR RENT—Two room cottage. Close in. City water. Mrs. Hall.

WANTED—Horses to pasture. \$3.00 for the season. On the old Blessing ranch. H. C. Thusen. 46tf

QUIT your renting, when you can buy land cheaper than rent. For further particulars enquire of W. W. Haskell, or E. Hurlbert. 42-tf.

WANTED—Cattle to pasture for season. 2 miles south-west of Ord. J. D. or L. N. Holloway. 1-2t.

FOR SALE—A few choice early Ohio seed potatoes. Good to eat. Please let me know at once. Inquire of F. M. Cushing. Phone R 12. 1-2t.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirteen, township seventeen north, range fifteen west of the Sixth Principal Meridian in Valley county, Nebraska, and running east of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen, same township and range, for one-half mile, thence south to intersect with road No. 296. This road connects roads Nos. 45 and 296 and we pray you to also vacate that part of road No. 172, between sections thirteen, township seventeen, range fifteen and section eighteen, township seventeen, range fourteen, west of 6th P. M., has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL of Chicago,

Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.

Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on



Friday, April 5

Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Goitre, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co., Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill. Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, March 28, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Michael Tacy of Sedlov, Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17813 made July 30, 1892, for the north 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 28, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on May 10, 1907.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Frank Osantowsky of Ord, Nebraska, Frank Zulkosky of Sedlov, Nebraska, Victor Danzek of Ord, Nebraska, Ignatius Gorny of Sedlov, Nebraska.
Chas. F. Shedd, Register.

Notice.

State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of Valley county. In the matter of the guardianship of Nellie G. Madison and Flora A. Madison, minors.

Now on the 30th day of March 1907, came John R. Gray, and prays to be appointed guardian of said minors. It is therefore ordered that the 19th day of April 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, in Ord, Nebraska, be fixed as the time and place for hearing said petition, and all persons interested in said appointment are required to appear at the time and place so designated, and show cause, if such exists, why such appointment should not be made. It is further ordered that notice be given by publication 3 weeks prior to the day set for said hearing.
Dated this 30th day of March 1907.
L. H. Gudmundsen, county judge.

Ord Market Top—Prices

Wheat, spring 53½c, winter 54½c
Barley 25c.
Rye, 46c.
Oats, 33c.
Corn, 28c.
Popcorn, \$1.90.
Potatoes, 50c.
Butter, 20c.
Eggs, 12c.
Hens, 8c.
Hogs, \$5.90

THE MOUND BUILDERS.

Their Burial Customs Prevailed Until the Whites Came.

Mound builders of the Mississippi valley in the manner of burial of their dead were in close touch with those of the valley of the Ohio and had something in common with them, embracing the ideals displayed in the ancestor worship of the oriental as well as antedating the custom of setting a granite shaft as a mark of respect over the graves of our departed at the present time.

Formerly mound builders were supposed to have become an extinct race, occupying the territory in which these numerous burial mounds are found prior to its occupancy by the North American Indians, but in the light of more recent and more thorough investigation, writes Richard Hermann in "Records of the Past" it has been shown that burial of the dead in mounds has been practiced by the Muskawakies of the Foxes, who occupied the territory up to and including some of the time when the first white people settled in the upper Mississippi valley.

The former erroneous supposition came about principally through the uncommunicativeness of the Indian. When questioned concerning the mounds and their contents he would invariably act the stoic, for according to his ideas of ancestor worship the subject was held sacred and was not to be touched upon, nor were any of the belongings which had been buried with him ever in any manner to be used again by any living man. For this reason when shown flint arrow or spear heads they would profess ignorance and insist that they were there before the arrival of the Indian.

The conical mounds, Mr. Hermann states, are generally individual or family burying mounds. The earth, sand or other material is carried there by members of the tribe or the nearest of kin and filled around the body. Apparently the farther the earth, sand or material of which the mound is being built is brought or the more laborious the work of carrying it to the place of interment the higher the respect paid to the dead. And in this respect they do not differ materially from white people. We would disdain to erect over a grave in the middle west a shaft made from the limestone of the local Galena formation, but instead get a granite shaft shipped from Vermont or elsewhere, equally as great a distance and at as great an expense.

Who Got the Baby?

Read over this little story and see if you can tell who got the baby:

Once upon a time when all living animals could talk together and understand each other an ugly old crocodile stole a tiny baby and was about to make a dinner of it, but the poor, frantic mother begged so piteously for her child that the crocodile said:

"Tell me one truth and you shall have your baby again."

"You will not give him back to me," she replied.

"Then by our agreement I keep him," said the crocodile, "for if you have told the truth I am not going to give him back, and if it is a lie I have also won."

But the mother said, "If I told you the truth you are bound by your promise, and if it is not the truth it will not be a lie until you have given me my child."

SEE

HONNOLD & DAVIS

FOR

Real Estate Insurance and 5% Loans

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at 40 rods north of the southwest corner of section 10, township 20, range 14, running thence northeast to a point on the recorded road about 60 rods east of the west side of said section, township and range, following old traveled trail and that part of road No. 245 lying west of the termination of this petition be vacated, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

YOU CAN GET

All the news of the World and Home

With the choices Magazine and Agricultural features

For only Fifty Cents more than the price of the Ord Quiz alone

What the Weekly Inter Ocean Contains Each Week

21 columns of news.

14 columns of talks by a practical farmer, on farm topics—economical machinery, planting, growing, and storing of fruits and vegetables, breeding and marketing of live stock.

20 or more "Lost and Found Poems and Songs."

1 column of Health and Beauty Hints.

Chess and Checkers—Best short and continued stories

—Puzzles and Complications—Dr. Reeder's Home

Health Club—Miscellaneous Questions and Answers—Poems of the Day—A special Washington

letter—Taking cartoons and illustrations.

5 columns of live, entertaining editorials.

7 columns of live stock and market reports.

40 questions and answers by readers on anything pertaining to the business of farming, gardening, raising of live stock and poultry, etc., etc.

10 to twenty questions on veterinary subjects.

7 columns of information on recipes, patterns, formulas, etc., furnished by readers.

14 to twenty-one columns of stories of public men; historical, geographical, and other miscellany.

5 columns of a specially reported sermon by the Rev. Dr. Quayle, of Chicago, and the Sunday School Lesson.

THESE MAKE THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN THE LEADING FARM, HOME AND NEWS PAPER OF THE WEST

The price of The Weekly Inter Ocean remains \$1.00 a year; OUR OFFER The price of The Ord Quiz is \$1.50 a year; The two papers each one year will cost only \$2.00.

N. B.—This special arrangement with The Weekly Inter Ocean is for a limited time only. Subscribers to the Weekly Inter Ocean are assured that no papers will be sent after their subscription expires unless renewed by cash payment.

In connection with the above club, we offer our readers the following combination, which is positively the most remarkable clubbing proposition we have been able to make:

The Three Most Popular Publications of the Day

In a club with your home paper for only \$1.00 more than the price of The Ord Quiz alone. Read carefully and see what you receive for only \$2.50.

THE ORD QUIZ

Your local paper. You want this anyway.

WEEKLY INTER OCEAN

Complete description is given above.

PRAIRIE FARMER

It covers the field of agricultural.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE

(with Patterns). Best woman's paper published. With every subscription we give FREE your choice of a famous McCall Pattern. Make your selections any time after receiving the magazine.

All Four Publications for a full Year for \$2.50

Ed.—This offer, like the one above, is for a limited time only, and can be withdrawn upon a week's notice. If you are now a subscriber to one or more of these periodicals your subscription will be extended a full year.



See California Now

Special to California

Round trip rates to San Francisco and Los Angeles, about half rates, April 25 to May 18. Be sure to go one way via the Shasta Route and Puget Sound—only \$12.50 more. Stopovers, variable and attractive routes.

Cheap, One Way West

Daily during April one way rates to Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and Big Horn Basin. Nearly 50 per cent reduction. Daily through standard and tourist sleepers.

Homeseekers' Excursions

Frequently each month from eastern Nebraska to eastern Colorado, Wyoming and Big Horn Basin.

Landseekers' Information Bureau

Irrigated lands along the North Platte river, in the Big Horn Basin and Yellowstone Valley on terms cheaper than paying rent, and money paid on a water right is money saved. Send for new descriptive folders.

J. W. MOORHOUSE, Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska. L. W. WAKELY, G. P. A., Omaha, Nebraska.

At first it was thought that thirty years would be consumed in the work of digging the Isthmian canal. By making periodical changes in the management, however, President Roosevelt has succeeded in cutting the prospective time down to eight years.

IT'S NOT TOO LATE.

You can get a farm to move on if you call soon. Two in good locations and at moderate price are offered.

Quarter block in northwest Ord, good building spot, for \$275.

Five lots, with good house and barn, well, fruit and shade trees, immediate possession, for \$1200. Six blocks from square.

A good residence property and cash to trade for good farm.

Plenty of money for farm loans.

J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of section 8, township 20, range 15; in other words, at the east end of the proposed road described in a petition of A. H. Meyers and others, filed June 6, 1903, in the county clerk's office of Valley county, Nebraska and running thence east to the right of way of the B. & M. railroad company, and thence southeasterly on the south side of the B. & M. right of way to a point where the railroad right of way intersects the line of the southwest quarter of section 9, township 20, range 15, and thence south to intersect with the road running south, has reported in favor of the location of said road and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and seal this 27th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location of said road, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing where the now traveled road strikes the east line of the southwest quarter of section six, township twenty, range sixteen, near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section six, and running thence south on the west side of the east line of said southwest quarter as near the line as practicable, about eighty rods, thence in a southwesterly direction to connect with the old established road and to vacate that part of the old established road between the point of beginning and termination of this road, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office, on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Hello, boys!

Here is Your Seed Corn

1000 bushels crop of 1905.

This is first-class corn and sure to grow. Will take 60c per bushel as it comes in the crib. Half of it will be good seed.

CHRIS BUSSE.

The Ord Quiz.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Tuesday, April 9, 1907.

Vol. 26, No. 2

CITY COUNCIL IN REGULAR SESSION

Claims Allowed—Vote Canvassed—
New Electric Light Franchise
Turned Down.

Ord, Nebr., April 4, '07.
Council met in regular session, Mayor Murschel presiding. Minutes of the last meeting were read and on motion of Paist were approved.

Communication of W. A. Anderson in regard to trees for cemetery was referred to cemetery committee with power to act.

Report of Secretary Cromwell of the fire department as to the election of officers was approved in full.

Petition of Mason et al for sidewalk, was on motion of Gruber, granted as per petition. The petition of Zablipudil et al was, on motion of Paist, also granted.

Report of city treasurer was read and placed on file. Various communications were read by the clerk in regard to an open well at water works. After which the council took up the matter of the Ord Electric Light & Power ordinance and placed the same on third reading, after some discussion by the council. Stover offered an amendment to the above ordinance which was approved by the board and the clerk called the roll which showed the vote on final passage to be as follows: Daniels no, Gard absent, Stover yes, Paist no, Gruber yes, Botts absent. Ordinance lost and was so declared by mayor.

The mayor then appointed Oleson, Stover, and R. Gass to canvass the vote of last election, which showed as follows:

| NAME | 1w | 2w | 3w | total | maj. |
|-------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|
| For Mayor | | | | | |
| Daniels | 73 | 80 | 90 | 243 | 68 |
| Sutton | 62 | 49 | 64 | 175 | |
| For Clerk | | | | | |
| Shirley | 76 | 91 | 96 | 263 | 113 |
| Sorensen | 57 | 34 | 58 | 149 | |
| For Treasurer | | | | | |
| Paist | 60 | 79 | 83 | 222 | 32 |
| Williams | 73 | 48 | 69 | 190 | |
| For Police Judge | | | | | |
| Gudmundsen | 86 | 82 | 94 | 262 | 108 |
| Davis | 50 | 46 | 58 | 154 | |
| For City Engineer | | | | | |
| Burrows | 74 | 89 | 92 | 255 | 97 |
| Nelson | 58 | 39 | 61 | 158 | |
| For Councilmen | | | | | |
| Taylor | 78 | | | 78 | 22 |
| Cromwell | 56 | | | 56 | |
| Stevens | | 89 | | 89 | 51 |
| Goodhand | | 31 | | 31 | 8 |
| Gruber | | | 81 | 81 | |
| Clark | | | 78 | 78 | |
| For School Board | | | | | |
| Kokes | 67 | 52 | 83 | 152 | |
| Dworak | 59 | 40 | 35 | 134 | |
| Mortensen | 77 | 53 | 50 | 180 | 38 |
| Wise | 67 | 51 | 49 | 167 | 33 |

The finance committee report on claims to wit:

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| E. W. Gruber, labor | \$ 11.40 |
| H. M. Davis, printing | 29.10 |
| J. H. Luke, salary and election | 8.00 |
| Loup Valley Electric Co., lights | 25.60 |
| H. D. Heuck, salary | 61.00 |
| H. M. Davis, supplies | 24.75 |
| R. W. Gass, election services | 3.00 |
| W. A. Harding, " | 3.00 |
| C. B. Walton, " | 3.00 |
| A. J. Beck, " | 3.00 |
| C. J. Siler, " | 3.00 |
| E. L. Johnson, " | 3.00 |
| W. A. Anderson, " | 3.00 |
| J. W. Beran, " | 3.00 |
| S. Mitchell, " | 3.00 |
| W. H. Moses, " | 3.00 |
| George Gagbagen, " | 3.00 |
| Frank Barta, " | 3.00 |
| Roy Drake, " | 3.00 |
| Walter Smith, " | 3.00 |
| H. C. Stroup, labor | 22.00 |
| F. R. Erick, freight | 140.00 |
| A. J. Shirley, freight | 2.65 |
| Crane Co., supplies | 24.45 |
| Standard Oil Co., oil | 10.85 |
| U. P. R. Co., coal | 43.30 |
| L. Peters, salary | 50.00 |
| R. J. Clark, drayage | 15.15 |
| G. W. McMillen, labor | 2.65 |
| W. C. Wollery, labor | 5.25 |
| Wm. Wallace, labor | 1.75 |

Claims of W. W. Haskell and J. T. Johnson were laid over. On motion council adjourned to meet April 30, 1907.

A. J. Shirley, city clerk.

Summary of Burr VanHorn's Life

The North Loup Loyalist gives the following brief summary of the life of Burr Van Horn, who was killed near that place last week Monday: 'Burr was born at Welton, Iowa, June 17, 1862. When he was about ten years of age the family moved to Colorado where they remained for a few years and then moved back to the Iowa home. A few years later they moved to this place which has since been their home. May 3, 1883, he was married to Miss Lottie Davis, who with ten children, five boys and five girls, survives him. Burr and family spent about fifteen years in South Dakota, but returned to this place that the children might have better church privileges and better school advantages. All of the children are here except Beecher, who was in California, but who is now on his way home because of the death of his father. Burr joined the S. D. B. church of Welton, Iowa, when he was a small boy and retained his membership with the church till the time of his death. He was a kind father, ever trying to do the best he could for his family whom he loved devotedly.

Obituary.

Miss Lydia Chubbuck was born in Arlington, Michigan, Van Buren county, March 27, 1873. When about 1 month old came with her parents to Ord. When she was about 12 years of age she moved with her parents to White River country, Nebraska, where she lived for three years and then came back to Ord where she was married to Nathan R. Sinkler December 11, 1888. Since then she has resided near Ord. Nine children were born to them, five girls and four boys, the youngest being three months old. She was taken with typhoid fever and hemorrhage of the bowels on Friday, March 29, and died at her home in Ord, April 2, at 10:50 p. m. She leaves a husband, nine children, a mother, eight brothers and one sister to mourn her death. Only her mother and three brothers were able to be present at the funeral, which occurred Wednesday of last week at the Christian church, Rev. M. M. Eaton officiating. * * *

He Likes the Semi-Weekly Quiz.

Blue Rapids, Kan., April 6, '07.
Editor Quiz: Enclosed find check for \$1.50 for a year's subscription for the Quiz from January 1, '07 to January 1, '08. Am pleased to note that you will publish the Quiz twice a week, as I always look forward to the day of its receipt for I like to hear all the news of Ord and many of my good friends there. We are getting along real well at Blue Rapids, and I enjoy a very lucrative practice. We have a very nice town here and are pleased with the location.

Sending our very best wishes to our friends in Ord, we remain, Respectfully yours,
Jos. Kohout, M. D.

A million-dollar dam is to be built across the upper Connecticut river, by which 6,000 horsepower will be furnished the neighboring towns. There are vast possibilities in the big and little waterways.

As a case of perpendicular obstinacy Mr. Cleveland's advice to his party to tackle the tariff question again would be hard to match in the history of buzz saw experience.

RECENT TRANSFERS IN REAL ESTATE.

Several Thousand Dollars Change Hands Along With the Title to Valley County Dirt.

Anton Wozniak and wf to Michelina Wozniak, \$500, lot 3 blk 11 west Ord.

Michelina Wozniak and husband to Anton Wozniak, \$500, part of se4 26-20-15.

Frank Walker and wf to Vene VanTuy, \$6000, se4 20-19-4 and part ne4 20-19-14 and part of blk 17 west, Ord Nebraska.

Vene VanTuy and wf to Frank Walker and Bert Walker, \$14080, ne4 and nw4 and sw4 27 and se4 20-13.

A. N. Wozniak and wf to St. Wozniak, \$125, part 26-20-15.

Michelina Wozniak and husband to Joseph Cienny, \$660, part 25-20-15.

C. A. Randolph th J. H. Capron, \$237.50, e2 w2 lot 5 in section 25.

W. L. D. Auble to J. H. Capron, \$125, sw4 25-18-14.

W. J. Stewart to J. H. Capron \$100, nw4 4 18-15.

E. C. Munn to J. H. Capron, \$110, sw4 7-19-14 and w2 sw4 and se4 sw5 and s2 se4 12-19-15.

Frank and Bert Walker to J. H. Capron, \$75, sw4 27 and se4 28-26-13.

W. C. Edney to J. H. Capron, \$150, e2 17-19-13.

Interest on City Deposit.

Editor Quiz:—

It seems to me there is a cog loose in the law in regard to interest on funds belonging to the public and on deposit in the banks throughout the state.

I am informed that no interest is paid on deposits of money by the city of Ord in our banks.

Why is this so if it is true? Is not the interest on daily balance on hand as essential to citizens of Ord as the interest on daily balance on county funds is to the citizens of Valley county? I may be misinformed but it is asserted there are several thousand dollars now on deposit to the credit of the city of Ord in our banks.

If the law is loose in regard to this matter it certainly is in need of amending but if the fault is not in the law, but only an oversight on part of the city council it would seem their duty to put the law into effect.

Respectfully, W. A. Anderson.

The threatened railroad strike has been averted by a compromise of the interests concerned.

Solid Gold Wedding Rings

that are hard and wear well. You know there are two kinds of wedding rings. 1st, the soldered ring made of wire bent and soldered. 2nd, is the rolled, swedged, and hammered to shape. This ring takes a much better polish and being harder it wears much longer. A fine selection in

10 karat, 14 karat and 18 karat quality.

PARKINS

Test Your Seed Corn.

Farmers should give great care to the selection of their seed corn for this season's planting as only in this manner will they be able to secure a good crop. A prominent Springdale farmer told us a few weeks ago that he had selected and put away last fall enough seed corn to do his planting this spring, that it was the best variety and that he was satisfied that a big per cent of it was fertile corn. Last Saturday in conversation with the same farmer on the streets we were told that he had been testing his seed corn, and that he had discovered that only about one kernel in forty would grow. Had he gone ahead and planted his fields with this seed he would have had his work to do all over again and it would have worked considerable damage to him by reason of getting in the crop at so late a date as replanting always necessitates. Time and money will be saved if you test your seed corn this year before putting it in the ground.

Gawling at the Press.

There is no denying that the Nebraska press, about 95 per cent of it, is in utter disgrace in certain quarters. That fact crops out in every debate between the old and the new in Nebraska politics. The odium is deserved, too. The facts are about these: According to immemorial custom the county newspaper has been an organ of one party or the other. If the editor was "good," and supported the ticket from top to bottom with sufficient frenzy he was awarded in case his party wop, with the county printing, with a fair scattering of legal notices, and perchance, if he did the "right" thing in national affairs, the local postoffice was bestowed upon him. The danger of this situation lay in the fact that the editor became subservient not to the party, but to the men who controlled the party, a very different thing. If he showed a tendency to oppose the interests of the party organization, even though he acted in the real interests of the party, he was punishable by the withdrawal of his public patronage.

The country press of Pennsylvania is a notable example of the way newspapers are held in line for a dominant machine by postoffice appointments. The way the Iowa newspapers, or a large portion of them, went down with the old machine when Cummins won, illustrated the case nearer home. The Nebraska editors were of a different breed. When the issue arose between the parties and the machines, the editors with one accord, the exceptions being so few as to emphasize the unanimity of the rest, elected to stand by the parties. The machine has never been able to get over it, and wherever a machine man is heard there is heard a growl at the newspapers. They say the newspapers favor the direct primary because that will mean government by the newspapers. The private interests of the newspapers in the direct primary lies altogether in the facilities it gives them to serve their subscribers without interference from or punishment by the political machines.—State Journal.

Having been burned out once Mark Twain will build his new house at Redding, Connecticut, of concrete and steel. The fire-proof idea is destined to grow in a country where conflagrations cost \$200,000,000 a year.

In Ye Olden Times



when women did their own pinning, it was a source of great pride to have a well filled linen chest.

In these days of rush and worry any woman can lay in a supply of household linens with a very small expenditure of either time or money. Our line of Dress and Wash Goods for Spring has just arrived and we invite you to call and inspect the same.

Frank Dworak

Do You Know

we want you to do your banking business with us? If you are not already one of our customers call and see us about opening an account with us.

Your money is safer in the bank than anywhere else, and then pay your bills by check, which is the safest and most convenient method, and your check becomes a receipt for the amount paid.

Having a large CAPITAL and SURPLUS we offer the greatest security for deposits, and in addition to our financial strength our officers have the benefit of many years' experience. If you are not already one of our customers we would be pleased to have you call, and if we can be of any service to you we will be pleased to assist you.

FIRST NAT'L BANK
Ord, Nebraska
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - - - \$100,000

Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.

See our line of Fence Posts

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

JOS. CERNIK

MECHANIC TAILOR

All work finished in a workman-like manner. North side square, Ord, Neb.

Dr. F. D. HALDEMAN,

Physician & Surgeon,

Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 158,

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

Office and Residence Phone 48

Chester A. Brink, M. D.

Ord, Nebraska

Calls answered night and day.

CLEMENTS BROS.,

Lawyers.

Office in Misko Block.

North Side of Square.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

Office Phone 83 Res. Phone 94

M. M. Newbecker, M. D.

Day and Night Calls.

ORD - - - NEBRASKA

A. M. ROBBINS

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE

Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D.

Office over post office.

Phone 116

ORD - - - NEBRASKA

HONNOLD & DAVIS

Lawyers

Ord, - - - Nebraska

C. J. MILLER, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office and residence phone 41

Office in new Misko block.

Ord, - - - Nebraska.

R. L. STAPLE,

Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor.

Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds.

First National Bank Building.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS

Undertaking...

Licensed Embalmer.

Residence Phone 74.

Store Phone 82.

ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. W. TAYLOR

Dentist

Office over First National Bank

Office Phone 24....Residence Phone 274

THE ORD QUIZ

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY.

ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

Marie Corelli says women are foolish to want to vote, but all women cannot keep busy, writing novels.

"Men will go to hell for a woman," says Dr. Madison C. Peters. Foolish men—they can get better ones on earth.

The bishop of London says married men are braver than bachelors. Of course they are. There wouldn't be any bachelors if every man had a proper amount of girl.

A dog catcher's automobile is the latest civic improvement proposed for St. Louis. Imagine such a chase over the course usually taken by a canine fugitive.—St. Louis Republic.

A real sensational and scientific observation is that made by Chancellor Day of Syracuse, who has discovered that the reason people are poor is that they haven't made enough money.

President Roosevelt wants to make war on the opium trade, but Britain would prefer to get excited over the alleged cruelties in the Congo or some other spot from which it is not drawing profit.

About \$60,000,000 is at present invested in England in the manufacture of motor wagons. About 250,000 men are employed in them, or as chauffeurs, etc., and their wages aggregate \$75,000,000 a year.

At Hoboken, N. J., a few days ago a German woman who cannot speak English was married to an Englishman who cannot speak German. It will be extremely discouraging if they don't get along well.

Prof. Shaller Mathews declares that, contrary to general belief, marriage is no picnic. That, of course, depends on the meaning you inject into the word picnic when you offer it as a good description of the married state.

For over a thousand years and without perfuming the mosque of St. Sofia in Constantinople has retained its fragrant odor of musk. The reason for this is that when the mosque was built musk was mixed with the mortar.

It must be disconcerting to President Zelaya of Nicaragua that after he has hurled a violently worded proclamation at Honduras, Guatemala and Salvador, the three allies quickly recover and go right on fighting his little army. This is almost impertinence.

Disappearing paper is a novelty for use by those whose correspondents forget to burn the letters after their utility has ceased. It is steeped in sulphuric acid, dried and glazed, the acid being partly neutralized by ammonia vapor. It falls to pieces after a given time.

"Columbus," says a Chicago anti-quary in Chicago Journal, "got a salary of \$320 a year—less than one dollar a day. His captains got \$150 a year each. His crew got \$2.25 a month. To equip the expedition that discovered America cost \$2,800. The total cost of discovering America was \$7,200."

In central Tennessee are large tracts of cedar, the berries of which serve to attain myriads of robins in the winter. One small hamlet in this region sends to market annually enough robins to return \$500 at five cents per dozen, equal to 120,000 birds. They are killed at night by torchlight with sticks.

Emperor William did a neat thing when he carried a bouquet of roses and lilies to Mrs. Tower, wife of the American ambassador, and called for the children, whom he engaged in friendly conversation. In fact, the emperor has a way of doing neat things occasionally. If he were an American he would probably shine in politics.

Great Britain and her colonies and the United States represent together the fabulous total of 111,000,000 English-speaking persons, figures which leave all competitors hopelessly in the rear. Germany and Russia occupy second place with 75,000,000 apiece, and France, Spain, Italy and Portugal follow, with 51,000,000, 43,000,000, 33,000,000 and 13,000,000 respectively.

Indications encourage the belief that the limitation of armaments will receive serious attention at the coming peace conference at The Hague. Though none of the great powers has expressed any desire to cut down its military equipment, there is reason to think the matter will be approached in the most friendly and liberal spirit. No doubt some of the countries now groaning under the almost intolerable burden of their war outfit would be glad of a good excuse to cut down expenses which are getting heavier all the time.

By experimenting with dying persons some Boston doctors have determined that the human soul weighs half an ounce or more. It ought to be easy, declares the St. Paul Dispatch, to rig up an apparatus to tell which direction the soul goes when it leaves.

The statement that Baroness Burdett-Coutts, after having held in life a fortune of \$15,000,000, left at her death an estate of \$393,000, shows that others besides Mr. Carnegie have determined to avoid the disgrace of dying rich.

Industrial Equality Between the Sexes is Inevitable

By LIDA McFEATERS,
President of Hat Trimmers' Union.



THE industrial conditions of to-day are such that the equality of woman with man is the only solution of a number of the most important of industrial problems. Women must have equal wages for the same work, equal hours of employment and equal conditions of labor. As the situation has been, and still is, woman has been the industrial competitor of man. She has accepted lower wages, longer hours and poorer conditions of labor than men by organized demand have been able to secure.

If that condition could prevail without change, it is clear that the progress of the male industrial worker would be retarded. If women can be employed to greater advantage to the employer through conditions that withhold from her certain rights which the men insist upon, it is easy to see that the universal cause of labor will suffer.

Male organized labor cannot submit without power protest to any such condition. It denies the justice of such a system, and insists that it shall be abolished. Thus it has come about that women wage-earners are organizing and have in some fields organized well. The goal at which the organization of the women workers aims is the industrial equality of women with men. Nothing less than that can satisfy the women, and nothing less than that can remove the menace to men. This industrial inequality which has existed has been due to the weakness of women on the one hand and to the thoughtlessness, on the other hand, of women who did not need to engage in industry, and accepted conditions of labor which made them formidable competitors with those who needed higher wages, more sanitary surroundings and shorter hours.

Many women, among whom the married women are the most numerous, still compete in this way with the wage-earning men.

Wherever women in industry have been effectively organized, it has been found by the employers that they sustain no loss because of the increased wage, the shorter hour and the more sanitary conditions which organized women workers receive over their unorganized sisters. That was the lesson which the employers learned from the results of organization among men, and it is being repeated in the case of women.

Industrial equality of women will bestow upon them economic independence. This independence will not, as some people believe, make women less capable home builders and home keepers. On the contrary, the experience of women in industry will broaden them in many ways, and, learning what the workaday world really is, with all its trials and tasks, they will have a far more intelligent sympathy with their husbands and a far greater capacity to make the home a happier and more helpful environment for them.

In this way men and women will know and respect and care for each other more intelligently than ever before, and this knowledge will remove the prejudices that have prevented the equality of women in other fields than that of industry.

Lida M. McFeaters

The Sovereignty of Self-Control

By DR. JOHN LEE ALLISON,
Washington Pastor.

The true life is the one that has realized the sovereignty of self-control and the majesty of self-mastery. Tennyson says: "Self-reverence, self-knowledge and self-control, these three lead life to sovereign power." Self-control, then, is the very germ of true character. It is that which makes the difference between the man and the animal.

The mere possession of powers is not all that is necessary. One may have an intense personality, but a wise and proper use comes in as a most important consideration. Power, whether mental or physical, unless under wise direction, is a menace. The useful life is the controlled life. Self-control, then, is the evidence of a forceful character, and becomes an important element in a successful career.

As in physics, so in ethics, efficiency depends upon the measure of control. A locomotive may be thoroughly equipped, fitted with a strong and capacious boiler, plenty of water and steam up at high pressure. But it will be useless—yes, dangerous—unless through proper wheels, rods, cylinders, pistons and valves steam is admitted in obedience to the intelligent bidding of the engineer. Then the power is used to run on errands of humanity and pull burdens of commerce. The only useful machinery is the controlled machinery. The energy, power and zeal of mind and heart must be intelligently guided and controlled.

The times in which we live demand the courage of self-control, for the interests of society and kingdom of God plead for men and women of true heroism—a Christian heroism, inspired by a devotion to Christ.

Man's last and greatest victory is self-conquest. The only way to gain self-mastery is by making Christ master of self. There should be such a blast of the gospel trumpet that the world might hear the splendid words of the great apostle Paul: "Stand fast, therefore, in the liberty wherewith Christ hath made us free, and be not entangled again in the yoke of bondage." And again: "If the Son made you free, ye shall be free indeed." Do we want self-control? We must strive for it, asking God to aid us by the Holy Spirit. May we learn the grandeur of self-control and the majesty of self-mastery!

Marriage in Italy

By SIGNOR LINO FERRIAN,
Italian Sociologist.

Why does the signorina marry? In seeking the answer to this question I chose very young women for my experiments, directing my questions to 95 between the ages of 15 and 17 years, scattered all over Italy, with the following results: Five answered that they married in order to go out walking alone; ten in order to have a good time, in contrast with the austerity of their life up to that time; five in order to travel, seven in order to have homes of their own, and 67 for no reasons at all in particular. Three really didn't want to marry anyhow, while only four dwelt upon the joys of home and housekeeping. Only four had been educated properly in the school of the household! To the majority marriage seems to mean only freedom from the convent-like seclusion of the young girl, the getting out into the great world and seeing something of life. Our young women are nicely prepared for marriage!

VARNISH IS NOT WANTED.

Distinctly Out of Place on Dining Room Table.

When buying a dining room table insist that the varnish be removed from the top. The comfort of such a table, when so treated, can only be appreciated by those who have had the varnish removed, as any hot dish can then be placed on it without fear of defacing the wood, says a writer in Good Housekeeping. A woman can easily remove the varnish from an old table with any of the "varnish removers" to be obtained at a paint shop.

Wash the table and, when thoroughly dry, oil it with boiled linseed oil. Rub the oil well into the grain of the wood until it has all been absorbed. A sure test would be to pass a small piece of white satin over it and when it remains unsoiled the table is ready for use. Once each week, thereafter, clean carefully with a damp cloth; then dry and take a two by two-inch piece of tissue paper wet with oil and go over the top of the table following this with careful rubbing. In a few weeks you secure a higher polish than ever before. If more oil is used for the weekly oiling it accumulates and the table is harder to care for.

NAILS IN THE WALLS.

Blemishes That the Careful House-keeper Will Avoid.

It is a great pity to see how careless many people are about driving nails into the walls with utter disregard to the paper. It may be all very well if the picture is always to remain where it is placed, but if it is moved an unsightly blemish is left on the wall. Most houses have picture rails nowadays, especially on the first floor, and this removes any necessity for large pictures to be hung from nails. For small pictures it is possible to suspend a small rod with brass-tipped ends from the picture molding, and to this rod attach the pictures by gilt wires.

At the back of pictures hung against a delicate wallpaper it is wise to paste narrow slices from bottle corks against the two lower corners of the frame. These prevent the pictures from rubbing against the wall, and the cork knobs do not make marks.

Hoarhound Taffy.

This is an old-time candy that our grandmothers deemed effectual for hoarseness and cough. Cover a half ounce of dried hoarhound leaves with a gill of boiling water, and stand aside for an hour, closely covered. Strain through a cheesecloth, squeezing until all the juice is extracted. Put this with a pound of brown sugar in a saucepan, add two tablespoonfuls of water and a tablespoonful of lemon juice or vinegar, stir until the sugar is dissolved, remove the spoon and cook without stirring until a little dropped in cold water is brittle. Pour into a greased pan and mark, when partly cold, into squares. If these candies are too bitter for your taste lessen the amount of the hoarhound a little.

Almond Cream Cake.

Beat the whites of ten eggs, and onto this sift one and one-half cups of powdered sugar and one cup of flour, into which is stirred a large teaspoonful of cream of tartar; stir gently and bake in jelly pans. For cream take a half a pint of sweet cream, the yolks of three eggs, a tablespoonful of powdered sugar, a teaspoonful of cornstarch which has been dissolved smoothly in a little milk. Beat the yolks and sugar together with this, beat the cream, and stir these ingredients in, as for any cream filling, only make a little thicker; into this mix a half pound of blanched almonds which have been chopped very fine; put together like jelly cake and over the top stick the remaining half pound of nuts.

About Footbaths.

While a nightly bath is excellent, the feet should not be soaked oftener than once a week, unless they are sore from walking or standing.

In that case dissolve a bit of washing soda the size of the thumb's end in a basin of water, as hot as can be borne.

Soak the feet in this ten minutes, rinse in clear hot water, wipe dry and rub and knead with the bare hand for five minutes.

For perspiration—especially offensive—never let hot water touch your feet. Bathe nightly in cold water with borax in it. For tender or burning feet nothing is better than a strong sea-salt bath, either hot or cold.

Vegetable Soup.

Have ready one pint each white turnips and potatoes, cut in cubes, one-half pint each leeks and carrots sliced, one pint tomatoes, one large onion sliced, one clove of garlic, two sprigs parsley, two stalks celery, one tablespoonful salt, one teaspoonful sugar, three tablespoonfuls good dripping or butter, and pepper to season. Cut the onions fine and cook in the drippings until faintly colored, then put into the soup pot with two quarts of water and the carrots and cook for half an hour. Add potatoes, celery, turnips, seasoning and tomatoes and cook an hour. Ten minutes before serving add the minced parsley and serve with croutons.

White Cake.

Take three cups of flour, two cups of sugar, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder; to this add one cup of fresh butter, one of sweet milk, and the whites of five eggs; mix well and bake in a loaf. Line the tin with buttered paper to prevent burning.

HOME OF THE MALAY.

PRIMITIVE HABITATIONS ARE STILL IN EXISTENCE.

Warm but Rainy Climate Calls for Light and Waterproof Houses—Ancient Rites Still Practiced by the Natives.

Among the most distinctive homes of the far East are those of the Malays who inhabit the island on which the British city of Singapore is built. The town, beside the great marine highway between India and China, is modern; the houses in the country a mile from it are as ancient as the history of the land itself. They have not changed in style in a thousand years, and probably will not in a thousand more.

On the Malay peninsula the weather is always warm and several months in the year it is rainy. In such a climate a house must be both light and waterproof. These two properties the natives secure with the simplest materials, ready to their hand in the lush forest growth all around them.

They make the frames of their houses of light, strong trees, planting the timbers firmly in the ground. Between the uprights are fitted squares of bark, reinforced with light slats of split bamboo, to which the bark is laced with roots of fiber.

The roof is thatched, lightly, but in a manner to keep out the heaviest downpour of rain, with the leaves of the atap palm, which are laced in layers to the rafters.

The floor is made of split bamboo, laid flat side upward.

The house, as in most eastern countries except China and Japan, is raised from the ground several feet, for the double purpose of keeping out damp and prowling beasts.

It is a sweet, light and airy habitation, better than a white man could devise for such a country, and an ideal home for the little brown people of the woods and shore.

In the Malay home furniture is limited. In fact, there is hardly any, as the floor serves for seats, tables and beds. It is covered with soft, sweet-smelling mats, made from grasses or vegetable fiber, and on these the family sleep. In such a warm climate bed covering at night is not needed. Thus the housewife's worry about bedding is not great.

The culinary arrangements of a Malay home, while much more advanced than those of the sea islands across the straits, are primitive. Staple ar-

ticles of diet are rice, yams, eggs and fish. Cooking is done out of doors, or under a protecting shack of palm leaf in wet weather. A few primitive clay pots are the kitchen outfit. Roasting is done over live coals, and of baking there is scarcely any, since bread is not a part of the family diet.

Sweet coconut milk, from young nuts, is the chief drink of the people, and one of the first acts of entertainment when a visitor arrives is to send a boy up a tree to throw down some young nuts to supply him a drink of milk.

The Malay women are good cooks, and are specially skilled in making fiery sauces and condiments. They have all the materials for such work at hand, as the forest around them



A Malay House Near Singapore.

is rich in pepper, cloves and other spices, as well as in various sweet herbs.

The dress of the Malays consists of a sort of petticoat wound around the waist, and a tight jacket above it, fastened with buttons. The women are skilled with the needle, and make very pretty embroidery in gold and silver thread. Both men and women are fond of introducing a little gilt or color into their clothing.

Large families are common among the Malay people, and early marriages are the rule. Strangely enough, these brown men of the East are Mohammedans, their forefathers having become converts many centuries ago. Their marriage ceremony is according to that faith, though some of their ancient rites survive, as, for example, the fling down of a girl's teeth when she becomes engaged, and the dyeing of her finger nails and palms.

POSTAL JOB FOR McCLEARY.

Minnesota Congressman to Succeed Shallenberger.

Washington.—James Thompson McCleary, who succeeds W. S. Shallenberger as second assistant postmaster general, is one of the most celebrated "stand-patters" in Wash-

the Minnesota Educational association in 1893, when first elected to congress.

ON IMMIGRATION COMMISSION.

Prof. Jenks and C. P. Neill Made Civilian Members.

Washington.—Prof. John W. Jenks, of Cornell University, and Labor Commissioner Charles P. Neill who are to be appointed civilian members of the immigration commission, authorized by the last congress, are well known students of political economy. Professor Jenks is the head of the political economy department in the Ithaca college, and is said to be one of the most original and entertaining lecturers in the country. He was appointed in August, 1907, special commissioner of the war department to report upon economic questions, particularly in the English and Dutch colonies of the Orient. In his report Professor Jenks advocated a system of registration of Chinese laborers and their admission to the Philippines on the plan of a three years' contract. He is a graduate of the University of Michigan. Mr. Neill has been labor commissioner since 1905. He was born in



JAMES T. McCLEARY.
(He Will Soon Become Second Assistant Postmaster General.)

He took John Lind's seat in congress when Lind's Minnesota district repudiated him for supporting free silver during the first Bryan campaign.

McCleary gained national fame when Speaker Thomas B. Reed selected him to answer Congressman Towne, who had made a brilliant speech in favor of the 16 to 1 doctrine.

He brought in a lot of maps and figures, just as Towne had; he took a ruler and pointed out this date, that price, the other condition of the country, and he did it for several hours. That speech had the largest circulation of any sent out by the Republican committee in 1896 and Gen. O. O. Howard is authority for the statement that Mr. McCleary believed that, next to the efforts of Mark Hanna, he owed most to McCleary's great argument on the silver question.

Congressman McCleary is a man of intense and radical convictions. He believes in a high tariff that is really high. He has fought the Massachusetts revisionists at every turn. He is author of a bill providing a maximum and minimum tariff. This would allow the president to enforce the maximum rates against countries that discriminated against America. He would take the Dingley schedule as the minimum and in speaking of a tariff war with Germany said he would advance these duties 25 per cent.

Congressman McCleary was born in Ingersoll, Ont., in 1853. He attended McGill university in Montreal. He taught school in Wisconsin. He became professor of history in the Minnesota Normal and was president of



PROF. J. W. JENKS.
(One of Newly Appointed Civilian Members of Immigration Commission.)

Rock Island, Ill., and was educated at the University of Notre Dame, University of Texas, Georgetown college and the University of Chicago. He has been a social settlement worker in the stockyards district, vice president of the board of charities of the District of Columbia, assistant recorder of the anthracite strike commission and professor of political economy in the Catholic university at Washington. Mr. Neill gained wide reputation as assistant recorder of the commission that arbitrated the differences between the anthracite coal operators and the striking miners.

Never stand too high to listen to advice.

The Ord Quiz

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If unpaid year after year, \$2.

Advertising Rates.

| | Wk | Mo | Year |
|------------------------------|------|-------|--------|
| Less than 5 inches, per inch | 25 | 75 | 5.00 |
| 5 to 10 inches, per inch | 30 | 90 | 5.00 |
| 10 to 15 inches, per inch | 3.00 | 9.00 | 80.00 |
| 15 to 20 inches, per inch | 4.00 | 12.00 | 125.00 |

A month is four insertions.
Want locals 5 cents a line.
Regular locals 10 cents a line.
Black locals 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin or end at any time. Notices to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All subscriptions are received with the express understanding that the subscriber may continue until the subscriber notifies the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

No Nebraska legislature ever went home with a better record of good work done than the legislature which adjourned last week.

A tornado in Louisiana last Friday destroyed much property and killed several people, among them three inmates of the insane asylum.

Some of the congressional visitors just returned from Panama say the excavation will be finished in five years. Those who see what is going on at the isthmus are the most optimistic.

The Omaha Bee is not in accord with the law preventing brewers to have an interest in retail saloon business or in the building in which a saloon is kept. But the Bee was never in favor of anything that in any way hindered the saloon interests.

Among other commendable acts of the recent legislature we cannot help but refer to the passage of senate file number 76 which passed the house Wednesday by a vote of 67 to 21. This bill prevents brewers from engaging in the retail liquor business or owning any interest in building in which a saloon is located. It is not necessary for us to remark in passing that Valley county's representative voted on the right side on this measure.

Once in a while you run across a poor man who is continually planning some new method of getting rich in a minute. He is never satisfied with the work in which he is engaged, and never thinks of trying to get a start on the road to affluence by keeping his expenses a notch below his income. He dreams of easy money obtained in a thousand different ways and gets some enjoyment anticipating what he will do to make home happy when his ship comes in. The chances are he will spend his last days in the poor house, but he never will cease to dream until he enters the dreamless sleep.—Bixby in State Journal.

There is no disposition among the people at large to mourn over the failure of the state university to pull its usual fat appropriation out of the legislature. The present session has shown no hostility, nor even indifference, toward the cause of education, as the record will prove. On the contrary, measures calculated to strengthen every high school in the state have been passed, and interest in the university should blind no one to the fact that the high school is the most important factor in our educational system. Under a free high school law every child is given an opportunity to secure a good practical education, but only a small proportion can ever hope to enjoy the advantages of university training, and these generally come from the families of the well-to-do who are amply able to pay for the special privileges

they desire. With all due respect to higher education, we believe that the policy of the legislature in strengthening the high schools and letting the university take care of itself to a certain extent is correct, and that it will meet the approval of every disinterested citizen.—Aurora Republican.

There is an unquestioned scarcity of laborers of all kinds, not excepting the common laborer. The latter are now getting wages, that were during the Cleveland times considered high wages for skilled laborers. The logic of all this is that the man who can invent a labor saving machine is doing the world a good turn.

The lunacy commission, which had in charge the question of the sanity of Harry Thaw, has reported a verdict that Thaw is now sane. This commission did not have the question before them of the sanity of the murderer at the time of the commission of his crime.

An American squadron was landed on the Honduras coast for the purpose of preventing the bombardment of the city. This was done for the purpose of protecting the foreign interests, whose property would be destroyed or damaged by shelling the city.

A stenographer for E. H. Harriman has, been arrested for offering for sale a private letter of the great railroad magnate. The letter in question was the one which called forth from the president the statement that Harriman had told a willful untruth.

The late Silent Smith was worth \$1,000,000 when informed that he had inherited \$50,000,000 more. He continued to say nothing, and his biographers are unable to discover that he sawed any wood.

Jamestown's Pike will be called the Warpath. It is a mile long, and the cost of getting thoroughly scalped will be about \$80.

As a congressman Mr. Hearst occupied his seat two days in a session of seventy-one days. Mr. Hearst's idea of official duty is a lively sense of favors to come.

Mr. Bryan seems to have overlooked the fact that the habit of voting against him may be as fixed as his own habit of trying it again.

The Fourth of July. Look here! Shoes repaired free virtually. Why? Because each 25c is credited to you on a new pair of shoes at the City Shoe Shop.

Card of Thanks. We wish to express our thanks to those who so kindly assisted us in the sickness, death and burial of our beloved wife, mother, daughter and sister. N. R. Sinkler and family. Mrs. J. F. Chubbuck and family.

Ord Market Top—Prices

| |
|-------------------------------|
| Wheat, spring 56c, winter 56c |
| Barley 25c. |
| Rye, 46c. |
| Oats, 33c. |
| Corn, 28c. |
| Popcorn, \$1.60 |
| Potatoes, 50c |
| Butter, 20c. |
| Eggs, 12c |
| Hens, 8c. |
| Hogs, \$5.90 |

Baled Hay

I will have three carloads of first class Loup Valley Hay in Ord for delivery on

Thursday Friday and Saturday of this week. Price \$9.50 per ton. Should weather be unfavorable I will not arrive until one week later. GEO. H. CRAMER, St. Paul, Neb.

More Local News

Mrs. F. J. Bell went to Greeley Monday morning.

Typewriter ribbons in stock at the Quiz office.

It will soon be time to push the lawn mower again.

The proprietors of the Domestic Kitchen make a specialty of serving Sunday dinners. Price 25 cents.

Cora Dowhower was in the city over Sunday, returning to work at North, Loup Monday morning.

Representative J. P. Baird returned from Lincoln last Friday evening, his legislative duties at the state capital being at an end, for the time being at least.

The Aid Society of the Methodist church will hold its next regular meeting with Mrs. Hull on Wednesday afternoon, March 10. All interested are invited to be present.

Fred Hallock and his friend Roy Hoover, the latter employed in a drug store in Kenesaw, went over to the Cedar this morning for a week's outing before returning to their Kenesaw home.

From reliable authority we learn that Rev. Treworgy expects at an early date to resign his position as pastor of the Unitarian church and return to Boston to make his home. His successor has not been selected at this writing.

The family milk cow at the John Beran home gave birth to a freak calf one day last week that is attracting considerable attention. The calf has neither eyes nor tail but otherwise is as healthy and frolicsome as an animal as one could wish.

Guy McMillen left yesterday morning over the Union Pacific for Centralia, Lewis county, Washington, where he has a position awaiting him. He will be employed with his uncle, Mr. Ray Brown, who is foreman in a large sawmill at that place.

While at Arcadia last week George Gard was taken sick with tonsillitis and was compelled to return before giving much attention to his practice over there. Friday and Saturday he was unable to attend to his office duties at home but is now able to be about once more.

We had our April weather in March, so if we have March weather now we ought not to complain. But we are not going to have bad weather this month. Spring is coming right along and we will have fruit and abundant crops. If this prophecy proves false it won't be our fault.

At the recent election Broken Bow went dry by a majority of 106 votes. The people of Broken Bow have been traveling along under a dry administration now for three or four years and with the result of an ever increasing majority for that ticket. Broken Bow folks know a good thing when they enjoy its benefits.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. The place to buy grub. New line of Heinz's preserves in cherries, raspberry and strawberry. Canned pineapple in cubes, just the thing for fruit salads. Large bottle ketchup, 15 cents. Rice, 5 cents. Prunes 5 cents. Canned corn, 5 cents. Baby chick food. Fresh lettuce, onions and radishes now in season.

S. J. Dixon has filed his application with the city clerk of Burwell asking for the privilege of running a saloon in that town the coming year. We are informed that owing to his inability to secure a location here for saloon purposes that he expects to move his establishment to Burwell if he can secure the proper permit from the authorities of that town.

Another Shipment . .

764 Bolts of Wall Paper

Just received. All new patterns. 81 patterns now to select from. A fair paper for 9c a bolt. A nice paper with gift in for 10c a bolt. A big range of good papers 15 to 18c a bolt. Our very best paper for 36c a bolt and its as good as others charge 50 to 60c for. We sell the walls, ceiling and border all at the same price.

For 81c we will sell you enough paper to cover a common size room. You will save money if you buy your wall paper at

The Baileys' Dept. STORE

Desiring to be sure as to the reason for the failure of the electric lights to burn on Main street by the Murschel and Milford residences we called up Mr. Crawford this morning and asked the reason. His reply was that they were not being paid for. We admitted that it was a good reason, to which Mr. Crawford replied that if we would pay for the lights he would start them up again. We promptly accepted the offer. Mr. Crawford hung up the receiver with the promise that he would "think about it." Now if those lights do not start up tonight you may know that the reason for their not starting is that he does not want to show them in the face of the gas lights. Start 'em up, Mr. Crawford.

Superintendent Howe returned from York last Saturday evening where he had accompanied the Ord contestants in the district declamatory and debating contest. There were ten schools represented in both the debating and declamatory class, the Ord schools being represented in the former by Archie Coombs and in the latter by Ethel Newbecker. The Geneva high school captured first place in the declamatory contest while the judges awarded the second place to Ord's contestant. Superintendent Howe had no objections to offer to the findings of the judges but thought that Ord should have been first in one of the contests.

We would like to show you our sample line of 1907 calendars if you intend to put out any next year. We have this year a little the best line that we have ever been able to show before, and when you are buying them from us remember that you are not paying the expenses of a traveling salesman on your order. We guarantee that our prices are at least from ten to twenty-five per cent lower on the same line of goods than you will have to pay the traveling calendar man. Just call us up over the phone and we will deliver the samples at your door and you can take your own time in making your selections.

Eleven dogs were counted sporting about on the bright, green grass in the court house yard Monday morning and of this number one was properly tagged. Not quite sixteen to one but almost.

Miss Essie Kemp went to Scotia Monday for a short visit with relatives.

Editor Davis went down the road toward North Loup this morning.

The Ord Independent Telephone Company has taken contracts for 115 phones since March 1.

Word comes to us that T. J. Nethery is very sick, having taken down with appendicitis last Friday. The doctor thinks his chances for recovery are not at all flattering.

According to the Arcadia Champion that town is going after a new school building of sufficient size to accommodate the rapidly growing number of pupils in the district.

Catholic church services were conducted in the Episcopal church Sunday morning and evening. Father Rose, of St. Paul conducted the meeting and was ably assisted by members of the St. Paul choir.

E. M. S. Mickey, state examiner, son of Ex-Governor Mickey is in the city looking after the affairs of the Ord State Bank. Without doubt things look good to him about the records of this strong institution.

Charley Partridge recently returned from a trip to his claim up near Dunning. We learn that Charley is having some trouble in making final proof on his claim as contest proceedings have been started by parties who think they have a better right to the property.

Presiding Elder L. H. Shumate writes us that the supplies for the Ord and Springdale pulpits for the balance of April are as follows: Rev. D. C. Hopson of Trinity church of Kearney April 14; Rev. Geo. P. Trites of Lexington April 21; Rev. Dr. Abbott of the First church of Kearney April 28.

In addition to the holding of services at the Episcopal chapel last Sunday, Father Joseph Rose, the priest of St. Paul, Nebraska, held a meeting of the Catholic families and their friends and a movement was set on foot to raise funds for establishing a Catholic organization here with a building for the purposes of the church. The committee report a generous response. Ord is one of the few places of this size in the state which has no Catholic organization and it may be set down as settled that there will be one here pretty soon.

One Penitent Among Them. In a rare pamphlet bearing the imprint "Printed by H. Haines, at Mr. Francklin's, in Russell-street, Covent-garden, 1733," is given a short history of the prime ministers in Great Britain. Details are given of the history of trusted ministers of the sovereign from Odo, bishop of Bayeux, William the Conqueror's servant, down to the Duke of Buckingham of James I.'s time. The pamphleteer sums up the fate of thirty-one prime ministers in the following fashion:
Died by the Halter 1
Ditto by the Axe 10
Ditto by Strangely BEGGARS 2
Ditto untimely by private Hands 2
Ditto in Imprisonment 4
Ditto in Exile 4
Ditto Penitent 4
Saved by sacrificing their Masters 4

—London News.

Couldn't Wait a Minute.

A Pittsburg man who suddenly acquired riches was desirous of purchasing a fast horse. He went to a dealer, who sold him an animal and guaranteed that he could trot a mile in 2:10. He took his purchase home and the next day drove down to the track to try him. Much to his disgust, the best horse could do was a mile in 3:10. He returned to the dealer in a rage and said: "You told me this horse could trot a mile in 2:10. He can't go a mile better than 3:10." The dealer looked at him a minute and said: "Well, what of that? Are you in such a terrible hurry you can't wait a minute?"—Exchange.

In April \$135,000,000 in dividends and interest will be paid in the United States to holders of stocks and bonds. Prosperity indications outside of stock watering circles are about as usual.

LET HIM GO!

One of my customers has the southern fever, and has decided to offer his Valley Co. land at \$1000 less than value in order to get the cash. His farm is a dandy combination, 175 acres of good farm land and 145 acres of good pasture fenced, new house, crib, granary, stable, well, windmill and tanks, 7 miles from town, and you can buy it for \$8500. Let me show it to you.

WANT A CATTLE RANCH?

Here is one hard to beat, 160 acres good farm land, deeded, 5 miles from town, for a home place, with 60 plowed, forty more good to plow, 15 timber. Pasture 12 miles away, consists of 560 acres school land, fenced with 3 wires and cedar posts, well grassed, watered by river. Pasture lease has 22 years to run, and costs \$38 per year. The deeded land and the lease will be sold together for \$6500, half cash. Buy this and take care of the stock it will carry, and you will soon be a rich man. Do you want to try it? J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

WANT COLUMN

HORSES WANTED:—Harper Bros. will be at McMinder's Barn Saturday for the purpose of buying horses.

FOR SALE:—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 2-1f

FOR SALE—A medium size fire proof safe as good as new. L. D. Bailey & Sons.

WANTED:—To rent a good saddle horse two evenings weekly. Will pay reasonable price for each. Telephone 352.

FOR SALE:—Three acres of ground, a good house, three rooms; chicken coop; good well. For \$1,300 cash. Arthur Thompson, Boelus, Neb. 3-4pd

I wish to place my 11-year-old son with a good family, farmer preferred. The boy is well behaved, willing to work and was raised on a farm. I want him to go to school at least 6 months in the year. Will make suitable arrangements. Phone or call at Burwell. C. R. Hutchins. 2-4t

POCKETBOOK LOST in Ord Saturday morning. Finder please leave at Quiz office.

PLASTERING sand and coarse gravel, price \$1.00 a yard delivered. G. W. Butcher & Son. 2-4f

SOME fine evergreens, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 51-4f

FOR RENT:—A house close to the high school. Enquire Mrs. Mattley. 52-4f

HOGS:—Will be in Elvira every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52-

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whitely.

EGGS:—Crescent strain B. P. R. eggs, \$1 for 15; \$5 for 100. Phone F. 14 or R. F. D. No. 2. Mrs. Jake Peterson.

MY RESIDENCE for sale; house and eight choice lots in West Ord. S. A. Stacy. 51-4f

PASTURE for cattle on the Ed Ehler farm north of Ord. Good hill pasture and plenty of water. \$1.50 for the season. 4f

R. C. Williams sells incubators, The Old Trusty kind. Call at Williams' harness shop or phone. He will do you good. Some books left yet. 50-

FOR RENT—Two room cottage. Close in. City water. Mrs. Hall.

WANTED—Horses to pasture. \$3.00 for the season. On the old Blessing ranch. H. C. Thusen. 461f

QUIT your renting, when you can buy land cheaper than rent. For further particulars enquire of W. W. Haskell, or E. Hurlbert. 42-4f

SPRING WAGON for sale. Inquire at Bassett's barn. 31f

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Adamek has filed with the city clerk of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malted, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the city of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original town-site of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the first day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, city clerk.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

H. C. Spaulding was in the city last Saturday.

Steve Weare was over from Greeley the first of the week.

Mrs. Harry Crawford and children went to St. Paul last Saturday morning.

E. J. Clements of Lincoln arrived in the city Friday night on a short business trip.

Charles Siler is having an addition built onto the west side of his residence in the northwest part of town.

W. L. McMullen, the Burwell banker, was visiting friends and attending to some business in Ord last Friday.

Mrs. S. A. Parks returned from Greeley Friday night, where she had been visiting for a couple of days.

Roy Work is now working in the drug department of the new Hub department store in Burwell, having commenced upon his duties early last week.

Mesdames W. B. Keown and Harvey Potter were in Burwell Friday evening as guests of the Rebekah lodge recently instituted there. They returned home Saturday morning.

Before an impartial judge and jury it can be easily proved that guaranteed Bradley & Vrooman paint is the best and largest protection for your property. Sold by F. J. Dworak. 3-2

George Ludington Jr. departed Monday morning for Idaho where he will look over the country for a few days. If he finds a suitable location in that state he will move there permanently.

Bert Hoffmaster visited relatives in Ord over Sunday. He is now employed as traveling agent for an insurance company with headquarters at Omaha. He returned to his labors in the eastern part of the state Monday morning.

Mrs. L. C. Moul of York county is a guest at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. A. Hager, having arrived last Wednesday. Before returning home she and Mrs. Hager intend to visit the George Scott family in Taylor for a couple of days.

On account of ill health N. K. Redlon could not serve as deputy assessor so W. H. Rood was appointed to serve in Mr. Redlon's place. Herman will soon be around to ask you all sorts of questions and to make you fess up as to how much you are worth in this world's goods. —North Loup Loyalist.

The east bound passengers who boarded the B. & M. last Saturday morning at Burwell were given a surprise about five minutes before the train was due to start. The smokestack on the top of the engine house was discovered to be on fire and burning pretty briskly, and a prolonged note from the whistle speedily called quite a crowd to the scene. After considerable difficulty the smokestack was pulled down with ropes and the safety of the structure assured. The passengers, who had all rushed to the fire and watched the efforts to quench it while standing in a rain, then boarded the train and proceeded on their journey. The train arrived in Ord about forty minutes behind time.

J. F. Colby and W. S. Waters departed for the west Monday morning, Boise City Idaho, being their destination. From Boise they expect to go up into the mountains on a prospecting expedition and have made their plans to be away from Ord until next fall. Both are interested in mining properties in the vicinity of Boise that are quite promising and a good share of their time will be taken up in assisting in the development of these properties. They promise to let Quiz readers know at a later date something about that western country.

Joe and John Totsy, the former a barber lately in the employ of Mr. Fay on the west side of the square, accompanied their mother to Omaha last Wednesday morning, where she will undergo an operation in one of the hospitals. Mrs. Totsy has been suffering for some time with an abscess, and if she finds herself benefited there she may conclude to make Omaha her permanent home. The Totsys formerly lived northwest of Elyria, although Joe worked at his trade in Omaha for some months before coming to Ord.

Joe Nedbalek, whom many Ord people remember as a harness maker who worked for Frank Misko two or three years ago, was in town over Sunday. He came up from Wolbach Saturday evening, where he is running a shop of his own, as well as being associated with his brother in the running of the best hotel in town. His friends will be glad to learn of his success. He returned home Monday forenoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Still have been entertaining their Ord friends this week, among them being Mrs. A. C. Johnson and little son, Miss Goodhand and niece, Grace Williams and Catherine Blessing.—Scotia Register.

Don't forget that the Smiths make a specialty of serving Sunday dinners. Price 25 cents.

Paint Now!!



TIME to Paint. Make your buildings bright and clean this Spring. We have the best and most economical paint for you to use.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT, PREPARED, the paint that spreads farthest, wears longest, looks best. Made of purest materials. A record of forty years of good paint making behind it.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PAINTS IN THE WORLD

We carry a full line of these Good Paints.

The price is
\$1.65
a gallon

To go with this good paint, we keep the Woodman brand linseed oil. It's the best there is. The price is

60c
a gallon

The Baileys' Dept. Store

Ord's Biggest, Busiest and Best Trading Place.



Will it Spread?

There is no other paint, either prepared or hand made from lead and oil, that will spread as well under the brush and cover as much surface to the gallon as

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT.

Figure 300 square feet, two coats, to the gallon and you'll probably have some paint left over.

There are many other good points in its favor. Ask us about them.

SOLD BY

Will Gruber went to St. Paul Monday morning.

Frank Koupal was transacting business in Greeley yesterday.

School commenced again Monday morning after a week's vacation.

Remember the mass meeting of the alumni of the Ord high school at the court house Friday night.

Smith's Sunday dinners are popular with all who dine out on Sunday. Try them. Price 25 cents.

An inch of rain Saturday night and the grass grew an inch, inch-en-a-half or two inches as a result of the shower.

Miss Addie Cornwell returned to her school duties in Ord last Saturday after a week's vacation at her Burwell home.

Miss Waite, one of the teachers in the Ord schools, came up from that place Monday evening to spend her vacation with her friend, Miss Adelaide Cornwell. —Burwell Tribune.

The Ord folks attending the district declamatory contest at York tell us that they were all entertained in handsome style at the Frank Lloyd home during their stay in that town.

Nine years ago the First M. E. church at Morning Sun, Iowa, was painted with Bradley & Vrooman paint. Repainting was not required till seven years later. Sold by F. J. Dworak.

A. C. Johnson drove down from Burwell Sunday morning, where he had been for several days boosting his piano contest and attending to other business in his line. He is meeting with good success.

Mrs. Norton of Valley county, who has been assisting her sister, Mrs. Bergrude, in the care of the husband of the latter went home early this week. Mr. Bergrude continues in about the same condition that he has been for some time.—University Place News.

The presiding elder of this conference is sick at Omaha with appendicitis and was unable to procure a preacher for the Methodist people last Sunday. The consequence was that the customary audience of that church scattered about to the other places of worship.

Rev. M. A. Wimberley is not at all improved by his trip to Colorado and is going down in Oklahoma to try that climate for a while. His brother John is planning to go down there and get in reach of him to render him any brotherly help he may.

Dayt Auble says he guesses he has not forgotten how to raise pigs by reason of living in town a few years. From six sows he has 51 pigs, all with large appetites. One sow had 16 pigs and saved an even dozen of them.

A. L. Auble of Garfield, Lincoln county, is here on a visit with his brother, W. L. D. Auble. He came last Saturday and thinks he will have Dayt pumped dry by this morning, in which event he will return then for home.

Misses Ruth Williams and Cosa Haskell returned to their studies at University Place Monday. Winifred Haskell did not come home, having work to do in Egypt at Lincoln during the vacation.

N. O. White was a passenger to Grand Island Monday morning.

One of the saloon applicants tells us that there will be four saloons in Ord again this year.

If you have some printing to be done, bring it around to the Quiz office. We will do it to your taste and the price will suit you.

The ice cream and soft drink vendors are getting their soda fountain apparatus in shape for the summer demand for liquid coldness.

Sunday dinners at the regular price is one of our specialties. A quarter of a dollar satisfies us; the dinner satisfies you. Smith's Domestic Kitchen.

Bert Barnes has decided that he has had enough railroading and has accordingly returned to his old job with Cornell Bros. The wreck in which he figured at Lexington some fortnight ago settled railroading for him.

People both in town and country are telling us nice things about the semi-weekly project. We are about convinced that the readers will like it, and if it proves profitable to do so, or in other words if we can afford to keep it going, the feature will be permanent.

Mrs. A. M. Finley, who has been ill with dropsy for some time, was relieved by the doctors in charge last Saturday by being tapped. A large quantity of fluid was drawn away and the good woman showed marked improvement at once. This is not a cure, of course, but it will prolong her life and relieve her of a great deal of suffering.

At the session of the city council last Thursday evening the board tacked several severe conditions upon the proposition to grant a franchise to the Ord Electric Light & Power Company and then by a vote of two to two defeated the proposition altogether. When one remembers with what ease and freedom this same council granted to the Crawford combination several franchises including light, power, telegraph and telephone rights and all with practically no restrictions, one is almost forced to admit that Crawford had some brass collars which he is using with freedom. They first gave to the Crawford combination a club to beat the telephone company with and when the telephone people asked for a weapon to fight fair with this council turned the request down. Does this mean that Crawford owns that council?

Harold Parks, who has been employed with the Hicks Drug Company, of Sargent, during the past year, arrived in this city Saturday evening on a two weeks' furlough. He will visit here with relatives and friends until the coming Saturday, when he leaves for Sutton, this state, where he spends the balance of his vacation.

Wesley Bartos, who has been living in the west part of town for several months, moved last Thursday onto the farm owned by Charles Smith eight miles northwest of town, which he will farm the coming season.

Rev. W. N. Halsey and Mr. William Aldrich went to Lexington this morning to attend the presbytery of the church.

A Simple Paint Problem

Hammer Paint is put up in condensed form, consisting of pure lead and pure zinc. One gallon of Hammer Paint and one gallon of pure raw linseed oil makes two gallons of mixed paint costing \$2.50. In a one-gallon can of Hammer Condensed Paint, is a Painter's tag which, when returned to us, is worth 15 cents. This taken from \$2.50 leaves \$2.35 for two gallons of heavy mixed paint, guaranteed for five years. Any practical painter will tell you that paint will live only as long as the oil in it lives. Oil is the life of paint; dead oil, dead paint. One gallon of Hammer Condensed Paint and one gallon of pure fresh raw linseed oil make two gallons of the best paint. Remember you get a written guarantee. Come in and we will explain the proposition to you and refer you to people who have tried it. They will tell you what it is.

Try us for your paint and machine oil. We can please you.

THE CITY PHARMACY

Mamie Siler's new building. Ord, Nebraska. Phone 63.

O. P. Luse, Ph. G., Manager

The Ord Quiz.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Friday, April 12, 1907.

Vol. 26, No. 4

LOWE BROTHERS
"HIGH STANDARD"
PAINTS
GIVE BEST RESULTS

"HOW TO PAINT" will tell why.



Know
Paint
Before
You
Buy
Paint

Cornell's
HARDWARE IMPLEMENT HOUSE

Paint to give results must be purchased and put on intelligently. You must have a good painter—there is no quality in paint that will replace his skilled knowledge—experienced judgment. But the quality of paint used is a vitally important consideration to your purse and your pride.

You want the paint that has the greatest covering power, spreading capacity, beauty, wearing quality. In meeting all these requirements—

Lowe Brothers "High Standard" Paint
Gives Best Results

We have sold a CARLOAD each year for the past three years.
This ought to be evidence enough to satisfy YOU that it is the best to buy. For sale only at

NEWS NOTES OVER THE COUNTY

Rosevale Items.

The new postoffice is making fine progress.

Mrs. F. H. Hallock is on the sick list this week.

Lottie Woods is slightly improving after a week's illness.

William Marlow was a caller in our neighborhood last Sunday.

Fern Cunningham is staying with Mrs. Frank Moorman this week.

The Rosevale store appeared to be the center of attraction Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Haskell of Ord called on the Wood store in Rosevale Friday of last week.

Fred Hallock and Roy Hoover, of Kenesaw, are visiting the former's brothers in Rose Valley.

Rev. S. L. Flowers is a carpenter now a days, doing inside finishing work on the parsonage.

The Doran Ranch buildings are undergoing repairs preparatory for the home coming of "Mell" and wife.

Dan Smith spends all his leisure hours in Ericson, helping his son Dannie prepare for the opening of his new store Saturday, April 13.

Poplar Grove People.

A nice rain fell last Saturday which was just what we needed. Winter wheat is looking fine.

Lucy Klema is working for Mrs. Waldmann.

Mr. and Mrs. Tvrdivk visited their daughter Mrs. Vanek last Sunday.

The recent hard frosts are certainly doing damage to the budding fruit trees.

J. Holoun is building a fine new house which will be a great improvement to his premises and locality.

The dance at the Woodmen hall is reported to have been well attended in spite of the threatening weather.

Ign. Klema is a possessor of a couple swarms of bees which he bought of Mr. Cech. Bees are getting more popular than they used to be.

District 50.

School is again in session.

Farming is in full blast, and some rain to cheer us on.

We don't see how you can afford to give double measure on your paper, and we hope people will appreciate your generosity.

All who admire good roads should see the half mile Caldwell graded, at his own expense, on the county line. It is not a public road. Let's all go and do likewise.

A pleasant surprise party at Mr. and Mrs. Laudon's home last Friday evening. All seemed to have a good time. As usual on such occasions, it took some cute engineering to keep the secret until the right moment.

Ida Items.

The Butts boys dehorned cattle the first of the week.

Mrs. Craig visited Mrs. Mick-elwait, of Ord, last Thursday.

M. B. Goodenow was a passenger to Ord one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Meyers spent last Saturday night in Burwell.

Mrs. Goodenow visited her sister, Mrs. Smith, in Ord Monday.

A. H. Meyers has begun assessing the people in this township.

Messrs. Spaulding and Harding passed last Sunday on their way to the Bloody. They have gone to Rock county to look after their cattle, which were wintered there.

Springdale Notes.

O. R. Hansen's spent Sunday with Jack Hansen.

George McLain has rented part of his farm to Mr. Vodehnal.

The eighth grade are familiarizing themselves with infinitives this week.

The seventh and eighth grade had a test on the "Battle of Blenheim" Monday.

To a great extent we have our destiny in our own hands and we make of it what we will.

Classification of the different classes of quotations together with punctuation of the same has occupied the attention of the third, fourth and fifth language this week.

Mrs. Hawkins departed for Omaha Thursday morning returning Saturday evening.

The rain which fell in gentle showers Saturday and Sunday was hailed with great joy by all.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Van Wie, Mrs. Timmerman and daughter, Fern, were at Will Stanton's Sunday.

W. N. Hawkins shipped stock to Omaha last Wednesday. Before returning home he made a trip to Missouri.

The seventh grade will take up their new advanced grammar texts, Steps in English Book II., soon.

Things are on the quiet order this week in our community. Everybody seems to be planning for spring work.

A good time is reported to have been enjoyed at the aid society held at the John McLain home last Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. VanWie and children are visiting with relatives for a few days previous to their departure to Oklahoma, where they anticipate making their new home.

Rain at this season of the year puts the ground in excellent condition. The farmers who had their early oats sown previous to this especially feel like shaking hands with themselves on account of their good fortune.

Minnie Kipling, who has been attending school at Springdale for the past few weeks, has discontinued her school work. She has returned to her home near Fort Hartsuff. We regret very much that she has been compelled to leave us as we enjoy having her with us very much.

The Primary Law.

When candidates for county and state offices come to be named this year and succeeding years, the voters of Nebraska will go to the polls and register their preferences for candidates for each office. The candidate for a nomination will submit his claims and make his promises to the man in the fields, on the street, in the shops, for the decision of these men will be final.

The citizen with an ambition to serve the public in an official capacity will have to go before the people and convince them of his fitness. Every man will be a boss, his own boss. No man will be the boss in the old sense of controlling the distribution of offices.

This in a word, is the meaning of the new direct primary law. The act agreed upon gives a genuine direct primary. Very many of the best friends of direct nominations would have liked it better with the party test eliminated, some claiming that it disfranchises the independent voter; but this objection is a question of principle rather than practice. So long as the president of the United States is elected by the people and exerts his present great powers, government in the United States must be by parties. The only way a citizen can enfranchise himself, therefore, in any case is by exerting his influence in the control of parties, and then voting independently at the

polls. There is nothing to prevent this in the direct primary law as now passed. It may offend the voter of independent leanings to have to announce formally a party affiliation, but he can afford to overcome these scruples for the sake of the influence in public affairs which direct nominations give him. After awhile they may be able to improve the law to their liking.

When time has thrown its perspective upon the work of the legislature of 1906 this law is fairly sure to stand out as the master gift of a legislature that has been rich in achievement. Not that the direct primary insures perfect government or even good government.

Nothing but a good and perfect people can do that; but it does insure a government by the intelligence, honesty and civic spirit of the Nebraska people. What more can they ask or desire?—State Journal.

Stray.

Taken up on the subscriber's enclosed premises a black bull yearling with white face and has horns. On the Bill Hill place seven miles west of Ord, James Sibal. 4-6t.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Barnes last Saturday night.

Fax Hughes is just recovering from an attack of appendicitis. He was taken sick Monday and so is making a quick run for his money.

There was a meeting of the Loup Valley Medical Association Tuesday evening in which papers were read and questions discussed. Dr. Grothan was in the city that evening and was therefore a guest of honor for the occasion.

HORSE SALE

The undersigned, having more stock than they can handle, will sell at the

Blue Barn, in Ord

ON

Saturday, April 20

commencing at 2 o'clock sharp:

TWENTY YOUNG HORSES

Consisting of three span of heavy matched Clydes, two years old; one, matched span of gray Percherons, two and three years old; one matched span of dark grey mares; one matched span of sorrel road bred colts, two years old. The six teams above mentioned are extra good quality, and broke to harness. One sorrel mare, two years old, weight 1,000; four road bred colts; three draft suckling colts.

TERMS OF SALE:—Eight months' time given at ten per cent. interest.

BAILEY BROS.

Clark Lamberton, Auctioneer; E. M. Williams, Clerk

Stick Pins

Better call and look them over.

Dozens of new patterns in both stone and seguet.

Swastika in sterling and gold, 35c and 50c.

PARKINS

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST

BY HARRY LEON WILSON

CHAPTER XVIII.—Continued.
 Joel Rae found himself believing that he could now have been a fiercer Lion of the Lord than Brigham was; for he would have fought, while Brigham was stooping to petty strategies—as if God were needing to rely upon deceit.

Late in June the army of Johnston descended Emigration canyon, passed through the streets of the city and camped on the River Jordan. But, to the deep despair of one observer, these invaders committed no depredation or overt act. After resting offensively two days on the Jordan, they marched 40 miles south to Cedar valley, where Camp Floyd was established.

Thus, no one fully comprehending how it had come about, peace was seen suddenly to have been restored. The people, from Brigham down, had been offered a free pardon for all past treasons and seditions if they would return to their allegiance to the Federal government; the new officers of the Territory were installed, sons of perdition in the seats of the Lord's might; and sermons of wrath against Uncle Sam ceased for the moment to resound in the tabernacle. Early in July, Brigham ordered the people to return to their homes. They had offered these as a sacrifice, even as Abraham had offered Isaac, and the Lord had caught them a timely ram in the thicket.

In the midst of the general rejoicing, Joel Rae was overwhelmed with humiliation and despair.

Off to the south was the desert. There he could be alone; there face God and his own conscience and have his inmost soul declare the truth about himself. In his sadness he would have liked to lead the people with him, lead them away from some evil, some falsity that had crept in about them; he knew not what it was nor how it had come, but Zion had been defiled. Something was gone from the Church, something from Brigham, something from himself—something, it almost seemed, even from the God of Israel. When the summer waned, his plan was formed to go to one of the southern settlements to live. Brigham had approved. The Church needed new blood there.

He rode out of the city one early morning in September, facing to the south over the rolling valley that lay between the hills now flaunting their first autumn colors. He was in haste to go, yet fearful of what he should meet there.

CHAPTER XIX.

The Blood on the Page.

Along the level lane between the mountain ranges he went, a lane that runs almost from Bear creek on the north to the Colorado on the south, with a width of 20 miles or so. But for Joel Rae it became a ride down the valley of lost illusions. Some saying grace of faith was gone from the people. He passed through sturdy little settlements, bowered in gardens and orchards, and girded about by now fertile acres where once had been the bare, gray desert. Slowly, mile by mile, the Saints had pushed down the valley, battling with the Indians and the elements for every acre of land they gained. Yet it seemed to him now that he had achieved but a mere Godless prosperity. They had worked a miracle of abundance in the desert—but of what avail? For the seal of their faith was gone. He felt or heard the proof of it on every hand.

Through Battle Creek, Provo, and Springville he went; through Spanish Fork, Payson, Salt Creek, and Fillmore. He stopped to preach at each place, but he did it perfunctorily, and with shame for himself in his secret heart. Some impalpable essence of spirituality was gone from himself and from the people. He felt himself wickedly agreeing with a pessimistic elder at Fillmore, who remarked: "I tell you what, Brother Rae, it seems like when the Book of Mormon goes again the Constitution of the United States, there's sure to be hell to pay, and the Saints allus has to pay it." He could not tell the man in words of fire, as once he would have done, that they had been punished for lack of faith.

The next evening he reached Cedar City. Memories of this locality began to crowd back upon him with torturing clearness; especially of the morning he had left Hamblin's ranch. As he mounted his horse two of the children saved from the wagon-train had stood near him—a boy of seven and another a little older, the one who had fought so viciously with him when he was separated from the little girl. He remembered that the younger of the two boys had forgotten all but the first of his name. He had told them that it was John Calvin—something; he could not remember what, so great had been his fright; the people at the ranch, because of his forlorn appearance, had thereupon named him John Calvin Sorrow.

These two boys had watched him closely as he mounted his horse, and the older one had called to him, "When I get to be a man, I'm coming

back with a gun and kill you till you are dead yourself," and the other, little John Calvin Sorrow, had clenched his fists and echoed the threat, "We'll come back here and kill you! Mormons is worse'n Indians!"

He had ridden quickly away, not noting that some of the men standing by had looked sharply at the boys and then significantly at one another. One of those who had been present, whom he now met, told him of these two boys.

"You see, Elder, the orders from headquarters was to save only them that was too young to give evidence in a court. But these two was very forward and knowing. They shouldn't have been kept in the first place. So two men—no need of naming names—took both of them out one night. They got along all right with the little one they called John Calvin Sorrow—only the little cuss kicked and scrambled so that we both had to see to him for a minute, and when we was ready for the other, there he was at least ten rods away, a-legging it into the scrub oak. Well, they looked and looked and hunted around till daybreak, but he'd got away all right, the moon going under a cloud. They tracked him quite a ways when it come light, till his tracks run into the trail of a big band of Navajos that had been up north trading ponies and was going back south. He was the one that talked so much about you, but you needn't ever have any fear of

him. He picked the bundle up and untied it, touching the contents timidly. He took up the Bible last, and as he did so a memory flooded back upon him that sickened him and left him trembling. It was the book he had given her on her seventeenth birthday, the

one she had told him she was keeping for one way or another."

For the first time in his life that night, he was afraid to pray,—afraid even to give thanks that others were sleeping in the room with him so that he could hear their breathing and know that he was not alone.

He was up betimes to press on to the south, again afraid to pray, and dreading what was still in store for him. For sooner or later he would have to be alone in the night. Thus far since that day in the Meadows he had slept near others, whether in cabins or in camp, in some freighter's wagon or bivouacking in the snows of Echo canyon. Each night he had been conscious, at certain terrible moments of awakening, that others were near him. He heard their breathing, or in the silence a fire's light had shown him a sleeping face, the lines of a form, or an arm tossed out. What would happen on the night he found himself alone, he knew not—death, or the loss of reason.

His way lay through the Meadows, yet he hardly realized this until he was fairly on the ground in the midst of a thousand evil signs of the day. Here, a year after, were skulls and whitening bones, some in heaps, some scattered through the sage-brush where the wolves had left them. Many of the skulls were pierced with bullet holes, shattered as by heavy blows, or cleft as with a sharp-edged weapon. Even more terrifying than these were certain traces caught here and there on the low scrub oaks along the way,—children's sunbonnets, shreds of coarse lace, muslin and calico, a child's shoe, the tattered sleeve of a woman's dress—all faded, dead, whipped of him that was.

He pressed through it all with set jaws, trying to keep his eyes fixed upon the ground beyond his horse's

head; but his ears were at the mercy of the cries that rang from every thicket. Once out of it, he rode hard, for it must not come yet—his first night alone. By dusk he had reached the new settlement of Amalton, a little off the main trail in a valley of the Pine mountains. Here he sought the house where he had left the child. When he had picked his horse he went in and had brought to him,—a fresh little flower-like woman-child, with hair and eyes that told of her mother, with reminders of her mother's ways as she stood before him, a waiting poise of the head, a lift of the chin. They looked at each other in the candle-light, the child standing by the woman who had brought her, looking up at him curiously, and he not daring to touch her or go nearer. "She became uneasy and frightened at last, under his scrutiny, and when the woman would have held her from running away, began to cry, so that he gave the word to let her go. She ran quickly into the other room of the cabin, from which she called back with tears of indignation in her voice, "You're not my papa—not my real papa!"

When the people were asleep, he sat before the blaze in the big fireplace, on the hearth cleanly swept with its turkey-wing and buffalo-tail. There was to be one more night of his reprieve from solitude. The three women of the house and the man were sleeping around the room in bunks. The child's bed had been placed near him on the floor after she slept, as he had asked it to be. He had no thought of sleep for himself. He was too intensely awake with apprehension. On the floor beside his chair was a little bundle the woman had brought him,—the bundle he had found loosened by her side, that day, with the trinkets scattered about and the limp-backed little Bible lying open where it had fallen.

He picked the bundle up and untied it, touching the contents timidly. He took up the Bible last, and as he did so a memory flooded back upon him that sickened him and left him trembling. It was the book he had given her on her seventeenth birthday, the

They were illumined with a strange, terrible meaning by the blood of her hair he had loved and sworn to keep himself clean for.

He could no longer fight off the truth. It was facing him now in all its nakedness, monstrous to obscenity, demanding its due measure from his own soul's blood. He aroused himself, shivering, and looked out into the room where the shadows lay heavy, and from whence came the breathing of the sleepers. He picked up the now sputtering candle, set in its hole bored in a block of wood, and held it up for a last look at the little woman-child. He was full of an agony of wonder as he gazed, of piteous questioning why this should be as it was. The child stirred and flung one arm over her eyes as if to hide the light. He put out the candle and set it down. Then stooping over, he kissed the pillow beside the child's head and stepped lightly to the door. He had come to the end of his subterfuge—he could no longer delay his punishment.

Outside the moon was shining, and his horse moved about restlessly. He put on the saddle and rode off to the south, galloping rapidly after he reached the highway. Off there was a kindly desert where a man could take in peace such punishment as his body could bear and his soul decree; and where that soul could then pass on in decent privacy to be judged by its Maker.

CHAPTER XX.

The Picture in the Sky.

If something of the peace of the night silence came to him as he rode, he counted it only the peace of surrender and despair. He knew now that he had been cheated of all, his great long-nursed hopes of some superior exaltation. Nor this only; for he had sinned unforgivably and incurred perdition. He who had fasted, prayed, and endured, waiting for his Witness, for the spreading of the heavens and the glory of the open vision, had overreached himself and was cast down.

When at last he slowed his horse to a walk, it was the spring of the day. The moon had gone, and over on his left a soft grayness began to show above the line of the hills. The light grew until it glowed with the fire of opals; through the treetops ran little stirs of wakefulness, and all about him were faint, furtive rustlings and whispers of the new day. Then in this glorified dusk of the dawn a squirrel loosed his bark of alarm, a crested jay screamed in answer, and he knew his hour of atonement was come.

He pressed forward again toward the desert, eager to be on with it. The page with the wash of blood across it seemed to take on a new vividness in the stronger light. Under the stain, the letters of the words were magnified before his mind, and as he would that men should do to you, it seemed to him that the blood through which they came heated the words so that they burned his eyes.

An hour after daybreak the trail led him down out of the hills by a little watercourse to the edge of the desert. Along the sides of this the chaparral grew thickly, and the spring by which he halted made a little spot of green at the edge of the gray. But out in front of him was the infinite stretch of death, far sweeps of wind-furrowed sand burning under a sun made sullen red by the clouds of fine dust in the air. Sparsely over the dull surface grew the few shrubs that could survive the heat and dryness,—stunted, unlovely things of burr, spine, thorn, or saw-edged leaf,—all bent one way by the sand blown against them,—bristling cactus and crouching mesquite bushes.

In the vast open of the blue above, a vulture wheeled with sinister alertness; and far out among the dwarfed growing things a coyote skulked knowingly. The weird, phantom-like beauty of it stole upon him, torn as he was, while he looked over the dry, flat reaches. It was a good place to die in, this lifeless waste languishing under an angry sun.

At last he gave his horse water, tied the bridlerin to the horn of the saddle, headed him back over the trail to the valley and turned him loose. Then, after a long look toward the saving green of the hills, he started off through the yielding sand, his face white and haggard but hard-set. He was already weakening by fasting and loss of sleep, and the heat and dryness soon told upon him as the chill was warmed from the morning air.

When he had walked an hour, he felt he must stop, at least to rest. He looked back to see how far he had come. He was disappointed by the nearness of the hills; they seemed but a stone's throw away. If delirium came now he would probably wander back to the water.

He walked another hour, then turned, and was again disappointed—it was such a little distance; yet he knew now he must be too far out to find his way back when the madness came. So it was with a little sigh of contentment that he lay down to rest or to take what might come.

He was quite broken. Not since the long-gone night on the river-fair across from Nauvoo had tears wet his eyes. But they fell now, and from sheer, helpless grief he wept. And then for the first time in two days he prayed—this time the prayer of the publican.—

"God be merciful to me, a sinner."

Over and over he said the words, chokingly, watering the hot sands with his tears. When the paroxysm had passed, it left him, weak and prone, still faintly crying his prayer into the sand, "O God, be merciful to me, a sinner."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

IN THE PUBLIC EYE

UNEARTHED FRISCO GRAFT



William J. Burns "got the goods on 'Abe' Ruef" and other San Francisco boodlers where all others failed. When gang rule became so rotten in the Golden Gate city that the protests of decent citizens went unheeded; when graft, corruption and boodling was in vain exposed daily in the newspapers, the United States government was asked to send an officer and call an extraordinary grand jury. President Roosevelt sent Francis J. Heney with extraordinary powers. Heney wired: "I must have Burns in 'Frisco'."

Burns went to Heney's aid. Courts of San Francisco blocked their every move for months. Ruef's hold may be imagined when it is remembered that when his arrest was finally ordered no officer of the police or sheriff's forces would take him. The court had to appoint a special "Elisor" to capture the "Boss" and keep him from the police.

Burns worked with Heney all through the Oregon land fraud cases, having been transferred from his post, as chief of the secret service division of the United States treasury department to the authority of Secretary Hitchcock at that purpose.

"I will give you the best man I have," said Chief Wilkie to Hitchcock at that time.

"Do you think he is able to cope with this situation?" asked Hitchcock.

"He has never failed yet," was the laconic and impressive reply. Burns has handed every important case in his field for the government in the past 18 years and has yet to record a failure. In 1899 he ran down the Philadelphia-Lancaster counterfeiters. These men, Taylor, Bredell, Jacobs and Kendig, bought a paper mill which made treasury note paper exactly like the government's. They put out thousands of \$100 bills that were accepted at the United States treasuries. They robbed the government of \$260,000 in counterfeit silver stamps, which they used in their big cigar factory in Lancaster. It took Burns a year to get his evidence in this case, but he sent each of the counterfeiters to prison for 12 years. Burns dug up the counterfeit plates in a cemetery where Taylor's mother had buried them in her husband's grave.

HAS NEW CONSUMPTION CURE

Emil von Behring, the celebrated German bacteriologist, who discovered the anti-diphtheria serum, has created a sensation in Europe by the announcement that he has a remedy for consumption. In an article just published in the Independent, Dr. von Behring describes his discovery. Holding that consumption, whether it appears early or late in life, is in most cases "the result of germs acquired in infancy," and namely by ingestion, it is his conviction that freedom from infection can be assured only by careful feeding and healthy surroundings in early childhood. Von Behring, however, has something to offer besides means of avoiding infection.

This is his "tulaselactin." Inoculation with this remedy, it is claimed, gives immunity from the disease. Whether those suffering from phthisis can be cured or improved has not yet been determined, but, judging by many experiments on animals, Prof. von Behring is persuaded that in tulaselactin he has discovered a means of increasing the resistance of those who show a hypersensitiveness under the tuberculin test.

As a scientist and medical discoverer von Behring ranks with Pasteur and Koch. He lives on a large medical farm near Marburg; he is a professor in the University of Berlin and a personal friend of the Kaiser, who has increased his salary in order to enable him to devote his time to tuberculosis researches on a large scale. On his farm of 400 acres, Prof. Behring has no less than 400 cows, as well as several hundred horses and other animals. The enterprise costs in the neighborhood of \$30,000 a year.

When the learned medical societies have proclaimed the indisputable value of "tulaselactin," Prof. von Behring will receive the \$4,800 a year income from the Prix Lavoisier offered by the French academy for the conqueror of tuberculosis. He will also receive the \$2,000,000 set apart by a Brazilian millionaire for the same purpose.

SEES CALAMITY FOR RAILROADS



William Wilson Finley, who recently became president of the Southern railroad, is discouraged about the outlook for the big lines. The two-cent fare agitation in many states and regulation of rates by the federal authorities means ruin, he thinks.

"Legislation," he said in an interview, "intended to regulate railroads will prove to be an obstacle to their development, and will tend to make worse, instead of better, the conditions sought to be remedied."

He foresees a ruinous contest in which every state will enter into strife of greed and envy to see which can impose the heaviest penalties on the unfortunate corporations in an endeavor to secure the largest supply of cars and the best service.

William Wilson Finley has had the valuable experience of a training on roads operating under widely differing conditions. He has seen railroad service in the middle south, the southwest and the northwest, and has had the past ten years to apply the knowledge gained in other parts of the country to conditions on the Southern railway. Mr. Finley was born in Mississippi in 1853, and began railroad work when he was 20 years old as a stenographer on the New Orleans, Jackson & Great Northern, now part of the Illinois Central. During the next ten years he worked his way up on different southern roads until he was appointed assistant general freight agent of the Texas & Pacific. In 1888 he was appointed general freight agent of the Fort Worth & Denver City and other roads comprising the "Panhhandle Route," which has since been taken over by the Colorado & Southern. The next year he was made chairman of the Trans-Missouri Traffic association, and in 1890 was appointed chairman of the Western Passenger association. He spent the next three years as general traffic manager of the Great Northern, and then went to the Southern as third vice president, from which position he has risen to the post of president.

INVENTS NEW EXPLOSIVE

Hudson Maxim, the inventor of explosives, recently announced that he had perfected a new weapon which makes armor plate valueless. It is a safety detonating fuse that can pass through steel armor of any thickness and explode as far inside as the gunner wishes.

In addition he said he is now perfecting stannite, a new smokeless powder, which is not dangerous to handle. Mr. Maxim, discussing the un-defended seaboard of the United States, said:

"The tremendous expense of modern warfare makes the unprepared nation the only inviting bait. Poor old China is a good sample of what may happen to a nation unprepared to maintain its own peace by being prepared for war. We are relatively as defenseless as China. Suppose some other nation should attempt to force our hands and call our bluff? Thanks to England, she does not call the bluff."

"When the Venezuelan trouble came we put our backs up and showed our teeth. And do you know what the real truth was? Our capacity, our national capacity, for the manufacture of smokeless powder at that time was one charge for one ten-inch gun each day."

"Now as a matter of fact, on our Pacific coast we are absolutely defenseless. The Japanese have 750,000 trained veterans, and we have 50,000 veterans who spend their time in shoveling and in walking on the officers."

"It's true that we have got behind us the great American genius, but while that is getting to work the Japanese might capture the Pacific slope, land a quarter of a million troops, and occupy California. And California is rich enough in her own right to support the whole Japanese nation."



The Ord Quiz

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If unpaid year after year, \$2.

Advertising Rates.

| | Wk | Mo | Year |
|------------------------------|------|-------|--------|
| Less than 5 inches, per inch | 25 | 75 | 6.00 |
| 5 to 10 inches, per inch | 30 | 90 | 7.50 |
| 10 to 15 inches, per inch | 35 | 105 | 9.00 |
| 15 to 20 inches, per inch | 4.00 | 12.00 | 125.00 |

A month is four insertions.
Want locals 5 cents a line.
Regular Locals 10 cents a line.
Black locals 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin or end at any time. Notice to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All subscriptions are received with the express understanding that the subscription may continue until the subscriber notifies the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

The Thaw trial is ended at last. Doesn't that freeze you?

Harriman in Chairman Depew's seat! A lemon straying into a peach orchard.

Now comes the job of trying those many new laws which our recent legislature gave us.

Men who make big campaign contributions always betray a weakness by boasting of the act.

If Mr. Hearst's mud batteries were steam dredges what a record he could make in canal digging.

The recent panic was extremely well behaved. No French duel could take greater pains to prevent anybody from getting hurt.

Ex-President Cleveland told the boys at Princeton that at 70 he feels like a boy himself. It is evident that on the score of age Mr. Cleveland sees no impediment to a fourth battle.

Whenever the talk about campaign contributions is revived Judge Aton B. Parker is certain to renew his clam that he was tainted out of the presidency in 1904.

Another small island for Uncle Sam has come to the surface in Pensacola bay. It is said to be composed of mud, shells, ballast and old iron. The absence of Caribbean dynamite is gratifying.

In the absence of a wicked partner, Mr. Harriman blames a stenographer for precipitating the controversy with the president. A stenographer, however, can hardly be expected to keep a secret.

John M. Thurston, he of "dear rose, sweet rose" fame, is opposed to Roosevelt and declares that we do not want a "one-man" policy. Good enough, neither are we in favor of a "back-number" policy, which ought to be enough to keep Thurston quiet.

Maybe Harriman's stenographer did wrong in selling his employer's private letters, but he did a good service to humanity and caused a few more wrinkles on the brow of the railroad potentate. It also gave Roosevelt an opportunity to show the world how to call a man a liar without saying it.

We are pleased to note the recognition shown Mr. Clark Perkins, former editor of the St. Paul Republican and secretary of the republican state central committee. He has been chosen as secretary of the state railroad commission. Mr. Perkins was one of the many republican editors who made a fight for railroad emancipation and as secretary of the state committee was in position to carry the fight into Egypt very effectually. His appointment will be an assurance that whatever the secretary may do in the interest of justice to the public and to the railroads will be done. The salary is \$2,000 a year.

The Expenses of Public Life.
A Missouri congressman has been getting some free advertising by declaring that he saved \$10,000 out of his salary hand emouments during his first term of two years in congress. He claims to have discovered that by living at a boarding house and practicing the economies he found necessary before his election to congress, his mileage, stationery and other allowances made by a generous government enabled him to meet the demands of the cost of living without the necessity of touching his \$5,000 a year salary.

This testimony is in striking contrast with reports widely circulated of the high cost of living at the national capital and the inability of certain high-grade officials to make their salaries meet their expenses. The chief reason assigned by Senator Spooner for his resignation was his inability to live and save a competence for his family on a salary of a senator, and the public has been educated to believe that a high public official in Washington must have an independent income and cannot meet social and living requirements upon his salary allowance.

The records shows the fallacy of this impression. It is a fact that most of the congressmen from the south—where large fortunes are rare—live in Washington on their incomes and save money. In the olden days, Senator Conkling boasted that his living expenses never exceeded \$25 a week; John A. Logan paid \$18 a month house rent; Senator Lot Morrill lived in a modest cottage, and many other senators and congressmen clubbed together and lived inexpensively. Their standing in official and social life was never questioned. Opportunities for such economy in living still exist in Washington. But Washington has become the winter home of many wealthy men from different sections of the country. The public man who wants to participate in the social follies of self-indulging millionaires will find his salary too small, just as he would find it too small for similar extravagances in New York, Bar Harbor, Newport or at any other place where social allurements appeal solely to the pocketbook. The public man who asserts that he cannot live in Washington on his salary confesses that he is going out of his own class and seeking admission to the circle in which money and not brains constitutes the pass word.—Omaha Bee.

Prohibition is causing considerable trouble in Oklahoma, but the real menace to the people of the new state is the green bug in the growing wheat. The Oklahomans would do well to let fusel oil alone and get busy with the kesosene can.

Following the example of Japan, the Chinese government has appointed a commission to ascertain how the Chinese pupils are getting along in the American schools. It will probably be developed that the chop-suey is bad or the curriculum tainted.

Joseph Vavra went down to his former home in Crete Monday for a few days' business trip.

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans.

ORD STATE BANK

RUBBER.

Any kind of old rubber, copper, brass wanted. Boys, get all you can and take it to the

CITY SHOE SHOP.

Copper 10c @ lb; rubber 4c @ lb; brass 8c @ lb.

Our Washington Letter.
President Roosevelt this week was the recipient of a series of sepia pictures of the national parks of the west. The pictures were the gift of a Chicago artist, and there were fourteen of them. These include six of the Yellowstone National Park, two of the Jackson Hole country in Wyoming, two of the Grand Canon of the Colorado, an equal number of the Bad Lands country near the ranch that was one time owned by the president, one of the Yosemite and one of Alaska. The president will add these prints to his already large collection of western pictures.

Filipino students in this country, according to word received by the war department, are exceeding all expectations. The department has been advised that Miguel Nicado, a student at the State Normal school at Normal, Ill., has won the right to represent the state of Illinois in an interstate oratorical debate to be held soon at Emporia, Kansas. He defeated contestants for the honor to be the Illinois representative, these contestants representing the leading debaters from all the normal schools in Illinois. He now has won the right to contest with the debaters of Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas and Missouri. At the normal school in DeKalb, Illinois, the young Filipinos recently organized a football team, which defeated the faculty team. There are 182 Filipino students attending school in this country as wards of the Philippine government, a majority of them being scattered among state institutions in the Middle West.

Political ears here are close to the ground, and interest is strained in the direction of Ohio. Senator Foraker left here this week for his own state, taking advantage of the recess in the military committee investigation into the Brownsville affair, to make the opening address in his fight for the republican endorsement for the presidential nomination. This address will be delivered in Canton next Wednesday, and it probably will outline Senator Foraker's plan of campaign. While Secretary Taft and Speaker Cannon are both out of the country, their lieutenants are much in evidence, and with Vice President Fairbanks, who is at present gracing the capital, they are striving to wear an air of nonchalance that fits them very badly. As a matter of fact, the most intense interest is being taken in Senator Foraker's forthcoming speech, and the White House is not in the least interested.

The Interstate Commerce Commission this week made a special reduction in the freight rate on cotton piece goods from producing points in Texas to Wichita, Kansas. It scaled the rate sharply from 96 cents to 50 cents per 100 pounds, thus putting the Wichita jobbers on a competitive footing with those of Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis and Chicago. The decision was rendered by Commissioner Prouty and came as the result of a determined fight made by Kansas dry goods dealers, who claimed they were being discriminated against.

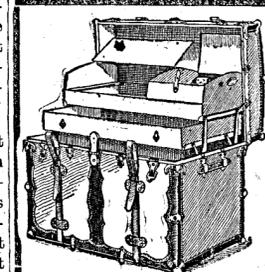
It would be amusing, if not annoying, the manner in which Chile is sulking over the refusal of this country to raise its representation there to an embassy. As a result, Chile has not replaced its minister, whom it withdrew on the pretext that he was to attend the Pan-American congress in Rio Janeiro last summer. Chile believed that its commercial importance made necessary its envoy here being raised to the same rank as the envoy of Brazil, and it took steps some time ago to bring this about. Immediately the South American countries protested with the result that

Chile's plans were knocked into a cocked hat, and the state department withdrew from the negotiations, leaving the Latin-American republics to settle the matter among themselves. Up to a day or so ago it was understood that some decision had been reached in the matter, and that Herbert G. Squiers, present minister to Panama, was to be made ambassador to Chile. The fact that Mr. Squiers' name was mentioned in connection with the rumor gave it dignity, for his services in the past have been of so important a nature that it is recognized his present post is merely a temporary stepping stone to higher diplomatic honors. Minister Squiers retired from the army to enter the service in 1894. His knowledge of military affairs was providential during the siege of Pekin in 1900, when he was chief of staff to Sir Claude MacDonald, and for his services in defending the foreign legations he received the thanks of the British government. Later he was minister to Cuba, resigning in 1905, and was appointed last year to the post at Panama, where he has further distinguished himself.

Figures just issued by the department of commerce and labor show that the sale abroad of canned meats has fallen off enormously. During the seven months ending February 1 the exports amounted to \$4,820,289, about 80 per cent less than during the same period of the previous year. This is believed to be due largely to the recent agitation, and the government is somewhat worried over this remarkable falling off in this especial branch of its export trade. That the administration believes something should be done to check this unsatisfactory condition abroad, is evidenced in the fact that President Roosevelt has agreed to open the Packers' exposition, which is to be held at the Coliseum in Chicago on May 1. Efforts are now making to have practically all the foreign representatives here attend the exposition to see for themselves the processes of meat-packing and also the packing of other foods—dairy, cereal, vegetable and fruit. The packers have reached the conclusion that the best way to meet criticism is to take the public into their confidence, and by actual demonstration show that their methods now are beyond reproach. Not only packers and consumers will receive the benefit of this publicity, but the growers of beef, pork, vegetables, fruit and grain, and the dairymen also will share in the good effects of the exposition.

Ord Market Top—Prices

- Wheat, spring 56c, winter 56c
- Barley 25c.
- Rye, 46c.
- Oats, 33c.
- Corn, 28c.
- Popcorn, \$1.60
- Potatoes, 50c
- Butter, 20c.
- Eggs, 12c
- Hens, 8c
- Hogs, \$5.90



FRANK MINKO,

Manufacturer of
First Class Hand and
Machine Sewed
HARNESS

and dealer in Saddlery Goods, Trunks, Valises, Gloves and Furs. Repairing neatly done.
North Side Square. ORD, NEBR.

STUDIED THE ENEMY.

Admiral Sampson's Plans For the Bombardment of Havana.

Admiral Sampson had determined to begin the Spanish-American war by the bombardment of Havana, and on April 4, 1898, Evans, then captain, wrote a letter to the then editor of Harper's Weekly containing this paragraph: "I shall have the honor of leading in the Iowa, and when we open at about 800 yards, with Indiana close astern, if those poor chaps from the Maine don't giggle in their coffins it will be a wonder."

This was the pregnant part of the letter. Sampson was forbidden from Washington to attack Havana, much to his disappointment and wrath. To one sitting at a distance, not knowing Evans, not knowing of the proposed bombardment only as a rumor, the letter might have seemed a bit of bluster.

But after a few months chance put the log book of the New York, the flagship, in the way of the recipient of the letter and there he read Sampson's order for the bombardment of Havana, giving the order of the ships and designating the distance at which the firing should begin, precisely as Evans had stated them in the letter.

But why go in to within 800 yards of the new forts, which were much more heavily armed than the ships of Sampson's fleet? Months after reading the log book the recipient of the letter, attended a dinner given in honor of Admiral Sampson.

The admiral made there one of the few speeches of his life, and in it he told the reason—a reason characteristic of his keen judgment and of his boldness—for selecting 800 yards. He had found out that a short time before the Spaniards had momentarily awakened from their usual torpor and had practiced from the new works, firing at floating targets. They had floated these targets past their guns at 3,000 yards.

Sampson at once concluded that they supposed that he would attack at that distance and quickly determined to go in at 800 yards, for, he explained, the Spaniards, having once fixed their sights for a target 3,000 yards away, would not be able to change them, but would fire over his ships until he had dismounted their heavy pieces with his rapid fire guns. So the chain was completed, for we had the facts and the reason for them.—Harper's Weekly.

No Discount For Baldness.

A customer in a downtown barber shop got into a heated argument with the boss barber over the price of a hair cut. "See here," he said, "I'm bald-headed. There certainly can't be nearly so much work in trimming this little fringe of hair on the back of my head as in cutting a whole mop of hair. Consequently it doesn't seem fair to charge so much."

"That is the contention of half the baldheaded men in town," sighed the barber wearily. "They don't take into consideration that a man who has but little hair is much more careful of it than one who has a good deal. Therefore a barber has to take extra pains with him. It goes pretty hard with the man with the shears, I can tell you, if he happens to clip off an extra hair. In view of the caution required he certainly earns the full price of a hair cut."—New York Press.

Power of the Will.

At a recent conversation a discussion arose about the power of the will. A certain guest of very self assertive character loudly declared that no one could will him to do anything against his inclination. His challenge was taken up by a well known author, who led him out into the middle of the room, held his hands and gazed at him steadily for awhile, the rest of the company looking on expectantly. Presently the bargart said:

"What did I tell you, sir? You may gaze at me as long as ever you like, but I defy you to will me to do anything."

"Do you?" replied the author. "Well, I've been willing you to stand like a jackass in the middle of this room for five minutes, and, by George, you've done it!"

Birth Stones.

The following is a list of birth stones and their significance: January, garnet, constancy; February, pearl, purity; March, hyacinth, fortitude and bravery; April, diamond, innocence; May, emerald, wedded happiness; June, catseye, health, wealth and long life; July, ruby, cure of love's wounds; August, moonstone, resistance to temptation; September, sapphire, steadiness of brain; October, opal, consolation; November, topaz, the power of winning friends; December, turquoise, success in life.

LET HIM GO!

One of my customers has the southern fever, and has decided to offer his Valley Co. land at \$1000 less than value in order to get the cash. His farm is a dandy combination, 175 acres of good farm land and 145 acres of good pasture fenced, new house, crib, granary, stable, well, windmill and tanks, 7 miles from town, and you can buy it for \$8500. Let me show it to you.

WANT A CATTLE RANCH?

Here is one hard to beat, 160 acres good farm land, deeded, 5 miles from town, for a home place, with 60 plowed, forty more good to plow, 15 timber. Pasture 12 miles away, consists of 560 acres school land, fenced with 3 wires and cedar posts, well grassed, watered by river. Pasture lease has 22 years to run, and costs \$38 per year. The deeded land and the lease will be sold together for \$6500, half cash. Buy this and take care of the stock it will carry, and you will soon be a rich man. Do you want to try it?
J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

WANT COLUMN

- POTATOES**—Pure Early Ohio seed potatoes; 80c per bushel. R. J. or E. L. Collins. 2-1/2
- STOCK PASTURE**—5 1/2 miles north-east of Ord. Large well watered pasture. Phone 118. J. M. Keating. 4-1/2
- LOST**—A horse blanket between town and the Grace school house. Leave at Ord State Bank. O. L. Kokes. 4-2-1/2
- FOR SALE**—My residence, two blocks from square, and household furniture including a high grade piano. See Dr. C. A. Bruk. 4-1/2
- FOR SALE**—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 2-1/2
- FOR SALE**—A medium size fire proof safe as good as new. L. D. Bailey & Sons.
- WANTED**—To rent a good saddle horse two evenings weekly. Will pay reasonable price for such. Telephone 352.
- FOR RENT**—Four room cottage on the hill. Water in house. M. M. Coombs. 4-2-1/2
- WANTED**—Load of coals at the Methodist church. Mrs. C. W. Barnes. 4
- FOR RENT**—A six-room cottage one block west of square. See Dr. Halde-man. 4-1/2
- FARM FOR RENT** in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-1/2
- FOR SALE**—Pure R. O. B. Leghorns eggs 75 cents per 15, \$9.50 per 100. Phone or write Mrs. H. W. Trefren. 4-1/2
- FOR SALE**—My house of five rooms, bath and pantry; barn, 18x18; out building, 12x12 with 3 bins for coal; trees and sidewalks; all in good condition. Property known as Elmer Card place. Price \$2,500. Mrs. Partridge. 4
- POCKETBOOK LOST** in Ord Saturday morning. Finder please leave at Quiz office.
- PLASTERING** sand and coarse gravel, price \$1.00 a yard delivered. G. W. Butcher & Son. 2-1/2
- SOME fine evergreens**, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 51-1/2
- FOR RENT**—A house close to the high school. Enquire Mrs. Mattley. 52-1/2
- HOGS**—Will be in Elyria every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.
- PASTURE** for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52
- WANTED**—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.
- EGGS**—Crescent strain B. P. R. eggs, \$1 for 15; \$5 for 100. Phone F. 14 or R. F. D. No. 2. Mrs. Jake Peterson.
- MY RESIDENCE** for sale; house and eight choice lots in West Ord. S. A. Stacy. 51-1/2
- PASTURE** for cattle on the Ed Ehler farm north of Ord. Good hill pasture and plenty of water. \$1.50 for the season. 1/2
- R. C. Williams** sells incubators. The Old Trusty kind. Call at Williams' harness shop or phone. He will do you good. Some books left yet. 50-
- FOR RENT**—Two room cottage. Close in. City water. Mrs. Hall. 3-1/2
- SPRING WAGON** for sale. Inquire at Rasset's barn. 3-1/2

ORD LODGE NO. 149
A. F. & A. M.
Meetings held on
Wednesday or before
the full moon of each
month. G. A. Water.
W. M.
J. F. Colby, Secretary.
DORIC CHAPTER NO.
318. A. M.
Conventions first
Tuesday of each month.
John C. Work, H.
P. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Earl C. Brink went to North Loup Thursday morning.

Dr. Milliken was a passenger to Grand Island Wednesday morning.

The Marks sisters are now occupying their new quarters, the Clements building.

Dr. Bilon, eye specialist, is coming April 17. Be sure to attend his lecture at the K. P. hall.

Standard table pears 2 cans for 25 cents. This is a big value. Fackler & Finley, the grocers.

Mr. Brush of the Cotesfield bank was transacting business in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

Bailey Bros. will sell at the Blue Barn on Saturday, April 20, 20 young horses, all of fine quality. The sale will be at 2:00 p. m. sharp.

The next meeting of the Presbyterian Aid Society will be at the home of Mrs. H. H. Parks Wednesday afternoon, April 17, at 2:00 o'clock.

Bishop Graves will be in Ord Wednesday, April 17, and will preach at the Episcopal church. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend this service.

Before an impartial judge and jury it can be easily proved that guaranteed Bradley & Vrooman paint is the best and largest protection for your property. Sold by F. J. Dworak. 3-2

Services will be held again Sunday in the Episcopal church, Rev. Barkheimer officiating. Preaching will begin at 10:30 o'clock and a good attendance is desired.

Nine years ago the First M. E. church at Morning Sun, Iowa, was painted with Bradley & Vrooman paint. Repainting was not required till seven years later. Sold by F. J. Dworak.

Through an error one of the applications for saloon license in Tuesday's issue was made to read as though Heuck & Zablouil were the applicants when the application was made by Heuck & Hall. The correction is made in this issue.

Are you a graduate of the Ord schools? If so you are earnestly invited to attend the alumni meeting to-night in the court room. Business of importance will come before the meeting, and a large representation is desired.

Mrs. Steve Weare went to Greeley Tuesday morning and that will be the home of the whole family from now on. Mr. Weare has been in business there for a long time and has now decided to prepare a home for his family so as to cut out the boarding part of existence.

There are over 150 graduates belonging to the alumni of the Ord schools, a majority of whom live in or near Ord, and a large attendance should be present this evening at the meeting which has been called to convene at the court house for the purpose of making the organization permanent.

Dr. Haldeman and family returned home last Tuesday evening and are still wearing the tan of the southern sun and wind. They spent most of their time in Florida, and other southern states, and on the whole had a very pleasant and profitable time. Except for a little unpleasant experience with clam chowder and sunburns they had a round of pleasures on their trip. But they are all glad to be home again and surely had enough experience of the kind to last them for this season anyway.

A surprise was experienced by the city the first of the week when it was noised about that the school board had failed to re-elect Miss Worley to the place she had so eminently filled in the high school. Her work had been very satisfactory to all concerned, and she was very popular with both patrons and pupils. The members of the board had no complaints to lodge against her work, and it seems they themselves were surprised that she was not elected. The explanation is that a very estimable young lady of this community, Miss Lillian Johnson, had applied for the place and was given it because of being a Valley county girl. While no one has any protest against Miss Johnson there was not only disappointment but some indignation expressed because of the turning down of Miss Worley. This feeling was felt so strongly by the pupils of her room that the class met and, perhaps unadvisedly, appointed six of their number to circulate petitions among the patrons of the school asking for the retention of Miss Worley. This will doubtless be unavailing but it will show by the practical unanimity with which the petitions are being signed, that the board did not strike a popular chord when they denied her a re-election.

The operator for the gas company reports finding from two to a half dozen mantles on the street lamps broken every night. The first inference was that they were being purposely broken, for at least one instance was noted when a smart young fellow deliberately punched the mantle with a prod, but later development convinced the management that the damage is being done unintentionally by the boys. The lamps afford fine opportunity for playing hide-go-seek and other games and of course the lamp posts are the most convenient centers for these operations. In the jostlings resulting therefrom the mantles are frequently broken. Now, boys, if these lights are a good thing for you in your sports, better use a nearby tree or telephone pole for your goals and so save the lights for your own benefit and the public's.

The eleven-year-old son of Joe Ptacnik met with quite a severe accident last Saturday evening that will cripple him up some for all time. In some manner the boy got his hand mixed up with the cogs of a feed grinder that was in operation and after the doctor had been called and examined the mangled fingers he found it necessary to amputate the index finger entirely and the other finger at the second joint. Aside from the loss of the two fingers the hand is quite badly crushed up and it will be some time before he will again have any use of it at all.

Frank Vodehnal has leased his farms for one or more seasons and will be a little freer this year than heretofore, but he will not be idle for he has mapped out a lot of work to do for himself. This includes planting trees, braking out a lot of prairie and looking after a lot of blooded sows. But he does not expect to have his nose on the grindstone quite so much this year as beforetimes.

T. J. Nethery has been a very sick man for several days, so much so that outside medical assistance was brought in to look to his case. It was at first a case of pleurisy, developing finally into neuralgia of the head and bowels. The ailment took a better turn yesterday and he seems on the way to recovery now, though convalescence will be slow.

A. J. Firkins began moving dirt Wednesday to make a place for the beginning of his building operations on the hill west of Buzzard's Roost.

Alumni meeting at the court house tonight. Don't miss it.

Mrs. Ed. VanSlyke came up from down the valley Wednesday.

Orrin Mutter and wife drove to Sargent Thursday to visit for a couple of days and to look over the Bell photo car at that place. He will probably buy the car and conduct a branch photo gallery at Sargent.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. Gallon can peeled California peaches 50 cents a can. Fine line dried fruits. Try our Royal peanut butter and Cocktail diced pineapple. The new things, the best things usually found at our grocery.

Dr. Bilon will visit here regularly; his work is the best to be had in the optical line. No use going to Omaha, Lincoln or Denver, when you can be served equally well at home. Satisfaction guaranteed. Next visit at Ord, April 17 and 18.

Harry Ward, who has been working in Omaha for a couple of years, was on our streets yesterday, coming up Tuesday night. He used to live near Elyria, but is well known in Ord, where he attended the business college two or three years ago.

Digging in front of the Ord State Bank building to make a catch basin for the hotel Raymond Gass dug down to a forgotten cesspool a few feet below the surface of the street. It is nicely arched and bricked from the bottom which is some 16 feet deep.

Inflammatory rheumatism is confining Ed Watson to his bed again this week. He had just recovered from quite a serious attack and returned to his work Monday morning but the disease evidently had not run its course for before night he was a fit subject for the doctor again. He is somewhat improved again at this writing.

Burke & Clements are making some changes in their lumber yard that will enable them to handle and care for their stock of lumber to better advantage. They have turned their largest shed around and placed it on the west side of the lot, and will erect a larger shed of similar shape in the center, thus enclosing nearly all of their stuff under a roof.

"Dad" Rollins the pioneer engineer of the Union Pacific between Ord and Grand Island has been placed upon the company's pension list and retired to private life. Mr. Rollins is one of the company's oldest employees and especially will be missed in this part of the country where he has been for many years in charge of the locomotive pulling the passenger train.

Albert McMinder was a passenger to Grand Island Thursday morning on the lookout for a carload of western horses. Albert tells us that most of the available horse flesh in this part of the country has been gathered up as in a two days' drive the first of the week he was able to buy only four head. Trips of this kind a few weeks ago would generally bring him in from fifteen to twenty-five head.

The school board has not yet completed its work of electing teachers for the grades. The teachers elected so far are Superintendent Howe, Miss Ellis, Miss Cornwell and Miss Lillian Johnson, completing the high school corps. In the grades Miss Fackler is re-elected for the eighth, Mrs. Geisler for the first primary and Miss Ragan, who was assisting in the primary room, has been advanced to the second primary. The rest of the list will be completed soon. So far a very efficient corps has been chosen and we hope the rest will be as good.



Ice Chests

We have just received our spring stock of Alaska Refrigerators. This is the fifth year we have sold this splendid line and there is no line of ICE BOXES that gives the same satisfaction. They have the most complete system of circulation. Come in

and see the line before stock is thinned out, and let us explain the system.

Paint

If you are going to paint, use PATTON'S SUN PROOF MIXED PAINT, guaranteed for five years. Ask those who have used it. It covers more surface, lasts longer and looks better than many other paints.

LEGGETT-WISDA HARDWARE CO.



We have several good several second hand organs for sale cheap. A. C. Johnson & Co.

Dr. Bundy and family will arrive in Ord Monday to begin their career here.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. Fresh strawberries promised this week. Leave your orders.

Cross eyes straightened without operation. Results guaranteed. Hear Dr. Bilon at K. P. hall April 17.

There will be a basket social at the Manderson school house, Miss Clara Brown, teacher, on Friday evening, April 19, to which all persons are invited, each bringing, of course, a basket for two or money enough to buy one.

Arthur Clements returned from the south last night, leaving E. P. Clements at Lincoln where he had some business to look after. Mr. Clements says there is a great boom on in Indian Territory, the cities being crowded full with strangers. There seems to be one great opening, but he realizes that there is danger of stepping into the wrong spot. One drawback is the fact that only a limited part of the land can be sold, the Indians not being able to sell theirs, and of course the Indians have no money to improve their land with, which makes it slow process for the country to develop. They went there with the idea that if they could improve their condition by moving they would locate, but they did not decide to make the leap yet. The main difficulty, Mr. Clements says, is the overcrowding of the country in a business way. Of course this will not effect the farmer, but it could easily harm the business and professional men.

If you have some printing to be done, bring it around to the Quiz office. We will do it to your taste and the price will suit you.

We fear that the Maple Leaf Club is going the way of all the earth—that is the way of most young pretty ladies. When that club was organized some of its fair members told us that the purpose of the club was to show all the world that young ladies could have a good time without associating with young men, in other words that they were to do just opposite to the way the "Want-to-get-married" club did. Their first meetings were assuring and promising to us, but today we have to announce a falling from grace. The club did not commit the offense of entertaining young men, but they were accomplices in fact if not after the fact. We give due credit to tendencies of human nature and the liability of young people to err, but we must confess to some misgivings now. However, we have not given the Maple Leaf ladies up and shall still hope for their escape from the smiles and blandishments of the young men. Remember, girls, we are watching you.

H. D. Leggett is again slowly mending, but he has not yet returned to his normal condition. The last attack of grip seriously affected his head, so that he is not as clear-witted as usual and there has been discharges from his ear. Things are straightening out, though, and he expects to get along without having the Thaw insanity commission sit on his case. This family has surely had more than their share of sickness this winter and we sincerely hope that the troubles are about over now.

The Maple Leaf Club and a party of their gentlemen friends were entertained by Misses Pearl Fuson and Carrie Smith at the Fuson home last Thursday evening. The girls proved themselves very efficient members of the club by the lovely entertainments and refreshments furnished to all present.

Nice shower Wednesday night. Typewriter ribbons in stock at the Quiz office.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

The last word from Rev. M. A. Wimberley is that he was no better in Colorado and that he was going the first of this week to some point in southern Kansas. His brother John has not heard yet as to the place of his destination.

Advertised Letters. List of Letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord Nebr., for the week ending tomorrow.

Mr. O. S. Williams. Carl Anderson. Letters will be sent to the dead letter office, Parties claiming any of the above please say they were advertised.

A. M. CONROD, Postmaster.

A Woman's Reason for You. On the street the other day the editor met a little tot walking slowly along swinging a parcel carelessly about her, and he saluted her with:

"Hello, pretty, where are you going?"

"Home."

"What are you going home for?"

"Tause."

"But, what are you going home for?"

"Am't I doing home?" she said imperiously.

We admitted that she probably was.

"Well, at's why I'm doing home."

The Fourth of July.

Look here! Shoes repaired Free virtually. Why? Because each 25c is credited to you on a new pair of shoes at the City Shoe Shop.

**She Has Cured Thousands
Given up to die.**
DR. CALDWELL
of Chicago,
Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy,
Electric and General Medicine.



Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on
Friday, May 3
Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
when she may be found at the Ord
Hotel, returning every
four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity
is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases,
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Gout, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co.,
Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill.
Address all mail to 104 Bee Building
Omaha, Neb.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Adamek has filed with the city clerk of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the city of Ord, in the Mason building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the first day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, city clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that White & Harris has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the second ward in said city of Ord, in the building now occupied by them, on lot 7, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Kansas Land

Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth land, from
\$7 to \$12 per acre
One-fourth cash, the balance on four years time.

Newbecker Land Co.,
GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

A PERILOUS FEAT.

Performed to Escape Death, It Could Not Be Repeated.

An engineer, employed for forty-eight years on western railroads, says that although he has had some narrow escapes, he has never been hurt in a wreck. The story of one of his escapes is interesting and peculiar. One day he had left Stockton bound east. The train was carrying a lot of green wood, cut the day before, but on the back end of the tender there was some dry wood for use in climbing a steep grade.

"My fireman was back after some of that dry wood and down where he couldn't see me or the engine. I got down on the deck and stood with one foot on the front end of the tender and the other on the sill of the engine deck, taking a look into the fire. Just at that instant the engine parted from the tender and shot away ahead.

"Of course I went down between the engine and tender, clear to the ground between the rails.

"I didn't think. I grabbed and caught the safety chains at the front end of the tender. We were running only four or five miles an hour, but that was enough. I pulled myself up and climbed up into the tender, and just then the fireman looked forward from the rear end over the pile of wood he had been heaving up.

"What's the matter? Is she slipping?" he asked.

"Yes, she's slipping," I said.

"There she goes."

"Her smoke was a mile ahead of us. She ran a good seven miles, and there we found her, without fire, water or steam.

"After she was on the pit in the roundhouse we put a plank across the pit in front of the tender and cut her loose from it. There wasn't a man in the house that could start off that plank holding to those chains and climb up into the tender, and when I tried it myself there in the house I couldn't do it either. But the fireman and I both know that the thing happened."—Davenport (Ia.) Democrat.

A Vulnerable Point.

Mr. Lapham knew that his wife was a treasure. He heard it on every hand, and he appreciated his possession. But he sometimes made a mild protest when the summer boarders grew too fulsome in their praises.

"I never saw such a beautiful disposition in my life," said one tearful enthusiast, whose baby had played with Mrs. Lapham's Sunday bonnet with disastrous results. "She always makes you feel as if nothing mattered, no matter how bad it is. I don't suppose she's ever lost her temper in all her life, has she, Mr. Lapham?"

The husband of the peerless one surveyed the landscape with his lips drawn up and out in a complicated pucker.

"Well, now, I don't know as she ever has to the extent you mean," he said slowly, "but I recollect one hot day, when she had turned and darned the foreroom carpet for company coming and found our boy Sam had thrown the paper of tacks down the well, that I stood from under for an hour or so, now I tell ye!"—Youth's Companion.

Ancient Locks and Keys.

Locks were used in the time of the Pharaohs. At Karnak the visitor is shown the sculptured representation of a lock which is almost exactly like the kind of lock used in Egypt at the present day. Homer says that Penelope used a brass key to open her wardrobe. He adds that it was very crooked and had an ivory handle. A Greek writer who lived in the last half of the twelfth century explains that such keys were undoubtedly very ancient, although still to be seen in Constantinople and elsewhere. Roman locks, like the Egyptian, required a partial sliding of the key. They were, however, more intricate.

Second Hand.

A story is told of a minister who gave the rural joiner an order to make a small wooden cupboard. When the pastor received the account he complained to the joiner about the amount and said he could have got a second-hand cupboard which would have answered his purpose equally well at much less cost.

"Yes," retorted the joiner, "and I could buy a good sermon for threepence, but e'e wadna' care about preaching them at that price!"—London Telegraph.

A Place For Everything.

"Here is a bill," said the book-keeper of the deaf and dumb institute, "for \$5 for the hire of a horse and buggy the day you took that good looking lady inmate out driving. What shall I do with it?"

"Pay it," said the superintendent, "and charge it to the calisthenics department."

"As what?"

"Dumb belle exercise."—Detroit Free Press.

SEE
HONNOLD & DAVIS
FOR
**Real Estate
Insurance
and 5% Loans**

Notice for Presentation of Claims.

State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of said county: In the matter of the estate of Richard Truman Honnold, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Richard Truman Honnold late of Valley county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 6th day of April, 1907. All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county, at his office therein, on or before the 7th day of October, 1907, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the 8th day of October, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.

H. Gudmundsen, County Judge.
Honnold & Davis, Attorneys for Estate.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section fifteen, township seventeen north, range fifteen west of the Sixth Principal Meridian in Valley county, Nebraska, and running east of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen, same township and range for one-half mile, thence south to intersect with road No. 296. This road concerns roads Nos. 45 and 296 and we pray you to also vacate that part of road No. 172, between sections thirteen, township seventeen, range fifteen and section eighteen, township seventeen, range fourteen, west of 6th P. M., has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.

Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, March 28, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Michael Taey of Sedlov, Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, Homestead Entry No. 17813 made July 30, 1902, for the north northeast 1/4, section 28, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on May 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

- Frank Osantowsky of Ord, Nebraska
- Frank Zulkosky of Sedlov, Nebraska
- Victor Demko of Ord, Nebraska
- Ignatius Gorny of Sedlov, Nebraska
- Chas. F. Shedd, Register.

Notice.

State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of Valley county.

In the matter of the guardianship of Nellie G. Madison and Flora A. Madison, minors.

Now on the 30th day of March 1907, came John K. Gray, and prays to be appointed guardian of said minors. It is therefore ordered that the 19th day of April 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, in Ord, Nebraska, be fixed as the time and place for hearing said petition, and all persons interested in said appointment, are required to appear at the time and place so designated, and show cause, if such exists, why such appointment should not be made. It is further ordered that notice be given by publication 3 weeks prior to the day set for said hearing.

Dated this 30th day of March 1907.
H. Gudmundsen, county judge.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Adamek has filed with the city clerk of the city of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the second ward in said city of Ord, in the Cernik building located on Division "J" of lot 7, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending the 30th day of April 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that Heuck & Hall has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward, in said city of Ord, in the Reihart building, located on lot 4, block 19, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

YOU CAN GET
All the news of the World and Home
With the choicest Magazine and Agricultural features
For only Fifty Cents more than the price of the Ord Quiz alone
What the Weekly Inter Ocean Contains Each Week

| | |
|---|---|
| 21 columns of news. | 5 columns of live, entertaining editorials. |
| 14 columns of talks by a practical farmer, on farm topics—economical machinery, planting, growing and storing of fruits and vegetables, breeding and marketing of live stock. | 7 columns of live stock and market reports. |
| 20 or more "Lost and Found Poems and Songs." | 40 questions and answers by readers on anything pertaining to the business of farming, gardening, raising of live stock and poultry, etc., etc. |
| 1 column or Health and Beauty Hints. | 10 to twenty questions on veterinary subjects. |
| Chess and Checkers—Best short and continued stories—Puzzles and Complications—Dr. Reeder's Home Health Club—Miscellaneous Questions and Answers—Poems of the Day—A special Washington letter—Taking cartoons and illustrations. | 7 columns of information on recipes, patterns, formulas, etc., furnished by readers. |
| | 14 to twenty-one columns of stories of public men; historical, geographical, and other miscellany. |
| | 5 columns of a specially reported sermon by the Rev. Dr. Quayle, of Chicago, and the Sunday School Lesson. |

THESE MAKE THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN THE LEADING FARM, HOME AND NEWS PAPER OF THE WEST

(The price of The Weekly Inter Ocean remains \$1.00 a year; OUR OFFER { The price of The Ord Quiz is \$1.50 a year; (The two papers each one year will cost only... \$2.00.

N. B.—This special arrangement with The Weekly Inter Ocean is for a limited time only. Subscribers to the Weekly Inter Ocean are assured that no papers will be sent after their subscription expires unless renewed by cash payment.

In connection with the above club, we offer our readers the following combination, which is positively the most remarkable clubbing proposition we have been able to make:

The Three Most Popular Publications of the Day
in a club with your home paper for only \$1.00 more than the price of The Ord Quiz alone. Read carefully and see what you receive for only \$2.50.

THE ORD QUIZ
Your local paper. You want this anyway.

WEEKLY INTER OCEAN
Complete description is given above.

PRAIRIE FARMER
It covers the field of agriculture.

MCCALL'S MAGAZINE
(with Patterns). Best woman's paper published. With every subscription we give FREE your choice of a famous McCall Pattern. Make your selections any time after receiving the magazine.

All Four Publications for a full Year for \$2.50

Ed.—This offer, like the one above, is for a limited time only, and can be withdrawn upon a week's notice. If you are now a subscriber to one or more of these periodicals your subscription will be extended a full year.

See California Now
Special to California

Round trip rates to San Francisco and Los Angeles, about half rates, April 25 to May 18. Be sure to go one way via the Shasta Route and Puget Sound—only \$12.50 more. Stopovers, variable and attractive routes.

Cheap, One Way West

Daily during April one way rates to Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and Big Horn Basin. Nearly 50 per cent reduction. Daily through standard and tourist sleepers.

Homeseekers' Excursions

Frequently each month from eastern Nebraska to eastern Colorado, Wyoming and Big Horn Basin.

Landseekers' Information Bureau

Irrigated lands along the North Platte river, in the Big Horn Basin and Yellowstone Valley on terms cheaper than paying rent, and, money paid on a water right is money saved. Send for new descriptive folders.

J. W. MOORHOUSE,
Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.
L. W. WARELY, G. P. A.,
Omaha, Nebraska.

William Pinkney Whyte, of Maryland, boasts that as counsel for the accused he has been successful in eighty murder cases. The fact that in a large portion of these cases justice was cheated doesn't seem to worry the complacent attorney in the least.

Buildington Route

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing about 40 rods north of the southwest corner of section 10, township 20, range 14, running thence northeast to a point on the recorded road about 60 rods east of the west side of said section, township 20, range 14, following old traveled trail and that part of road No. 245 lying west of the termination of this petition be vacated, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that S. J. Dixon has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the City of Ord, in the Mason building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of section 8, township 20, range 15; in other words, at the east end of the proposed road described in a petition of A. H. Meyers and others, filed June 6, 1903, in the county clerk's office of Valley county, Nebraska, and running thence east to the right of way of the B. & M. railroad company, and thence southeasterly on the south side of the B. & M. right of way to a point where the railroad right of way intersects the line of the southwest quarter of section 9, township 20, range 15, and thence south to intersect with the road running south, has reported in favor of the location of said road and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location of said road, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing where the now traveled road strikes the east line of the southwest quarter of section six, township twenty, range sixteen, near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section six, and running thence south on the west side of the east line of said southwest quarter as near the line as practicable, about eighty rods, thence in a southwesterly direction to connect with the old established road and to vacate that part of the old established road between the point of beginning and termination of this road, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Hello, boys!

Here is Your Seed Corn

1000 bushels crop of 1905.

This is first-class corn and sure to grow. Will take 60c per bushel as it comes in the crib. Half of it will be good seed.

CHRIS BUSSE.

The Ord Quiz.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Tuesday, April 16, 1907.

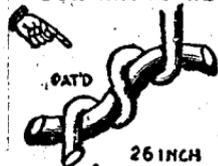
Vol. 26, No. 5

FOUR FENCE FACTS

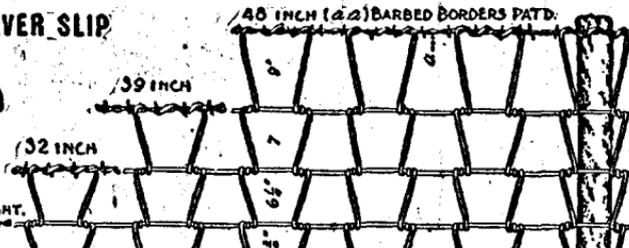
At Grand Island Field and Hog Fence.

Neb State Historical Society

OUR KNOTS NEVER SLIP



26 INCH STANDARD HEIGHT.



Never crush

I would like to have it understood that I will not support any man or measure that the White House Democrats will support. If the White House Democrats are supporting Mr. Bryan, I will not support him. I do not know what relation the White House Democrats, are to the Grover Cleveland Democrats, but should I find that they are as much as quarter cousins, I certainly do not care to give them any quarter. The fusion proposition is ended in this country, state and nation, and I will support no more of it; let

Alumni Association Organizes.

A mass meeting of the Alumni Association of the Ord high school was held at the court room last Friday evening. The attendance at this meeting did not quite reach up to anticipation. However, a majority of those who were unable to be present expressed themselves as being in sympathy with an organization of this kind. Though the number present was not up to expectation, the interest and enthusiasm was good.

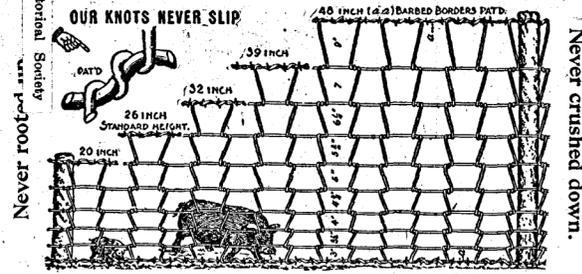
At this meeting it was decided to make the organization perma-

Burwell's "Dry."

The saloon closed Monday night at eleven and a drought is on with the prospects good for a continuance of several weeks at least. Three petitions for saloons were presented to the board Monday night—J. E. McGuire, Hunt & Harris and S. J. Dixon. Remonstrances were filed against the petitions of Messrs. McGuire and Hunt & Harris, P. P. Scott, L. B. Fenner, D. J. Miller and Revs. Keifer and Stocking remonstrating against the former and Dr. T. F. Britt against the latter. Mr.

FOUR FENCE FACTS

At Grand Island Field and Hog Fence.



FACT 1

Fields Fenced Finely for Fine Feeders Fetch Fancy Figures for Faithful Farmers. MORAL: Use plenty of Grand Island Fencing. It's a source of Wealth.

FACT 2

Every well posted Stockman knows that to hold hogs and cattle secure a barbed border fence is best. Grand Island Fence has it woven in to stay. No need to stretch it like a fiddle string, crack the galvanizing and ruin the fence as with cheap smooth wire borders.

FACT 3

Grand Island 20-inch height of fence, having a barbed top and bottom, will hold more hogs (big or little) to the square acre than any 26-inch smooth wire fence. It costs you less and saves you money. Try it. 'Tis a sure winner.

FACT 4

We have been making Grand Island Fence for nearly eight years, and each year has seen our business grow in volume and stability. Our motto is to excel in quality and we do this by using high grade wire and making a pattern of fencing that is perfect and unequalled.

We buy Grand Island Hog Fencing by the Carload and can furnish you fencing from 20 in. to 48 in. high. Barbed top and bottom.



SETTLING POLITICAL ISSUES

Walter Johnson in Print With His Political Views Again.

Ord, Nebraska, April 11, 1907. To Quiz readers:

To any person who has been studying the politics of the country for the past fifteen years, it is evident that the trusts must go. The great railroad corporations of the country are in the saddle, and to the person who has made a study of the social side of history, it is evident also that the power which they have must be curbed or that power will continue as the slave power was—a thing to control the government. Everybody, I suppose, is expecting the trust system to go the way of all the earth, in the near future, but I am one of the people who believe that the system will not be killed except by a very hard struggle. I do not believe that we shall ever again see another hard struggle between the Democratic and Republican parties. Both parties at the present time have two factions. One of those factions of the Republicans are controlled by the Rockefeller's and the other faction is controlled by LaFollette and the men of his makeup.

I am not making a discussion as to what Roosevelt is, but I might say that in case he wants some man in his place who will keep the trusts down, he might

support LaFollette, and I believe that they would stay in their places. If the public will notice, the men who support Roosevelt, do not so much as mention LaFollette as a presidential possibility. Now will someone tell us why that is? We certainly cannot believe that LaFollette is a corporation man, and we cannot believe that he is not straight, and we cannot believe that he could be counted a radical, but why LaFollette is not spoken of as a presidential possibility by the supporters of the Administration is one of the things we cannot understand. You will bear in remembrance that LaFollette is the only candidate who is sure that he has the support of a single state, that we know; why then should the administration worry about a successor to the regime of reform? The people who are looking to the nomination of Mr. Bryan as the nominee of the Democrats will certainly be disappointed. I do not look for it. I am well aware of the fact that the administration wants Mr. Bryan nominated to insure the Roosevelt succession, but if Mr. Roosevelt wants a succession of any reform, why not support LaFollette? The principles of LaFollette are the same as those of Bryan, and that would save the president the trouble of advising the Democrats, and take the chances of the election of a Democrat of the type of Bryan. If they have told us anything in

the past, it was that Bryan would cause a panic in case he were elected. Now why should the president take the chances of bringing a panic upon the country in order that the Republicans be forced to nominate a man who will follow the Roosevelt policies?

But we need not look for this occurrence. I do not believe that Mr. Bryan will be the guy who shall be caught on that pin hook. If the Republicans nominate anybody except LaFollette there will be another campaign that will not be as small in calibre as the campaign of 1896. If LaFollette be turned down in the next Republican national convention, we shall surely take note of the same, and it will not be a fight against the democrats but a fight against the Independent League. Recent dispatches say that the president is urging the "White House" Democrats to support Bryan. We would like to know who the White House Democrats are? Are they the appointees of the president? Where have those gentlemen been and what have they been doing for the past ten or fifteen years? Are they not the people who voted for McKinley in '96 and 1900, and did not they support Mr. Hughes for governor of New York? Are not a part of the White House Democrats the gentlemen whom we call Tammany? Are they not the people who sold out to defeat Mayor Dunne of Chicago?

I would like to have it understood that I will not support any man or measure that the White House Democrats will support. If the White House Democrats are supporting Mr. Bryan, I will not support him. I do not know what relation the White House Democrats, are to the Grover Cleveland Democrats, but should I find that they are as much as quarter cousins, I certainly do not care to give them any quarter. The fusion proposition is ended in this country, state and nation, and I will support no more of it; let them have it that want it. I would, had I the opportunity, support LaFollette for president. It makes little difference what the ticket is, it is the man; that is what counts.

Walter Johnson.

Against the Stallions.

State vs. Iams. Error Howard. Exceptions sustained. Duffie, C. Department No. 2.

1. The exhibition of a stallion on the public streets of a city or village may be declared a nuisance by the municipal authorities and punished as such.

This is the case where Iams was prosecuted for using the street in front of the A. E. Cady residence as a display ground for his horses and was convicted in police court and discharged in district court on the ground the ordinance was unconstitutional, the court instructing the jury to bring in a verdict of not guilty for the reason no crime could be committed under the ordinance.

County Attorney Bell was not satisfied with the disposition of the case in district court and took the case to the supreme court with the above result.—St. Paul Republican.

Thinks He Owns North Loup News.

While we do not blame the Ord papers for trying to secure a correspondent at this place, yet we cannot see why any one from this place would care to work against the interests of their local paper by sending items to the Ord papers.—Loyalist.

Many Thanks, Walter.

The Ord Quiz was a fourth of a century old last week, and during all these twenty-five years of usefulness it has been under the management of W. W. Haskell. It has always been one of the most progressive papers in central Nebraska.—Loyalist.

YOUR EYES

receive the the best of my attention, backed by the best possible education and twelve years of actual experience in fitting thousands of pairs of glasses.

No fake, no brass band, but real service and proper attention.

PARKINS

Alumni Association Organizes.

A mass meeting of the Alumni Association of the Ord high school was held at the court room last Friday evening. The attendance at this meeting did not quite reach up to anticipation. However, a majority of those who were unable to be present expressed themselves as being in sympathy with an organization of this kind. Though the number present was not up to expectation, the interest and enthusiasm was good.

At this meeting it was decided to make the organization permanent, a feature of the commencement exercises of the high school every year. For the first year it was considered best to have exercises on one night only, that night to be on the Friday of commencement week. The early part of the evening is to be taken up with a program open to the public. The latter part will be occupied by a banquet for the graduates by the association. The following committees were appointed: Finance, banquet, constitution and by-laws, music, initiation and ritual and an executive board. The meeting then adjourned till Saturday, May 11, when reports of committees will be heard and any other business relative to the welfare of the organization will be taken up and discussed. Every alumnus is requested to be present at the May meeting.

Burwell's "Dry."

The saloon closed Monday night at eleven and a drought is on with the prospects good for a continuance of several weeks at least. Three petitions for saloons were presented to the board Monday night—J. E. McGuire, Hunt & Harris and S. J. Dixon. Remonstrances were filed against the petitions of Messrs. McGuire and Hunt & Harris, P. P. Scott, L. B. Fenner, D. J. Miller and Revs. Keifer and Stocking remonstrating against the former and Dr. T. F. Britt against the latter. Mr. Dixon's petition was tabled on account of not being properly worded. Wednesday was set for trial day on the remonstrances but before the trial began both petitions were withdrawn. We understand that two new petitions are being circulated this morning.—Burwell Tribune.

We Have Them in Ord.

It would be interesting to know how some men really make a living. We have reference to those who seem never to work, and may be seen any hour of the day walking aimlessly along the streets or standing on the corners, smoking cigars or chewing their cud, wearing good clothes and seeming to be masters of finance.—Loup City Northwestern.

Estray.

Taken up on the subscriber's enclosed premises a black bull yearling with white face and has horns. On the Bill Hull place seven miles west of Ord. James Sibal. 4-6t.

HORSE SALE

The undersigned, having more stock than they can handle, will sell at the **Blue Barn, in Ord**

on

Saturday, April 20

commencing at 2 o'clock sharp:

TWENTY YOUNG HORSES

Consisting of three span of heavy matched Clydes, two years old; one matched span of gray Percherons, two and three years old; one matched span of dark grey mares; one matched span of sorrel road bred colts, two years old. The six teams above mentioned are extra good quality, and broke to harness. One sorrel mare, two years old, weight 1,000; four road bred colts; three draft suckling colts.

TERMS OF SALE:—Eight months' time given at ten per cent. interest.

BAILEY BROS.

Clark Lamberton, Auctioneer; E. M. Williams, Clerk

The Ord Quiz

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If unpaid year after year, \$2.

Advertising Rates.

| | Wk | Mo | Year |
|------------------------------|----|-----|------|
| Less than 5 inches, per inch | 25 | 75 | 6.00 |
| 5 to 10 inches, per inch | 30 | 90 | 6.00 |
| 10 to 15 inches, per inch | 35 | 105 | 6.00 |
| 15 to 20 inches, per inch | 40 | 120 | 6.00 |
| 20 to 25 inches, per inch | 45 | 135 | 6.00 |
| 25 to 30 inches, per inch | 50 | 150 | 6.00 |

A month is four insertions.
Want locals 5 cents a line.
Regular locals 10 cents a line.
Black locals 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin or end at any time. Notice to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All subscriptions are received with the express understanding that the subscription may continue until the subscriber notifies the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

A barber from Lexington was killed by an engine at Grand Island last night.

Now that Clark Perkins has quit St. Paul and the Republican's editorial columns are dumb as an oyster what will the people of St. Paul do for their perennial newspaper row? The answer is easy—take a long needed rest.

The Standard Oil company has been found guilty of violating the law against receiving rebates, and 1463 counts out of nearly two thousands have been made to stick. The penalty is from \$1,000 to \$20,000 for each count, which enables the court to assess a fine of over \$29,000,000, against the great trust. Friends of the Standard assert that to enforce the limit, of the fine would be persecution. We do not think it. To have to hand out a few of its ill-gotten millions would be simply just but long-delayed retribution.

After a mighty long trial listening to the testimony in the Thaw case and after deliberating for a couple of days or more over the question of guilt or innocence, the jury in that abominable notorious case finally gave up hope of agreeing and the judge decided too that they might as well quit trying. Harry K. Thaw was sent back to jail and will probably get out on bail. The jury stood seven for murder in the first degree and five for acquittal on the ground of insanity. Any man of ordinary wealth would have been sent to the electric chair before this.

The Hastings Tribune suggests that a meeting of newspaper publishers over the state be called to take up the proposition of collecting a fund with which to build a monument to the memory of Edward Rosewater. It calls attention to his great work and his magnificent services to the state. The suggestion certainly is one that should receive the thoughtful consideration of the newspaper fraternity.—Grand Island Daily Independent.

A monument? Yes, and here's helping toward the end. But let the monument be not an inert piece of marble. No matter how beautifully sculptured that could not duly commemorate so active and vigorous a worker as Edward Rosewater. Rather let the fund be placed in some endowment for the public good, which may go, not ostentatiously, but quietly and effectually to speak for him whose pen and tongue are silent. One of the charities in which Rosewater was interested during life would be the proper place for the endowment.

RUBBER.

Any kind of old rubber, copper, brass wanted. Boys, get all you can and take it to the

CITY SHOE SHOP.

Copper 10c @ lb; rubber 4c @ lb; brass 8c @ lb.

A Great Piano Contest.
The Quiz has made arrangements whereby the most popular young lady of Valley county will be presented with a fine piano, worth \$300 or more. We do not desire at this moment to go far into the details but this is the important item in the plan. Some of the details are to be worked out yet, but the full plan will be perfected by the time our Friday issue comes out and complete announcement will be made then.

We may say that similar contests have proven very satisfactory to the people of other counties, and there is no reason for doubting that such will be the result here. Anyway, some young lady of Valley county living outside of Ord will be presented with a fine piano and it will not cost her a cent. In addition to this piano, which has already been bought of A. C. Johnson & Company and will be on exhibition there during the contest, other valuable prizes will be offered, among them a fine gold watch bought of George A. Parkins. This means that the Quiz is going to spend a lot of money for the benefit of its friends in the next few weeks, but we expect our readers to appreciate it in a substantial way.

Look for full particulars in our Friday issue of this week.

Help the Starving Chinese.
The terrible suffering in famine stricken China has at last taken hold of the hearts of Americans and an effort is being made all over the land to send prompt aid to that stricken people. America of all nations should be prompt to answer this call for aid, and no part of this rich and prosperous nation should respond more freely than Valley county. The Quiz will receive any contributions in cash you may wish to make and forward them promptly to the proper authorities at Washington, where it will be cabled to China.

Do you want to help? If so act quickly.

Relief for China
Ten million of China's inhabitants are in dire distress. Help must be given by the nations of the earth or they will perish of hunger. As it is thousands are dying daily and tens of thousands are suffering the pangs of unrequited hunger. The government of China is doing all in her feeble power to give relief, but the undertaking is greater than she can accomplish without aid from other lands. She looks appealingly to this rich and prosperous country for swift assistance. Nebraska has been wonderfully blessed for many years. Her people are able to give a portion of their surplus to help in this good cause. It is not a matter of sentiment but of duty. It is a crime to withhold bread when women and children are starving. It takes too long for contributions of flour and meal to be sent from here now when the same may be purchased in the orient and transported in a few hours to distributing points in the famine-stricken districts. Contributions in money will be telegraphed direct to Washington and from thence cabled to Shanghai. Rescue the perishing. Give, and give quickly. All money, remitted to the Nebraska State Journal for the relief fund of China will be forwarded to Washington on the day received. It is up to all who are able to contribute to arouse themselves to the seriousness of the situation, and do it now. This is the way to stand up for Nebraska.—State Journal.

William Pinkney Whyte, of Maryland, boasts that as counsel for the accused he has been successful in eighty murder cases. The fact that in a large portion of these cases justice was cheated doesn't seem to worry the complacent attorney in the least.

More Local News

Walter Peterson went to St. Paul this morning.

Seed corn that we guarantee to grow. \$1.00 and \$1.25 per bushel. Cornells' Hardware.

Mrs. Andrew Phillips spent yesterday in Greeley visiting friends, returning home in the evening.

Rev. David C. Hopson of the Trinity Methodist church of Kearney preached at Ord and Springdale Sunday.

This apparently settled winter weather is not very promising for the well advanced vegetation and fruit blossoms.

Reed's Yellow Dent Improved Leaming Pride of the North seed corn, \$1.00 and \$1.25 at Cornells' Hardware.

Mrs. Beckelheimer of Missouri, who used to live here a decade or so ago, arrived in Ord last Friday on a visit. She is a guest of Mrs. S. A. Parks.

Fresh air and sunshine prevent disease. Good paint prevents decay. It will pay you to protect your property with long wearing Bradley & Vrooman Paint. Sold by F. J. Dworak.

H. D. Leggett was out again looking after business yesterday with less than usual vigor, however. His hearing had not yet wholly returned, but it is improving.

John Wentworth is pushing along the work on his opera house and is going to have a very creditable place of amusement in a few days. It was a lucky day for Ord when Wentworth & Ramsey took hold of this property.

Dr. Billings's hospital is being pushed along toward completion and already looks pretty presentable. The doctor is not sparing expense to make it a very commodious and up-to-date affair, which with his well known skill as a surgeon and the freedom with which other physicians and surgeons may have access to it makes the usefulness of the hospital a certainty.

Three weeks ago Mrs. Wakefield, the venerable mother of Mrs. Haydn Strong, was stricken with partial paralysis at the home of her other daughter, Mrs. Jones, of North Loup. The old lady was a great sufferer until death came to her relief yesterday. Hers has been a remarkable life, being about 98 years old and possessed of her native faculties to a marked degree. Until the final sickness came she kept a lively interest in public affairs, reading a great deal and retaining well what she read. Mr. and Mrs. Strong are both too ill at Denver to come back to attend the funeral, which will be held this afternoon at North Loup. Mrs. R. L. Staple went down to attend the funeral and render such kind assistance as she might in the sad ceremony.

Sure that they have a cinch on Ord for two years the saloon men are starting in real earnest to make their business profitable. Anyway they are turning out some mighty good specimens of drunk. Yesterday Jim Crouch was under the influence of their adulterated poison and went into Joe Warwick's shop and tipped an anvil over onto himself, which not doing enough damage, the drunk man managed to jar a heavy swedge iron from its moorings and had that fall onto his leg. The result was some damage, but the poor fellow is hobbling around again this morning. They have plenty of this fuseloid with other cheaper poisons mixed in for profit's sake over at our saloons, which Ord is fostering so generously, and all you need to do is to put up the price, and they will make you as bad off as Crouch or Phair or any other of their victims.

Earl Mickelwait is a very sick man as the result of his recent grip attack.

J. D. Rogers went to Oklahoma this morning and will accompany the Van Wies most of the way to their home.

The high school debate held this morning resulted in favor of Clayton Burke, and this bright, young man will represent Ord at the state contest.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Partridge were passengers to St. Paul this morning carrying with them return tickets to Ord, which they intended to use this evening.

John Wimberley has received word from his brother, Mason, which is a little more reassuring than the former news, but the sick preacher is not after all much improved.

Last week Thursday, Anthony Kokes was taken very sick with appendicitis, and only partially rallied from the attack. This morning Sam Perkins received word from them asking that he come at once. Accordingly he took the morning train for Chapman to see the sick man.

Little Ruth Milford was quite sick last Saturday morning and from the symptoms Jim was of the opinion that she had scarlet fever. The family physician was called in and his diagnosis was the same and the Milford home was quarantined. The child is quite sick but her condition is not considered dangerous.

Ward Van Wie and family departed this morning for their new home near Enid, Oklahoma. Mr. Van Wie sold out everything he had here practically so that all he took with him was a few boxes of personal effects and a pocketful of money. Valley county loses a very substantial and valuable family in the departure of these good people, but we are wishing them good prosperity in their new place.

Ord Market Top—Prices

| |
|-------------------------------|
| Wheat, spring 56c, winter 56c |
| Barley 25c. |
| Rye, 46c. |
| Oats, 33c. |
| Corn, 28c. |
| Popcorn, \$1.60 |
| Potatoes, 50c |
| Butter, 18c. |
| Eggs, 11c |
| Hens, 8c. |
| Hogs, \$6 00 |

LET HIM GO!

One of my customers has the southern fever, and has decided to offer his Valley Co. land at \$1000 less than value in order to get the cash. His farm is a dandy combination, 175 acres of good farm land and 145 acres of good pasture fenced, new house, crib, granary, stable, well, windmill and tanks, 7 miles from town, and you can buy it for \$8500. Let me show it to you.

WANT A CATTLE RANCH?

Here is one hard to beat, 160 acres good farm land, deeded, 5 miles from town, for a home place, with 60 plowed, forty more good to plow, 15 timber. Pasture 12 miles away, consists of 560 acres school land, fenced with 3 wires and cedar posts, well grassed, watered by river. Pasture lease has 22 years to run, and costs \$38 per year. The deeded land and the lease will be sold together for \$6500, half cash. Buy this and take care of the stock it will carry, and you will soon be a rich man. Do you want to try it?
J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

ORD LODGE NO. 108 A. F. & A. M. Meetings held on Wednesday or before the full moon of each month. T. A. Waters, W. M. J. F. Colby, Secretary. D. ORIC CHAPTER NO. 50 R. A. M. Convocation first Tuesday of each month. John C. Work, H. P. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

THE CROCODILE.

No Other Animal Can Look So Dead and Be So Much Alive.

There is little in the animal kingdom that can look so dead and be so much alive as a crocodile. The number of unsuspecting persons who have mistaken him for a log and have failed to discover their mistake until it was too late to be of any benefit to them will never be known.

In ancient times, several years prior to the British occupation of Egypt, some of the people of that country worshiped the crocodile as a god, there being nothing else like him. They fed him on dainties and toggled him out with jewelry. In other parts of Egypt, however, the natives looked upon him as a devil. Having no firearms, they did not fill him with lead, but they managed to impolate him successfully with such weapons as were fashionable at the time.

The crocodile is not so numerous in the Nile as he was in the days of the Rameses family. In fact, he rather shuns the river now below the second cataract on account of the annoyances inseparable from tourist traffic. It seems impossible for a tourist to see a crocodile without trying to plug him with a revolver, and to a reptile that is fond of a quiet life this sort of thing is simply insufferable. He will not molest a man unless he can take him at a disadvantage, and so long as man does not unthinkingly step on him the crocodile will go his own way and calmly await his opportunity.

He feeds on fish, but for a course dinner he would rather have humanity, black preferred, which shows that there is no accounting for taste even among reptiles. His methods of capturing large game are plural as well as singular. Sometimes he will lie on a river bank partly covered with sand or mud until an absentminded native wanders within reach. Having grabbed his prey, he will waddle into the water and there drown the struggler. He will then drag his victim ashore and bury him in sand or mud and wait for days before he gorges himself.—Fall Mall Gazette.

She Was Excited.

"It's funny the way some women act when they get excited," said a conductor on the Broadway line. He continued: "A well dressed, refined appearing woman ran out of a store and jumped on my car just as I was about to pull the bell for the motorman to go ahead. She stood up in the aisle and said: 'Wait a minute; don't go yet! My husband will be here soon.' Her husband wasn't in sight, so I decided we'd have to go. When I reached for the bell cord she grew excited. 'I told you to wait,' she said. 'My husband will be here in just a minute.' 'We cannot wait for him, madam,' I said. 'We're running on schedule time.' It was then that she did something funny. She grew more excited and said to me, 'Young man, if you don't hold this car for my husband I'll smash you in the face.' Just then her husband came out of a store on the run and climbed aboard. When he had dropped into a seat the woman looked at me and with a sweet smile said, 'Now you may go ahead, conductor.' 'Thank you,' I said."—Denver Post.

She Missed Him.

A poor woman who kept a small shop in a northern village and who was troubled with a husband who could scarcely be considered a credit to the family one day found herself a widow through the sudden demise of her spouse. A lady who frequently made small purchases at the shop called to see her and to offer her sympathy, though well knowing that the man's death must in a certain sense come as a relief, as the wife had often suffered from his violence. She was not, however, quite prepared for the stoical way in which the wife took her bereavement.

Said the lady:
"I am sure, Mrs. G., you must miss your husband."
"Well, mum, it do seem queer to go into the shop and find something in the till."—London Tit-Bits.

A Dilemma.

Young Bellarine had at the same time a sore throat and pains in his stomach. So he went to the doctor, who said that he must take something sweet for his throat, but he protested, saying that it would be bad for his stomach. "And," said the doctor, refusing to listen, "for your stomach you must take something strong."
"But," protested once more the victim, "that will be bad for my throat."
"Dear me!" exclaimed the doctor, out of patience. "You are a little too much. Decide instantly whether you prefer a sore throat or stomach trouble."—H. Riso.

WANT COLUMN

POTATOES:—Pure Early Ohio seed potatoes; 80c per bushel. R. J. or E. L. Collins. 2-11

I will mow your lawns by the week or for the season, 50 cents for each mowing. Phone Mrs. Hull. A. F. Sherman. 5-31pd.

STOCK PASTURE—5 1/2 miles north-east of Ord. Large well watered pasture. Phone I. S. J. M. Keating 4-11

LOST—A horse blanket between town and the trace school house. Leave at Ord State Bank. O. L. Kokes. 4-21pd

FOR SALE:—My residence, two blocks from square, and household furniture including a high grade piano. See Dr. C. A. Brink. 4-11

FOR SALE:—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vine-st Kokes. John Kokes, ow er. 2-11

FOR SALE—A medium size fire proof safe as good as new. L. D. Bailey & Sons.

FOR RENT—Four room cottage on the hill Water in house. Mrs. M. Coombs. 4-21pd.

WANTED—Load of cobs at the Methodist church. Mrs. C. W. Barnes. 4-11

FOR RENT—A six-room cottage one block west of square. See Dr. Halldeman. 4-11

WARNING—No hunting, fishing or trapping will be permitted on my farm. Such trespassers will be prosecuted. O. R. Hansen. 5-3

LOST—Buggy cushion, March 12, north of Ord. Finder leave at Quiz office. S. L. Flowers. 6-21

SIBERIAN millet seed for sale. \$1.00 per bushel. Sample at Quiz office. Phone H. 21. Peter Peterson. F6-31.

PASTURE for cattle or horses on old Fellows place 1/2 miles east of Ord. John Martin. 5-21pd-

DO not read this unless you want to buy a threshing machine. I will sell my threshing outfit cheap if taken within next 30 days. The outfit is now in Valley county. Write for price. John Kuera, Grand Island, Nebraska. 5-

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-11

FOR SALE—Pure R. O. B. Leghorn eggs 75 cents per 15, \$3.50 per 100. Phone or write Mrs. H. W. Trefren. 4-11

FOR SALE—My house of five rooms, bath and pantry; barn, 18x18; out building, 12x12 with 3 bins for coal; trees and sidewalks; all in good condition. Property known as Elmer Gard place. Price \$2,500. Mrs. Partridge. 4-11

POCKETBOOK LOST in Ord Saturday morning. Finder please leave at Quiz office.

PLASTERING sand and coarse gravel, price \$1.00 a yard delivered. G. W. Butcher & Son. 2-11

SOME fine evergreens, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 5-11

FOR RENT:—A house close to the high school. Enquire Mrs. Mattley. 52-11

HOGS:—Will be in Elyria every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone I for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

FOR SALE:—Three acres of ground, a good house, three rooms; chicken coop good well. For \$1,300 cash. Arthur Thompson, Coelus, Neb. 3-11pd

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52-

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

EGGS:—Crescent strain B. P. R. eggs, \$1 for 15; \$5 for 100. Phone F. 14 or B. F. D. No. 2. Mrs. Jake Peterson.

MY RESIDENCE for sale; house and eight choice lots in West Ord. S. A. Stacy. 51-11

PASTURE for cattle on the Ed Ehler farm north of Ord. Good hill pasture and plenty of water. \$1.50 for the season. 11

R. C. Williams sells incubators, The Old Trusty kind. Call at Williams' harness shop or phone. He will do you good. Some books left yet. 50-

SPRING WAGON for sale. Inquire at Bassett's barn. 311

FRESH COW—Wanted, a few good milk customers. Clinton Halsey. Telephone 340. 5-21pd

Hello, boys!

Here is Your Seed Corn

1000 bushels crop of 1905.

This is first-class corn and sure to grow. Will take 60c per bushel as it comes in the crib. Half of it will be good seed.

CHRIS BUSSE.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Typewriter ribbons in stock at the Quiz office.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

Miss Jennie Bell went to St. Paul Saturday to visit friends for a few days.

If you are interested in air pressure water systems see Honnold Bros.

John Ranier, the furniture man, was a passenger to Omaha Monday morning.

W. L. McNutt will move his office to the new room just built by the Blessing Bros.

D. C. Rhule and Nels Johnson bought two of A. C. Johnson's best pianos last Friday.

Editor, Davis and W. H. Carson were transacting business along real estate lines in North Loup yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ormsby Petty of Mira Valley went to Grand Island and other points Saturday for a few days' visit.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

The next meeting of the Presbyterian Aid Society will be at the home of Mrs. H. H. Parks Wednesday afternoon, April 17, at 2:00 o'clock.

No preaching services were held in the Christian church Sunday morning owing to the temporary illness of Rev. M. M. Eaton, the pastor.

Mrs. Grover Still spent a few days last week visiting friends in Ord. Mr. Still joining her here Saturday night. Both returned to Scotia Monday morning.

Professor J. N. D. Auble returned home Friday afternoon from Franklin county, where he has been for the past few months practicing at his profession and healing the afflicted of that part of the state.

C. W. Rose, who is representing D. H. Baldwin piano company, and has been here assisting A. C. Johnson & Co., has gone to Alliance, Nebraska to conduct a piano sale similar to the one so successfully conducted here.

There will be a basket social at the Manderson school house, Miss Clara Brown, teacher, on Friday evening, April 19, to which all persons are invited, each bringing, of course, a basket for two or money enough to buy one.

C. D. Lovell, who with his parents used to live down on Davis Creek, arrived in the city last week Thursday and for the purpose of visiting relatives and accompanying Grandma Gipe back to Ohio. The old lady will go back there to make her home for the rest of her days. Since leaving this county many years ago the Lovells have lived in Ohio, the father dying some two years ago. Mrs. Gipe's effects will be shipped today and she will follow soon after.

John Trindle received an accident in Sargent on Monday which he will not forget in a few days or months, and then, perhaps, some more. He and wife drove over in the morning, and when about to start for home, after putting three hundred red brick in the wagon, Mr. Trindle saw something about the harness which he thought was not proper and started to get out of the wagon when his fur overcoat flopped outward which frightened the horses, causing Mr. Trindle to fall to the ground, one wheel of the wagon passing over one leg between his hip and knee and over the other leg between the knee and ankle. The doctor reports no bones broken. As his daughter resides in Sargent and his wife is with him he will come out without much trouble, in time. It is said he will come home in a day or two. He can consider himself lucky that it was no worse, and that he has a couple of husky boys at home, so that the spring farm work will not suffer.—Taylor Clarion.

O. R. Hansen is pretty indignant over the manner in which nimrods and hunters abuse the privileges of his farm and proposes to make an example of the first person he finds hunting, trapping or fishing on his place. The reason for his feeling this way against these people is the way they treat his property. The latest escapade was the taking of his boat, which he fortunately found drawn up on Mes-senger creek and abandoned by the sports.

Why would it not be well to have a day set aside as cleaning day—a day when all, regardless of race, color or previous condition of servitude, shall clean up around their residences and places of business that our pretty little village may look more like a thing of beauty and less like a barn yard? The conditions of some of the streets and back alleys are a fright.—North Loup Loyalist.

Mrs. F. P. Newbecker received a letter yesterday from Missouri, stating that her father was not expected to live. She took the train this morning hoping to reach his bedside before he passes away. Her father and mother spent several months here about a year ago and made many friends.—Taylor Clarion.

The optical lectures by Dr. Bilon are free and always followed by the latest moving pictures. Come out and learn something as well as enjoy yourself. At K. P. hall April 17.

Government investigation of life insurance recalls that the guarantee on every can of Bradley & Vrooman Paint is an absolute insurance against loss. It protects you. Sold by F. J. Dwork.

If you suffer from headache, nervous exhaustion, insomnia, sick headache, etc., stop using medicines and consult Dr. Bilon at the K. P. hall April 17 and 18.

Bailey Bros. will sell at the Blue Barn on Saturday, April 20, 20 young horses, all of fine quality. The sale will be at 2:00 p. m. sharp.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

Miss Arnold's music studio is located in Mrs. Hull's home and all desiring instruction are invited to call. 5-ft.

Ed Kallal made another trip up to his land in Alberta, Canada, Monday morning, expecting to remain for a couple of months.

The Arion orchestra expect to go to Scotia next Friday afternoon and in the evening will give a big ball in the opera house. They will be assisted by Lew Jenkins of Burwell.

Mrs. B. E. Brigham of Tamora, Nebraska, returned home Monday morning after visiting for a few days at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wimberley, and other relatives in Valley county.

Saturday was a great day for Springdale athletes. In the afternoon at the fair grounds the Springdale boys defeated the high school team in a ball game and later the Springdale juniors took a hotly contested game from the Epworth Guards.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. Gallon can peeled California peaches 50 cents a can. Fine line dried fruits. Try our Royal peanut butter and Cocktail diced pineapple. The new things, the best things usually found at our grocery.

C. B. Freeman of St. Paul has been visiting at the Frank Cushing home across the river for several days. He is an old friend of the Cushings and is in the implement business in St. Paul. He returned home Saturday morning.

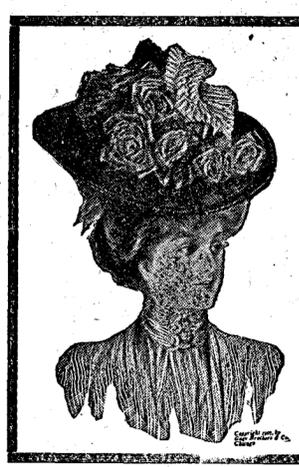
Clarence Bressley, the young man who succeeded W. E. Bowen as driver of the Standard Oil Co's wagon, received a brand new wagon Wednesday, the old one having been condemned as unfit for further use. He made his first trip with it Saturday, going to Scotia.

Herman and Ed. Mattley went through town last Tuesday evening en route to Burwell where they spent a few days visiting relatives. Friday they came down to Ord and visited until Monday morning when the former returned to his labors at Lincoln and the latter to his home at Ansley.

Elaborate arrangements had been made for the initiation of over a dozen candidates into the Rebekah lodge last Friday night, but for various reasons only two or three of the candidates showed up and the initiation was postponed until a later date. Several of the candidates were reported to be on the sick list.

Yesterday N. J. Peterson sold six hogs 19 months old which averaged 580 pounds each, while the best one in the bunch weighed 660. These were the culls from his last fall's yearlings, the best ones being sold last fall. Does this show that it pays to breed good hogs? The hogs had great frames and were therefore able to put on a great amount of fat.

The York Republican in the issue of April 10, 1907 in commenting on the program for the coming chautauqua in York says as follows: "Believing that our people will appreciate the treat the management has engaged the Williams Jubilee Singers for the last four days. This is the same company which was here the first year of the chautauqua, it will be remembered, and the people who heard them are not tired of praising them. Williams and his popular company are better than ever and will take like a whirlwind." We are pleased to announce that this fine organization, absolutely the best of its kind, has been engaged for the Ord chautauqua. To hear the Williams Company sing is alone worth the cost of a season ticket.



In Our Millinery Department

Will be found every new shape represented.

Style, elegance and beauty distinguish every hat, while the prices are truly popular. You are cordially invited to come in and visit our Millinery Department.

Ord's biggest, busiest and best trading place.

L. D. Bailey & Sons.

Ord, Nebraska.

There was a very snappy and interesting debate at the high school Monday morning at 9:00 o'clock on the question: "Resolved, that the United States government made a mistake in granting the right of franchise to the negro." Miss Ethel Newbecker affirmed and Mr. Clayton Burke denied. Three judges were called to hear the debate and pass judgement upon it. One of these judges could not be present and unfortunately the other two disagreed by small margins and the case had to go to the jury again. This morning they will again debate the question before a full jury of three judges. Both debaters did exceedingly well and it will be no discredit to Ord to be represented by either one at the state debating contest, to which the winner here will go.

Every town in Scotts Bluff county went for prohibition at the election last week. This is said to be the logical and inevitable result of the murder affair in which Editor Sam Cox was shot and killed at Minatare by a boozier of that town because Cox had waged a warfare against the unholy traffic. The brute who killed him is in the penitentiary for twenty-four years, though the sentence should be for 240. But that does not appease the public outrage and the rising tide against the liquor evil. Perhaps Sam Cox's death is as the seed of a martyr.—Fremont Tribune.

For two years we have been enjoying seasons of comparatively little wind, but the promise now is for a return to the old windy days with Nebraska winning again the name she had for furnishing a very "bracing" atmosphere. We can't exactly say that we like it, but somehow it makes an old residenter feel at home.

The wife of Joe O'Brien, engineer on the Union Pacific passenger, accompanied her husband to Ord Saturday night and visited over Sunday in Ord. The O'Briens expect to move to Ord at an early date and are on the lookout for a suitable rentable location.

Norm. Parks went to Columbus Saturday morning and from there to Omaha for the purpose of having his eyes treated. For some time he has had difficulty with his eyes and thinks that a specialist may be able to do him some good.

From Rev. D. C. Hopson we learn that Rev. Shumate is still a sick man and has gone to Excelsior Springs, Mo., for recuperation. He is not, however, sick with appendicitis, as at first reported.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. Fresh strawberries promised this week. Leave your orders.

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans, ORD STATE BANK.

C. A. Clark, the Ravenna creamery man, was in the city over Sunday.

We have several good second hand organs for sale cheap. A. C. Johnson & Co.

W. E. Chapin was aboard the Burlington passenger Monday morning enroute for Lincoln.

Standard table pears 2 cans for 25 cents. This is a big value. Fackler & Finley, the grocers.

Drug treatment for headache and nervous troubles is dangerous. Dr. Bilon removes cause. Nature cures. Come out and learn how. Free lecture at the K. P. hall April 17.

A. C. Johnson went to Scotia Monday morning where he will establish a music store as a branch store to his Ord business. Mr. Still will have the management of the Scotia end of the business.

The appointments for the Ord and Springdale Methodist churches for the next two Sundays are as follows: Rev. Geo. P. Trites of Lexington, April 21, Rev. Dr. Abbott of the First Methodist church of Kearney, April 28. 5-td.

A big special train of twenty-two cars of stock was shipped out over the B. & M. to South Omaha yesterday. Following is the number of cars shipped by each owner: J. A. Ollis Jr., four cars; Gus A. Smith, two cars; Carl Stobbe, four cars; Adolf Fuss, one car; Reinhardt Fuss, one car; H. F. Hamilton, three cars; Ben Hackel, three cars; Thomas Neilsen, two cars; William Aldrich, one car; Ed. Johnson, one car.

When you stop to think the cost of a season's ticket for the Ord chautauqua is certainly low. Only \$2, for the entire session. Think of the many fine programs to be enjoyed for such a trifling sum. Programs, one of which is worth the entire cost of all. However that is the idea of the chautauqua. To provide the best in the whole country at a price so low that the poorest man may attend. Yet it will require an enormous sale of season tickets at so low a price to pay the cost of such a magnificent program as will be furnished. Why not assist this great enterprise by subscribing for a few more than you actually need and then selling the extra ones to your friends in the country or nearby towns. Try it for the good of the cause.

Leave the Next at Our Barn. Considerable excitement has been occasioned in Geneva this week over the finding of a girl baby in J. H. Sager's barn Sunday morning.

Mr. Sager went to the barn about 7:30 to feed his horse and was attracted by the cries of a child. His search resulted in the finding of a baby about a week old, deposited in an open telescope just inside of one of the doors. Mr. Sager immediately telephoned to Marshal Owens and City Physician Bixby and also Dr. M. Probst.

They removed the child to the hose house where a fire was lighted and it was given attention by Mrs. Sager and the physicians and was found to be suffering from hunger as well as exposure.

The child has good features with dark hair and eyes, and although somewhat emacipated, had received proper attention and was well clad in fairly good clothing. Its long skirts were pinned up around its feet and it was carefully wrapped in a pink cotton blanket. It wore a woolly hood and tied over its face was a light silk handkerchief while around its neck was a white cotton handkerchief with embroidered corners. But neither on the telescope or the child's clothes were there any marks that would give the slightest clue as to its identity. The careful manner however in which it had been cared for and dressed would naturally indicate that the parents wished it to live but further than this no one ventures an opinion—Geneva Signal.

As the time for the Ord chautauqua draws near our thinking people are becoming more interested. What is most desired is to make the chautauqua a permanent institution. To accomplish this it will be necessary for every one to put his shoulder to the wheel and assist the initial session. There are many people who, never having had an opportunity of attending a chautauqua are not aware of the grand things to be seen and heard. Let every one interested appoint himself a missionary to talk about the Ord assembly. Write to your friends in the nearby towns. Urge them to come to Ord for a vacation. Let us all endeavor to insure the success of the first year's trial of the chautauqua a permanent institution in the city.

Ed. Watson is able to be around again after his second inflammatory rheumatism attack.

Have You Seen It?

The TEDDY BEAR Belt



It's the newest thing in children's belts. We have them. The price is only 25c.

The Baileys' Department Store.



We are now ready

To show you the new styles in Collegian Spring Suits. These are the most perfect garments for young men ever produced. They possess the real college character, that smart effect which any young man will appreciate. Prices from \$12.50 to \$20.00. We would be glad to have you come in and try one of these on. The fit is really beyond criticism.

L. D. Bailey & Sons.

Ord's biggest, busiest and best trading place.

Reform in Funerals.

Thoughtful persons will approve the efforts being made by the Evangelical Minister's association of Atlanta and encouraged by like organizations elsewhere looking to a reform in the funeral methods of the day. Rather radical changes are proposed by the Atlanta organization, including,

(1) The elimination of eulogies.

(2) The abandonment to a large extent of the Sunday funeral.

(3) The use of less ostentatious mourning.

(4) More discrimination in the sending of floral tributes.

Great griefs are mute and they mourn truly who mourn without witnesses. The world is coming to a realization of the wisdom back of a movement like that of the Atlanta organization. While it is fitting to pay public tribute to public men, whose life and death are matters of general concern, the saner view of death opposes the display of private grief to the unsympathetic and uncaring public.

Party Platforms.

The opponents of the primary looking over the new Nebraska law to find much desired obstacles to its success, have hit upon the platform provision as the one to discredit the whole system of direct nominations. The platforms are to be made in the future according to section 81 of the new law:

"The first Saturday after the primary election the nominees for county officers shall meet at the county seat of the respective counties in this state, and by a majority vote thereof select one committeeman from each township or precinct in each county, and within one week thereafter said committeemen so selected shall meet and elect a chairman of the county central committee of his respective party and at said time shall elect one delegate who shall meet with like delegates chosen in the same way from each county in the state at the capitol at twelve o'clock, meridian, on the fourth Tuesday in September, 1907, and annually thereafter on the fourth Tuesday in September, and said delegates shall forthwith formulate the state platform of their party and select a state central committee composed of one member for each senator, elected from each senatorial district and said committee so elected shall select its chairman and secretary. The platform of each party shall be framed at such time and shall be made public not later than six o'clock in the afternoon of the following day."

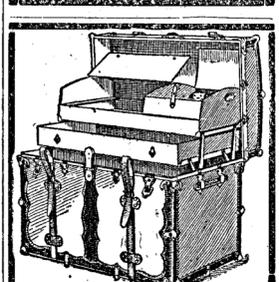
Senator Joe Burns was the first of the reactionists to point out that this meant inevitable disaster. "Under this act," says Joe, "the smallest county will have just as much influence as Douglas or Lancaster." Therefore drastic platforms that will bring about inevitable defeat. But will that be the result?

The object of a platform is to win votes, not to impose certain views upon an unwilling community. Under the old system five men wrote a platform and it was presented and adopted, usually unanimously and without debate, in the closing hours of a convention. Under the new system all of the party platform conventions will be held on the same day in the state capitol. There will be no waiting to find

out what other parties declare, in order to attempt to catch the breeze of public opinion at some other slant. It is to be expected that at six o'clock of the second day all of the platforms will be released simultaneously, each one the result of long deliberation by ninety picked men.

The system ought to produce a stronger party consciousness than the old haphazard plan, and give better written, more terse and more sharply defined platforms. In time a seat in a platform convention will carry with it enough honor to cause the real intellectual leaders in each party to desire a place there. Imagine a convention of ninety republicans in the senate chamber, with the leaders of the present senate in the chairs they have occupied for three months, and other men of like calibre on the floor with them. They will meet with election credentials, and will act under authority of the law. It need not be asked if such a body will not produce better platforms and develop a stronger party spirit and organization than the pass-carried mobs that have named tickets and enunciated party principles during the last twenty-five years in Nebraska.—The State Journal (Lincoln).

SEE
HONNOLD & DAVIS
FOR
Real Estate Insurance and 5% Loans



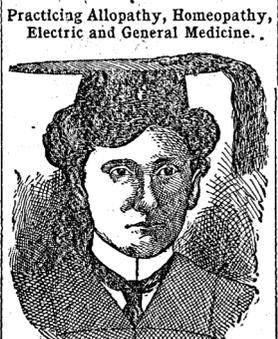
FRANK MYSKO,
Manufacturer of
First Class Hand and Machine Sewed HARNESSES
and dealer in Saddlery Goods, Trunks, Valises, Gloves and Furs. Repairing neatly done
North Side Square. ORD, NEBR.

Kansas Land
Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth land, from
\$7 to \$12 per acre
One-fourth cash, the balance on four years' time.
Newbecker Land Co.,
GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

Notice.
State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of Valley county, in the matter of the guardianship of Nellie G. Madison and Flora A. Madison, minors.
Now on the 30th day of March 1907, came John K. Gray, and prays to be appointed guardian of said minors. It is therefore ordered that the 19th day of April 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, in Ord, Nebraska, be fixed as the time and place for hearing said petition, and all persons interested in said appointment, are required to appear at the time and place so designated, and show cause, if such exists, why such appointment should not be made. It is further ordered that notice be given by publication 3 weeks prior to the day set for said hearing.
Dated this 30th day of March 1907.
H. Gudmundsen, county judge.

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL
of Chicago,
Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.



Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on
Friday, May 3
Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases.
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female impotency, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Goures, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. In intractable cases refer for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co.,
Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill.
Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of section 8, township 20, range 15; in other words, at the east end of the proposed road described in a petition of A. H. Meyers and others, filed June 6, 1907, in the county clerk's office of Valley county, Nebraska and running thence east to the right of way of the B. & M. railroad company, and thence southeasterly on the south side of the B. & M. right of way to a point where the railroad right of way intersects the line of the southwest quarter of section 9, township 20, range 15, and thence south to intersect with the road running south, has reported in favor of the location of said road and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and seal this 27th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirteen, township seventeen north, range fifteen west of the Sixth Principal Meridian in Valley county, Nebraska, and running east of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen, same township and range, for one-half mile, thence south to intersect with road No. 286. This road connects roads Nos. 45 and 296 and we pray you to also vacate that part of road No. 172, between sections thirteen, township seventeen, range fifteen and section eighteen, township seventeen, range fourteen, west of 6th P. M., has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

If you have some printing to be done, bring it around to the Quiz office. We will do it to your taste and the price will suit you.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that S. J. Dixon has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in said city of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that Henck & Hall has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in said city of Ord, in the Heibart building, located on lot 4, block 19, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Adamek has filed with the city clerk of the city of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the second ward in said city of Ord, in the Cernik building located on Division "J" of lot 7, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that White & Harris have filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the second ward in said city of Ord, in the building now occupied by them, on lot 7, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Adamek has filed with the city clerk of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the city of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the first day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, city clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing about 40 rods north of the southwest corner of section 10, township 20, range 14, running thence northeast to a point on the recorded road about 60 rods east of the west side of said section, township and range, following old traveled trail and the part of road No. 245 lying west of the termination of this petition be vacated, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Striking the east line of the southwest quarter of section six, township twenty, range sixteen, near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section six, and running thence south on the west side of the east line of said southwest quarter as near the line as practicable, about eighty rods, thence in a southeasterly direction to connect with the old established road and to vacate that part of the old established road between the point of beginning and termination of this road, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office, on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Notice for Presentation of Claims.

State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of said county: In the matter of the estate of Richard Truman Honnold, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Richard Truman Honnold late of Valley county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 6th day of April, 1907. All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county, at his office therein, on or before the 7th day of October, 1907, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the 8th day of October, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.
H. Gudmundsen, County Judge.
Honnold & Davis, Attorneys for Estate.

Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, March 28, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Michael Tracy of Sedlov, Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17813 made July 30, 1902, for the north 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 28, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on May 10, 1907.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Frank Gustafson of Ord, Nebraska; Frank Zukosky of Sedlov, Nebraska; Victor Danzek of Ord, Nebraska; Ignatius Gorny of Sedlov, Nebraska.
Chas. F. Shedd, Register.

In Ye Olden Times



when women did their own pinning, it was a source of great pride to have a well filled linen chest.

In these days of rush and worry any woman can lay in a supply of household linens with a very small expenditure of either time or money. Our line of Dress and Wash Goods for Spring has just arrived and we invite you to call and inspect the same.

Frank Dworak

Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co.
There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.
See our line of Fence Posts

Do You Know

we want you to do your banking business with us? If you are not already one of our customers call and see us about opening an account with us.
Your money is safer in the bank than anywhere else, and then pay your bills by check, which is the safest and most convenient method, and your check becomes a receipt for the amount paid.
Having a large CAPITAL and SURPLUS we offer the greatest security for deposits, and in addition to our financial strength our officers have the benefit of many years' experience. If you are not already one of our customers we would be pleased to have you call, and if we can be of any service to you we will be pleased to assist you.
FIRST NAT'L BANK
Ord, Nebraska
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - - - \$100,000

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location of said road, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Did the Dog Reason?

The late Duke of Beaufort, who was an excellent observer, notes in his diary how (he was hunting the hounds himself) the pack drove down to a wall and flashed over—all but Bachelor. This hound missed the scent as he reached the top of the wall and, standing there, waved his stern as if in thought. Then it seemed to flash across him, "If the fox has not crossed he must have turned short under the wall." So Bachelor dropped back into the road and, racing along, picked up the line.—T. F. Dale in Outing Magazine.

Not Guilty.

"Tommy," said the teacher reproachfully, "why didn't you take your hat off to me when you passed me yesterday?"
"I didn't have me hat on, ma'am," replied the boy.
"Don't tell me that. I saw it on your head."
"I know you seen me, but you didn't see me hat. That was me brudder's hat I had on."

Burlington Route
See California Now
Special to California

Round trip rates to San Francisco and Los Angeles, about half rates, April 25 to May 18. Be sure to go one way via the Shasta Route and Puget Sound—only \$12.50 more. Stoppers, variable and attractive routes.

Cheap, One Way West
Daily during April one way rates to Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and Big Horn Basin. Nearly 50 per cent reduction. Daily through standard and tourist sleepers.

Homeseekers' Excursions
Frequently each month from eastern Nebraska to eastern Colorado, Wyoming and Big Horn Basin.

Landseekers' Information Bureau
Irrigated lands along the North Platte river, in the Big Horn Basin and Yellowstone Valley on terms cheaper than paying rent, and money paid on a water right is money saved. Send for new descriptive folders.
J. W. MOORHOUSE, Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.
L. W. WARELY, G. F. A., Omaha, Nebraska.

THE ORD QUIZ.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska. Friday, April 19, 1907.

Vol. 26, No. 6

NEWS NOTES OVER THE

Springdale Notes.
Lars Hansen's visited Jensen's Sunday.
Mr. Hopkins preached at Springdale Sunday.

The eighth grade have taken up the participle in grammar.

D. Haught from Webster county arrived last Wednesday.

Mr. Hawkins returned home Monday evening from Missouri.

Ole Olsen from Cedar Bluffs, Nebraska, visited with relatives from Friday till Monday.

Neb. State Historical Society

VALLEY COUNTY

day this week on his way to Burwell.

John Ballard and wife are up on their farm thirty miles north of Burwell building a house on their Kinkaid homestead.

Mrs. Liberski of Garfield county was visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Charles Wozniak, Sunday and was in Ord Monday.

Dr. Bilon, the eye specialist, gave a lecture on the eye in its relation to health, also its diseases, their cause and cure, on Tuesday evening and a moving picture exhibition on Wednesday night, which was appreciated by all.

Park was kicked by a horse last week breaking his arm. It was attended to by Dr. Prest as soon as the boy could reach Comstock, and is getting along as well as could be expected.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Holoun gave a dance to a large circle of friends last Sunday and all enjoyed themselves till the dawn of day.

Mr. Slangar and family have moved onto the Voracek place, recently vacated by Chas. Mars.

Pretty heavy frosts have visited us of late and ice froze an inch thick one night.

Enjoying California Sunshine.
San Diego, Calif., April 13, 1907.

Editor Quiz, Ord, Nebraska.
Dear Sir:—

I take this method to let my friends know that I am still in the land of sunshine and flowers. I left Ord March 8, 1907 over the U. P. R. R. to San Diego, California. After three days of stormy voyage through the Rocky Mountains I reached Sacramento Valley, then took a stub branch of the Southern Pacific to Santa Rose, 75 miles north of San Francisco. Santa Rose is one of the earthquake victims. All of the business

Health and Education Govern the World

The Weak, Sickly and Emaciated Can Hope but for Little Success.

By Dr. O. M. Caldwell, Chicago

In compiling the statistics of the different races of people in the world, it is of interest to note the article of diet, the manner in which it is taken and the extent of medical attendance as practiced in the civilized world. It has been demonstrated conclusively that the meat eaters are the

cular rheumatism and dyspepsia. Those troubles soon disappeared.

Mrs. R. McBeth, Hader, Nebr., cured of female and nervous troubles. Was told by doctors operation would be necessary. Cured in four months treatment.

Mrs. J. Dobbins of North Platte, Nebr., writes, "she had been doctored for years without relief for kidney trouble, female and general debility."

Mr. Michael McCabe, North Platte, Nebr., cured of cancer of the face with two injections.

Oscar Emmit, Columbus, Nebr., cured of what other doctors called incurable blood

THE ORD QUIZ.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Friday, April 19, 1907.

Vol. 26, No. 6

NEWS NOTES OVER THE

Springdale Notes.

Lars Hansen's visited Jensen's Sunday.

Mr. Hopkins preached at Springdale Sunday.

The eighth grade have taken up the participle in grammar.

D. Haught from Webster county arrived last Wednesday.

Mr. Hawkins returned home Monday evening from Missouri.

Ole Olsen from Cedar Bluffs, Nebraska, visited with relatives from Friday till Monday.

Mrs. Lindhartsen and Mr. Freeze from Noble township visited at O. R. Hansen's Sunday.

Lars Sorensen and Mrs. R. Sorensen from Ord visited at the O. R. Hansen home last Friday.

The seventh grade geography are making a thorough study of latitude and longitude this week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Haught from Scotia were visiting relatives Saturday and Sunday in Springdale.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Stewart of North Loup visited relatives Sunday. They returned home Monday.

Miss Bertha Haught and her cousin, Mr. Wash Porter from Missouri, visited at C. C. Haught's Wednesday and Thursday.

S. N. Arnold departed for Omaha last Wednesday with stock. Before returning to Ord he expects to visit his daughter at Bassett, Nebraska.

Mrs. Lew Holloway visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Pierson, from Wednesday till Sunday, while Mr. Holloway went to Omaha. He returned Saturday dropping off at Spots.

The fourth and fifth grade reading have finished the production about "The Tournament." They had some very interesting lessons on "The Spider" the latter part of the week.

H. D. Stowell favored the school last Friday afternoon by giving the pupils another lesson in music. We sincerely hope that his duties this spring will not be so strenuous but that he will be able to assist us often in this branch of education which is neglected in school.

The Springdale school boys naturally feel quite elated because they were victorious in their first base ball game of the season. They expected to get cleaned up in proper style when they met the high school aggregation from Ord, but they succeeded in beating their opponents by a score of 16 to 13.

The chimney at the school house went on a strike the early part of the week. A brick was lodged in the chimney just above the flue. This prevented all the smoke from passing out. As a result of this the fire had to be extinguished. This rendered the room too cold for a majority of the pupils. On Monday those who thought they were unable to stand the cold were permitted to go home. About twenty pupils remained all day. The offending brick was removed Monday after school and the chimney has been conducting itself in a creditable manner ever since.

Elyria Items.

Lewie Dahlin is visiting at the Fort this week.

Henry Mattley went to Lincoln Saturday to see his mother who is at that place very sick.

John Collison of the Ord mill passed through our town one

day this week on his way to Burwell.

John Ballard and wife are up on their farm thirty miles north of Burwell building a house on their Kinkaid homestead.

Mrs. Liberski of Garfield county was visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Charles Wozniak, Sunday and was in Ord Monday.

Dr. Bilon, the eye specialist, gave a lecture on the eye in its relation to health, also its diseases, their cause and cure, on Tuesday evening and a moving picture exhibition on Wednesday night, which was appreciated by all.

On The Pleasant West.

Miss Albenie Valesk is herding cattle for Frank Krikac.

Miss Louisa Klima of Custer county is working for Joseph Waldmann.

John Vesek of Wood's Park put down a new well for John Pesek last Saturday.

Mike Shubert has fenced some more pasturage. He intends to try raising live stock.

Joseph Houlon celebrated the completion of his new \$2,000 residence last Sunday.

Miss Antonia Stara of Ord finished her school last Friday in district number 59.

Charles Dye of Custer county has purchased a new gang plow and claims it is all right.

Farmers are almost done sowing, and are now getting their fields ready for putting in corn.

While in Comstock last Saturday John Benda planned for the erection of a new house which he proposes to build this summer.

There will be a basket social and dance given by the patrons of school district 29 in the Woodman hall on April 28, beginning at six o'clock in the evening. A short program will be given. A good attendance is desired.

Ida Items.

Mr. Craig went to Broken Bow Tuesday morning.

James Butts lost a valuable mare last week.

Mrs. Meyers visited Mrs. Craig Monday afternoon.

Ethel Meyers visited in Burwell a couple of days last week.

Fern Sly is assisting Mrs. Butts with her household duties this week.

Herman Grunkemeyer is down to his farm putting out fruit trees and sowing oats.

Maude Jackson visited at Mr. Draver's Wednesday and Thursday of last week.

Mrs. C. A. Sharpe went to York and Aurora Monday morning to spend a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Craig were initiated into the mysteries of the Eastern Star lodge, at Burwell Monday evening.

District 64.

Archie Waterman is again in school after a week's absence.

As school will close next week we are making rapid progress in the program which will be given the last day.

Warner Vergin who has just finished his course of study in the country school, is now helping his father with the farm work.

We feel very proud of the fact that three of our pupils, Lena, Elmer and Emma Vergin have neither been absent or tardy this year.

Poplar Grove People.

Frank Jarousek is on the sick list this week.

C. C. Rowell's son of Wood

Park was kicked by a horse last week breaking his arm. It was attended to by Dr. Prest as soon as the boy could reach Comstock, and is getting along as well as could be expected.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Holoun gave a dance to a large circle of friends last Sunday and all enjoyed themselves till the dawn of day.

Mr. Slangar and family have moved onto the Voracek place, recently vacated by Chas. Mars.

Pretty heavy frosts have visited us of late and ice froze an inch thick one night.

V. Krikac and V. Drobny shipped their cattle the fore part of the week.

Jno. Visek repaired a well for M. Prestle last week.

Elyria Items.

Eustice Mattley and wife were in Ord Wednesday.

U. S. Adams was in Grand Island a few days last week.

Fred Stingley was in Lincoln on business a few days last week.

Mrs. Pat Dailey of Ord visited over Sunday at Peter Jensen's.

Miss Elsie Smith of Burwell is visiting her sister, Mrs. Stingley.

Mr. Liman had three valuable cows killed by the train one day recently.

Mrs. John Collison and child of Ord visited at Henry Lindquist's over Sunday.

As Perry Dodge and Frances Liberski were returning from a dance given at the John Lindquist place on Saturday night the horses became unmanageable and kicked over the tongue breaking it into pieces and almost throwing the occupants out. They escaped with a bad scare and a walk home.

Chinese Contributions.

As the result of the little notice inserted in Tuesday's Quiz the following contributions have been handed in by people desiring to help the sufferers of China:

Mrs. E. K. Eaton, \$1.00

J. J. Stark, 50c

Bailey Bros., 5.00

J. G. Bremer, 10.00

If you want to aid hand in your money at once and it will be promptly remitted and go on its mission of good.

Notice, I. O. O. F. Members.

You are requested to meet at the I. O. O. F. hall on Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock to attend the funeral of Brother Bergrude.

Jos. Barta, Noble Grand.

Enjoying California Sunshine.

San Diego, Calif., April 13, 1907.

Editor Quiz, Ord, Nebraska.

Dear Sir:

I take this method to let my friends know that I am still in the land of sunshine and flowers.

I left Ord March 8, 1907 over the U. P. R. R. to San Diego, California. After three days of stormy voyage through the Rocky Mountains I reached Sacramento Valley, then took a stub branch of the Southern Pacific to Santa Rosa, 75 miles north of San Francisco. Santa Rosa is one of the earthquake victims. All of the business portion of the city was destroyed.

The Santa Rosa Valley is simply a paradise. While I was there I visited the home of Mr. Burbank, the great propagator. I saw in his garden thirteen varieties of cactus, nine of which had no thorns. These varieties were produced without thorns by grafting. His place is a place of flowers.

From there I went to Oakland, stayed all night and crossed over San Francisco Bay to the city of ruins. I took a street car up Market street to 24th street. Here is where the Grand Palace Hotel stood. The Examiner, the Call and Times were published here. The four corners are all in ruins, in fact all of Market street is a mass of debris. I wanted to find the Winchester Hotel where I stopped when I was in San Francisco September 19, 1905 on my way to Portland, Oregon. I had to have a man point it out to me. The Cliff house was not destroyed as was reported in the papers. It still stands at the entrance of the Golden Gate.

After a hard day's walk over the city I again started on my journey to San Diego. I took the Owl train. I do not know why they call it the Owl train unless it is because it travels after night. All went well until next morning about 8 a. m. All of a sudden we struck an automobile. We all heard the crash and the conductor stopped the train. All hands jumped out, as we thought, to pick up the fragments of the dead, but to our surprise both men crawled up out of the dust. After some shaking of the clothes one of them, I suppose it was the spokesman, asked our conductor if the automobile had killed anyone on the train and the conductor replied that the train was intact. At that word to board the train was given and all boarded the train and on we steamed, reaching San Diego at 8:30 p. m. That night, after nine days and nights and no sleep, I was ready for a night's rest. San Diego is a city of about 30,000. I was sick for three days but recovered, seen the city, then took the Camp's Stage and started for the Lockridge ranch, eighteen miles east. Reached there at 10:30 a. m. Found all fairly well and had a fine visit. Came back here on April 5th. I got a man to drive myself and two others over into Old Mexico, Tia Juana, the word when translated means Aunt Jane. I will remain here until April 17, when I will return to the Lockridge ranch again for a few days. I think I shall start homeward April 23, going through Arizona, New Mexico, Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas hoping to reach Ord about May 1. With love to all I am yours, respectfully, Adam Smith.

C. C. Rowell purchased a piano of the Chinaman at Ord.

Health and Education Govern the World

The Weak, Sickly and Emaciated Can Hope but for Little Success.

By Dr. O. M. Caldwell, Chicago

In compiling the statistics of the different races of people in the world, it is of interest to note the article of diet, the manner in which it is taken and the extent of medical attendance as practiced in the civilized world. It has been demonstrated conclusively that the meat eaters are the strongest, healthiest and the best educated people in the world; therefore it is reasonable to believe that they are the people who govern the world. As demonstrated by Dr. Caldwell, the American people consume on an average of six pounds of meat per week; the English four, the German three, the French two, and the Italian one-half. Statistics prove that epidemics of contagious diseases more largely prevail among those people whose diet partakes of less meat and more farinaceous foods. Good meat is the most wholesome of all foods to be taken. True, it is not as fattening as the cereals or farinaceous foods, but it is more strengthening and contains more blood and nerve producing elements, so necessary to strength and good health. What is required specially for perfect health is good digestion, plenty of out door exercise, and special care as to hygiene and all the laws of nature. Dr. Caldwell, a specialist of many years' experience, and has devoted much of her time to the study of diseases of the stomach, diseases of the brain and diseases of the nervous system. From conclusive proof it has been demonstrated that a little food properly served and well digested is far better than a great quantity of an unwholesome character improperly digested.

Dr. Caldwell has been afforded special advantages in studying the characteristics of the people, their diet, their hobbies and the special conditions governing medicine as a specialty.

She has been awarded, in contests with the greatest schools of the world, the highest prize and a number of medals. She has been making a specialty of chronic, nervous and surgical diseases, diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, diseases of women and diseases of long standing character. No matter how long such patients have suffered or who has treated them, she never fails to cure these ailments. In over a quarter of a century in the experiment, study and practice of her profession in the diseases of men and women, she has cured thousands who have been pronounced helpless by other physicians. People come to her from far and near to receive her treatment and her offices are crowded at the places of her appointments and all speak in the highest praise of her treatment.

By permission we are pleased to publish a few of some of the cures she made throughout the state of Nebraska. These are only a few, as time and space will not permit us to publish more.

Mrs. Sloan, Akron, Nebr., cured of consumption and nervous trouble. The treatment she took improved her at once, and she was soon cured of all her ailments.

C. A. Lundeen, Grand Island, Nebr., was troubled with mus-

cular rheumatism and dyspepsia. Those troubles soon disappeared.

Mrs. R. McBeth, Hader, Nebr., cured of female and nervous troubles. Was told by doctors operation would be necessary. Cured in four months treatment.

Mrs. J. Dobbins of North Platte, Nebr., writes, "she had been doctored for years without relief for kidney trouble, female and general debility."

Mr. Michael McCabe, North Platte, Nebr., cured of cancer of the face with two injections.

Oscar Emmit, Columbus, Nebr., cured of what other doctors called incurable blood disease.

Mrs. Elal Johnson, Grand Island, Nebr., cured of chronic eye trouble and catarrh.

Mrs. John Connelly, Akron, Nebr., cured of cancer.

Mrs. E. Zurig, Bluevale, Nebr., cured of female trouble, diabetes and stomach trouble.

S. E. Fuller, York, Nebr., cured of stomach and bowel trouble and kidney trouble.

Miss Dboore, Waco, Nebr., cured of skin disease of years standing, had been treated by many doctors.

Mrs. Oscar Lange, Tekamah, Nebr., cured of — — — and other female trouble.

Louie Herper, Columbus, Neb. cured of Bright's disease, heart trouble and nervousness.

Mrs. J. Jorgensen, Cozad, Neb. had suffered many years from nervous disease, loss of vitality and general weakness. She now feels healthy and like a new woman.

Mrs. Mary Krakon, Wayne, Nebr., cured of chronic rheumatism, swollen limbs, general trouble, headache and heart debility. Had almost given up hope when she heard of Dr. Caldwell, her treatment soon cured her and now she is thankful.

Mr. Charles Sihan, Pender, cured of rheumatism, almost had consumption.

Mr. Nulph Wyndure, Beaver, Nebr., cured of gall stones of liver.

Joe Carlson, Ft. Wayne, Ind., cured of large cancer of breast.

W. H. Larsen, 65 Nesbitt St. Newark, N. J., says: "Dr. Caldwell, after suffering for thirty years have found no treatment equal to yours, I write you these few lines to speak of the excellency of your treatment I think is due you."

Mrs. J. H. Sommers, of Craig, Nebr., cured of female trouble, general weakness and loss of flesh. Cured in three months.

Mrs. Sommers had doctored with many other doctors.

S. J. Blessen, Platte Center, Nebr., cured of stomach trouble of long standing, nervous debility; was treated by many doctors.

Nebraska's most popular specialist, Dr. A. Caldwell, registered graduate of the Kentucky School of Medicine, will make her next visit to Ord, on May 3.

Harry K. Thaw has dismissed the very able attorney who conducted his fight so successfully in the recent trial for Thaw's life. Now we are beginning to believe that Thaw is crazy. It is a crazy trick to swap horses in the midst of the stream.

It looks as though Harry K. Thaw would have enough trouble to make him crazy settling with his attorneys after this suit is over, even if the insanity commission do think him sane.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. Fresh strawberries promised this week. Leave your orders.

Good Work
Fair and Square Treatment
Prompt, Quick Work
The Right Price
spells the success of my repair department
Try me once with your watch work.
PARKINS

THE ORD QUIZ

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY.

ORD, NEBRASKA

Truth, mercy and charity give peace and long life to the good citizen.

Leipzig university will celebrate its five hundredth anniversary in 1909.

Alaska has 13 newspapers, Arizona 63, New York the largest number—1,337.

Fort Dodge girls object to being led to the altar by an escort of policemen.

Paris is taking to horse steaks, but it still draws the line at automobile tires.

The life and death of a good man is volume of glory on the shelf of memory.

The most hated man in Russia is dead, but it will not be long before there is another one.

Flattery is the current coin that cunning fakers pay to fool philosophers for ready cash.

Mark Twain isn't wearing his new white full dress suit this week. He has sent it to be cleaned.

The average daily transactions of the New York clearing house make a grand total of \$55,071,688.

"There's still real whisky in old Kentucky," says Henry Watterson. And still the colonel went away.

It is a great deal better to let other people do your talking than it is to let them do your thinking for you.

They are killing dogs now in Boston to find out if they have souls. The irreverent public will be apt to make the comment on their experiments that there are a few things yet about the material bodies of humans which the scientists have not yet found out.

A law providing for the punishment of people who carelessly shoot men who have been mistaken for deer has been passed by the legislature of the state of Maine. It is evident that Maine's legislators regard it as no more than reasonable to expect the man with a gun to look before he shoots.

J. A. L. Waddell, a bridge engineer of Kansas City, Mo., has received from the czar of Russia notification that he has been chosen to membership in the Society of Benefices, an organization recently founded by the czar's sister, Grand Duchess Olga. This distinction has been conferred because of Mr. Waddell's connection with preparing plans for the trans-Siberian railway.

Daily cold baths are recommended by physicians to those who have the vigor to endure the shock; but few physicians would recommend the average patient to follow the example of the members of the Polar Bear club of Boston, who take a daily plunge in the ocean, regardless of the weather. They have had to chop holes in the ice this winter before they could get at the water. The first man in usually repeats the time-honored call: "Come in, fellows, the water's fine!"

A trip into the Dismal Swamp is one of the attractions offered by the Jamestown exhibition. A steamboat route has been opened up through the 1,000 square miles involved, which, moreover, are said not to be so dismal as their name indicates. The Dismal Swamp was once the hiding place of runaway slaves. The swamp itself was not terrible to them. It seemed almost heavenly if they could succeed in reaching it. The dismal part was their flight across the southern states.

"Commercial Club" suggests to most minds a body of business men organized to promote trade. To a little town in Indiana the words mean a club of women formed for no commercial, political or reformative purpose, but with the single practical object of raising money for a town hall. The town has no place for general public gatherings, the town fathers made no move to supply a place, and the town mothers took the matter into their hands. There will be a town hall.

The king of Siam is visiting Italy, accompanied by 12 of his wives, the remainder of his numerous domestic establishment having been left at home. The desire to travel, to see the world and to improve one's mind is laudable and to give one's family like advantages still more so. But isn't His Siamese Majesty taking big risks? Italy is not far from Paris, and doubtless the royal ladies will insist upon going to the famous French capital. And when they "catch on" to Parisian fashions what will happen to his pocketbook.

A talented woman who seems to know what she is talking about says that bolsters, gum-chewing children come from the homes of the vulgar well-to-do because their walls are adorned with crayon portraits of the departed and monstrous masterpieces of amateur art. What line of pictures would she recommend to make a race of Little Lord Fauntleroy's?

The Italian villa that Mark Twain is planning to build on his Connecticut farm is going to have a pergola. It is not known yet whether Mark has learned to play on it.

CAPITAL CITY CHAT

RAILWAY COMMISSION ADOPTS SET OF RULES.

HOLD SESSIONS IN LINCOLN

Tuesday Will Be Given to Hearings of Complaints Made to Commission—Other Interesting Gossip.

Rules of Railway Commission.

According to rules adopted the regular session of the railway commission will be held at its office in the state capitol on Tuesday of each week, commencing at 10 a. m., for hearing and deciding contested cases and taking up other business as the members may elect. The sessions will be continued from day to day. The commission will sit on Wednesday if Tuesday happens to be a holiday. Special sittings will be held on cases not under contest. Two members shall constitute a quorum.



H. T. CLARKE, JR.
Wealthy young club and society man of Omaha; lawyer, and ex-member of the legislature, appointed by Governor Sheldon as a member of the state railway commission to succeed Robert Cowell, resigned.

um to do business and two votes shall govern all actions taken. Special meetings may be held at any other city besides Lincoln.

Formal complaints must be made in printed or written form stating the particular facts verified by the petitioner or the official representatives or some organization that is a party in interest. Names and addresses must accompany all petitions. Notice of complaints filed with the commission will be given to the railroads or other common carriers against whom the complaints are filed. Summons will also issue to the company against which the complaint is made to appear and answer the grievance, or remedy it.

Ten to fifteen days will be allowed for filing answers to complaints except in emergency cases when a shorter time may be fixed. Answers must be filed with the secretary of the commission. Where the commission makes satisfaction of a grievance, before the time set for a hearing, the complainant must make a written acknowledgment which will be filed in lieu of an answer. If a carrier refuses to make answer, the commission will make any order it sees fit to make.

Services or notices or summons may be made either personally or by mail upon the parties in any proceedings. The commission shall assign a date for hearing a complaint and the hearing shall be in its office unless otherwise specified. Witnesses are to be examined orally.

Subpoenas, either for oral testimony or for the production of books or papers may be issued under the seal of the commission on its own motion or on the application by parties in interest. The attendance of witnesses who are not interested may be compelled for the sake of their testimony but the application must state precisely what evidence is sought from them or their books and papers.

Copies of petitions, complaints or answers will be furnished by the commission free of charge to the adverse parties. Copies of decisions, orders and opinions will also be furnished free. At the request of any commissioner a record shall be made of the vote taken on any contested case.

The rules of practice as observed in the district courts of Nebraska will be followed so far as to correspond with other rules adopted by the commission.

Wants to Be Oil Inspector.

Mike Lee, one of the representatives from Douglas, who visited Lincoln the other day, is said to desire to occupy the office of state oil inspector, notwithstanding the fact that the office has been moved from the first floor of the state house to the second floor and a flight of stairs must be climbed to get into the place. Ed. Church, who has broken all records in the matter of fees turned into the state treasury, is holding over under Governor Sheldon.

NEBRASKA NEWS

LUMBERMEN'S ASSOCIATION IS NOT A TRUST.

SO SAYS REFEREE POST

Evidence Showed Some Local Conspiracies, But the State Association Was in No Manner Connected Therewith.

A. P. Post, referee of the Nebraska supreme court, has filed his report in which he finds that the Nebraska lumbermen's association is not an unlawful association, as charged by the petition of the attorney general of the state. The suit was by Norris Brown before he retired from his office and was elected United States senator. It was prosecuted by his successor, Attorney General W. T. Thompson, assisted by Judge H. M. Sinclair of Kearney.

While the referee finds that some lumbermen of the state did conspire locally to restrict trade, the evidence

The Governor's Vetoes.

The veto messages of the governor in regard to appropriation bills cutting off \$249,411 from the total amount allowed by the two houses of the legislature, so that the total appropriations will not exceed a conservative estimate of the income of the state for the next two years, were received with pleasure by all except those intimately interested in the items vetoed. The largest item cut out was an appropriation of \$85,000 for the two wings to the state normal school at Kearney. Some explain that the friends of the bill were asked to make provision in the bill for one wing, so that at least one part of the proposed building might get through the legislature and the hands of the governor. An attempt was made in the senate to reduce the appropriation to one wing, but it failed. In lieu of the Kearney appropriation it is said bills that were signed by the governor does much for education in the western part of the state and may do much to relieve the pressure on the Kearney institution. One bill appropriates \$50,000 for the school districts that cannot maintain seven months of school, another appropriates the same amount to conduct a two years normal training course in high schools.

No School Levy.

Did the legislature repeal the law providing for a school levy of not less than one-half mill and not to exceed one and one-half mills? This is the question that has arisen on account of the passage of S. F. No. 226, by King of Polk. This bill amends section 11156, annotated statutes of 1903, which provides for the levying of such a tax and for its distribution. H. R. No. 439, by Ketter, amending section 5055, Wheeler's compiled statutes, which also refers to a school levy. The latter bill did not pass, so it leaves remaining on the statutes a section relating to a school levy as well as the general fund levy. Attorneys interested in the bills assert that S. F. No. 226, by King, amended the section which really requires the school levy to be made and that such a levy will hereafter be illegal. The remaining section of the statute is said to merely place a maximum and minimum upon the school levy instead of requiring a levy. No serious results are expected by the failure of the passage of H. R. No. 439 amending section 5055 of Wheeler's statutes. If this section should require a levy, which is doubted, the money would remain unused because the senate file that passed wipes out that part of the law providing for the distribution of such tax.

Legislative Banquet.

Secretary B. H. Goulding of the state senate and chief clerk Clyde Barnard of the house of representatives entertained the men and women comprising the office forces at a banquet. Tables were spread in the office of the secretary of the senate and twenty-five persons were present to enjoy the feast and listen to addresses. Chief Clerk Barnard presided as toast master and nearly everyone present responded to toasts teeming with allusions to incidents in the work of officers and employees of the state legislature. The affair was a very enjoyable one to those present.

Cost of Printing Bills.

The cost of printing the bills and bill titles for the legislature amounted to a total of \$6,330.75. This sum was divided up as follows: House titles, at 35 cents each, \$209.65; senate titles, at the same price, \$183.30, making a total for titles of \$392.95; for senate files, 500 each, at \$1.44 a page, \$717.44; house bills, \$3,015.36, making a total of \$5,932.80.

Express Rates Must Come Down.

None of the express companies doing business in Nebraska have lowered their rates in compliance of the new state law reducing express charges 25 per cent. The bill was passed April 5 and signed by the governor at once. The bill bore an emergency clause declaring it went into effect as soon as passed and approved. The attorney general has the matter under consideration and may file charges against the companies unless the new rates are put into effect at once.

Bridges is Sentenced.

John P. Bridges, who was convicted at this term of court on the charge of assault upon his daughter, was called before district Judge Jensen at Nebraska City, and given ten years at hard labor. Bridges claimed that he was innocent of the crime. His attorney asked that he be permitted to remain in the county jail until his case was passed upon by the supreme court and the request was granted.

Aida to Have a Bank.

Aida is soon to have a bank. Although nothing definite has been decided upon, there is but little doubt that a bank will be put in before the summer is over. Quite a few visitors from different parts of the state have been there with a view of putting in a bank, but not until lately has it become a known fact that a movement is on foot to establish one during the summer. There are quite a number of stock feeders in the community and with their assistance there is but little doubt a bank would flourish.

Badly Hurt in Runaway.

John Banning, a young farmer residing in Wyoming precinct, north of Nebraska City, hitched two young horses to a newly sharpened stalk cutter and started out to work in one of the fields near the house. The horses tried to run away, but in some way the young man got to their heads and was dragged some distance. In the mad flight of the team the limbs of the young man got under the blades of the cutter and were gashed up in a frightful manner and his left leg was broken at the ankle.

NEBRASKA NEWS

LUMBERMEN'S ASSOCIATION IS NOT A TRUST.

SO SAYS REFEREE POST

Evidence Showed Some Local Conspiracies, But the State Association Was in No Manner Connected Therewith.

A. P. Post, referee of the Nebraska supreme court, has filed his report in which he finds that the Nebraska lumbermen's association is not an unlawful association, as charged by the petition of the attorney general of the state. The suit was by Norris Brown before he retired from his office and was elected United States senator. It was prosecuted by his successor, Attorney General W. T. Thompson, assisted by Judge H. M. Sinclair of Kearney.

While the referee finds that some lumbermen of the state did conspire locally to restrict trade, the evidence



A. A. REED
Recently chosen by the regents of the University as State Inspector of High Schools. Mr. Reed is a graduate of the University, has been superintendent of schools at Crete and Superior, and was formerly superintendent of schools in Gage county.

does not connect the state association with such conspiracy and it is held that the members of the state association are not chargeable with acts violative of the state trust laws, done without their knowledge or consent. The referee finds that it is true that the W. C. Bullard Lumber company and the Barnett Lumber company of McCook combined for the purpose of controlling prices in that community and that the evidence shows such local combinations in the counties of York, Seward and Cass, but that the evidence failed to connect the Nebraska lumbermen's association or other defendants with such combinations.

The report of the referee is to go before the court, with exceptions by Attorney General Thompson, and the court may call for an argument before approving or rejecting the findings of fact and conclusions of law.

The lumbermen's association changed its articles of incorporation a few years ago, evidently with a view to keeping within the law of the state. The defendants did not desire the state to go back prior to the enactment of the Junkin anti-trust act, passed by the legislature two years ago, and attempted to confine the testimony to the time subsequent to the enactment of that law and after the new articles of the incorporation were adopted. The state desired to prove that the association, before it reorganized, had conducted its business contrary to law and that the same methods were now in force, with a little less in the nature of instructions from the officers of the new state association to its members, the defendants in the suit.

Big Cathedral of Kearney.

Episcopal House of Worship to Cost \$34,000 is Planned.

The vestry of St. Luke's Episcopal church, Kearney, held a special session as a building committee to head the report of R. G. Keene, who had recently made an examination of new churches erected in Omaha and had conferred with architects of that city. The vestry decided to make an effort to build the cathedral plan. Mr. Keene estimated the final cost at approximately thirty-four thousand dollars. Having decided in a general way the type of building it wished the committee locked the doors, lost the key and talked the question of ways and means. The result was pledges amounting to ten thousand two hundred dollars without going outside the vestry, excepting Bishop Graves and R. G. Keene, who were present.

New Hotel for Fairbury.

The Boone Hotel company of Fairbury has bought the lot at the corner of Fourth and F streets and will erect a hotel building at a cost of \$60,000. The frontage on Fourth street is 272 feet running back 142 feet to the alley. The building will be three stories in height and will give the city what it has greatly needed—a first-class hotel.

Badly Hurt in Runaway.

John Banning, a young farmer residing in Wyoming precinct, north of Nebraska City, hitched two young horses to a newly sharpened stalk cutter and started out to work in one of the fields near the house. The horses tried to run away, but in some way the young man got to their heads and was dragged some distance. In the mad flight of the team the limbs of the young man got under the blades of the cutter and were gashed up in a frightful manner and his left leg was broken at the ankle.

Prosperous Custer County.

Wealth Estimated at Over Twenty-Four Million Dollars.

At the Custer county editors' and business men's banquet, held at Ansley recently, former District Judge

Baby is Burned to Death.

Neighbor Who Comes to Her Assistance is Too Late.

Little Fera Miller, five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chester Miller who live on a farm ten miles east of Fremont, was burned to death. The little girl in company with Mona Shilling; a tot of her own age, went home after school and on finding the house deserted went upstairs to play with some matches. A few moments later when Joe Patton, a neighbor, approached the house intending to borrow some article, he saw the two girls run out of the house. The clothing of little Fern was ablaze, and was being whipped from her body by the flames and wind. Mr. Patton seized a quilt from a clothesline and threw it around the girl's body. Then he went through the house to extinguish the fire which had caught in several places as the little girl ran about in her suffering. The girl died five hours after the accident. She was an exceptionally bright child and was a favorite in the neighborhood.

NEBRASKA NEWS

LUMBERMEN'S ASSOCIATION IS NOT A TRUST.

SO SAYS REFEREE POST

Evidence Showed Some Local Conspiracies, But the State Association Was in No Manner Connected Therewith.

A. P. Post, referee of the Nebraska supreme court, has filed his report in which he finds that the Nebraska lumbermen's association is not an unlawful association, as charged by the petition of the attorney general of the state. The suit was by Norris Brown before he retired from his office and was elected United States senator. It was prosecuted by his successor, Attorney General W. T. Thompson, assisted by Judge H. M. Sinclair of Kearney.

While the referee finds that some lumbermen of the state did conspire locally to restrict trade, the evidence



A. A. REED
Recently chosen by the regents of the University as State Inspector of High Schools. Mr. Reed is a graduate of the University, has been superintendent of schools at Crete and Superior, and was formerly superintendent of schools in Gage county.

does not connect the state association with such conspiracy and it is held that the members of the state association are not chargeable with acts violative of the state trust laws, done without their knowledge or consent. The referee finds that it is true that the W. C. Bullard Lumber company and the Barnett Lumber company of McCook combined for the purpose of controlling prices in that community and that the evidence shows such local combinations in the counties of York, Seward and Cass, but that the evidence failed to connect the Nebraska lumbermen's association or other defendants with such combinations.

The report of the referee is to go before the court, with exceptions by Attorney General Thompson, and the court may call for an argument before approving or rejecting the findings of fact and conclusions of law.

The lumbermen's association changed its articles of incorporation a few years ago, evidently with a view to keeping within the law of the state. The defendants did not desire the state to go back prior to the enactment of the Junkin anti-trust act, passed by the legislature two years ago, and attempted to confine the testimony to the time subsequent to the enactment of that law and after the new articles of the incorporation were adopted. The state desired to prove that the association, before it reorganized, had conducted its business contrary to law and that the same methods were now in force, with a little less in the nature of instructions from the officers of the new state association to its members, the defendants in the suit.

Big Cathedral of Kearney.

Episcopal House of Worship to Cost \$34,000 is Planned.

The vestry of St. Luke's Episcopal church, Kearney, held a special session as a building committee to head the report of R. G. Keene, who had recently made an examination of new churches erected in Omaha and had conferred with architects of that city. The vestry decided to make an effort to build the cathedral plan. Mr. Keene estimated the final cost at approximately thirty-four thousand dollars. Having decided in a general way the type of building it wished the committee locked the doors, lost the key and talked the question of ways and means. The result was pledges amounting to ten thousand two hundred dollars without going outside the vestry, excepting Bishop Graves and R. G. Keene, who were present.

New Hotel for Fairbury.

The Boone Hotel company of Fairbury has bought the lot at the corner of Fourth and F streets and will erect a hotel building at a cost of \$60,000. The frontage on Fourth street is 272 feet running back 142 feet to the alley. The building will be three stories in height and will give the city what it has greatly needed—a first-class hotel.

Badly Hurt in Runaway.

John Banning, a young farmer residing in Wyoming precinct, north of Nebraska City, hitched two young horses to a newly sharpened stalk cutter and started out to work in one of the fields near the house. The horses tried to run away, but in some way the young man got to their heads and was dragged some distance. In the mad flight of the team the limbs of the young man got under the blades of the cutter and were gashed up in a frightful manner and his left leg was broken at the ankle.

Prosperous Custer County.

Wealth Estimated at Over Twenty-Four Million Dollars.

At the Custer county editors' and business men's banquet, held at Ansley recently, former District Judge

Baby is Burned to Death.

Neighbor Who Comes to Her Assistance is Too Late.

Little Fera Miller, five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chester Miller who live on a farm ten miles east of Fremont, was burned to death. The little girl in company with Mona Shilling; a tot of her own age, went home after school and on finding the house deserted went upstairs to play with some matches. A few moments later when Joe Patton, a neighbor, approached the house intending to borrow some article, he saw the two girls run out of the house. The clothing of little Fern was ablaze, and was being whipped from her body by the flames and wind. Mr. Patton seized a quilt from a clothesline and threw it around the girl's body. Then he went through the house to extinguish the fire which had caught in several places as the little girl ran about in her suffering. The girl died five hours after the accident. She was an exceptionally bright child and was a favorite in the neighborhood.

NEBRASKA NEWS

LUMBERMEN'S ASSOCIATION IS NOT A TRUST.

SO SAYS REFEREE POST

Evidence Showed Some Local Conspiracies, But the State Association Was in No Manner Connected Therewith.

A. P. Post, referee of the Nebraska supreme court, has filed his report in which he finds that the Nebraska lumbermen's association is not an unlawful association, as charged by the petition of the attorney general of the state. The suit was by Norris Brown before he retired from his office and was elected United States senator. It was prosecuted by his successor, Attorney General W. T. Thompson, assisted by Judge H. M. Sinclair of Kearney.

While the referee finds that some lumbermen of the state did conspire locally to restrict trade, the evidence



A. A. REED
Recently chosen by the regents of the University as State Inspector of High Schools. Mr. Reed is a graduate of the University, has been superintendent of schools at Crete and Superior, and was formerly superintendent of schools in Gage county.

does not connect the state association with such conspiracy and it is held that the members of the state association are not chargeable with acts violative of the state trust laws, done without their knowledge or consent. The referee finds that it is true that the W. C. Bullard Lumber company and the Barnett Lumber company of McCook combined for the purpose of controlling prices in that community and that the evidence shows such local combinations in the counties of York, Seward and Cass, but that the evidence failed to connect the Nebraska lumbermen's association or other defendants with such combinations.

The report of the referee is to go before the court, with exceptions by Attorney General Thompson, and the court may call for an argument before approving or rejecting the findings of fact and conclusions of law.

The lumbermen's association changed its articles of incorporation a few years ago, evidently with a view to keeping within the law of the state. The defendants did not desire the state to go back prior to the enactment of the Junkin anti-trust act, passed by the legislature two years ago, and attempted to confine the testimony to the time subsequent to the enactment of that law and after the new articles of the incorporation were adopted. The state desired to prove that the association, before it reorganized, had conducted its business contrary to law and that the same methods were now in force, with a little less in the nature of instructions from the officers of the new state association to its members, the defendants in the suit.

Big Cathedral of Kearney.

Episcopal House of Worship to Cost \$34,000 is Planned.

The vestry of St. Luke's Episcopal church, Kearney, held a special session as a building committee to head the report of R. G. Keene, who had recently made an examination of new churches erected in Omaha and had conferred with architects of that city. The vestry decided to make an effort to build the cathedral plan. Mr. Keene estimated the final cost at approximately thirty-four thousand dollars. Having decided in a general way the type of building it wished the committee locked the doors, lost the key and talked the question of ways and means. The result was pledges amounting to ten thousand two hundred dollars without going outside the vestry, excepting Bishop Graves and R. G. Keene, who were present.

New Hotel for Fairbury.

The Boone Hotel company of Fairbury has bought the lot at the corner of Fourth and F streets and will erect a hotel building at a cost of \$60,000. The frontage on Fourth street is 272 feet running back 142 feet to the alley. The building will be three stories in height and will give the city what it has greatly needed—a first-class hotel.

Badly Hurt in Runaway.

John Banning, a young farmer residing in Wyoming precinct, north of Nebraska City, hitched two young horses to a newly sharpened stalk cutter and started out to work in one of the fields near the house. The horses tried to run away, but in some way the young man got to their heads and was dragged some distance. In the mad flight of the team the limbs of the young man got under the blades of the cutter and were gashed up in a frightful manner and his left leg was broken at the ankle.

Prosperous Custer County.

Wealth Estimated at Over Twenty-Four Million Dollars.

At the Custer county editors' and business men's banquet, held at Ansley recently, former District Judge

Baby is Burned to Death.

Neighbor Who Comes to Her Assistance is Too Late.

Little Fera Miller, five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chester Miller who live on a farm ten miles east of Fremont, was burned to death. The little girl in company with Mona Shilling; a tot of her own age, went home after school and on finding the house deserted went upstairs to play with some matches. A few moments later when Joe Patton, a neighbor, approached the house intending to borrow some article, he saw the two girls run out of the house. The clothing of little Fern was ablaze, and was being whipped from her body by the flames and wind. Mr. Patton seized a quilt from a clothesline and threw it around the girl's body. Then he went through the house to extinguish the fire which had caught in several places as the little girl ran about in her suffering. The girl died five hours after the accident. She was an exceptionally bright child and was a favorite in the neighborhood.

A Terrible Experience.

How a Veteran Has Saved the Amputation of a Limb.

B. Frank Doremus, veteran, of Roosevelt avenue, Indianapolis, Ind., has been showing symptoms of kidney trouble from the time I was mustered out of the army, but in all my life I never suffered as in 1897. Headaches, dizziness and sleeplessness, first, and then dropsy, I was weak and helpless, having run down from 180 to 125 pounds. I was having terrible pain in the kidneys, and the secretions passed almost involuntarily. My legs swelled until it was 34 inches around, and the doctor tapped it night and morning until I could no longer stand it, and then he advised amputation. I refused, and began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The swelling subsided gradually, the urine became natural, and all my pains and aches disappeared. I have been well now for nine years since using Doan's Kidney Pills. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Maine Woman Has Pet Deer.

Mrs. Nellie Smith, of Sebec, Me., has a tame deer which is nearly two years old now, but which she has raised like a cosset lamb, feeding it from a bottle at first and making a great pet of it. It was given to her by a lumberman, who overtook her in the deep snow and caught it in his arms when it was no larger than a cat, except for its legs. It has always been perfectly tame and domesticated, never having known anything of the wild life of its kind, but runs about the premises unrestrained, having its place in the stable on cold nights. The deer are numerous around Sebec, and it is a question whether, as Mrs. Smith's pet grows older, it will not answer to the "call of the wild" and join its comrades in the forest.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him to be perfectly reliable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

W. A. RAY, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Dissertation on Henpeck.

An Ohio man is reported to be at the point of death from blood poisoning caused by henpeck. This is rather queer. There are many men in and around Escondido who are henpecked a thousand times a year, and while it makes the blood boil no poisoning has set in.—Wabaussee Tribune.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT EASE.

A powder, which cures itching, burning, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Accept no substitute. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Art Collection for Japan.

The Japanese embassy in London has made a collection of 40,000 objects of British and other European art, which soon will be sent to Japan.

ILL FROM OVERWORK

NERVOUS PROSTRATION CURED BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

By Toning up the Blood and Nerves Patient Recovered Weak Strength and Good Spirit.

When the nervous system is broken down from overwork, or whatever cause, life loses its joys. Not only is the nervous victim a sufferer himself but he is usually a trial to the whole family. Nervous breakdown is often gradual, appearing at first to be merely an unusual fretfulness. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills tone up the nerves in the most direct way and not only cure minor troubles but serious disorders as well.

Mr. W. W. Munroe, of 18 Hazel Park, Everett, Mass., says: "About four years ago this September I became all run down from overwork and from confinement to work during warm weather. For two months I grew steadily worse. I lost in weight strength and appetite. My memory failed me quite rapidly and I became in a very low state, both physically and mentally. I took no interest in life, neither in business nor recreation. In my position, as foreman in a large manufacturing chemist's establishment in Boston, a good memory is absolutely essential to success because of the immense amount of detail that must be carried in the head.

"I grew very despairing, could not bear to have people meet me and my friends remarked on my condition. About the middle of December a friend told me one day that he had tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and found them reliable. I commenced taking them and at the end of two weeks the change for the better was remarked by friends. I continued using the pills until I was thoroughly recovered. I regard them as a fine remedy and make this statement voluntarily in gratitude for the benefit I received from them."

These pills actually make new blood and have cured such diseases as rheumatism, nervous and general debility, indigestion, nervous headache, neuralgia and even partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia. As a tonic for the blood and nerves they are unequalled.

If you are a sufferer from any disorder of the blood and nerves write for proof of what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have accomplished in cases similar to yours. Every testimonial used by this company is carefully investigated before being published and is authentic.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or direct by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

! A GREAT PIANO VOTING CONTEST !

Announcement of a great subscription voting contest that is to begin right away and which is to be pushed with vigor for a few weeks by the

ORD QUIZ and NEBRASKA FARMER

Full statement of details and all necessary information for the use of the contestants and their friends and the subscribers of the Quiz.

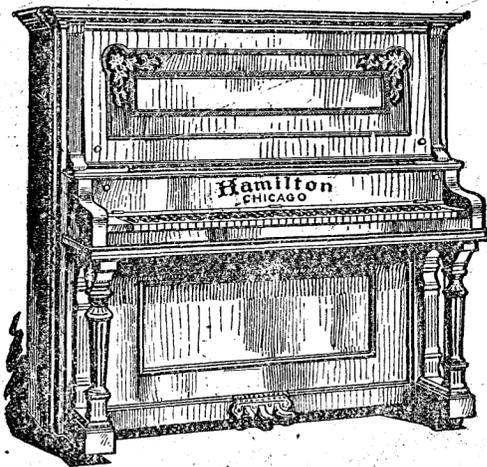
Fine Piano and Other Valuable Prizes Given Away

Who May Enter This Contest

Any lady or girl residing in Valley county, except residents of Ord; no person living in Ord will be permitted to become a contestant. Ord people may vote in this contest and all contestants have the privilege of soliciting votes in Ord as well as elsewhere. It will probably take a few weeks to get this contest organized and get the voting under good headway; after that, a couple of months ought to be enough to cover the county thoroughly; and as soon as this work is done the contest will close and prizes will be awarded. The closing date will be announced fully thirty days before the contest closes. It is our desire to make this a short, sharp contest and to only let it continue long enough to thoroughly canvass Valley county

PRIZES WE WILL GIVE

Hamilton Piano, Style K.



Bought of
A. C. Johnson
& Co., Ord.

The first prize in this contest is a beautiful Hamilton Piano, purchased of A. C. Johnson & Co. This is one of their leading pianos and has their guarantee back of it. It will be on exhibition in their store where the people can see it and test its qualities. We bought the instrument on the recommendation of Mr. Johnson, and Mr. Johnson

knows. This piano will be given FREE to the lady securing the LARGEST number of votes.

A Fine Gold Watch



Elgin or Waltham Watch; 15 jewels; bought of Geo. A. Parkins. This is one of the best watches made, in a 20-year gold filled case, and the contestant will be allowed to select from a number of beautiful watches; if the winner does not want the watch she may take its value in any other jewelry. This prize

will be given free to the lady securing the SECOND largest number of votes.

A Fine Dress Pattern

The best dress pattern in the great store of McLain & Siler. This is not selected yet, but the winner may go to the store, make her selection and take it away without a cent of cost. This prize will be given to the lady securing the THIRD largest number of votes.

One Dozen Photographs

One dozen of the Mutter Studio's best \$5 photographs will be given to the lady securing the FOURTH largest number of votes. The style of these photographs is to be selected by the winner. While the Mutter Studio has been in Ord but a short time it has already gained a reputation of turning out only up-to-date photo work. Their work is bound to please you. Go and see a sample.

Ten Dollars in Gold

A SPECIAL PRIZE of Ten Dollars in gold will be given to the contestant who secures the largest number of NEW subscribers to the Quiz during this contest. This will not have anything to do with the contestant securing any of the other prizes.

Ten Dollars in Gold

TWO PAPERS FOR THE PRICE OF ONE.

The price of the Quiz is \$1.50 per year. We have made special arrangements with the Nebraska Farmer, of Lincoln, whereby they take an active part in this contest, and we will combine the two papers and give our subscribers the benefit of getting the two papers at the \$1.50 per year rate. The regular price of the Nebraska Farmer is \$1.00 per year and would cost that if one was to send to that office for it. It is published every week and is the leading farm paper of the west. It is a farm and agricultural paper but has departments which are especially interesting to the town people. The Nebraska Farmer stops promptly when its subscription time expires. No one can afford to be without The Farmer, and this is a splendid chance to get it. Remember, both papers for the price of one—\$1.50 for a year.

HOW TO SECURE VOTES.

For each cent paid to the Quiz to RENEW a subscription, ten votes will be allowed; \$1.00 paid will equal 1000 votes; \$1.50 (the price of one year's subscription) will equal 1500 votes, etc.

For each cent paid on the Quiz on NEW subscription (that is, by someone not already a subscriber) twenty votes will be allowed; \$1.00 will equal 2000 votes and \$1.50 will equal 3,000 votes.

The payment of ADVANCE subscription entitles to extra votes as follows:

Five years fully paid in advance.....2,000 extra votes.
Ten years fully paid in advance.....5,000 extra votes.
Fifteen years fully paid in advance.....10,000 extra votes.

VOTING CARDS.

When the subscription money is received at the Quiz office a voting card filled out in ink will be issued. This card may then be cast in the ballot box for some one of the contestants, or it may be taken away from the office and voted at any time before the close of the contest, or it may be taken away and burnt up, torn up or anything that the holder wishes to do with it. There will be no duplicate votes issued and no votes will be counted or published in the paper until they have been cast in the ballot box in our office. After they have been cast in the ballot box they cannot be changed or transferred in any way, and they will be counted and published in the paper every week. The ballots will be carefully and securely kept, and no one excepting the party authorized to have charge of same will be permitted to open or handle the ballot box. This will positively be adhered to, and no fear need be entertained but that each contestant will get a fair, square deal.

WE WANT CONTESTANTS.

We want contestants from all parts of Valley county except in the city of Ord. Remember that no one from Ord is allowed to enter the race. There is no fee or charge of any kind to become a contestant, all that is necessary is to send your name in to the Quiz office and it will be entered on the list of contestants and we will then furnish you with full instructions how to proceed with the work. The contestants will be treated fair and square and one will stand as good a chance to win as the other. This is a splendid chance for the young ladies to secure some valuable prizes for a little work, all that is necessary is to hustle around among your friends and get them to subscribe for the paper, or if they are owing back subscription get them to pay it. It is a good proposition for the people and it will be easy to get subscribers for two good papers like the Quiz and Farmer at the price of one.

The Essence of the Whole Matter

The Ord Quiz is the best local paper in this section and has the largest circulation. The Nebraska Farmer is well known in Valley county and is well patronized, but we feel that we still need more subscribers in our business and we want to get them quickly. We want you to help us. We are willing to give you handsome, suitable and costly prizes. Everyone who is acquainted with these papers knows they are all right. Make up your mind to enter this contest and tell your friends you are out for that piano that the Quiz and the Nebraska Farmer are going to give away. They will then jump in and help you. Make up your mind to go in and begin to hustle today. The prizes we are going to give away are all right. The people who are furnishing them are all right. The papers you work for are all right and you will be all right if you go in this contest. The prizes will be on exhibition where you can go and examine them for yourself.

THE ORD QUIZ, ORD, NEBR.

A Real Paint Stock

It is our intention to keep everything ever needed for any sort of painting or varnishing. To do this requires a stock which includes **Over Three Hundred Items.**

This is the kind of stock we have; it contains the very latest and best goods in all lines and those who contemplate painting should remember that nowadays there are special paints for nearly every possible purpose and that it is always best to use the material particularly adapted to the nature of the job. To get such materials you must buy from a stock like ours. You will get the latest goods and the best ones and pay less than anywhere else. Don't forget our celebrated Hammar strictly pure paint, guaranteed for 5 years, \$1.25 per gallon.

THE CITY PHARMACY

Mamie Siler's new building.



Ord, Nebraska. Phone 63.

O. P. Luse, Ph. G., Manager

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Typewriter ribbons in stock at the Quiz office.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

If you are interested in air pressure water systems see Honnold Bros.

Mrs. Ed. Van Slyke went down the road on a visit yesterday morning.

George Johnson, the popular North Loup merchant, was in Ord Wednesday evening on business.

Miss Arnold's music studio is located in Mrs. Hull's home and all desiring instruction are invited to call. 5-11.

The Ladies' Aid of the G. A. R. will meet at the home of Mrs. S. Louis, Friday, April 19, 1907. All are cordially invited.

A. P. Allen has purchased a lot in the southeast part of town and this week commenced the erection of a house thereon.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

There is one good thing about the heinous murder of profligate White by renegade Thaw. It is helping to scatter the Thaw millions pretty effectually.

The Epworth League will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Turner this evening and pass a couple of hours very pleasantly.

The fine art display of pianos as exhibit by A. C. Johnson & Co. has been the means of selling 19 pianos. This goes to show that people appreciate the line of pianos handled by this firm.

Mrs. Rudolph Sorensen went to Hampton, Hamilton county, this morning for a few day's visit with relatives and friends there. Her young son has been there for two or three weeks and will return with her.

Spring Styles

Ord's greatest showing of spring styles for women and girls in all the new Dress Goods. WASH FABRICS, 142 pieces to show you, ranging in price from 10c to 60c per yard. WOOL GOODS in colors and black from 50c to \$1.88 per yard. We invite you to come in and see the new spring styles.

We sell the McCall Patterns, prices 10c and 15c. None higher, and none better at any price. We take subscriptions for McCall's Magazine, price 50c a year and a 15c pattern free.

L. D. Bailey & Sons.

A. C. Johnson & Co. have sold and delivered three pianos and three organs this week.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers, have just received a lot of fine California honey. 60 lb. can for \$6.50.

Frank Barta has gone to Montana to take up his residence on his claim in that state.

Phillip Brox went to Grover, Nebraska, yesterday to make his home there for a season.

Reed's Yellow Dent Improved Leaming Pride of the North seed corn, \$1.00 and \$1.25 at Cornells' Hardware.

Leon Goodwin and Miss Della Billings went to Kansas Wednesday morning for the purpose of visiting relatives in the Jayhawker state.

The popularity of the Hamilton pianos and organs are becoming so well known that an instrument has been sold to a party at Lushton, Nebraska, and shipped to that point from here.

Mrs. George Watson was taken quite seriously sick one day the first of the week and for a few days it was feared that recovery was impossible but a change for the better took place Wednesday morning and she is now improving rapidly.

Seed corn that we guarantee to grow. \$1.00 and \$1.25 per bushel. Cornells' Hardware.

Fackler & Finley the grocers will put on sale Saturday a lot of choice table pears, full standards, at two cans for 25 cents. An exceptional bargain. We have many other bargains for you. Come and see. Prove all things and hold fast to that which is good.

We are still selling phonographs, sold a nice outfit Thursday. A. C. Johnson & Co.

Tony Kokes, who was taken sick with appendicitis a week ago at Chapman was taken to Grand Island for an operation Tuesday, but his condition was more improved and the operation was postponed in hopes of its being avoided at present. His brother Vincent as with him and came home Wednesday evening. That night, however, word came that the young man was worse and yesterday morning Mr. Kokes and Mr. Gruber went to the Island to be with the sick man again. Dr. Jonas had been sent for and pending his arrival the question of an operation would be held in abeyance. It was thought that the operation would be had last night.

A Beggar Epidemic.

There is an epidemic of beggars on the road just now. Deaf, dumb, halt, blind, with their ailments made as conspicuous as possible, are coming along with regular order. The fact that they can pay their way, live well, drink good whiskey, smoke high priced cigars, and spend money freely and still come out ahead is proof that people will give to them. This is the worst sort of travesty on charity to give to such people. Not one of them, it is safe to say, is worthy of your gifts. A worthy unfortunate is provided for at his home in this Christian land, and has no need of going about the land begging, and they would not do it if they could not make more and have a better time than by staying at home and doing such work as they might. Giving to such people is worse than burning your money up. How much better to send it to some suffering people who have not American advantages, and whose sufferings cannot be relieved at home. Probably the three or four beggars who have struck Ord in the past fortnight gathered up a hundred dollars or more. The money was doubtless spent in dissipation and so worse than wasted. How much better to have sent that money to starving China, where you are sure it is needed and will be spent so as to do the most good.

Word came this morning to E. M. Williams that Ole Bergrude died at University Place last night. Mr. Bergrude has been an invalid for some years, but has made a hard struggle for life. The funeral will be held at Ord Sunday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

That Little Range

The drawing contest for the little Bucks Range closes Friday May 3, and the drawings and essays must be handed in by noon of that day. The judging and awarding of the stove will take place Saturday forenoon May 4. We trust that every little girl will hand in her work by noon Friday, May 3.

Our 10c Window

We call your attention to our 10c window. It is full of bargains and you cant fail to find something there that you need.

Just Received

We have just received a large stock of Quick Meal Ranges. If you are going to get a new range, come now while our stock is complete.

Garden Seeds

There never was a better stock of fine home grown garden seeds in town than we have this spring. We guarantee them to grow. Come to us for Garden Seeds.

Standard Stock Dip

Now is the time when it will pay you to use some of our STANDARD STOCK DIP. Sprinkle the hogs and their sleeping quarters with it, spray the chicken house. If the calves have lice, spray them. A few cents spent for dip and a few minutes in using it, will make you many dollars on the growth of your stock. We also have ground oil cake on hand now.

Leggett-Wisda Hdw. Co.

A. J. Wise is having a new barn erected on his residence lot in the north part of the city.

J. K. Jensen went down to Horace yesterday morning to look after some moving prospects.

Attorney Clements came down from Burwell yesterday morning, where he had been on business.

J. L. Speice, Dr. J. C. Holson, S. W. Morrow, Royal Bailey, F. C. Fisher and Homer Settle all purchased pianos of A. C. Johnson & Co.

Strawberries, lettuce, and other spring specialties were on display in our shop windows yesterday morning with four inches of snow on the streets. How is that for spring?

Charley Cornell went to Omaha Monday. We have been told that he will bring that new automobile home with him that the Cornell's were credited with having purchased a year or so ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ward returned to their home in Omaha this morning after visiting for a couple of weeks with relatives in Valley county. Mr. Ward is employed as a stenographer in a big wholesale establishment.

A. S. Rogers departed the first of the week for his new location at Severance, Colorado, where as before stated in these columns he will go into the banking business. Severance is a small town but Anthony thinks that it is a good one and that it can well support a bank.

The following teachers have been selected by the board of education to teach in the city schools for the ensuing year: Mrs. Geisler, Grace Fackler, Stella Ragan, Sadie Ollis, Mary Beran, Mary Waters, Edna Shirley, Carrie Smith, Addie Fuson and Dessie Noll.

San Luis Valley all Right. Ord, Nebr., April 15, 1907. Mr. W. H. Carson, Ord, Nebr. Dear Sir:—

In answer to your inquiries as to the result of my investigation of the San Luis Valley Land Company's colonization proposition in Costilla county, Colorado, will say, I spent several days looking over this proposition.

I find that this land lays very nice with a gradual slope toward the Rio Grande river and it will be an easy matter to irrigate it.

The railroad facilities are of the best as roads run north, south, east and west out of this valley. The soil is a rich, dark, sandy loam yielding enormous crops with but little water necessary. The climate is all that could be desired, mild, balmy and free from malaria. Good pure water can be found in abundance all over this tract of land.

I have had some little experience in irrigation and I am satisfied that the San Luis Valley Land Company have, with the system of reservoirs they contemplate, abundance of water to irrigate all of this tract.

As you are aware, I, on my return, purchased four of these farms and I certainly think that it is a good investment.

Very truly yours,
Geo. W. Mickelwait.

Judge Gudmundsen's court and a dozen jurors were kept busy a day or so last week to settle a dispute between Mamie Siler and the City Pharmacy as to the possession of the store room. After a long contest the case was given to the jury and a verdict was shortly after brought in to the effect that Luse was entitled to the possession of the building. Miss Siler's attorneys will take an appeal.

H. M. Davis is in the position of the fellow with stolen goods on his person going out in the street yelling "Stop thief." He accuses the Quiz of stealing his piano contest, but at the same time he uses the form of an advertisement gotten up and put out by the Nebraska Farmer in their numerous contests changing the wording to suit his limited offerings. But the Journal's charge that the Quiz people stole or tried to steal any information about this contest is as false as it is ridiculous. We went to their office this morning and asked the printers whether we or any member of the Quiz force had tried to pump them relative to the piano contest. They all flatly denied Davis's assertion. The only thing that any of them could say on the subject was by Mr. Seeley referred to our asking him in the Quiz office last Saturday after our deal with the Nebraska Farmer was closed, how their contest was coming on. No one about this shop ever said another word to a Journal employee about their contest.

If Davis cannot trust his foreman to come over to the Quiz office without fearing that we will pump him dry, he ought to chain him to his kennel. But why should Davis feel so sore about our contest? His will be limited to Ord ladies, for an Ord lady will have a great advantage over a country lady, while our contest will be limited to country contestants. Good young horse for sale or trade. A. C. Johnson & Co.

Farm Loans.
We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans. ORD STATE BANK.

Attention Teachers.
The Ord Division of the Reading Circle will hold its April meeting at the court room in Ord on Saturday, April 27 at 2 p. m. If you have for various reasons been compelled to absent yourself from these meetings, come by all means to this final one and get the benefit of the general review. Also bring your knotty problems in school management, discipline or in whatever branch of school work they may be and we will discuss them at our Round Table meeting. Let us make this meeting count. The following is the program:

Essentials of Teaching Reading, chapter XV, "Didactic and Moral. Selection 1, Addie Fuson. Selection 2, Ruth Harris. Selection 3, Nellie Ollis.

Chapter XVI, Oratorical.—General discussion.

Putnam's Psychology, Chapter XV, Sleep, dreaming, somnambulism, hypnotism., Antonia Stara.

General Review, Calhoun, Armstrong, Aldrich, Noll.

Elements of Pedagogy, Moral training, page 313 to 330., Effie Bright.

General Review, Grunkemeyer, Flynn, Brown, McKinney, Hather, King.

Yours for a record breaker, G. R. Mann, local manager.

Editor Brown Has a Fit.
Editor M. A. Brown turned several flip-flops, clawed the air, calked himself and otherwise made himself noticeable this week in the Kearney Hub, all because Governor Sheldon took the wise course for the good of Nebraska and the welfare of the many by vetoing the Kearney State Normal bill, which proposed the spending of a lot of money on the new normal building at that place. The governor's reasons for this veto were sufficient under ordinary circumstances, but more so as it hits Kearney. Prominent among the defrauders of the state school funds is Kearney. Though favored by the state with two large public institutions, one of them being the State Normal school, that city has been one of the most noted paddlers of its population for the purpose of drawing more than its share of the school moneys. By this fraudulent and perjurious means that city has been able to draw a large share of the pittance of state school moneys that ought to go to the small school districts over the state. If there is any place that ought to keep quiet on school apportionments it is Kearney.



See California Now
Special to California

Round trip rates to San Francisco and Los Angeles, about half rates, April 25 to May 18. Be sure to go one way via the Shasta Route and Puget Sound—only \$12.50 more. Stopovers, variable and attractive routes.

Cheap, One Way West

Daily during April one way rates to Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and Big Horn Basin. Nearly 50 per cent reduction. Daily through standard and tourist sleepers.

Homeseekers' Excursions

Frequently each month from eastern Nebraska to eastern Colorado, Wyoming and Big Horn Basin.

Landseekers' Information Bureau

Irrigated lands along the North Platte river, in the Big Horn Basin and Yellowstone Valley on terms cheaper than paying rent, and money paid on a water right is money saved. Send for new descriptive folders.

J. W. MOORHOUSE,
Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.
L. W. WARELY, G. P. A.,
Omaha, Nebraska.

More Local News

If you have some printing to be done, bring it around to the Quiz office. We will do it to your taste and the price will suit you.

Frank Sargent topped the market by buying the \$450 art piano of A. C. Johnson & Co. This piano is undoubtedly the finest piano that has been sold in Ord for years.

Gus Nelson was in Ord Wednesday evening, but returned down the road again yesterday morning. Mrs. Nelson is making her home in Greeley for the present until they get settled in their new location.

The appointments for the Ord and Springdale Methodist churches for the next two Sundays are as follows: Rev. Geo. P. Trites of Lexington, April 21, Rev. Dr. Abbott of the First Methodist church of Kearney, April 28. 5-tf.

Tuesday night the Degree of Honor gave a delightful reception at their hall in honor of Mr. and Mrs. D. D. St. Clair, who go in a few days to their new home in Kansas. The reception was given to show the good will of the lodge for these people, which is likewise the sentiment of the public generally.

Fred Hather's quick-stepper got away from him Tuesday evening and kicked himself loose from the buggy. In spite of a diligent search the animal was not found till morning when he was seen in front of Buzard's Roost, checked up and with several quite severe cuts on his legs, which gave evidence of having been made the night before. Fred was down town early Wednesday morning looking for the horse and was not long in locating him after he had been taken to Rasset's barn. The harness was intact except that the tugs and breast strap were gone.

Advertised Letters.

List of Letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord Nebr., for the week ending tomorrow.

Mr. Fred Scherbarth.
Mrs. Addie Scott.

Letters will be sent to the dead letter office, Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised."

A. M. COONROD, Postmaster.

Teachers, Attention.

We have just received another shipment of "Songs of Long Ago." These books will be given free to any school who may desire them. Make out your list and bring it in, or send your order by someone. A. C. Johnson & Co.

What He Really Meant.

Little Harold had been directed by the teacher to write the word "folly."

"I can't," said Harold, "cause my pencil's busted."

"Why, Harold, what did you say was wrong with your pencil?"

"It's busted."

"Dear me! Children, can any of you tell what Harold means? I'm sure he hasn't used the right word."

Up went the hand of little Marjorie.

"Ah, Marjorie, dear, I thought you would know. What does Harold mean?"

"He meant that hith penthith ith buthticated." — Chicago Record-Herald.

A Gladstone Story.

Of Mr. Gladstone it was said by his detractors that he had something of the schoolmaster in his composition, and this trait was aptly illustrated when during the summer holidays on one occasion he met the late Duchess of Abercorn in a country house, accompanied by her schoolboy son, Lord George Hamilton. Not many mornings had elapsed before Mr. Gladstone said to the boy's mother: "Duchess, don't you think it a pity that your son should spend his holidays in entire idleness? I should be happy to give him an hour's Homer every morning." The offer was accepted, and the foundation of Lord George's lifelong hostility to the Liberal leader was securely laid.

WANT COLUMN

I will mow your lawns by the week or for the season, 50 cents for each mowing. Phone Mrs. Hull. A. F. Sherman. 5-31pd.

STOOK PASTURE—5 1/2 miles northeast of Ord. Large well watered pasture. Phone I. S. J. Keating 4tf.

FOR SALE—My residence, two blocks from square, and household furniture including a high grade piano. See Dr. C. A. Brink. 4-tf

FOR SALE—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 2-tf

FOR RENT—The Madison house in east edge of town, 6 acres, plenty of fruit, good house, barn for ten horses. Possession given at once. E. E. Van Tuyl. 7-tf.

COE RESIDENCE FOR SALE—On account of my failing health and the benefits obtained by living in Colorado the past year, I have decided to make my home in Grand Junction, Colorado. I therefore wish to sell my residence in Ord. I would prefer to sell for cash but will consider trade for good valley county land. Will be in Ord about May 10. For terms and other information see Clarence Coe at Ord State Bank. 6-

TEAMING—I am prepared to do all of your hauling. Good teams. See me or phone 288. Neja Petersen.

FOR SALE—A medium size fire proof safe as good as new. L. D. Bailey & Sons.

WANTED—Load of coals at the Methodist church. Mrs. C. W. Barnes. 4

FOR RENT—A six-room cottage one block west of square. See Dr. Halldeman. 4-tf.

WARNING—No hunting, fishing or trapping will be permitted on my farm. Such trespassers will be prosecuted. O. R. Hansen. 5-3

LOST—Buggy cushion, March 12, north of Ord. Finder leave at Quiz office. S. L. Flowers. 6-2t.

SIBERIAN millet seed for sale. \$1.00 per bushel. Sample at Quiz office. Phone H 21. Peter Peterson. F6-3t.

PASTURE for cattle or horses on old hollows place 4 1/2 miles east of Ord. John Martin. 5-21pd.

DO NOT read this unless you want to buy a threshing machine. I will sell my threshing outfit cheap if taken within next 30 days. The outfit is now in Valley county. Write for price. John Kucera, Grand Island, Nebraska. 5-

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-tf.

FOR SALE—Pure R. O. B. Leghorn eggs 75 cents per 15, \$3.50 per 100. Phone or write Mrs. H. W. Trefren. 4-tf.

FOR SALE—My house of five rooms, bath and pantry, barn, 18x18; out building, 12x12 with 3 bins for coal; trees and sidewalks, all in good condition. Property known as Elmer Gard place. Price \$2,500. Mrs. Partridge. 4

POCKETBOOK LOST in Ord Saturday morning. Finder please leave at Quiz office.

PLASTERING sand and coarse gravel, price \$1.00 a yard delivered. G. W. Butcher & Son. 2-tf.

SOME fine evergreens, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 51-tf.

FOR RENT—A house close to the high school. Enquire Mrs. Mattley. 52-tf

HOGS—Will be in Elyria every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

FOR SALE—Three acres of ground, a good house, three rooms; chicken coop good well. For \$1,300 cash. Arthur Thompson, Boelus, Neb. 3-4pd

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52-

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

EGGS—Crescent strain B. F. R. eggs, \$1 for 15; \$5 for 100. Phone F. 14 or B. F. D. No. 2. Mrs. Jake Peterson.

MY RESIDENCE for sale; house and eight choice lots in West Ord. S. A. Stacy. 51-tf

PASTURE for cattle on the Ed Ehler farm north of Ord. Good hill pasture and plenty of water. \$1.50 for the season. 1-tf

R. O. Williams sells incubators, The Old Trusty kind. Call at Williams' harness shop or phone. He will do you good. Some books left yet. 50-

SPRING WAGON for sale. Inquire at Rasset's barn. 3tf

FRESH COW—Wanted, a few good milk customers. Clinton Halsey. Telephone 340. 5-21pd

FOR SALE—Good driving horse with buggy and harness. G. R. Gard. 6-tf.

Ord Market Top—Prices

Wheat, spring 56c, winter 56c
Barley, 25c.
Rye, 46c.
Oats, 33c.
Corn, 25c.
Popcorn, \$1.60
Potatoes, 50c
Butter, 18c.
Eggs, 11c
Hens, 8c.
Hogs, \$6.00

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL
of Chicago,

Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.



Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on

Friday, May 3
Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity Is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases.
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Itching, Ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Gout, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co.,
Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill.
Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

Estray.

Taken up on the subscriber's enclosed premises a black bull yearling with white face and has horns. On the Bill Hull place seven miles west of Ord.
James Sibal. 4-6t.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirteen, township seventeen north, range fifteen west of the Sixth Principal Meridian in Valley county, Nebraska, and running east of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen, same township and range, for one-half mile, thence south to intersect with road No. 296. This road connects roads Nos. 45 and 296 and we pray you to also vacate that part of road No. 172, between sections thirteen, township seventeen, range fifteen and section eighteen, township seventeen, range fourteen, west of 6th P. M., as reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, March 28, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Michael Tacy of Sedlow, Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17813 made July 30, 1902, for the north 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 28, township 20 n., range 16 w., and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on May 10, 1907.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz:
Frank Osantowsky of Ord, Nebraska.
Frank Zulkosky of Sedlow, Nebraska.
Victor Danzek of Ord, Nebraska.
Ignatius Gorny of Sedlow, Nebraska.
Chas. F. Shedd,
Register.

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

JOS. CERNIK
MERCHANT-TAILOR
All work finished in a workman-like manner. North side square, Ord, Neb.

Dr. F. D. HALDEMAN,
Physician & Surgeon,
Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 188
ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

Office and Residence Phone 46
Chester A. Brink, M. D.
Ord, Nebraska
Calls answered night and day.

CLEMENTS BROS.,
Lawyers.
Office in Misko Block.
North Side of Square.
ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

Office Phone 83 Res. Phone 94
M. M. Newbecker, M. D.
Day and Night Calls.
ORD - - - NEBRASKA

A. M. ROBBINS
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE
Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties.
ORD, - - - NEBRASKA

Notice.

State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of Valley county. In the matter of the guardianship of Nellie G. Madison and Flora A. Madison, minors.
Now on the 30th day of March 1907, came John K. Gray, and prays to be appointed guardian of said minors. It is therefore ordered that the 19th day of April 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office in Ord, Nebraska, be fixed as the time and place for hearing said petition, and all persons interested in said appointment are required to appear at the time and place so designated, and show cause, if such exists, why such appointment should not be made. It is further ordered that notice be given by publication 3 weeks prior to the day set for said hearing.
Dated this 30th day of March 1907.
I. H. Gudmundsen, county judge.

Notice for Presentation of Claims.

State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of said county. In the matter of the estate of Richard Truman Honnold, deceased.
Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Richard Truman Honnold late of Valley county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 6th day of April, 1907. All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county, at his office therein, on or before the 7th day of October, 1907, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the 8th day of October, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.
H. Gudmundsen, County Judge.
Honnold & Davis, Attorneys for Estate.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Adamek has filed with the city clerk of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the city of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the first day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
A. J. Shirley, city clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location of said road, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing where the now traveled road strikes the east line of the southwest quarter of section six, township twenty, range sixteen, near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section six, and running thence south on the west side of the east line of said southwest quarter as near the line as practicable, about eighty rods, thence in a southerly direction to connect with the old established road and to vacate that part of the old established road between the point of beginning and termination of this road, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D.
Office over post office.
Phone 116
ORD - - - NEBRASKA

HONNOLD & DAVIS
Lawyers
Ord, - - - Nebraska

C. J. MILLER, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Office and residence phone 41
Office in new Misko block.
Ord, - - - Nebraska.

R. L. STAPLE,
Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor.
Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds.
Fire National Bank Building.
ORD - - - NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS
...Undertaking...
Licensed Embalmer.
Residence Phone 74.
Store Phone 82. ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. TAYLOR
Dentist
Office over First National Bank
Office Phone 24. Residence Phone 274

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that S. J. Dixon has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the city of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that Leuck & Hall has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in said city of Ord, in the Reichart building, located on lot 4, block 19, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Adamek has filed with the City Clerk of the city of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the second ward in said city of Ord, in the Cernik building located on Division "D" of lot 7, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that White & Harris have filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the second ward in said city of Ord, in the building now occupied by them, on lot 7, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1907.
A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing about 40 rods north of the southwest corner of section 10, township 20, range 14, running thence northeast to a point on the recorded road about 60 rods east of the west side of said section, township and range, following old traveled trail and that part of road No. 245 lying west of the termination of this petition be vacated, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern:
The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of section 8, township 20, range 15; in other words, at the east end of the proposed road described in a petition of A. H. Meyers and others, filed June 6, 1901 in the county clerk's office of Valley county, Nebraska and running thence east to the right of way of the B. & M. railroad company, and thence southeasterly on the south side of the B. & M. right of way to a point where the railroad right of way intersects the line of the southwest quarter of section 9, township 20, range 15, and thence south to intersect with the road running south, has reported in favor of the location of said road, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.
Witness my hand and seal this 27th day of March, 1907.
Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

THE ORD QUIZ.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Tuesday, April 23, 1907.

Vol. 26, No. 7

Ole Bergrude's Death.

Ole Bergrude, who has been a sufferer for months at his home in the west part of the city, passed away this morning at 2 o'clock and the remains will be taken to Ord for burial tomorrow, Saturday.

The deceased was born in Numedal, Norway, November 11, 1848. He emigrated to Stevenson county, Illinois, in 1869, and moved to Shamano county, Wisconsin, where he was married to Miss Sarah Mogan, February 9, 1874, and four years later went to Rock county, Minnesota, and in 1885 they came to Nebraska. They lived in Valley county until a little over a year ago when they came to University Place, where he has been since. He died of cancer about 2 o'clock this morning. He is survived by a wife and two brothers and other relatives.

Mr. Bergrude was one of the best of men and his friends were legion. He had been a very hard working man, and his sufferings came from the effects of life on a ranch, where his tender heart caused him to always be with his stock in times of storm.

Mrs. Bergrude has of course not decided what she will do, but this much is known, she desires to sell the large house here in University Place, as she will not care to keep it up by herself alone.—University Place News.

The body of Mr. Bergrude was brought to Ord Saturday evening and funeral services were conducted at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon by Rev. E. A. Russell. The Odd Fellows lodge, of which the deceased was a member, attended the services in a body and assisted in the final rites. The body was laid at rest in the Ord cemetery and a long procession of friends followed it to its final resting place.

The Relief Fund Growing.

Money is still coming in for the relief of the Chinese. Last week we remitted \$35.00 and \$6.00 more was sent yesterday. This will, it is claimed, keep forty-one Chinamen alive till harvest time.

He Took a "Plane Well Done".

There are lots of real smart fellows down at Grand Island and occasionally one gets up this far and endeavors to teach the natives in these parts a few things. Recently a new fireman was appointed on the Union Pacific passenger between Grand Island and Ord and from what we have been able to learn this is one of the wisest of the guys that make their home in the big city down the road. As the story goes the fireman went into the Smith restaurant and after addressing the waiter at the place as his sister ordered her to bring him a "plain well done". Now the Smiths make it a point to satisfy every want in the eating line and in less time than it takes to tell it Cornell's hardware was communicated with and a smoking hot carpenter's plane was served up to the fireman in as well done shape as the Smith oven could make it. We understand that the friends of the fireman at the Island later heard of the story and it will probably be several months ere he will hear the last of it.

States without a favorite son lead a quieter life than those provided with two or more.

Mr. Harriman says he got into politics by accident. He will probably get out by design.

Real Estate Deals.

Ruth M. Hutchins and husband to S. L. Clement, q d \$25, 40 ft on south side lot 18 Rublee's add to North Loup.

S. L. Clement and wife to Mary C. Barta, wd \$1,650, lot 19 and 40 ft on south side lot 18 in Rublee's add to North Loup.

Ward Van Wie and wf to Joseph M. Keating, wd \$11,000 s2 6-19-13.

Carm Johnson to Samuel Bohannon, wd \$872, lot 3 blk 17 Haskell's add to Ord.

E. M. Williams to Earnest J. Williams, wd \$450 e2 lot 6 and all lot 7 blk 32 Millford's add to Ord.

Chales O. Whedon and wife to Frank Wolf, wd \$9,360, ne4 sw4 se4 sw4 nw4 se4 s2 se4.

S. N. Arnold and wife to Charles G. and James S. Arnold, wd \$4,150 e2 sw4 20-19-13.

Fredrick L. Harris and wife to Clara E. Allen, wd \$150, lots 6-7-8 blk 15 Riverside add to Ord. Olive A. Haldeman to Amanda S. Bingham, wd \$125, pt blk 13 west Ord.

Unfitted States to Fanny Klecak patent se4 15-20-14 160 acres.

P. W. Round and wife, A. P. Culley and wife to Sallie A. Stephenson, wd \$200, lots 21-22-23 and 24 blk 11 first add to Arcadia.

John W. Werner to George E. Johnson, wd \$450, pt lots 1 and 2 Babcock's 2nd add to North Loup.

W. E. and Myra Gowen to S. L. Clement, wd \$125, n2 lots 3-4 and n2 lots 5-6-7 blk 10 Babcock's 2nd add North Loup.

L. J. Babcock to S. L. and Winnie Clement, wd \$200, lots 1-2 blk 11 Babcock's 2nd add to North Loup.

Maggie L. and H. C. White to Floyd Bly, wd \$70, lots 13-14 blk 2 Hawthorn's add to Arcadia.

Benjamin Russell to William J. Stewart, wd \$2,600, lots 2 and 6 blk 40 Ord.

Wesley Bartos to Charles L. Smith, wd \$1400, lots 5 and 6 blk 11 West Ord.

Will Satisfy All.

Many elements contribute to make a chautauqua a success—first of all it presents something to please everybody. One wants a humorous lecture, and he gets it. Another wants a serious lecture and he gets it. Others want travel talks and they get them beautifully illustrated and presented by wide-awake, newspaper war correspondents, who willingly risk their lives on the firing line to be near where things happen and get the facts. Others want music and they get lots of it, from the classic strains of the orchestra to the ever popular plantation melodies of the colored jubilee folks. Others like the fun and frolic of the moving pictures, and they are furnished plenty of it along with the thrilling scenes of war, earthquake, automobile races, etc. Yet one of the greatest factors of a chautauqua is the meeting of old friends and neighbors, the renewal of old friendships, the latest news of cousin Bill and his new wife from far out west.

Ord Market Top—Prices

Wheat, spring 56c, winter 56c
Barley 25c.
Rye, 46c.
Oats, 33c.
Corn, 28c.
Popcorn, \$1.60
Potatoes, 50c
Butter, 18c.
Eggs, 11c
Hens, 8c.
Hogs, \$8.00

A New State.

A new state is coming into the Union. And it comes with a new standard. For over a hundred days the constitutional convention of Oklahoma has been in session. It has completed its work at last. And a fine piece of work it is. The constitution is to be ratified or rejected by the people on August 6.

Here are some of the things for which this new state—the star of the southwest—stands: The initiative and referendum; the nomination of all state officers and of United States senators by primaries; succession in holding state office prohibited; two cent railroad rate for passengers; railroads are not allowed to own any productive agency of a natural commodity, such as coal lands; corporations cannot own more than is absolutely necessary in conducting their business; a compulsory and separate school system is established.

But the provision in the constitution that is attracting most attention is that which relates to the regulation of the liquor traffic. The daily papers, upon which we are depending for these statements, report that "Oklahoma will be a prohibition state, the most stringent liquor law in existence, prohibiting not only the sale but the introduction of liquor into the state, being provided for. The enabling act provided that Indian Territory must accept prohibition for twenty-one years. The convention provided that the whole state shall vote on the question and there is no doubt that the terms of the enabling act will be made uniform over the whole state."—Epworth Herald.

Kansas City Journal Pointed Paragraphs.

If the Ohio candidates would stay by the plow, and let the people call them when wanted, it would be a refreshing spectacle.

Coxey's army talks of marching again, which shows that to persons averse to work prosperity is no better than the hard times of '93.

Senator Foraker's grievance is that the president has volunteered to hold Secretary Taft's coat while the fight is on in Ohio.

One fact is clear in the Cuban situation. The withdrawal of the United States forces will be quickly followed by a hurry call for their return.

Saloon Petitioners.

The following names were signed to the saloon petitions this spring:

For W. F. Adamek—Frank Zablouil, Joe Cernik, Jozse Kasal, John Koupal, Joe Pecenka, Frank Barta, Frank Misko, Waclav Kasal, Chas. Miller, W. Freingel, F. S. Howard, Mike Kasal, J. A. Veleba, W. T. Draper, H. Logan, Jerry Drake, Frank Koupal, Jakub Kosmata, Matge Bervan, Jen Princ, James Wisda, A. Klement, J. W. Beran, J. W. Sershen, C. E. Rasset, Geo. Thompson, [illegible], Vaclav Hysek, A. Daily, H. S. [illegible], G. J. Moon, Roy Drake, Matt Parkos, Ben Waterman, Meri Kamarad, Will Wallace, Will Moon.

For S. J. Dixon—W. H. Moon, John Koupal, Jan Prince, Jos. Cernik, W. R. Rasset, J. L. Drake, Ole Severson, Vaclav Hysek, Matey Beroun, Jakub Kosmata, Jerry Drake, Jozse Kasal, Mike Kasal, W. E. Wallace, Chas. A. Miller, Frank Zablouil, Frank Misko, W. T. Draper, W. X. Fringel, J. W. Beran, W. H. Wygent, J. A. Veleba, Anton Klement, C. E. Rasset, [illegible], Geo. Thompson, Jas. H. Bradt, Frank C. Barta, L. Peters, H. M. Severson, A. Daily, James Wisda, M. N. Mogensen, F. S. Howard, G. J. Moon, John Sershen, J. M. Jones, H. Logan, Mari Kamarad, Jos. Pecenka, H. Shinn.

For A. J. Hall and Otto Heck—Jerry Drake, H. Shinn, W. H. Wygent, Will Wallace, W. H. Moon, M. N. Mogensen, W. Fringel, Phillip Brox, Ole Severson, Geo. Thompson, Vaclav Hysek, H. Logan, C. E. Rasset, J. L. Drake, Frank C. Barta, Marie Kamarad, Albur Curt, Vaclav Kasal, G. J. Moon, Jakub Kosmata, Matey Beroun, A. Daily, H. M. Severson, L. F. Peters, John Koupal, Anton Klement, James Wisda, Matt Parkos, Jousi Kasal, Mike Kasal, Jos. Pecenka, J. W. Beran, F. S. Howard, J. A. Veleba, Frank Zablouil, Frank Misko, Jos. Cernik, Jan Princ, W. R. Rasset, Ben Waterman, Chas. A. Miller, Jas. H. Bradt, W. T. Draper, John Sershen.

For White and Harris—A. L. Hill, F. J. Stara, A. McMinds, S. G. Dumond, A. Bartunek, W. R. Bright, R. B. Shirley, F. J. Dworak, J. C. Dowhower, R. L. Johnson, J. W. Carcoski, H. D. Heuck, A. J. Shirley, C. W. Lambertson, Bert Temple, J. J. Beranek, F. E. Money, E. B. Holman, S. A. Stacy, C. C. Brown, Wm. H. Moses, Ed. Holman, S. Cannon, Mrs. F. J. Stara, Aloise Masin, Wm. Banister, E. L. Johnson, W. H. Ramsey, Lafe Paist, A. F. Kosmata, J. R. Sharpe, O. G. Bard, F. Stewart, G. W. Ludington, H. D. Leggett, Anton Kapek.

For Joseph Adamek—F. J. Dworak, A. K. Hill, Anton Bartunek, R. L. Johnson, A. McMinds, Aloise Masin, F. J. Stara, A. F. Kosmata, W. R. Bright, H. D. Heuck, E. B. Holman, George Pierce, C. W. Lambertson, W. H. Moses, S. G. Dumond, J. W. Carcoski, S. A. Stacy, J. J. Beranek, Bert Temple, F. E. Money, John Dowhower, C. C. Brown, W. H. Ramsey, E. L. Johnson, A. J. Shirley, J. R. Sharpe, Mrs. F. J. Stara, Geo. L. Gibson, O. G. Bard, Lafe Paist, F. Stewart, Chas. I. Siler, R. B. Shirley, Anton Kapek.

Mr. Bryan has emerged to repeat that somebody is stealing his thunder. But Mr. Bryan has on his hands a big job lot of thunder that nobody wants.

Health and Education Govern the World

The Weak, Sickly and Emaciated Can Hope but for Little Success.

By Dr. O. M. Caldwell, Chicago

In compiling the statistics of the different races of people in the world, it is of interest to note the article of diet, the manner in which it is taken and the extent of medical attendance as practiced in the civilized world. It has been demonstrated conclusively that the meat eaters are the strongest, healthiest and the best educated people in the world; therefore it is reasonable to believe that they are the people who govern the world. As demonstrated by Dr. Caldwell, the American people consume on an average of six pounds of meat per week; the English four, the German three, the French two, and the Italian one-half. Statistics prove that epidemics of contagious diseases more largely prevail among those people whose diet partakes of less meat and more farinaceous foods. Good meat is the most wholesome of all foods to be taken. True, it is not as fattening as the cereals or farinaceous foods, but it is more strengthening and contains more blood and nerve producing elements, so necessary to strength and good health. What is required specially for perfect health is good digestion, plenty of outdoor exercise, and special care as to hygiene and all the laws of nature. Dr. Caldwell, a specialist of many years' experience, and has devoted much of her time to the study of diseases of the stomach, diseases of the brain and diseases of the nervous system. From conclusive proof it has been demonstrated that a little food properly served and well digested is far better than a great quantity of an unwholesome character improperly digested.

Dr. Caldwell has been afforded special advantages in studying the characteristics of the people, their diet, their hobbies and the special conditions governing medicine as a specialty.

She has been awarded, in contests with the greatest schools of the world, the highest prize and a number of medals. She has been making a specialty of chronic, nervous and surgical diseases, diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, diseases of women and diseases of long standing character. No matter how long such patients have suffered or who has treated them, she never fails to cure these ailments. In over a quarter of a century in the experiment, study and practice of her profession in the diseases of men and women, she has cured thousands who have been pronounced helpless by other physicians. People come to her from far and near to receive her treatment and her offices are crowded at the places of her appointments and all speak in the highest praise of her treatment.

By permission we are pleased to publish a few of some of the cures she made throughout the state of Nebraska. These are only a few, as time and space will not permit us to publish more.

Mrs. Sloan, Akron, Nebr., cured of consumption and nervous trouble. The treatment she took improved her at once, and she was soon cured of all her ailments.

C. A. Lundeen, Grand Island, Nebr., was troubled with mus-

cular rheumatism and dyspepsia. Those troubles soon disappeared.

Mrs. R. McBeth, Hader, Nebr., cured of female and nervous troubles. Was told by doctors operation would be necessary. Cured in four months treatment.

Mrs. J. Dobbins of North Platte, Nebr., writes, "she had been doctored for years without relief for kidney trouble, female and general debility."

Mr. Michael McCabe, North Platte, Nebr., cured of cancer of the face with two injections.

Oscar Emmitt, Columbus, Nebr., cured of what other doctors called incurable blood disease.

Mrs. Elal Johnson, Grand Island, Nebr., cured of chronic eye trouble and catarrh.

Mrs. John Connelly, Akron, Nebr., cured of cancer.

Mrs. E. Zurig, Bluevale, Nebr., cured of female trouble, diabetes and stomach trouble.

S. E. Fuller, York, Nebr., cured of stomach and bowel trouble and kidney trouble.

Miss Dborg, Waco, Nebr., cured of skin disease of years standing, had been treated by many doctors.

Mrs. Oscar Lange, Tekamah, Nebr., cured of — — — and other female trouble.

Louie Herper, Columbus, Neb. cured of Bright's disease, heart trouble and nervousness.

Mrs. J. Jorgensen, Cozad, Neb. had suffered many years from nervous disease, loss of vitality and general weakness. She now feels healthy and like a new woman.

Mrs. Mary Krakon, Wayne, Nebr., cured of chronic rheumatism, swollen limbs, heart trouble, headache and general debility. Had almost given up hope when she heard of Dr. Caldwell, her treatment soon cured her and now she is thankful.

Mr. Charles Sihan, Pender, cured of rheumatism, almost had consumption.

Mr. Nulph Wyndure, Beayer, Nebr., cured of gall stones of liver.

Joe Carlson, Ft. Wayne, Ind., cured of large cancer of breast.

W. H. Larsen, 65 Nesbert St. Newark, N. J., says: "Dr. Caldwell, after suffering for thirty years have found no treatment equal to yours, I write you these few lines to speak of the excellency of your treatment I think is due you."

Mrs. J. H. Sommers, of Craig, Nebr., cured of female trouble, general weakness and loss of flesh. Cured in three months.

Mrs. Sommers had doctored with many other doctors.

S. J. Blessen, Platte Center, Nebr., cured of stomach trouble of long standing, nervous debility; was treated by many doctors.

Nebraska's most popular specialist, Dr. A. Caldwell, registered graduate of the Kentucky School of Medicine, will make her next visit to Ord, on May 3.

Harry K. Thaw has dismissed the very able attorney who conducted his fight so successfully in the recent trial for Thaw's life. Now we are beginning to believe that Thaw is crazy. It is a crazy trick to swap horses in the midst of the stream.

It looks as though Harry K. Thaw would have enough trouble to make him crazy settling with his attorneys after this suit is over, even if the insanity commission do think him sane.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. Fresh strawberries promised this week. Leave your orders.

**ARE YOUR CHILD'S EYES
CROSSED?**

I can straighten them with glasses now. Let them go until the child develops and the surgeon's knife is your only hope.

I make a specialty of just such cases and can point to dozens where I have been highly successful.

PARKINS

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

The weather is quite spring like again.

Typewriter, ribbons in stock at the Quiz office.

Good young horse for sale or trade. A. C. Johnson & Co.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

W. T. Barstow was in the city a couple of days the first of the week.

Ruth Milford is improving rapidly from her scarlet fever sickness.

W. W. Haskell was a passenger to Lincoln on a business mission Monday morning.

A. E. Charlton is again in Valley county looking after his lightning rod business.

Mrs. Freeman Lewin came over from Comstock Monday for a visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Partidge went to Hastings for a few days visit Monday morning.

George Pierce departed for California Tuesday morning. He expects to make his future home in that state.

Reed's Yellow Dent Improved Leaming Pride of the North seed corn, \$1.00 and \$1.25 at Cornells' Hardware.

Freeman Lewin was over from Comstock Monday morning transacting business and renewing acquaintances.

A new tile drain is being laid in the street crossing between the old Robbins residence and the Bell photograph gallery.

Anna Lambertson returned from Kearney last Friday evening where she has been attending the state normal school.

Henry Mattley came over from Ansley Monday evening and took the passenger to Burwell on a short visit with his folks.

A sister of Ed. Watson arrived from the west about ten o'clock Sunday evening, making the trip up from Grand Island in a carriage.

T. L. Williams and wife, who have been here for a few weeks as guests of D. L. Williams and family, returned home to Nebraska county Monday morning.

Workmen are excavating for the addition to the sewer which will connect the new hospital with the Ord Drainage Co.'s line at the First National Bank corner.

Earl Mickelwait is still confined to his bed though reported to be somewhat improved. It will be some time before he will be able to be about again, however.

A baby girl arrived at the James Misko home last Friday evening and Jim tells us that he will be satisfied with a five per cent profit on beef steak for the next thirty days.

To convince a stubborn man that good paint lasts longest show him a house painted five years with Bradley & Vrooman paint. Guaranteed to satisfy. Sold by F. J. Dworak.

Monday was Arbor day but so far as we are able to find out the day was not observed to any extent in Ord, the postoffice closed for part of the day but the banks and balance of the business places transacted business as usual.

Fackler & Finley the grocers will put on sale Saturday a lot of choice table pears, full standards, at two cans for 25 cents. An exceptional bargain. We have many other bargains for you. Come and see. Prove all things and hold fast to that which is good.

Several of the property owners in the southeast part of town who live on the street running south of the new Francl residence have clubbed together and put in a private water main which will extend east across the canyon to the new Brush house and possible further, the line connecting with the city main at the old John Kokes place. This will be a convenience which has long been needed and which was becoming more necessary as the section became more settled up with houses, but the city did not feel like putting in a public water main at the present time.

While in Scotia one day last week the writer hunted up Reese Williams, who used to be the engineer in the grist mill at Ord several years ago. He is now in the well and windmill business, besides leading the band there. It will be remembered that his musical talents found their expression while living in Ord by enabling him to become one of the main stays of the old Ord band which was led by John Kafes along in the latter eighties.

A new and more or less expensive set of bar fixtures, etc., arrived Monday and are being installed in the White & Harris booze joint. The proprietors evidently intend to have quite a rush of business for the ensuing year. The amount of bug juice which crossed the counters of the four saloons in Ord during the last fiscal year, appears to justify their expenditure for costlier paraphernalia.

A young man at Hastings passed bogus checks and his 25th birthday at one and the same time. The prime causes for his passing bad paper were drink and gambling. If there is anything more pitiable than a young man starting out on life that way we don't know what it is unless it be the woman he is to marry and the children he is to beget.

Rev. G. H. Trites, one of the strong preachers of the conference, filled the Methodist pulpit here Sunday morning and evening. He also preached out at Springdale in the afternoon. He gave us some mighty fine sermons and there were large audiences out to hear him. He returned home to Lexington Monday morning.

Rev. Dr. Abbott, pastor of the First Methodist church of Kearney, will occupy the pulpit in the M. E. church at Ord next Sunday morning and evening, and will also hold services at Springdale in the afternoon. Dr. Abbott is known to be a very able divine and he will doubtless be heard by large congregations.

Arrangement has been made whereby Rev. Mr. Eaton, pastor of the Ord Christian church, will preach for the S. D. B. people Seventh-day, April 27, and in the evening he will deliver a popular lecture at the church. There will be no admission fee charged, but a collection will be taken. Fuller announcements will be made next week.—North Loup Loyalist.

Mrs. August Skans of Burwell, wife of the engineer on the B. & M. passenger, attended the funeral of Ole Bergrude in Ord Sunday, returning to Burwell Monday evening.

Miss Cecil Tully returned Monday evening from Lincoln and other points in the eastern part of the state where she has been staying for the past three or four months.

The Ord Journal and Albert McMIndes traded their safes the first of the week and each safe is being moved to its new resting place today.

If you have some printing to be done, bring it around to the Quiz office. We will do it to your taste and the price will suit you.

John Turner has moved to the old Tolon place west of Ord.

Seed corn that we guarantee to grow. \$1.00 and \$1.25 per bushel. Cornells' Hardware.

A sister of Mrs. George Parkins, of North Loup, visited in Ord the first of the week.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers, have just received a lot of fine California honey. 60 lb. can for \$6.50.

Mrs. Emma Keown Mayo went from Greeley to York yesterday on a visit with her husband's people.

J. D. Tedro, the Burwell boot and shoe repairer, came down this morning on a short business trip.

Joe Pecenka went to Omaha Monday on business. He is still contemplating opening a meat market in Ord.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

Miss Myrtle Chase, a school teacher west of Burwell, came down to Ord Monday morning on business, returning in the evening.

A most enjoyable social was held by the Epworth League last Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Turner in the south part of town.

Bailey Bros. sold about twenty young horses at the Blue barn at public auction last Saturday afternoon. Most of the animals offered for sale brought pretty fair prices.

Charlie Cornell came in with his new auto Sunday noon. While we are not well posted in the buzz wagon business we are told that this machine is the best one to come to Ord thus far.

The farmers hereabouts are investing some in Bradley & Vrooman paint. It gives a hundred per cent protection to the building on which it is applied. Sold by F. J. Dworak.

Lewis Jenkins, the popular caterer and musician of Burwell, came down and accompanied the Arion orchestra to Scotia where he assisted them in furnishing music for their dance that evening.

For two weeks Mrs. H. C. Spaulding has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Harding, but was sick most of the time while here. She returned home Monday morning, Mr. Spaulding going down with her.

A party of hunters from Shelby county stopped in Ord Monday forenoon for a few hours on their way to Cherry county. They were old acquaintances of the Garnick's, and were making the trip in a covered wagon.

Dr. Bundy has rented the Episcopal parsonage and with his family will take up their residence at once. Dr. Brink is settling up his business affairs preparatory to leaving the city permanently.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Stacy came down from Burwell Monday on the freight. Mrs. Stacy is taking advantage of the trip to visit some of her relatives from the east who are staying at the May home east of Ord, before she returns to Burwell.

The best prescription for the mail order habit is to do a little advertising in your local papers says an exchange. We have noticed that the fellows that do the most advertising are the ones that have the least to say about the mail order houses stealing their trade.

Material is being unloaded on the site of the new building which Charley Masin expects to build soon on the east end of his lot, the west end of which is occupied by the Monarch saloon. Mr. Masin intends that the structure shall contain one of the best equipped pop factories in central Nebraska.

We print in this issue the petitioners for saloon licenses. For a number of years we have not done this, for some of the petitioners do not like to have their names appear in print in such a connection. This, we admit, is a slight excuse for not printing the names, but it has been sufficient in our mind for some years. We shall not recognize this right of the petitioners to keep in the dark hereafter, however. The petitions are public property and they have to do with a very serious question in the minds of about half the voters of Ord. The public has the right, therefore, to know the names of those who will certify to the good character of recognized law-breakers. We have another reason for beginning to print each year the names of these petitioners. We must do it to be consistent in the policy we propose, to pursue with reference to the saloons. For a few years past we have permitted most of their misdoing to pass without mention on the theory that the majority favored their existence and therefore their acts were entitled to no more mention than other businesses. While not purposing to fight the saloons and their policy, hereafter we shall pursue the policy of stating plainly and without bias any fact resulting from the liquor traffic and connected therewith that may come under our notice. The first apparent fact connecting with the proposed saloons for next year is the petition with its signers, hence their publication.

The ladies of the order of the Eastern Star were entertained at the J. C. Work home Monday evening. A large number of the ladies of the order were present and enjoyed themselves hugely. Not the least of the attractions of the reception was the six o'clock dinner served the guests by their hostess. A guest of honor was Mrs. Matthews, of Burwell, who is spending a few days visiting the Works. Mrs. Matthews recently moved to Garfield county from the east, where she was quite well acquainted with the Work folks before they came to Nebraska years ago. Although eighty years of age, Mrs. Matthews retains her faculties in a remarkable degree for a person of her age, and at the reception Monday delighted the guests by reciting a couple of recitations memorized years ago, when she was a little girl. She is a member of the Eastern Star, and even at her advanced age takes considerable interest in the secret and social functions of that body.

The Arion orchestra did not get rich over their dance given in Scotia last Friday evening. The Scotia folks did not turn out in very generous numbers, and when the proceeds were summed up and the hall rent paid it was found that there was enough balance to pay the boys' car fare to Scotia, pay for their board and lodging while away from home, but if they desired to return to Ord they would have to dig up the car fare out of their pocket. We do not apprehend that the boys will put on another dance at Scotia for some time to come.

Under the heading "Tommy Rot" the Ord, Nebr., Journal prints a paragraph about the military order which commands all soldiers of the United States army to stand and salute when "The Star Spangled Banner" is played. The editor of the Ord Journal is Horace M. Davis. He talks as though he might be an unreconstructed forty-second nephew of Jefferson Davis, who, if he were alive, would have more sense and patriotism than to write such a head over an item of that kind.—Lincoln Star.

D. B. Roberts, an uncle of W. L. Williams, has been here for three weeks on a visit. He returned home Monday morning to Michigan.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

The next meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at the home of Mrs. Stroup.

Repairs are this week being made on the Herman Westover property.

If you are interested in air pressure water systems see Honnold Bros.

Dick Smith has moved into the Coombs house in the western part of the city.

160 acres for sale in Elyria township. See McNutt & Blessings. Price \$1,100.

Will Zablouidil was over from Comstock calling on his Ord friends last Saturday.

Miss Ethel Pierce of Scotia was in the city over Sunday visiting with the Walter Bundy family.

Miss Arnold's music studio is located in Mrs. Hull's home and all desiring instruction are invited to call. 5-11.

The ladies of the Unitarian church will hold a sale of ferns and bedding plants at the church on May 1st and 2nd.

The lawn tennis season has opened up and several courts in town are being put in condition for play as fast as possible.

W. I. Stephens returned home to Omaha Monday morning. He had been here a few days looking after his ranch and other interests.

J. K. Jensen will add cement block manufacture to his house-moving business and will be ready for orders very soon. John is all right at anything he undertakes.

Mrs. Peter Mortensen will be at home to the Presbyterian ladies' aid society on Wednesday afternoon, May 1, at three o'clock. Each member is privileged to invite one guest.

According to a recent law passed by the legislature of Arcadia it will hereafter cost fifteen hundred dollars a year license to run a saloon at this place.

L. E. Ballard was in the city one day last week. Mr. Ballard is still representing a wholesale house and while in the city spent his time calling on the Ord merchants and showing his wares.

Tony Kokes escaped the necessity of an operation last week and is reported much better now. He was a very sick man, however, in fact, just about as low as they get with that disease and pull through.

A. J. Smith came down from Burwell this morning, where he has been visiting for several days with the W. S. Jenkins and M. B. Goodenow families and others. Mr. Smith says that he is beginning to enjoy better health.

After a short illness Mrs. George Watson died Monday night. Mrs. Watson was first stricken with the grippe, which ultimately resulted in a kidney trouble which left her in a very weak condition from which she was unable to rally. At the time of going to press we are unable to learn the day and hour set for the funeral.

The following from the Lexington Clipper-Citizen is of interest to Ord people: "While passing through the rear of W. H. Wisda's hardware store a week or more ago, Eugene Wisda met with a peculiar accident, striking his hand against a broken pane of glass that lay on the top of a box, a sharp point projecting. The glass penetrated the back of his hand, making a severe cut and severing an artery." The young man has been making his home with his brother Will since the latter established his hardware store in Lexington two or three years ago.

The Quiz Contest.

Ladies who wish to enter The Quiz-Nebraska Farmer subscription contest will please notify this office either by phone or letter some time this week, as we want to organize the contestants and get the necessary supplies to all at the same time and give each one an equal chance.

We want to add five hundred new subscribers to our already large list, and in order to do this in a short time we have purchased fine prizes and are going to give them to the ladies who secure the most votes on money paid on subscription to the Quiz. We have also arranged with the Nebraska Farmer, of Lincoln, whereby we are able to give each subscriber a year's subscription to this fine agricultural paper, free. We are not standing back on a little expense, each subscriber will get double the value of their money during this contest. Read over the page ad in this issue and see what fine prizes we are going to give our contestants.

Remember that The Quiz has always been \$1.50 per year, and The Farmer is \$1.00 per year. But during this contest every person who pays money (any amount) on subscription to The Quiz during this contest, will get The Farmer one or more years absolutely free, according to the payment.

We have asked The Nebraska Farmer company to send sample copies of their paper to every one of our subscribers so that they may see just what kind of a paper they will get free during this contest. Each subscriber of The Quiz will get a sample of The Farmer for two or three weeks, look it over carefully and be ready to help the girls when they call on you.

The Quiz-Nebraska Farmer contest has no strings on it and is devoid of schemes. There will be no "ifs" or "ands" or doubt of any kind when we have finished. Every one will be treated fair and square, and we are going to keep a check on every payment so that we can lay it before a disinterested committee at the end so that no grafting can be done.

One cent paid on subscription counts ten or twenty votes. The size of the payment does not matter. If the amount paid by an old subscriber is \$1.00, 1000 votes will be issued. If the amount paid is \$1.50, 1500 votes will be issued, and so on. New subscribers are entitled to double these amounts on like payments.

We will give extra votes on the following payments on subscription: Five years in advance, 2000 votes. Ten years in advance, 5000 votes. Fifteen years in advance, 10000 votes.

Harold Parks returned to his labors at Sargent Sunday.

And Fido Spoke.

The gas company is fortunate in being able to try its street lighting experiment while the trees are still bare of leaves. When the foliage is out a pedestrian will have to strike a match to see if the lamps are in place.—Ord Journal.

Whenever Harry Crawford says: "Speak, Fido," Davis barks. A gas lamp might be located by the aid of a match, but it's a cinch that you can't get Crawford to hunt for them with one of his electric lights. We paid for the use of the two electric lights down the street for the balance of the month, but Crawford will not let them burn.

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans. ORD STATE BANK.

Potato Experiments.

The Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station has just issued bulletin number 97 entitled "Potato Experiments." The bulletin makes the following recommendations based on the results of the tests carried on at the experiment station.

Never use poor seed. Try growing your seed potatoes at home under a litter mulch. Plant only tubers that are sound, firm and unsprouted. If the seed is at all scabby, treat it with formalin before planting, by soaking it two hours in a solution of one half pint of formalin in 15 gallons of water.

In eastern Nebraska, plant medium sized seed pieces, say quarter tubers, about one foot apart, in rows that are far enough apart for convenience in cultivation, using 15 to 20 bushels of seed per acre.

Prepare the land thoroughly. Plow deeply in fall or early spring and harrow well. Plant the seed in furrows about four inches deep and ridge up the earth well over the seed. To clean the weeds out of the potato rows, level the ridges by one or two harrowings just before the potato tops break through the ground. After the plants are up, harrow again once or twice as needed, before the plants become so large as to be injured by the harrow. Then give frequent shallow tillage with a small shovel cultivator as long as the plants are growing. Stir the surface soil after every hard rain and as often as is necessary to keep the weeds from starting. This is cheaper and better than killing the weeds with the hoe after they get nicely started.

To grow potatoes by mulching, prepare the ground and select and plant the seed as recommended above, except that the seed can be planted an inch or so shallower and that the earth need not be ridged up over it. Make the rows about two feet apart. Harrow the ground if the weeds start or if it becomes crusted after a rain. Spread the litter about four inches deep almost any time before the plants begin to show above ground. Use old hay straw, stable litter, or any similar coarse material free from grain and bad weed seeds.

The bulletin is sent free to residents of Nebraska. Those who desire it should address the Agricultural Experiment Station, Lincoln, Nebraska.—R. A. Emerson.

Attention Teachers.

The Ord Division of the Reading Circle will hold its April meeting at the court room in Ord on Saturday, April 27, at 2 p. m. If you have for various reasons been compelled to absent yourself from these meetings, come by all means to this final one and get the benefit of the general review. Also bring your knotty problems in school management, discipline or in whatever branch of school work they may be and we will discuss them at our Round Table meeting. Let us make this meeting count. The following is the program:

Essentials of Teaching Reading, chapter XV, Didactic and Moral Selection 1, Addie Fuson. Selection 2, Ruth Harris. Selection 3, Nellie Ollis.

Chapter XVI, Oratorical.—General discussion. Putnam's Psychology, Chapter XV., Sleep, dreaming, somnambulism, hypnotism., Antonia Stara.

General Review, Calhoun, Armstrong, Aldrich, Noll. Elements of Pedagogy, Moral training, page 313 to 330., Effie Bright.

General Review, Grunkemeyer, Flynn, Brown, McKinney, Hather, King.

Yours for a record breaker, G. R. Mann, local manager.

Science has christened the green wheat bug "toxoptera graninum," and the shocking bug will hereafter be known as "demetia Americana."

WANT COLUMN

I will mow your lawns by the week or for the season, 50 cents for each mowing. Phone Mrs. Hull. A. F. Sherman. 5-31pd.

STOCK PASTURE—5 1/2 miles north-east of Ord. Large well watered pasture. Phone I. B. J. M. Keating. 4-t.

FOR SALE—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 2-4

COE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—On account of my failing health and the benefits obtained by living in Colorado the past year, I have decided to make my home in Grand Junction, Colorado. I therefore wish to sell my residence in Ord. I would prefer to sell for cash but will consider trade for good Valley county land. Will be in Ord about May 10. For terms and other information, see Clarence Coe at Ord State Bank. 6-t.

TEAMING.—I am prepared to do all of your hauling. Good teams. See me or phone 283. Nels Petersen.

FOR SALE—A medium size fire proof safe as good as new. L. D. Bailey & Sons.

FOR RENT—A six-room cottage one block west of square. See Dr. Halde-man. 4-t.

WARNING—No hunting, fishing or trapping will be permitted on my farm. Such trespassers will be prosecuted. O. R. Hansen. 5-3

LOST—Buggy cushion, March 12, north of Ord. Finder leave at Quiz office. S. L. Flowers. 6-2t.

DO not read this unless you want to buy a threshing outfit cheap if taken within next 30 days. The outfit is now in Valley county. Write for price. John Kucera, Grand Island, Nebraska. 5-

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-t.

FOR SALE—Pure R. O. B. Leghorn eggs 75 cents per 15, \$3.50 per 100. Phone or write Mrs. H. W. Trefren. 4-t.

FOR EXCHANGE.—Improved Kind-kaid farm, cuts 300 tons hay, for small farm or town property, G. W. Moulton, Moulton, Neb. 7-3pd

FOR RENT—The Madison house in east edge of town, 6 acres, plenty of fruit, good house, barn for ten horses. Possession given at once. Venne Van Tuyl. 6-t.

FOUND.—Lady's bracelet, near M.E. church Sunday. Owner may procure same by calling at Bailey & Detweiler's store, proving property and paying for this ad.

LOST—On streets of Ord, endgate for Moline wagon. Leave at Ord State Bank. Blanche Hinesh. 1pd

LOST—A pocket book in Ord containing \$3.00 and a cream receipt, bearing the name of Charles Palmater. Finder will please leave at Quiz office. 4-t

FOR SALE—My house of five rooms, bath and pantry; barn, 18x18; out building, 12x12 with 3 bins for coal; trees and sidewalks; all in good condition. Property known as Elmer Gard place. Price \$2,500. Mrs. Partridge. 4-

POCKETBOOK LOST in Ord Saturday morning. Finder please leave at Quiz office.

PLASTERING sand and coarse gravel, price \$1.00 a yard delivered. G. W. Butcher & Son. 2-t.

SOME fine evergreens, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 51-t.

HOGS.—Will be in Elyria every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

FOR SALE.—Three acres of ground, a good house, three rooms; chicken coop good well. For \$1,300 cash. Arthur Thompson, Boelus, Neb. 3-5pd

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52-

WANTED.—Your house to build. R. B. Whitte.

EGGS.—Crescent strain B. P. R. eggs, \$1 for 15; \$5 for 100. Phone F. 14 or R. F. D. No. 2. Mrs. Jake Peterson.

MY RESIDENCE for sale; house and eight choice lots in West Ord. 51-tf

PASTURE for cattle on the Ed Ebler farm north of Ord. Good hill pasture and plenty of water. \$1.50 for the season. 4-t

R. C. Williams sells incubators. The Old Trusty kind. Call at Williams' harness shop or phone. He will do you good. Some books left yet. 50-

FOR SALE—Good driving horse with buggy and harness. G. R. Gard. 6-tf.

Legal Notice. Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, March 28, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Michael Tacy of Sedlov, Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17813 made July 30, 1902, for the north 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 28, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on May 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Frank Osantowsky of Ord, Nebraska; Frank Zulkosky of Sedlov, Nebraska; Victor Danzek of Ord, Nebraska; Ignatius Gorny of Sedlov, Nebraska; Chas. F. Shedd, Register.

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL of Chicago,

Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.



Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on

Friday, May 3

Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Consumption, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diabetes, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver-Spleen, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and a cure for life.

Cancers, Gout, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, by one of her own discovered and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co., Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill.

Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

Road Notice. To whom it may concern:

The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the north-west quarter of section thirteen, township seventeen north, range fifteen west of the Sixth Principal Meridian in Valley county, Nebraska, and running east of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen, same township, and, range, for one-half mile, thence south to intersect with road No. 296. This road connects roads Nos. 45 and 296 and we pray you to also vacate that part of road No. 172, between sections thirteen, township seventeen, range fifteen, and section eighteen, township seventeen, range fourteen, west of 6th P. M., has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice. To whom it may concern:

The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing where the now traveled road strikes the east line of the southwest quarter of section six, township twenty, range sixteen, near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section six, and running thence south on the west side of the east line of said southwest quarter, near the line as practicable, about eighty rods, thence in a southerly direction to connect with the old established road and to vacate that part of the old established road between the point of beginning and termination of this road, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office, on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice. To whom it may concern:

The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the north-west quarter of section thirteen, township seventeen north, range fifteen west of the Sixth Principal Meridian in Valley county, Nebraska, and running east of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen, same township, and, range, for one-half mile, thence south to intersect with road No. 296. This road connects roads Nos. 45 and 296 and we pray you to also vacate that part of road No. 172, between sections thirteen, township seventeen, range fifteen, and section eighteen, township seventeen, range fourteen, west of 6th P. M., has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice. To whom it may concern:

The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the north-west quarter of section thirteen, township seventeen north, range fifteen west of the Sixth Principal Meridian in Valley county, Nebraska, and running east of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen, same township, and, range, for one-half mile, thence south to intersect with road No. 296. This road connects roads Nos. 45 and 296 and we pray you to also vacate that part of road No. 172, between sections thirteen, township seventeen, range fifteen, and section eighteen, township seventeen, range fourteen, west of 6th P. M., has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Notice for Presentation of Claims. State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of said county: In the matter of the estate of Richard Truman Honnold, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Richard Truman Honnold late of Valley county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 6th day of April, 1907.

All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county, at his office therein, on or before the 7th day of October, 1907, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the 8th day of October, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.

H. Gudmundsen, County Judge. Honnold & Davis, Attorneys for Estate.

Irrigation projects will slow up until the present reclamation work is completed. It is big enough to warrant a jubilee before taking a fresh start.—Ex.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the north-west quarter of section 8, township 20, range 15; in other words, at the east end of the proposed road described in a petition of A. H. Meyers and others, filed June 8, 1906 in the county clerk's office of Valley county, Nebraska and running thence east to the right of way of the B. & M. railroad company, and thence southeast-

erly on the south side of the B. & M. right of way to a point where the railroad right of way intersects the line of the southwest quarter of section 9, township 20, range 15, and thence south to intersect with the road running south, has reported in favor of the location of said road, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and seal this 27th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice. To whom it may concern:

The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing about 40 rods north of the southwest corner of section 10, township 20, range 14, running thence northeast to a point on the recorded road about 60 rods east of the west side of said section, township and range, following old traveled trail and that part of road No. 245 lying west of the termination of this petition be vacated, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice. To whom it may concern:

The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing about 40 rods north of the southwest corner of section 10, township 20, range 14, running thence northeast to a point on the recorded road about 60 rods east of the west side of said section, township and range, following old traveled trail and that part of road No. 245 lying west of the termination of this petition be vacated, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Application for Liquor License. Notice is hereby given that White & Harris have filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the second ward in said city of Ord, in the building now occupied by them, on lot 7, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License. Notice is hereby given that Joseph Adamek has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in said city of Ord, in the building located on lot 4, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending the 30th day of April, 1908.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License. Notice is hereby given that Hall & Henck has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in said city of Ord, in the building located on lot 4, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License. Notice is hereby given that S. J. Dixon has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the City of Ord, in the building located on lot 4, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License. Notice is hereby given that W. F. Adamek has filed with the city clerk of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the city of Ord, in the building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, city clerk.

Road Notice. To whom it may concern:

The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location of said road, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto.

Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Notice for Presentation of Claims. State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of said county: In the matter of the estate of Richard Truman Honnold, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Richard Truman Honnold late of Valley county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 6th day of April, 1907.

All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county, at his office therein, on or before the 7th day of October, 1907, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the 8th day of October, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.

H. Gudmundsen, County Judge. Honnold & Davis, Attorneys for Estate.

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

JOS. CERNIK

MERCHANT TAILOR

All work finished in a workman-like manner. North side square, Ord, Neb.

Dr. F. D. HALDEMAN, Physician & Surgeon,

Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 128

ORD, NEBRASKA

CLEMENTS BROS., Lawyers.

Office in Misko Block, North Side of Square.

ORD, NEBRASKA

Office Phone 83 Res. Phone 94

M. M. Newbecker, M. D.

Day and Night Calls.

ORD, NEBRASKA

A. M. ROBBINS ATTORNEY AT LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE

Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties.

ORD, NEBRASKA

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D.

Office over post office.

Phone 116

ORD, NEBRASKA

HONNOLD & DAVIS

Lawyers

Ord, Nebraska

C. J. MILLER, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office and residence phone 41

Office in new Misko block.

ORD, NEBRASKA

R. L. STAPLE, Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor.

Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds.

First National Bank Building, R.D. NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS

Undertaking

Licensed Embalmer.

Residence Phone 74

Store Phone 82. ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. TAYLOR

Dentist

Office over First National Bank

Office Phone 24. Residence Phone 274

In Ye Olden Times



when women did their own pinning, it was a source of great pride to have a well filled linen chest.

In these days of rush and worry any woman can lay in a supply of household

linens with a very small expenditure, of either time or money. Our line of Dress and Wash Goods for Spring has just arrived and we invite you to call and inspect the same.

Frank Dworak

Do You Know

we want you to do your banking business with us? If you are not already one of our customers call and see us about opening an account with us.

Your money is safer in the bank than anywhere else, and then pay your bills by check, which is the safest and most convenient method, and your check becomes a receipt for the amount paid.

Having a large CAPITAL and SURPLUS we offer the greatest security for deposits, and in addition to our financial strength our officers have the benefit of many years' experience. If you are not already one of our customers we would be pleased to have you call, and if we can be of any service to you we will be pleased to assist you.

FIRST NAT'L BANK

Ord, Nebraska

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - - - \$100,000

Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.

See our line of Fence Posts

The Nebraska Farmer is the best weekly farm paper in Nebraska. For a few weeks we offer this publication free to Quiz subscribers.

The Ord Quiz.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

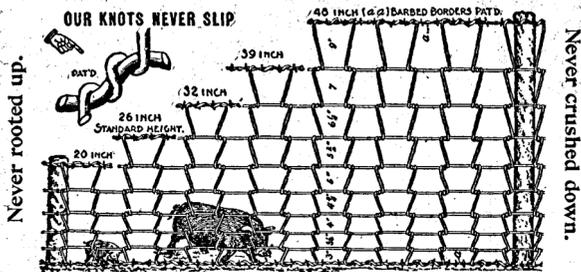
ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Friday, April 26, 1907.

Vol. 26, No. 8

FOUR FENCE FACTS

About Grand Island Field and Hog Fence.



FACT 1

Fields Fenced Finely for Fine Feeders Fetch Fancy Figures for Faithful Farmers. MORAL: Use plenty of Grand Island Fencing. It's a source of Wealth.

FACT 2

Every well posted Stockman knows that to hold hogs and cattle secure a barbed border fence is best. Grand Island Fence has it woven in to stay. No need to stretch it like a fiddle string, crack the galvanizing and ruin the fence as with cheap smooth wire borders.

FACT 3

Grand Island 20-inch height of fence, having a barbed top and bottom, will hold more hogs (big or little) to the square acre than any 26-inch smooth wire fence. It costs you less and saves you money. Try it. 'Tis a sure winner.

FACT 4

We have been making Grand Island Fence for nearly eight years, and each year has seen our business grow in volume and stability. Our motto is to excel in quality and we do this by using high grade wire and making a pattern of fencing that is perfect and unequalled.

We buy Grand Island Hog Fencing by the Carload and can furnish you fencing from 20. in. to 48 in. high. Barbed top and bottom.

Cornell's
HARDWARE IMPLEMENT HOUSE

NEWS NOTES OVER THE COUNTY

District 50.

Otto Schoning went to Omaha last week with A. E. Caldwell, who shipped several cars of steers. Albert Brown was also a visitor at the metropolis.

Mr. Clements and bride are living on Mr. Banta's ranch.

Tagg Bros. of Omaha bought Mr. Loudon's farm and leased it to Mr. Inbody, a brother-in-law of one of the owners.

Every one is busy in spite of the big snow, and ice morning after morning.

George Baker and Mr. Banta killed a coyote and seven little ones last Friday.

Mr. Baker's mother came home from her visit in Wyoming Saturday, and will spend a short time with her son and family.

Rob Gebauer has Grandpa Kriewald's farm again.

A new baby girl at John Benson's. Mother and child doing fine.

Springdale News.

Mrs. Furgensen and daughter from Grand Island are visiting at S. N. Arnold's.

The eighth grade had tests in grammar, history and physiology this week.

C. C. Haught and Haws Timmerman shipped hogs Monday.

Seven perfect attendance certificates were issued to pupils this month.

Mrs. Clayton Timmerman

visited school Monday afternoon. We are always pleased to have our patrons inspect our work.

Azeli Seerley has re-entered school after an absence of three weeks. The school is pleased to welcome her back.

Chris Thomsen and family visited at J. C. Nelson's Sunday afternoon.

L. and Ed. Hansen visited at O. R. Hansen's Sunday.

The seventh grade had a test in grammar Friday.

W. L. Seerley and family visited at S. N. Arnold's Sunday.

The school rendered its usual monthly program for April last Friday afternoon. The school takes an active interest in supplementary work of this nature.

Riney, Dora and Dagma Christensen visited at their grandparents, L. Hansen's, Saturday, and with their cousins, Earl and Maybelle Hansen Sunday.

All the eighth graders in regular attendance wrote on five subjects for eighth grade certificates last Friday and Saturday. This leaves only four more subjects to be written on during the May examinations.

J. C. Nelson was taken suddenly ill Saturday evening, but is better at this writing.

Miss Addie Haught went to North Loup Saturday and her cousin, Bertha Haught, accompanied her home Monday. Vele Arnold missed his first

day of school this year last Friday. He has made an enviable record from the standpoint of regular attendance and punctuality.

Will Portis and family visited at George McLain's Sunday.

The next meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society will be held at the home of Mrs. O. M. Seerley on May 1. Both afternoon and evening sessions will be held. A good attendance is desired.

L. D. Timmerman from University Place came to Ord Saturday night.

The school had no special exercises for Arbor day, but is planning to take some steps toward beautifying the school ground on May 17. Pleasant association and environment on the school ground and in the school room are sure to work for success.

Elyria Items.

August Meyers is around assessing the tax holders this week.

Dr. Foster of the Northwestern Medical College of Omaha has been here a few days looking up papers for that institution.

The Carcoski boys dug out a den of wolves the other day. They captured nine of them.

August Collison shipped a car of cattle to Omaha Wednesday.

Last Monday at the Polish Catholic church occurred the wedding of Salla Carcoski and

John Poljski, Rev. Father Augustine officiating. After the ceremony a sumptuous dinner was served at the home of the bride's father and music and dancing was indulged in until the wee small hours of the next day.

Mrs. Chas. Smiley of Greeley visited the home folks this week. B. Cornwell was in Ord one day this week.

Willis Clasier was in Ord Monday.

Jorgen Miller shipped hogs to Omaha Wednesday.

Rosevale Items.

Looks like our summer has been pretty short, doesn't it?

Harry Hallock was mail carrier Thursday.

Malcom Woods and Grant Marshall made a flying fishing trip over on the Cedar last Saturday. We understand that they are at present laid up for repairs.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Moorman on Tuesday last, a girl.

Mr. Smith of Ericson has a fine store there and is doing a big business. He is agent for the Sweet-water mills. The Rosevale store also handles the Sweet-water flour, besides the Ord flour.

The Woods firm of Rosevale purchased a wagon from S. L. Flowers a few days ago and from now on will do their own freighting.

Wm. May is still hauling water as the well men have not yet appeared to put down a new well.

The Woods's have hauled lumber for a new barn.

Advertised Letters.

List of Letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord Nebr., for the week ending tomorrow.

F. H. Lapscott.

Letters will be sent to the dead letter office, Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised."

A. M. COONROD, Postmaster.

Ord Market Top-Prices

Wheat, spring 58c, winter 56c
Barley 38c
Rye, 46c
Oats, 33c
Corn, 28c
Popcorn, \$1.60
Potatoes, 50c
Butter, 18c
Eggs, 11c
Hens, 8c
Hogs, \$6.00

Sash Pins Girdle Pins

in Silver, Gold, Green Gold, Antique Gold and Roman Gold; a full selection of rich, artistic patterns.

There's lots of new styles in hat pins, back combs etc., that I'm only too pleased to show you, whether you buy or not.

PARKINS

MRS. MALLORY GETS DIVORCE

In Consideration of a Few Thousand Dollars Frank Mallory Sets His Lucy Free.

(From Morris, Ill., Herald)

The report published in The Herald Thursday to the effect that a settlement in the Mallory divorce case was in progress was granted Lucy Holtzman-Mallory against Frank Mallory. The terms of settlement are being kept quiet, but it is reported that the wealthy wife paid her husband all the way from \$8,000 to \$20,000.

Judge Stough held a special session of court Saturday and entered the following order:

"Motion by both complainant and defendant to vacate order for appearance. Motion granted order vacated. Motion by both complainant and defendant to vacate and set aside decree entered herein and also the verdict on which said decree was entered. Motion granted and decree vacated and the verdict set aside decree entered herein and also the verdict on which said decree was entered. Motion granted and decree vacated and the verdict set aside. Motion by defendant for leave to withdraw answer. Motion granted. Answer withdrawn.

"Defendant defaulted for want of answer and bill taken for confessed against him.

"Decree in favor of complainant upon bill taken for confessed and proofs heretofore heard in open court. Decree signed."

The decree provides that either party may marry again, both relinquish the dower rights of each other, the same as if they had never been married. The plaintiff in the suit that was recently decided against her is permitted to resume the name of Holtzman.

Neither of the parties to the suit nor their attorney would give out the exact terms of the settlement.

Frank Mallory stated that anything along that line must come from his former wife, as he thought it improper for him to state the terms of settlement. "Was it \$8,000?" was asked. "Well," he replied with a smile, "it was at least that much. I'll leave it to my attorney here to say whether or not the basis of settlement be made public."

The attorney did not think it advisable to state the amount. Mrs. Holtzman was interviewed at her flat above Pool's store—the flat her former husband objected to living in because the entrance is through an alley.

"What was the basis of settlement," was asked.

"I do not care to state. You can just say that I am now Lucy Holtzman."

"Was it \$8,000?"

"It is none of the public's business what it is. Why, I heard that he thought he ought to have had \$100,000. I'll like to know where he would have got it. I'm not worth it."

It is reported that Mallory's attorney got half of the settlement price.

The Ugly Ducklings.

To one interested in the moral welfare of our young and growing city, it seems right and just to publish the list of signers to the four petitions to make inebriates in our town and county for the year to come.

It has been said if we get to heaven we shall be disappointed in finding those we did not expect to see, and in the absence of

some we surely thought would be there.

So in the perusal of the many of these signers, nearly all of them represent a foreign tongue and birth, and of whom, because of early training and habits, but little better could be expected. But, in the nest of unclean birds are some like the little ducklings in Hans Christen Anderson's story of the swan that dropped some of her eggs in the nest of the duck. When they hatched they differed so from the duck, they were called the ugly little ducklings.

There are names, a few of them, on this list that their wives and mothers will be ashamed to see in this category and they are all the more conspicuous because we could hope for better things.

Look at these names, voters of Ord precinct and of Valley county. File them away and preserve for future reference, and when, before the year is out a broken hearted wife or mother looks down into the coffin of a murdered husband or son, we can trace the anguish back to its primal cause. **

Unitarians Eat.

The first annual banquet of the Men's Club of the Unitarian church was held last evening at the Domestic Kitchen, the affair being one of the swellest things in this line for quite a while. About a dozen and a half members of the club sat down to the banquet, which was the best that the Smiths could get up, and the various toasts by different members added spice to the affair. The toasts were in charge of Dr. G. W. Taylor, who made an excellent toast-master. The banquet will be long remembered by the club.

Kansas City Journal Clippings.

In the city of Dalny, turned over by the Russians who built it to Japan, a census shows a population of 22,000, all Japanese or Chinese except 23. The open door is not working there practically to any extent.

Russia declines to agree to the proposal of an American syndicate to build a tunnel under Behring strait, so as to give a continuous land passage from America to Asia and Europe. This measure can wait until freight congestion at home is relieved.

A Yale professor has been lecturing on "The Sniff Kiss in Ancient India." This form of salute is little known, but sounds as if it might be free from microbes.

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans.

ORD STATE BANK

We want your

HOGS!

We have made arrangements with the trade at Portland, Oregon, to handle all of the

Light Hogs

We can ship them, and are now in the market for light hogs for western shipment. Call us up by phone or stop at our office and let us quote you top prices.

Blessing Bros.

Farmers' phone 25. Bell phone 43

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. Forest Cornwell, of Burwell, visited friends in Ord Tuesday.

Mrs. Berggrude returned to University Place Wednesday morning.

A. C. Johnson went to North Loup Wednesday morning to look after his piano business.

Clarence Coe was attending to business connected with the Conservative Investment Company of Crete in Comstock Monday.

Miss Arnold's music studio is located in Mrs. Hull's home, and all desiring instruction are invited to call. 5-1f.

George Newbecker came down from Burwell Wednesday morning where he has been looking after some of his real estate interests.

Another little snow storm Wednesday night but we are expecting to be writing the same kind of news locals along about July 4.

Wednesday morning Fred Bell departed for Kansas City where he goes in the interests of the new electric light company of which he is a member. While in Kansas City he will visit the electrical concerns of that town and purchase such machinery as will be required to conduct a lighting plant in Ord. He will be absent from Ord for a week or ten days.

The Maple Leaf club and gentlemen friends were entertained Wednesday evening by Mrs. Bess Schwaner and Miss Myrtle VanSlike at the home of the latter. Many interesting and carefully prepared games were enjoyed during the evening especially the peanut grab and peanut hunt. At 11:30 a sumptuous lunch was served and each guest was given a cut rose as a remembrance of the peanut party. The club would like to have had Mr. Quiz present as he seems to be much interested in watching the proceedings of the organization, but the limited number would not permit. **

The First Nebraska Esperanto Club will meet at the home of Mrs. E. A. Russell on Wednesday afternoon, May 1, at 3 o'clock and on each Tuesday afternoon thereafter until the last week in June. Any lady interested in this new language will be welcome. Each member is requested to hand 25 cents to the treasurer, Mrs. Stroup, at her earliest convenience that our membership dues to the American Esperanto Association may be sent before May 1.

Edith Robbins came home from the state normal at Kearney the first of the week to visit in Ord for a few weeks. For the past several weeks Miss Robbins has been having some trouble on account of her voice failing her and on the advice of a specialist she will take a vacation from her duties for a couple of months at least.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

If you are interested in air pressure water systems see Honnold Bros.

The ladies of the Unitarian church will hold a sale of ferns and bedding plants at the church.

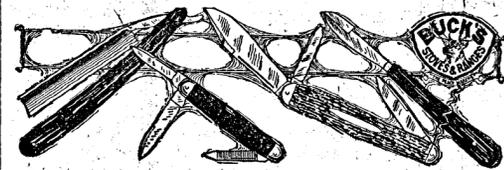
Fruit men in the southern part of the state claim that their crop is damaged at least fifty per cent. The damage in this part of the country surely exceeds that.

The Girl from Chili is the title of a play that will hold forth at the opera house Saturday night. The play is said to be a warm one in spite of what the title implies.

Mrs. Charley Partridge returned from Hastings Wednesday evening. We understand that the Partridge folks figure some on moving to Hastings and taking charge of one of the big hotels in that town.

We learn that Grandpa D. C. Bailey is failing in health rapidly, and that he is compelled to keep to his room all of the time. His many friends in Valley county sympathize with him in his illness and hope for a recovery, or at least a partial return of his old-time vigor.

The Quiz stated last week that a number of residents in the eastern part of town had clubbed together and were putting in a private water main. The Quiz man was evidently misinformed in this matter; the water main was put in all right but was put in by A. E. Brush and not by a party of property owners as stated in that issue.



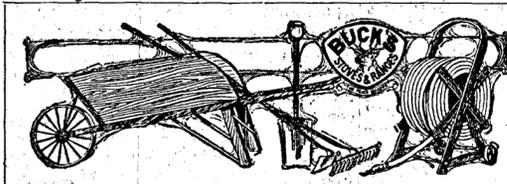
Everything That Cuts

From a Pen Knife to a Scythe.

We carry the famous WYETH and KEEN KUTTER lines of cutlery.

We buy these goods because of the fineness and durability of the steel and the excellence of the workmanship. If we could find better, we would handle them. Just now we are offering many exceptional values in knives. Here are a few of them: There are many more, not only in cutlery but in general hardware, at the store:

Pocket-knife, stag handle, three heavy blades, one stock blade 85c
Razors, a bargain, full concave, ebony handle, warranted \$1.00



Spring, the time when you will need a wheel-barrow, or some garden hose, or a rake, spade or hoe. We have
A splendid wheel-barrow @ \$2.25
Good steel spade 50c
Good steel hoe 25c
Garden trowel, steel 10c
All kinds of garden and field seeds.

Leggett-Wisda Hdw. Co.

All choice, new select spring patterns. Bought and shipped direct from the leading mills of the United States.

Carpets

A large stock of these goods right at home for you to select from. Come in and see them.

Rugs, Linoleum, Matting

You can buy them as cheap and can see just what you are getting before you pay out your money. Compare values:

Carpets

All one yard wide.
Sultana Sanitary carpet, per yd. 35c
(This is a new carpet. One side is entirely different from the other side.)
Heavy half wool and half cotton ingrain carpet, per yd. 45c
All wool ingrain, per yd. 60c
(This is a special good bargain.)
Heavy all wool ingrain, per yd. 68c
Our heaviest and best all wool, per yd. 88c

Rugs

Rugs are popular and are being used a great deal now. You can use them in almost any kind of a room, either on new or old floors. You can paint or varnish around the edges or we have a regular carpet or oil cloth to use as a filler.
Wool ingrain carpet rugs in sizes 9x9, 9x10, 8 1/2 x 10 1/2, 9x12 and 12x15 cost from \$6.98 to \$15.00
9x12 tapestry Brussels \$14.00
9x12 Wilton velvet \$20.00
9x12 best Axminster \$25.00

Linoleum

We sell the genuine ground cork linoleum and for kitchens and dining rooms it is the best floor covering that you could possibly put down. They look well, are easily kept clean, are healthy and with proper care will last a long time.

6 feet wide 50c @ sq yd
12 feet wide 68c @ sq yd
(Four different patterns for you to select from.)
6 feet wide inlaid granite pattern 88c @ sq yd
6 feet wide, imported inlaid tiling pattern \$1.25 @ sq yd

Matting

Mattings are always good. For a cheap floor covering they are just the thing. We have them in the fancy woven Chinese and Japanese goods at 25c, 30c and 35c @ yard.

The Baileys' Dept. Store

Ord's Biggest, Busiest and Best Trading Place.

D. D. St. Clair loaded his household effects and horses into a car and shipped for their new home at Oberlin, Kansas, the first of the week. The St. Clair folks have resided in Valley county for a number of years and we regret to see such good people moving to foreign parts. They leave us however with the promise that if they are not well pleased with that country that we will see them moving back to Ord again in the near future.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. Providers of the best obtainable in pure food products. New lot of choice California extracted honey. Also fancy honey in the comb. Standard table pears in syrup, 2 cans for 25 cents. Try the new Egg-O-See, corn flaked and toasted, crisp and elegant in flavor. The largest 10-cent package of the flake family. We expect strawberries to be in regular supply this week. Also lettuce and radishes.

The new Wentworth opera house was dedicated by the Wizard of Wall Street company Tuesday evening. Although not completed the house was put in as good condition as possible for the entertainment of the large crowd that turned out. The show is said to have been a good one of its kind and one that pleased the audience.

Dr. Milan S. Moore, who used to practice in Scotia, was in town Wednesday for a few hours. The doctor is on the lookout for a new location. He has until a few months ago enjoyed a good practice in Taylor, but gave it up and for the past few months has been taking a post-graduate course in Chicago.

If you have some printing to be done, bring it around to the Quiz office. We will do it to your taste and the price will suit you.

Ernest Hallock was in Grand Island Monday.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

A son was recently born to Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Burrows of Mira Valley.

160 acres for sale in Elyria township. See McNutt & Blessings. Price \$1,100.

Additional sheds are being built at the Dierks lumber yard this week, with the view of enclosing more of their lumber under a roof.

Service will be held at the Danish Lutheran church on Sunday, next, April 28, at two o'clock in the afternoon, by Rev. A. Larsen.

Reports are coming in from surrounding towns that Bradley & Vrooman paint gives entire satisfaction. Every can is guaranteed. For sale by F. J. Dworak.

The Nebraska Farmer is the best agricultural paper published in the west. Remember every paid up subscription to the Quiz gets the Farmer for the same length of time as paid for the Quiz in advance.

The old Clark Lamberton residence in the western part of the city, lately occupied by Wesley Bartos and family, has been purchased by Charley Smith and is being repaired preparatory to his moving into it at once.

The Daily Times, Chattanooga, Tennessee, under date of October 9, 1903, said: "Too much cannot be said of Cavenny, the chalk talker and humorist. His evolution pictures were appreciated. His witticisms were bright and never failed to provoke a laugh. Cavenny will be one of the chautauqua attractions."

Mr. and Mrs. Jess Baird expect to leave for Idaho in a short time, where they will sojourn for a few months, and if Mr. Baird's health improves sufficiently to warrant the move they will make that state their future home. In the latter case they will try to dispose of their farm near Vinton, and will probably invest in property in Idaho. Mr. Baird's health has not been very good since his tussle with pneumonia some time ago and he realizes that what he needs is a radical change in climate, and he hopes that the change will greatly benefit him.

Gilbert Eldridge is the greatest costumed impersonator on the Chautauqua platform. He is a lightning change artist, changing his costume from ten to fifteen times during a single entertainment. Last summer he was pronounced to be perhaps the best all around success of any attraction on the platforms where he appeared. Eldridge will be here during the chautauqua. Be sure to see and hear him.

R. C. Vinecore, who runs a country store ten miles north of Burwell, was in town Tuesday and made this office a pleasant call. He says that they are trying to start a village three miles north of his place at the site of the present postoffice, but he is a little doubtful about the success of the venture. Mr. Vinecore is doing well in his line of business and looks for a season of prosperity for the ensuing years.

S. M. Gaines and son of Brainard, Butler county, Nebraska, who have been visiting the former's sisters, Mrs. S. S. Brown and Mrs. S. B. Rawles, returned home the first of the week. Mr. Gaines's father accompanied them and will remain there during the summer.

About the Quiz Contest.

The Quiz-Nebraska Farmer subscription contest is now on, and on to win. Some of the most prominent young ladies in Valley county have announced their desire to enter our contest and work to win a prize. No Ord lady is eligible in this contest, but ladies from any other part of the county, or from any other town in the county, may enter. We do this because we want to give the country girls a fair opportunity to win prizes which we are going to give away, and we know that if residents of Ord were allowed to enter, those in other parts of the county would not have an equal and fair chance.

We are offering some costly and suitable prizes. Our capital prize is a fine Hamilton piano, bought of A. C. Johnson & Co. This instrument may be seen at their store. Don't fail to call and see it, note its excellent build and handsome finish, and test the superb musical qualities.

Our second prize is a handsome gold watch, furnished by Geo. A. Parkins. It will be an Elgin or Waltham movement, in a twenty-year gold filled case. The contestant winning this prize will be allowed to select from a number of watches or she may take its value in any other jewelry.

Our third prize will be a fine dress pattern from the stock of McLain & Siler. The contestant winning this prize will have the privilege of selecting from any pattern in the store.

Our fourth prize will be a dozen of the best \$5.00 photographs made by the Mutter Studio, contestant to make her own choice.

As special prizes to the two young ladies who secure the two largest number of new yearly subscribers for the Quiz, we are going to give a \$50.00 course in the International Correspondence School, of Scranton, Penn., and a ten dollar gold coin. The one securing the largest number may have her choice. This will in no way conflict with winning one of the other prizes.

To further make the Quiz contest a grand success we have arranged to give every person who pays money on subscription to this paper, during the contest, a free year's subscription to the Nebraska Farmer, of Lincoln. If you pay two years in advance for the Quiz, we will send you the Farmer two years free, and if you pay three years in advance for the Quiz, we will send you the Farmer three years free. But every person, new or old, who pays any amount on subscription to the Quiz during this contest, will get the Farmer one year free.

The Nebraska Farmer is a weekly agricultural paper, printed on fine book paper, and is especially devoted to the interests of Nebraska farmers. It is the only paper of its kind in the state that stops promptly when its subscription expires. It contains all the interesting departments usually found in a paper of its kind, and several interesting features not carried by other papers.

Our contestants will be allowed to collect money and receipt for same. For every cent they collect from an old subscriber they will be entitled to ten votes, or one thousand for a dollar. For every cent they collect from a new subscriber they will be entitled to twenty votes, or two thousand for a dollar. Persons coming to the office and paying their subscription will be given a voting card, and they may vote for their choice in the race or hand the card to one of the contestants whom they favor.

Ladies residing in any locality of Valley county, except in the city of Ord, who contemplate entering this contest should notify this office at once and we will furnish you with necessary supplies to make the work of subscription getting easy.

Surely Did Not Come from Valley County.

The attention of police officers was directed yesterday afternoon to a peculiarly constructed wagon, which had been driven onto Haymarket square and left standing there. To it was hitched a team of skinny horses, and tied to its side were three more horses more skinny than the two hitched to the wagon. But the attention of passersby was attracted to the wagon on account of the inscription it bore. In homely letters all over each side of the canvas, inscriptions were painted which told what kind of a wagon this one was not, and explaining that it was nothing but a junk wagon, and that cash prices were paid for rubber, old "mettles," and rags. The indecency of the inscription was called to the attention of the police, and Detective Malone called on the owner of the rig, a dirty unshaven specimen of the male sex, and informed him, after putting a few questions, that he must cover up the letters on his wagon or move out of the city. The man objected, but without delay went and bought a small can of white paint, and proceeded to liberally smear the sides of the rig. While waiting for the man to comply with his demands, Mr. Malone ventured to the front of the wagon and peered in. There was a young woman, hair tangled, face dirty, about whose knees hung two dirty faced babies. A wild stare was in the woman's eyes and it was with difficulty that Mr. Malone succeeded in getting her to answer a question or two which he asked her. When asked where they had come from, she replied that they had started a few days ago from North Loup, Nebraska. In the front of the wagon Mr. Malone picked up something which at first looked like a chain tug, but which proved to be a whip. It was a piece of chain fastened into a short whip handle. Mr. Malone asked the man what he used it for. The man sought to evade the question at first, but afterwards said that sometimes he had a balky horse that he used it on. Mr. Malone asked if it generally moved a balky animal, to which the man replied that it did.—State Journal.

The New High School Law. The new Free High School Law has passed both houses of the legislature with the emergency clause, has been signed by the governor, and is now in force. The emergency clause was necessary so as to legalize all preliminary arrangements necessary for the inauguration of this law for next year. Non-resident pupils will not be entitled to free high school privileges until all requirements have been met by pupils, patrons, and school districts before, at and after the school district meeting.

The purpose of this law is to provide for four years of free public high school education for all the youth of this state whose parents or guardians live in public school districts which maintain less than a four year high school course of study. The required conditions on the part of the non-resident pupil are:

1. For entrance to the ninth grade, that the pupil must have completed the course of study for the first eight grades. For entrance to the tenth, the eleventh, or the twelfth grades, that the pupil must have completed the work of the preceding grade.

2. That the pupil is unable to secure in the district of his residence the high school work for which he is prepared and desires.

3. The pupil must have a certificate signed by the county superintendent that he has completed the work of the required grade and is unable to secure

the work of the desired grade in the district of his residence.

The parent has a small, yet very important part. The neglect of the parent to discharge his part means the loss of free high school privileges for the ensuing year. Section 3 reads: "The parent or guardian of any pupil desiring to take advantage of the provisions of this act for free high school education shall make application, in writing, to the county superintendent of the proper county on or before the second Monday in June of each year. Such application must show the number of the public school district in which such parent or guardian maintains his legal residence, the number of pupils for whom free high school education is desired, and the high school grade which each pupil is to enter." This means that any parent desiring to secure free high school privileges for next year, must, before June 10, 1907, make written application to the county superintendent as above indicated.—Albion News.

Two Bargains!
Nice cottage of six rooms and two closets on lot in swell part of Ord, with fine shade and cement walks; can be bought for \$1,100. It rents for \$120. Possession by last of May.

Half section of land close in, 150 acres plowed, balance pasture, with running water and shade, for \$31.50 per acre. 90 acres of the pasture can be plowed. This price is for quick sale.

J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

WANT COLUMN
I will mow your lawns by the week or for the season, 50 cents for each mowing. Phone Mrs. Hull, A. F. Sherman. 5-3tpd.

STOCK PASTURE—5 1/2 miles north-east of Ord. Large well watered pasture. Phone I. S. J. M. Keating, 4ft.

FOR SALE—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes, John Kokes, owner. 2-4t.

FOR SALE—Three good second hand organs left. A. C. Johnson & Co.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Small family. Mrs. A. C. Johnson.

FOUND—A knit scarf. Mrs. G. T. Hather. 8-1t.

COE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—On account of my failing health and the benefits obtained by living in Colorado the past year, I have decided to make my home in Grand Junction, Colorado. I therefore wish to sell my residence in Ord. I would prefer to sell for cash but will consider trade for good Valley county land. Will be in Ord about May 10. For terms and other information see Clarence Coe at Ord State Bank. 6-4t.

TEAMING.—I am prepared to do all of your hauling. Good teams. See me or phone 288. Nels Petersen.

FOR SALE—A medium size fire proof safe as good as new. L. D. Bailey & Sons.

FOR RENT—A six-room cottage one block west of square. See Dr. Haldeman. 4-4t.

LOST—Buggy cushion, March 12, north of Ord. Finder leave at Quiz office. S. L. Flowers. 6-2t.

DO not read this unless you want to buy a threshing machine. I will sell my threshing outfit cheap if taken within next 30 days. The outfit is now in Valley county. Write for price. John Kuera, Grand Island, Nebraska. 5-

WANTED—Person to travel and collect in home territory; a weekly salary of \$1072 per year and expenses. Address Joseph Alexander, 121 Plymouth Place, Chicago, Ill. 11pd.

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township, Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-4t.

FOR SALE—Pure R. C. B. Leghorn eggs 75 cents per 15, \$3.50 per 100. Phone or write Mrs. J. W. Trefen. 4-4t.

FOR EXCHANGE.—Improved Kindaid farm, cuts 300 tons hay, for small farm or town property, G. W. Moulton, Moulton, Nebr. 7-3pd.

FOR RENT—The Madison house in east edge of town, 6 acres, plenty of fruit, good house, barn for ten horses. Possession given at once. Vene Van Tuyl. 6-4t.

LOST—A pocket book in Ord containing \$3.00 and a cream receipt, bearing the name of Charles Palmater. Finder will please leave at Quiz office. 7-4t.

FOR SALE—My house of five rooms, bath and pantry; barn, 18x18; out building, 12x12 with 3 bins for coal; trees and sidewalks; all in good condition. Property known as Elmer Gard place. Price \$2,500. Mrs. Partridge. 4-

POCKETBOOK LOST in Ord Saturday morning. Finder please leave at Quiz office.

PLASTERING sand and coarse gravel, price \$1.00 a yard delivered. G. W. Butcher & Son. 2-4t.

SOME fine evergreens, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 51 ft.

HOGS.—Will be in Elvria every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

FOR SALE—Three acres of ground, a good house, three rooms; chicken coop good well. For \$1,300 cash. Arthur Thompson, Boelus, Neb. 3-5pd.

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52-

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whitely.

FOR SALE—Good driving horse with buggy and harness. G. R. Gard. 6-4t.

Legal Notice.
Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, March 28, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Michael Tacy of Sedlov, Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17813 made July 30, 1902, for the north 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 28, township 20 n., range 16 w., and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundson, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on May 10, 1907.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Frank Osantowsky of Ord, Nebraska. Frank Zulkosky of Sedlov, Nebraska. Victor Danzek of Ord, Nebraska. Ignatius Gorny of Sedlov, Nebraska. Chas. F. Shedd, Register.

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL of Chicago, Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.



Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on Friday, May 3 Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Otorrhoea, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning rime. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Gout, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co., Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill. Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirteen, township seventeen north, range fifteen west of the Sixth Principal Meridian in Valley county, Nebraska, and running east of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen, same township and range, for one-half mile, thence south to intersect with road No. 286. This road connects roads Nos. 45 and 296 and we pray you to also vacate that part of road No. 172, between sections thirteen, township seventeen, range fifteen and section eighteen, township seventeen, range fourteen, west of 6th P. M., has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing where the now traveled road strikes the east line of the southwest quarter of section six, township twenty, range sixteen, near the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section six, and running thence south on the west side of the east line of said southwest quarter as near the line as practicable, about eighty rods, thence in a southerly direction to connect with the old established road and to vacate that part of the old established road between the point of beginning and termination of this road, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office, on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty, in Independent township, and then running one mile east on the section line between section nineteen and thirty. We ask that this road be extended a few rods east of the northeast corner of section thirty, so as to connect with a road already established there, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads, and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon, on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate a road as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of section 8, township 20, range 15; in other words, at the east end of the proposed road described in a petition of A. H. Meyers and others, filed June 8, 1905, in the county clerk's office of Valley county, Nebraska, and running thence east to the right of way of the B. & M. railroad company, and thence southeasterly on the south side of the B. & M. right of way to a point where the railroad right of way intersects the line of the southwest quarter of section 9, township 20, range 15, and thence south to intersect with the road running south, has reported in favor of the location of said road and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before noon on the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing about 40 rods north of the southwest corner of section 10, township 20, range 14, running thence northeast to a point on the recorded road about 60 rods east of the west end of said section, township and range, following old trail road and that part of road No. 245 lying west of the termination of this petition be vacated, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Road Notice.

To whom it may concern: The commissioner appointed to locate and vacate a road as follows: Commencing about 40 rods north of the southwest corner of section 10, township 20, range 14, running thence northeast to a point on the recorded road about 60 rods east of the west end of said section, township and range, following old trail road and that part of road No. 245 lying west of the termination of this petition be vacated, has reported in favor of the location and vacation of said roads and all objections and claims for damages must be filed in the county clerk's office on or before the 17th day of June, 1907, or such road will be established without reference thereto. Witness my hand and official seal this 25th day of March, 1907. Rudolph Sorensen, county clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that White & Harris have filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the second ward in said city of Ord, in the building now occupied by them, on lot 7, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Adamek has filed with the city clerk of the city of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the second ward in said city of Ord, in the Cernik building located on Division "J" of lot 7, block 13, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that Hall & Heuck has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in said city of Ord, in the Reithart building, located on lot 4, block 20, original townsite of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that S. J. Dixon has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the City of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Adamek has filed with the city clerk of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the city of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that S. J. Dixon has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the City of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Adamek has filed with the city clerk of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the city of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that S. J. Dixon has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the City of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Adamek has filed with the city clerk of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the city of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that S. J. Dixon has filed with the City Clerk of the City of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the City of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that W. F. Adamek has filed with the city clerk of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, a petition and application for a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the third ward in the city of Ord, in the Masin building on lot 5, block 14, original townsite of Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, for the period of one year, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1907, and ending on the 30th day of April, 1908. Dated this 8th day of April, 1907. A. J. Shirley, City Clerk.

The Ord Quiz.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Tuesday, April 30, 1907.

Vol. 26, No. 9

Neb State Historical Society

Dipping for Dollars



TWO BURGLARS CAUGHT

Speedy Capture Follows the Commission of the Crime.

ONE OF THEM AN OLD TIMER

Will Remain as Guests of Sheriff Sutton Until District Court Convenes next Month

At an early hour Saturday morning some one noticed that the front door of Earnest Brothers' hardware, at North

were engaged in this task, with the robbers holding their hands in the air, when Sheriff Sutton returned from the trip to the church corner.

The men had disposed of their plunder, and when asked what they had done with it they protested their innocence and stuck to it well. The older criminal would not yield, but the younger man wilted in the face of the crowd and finally agreed to go with one of the officers and show where they had hid the last of the plunder. This was found in

That Little Range.

Every girl who is trying for the little Buck's range must have her drawing in by noon Friday, May 3rd. The judging of the drawings will take place Saturday forenoon.

The Relief Fund.

Contributions are still coming slowly and being promptly remitted to aid in the assistance of the Chinese.

This is the way the contributions through the Quiz now stand:

Previously reported \$35.00

The Ord Quiz.

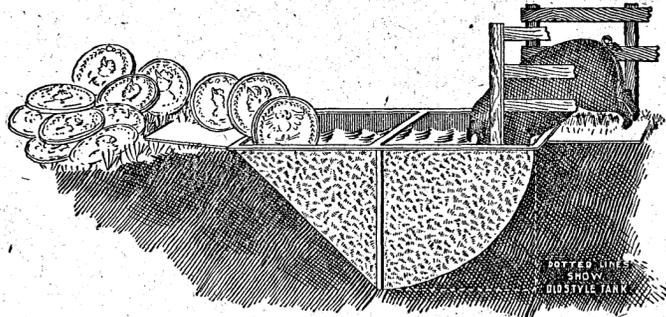
PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Tuesday, April 30, 1907.

Vol. 26, No. 9

Dipping for Dollars



The stock dipping proposition is a problem that every breeder and stock raiser must face if he wishes to get all of the profit there is in it. Two factors figure in stock dipping if they are dipped right:

FIRST, you need a dip tank, one that will stand the wear and tear which it receives in every day use. A cheap affair is dear at any price. We make dip tanks and make them right. You give us the size and we make the tank and it carries the Cornell guarantee. We have made many of them for Valley county people and thus far they are giving perfect satisfaction.

SECOND, to get good results you must use a good dip. A good tank will not help you if you use a poor quality of dip. We are agents for Dipoline. Disease cannot get a foothold where Dipoline is used. We have it in any quantities, barrels, half barrels, gallons, quarts and pints. Let us fix you out for your spring dipping. We'll save you money.

Cornell's
HARDWARE IMPLEMENT HOUSE

Official Advice on Diet.

Nothing escapes the active attention of the scientist of the Department of Agriculture. They have told a waiting world the number of millions of microbes that can find sleeping accommodations on the point of a cambric needle, and the number of germs that may find concealment in the dirt on a \$1 bill of old paper money. They know the habits of the boll weevil, the Guatemalan ant, the gypsy moth, the chinch bug and the cinder beetle, and can write learned treatises on every subject from chicken pip to the rhythm of cow trails. Members of the scientific squad recently have been paying special attention to the study of diet and the individual who neglects to post up on just what is good for him in the eating line has only himself to blame, because the information may be had for the asking.

Dr. Wiley and his assistants have reached their conclusions only after a long series of experiments. They have maintained "poison squads" at Washington for some years, composed of young men willing to be used as testing tubes for food poisons in order to save the price of a meal tickets. The government charges nothing for its poisoned food used in the experiments. The scientists have discovered to a nicety just how much borax a man may eat in canned meat without fatal effects and to what extent salicylic acid, formalde-

hyde and embalming fluid may be used in ice cream and similar dishes without overworking the coroner. They have also discovered the answer to "What is bad whiskey?" and the secret formula for the construction of limburger cheese. Encouraged by these successes, the scientists propose to come to the relief of fat persons who want to get thin and lean persons who wish to be stout.

According to the official bulletin just issued, the matter of reducing or adding flesh is as simple as rolling off a log. The department makes it plain that all a fat man has to do to rid himself of his surplus adipose is to cut out meat from his bill of fare during the summer and, aided by the heat, take exercise enough to sweat away his surplus weight. He must limit his supply of drinking water, but may eat all the fresh vegetables he wishes. If observance of these simple rules do not accomplish the desired result before the summer is over, the scientists have a set of rules rigged up for the winter fat man, certain to reduce his weight by worry over them, if for no other reason. The thin man who wishes to add weight is advised to eat and drink anything he can stomach—eat as much and as often as possible and sleep as much as he can.

The government scientists have done well to point out the dangerous adulterants and im-

purities that have entered into the nation's food supply and to give information in their possession as to the nutritive value of different articles of diet, but when it comes to prescribing the diet and the mode of eating it, the average citizen will follow his natural appetite and eat what he relishes without consuming his daily meals with a fork or spoon in one hand and a microscope in the other.—Bee.

Frank Beran, who owns the quarter section of land west of the Bailey Bros. ranch across the river, is building a house and barn on the and intends to make it his home.

Ord Market Top--Prices

Wheat, spring 58c, winter 58c
Barley 38c.
Rye, 46c.
Oats, 33c.
Corn, 28c.
Popcorn, \$1.60
Potatoes, 50c
Butter, 18c.
Eggs, 11c
Hens, 8c.
Hogs, \$6.00

RUBBER.

Any kind of old rubber, copper, brass wanted. Boys, get all you can and take it to the

CITY SHOE SHOP.

Copper 10c @ lb; rubber 4c @ lb; brass 8c @ lb.

TWO BURGLARS CAUGHT

Speedy Capture Follows the Commission of the Crime.

ONE OF THEM AN OLD TIMER

Will Remain as Guests of Sheriff Sutton Until District Court Convenes next Month

At an early hour Saturday morning some one noticed that the front door of Earnest Brothers' hardware, at North Loup, had been broken in and the proprietors were called up at once. An investigation showed that burglary had been committed and considerable property abstracted.

The people got busy at once, notifying Sheriff Sutton and scouring the country round by the use of the telephones.

Sheriff Sutton went down to the Loup on the morning passenger and directed the quest of the criminals.

By the time he arrived they had received word from Mr. McDermott that two men carrying a shotgun and other effects had been seen passing his place, and with Jack McDermott and a small posse Mr. Sutton struck out west from town. A little later it was learned that the two suspects were taking breakfast at Hank Thorngate's. By this time the posse had been considerably increased. When they reached Thorngate's that gentleman did not think that the two suspects were the right ones, but when Sutton insisted on taking their trail anyway Thorngate told him that they must be in the pasture to the southwest of his place headed for Loup City. They had inquired for the best road to that place and Ravenna and had been instructed to go to the corner by the churches and from there take the main road. Sutton went to the church corner for the purpose of heading the men off and ordered the posse to scour the pasture, which is a very hilly district in which the men could easily hide.

Finding no trace of the men Sutton returned just in time to see the men overhauled in the Hubert Weed pasture eight miles southwest of North Loup. Theron Meyers, Ormsby Petty, Jack McDermott and Elmer Hubbard had the honor of holding the fellows up and taking their arms away, they being the first to run onto them. They were engaged in this task, with the robbers holding their hands in the air, when Sheriff Sutton returned from the trip to the church corner.

The men had disposed of their plunder, and when asked what they had done with it they protested their innocence and stuck to it well. The older criminal would not yield, but the younger man wilted in the face of the crowd and finally agreed to go with one of the officers and show where they had hid the last of the plunder. This was found in a canyon carefully concealed. The rest of the property had been hid in various places along the route they came. The shotgun had been hid in a straw stack on Henry Lee's place, and other articles had been planted in various places.

The property stolen consisted of a shotgun, some ammunition, six revolvers, three knives, two razors, eight rings, eight chains, four gold watches, three silver watches and a little cash. The prisoners proved to be Charlie Hayes, (alias Jack Martin), alias Charlie Stone) and Oliver Lord. The former is an old timer, who was here on a charge of burglary and pleaded guilty of breaking into a store at Elyria some years ago, and was sent to the pen for a year or so. He is the same chap that broke jail at Greeley some years ago by digging out under the wall of the building. While in the Ord jail he came near making his escape by prying the bars apart with the leg of a chair. He is also wanted at Kearney for jailbreaking. That he is a moral degenerate and all-around tough is shure, his specialties being housebreaking and jailbreaking.

His pal is a young man from Pennsylvania and new at the business as was shown by his actions during the capture and since then. He claims to be 18 years old and that he never met the older man till they met in a saloon at Scotia last week Friday, where they concocted their plan to burglarize North Loup. They walked from Scotia to North Loup that evening and during the night began their attempt on the hardware. They were scared away by their carelessness. One of them was standing guard with the gun they had stolen while the other was attempting to raid the safe. The one on guard was not familiar with first-class shotguns and in an attempt to see it work he accidentally discharged it. No one seemed to have heard the shot, but they feared that the alarm would be given and so set out. Though no one showed up they concluded that discretion was the safer course and so left town. They had planned to rob Wellman's and Frank Johnson's, and doubtless would have done so had they not scared themselves away.

These bits of information are obtained from the younger man, the older one being as glum as an oyster. When arraigned before the county judge the younger man pleaded guilty but the old sinner would not plead which means that he will be tried. A good long term, the limit of the law is about the proper dose to administer the old fellow.

ORD LODGE NO. 103
A. F. & A. M.
Meetings held on
Wednesday on or before
the full moon of each
month. T. A. Waters,
W. M.
J. F. Colby, Secretary.

DORIC CHAPTER NO.
52 R. A. M.
Convocation first
Tuesday of each month.
John C. Work, H.
T. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

ORD LODGE NO. 103
A. F. & A. M.
Meetings held on
Wednesday on or before
the full moon of each
month. T. A. Waters,
W. M.
J. F. Colby, Secretary.

DORIC CHAPTER NO.
52 R. A. M.
Convocation first
Tuesday of each month.
John C. Work, H.
T. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

That Little Range.

Every girl who is trying for the little Buck's range must have her drawing in by noon Friday, May 3rd. The judging of the drawings will take place Saturday forenoon.

The Relief Fund.

Contributions are still coming slowly and being promptly remitted to aid in the assistance of the Chinese.

This is the way the contributions through the Quiz now stand:

| | |
|--|---------|
| Previously reported | \$35.00 |
| Cash | 1.00 |
| Cash | 5.00 |
| Miss Likely | 1.00 |
| Anton Bartunek, half for China, half for Russia | 5.00 |
| Total | \$47.00 |

Rosevale Items.

F. Hallock and family visited with Mr. Nelson's last Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Wm. Whiteside of Burwell visited at the store Thursday and Friday.

All the farmers begin to wear that happy smile again since they have their small grain sown.

It seems that we will have to buy in a supply of coal and prepare for another winter.

Rev. S. L. Flowers has his house about completed.

Lottie, Stella and Malcom Woods visited with Mr. Martz and family last Sunday.

We are informed that Mr. Bent of Dry Cedar and Miss Howell, postmistress at Key, Nebraska, will be married Sunday afternoon. We send our congratulations.

F. Hallock was mail carrier last Thursday.

Lottie Woods went up to her home west of Burwell to spend a few days this week.

Mr. Miller of Ord was a caller at the store last Friday.

Mr. Cunningham made a trip with the mail last Tuesday.

Mr. Cunningham lost a fine cow last Monday.

Dan Smith, Jr., of Ericson was very sick last week, but is now able to be around.

One of the most pathetic cases of poverty coupled with illness and mental unbalance in the city is the condition of Mrs. Peck, the venerable and well known widow who has lived in the north west part of town for a number of years. For quite a while she has been a county charge, and within the last three or four months she has been failing very fast. She is almost totally deaf, her sight is extremely poor, and her faculties very sluggish. It is only a question of months or weeks when she will be forced to succumb to the reaper who spares neither young nor old.

We want your

HOGS!

We have made arrangements with the trade at Portland, Oregon, to handle all of the

Light Hogs

we can ship them, and are now in the market for light hogs for western shipment. Call us up by phone or stop at our office and let us quote you top prices.

Blessing Bros.

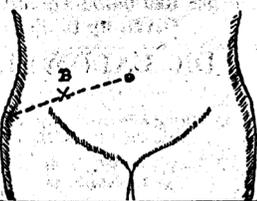
Farmers' phone 25. Bell phone 42

Sash Pins Girdle Pins

in Silver, Gold,
Green Gold, Ant-
ique Gold and
Roman Gold; a
full selection of
rich, artistic pat-
terns.

There's lots of
new styles in hat
pins, back combs
etc., that I'm on-
ly too pleased to
show you, wheth-
er you buy or
not.

PARKINS



Cure for Appendicitis

B—Location of the appendix. The disease of this organ causes

APPENDICITIS

Dr. Conrad Adler of Berlin, Germany, wrote a treatise on this disease. This book tells all about appendicitis, how it is caused and how it can be prevented. It tells why

DR. ADLER'S TREATMENT

cures appendicitis without an operation and how through its occasional use this disease is positively avoided.

Appendicitis is often treacherous and occurs when least expected. You may have it tomorrow—no one can tell. Better read the book, get posted and be prepared. Free copies of this book can now be had at

The City Pharmacy
O. P. Luse, Ph. G., Manager

If you have stomach trouble, bowel trouble of appendicitis don't go to a physician and spend money for advise, etc., but come in and ask us for Dr. Adler's little booklet on how to cure and prevent these troubles. Advise from us is free, and we want to save you this expense. This treatment is guaranteed to cure you or your money cheerfully refunded. Don't fall to task and receive one of these valuable little books—they are free for the asking. Your troubles trouble us and we want to help you.

Dr. Milliken went to North Loup Monday morning.

Dr. Warta was over from Sargent visiting friends in Ord and vicinity over Sunday.

Cora Dowhower visited in Ord over Sunday returning to North Loup Monday morning.

Hughes & McMinder shipped another car of horses to the Grand Island horse market Monday noon.

Harold Parks and a friend from Sargent drove over to attend the dance in Wentworth's hall Monday night.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

Next Sunday Rev. E. S. Fox of North Loup will preach for the Ord and Springdale people. Sunday following Rev. Carson will fill our pulpits.

Because the game laws do not conform to the views of Game Warden Shirley we understand that he has refused to accept the appointment as warden for Valley county for the ensuing year.

Mr. J. G. Widhelm, a traveling salesman for a Nebraska nursery firm, and who makes his headquarters at Fremont, was here Saturday looking to the interests of the firm he represents.

The Girl from Chill company introduced a novel advertisement for their show last Saturday afternoon in the shape of a large streamer held high over the tops of the buildings by the aid of a box kite. The streamer attracted considerable attention and of course fulfilled the purpose for which it was intended by calling the attention of all to the show in the opera house that night.

The committees appointed to arrange for the alumni banquet met Saturday evening in the county superintendent's office, but nothing of importance was transacted and a later meeting was called, when it is hoped that the final arrangements may be closed for the event. The members expect to give one of the finest banquets in the history of the organization some time during commencement week.

An Ord carpenter tells us that he has just completed what he believes to be the finest hog house in Valley county for Adolf Fuss who lives about a dozen miles south of Ord. It is fifty feet long and arranged for the accommodation of a large number of hogs in the best possible manner. The embarkation of many of our farmers into the raising of fine blooded hogs and cattle during the last few years is having the effect of building better pens and in more fully providing for their health and safety.

The people of this community will be delighted to learn that Senator J. P. Dolliver has been engaged for an address during the chatauqua. Dolliver belongs to the modern school of square deal politicians. Besides, it is said that he is an orator of remarkable ability. During the last session of congress he was most prominent in securing the passage of the railroad rate bill, and he is counted as one of President Roosevelt's active supporters in the senate.

Turning over a figure six sometimes makes quite a difference in the way a number reads. This kind of an error occurred in the advertisement of the City Pharmacy in our Friday issue. It was in quoting the price of paint. The price should have been \$1.60 for the famous Mound City house paint, but the up-turned six made the advertisement read \$1.90. There is no doubt about this paint being worth the money, when you consider the quality of the article, but that is not the price the Luses are selling it at. You can get all you want and in any color for \$1.60 per gallon, at the City Pharmacy.



THE J. C. C. COLLEGE GIRL

Girlish figures require special corseting or they lose their chief charm--their slender, supple lines. The J. C. C. model "College Girl" is exactly suited to its namesake, and to many older women of slender build. The hip is medium length and dipped, the bust medium low, the front steel straight and comfortable.

"College Girl" sells at 97c.



The J. C. C. Tape Girdle

gives a round hip and waist line, and is suited to slender figures. It is a good shirt waist corset, cool, comfortable and graceful.

Tape Girdle sells at 50c

BAILEY'S Dept. Store

Ord's Biggest, Busiest and Best Trading Place.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Only ten degrees above zero last night.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

Mrs. Earl Stacy came down from Burwell last Saturday.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

Mrs. Clark Lamberton and daughters spent Sunday in Burwell with friends.

Adam Smith is expected home from his trip to the Pacific coast Wednesday evening.

A number of the young men from Greeley Center were in Ord last night to attend the dance.

Miss Arnold's music studio is located in Mrs. Hull's home and all desiring instruction are invited to call. 5-1f.

Mrs. Frank Barta left Monday morning to join her husband in their new home in Montana. The best wishes of their host of Ord friends go with them to their new dwelling place.

Experts agree that Bradley & Voorman paint is the longest wearing paint. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction every can of it. A complete stock, all colors at F. J. Dworak's.

The eighty-eighth anniversary of the organization of the Odd Fellows was commemorated at the Christian church Sunday evening in a sermon by Rev. Eaton, pastor of that church. The Odd Fellows of Ord attended the services in a body.

Frank Lewin, brakeman on the B. & M. freight between Palmer and Burwell, is laid off on account of getting a cinder in his eye one day last week. He came down from Burwell Monday for a short visit with his brother Everett and family.

The Arion orchestra have received a guarantee of thirty dollars to furnish the music for a big ball in Scotia on the seventeenth. The boys evidently pleased the Scotia people who dance when they played there a couple of weeks ago, although on account of the weather there was but a small turnout.

Vene VanTuyt will go down to Oklahoma Thursday and have a look at that part of the country. If things look right to him he will have his wife come down and look the country over, too. Then after a few months of real experience there they will buy if they think best, but they do not propose to jump in till they know what they are jumping into.

The weather for the past few days has not been such as to stimulate base ball conversation in an appreciable degree. Nevertheless there were about twenty young people who came down from Burwell last Saturday morning to yell for the high school nine of that burg in the game with the Ord high school nine that afternoon. Judging from the score there must have been a great deal of yelling done, as it stood fifteen to sixteen in Burwell's favor at the end of the tenth inning. A base ball game with the thermometer around zero is not conducive to large attendance, and we learn that the receipts were not enough to pay much attention to. We hope the boys will have more favorable weather the next time they demonstrate the national game to us.

Mrs. Mary J. Gipe, who is nearly 87 years old, departed this morning for Ohio, where her home will be for the rest of her days. For a great many years she has been living in Valley county, much of the time with her son, Amos Gipe, but has decided to spend the balance of her days with her Ohio children. In spite of her years she is still very spry and clear-headed. She will make the trip back to the Buckeye state alone, except Amos accompanied her as far as the Island this morning.

The A. M. Daniels home was the scene of a very pleasant gathering last Friday evening, the occasion being a high-five party given by Mr. and Mrs. Daniels to their many Ord friends. The game was progressively played, eight tables being required to accommodate their guests. With the close of play the guests were served with the usual good things to eat following which the lady and gentleman winners in the card games were presented with a handsome souvenir.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. Providers of the best obtainable in pure food products. New lot of choice California extracted honey. Also fancy honey in the comb. Standard table pears in syrup, 2 cans for 25 cents. Try the new Egg-O-See, corn flaked and toasted, crisp and elegant in flavor. The largest 10-cent package of the flake family. We expect strawberries to be in regular supply this week. Also lettuce and radishes.

Four years ago yesterday the Campbell Bros. circus was billed to show in Ord, but succeeded in only getting as far as North Loup on their way up here after plowing through all but impenetrable snow drifts half the distance. The weather during the past week is a gentle reminder that spring in Nebraska is not always the balmy season it is supposed to be.

Frank McMillen is now going around trying to attend to his duties with a couple of big blue spots on his face and his nose somewhat scratched up, as well as being disabled in other ways. When asked by a Quiz man how he came by the decorations to his physiognomy he informed us that it had been caused by having Cornells' automobile run over him. Said that it ran over him three times before he could get up. We later learned the more plausible and evidently truer story about it, which is that he got mixed up with a windmill which he was trying to fix on the old Upham place northeast of town occupied by the Otis Moorman family. The wind was blowing pretty hard and he got a severe knock which temporarily made him unconscious. He says he is going to be more careful about trying to fix windmills in a sixty-five mile gale.

Representative Dolliver's speech in the house, in support of the war revenue bill deserves a place among the most noble and eloquent utterances that either branch of congress has heard in recent years. Masterly in its treatment of the subject immediately at issue, and magnificent in its expression of patriotic sentiment, this splendid effort of the brilliant young leader from Iowa will live in the records as a fadeless gem of oratory.—New York Mail and Express.

Rev. Dr. Abbott, of the First Methodist church of Kearney, preached at Ord Sunday morning and evening, and at Springdale in the afternoon. The divine is a very able preacher, not so flowery and eloquent as some, but a strong and vigorous thinker. The day was a blustery and a very unpleasant one, which doubtless cut down the attendance greatly, though there were large audiences out at all the meetings.

If you are interested in air pressure water systems see Honnold Bros.

Wanted:—To lend \$1,000 on some Valley county farm. Honnold & Davis. 9-1t.

On account of scarlet fever in the city of St. Paul schools were closed last week, except the high school department, which will run on for the present at least.

If all the houses in this town were painted with Bradley & Voorman paint, there would be no more painting for at least 5 years. F. J. Dworak is the agent.

The first big ball to be held in the new opera house was held Monday evening. The affair was a swell one the music being furnished by an orchestra from Grand Island.

Mr. and Mrs. James Moss drove down from Holt county last week for a short visit with his sister-in-law, Mrs. Moss, and other relatives in Ord. Monday morning they took the train for Washington where they will make their future home.

"The Girl From Chill" is the title of the play which was presented at the opera house last Saturday night to a pretty good house. In due respect to the builders of the opera house and the tastes of Ord audiences, we must say that it was one of the poorest things in the way of thespian attempts seen in Ord.

Miss Lelia Moorman went down to Scotia last Thursday to spend the day with her sister, Mrs. Dee Vincore, returning Friday. Miss Moorman has been offered and has accepted a position of teacher in the primary department of the Scotia school, and will begin her duties there next September.

Avoid becoming obligated to friends. Honnold & Davis will go your bond. 9-1t.

The Piano Contestants.

No votes for the Quiz and Nebraska Farmer have been counted yet, and will not be till next week when it is hoped that all who intend to enter the contest will have handed in their names. Those who are now at work are: Miss Addie Haight, Ord, Route 1.

Miss Bertha Goodrich, North Loup.

Miss Ada Draper, North Loup.

Miss Roxy Auble, Ord, Route 2.

Miss Lena Slavacek, Ord, Route 3.

Miss Minnie Lukesh, Comstock.

Miss Anna Sorensen, Ord, Route 3.

Miss Bessie Gray, Elyria.

Miss Maude Arnold, Ord.

Others will doubtless enter. If you are thinking of doing so send in your name at once and get started with the rest.

Chris Christensen, who used to work for F. J. Bell when the latter was running his merry-go-round, came up from St. Paul Monday night for a short visit with friends.

The Nebraska Farmer is the best agricultural paper published in the west. Remember every paid up subscription to the Quiz gets the Farmer for the same length of time as paid for the Quiz in advance.

Notice to Contractors and Builders.

If you are in need of cement blocks for building blocks I would be pleased to have you examine mine before buying. Manufactured on river bottom east of Blue Barn or for sale at the Burke Lumber yard or at Oliver Cromwell's feed store.

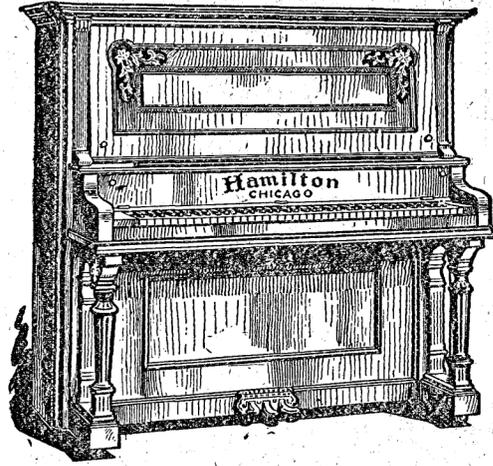
J. K. Jensen.

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans.

ORD STATE BANK.

Quiz Piano Voting Contest



1st Prize: A beautiful Hamilton Piano purchased from A. C. Johnson & Co. and now on exhibition at his store.

2nd Prize: A fine gold watch from the stock of Geo. A. Parkins. The Parkins store only handles good ones and this is one of his best.

3d Prize: A fine dress pattern. Your choice from the McLain & Siler big stock.

4th Prize: A dozen of the Mutter studios best \$5 photographs. They are good ones.

2 Special Prizes: We want new subscribers and as a special inducement to contestants to secure them will give to the one securing the largest number of new subscribers their choice of a Fifty-Dollar International Correspondence School or certificate Ten Dollars in Gold; the person getting the second largest number of new subscribers to have prize left after first prize winner's selection.

WHO MAY ENTER THE CONTEST.

Any lady or girl residing in Valley county, except residents of Ord, will be permitted to enter this contest. No person living in Ord will be permitted to become a contestant. Ord people may vote in this contest and all contestants have the privilege of soliciting votes in Ord as well as elsewhere. It will probably take a few weeks to get this contest organized and get the voting under good headway; after that, a couple of months ought to be enough to cover the county thoroughly; and as soon as this work is done the contest will close and prizes will be awarded.

HOW TO SECURE VOTES.

For each cent paid to the Quiz to renew a subscription, ten votes will be allowed: \$1.00 paid will equal 1000 votes; 1.50 (the price of one year's subscription) will equal 1500 votes, etc.

For every cent paid on the Quiz on new subscription (that is by someone not already a subscriber) twenty votes will be allowed; \$1.00 will equal 2000 votes and 1.50 will equal 3000 votes.

The payment of advance subscription entitles to extra votes as follows:

Five years fully paid in advance.....2,000 extra votes.
Ten years fully paid in advance.....5,000 extra votes.
Fifteen years fully paid in advance.....10,000 extra votes.

VOTING CARDS.

When the subscription money is received at the Quiz office a voting card filled out in ink will be issued. This card may then be cast in the ballot box for some one of the contestants, or it may be taken away from the office and voted at any time before the close of the contest, or it may be taken away and burnt up, torn up or anything that the holder wishes to do with it. There will be no duplicate votes issued and no votes will be counted or published in the paper until they have been cast in the ballot box in our office.

TWO PAPERS FOR THE PRICE OF ONE.

The price of the Quiz is \$1.50 per year. We have made special arrangements with the Nebraska Farmer, of Lincoln, whereby they take an active part in this contest, and we will combine the two papers and give our subscribers the benefit of getting two papers at the \$1.50 per year rate.

The Nebraska Farmer is the best farm and family paper for a Nebraskan to take. It comes weekly and is stopped promptly at the time your subscription expires.

DATE OF CLOSING CONTEST.

This contest will close on Saturday, August 4, at 6 o'clock p. m. and all votes must be in the box at that time. Should there be a tie between the contestants on the counting of the votes August 3, the contest will continue one week, until August 10, at the same hour.

Many Languages of Buenos Ayres.

There are few cities in the world having more newspapers of varied tongues than Buenos Ayres. Altogether the number of dailies, weeklies, monthlies and irregulars published in the republic fluctuates about 180. Besides, of course, the "national" language, with its wide divergencies from Spanish, there are papers published in Castilian, in Catalan, in Italian, French, German and English, in Basque, in Norwegian and in Danish, in Arabic, Syrian, Hebrew, Servian and in several dialects, while in the Chubut territory the Welsh organ has a considerable sale and influence.—Buenos Ayres Herald.

"Long Ed's" Outfit.

When it was noised about Seymour that "Long Ed" Ames was going to marry Cora Black one of the summer residents thought to have some fun with him.

"Are you going to get married, Ed?"

"That's what Cora says."

"Well, I suppose you've made all the preparations—got your trousseau ready."

"Long Ed" did not balk at the unusual word, as was expected.

"Yep," he returned; "Aunt Lize she bouled my Sunday coat and put a new collar on't, and I've had my shoes tapped."—Youth's Companion.

Two Bargains!

Nice cottage of six rooms and two closets on lot in swell part of Ord, with fine shade and cement walks; can be bought for \$1,100. It rents for \$120. Possession by last of May.

Half section of land close in, 150 acres plowed, balance pasture, with running water and shade, for \$31.50 per acre. 90 acres of the pasture can be plowed. This price is for quick sale.

J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

Kansas Land

Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth land, from \$7 to \$12 per acre

One-fourth cash, the balance on four years' time.

Newbecker Land Co.,
GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

SEE

HONNOLD & DAVIS

FOR

Real Estate

Insurance

and 5% Loans

Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, March 28, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Michael Tracy of Sedlow, Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17813 made July 30, 1902, for the north 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 28, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on May 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Frank Osantowsky of Ord, Nebraska; Frank Zulkosky of Sedlow, Nebraska; Victor Dausak of Ord, Nebraska; Ignatius Gorny of Sedlow, Nebraska; Chas. F. Shedd, Register.

WANT COLUMN

WANTED—Chance to work to help support my mother. Will work on farm or other place. Geo. L. Smith, Ord.

FOR SALE—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 2-1t

FOR SALE—Two good farms in Mira Valley. Enquire of W. L. D. Auble. 9-3t-pd.

I will mow your lawn by the week or for the season. 50 cents for each mowing. Phone Mrs. Hull A. F. Sherman. 5-12t-pd.

FOR SALE—Three good second hand organs left. A. C. Johnson & Co.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Small family. Mrs. A. C. Johnson.

COE RESIDENCE FOR SALE—On account of my failing health and the benefits obtained by living in Colorado the past year, I have decided to make my home in Grand Junction, Colorado. I therefore wish to sell my residence in Ord. I would prefer to sell for cash but will consider trade for good Valley county land. Will be in Ord about May 10. For terms and other information see Clarence Coe of Ord State Bank. 6-1t

TEAMING—I am prepared to do all of your hauling. Good teams. See me or phone 288. Nels Petersen.

FOR SALE—A medium size fire proof safe as good as new. L. D. Bailey & Sons.

FOR RENT—A six-room cottage one block west of square. See Dr. Halde- man. 4-1t.

FOR SALE—All our household furniture. Must be sold this week. If in need of anything call on us. H. J. Woodhouse. 9-1t-pd.

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-1t.

FOR SALE—Pure R. O. B. Leghorn eggs 75 cents per 15, \$3.50 per 100. Phone or write Mrs. H. W. Trefren. 4-1t.

FOR EXCHANGE—Improved Kin- kaid farm, cuts 300 tons hay, for small farm or town property, G. W. Moulton, Moulton, Nebr. 7-3pd.

LOST—A pocket book in Ord containing \$8.00 and a cream receipt, bearing the name of Charles Palmatier. Finder will please leave at Quiz office. 7-1t

FOR SALE—My house of five rooms, bath and pantry; barn, 18x18; out building, 12x12 with 3 bins for coal; trees and sidewalks; all in good condition. Property known as Elmer Gard place. Price \$2,500. Mrs. Partridge. 4-1t

POCKETBOOK LOST in Ord Saturday morning. Finder please leave at Quiz office.

PLASTERING sand and coarse gravel, price \$1.00 a yard delivered. G. W. Butcher & Son. 2-1t.

SOME fine evergreens, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 51 t.

HOGS—Will be in Elyria every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

FOR SALE—Three acres of ground, a good house, three rooms; chicken coop good well. For \$1,300 cash. Arthur Thompson, Boelus, Neb. 3-5pd

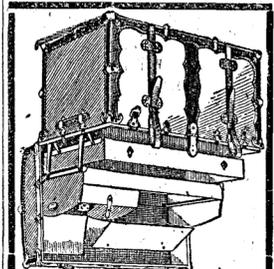
PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52-

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

FOR SALE—Good driving horse with buggy and harness. G. R. Gard. 6-1t.

Notice of Presentation of Claims. State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of said county: In the matter of the estate of Richard Truman Honnold, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Richard Truman Honnold late of Valley county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 6th day of April, 1907. All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county, at his office thereon, on or before the 7th day of October, 1907, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the 8th day of October, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m. H. Gudmundsen, County Judge, Honnold & Davis, Attorneys for Estate.



Manufacturer of
First Class Hand and Machine Sewed HARNESS
and dealer in Saddle, Goods, Trunks, Valises, Gloves and Furs. Repairing neatly done North Side Square. ORD, NEBR.

FRANK MISKO,

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D.
Office over post office.
Phone 116
ORD NEBRASKA

HONNOLD & DAVIS
Lawyers
Ord, - - Nebraska

C. J. MILLER, M. D.,
Physician
and Surgeon
Ord, - - Nebraska.

R. L. STAPLE,
Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor.
Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds.
First National Bank Building,
ORD NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS
...Undertaking...
Licensed Embalmer.
Residence Phone 74.
Store Phone 82. ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. W. TAYLOR
Dentist
Office over First National Bank
Office Phone 24....Residence Phone 274

JOS. CERNIK
MERCHANT TAILOR
All work finished in a workman-like manner. North side square, Ord, Neb.

Dr. F. D. HALDEFIAN,
Physician & Surgeon,
Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 158,
ORD, - - NEBRASKA

CLEMENTS BROS.,
Lawyers.
Office in Misto Block,
North Side of Square.
ORD, NEBRASKA

Office Phone 83 Res. Phone 94
M. M. Newbecker, M. D.
Day and Night Calls.
ORD NEBRASKA

A. M. ROBBINS
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE
Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties.
ORD, NEBRASKA

C. D. BUNDY, M. D.
Successor to
Chester A. Brink
Calls answered night and day
Office and resident phone 48

Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.

See our line of Fence Posts

In Ye Olden Times



when women did their own pinning, it was a source of great pride to have a well filled linen chest.

In these days of rush and worry any woman can lay in a supply of household

linens with a very small expenditure of either time or money. Our line of Dress and Wash Goods for Spring has just arrived and we invite you to call and inspect the same.

Frank Dworak.

Do You Know

we want you to do your banking business with us? If you are not already one of our customers call and see us about opening an account with us.

Your money is safer in the bank than anywhere else, and then pay your bills by check, which is the safest and most convenient method, and your check becomes a receipt for the amount paid.

Having a large CAPITAL and SURPLUS we offer the greatest security for deposits, and in addition to our financial strength our officers have the benefit of many years' experience. If you are not already one of our customers we would be pleased to have you call, and if we can be of any service to you we will be pleased to assist you.

FIRST NAT'L BANK
Ord, Nebraska
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - - - \$100,000

NEW COMMERCE CIRCULAR

Two Rulings Which Are of Interest to the Railroads and Shipping Public.

CARRIERS MUST PAY LEGAL TARIFF RATES

When Shipping Supplies Over the Lines of Another Company Railroads Must Pay the Regular Freight Charge—A Ruling Regarding Afloat Shipments

Washington, May 18.—An important circular, issued Friday by the Interstate Commerce commission, contains two administrative rulings which are of special interest both to the railroads and to the shipping public. In the first, the commission expresses the opinion that under the law a carrier or a person or corporation operating a railroad or other transportation line cannot as a shipper over the lines of another carrier be given any preference in the application of tariff rates on interstate shipments. In other words, one carrier shipping its fuel, material, or other supplies over the line of another carrier must pay the legal tariff rates applicable to the same commodities shipped by an individual. The commission suggests that there may be some instances, such as the movement of needed fuel, in which, in order to keep the trains or boats moving, such traffic could be given preference in movement without creating unjust or unwarranted discrimination.

It is said there probably is not a railroad in the country that has to pay the regular tariff on all of its supplies from the initial point to the point of destination. This is especially true of coal used by the railroads for fuel purposes. Coal shipped to a given point from the mines for a railroad at a rate far below that which a dealer at that point would have to pay in freight charges. The commission holds, in effect, that this discrimination and that the railroad must pay the same tariff as the individual.

The second ruling relates to the return of afloat shipments. "Instances occur," says the commission, "in which, through error or oversight on the part of some agent or employe, a shipment is billed to an erroneous destination or unloaded short of destination or is carried by. The commission is of the opinion that in bona fide instances of this kind carriers may return such afloat shipments to their proper destination or course without the assessment of additional charges and may arrange for such movement of such afloat shipments for each other on mutually acceptable terms without the necessity of publishing posting and filing the tariff under which it will be done."

The commission will soon issue one tariff circular containing in revised and correct form all the live matter which has been contained in its tariff circulars 1-A to 13-A, inclusive, and which will cancel former issues.

BREWERS GET INJUNCTION.

Judge Pollock Issues Temporary Restraining Order Against Kansas City Authorities.

Kansas City, Kan., May 18.—The Kansas City Breweries company was given a temporary restraining order Thursday by Judge Pollock of the Kansas federal court to prevent C. W. Trickett, assistant attorney general; James E. Porter, sheriff; David E. Bowen, chief of police; Joseph Taggart, county attorney; Ralph Nelson, city attorney; or Newton V. Relchener, agent for the Kansas brewers receivers, from in any way interfering with the wagons of the company until after a hearing of the application in the federal court in Topeka next Thursday. The application for an injunction is made under the interstate commerce law. The bill of complaint was presented to Judge Pollock by A. L. Berger and Harkless, Cryser & Histed, attorneys for the company.

Testing Rights in Court.

Ardmore, I. T., May 17.—The Bettie Ligon case involving right of some 2,000 people to citizenship of Chickasaw nation and \$20,000,000 of property was argued in the federal court before Judge Townsend Thursday. The plaintiff contends that Bettie Ligon is a citizen of the Chickasaw nation and is entitled to enrollment. The interior department knocked out Bettie Ligon. It is now sought to have her and some 2,000 enrolled through court action. Officials of the federal government presented a demurrer to the complaint contending that the court is without jurisdiction to pass on the case.

Foreigners Leaving Morocco City.

Tangier, May 17.—The English residents of Morocco City who left there a week ago Friday for Saffi on the coast, because of the threatened disorders, have arrived safe at their journey's end. They were not molested on the way. They report that the French residents left Morocco City a day later and they believe the Germans also have decided to get out.

THE PRESBYTERIANS.

General Assembly at Columbus Hears Report of Committee on Church Union.

Columbus, O., May 18.—The Presbyterian general assembly was opened at 9 o'clock Friday by the new moderator, Dr. Roberts. After prayer he introduced Gov. Harris who welcomed, on behalf of the state, the 1,000 commissioners and their wives. Mayor Badger welcomed the assembly on behalf of the city.

The report of the special committee on church union and co-operation was then submitted. The entire report was listened to with great interest but the portion awaited with most interest was that in regard to the articles of agreement, adopted at the last general assembly. To put the articles into effect it is necessary for the assembly to elect 32 representatives to the council of the Reformed church and in America holding the Presbyterian system. This council was to consist of four representatives, minister or ruling elders from each constituent church and for each 100,000 communicants or fraction thereof up to 300,000; where a church has more than 300,000 communicants, then four representatives for each additional 300,000 communicants or fraction thereof. The last assembly referred to this committee the work of providing a plan for the election of the representatives of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America. The committee Friday submitted the following plan:

The first two members of the delegation to be the moderator for the time being and the stated clerks of the other members to be divided into three classes consisting of five ministers and five ruling elders each, one class to be elected by this assembly for one year, one for two and one for three years, and the election thereafter to be annual, one class of ten members each. The report recommended that the assembly appoint a committee to nominate the 30 delegates by classes.

COSSACKS RUN AMUCK.

Forty-Five Mill Workmen Shot Down Because One of Their Number Was Killed.

Lodz, Russian Poland, May 18.—Forty-five officials and workmen of Kuttner spinning mills were shot down Saturday morning by a patrol of Cossacks, because a band of terrorists attacked a mail wagon in the neighborhood, killing a Cossack guard and wounding another Cossack and two postoffice officials.

While the wagon was passing through Lonkova street the terrorists suddenly appeared from a side street, opened fire on the Cossack and a moment later a patrol of Cossacks arrived on the scene and infuriated by the fate of their comrades, rushed into the Kuttner factory which was near the spot where the robbery occurred, and began firing indiscriminately, killing 15 and wounding over 30 persons.

The greatest indignation prevails here as it is claimed that the employes of the factory had nothing to do with the attack on the mail wagon.

Paid a Rebating Fine.

New York, May 18.—The Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company, through its general counsel, Charles B. Keeler, of Chicago, pleaded guilty before Judge Holt in the United States circuit court Thursday against the road for the granting of rebates in violation of the Elkins anti-rebating law. The court assessed a fine of \$10,000 on each count pleaded to, or \$20,000 in all, which Attorney Keeler paid.

Manufacturing Plants Destroyed.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 18.—Two firemen were injured, five manufacturing plants destroyed and a number of small residences badly damaged early Friday by a fire of unknown origin which started in the Brush and Stevens company pattern and model plant on Penn avenue. Loss \$100,000.

Roosevelts to Ping Knot.

Washington, May 18.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt accompanied by their son Archie, left Washington at 11 o'clock Friday over the Southern railway for a few days vacation at Pine Knot, Mrs. Roosevelt's country home in Albemarle county, Va.

They Stood the Test.

Newport, R. I., May 18.—With all hands well and contented, with a bountiful supply of fresh air, and with records of submergence broken, the submarines Octopus and Lake rose to the surface of Narragansett bay at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon, ending a test of 24 hours under water.

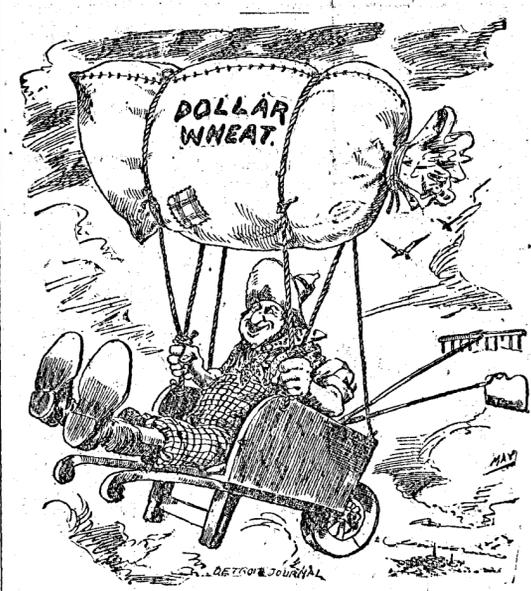
Wisconsin Deadlock Broken.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 18.—The Wisconsin senatorial deadlock was broken Thursday night by the nomination on the first ballot of the republican caucus of former Congressman Isaac Stephenson of Marinette.

Violent Eruption of Stromboli.

Messina, Sicily, May 17.—A violent eruption of the Stromboli volcano occurred Thursday. It was preceded by a tremendous detonation and followed by continuous explosions which, however, were less violent.

THE FARMER—"I'M A REGULAR SANTY DUMONT!"



SENSATION IN BOISE TRIAL

Judge Wood Takes Exception to Publication of Interview With Harry Orchard.

COUNTY PROSECUTOR TO INVESTIGATE

The Judge Declared that the Publication Was Calculated to Influence the Jury in the Case—Gov. Gooding Denounced by Defense—The Orchard Interview.

Boise, Idaho, May 18.—When the Haywood trial was about to begin Friday morning Judge Wood caused a decided sensation by announcing that he had read in the morning papers articles concerning an interview with the state's most important witness against the defendant. Judge Wood declared the publications were highly improper, coming as they did during the empanelling of the jury.

"While they appear to the court as not precisely in contempt," continued Judge Wood, "they are nevertheless calculated to influence the jury in this case. Something must be done to prevent a recurrence of this if we are ever to get a jury. The court is much surprised at this publication at this time and will be glad to hear from counsel on the subject."

Mr. Hawley, senior counsel for the state, arose. "We are now and always were opposed to the publication of anything at any time tending to prejudice possible jurors," he said. "Just how the court can prevent a recurrence except by a public request to the newspapermen, I don't see."

Judge Wood replied: "If the purpose of these publications was to influence the jury there is a way to reach it," he said significantly.

When Mr. Hawley had again taken his seat, Mr. Richardson, of counsel for Haywood, said: "I don't know and I don't say that these publications of this morning came from the prosecution. But they are very obvious. The presence of prospective jurors alone prevents my saying what I would otherwise."

Clarence Darrow, for the defense, was the next to be heard. He said: "There can be but one purpose in this joint reception of Gov. Gooding and his friend Mr. Orchard. It was to influence the case at this time. I scarcely know to frame my attitude in proper language. It seems to me that this effort to give Mr. Orchard credence must have come from the disclosures made here as to the attitude of certain talesmen."

Mr. James H. Hawley, leading counsel for the prosecution, followed and spoke at considerable length. He said that he deeply regretted any occurrence that might prejudice the case, but he disclaimed any responsibility.

Mr. Hawley pointed out that for the last 12 months there had been a continuous circulation of papers misstating what was evidence or what purported to be evidence and evidently intended to influence the case. "This particular witness (Orchard)," he said, "has been continually referred to in a manner calculated to prejudice him in the public mind."

Persons who are interested in the defense have, we admit talked to prospective jurors. This we have heard of and only Friday morning a matter of this kind was reported to us as having taken place on the lawn of the court house."

Returning to the case in hand, Mr. Hawley pointed out that the position of Orchard had for the last year been consistently misrepresented. "The prosecution had been besieged by newspapermen for an interview with Orchard."

Mr. Hawley, referring to the published interview with Orchard, said that he could see no reason why

the authorized representatives of the Associated press should not have been allowed to see Orchard in order that it might give the public information as to the mental or physical condition of Orchard. Mr. Hawley said he saw no objection to this. He could not see how any right of the defendant could be impaired. He could, however, understand how an interview with the governor purporting to give an expression of opinion by the governor might have had effect.

Judge Wood directed the county prosecuting attorney to make an investigation of the facts connected with the Orchard interview and to take such action as he found to be warranted.

Senator Borah said he could dispose of the misapprehension of counsel for the defense that the interview was part of a plan to give credence to Harry Orchard after it had been shown that certain talesmen were biased against him, because the effort to see Orchard upon the part of the newspaper men had been in progress for three weeks. He spiritedly defended Gov. Gooding and the newspaper men on the charge that they had tried to influence the jury.

The trial was interrupted for an hour at the end of which time the examination of talesmen was resumed. The interview complained of was in part as follows:

Orchard denied that he had been submitted to any mistreatment during his long confinement, denied that dress or force had been used upon him to secure the statements he had made, and denied that detective McParland and the officers of the state have promised him immunity for his confessed crime or reward for the value of his alleged confession in the hands of the state.

Orchard is perfectly sound and healthy in body; clear and quick of brain. If there is anything in the reports that he was breaking in health and mind there is nothing now in his appearance or manner, to give them a shadow of suggestion.

As a precautionary measure the actual place in the penitentiary where Orchard is confined is kept secret and the subject is one that the warden and the guards decline to discuss.

The question of the confinement and treatment of the prisoner was reverted to later and Orchard said:

"I have not talked to any news paperman since I have been here. I felt that I did not have anything to say and I do not want too much prominence before the public. I could have seen the newspaper men if I had wanted to. I am free to go anywhere in the yard and to speak to any one that I like to. But I don't speak to many of the men. I don't feel that I am any better than the rest, but you know how it is, a man takes a notion to certain men and does not to others. And besides I have felt that I ought to be careful. Some of the men seemed anxious to learn too much. I do talk to several of the men. There are some good men out here, brought to prison by misfortune and I talk to them. I attend the religious services and I talk to some of the men in the hope of doing them some good."

The last formal question of the interview went directly to the position of Orchard in the pending case and was directly answered. It was: "Was force or duress of any kind used on you by Captain McParland or any one else in securing your alleged confession or statement, and have any promises of any kind been made to you in that connection?"

"I have never admitted and don't admit now that I have ever made a confession," said Orchard. "Mind that. But at no time was I ever subjected to force or pressure of any kind and anything I ever said to Captain McParland was without force or threat of any kind. Anything I said was of my own free will and accord. It was just as I talk to you here, there was nothing else. No promise of any kind has ever been made me by Captain McParland or any one else."

HE IS MAYOR IN NAME ONLY

Eugene Schmitz Relinquishes Reins of Government in San Francisco to a Committee.

FIVE COMMERCIAL BODIES REPRESENTED

Authority Transferred in Writing Which Amounts to Power of Attorney—Former Police Commissioner Said to Have Confessed—Schmitz Refuses to Talk.

San Francisco, May 18.—From this time forward, Eugene Schmitz will be the mayor of San Francisco in name only. He has relinquished the reins of government to a committee of seven, representing the five great commercial organizations of the city. Beginning with Friday the city is under the control of men whom the mayor selected to administer the city's affairs upon the lines demanded by the public. The capitulation of the mayor is complete. He has transferred in writing his authority, tantamount to a power of attorney, to the following citizens:

F. B. Anderson, F. W. Gormann, Percy T. Morgan, F. W. VanRocklin, Louis Rosenfeld, C. H. Beatty and Chas. W. Slack.

On the committee of seven is a representative from each of the following commercial bodies: Merchants' exchange, Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade, Merchant's association, and Manufacturers' and Producers' association.

Dr. Joseph Pohalm, a former police commissioner of this city, has, it is said, furnished Detective William J. Burns details of Mayor Schmitz's action in compelling him to vote on the matter of the French restaurant licenses in order that Abraham Ruef could extort from the proprietors of these resorts a fee of thousands of dollars to insure their protection.

Detective Burns relies upon, the remarkable confession of Dr. Pohalm to secure the conviction of Schmitz on the charges of extortion of which he has been jointly indicted with Abraham Ruef.

Mayor Schmitz was at his office Friday morning as usual, but declined to see any one in relation to the confession made by Abraham Ruef that he had given the mayor \$50,000 as his share of the money alleged to have been paid by the United Railroads company to secure trolley franchises.

The statement that Mayor Schmitz has assigned in writing his official powers to a committee of seven citizens is not generally credited. The mayor himself has nothing to say.

President Calhoun, Tiley Ford and Thornwell Mallory of the United Railroads company deny the truth of Ruef's charge that they paid \$200,000 for the trolley franchises. Ruef, now that he has confessed, has improved in health and spirits.

Explosion on Lookout Mountain.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 18.—An explosion of powder at the foot of Lookout mountain Thursday caused the following damage: Killed three trappers; probably fatally injured three railroad employes; wounded two laborers; blew up a railroad bridge; threw a freight train of 11 cars into Chattanooga creek; destroyed three houses and wrecked a pile driver. Men at work for W. J. Oliver & Co. on a railroad extension set off the powder.

A Motorist Killed.

Dieppe, France, May 18.—Albert Clement, son of the well known automobile builder, was killed instantly Friday during a run in preparation for the auto club's grand prize, which is to be competed for July 2. Clement was thrown out of his automobile at a slight turn and sustained a fracture of the skull. His chauffeur escaped with comparatively slight injuries.

New York Babies to New Orleans.

New Orleans, May 18.—Fifty-eight babies and children under seven years of age from New York charitable institutions were distributed in New Orleans and Louisiana Friday. The children are one of several consignments to this state. A train load carrying about 100 children arrived here two weeks ago. Still more are to come the majority of them babies.

Spanish War Veterans Meet.

Hartford, Conn., May 18.—The National Commandery of the naval and Military order of Spanish war veterans will hold its annual meeting here Saturday delegates from seven state commanderies attending.

A Fall From Bed Fatal.

New York, May 18.—Alonzo B. Jones, a retired yachtsman and architect, died in Bellevue hospital Thursday night as a result of injuries sustained in falling from his bed early Thursday.

Yerkes' Will Probated.

London, May 18.—Probate of the will of the late Charles T. Yerkes was granted Friday. The estate in the United Kingdom was sworn at \$28,200.

LESS CORNED BEEF SHIPPED.

The Exports for April Were Only 20 Per Cent of Last Year's Record.

Washington, May 18.—Continued decrease in the exports of canned beef is shown in a statement issued by the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor Friday. The falling off in this trade is not confined to any one country but is general.

The exports of canned beef for April last amounted to 893,017 pounds against 4,121,000 pounds in the same month of last year. For the ten months ending with April the exportations showed but 13,032,703 pounds against 56,730,873 during a similar period last year. This seems to indicate, it is stated, that the total value of canned beef exported in the full fiscal year 1907, will scarcely reach 15,000,000 while last years total aggregated 64,500,000 pounds. The value of the canned beef exports will not exceed in the fiscal year about to end, \$1,500,000 in value compared with \$6,500,000 during each of the past two years.

Southern Baptist Convention.

Richmond, Va., May 18.—The Southern Baptist convention met in its 52d annual session Thursday night with an attendance of about 4,000. E. W. Stephens of Missouri, the incumbent, was unanimously chosen to preside for the third time. At the afternoon session of the educational conference the following officers were elected: President, Dr. F. W. Boatwright, Richmond college; Secretary, Prof. W. H. Harrison of Bethel college, Russellville, Ky.

MARKET REPORTS.

Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City, May 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000 including 100 southern; market strong; native steers, \$1.50@1.60; southern steers, \$3.50@3.60; southern cows, \$3.00@3.10; native cows and heifers, \$3.00@3.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.50@3.75; bulls, \$2.25@2.50; western fed steers, \$1.25@1.50; western fed cows, \$3.50@4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; light strong, heavy weak to be lower; bulk of sales, \$2.20@2.35; heavy, \$2.12@2.22; packers, \$2.20@2.35; light, \$2.25@2.40; pigs, \$3.50@3.75. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market \$2.10@2.20; lower; muttons, \$3.40@3.50; lambs, \$3.75@3.80; range wethers, \$1.75@1.85; fed ewes, \$1.50@1.60.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, May 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000, market steady; beefs, \$1.25@1.35; cows and heifers, \$1.70@1.80; calves, \$1.50@1.65; good to prime steers, \$5.50@6.45; poor to medium, \$4.25@5.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.00@2.15.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,000; market for light, strong to shade higher; others weaker; light, \$6.30@6.55; mixed, \$6.25@6.50; heavy, \$6.00@6.40; rough, \$5.00@5.15; pigs, \$5.75@6.40; good to choice heavy, \$6.30@6.40; bulk of sales, \$6.30@6.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; market steady; natives, \$4.50@4.75; western, \$4.50@4.75; yearling, \$6.00@6.60; lambs, \$3.25@3.75; western, \$3.25@3.45.

Omaha Live Stock.

Omaha, May 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000; market strong; native steers, \$1.25@1.35; cows and heifers, \$3.00@4.85; western steers, \$3.00@3.25; Texas steers, \$3.00@4.40; cows and heifers, \$2.50@4.50; canners, \$2.50@3.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.00@4.85; calves, \$3.00@3.50; bulls and stags, \$3.00@4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 8,500; market steady; heavy, \$6.10@6.25; mixed, \$6.15@6.20; light, \$6.25@6.35; pigs, \$5.50@6.00; bulk or sales, \$6.15@6.25.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,500; market steady; yearlings, \$3.75@3.75; wethers, \$3.50@3.10; ewes \$4.50@5.75; lambs, \$1.50@3.50.

St. Louis Live Stock.

St. Louis, May 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,300 including 1,000 Texans; market steady; beef steers, \$4.00@4.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.50@4.25; cows and heifers \$2.85@3.50; Texas steers, \$2.65@3.50; market and heifers, \$1.50@4.40.

Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; market steady; pigs and lights, \$6.00@6.20; packers, \$6.00@6.40; butchers and best heavy, \$6.40@6.45.

Sheep—Receipts 1,000; market steady; natives, \$4.00@5.90; lambs, \$4.00@3.50.

Kansas City Cash Grain.

Kansas City, May 17.—Close: Wheat—Higher; May, 91½; July, 91½; Sept. 92; cash No. 2 hard, 90½; No. 3, 88½; No. 2 red, 88½; No. 3, 88½. Corn—Unchanged; May, 59½; July, 49; Sept. 49; cash No. 2 mixed, 42; No. 3, 31½; No. 2 white, 44½; No. 3, 53. Oats—2½ higher; No. 2 white, 46; No. 2 mixed, 44½.

Chicago Cash Grain.

Chicago, May 17.—Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 97½@99½; No. 3 red, 95½@97; No. 2 hard, 95½@97; No. 3 hard, 88½@95; No. 1 northern, \$1.02@1.08; No. 2 northern, \$1.00@1.04; No. 3 spring, 94½@1.00. Corn—No. 3, nothing doing; No. 3, 53½@54. Oats—No. 2, 43; No. 3, nothing doing.

St. Louis Cash Grain.

St. Louis, May 17.—Close: Wheat—Higher; track No. 2 red cash, 98½; No. 2 hard, 89½@95; July, 92; Sept. 92. Corn—Higher; track No. 2 cash, 55; July, 53; Sept. 53; No. 2 white, 56½@57. Oats—Higher; track No. 2 cash, 45; July, 42½; Sept. 37½; No. 2 white, 47½.

Kansas City Produce.

Kansas City, May 17.—Eggs—Fresh—16 cents a dozen. Butter—Creamery, extra, 22c; packing, stock, 15 cents. Poultry—Springs, 13@22c; per pound; hens, 10c; young ducks, 10c; turkeys, 11c; geese, 6c. Fruits—Apples, \$2.25@2.50 per barrel; oranges, \$2.75@4.50; lemons, \$1.50@2.00; pears, per box, \$1.75@2.00. Strawberries—Fancy, \$3.00@3.50 a crate, choice, \$2.25@3.00 per crate. Potatoes—per bushel, 60¢@90¢; seed potatoes, 75¢@1.00 per bushel; new potatoes, \$1.75@1.90 per bushel. Green Vegetables—Tomatoes, Florida, six-basket crates, \$2.25@2.50; Green onions, per dozen bunches, 25¢@40c. Cabbage, new, 2½c a lb.; old, \$1.75 per cwt. Turnips, new, per dozen bunches, 30¢@40c; old, 55¢@40c a bushel; spinach, 15¢@1.00 a bushel. Mustard green, 30¢@40c per dozen bunches. Radishes, per dozen bunches, 15¢@30c; lettuce, small hamper, 50¢@75c. Green peppers, \$1.50@4.00 crate. Egg plant, Texas, \$2.00 per dozen. Beets, 20¢@30c per dozen bunches.

THEY TELL STORIES OF GREAT INTEREST TO NEBRASKANS

More of What Dr. Caldwell is Doing in the State

THE SKEPTIC LEFT TO WONDER, FOR HER SUCCESS STILL CONTINUES

That Dr. Caldwell is restoring the health and curing thousands of the afflicted there is no doubt as hundreds of reliable home people will attest. Few physicians in the country have had better educational advantages than she and few have more thoroughly improved them. She has always been an ardent student as well as an original investigator, having practiced her profession in some of the principal hospitals through the United States and Europe and it is not surprising that she has become a great specialist. Soon after commencing her practice in Louisville, Ky., some twelve years ago, Dr. Caldwell was led to believe that the important treatment of treating both acute and chronic disease was one that was demanding unusual attention and the skill of a physician who would devote her whole study and time to that specialty. Impressed with this idea she began a series of original investigations which have resulted in many important discoveries and brought her an immense practice in chronic diseases. Her success in the line of special practice has certainly been remarkable and in the treatment of many chronic diseases unequalled Dr. Caldwell announced to the public in Nebraska something over four years ago that she would make a series of western visits, stopping in the principal cities in the state. Since that time she has visited almost every city of importance and in the meantime has established a permanent office in Omaha where she has placed some of the best physicians in her staff at its head. To prove her original assertions she went to work and is now treating thousands of people in the state. Many are among the wealthiest and most prominent citizens. Almost everyone speaks of the immediate relief that generally attends her system of treatment. Below we publish a few of the names of the many that she has cured.

Mrs. John Reed, of Pender, cured of cancer of long standing.
Mrs. J. Duncan, of Norfolk, Nebr., cured of skin and kidney disease.
Miss Anna Broch, Wayne, cancer—been treated by number of doctors without any benefit, was cured entirely by Dr. Caldwell, under full treatment.
John Else, Elm Creek, Nebr., cured of heart and spleen disease.
Daughter of J. B. Bosterick, Nesshey, Nebr., cured of St. Vitus Dance.
Mrs. Harriet Stuber, Cozad, Nebraska, cured of catarrh and blood disease.
Miss Cora West, Lexington, Nebraska, cured of stomach, liver and kidney disease of years standing.
Mrs. Emil Ponen, Hastings, Nebraska says: "Was a sufferer from female disease for 16 years, part of the time in bed. Two years ago I began treatment with Dr. Caldwell, she treated me nine months and dismissed my case as cured. I have been like another person since do my work without the least trouble for family of ten."
Dr. Caldwell will make her next professional visit at Hotel Ord, Ord, Nebr., Friday, June 7.

THE ANCIENT BO TREE.

Oldest Living Thing of Which Man Has Kept Record.
This bo tree (the Ficus religiosa) is probably the oldest living thing in the world of which record has been kept by man and, with the possible exception of the sequoia, the oldest of living trees. It was brought from India by the Princess Sanghamitta and was planted by King Dewanapriya Tissa in 288 B. C. It is therefore 2,195 years old. The preservation of this tree has been an object of reverent solicitude to successive dynasties, and either through superstitious reverence or because of its worthlessness to a plunderer it has been spared amid all the havoc of repeated invasions. As recently as 1739 A. D. it was endowed with lands by Raja Sinah, a Kandian chief.

The bo tree's age and identity are matters of absolutely faithful record, and when one recalls that in the rigorous climate of northern Germany, in Hildesheim, there grows a rosebush which is a thousand years old it does not seem so remarkable that in the balmy climate of Ceylon this tree should have lived twice as long. It is gnarled and unsymmetrical, because many of its branches have been cut off and sent to distant temples. This bo tree is a branch of the tree under which Guatama Buddha sat when he attained Nirvana, and Buddhists say the passion through which he passed and caused all the leaves to tremble. Each of the millions of pilgrims who have toiled along the sacred way which leads to this shrine has hoped to bear away with him a leaf from the sacred tree, and happy is he at whose feet one falls.

The leaves hang on a slender stem and are easily stirred by the slightest breeze, so each petitioner is rewarded for his pilgrimage by feeling that the tree responds to the fervor of his soul, but few take home a leaf. Many bring offerings to the tree, and on a number of the lower leaves are sheets of gold placed there by jewelers and other wealthy worshippers.—Rosalie S. Morton in Century.

Wall Paper and the Sick.
"I am glad the walls of my bedroom are not papered," said the invalid. "Nobody but the sick knows how nerve racking it is to lie all day long looking at the wall paper that doesn't match. It matches well enough, you understand, for people who are well. They never would notice where the flowers failed to hitch or the stems met too far down the fraction of an inch, but we notice it and worry over it and cry sometimes because it worries us so. My wall is painted light blue, the color of the skies. It doesn't hurt my eyes at all to look at it. It doesn't worry me. When the curtain is down it is the very softest kind of blue, so gratifying that I fall asleep looking at it. Oh, yes; the only thing to do with the walls of the sickroom is to paint them light blue."—New York Press.

The Age of Fishes.
The normal length of life of our common small minnows rarely exceeds four or five years and may be much shorter, but there are few satisfactory observations on this point. No general rule can be laid down regarding the age of fishes or the relation between age and size. It is known that the salmon of the Pacific coast, which enter the rivers in such immense shoals, live to be four or five years old and then invariably die after once laying their eggs. One Japanese fish died when one year old. On the west coast of Europe there occurs a small fish which is like an annual plant—that is, all the individuals die each year and only the eggs—i. e., the seed—remain to produce the next season's crop.—St. Nicholas.

Couldn't Go the Last.
An Irishman had just come over and, being hungry, went to one of the swellest hotels in New York. When the waiter appeared to take his order he said, "Bring me the best you have."
After being gone a few minutes the waiter returned with a glass of water, a bunch of celery and a lobster. When about time to check him up the waiter returned to the customer, asking him why he had not eaten his meal.
"Well," replied the man, "I drank the water and smelled the bouquet, but I'll be darned if I could go the bug."

An Improvement.
"My dear," said Mrs. Newlywed, her face flushed with the excitement of her afternoon in the kitchen, "I want you to be perfectly frank with me now. What would you suggest to improve these doughnuts I made today?"
"Well," replied Mr. Newlywed, lifting one with a slight effort, "I think it might be better if you made the hole bigger."—Cincinnati Times-Star.

LANDS ON ITS FEET.

The Fall of the Cat and the Curiosity of Scientists.
The curiosity of scientists knows no bounds. The French Academy of Sciences once had under examination and discussion the very interesting question, "Why does a cat always fall on its feet?" The old answer, "In order that it shall not break its back," did not serve in this investigation. Members of the academy were desirous of ascertaining not only the real reason, but the precise method by which a cat, when dropped feet upward, manages to turn over instantly in the air, with no object to brace itself against in order to procure the muscular reaction that would seem to be necessary for the revolution.

To assist its study the distinguished members of the academy had one of its scientists prepare a series of instantaneous photographs showing a cat in various stages of a fall from a considerable height. These photographs were obtained under the personal inspection of a committee, and several successful "drops," which the unfortunate cats must have been totally unable to account for, were necessary.
The photographs, it may be mentioned, failed to establish anything, except that the cat, actually turned over in the air. As to how she did it, they afforded no clew. And as it was already known that she did it, the camera may be said to have contributed nothing toward the solution of the problem.

The committee next set itself about settling the matter by discussion. Several members presented their theories and compared notes. The laws of mechanics and geometry were applied to the known movements of the cat, with no other effect than to prove that a cat cannot possibly turn over in the air, which, however, it is well established that she does.

One academician maintained that the animal is able to displace its internal organs in such a way as to affect its center of gravity while in the air, causing it to turn, by a new center of weight, to one side and then, by another displacement, to throw the weight so that its back comes uppermost.

This claim, however, was but an unproved theory. Another man of science insisted that at the very instant when the cat is dropped, say from the hands of the person who holds her, feet uppermost, she is able to make an impulsive movement, using the operator's hands to push against, as it were. At all events the cat begins to turn instantly upon being let go.
However, it has against it the fact that the cat turns successfully when there are no hands or other objects to push against—when, for instance, she is firmly held, back downward, by threads, which are cut at the right moment, allowing her to drop suddenly.—New York Times.

Historical Accuracy.
An American traveler visited Warwick castle during his tour of Europe. A tall young soldier took him through the historic house, pointing out each object of interest with a long stick.
"Ere, sir," he said in one of the state chambers, "ere is an ancient old portrait of Queen Bess. A fine work."
The American looked at the portrait, and there was a long, impressive silence. To break this silence more than for any other reason the visitor finally said:
"Queen Bess, eh? She was a pretty old lady when she died, wasn't she?"
The guide shook his head.
"Not pretty, sir, but very old," he said.

An Essential Article.
An artist was talking about Walter Appleton Clark, who died at the beginning of his artistic career. "And Clark," he said, "had a strong sense of humor. I remember going through a millionaire's stables with him one day. You know what a millionaire's stables nowadays are like—floors and walls of translucent white tiles, drinking fountains of marble, mahogany mangers, silver trappings, and so forth and so on. "Well, gentlemen," said the millionaire proudly, "is anything lacking?"
"I can think of nothing," said Clark, "except a sofa for each horse."

Easily Solved.
A country schoolmaster thus delivered himself:
"If a carpenter wants to cover a roof fifteen feet wide by thirty broad with boards five feet broad by twelve feet long, how many boards will he need?"
A new boy took up his hat and made for the door.
"Where are you going?" asked the master.
"To find a carpenter," replied the boy. "He ought to know that better than any of us fellers."—London Mail.

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL
of Chicago,

Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.

Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on

Friday, June 7



Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases. Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, Irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.
Cancers, Gout, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co.,
Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill.
Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

Bullington Route

GO SOMEWHERE

SPECIAL TO CALIFORNIA:

Low rate Summer tours to San Francisco and Los Angeles, about half rates until May 18th, about June 8th to 15th; June 22nd to July 5th. Slightly higher daily commencing June 1st; small extra cost via Portland and Seattle.

BIG HORN BASIN:

We run personally conducted homeseekers' excursions May 7th and June 21st, June 4th and 18th, under guidance of D. Clem Deaver, General Agent Landseekers' Information Bureau, to assist settlers to secure an early hold at cheapest rates of magnificent irrigated lands in the Big Horn Basin; write about these lands. Round trip \$20.00.

CHEAP RATES EAST:

To Jamestown Exposition daily low rates; via New York slightly higher. During the Summer low excursion rates to Atlantic City, Saratoga Springs, Philadelphia, also to the Sea shore and Mount-ain resorts.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN TOURS:

To Colorado, Utah, Black Hills, Cody, Sheridan, Yellowstone Park. Daily low rate tours after June 1st.
J. W. MOORHOUSE,
Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.
L. W. WARELY, G. P. A.,
Omaha, Nebraska

KEEPING CIGARS FRESH.

Devices to Prevent Their Moisture From Evaporating.

"Yes, sir, cigars require care to keep them fresh," said a wholesale cigar dealer the other day. "If goods are kept in warehouses where there is heat they are bound to dry out more or less, although they may be sealed virtually air tight in the individual boxes. Steam heat is the hardest on cigars. If left exposed at all they dry out very quickly and lose much of their flavor. In the big warehouses, where large quantities of cigars are stored, the jobbers have humidors installed. They are simply water containers of one style or another arranged so that the water is open to the air for evaporation. The presence of the water prevents the air from getting too dry for the cigars. Even in the big showcases in the jobbers' salesrooms the same precaution is taken to prevent the stock from drying out. Moisteners made by placing water soaked pads in tin lined wooden boxes are placed in the compartments with the boxes of cigars. The careful retailer is just as particular with his cigars and keeps a soaked sponge or some sort of moistener in his showcases with his goods.

"A brick thoroughly water soaked is good to put in a showcase with cigars. The brick is so porous that it will soak up nearly its own bulk in water. When a soaked brick is placed in a showcase the water within it evaporates slowly, just enough to keep the cigars soft.

"If cigars are packed in good, tight boxes they will retain their flavor, and the flavor of good cigars comes from the tobacco alone. It is a mistake to think that anything else is used to enhance or qualify the flavor of first class tobaccos. It's only the poor cigars that are 'doctored.'

"How? Well, with drugs or chemicals. The poor qualities of tobacco used in making cheap cigars haven't much flavor, so very often the manufacturers provide an artificial flavor with various drugs. They treat them so they give forth the odor of good tobacco too. If you're a smoker you've probably picked up an inexpensive cigar that smelled as if it were made from the best of tobacco. When you smoked it you found it contained short 'filler' and sadly lacked the smoking qualities of a cigar made from good tobacco. That was a doctored cigar. Often cheap cigars look as if they had a glaze on the wrapper, and when placed in the mouth the smoker detects a sweetish flavor. These are evidences of drugs. As far as I ever heard the drugs used are all perfectly harmless.

"Nearly all cheap cigars are made of short filler—that is, the inside of the cigars is composed of broken bits of tobacco leaves. Only the wrapper and binder are of large, perfect leaves. In the cheap grades of Spanish and Cuban made cigars there is no binder. The small bits are simply inclosed in a single outside wrapper."—Kansas City Star.

The Only Shade.

It was a broiling hot day in the park, and those walking therein were well pigh exhausted when a very stout old lady came bustling along one of the paths, closely followed by a rough looking tramp. Twice she commanded him to leave her, but still he followed just behind. At last the old lady, quite disgusted, turned angrily around and said, "Look here, my man, if you don't go away I shall call a policeman."
The poor fellow looked up at her with a tear in his eye and then remarked, "For goodness sake, mum, have mercy and don't call a policeman, for ye're the on'y shady spot in the park."

Already Employed.

A farmer had a houseful of visitors and one morning was busily engaged in killing chickens for dinner. Just as he was about to decapitate an old black hen the house was discovered to be on fire, and a scene of confusion ensued. The farmer rushed hither and thither, holding the hen under his arm and doing nothing whatever toward putting out the flames. At length his wife caught sight of him as he was prancing about and indignantly asked why he was not fighting the flames.
"Why, Maria," he exclaimed, "how can I do anything? Ain't I holdin' the old black hen?"

Much Simpler.

At a country fair a man went up to a tent where some elk were on exhibition and stared wistfully up at the sign.
"I'd like to go in there," he said to the keeper, "but it would be mean to go in without my family, and I cannot afford to pay for my wife and seventeen children."
The keeper stared at him in astonishment. "Are all those your children?" he gasped.
"Every one," said the man.
"You wait a minute," said the keeper. "I'm going to bring the elk out and let them see you all."

Insurance

The St. Paul is ready to furnish insurance on growing crops against hail losses.

Fire, lightning and wind-storm losses are fully covered by policies in the St. Paul or the Home, of New York, the largest American company, at \$2.50 per \$100.00 for five-year term.

Let me look after your insurance for you.

J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

Have Your Law Work Done Right

Wills
Deeds
Contracts
Leases
Settlement of Estates
Collections
Legal Advice
Law Suits
Farm Loans
Real Estate

Herman E. Oleson
Attorney and Counselor at Law
ORD, NEBRASKA

Office in Court House
Office phone No. 2, res. No. 40.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Letters of Administration.

State of Nebraska, Valley county.
To all persons interested in the estate of Dwight Pierce, late of said county, deceased:

You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, 1907, Sarah E. Pierce filed her petition in the county court of said county for the appointment of Claude A. Davis as administrator of the estate of Dwight Pierce, late of said county, deceased, and that the same will be heard at the county court room in Ord, in said county, on the 20th day of May, 1907, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that notice of said hearing be given all parties interested in said estate by the publication of this notice for three successive weeks in the Ord Quiz, a newspaper printed, published and of general circulation in said county.

Dated this 3d day of May, 1907.
(Seal) H. Gudmundsen,
Honnold & Davis, County Judge.
Attorneys for estate.

Notice of Presentation of Claims.

State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of said county in the matter of the estate of Richard Truman Honnold, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Richard Truman Honnold late of Valley county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 6th day of April, 1907. All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county, at his office therein, on or before the 7th day of October, 1907, and all claims to filed will be heard before the said judge on the 8th day of October, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.

H. Gudmundsen, County Judge.
Honnold & Davis, Attorneys for Estate.

Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, May 10, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Sanders of Burwell Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17816 made August 13, 1902, for the west 1/4 northeast 1/4 and southeast 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 9, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on June 22, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Jacob Ossantowski of Burwell, Nebraska; Nat D. Maxfield of Burwell, Nebraska; Clarence Jeffries of Burwell, Nebraska; John Dinnell of Burwell, Nebraska.
Chas. F. Shedd,
Register.

SEE
HONNOLD & DAVIS
FOR
Real Estate Insurance and 5% Loans

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST

By HARRY LEON WILSON, AUTHOR OF THE SPENDERS
Copyright 1903 by Lippincott Publishing Company

CHAPTER XXVIII.—Continued.

He had been all animation and eagerness in the telling of the story, but had now become curiously silent and listless; so that, although she was eager with many questions about what he had said, she did not ask them, waiting to see if he would not talk again. But instead of talking, he sat at silent and presently began to fidget in his chair. At last he said, "if you'll excuse us, Miss Prudence, your pa and I have got a little business matter to talk over—to-night. I guess we can go down here by the corral and do it."

But she arose quickly and bade him good night. "I hope I shall see you tomorrow," she said.

She bent over to kiss her father as she went in, and when she had done so, warned him that he must not sit in the night air.

"Why your face is actually wet with a cold sweat. You ought to come in at once."

"After a very little, dear. Go to bed now—and always be a good girl!"

"And you've grown so hoarse sitting here."

"In a little while,—always be a good girl!"

She went in with a parting admonition: "Remember your cough—good night!"

When she had gone neither man stirred for the space of a minute. The little man, huddled in his seat, had not changed his position; he still sat with his chair tilted back against the house, his chin on his breast.

The other had remained standing where the girl left him, the revolver in his hand. After the minute of silence he crossed over and stood in front of the seated man.

"Come," he said, gruffly, "where do you want to go?"

CHAPTER XXIX.

How the Avenger Bungled His Vengeance.

At last he stood up, slowly, unsteadily, grasping Follett by the arm for support. He spoke almost in a whisper.

"Come back here first—to talk—then I'll go with you."

He entered the house, the young man following close, suspicious, narrowly watching.

"No fooling now,—feel the end of that gun in your back!" The other made no reply. Inside the door he took a candle from the box against the wall and lighted it.

"Don't think I'm trying anything—come here."

They went on, the little bent man ahead, holding the candle well up. His room was at the far end of the long house. When they reached it, he closed the door and fixed the candle on the table in some of its own grease. Then he pointed Follett to the one stool in the little cell-like room, and threw himself face down on the bed.

Follett, still standing, waited for him to speak. After a moment's silence he grew impatient.

"Come, come! What would you be saying if you were talking?—I can't wait here all night."

But the little man on the bed was still silent, nor did he stir, and after another wait Follett broke out again.

"If you want to talk, talk, I tell you. If you don't want to, I can say all I have to say, quick."

Then the other turned himself over on the bed and half sat up, leaning on his elbow.

"I'm sorry to keep you waiting, but you see I'm so weak"—the strained little smile came to his face—"and I tremble so, there's so much to think of—do you hear those women scream—there! did you hear that?—but of course not. Now—wait just a moment—have you come to kill me?"

"You and those two other hellions—the two that took me and that boy out that night to bury us."

"Did you think of the consequences?"

"I reckon you'd be called paining for, any time any one come gunning for you. I didn't think there'd be any consequences."

"Hereafter, I mean; to your soul. What a pity you didn't wait a little longer! Those other two are already punished."

"Don't lie to me now?"

The little smile lighted his face again.

"I have a load of sin on me—but I don't think I ever did lie to any one—I guess I never was tempted—"

"Oh, you've acted lies enough."

"You're right—that's so. But I'm telling you truth now—those two men had both been in the Meadows that day and it killed them. One went crazy and ran off into the desert. They found his bones. The other shot himself a few years ago. Those of us that live are already in hell—"

He sat up, now animated for the moment.

"—in hell right here, I tell you. I'd have welcomed you, or any other man that would kill me, any time this 15 years. I'd have gone out to meet you. Do you think I like to hear the

women scream? Do you think I'm not crazed myself by this thing—right back of me here, now—crawling, bleeding, breathing on me—trying to come here in front where I must see it? Don't you see God has known how to punish me worse than you could, just by keeping me alive and sane? Oh, man! you don't know how I've longed for that bullet of yours, right here through the temples where the cries sound worst: I didn't dare to do it myself—I was afraid I'd make my punishment worse if I tried to shirk; but I used to hope you would come as you said you would. I wonder I didn't know you at once."

He put his hands to his head and fell back again on the pillow, with a little moan.

"Well, it ain't strange I didn't know you. I was looking for a big man. You seemed as big as a house to me that day. I forgot that I'd grown up and you might be small. When those fellows got tight up there and let on like it was you that some folks hinted had took a child and kept it out of that mess, I couldn't hardly believe it; and everybody seeming to regard you so highly. And I couldn't believe this big girl was little Prue Glnway that I remembered. It seemed like you two



"Oh Man, How I've Longed for That Bullet of Yours!"

would have to be a great big man and a little bit of a baby girl with yellow hair; and now I find you're—say, Mister, honestly, you're such a poor, broken-down, little coot it seems a most like a shame to put a bullet through you, in spite of all your doings!"

The little man sat up again, with new animation in his eyes,—the same eager boyishness that he had some-how kept through a. his years.

"Don't!" he exclaimed, earnestly. "Let me beg you, don't kill me! For your own sake—not for mine. I'm a poor, meatless husk. I'll die soon at best, and I'm already in a hell you can't make any hotter. Let me do you this service; let me persuade you not to kill me. Have you ever killed a man?"

"No, not yet; I've allowed to a couple of times, but it's never come just that way."

"You ought to thank God. Don't ever. You'll be in hell as sure as you do,—a hell right here that you must carry inside of you forever—that even God can't take out of you."

Follett slowly put the revolver into its holster and sat down on the low stool.

"I don't know anything about all this hell-talk, but I see I can't kill you—you're such a poor, miserable cuss. And I thought you were a big, strong man, handy with a gun and all that, and like as not I'd have to make a quick draw on you when the time come. And now look at you! Why, Mister, I'm doggoned if I ain't almost sorry for you. You sure have been getting your deservance good and plenty. Say, what in God's name did you all do such a hellish thing for, anyway?"

"We had been persecuted, hunted, and driven, our Prophet murdered, our women and children butchered, and another army was on the way."

"Well, that was because you were such an ornery lot, always setting yourself up against the government wherever you went, and acting scandalous—"

"We did as the Lord directed us—"

"Oh, shucks!"

"And then we thought the time had come to stand up for our rights; that the Lord meant us to be free and independent."

"Secesh, eh?" Follett was amused. "You handful of Mormons—Uncle Sam could have loked you with both hands tied behind him. Why, you crazy tool, he'd have spit on you and drowned every last one of you, old Brigham Young and all. Fighting the United States! A few dozen women-butchers going to do what the whole South couldn't! Well, I am danged."

He nudged over it, and for awhile neither spoke.

"And the nearest you ever got to it was cutting up a lot of women and children after you'd cheated the men into giving up their guns!"

The other groaned.

"There now, that's right—don't you see that hurts worse than killing?"

"But I certainly wish I could have got those other two that took us off into the sage-brush that night. I didn't guess what for, but the first thing I knew the other boy was scratching, and kicking, and hollering, and like to have wriggled away, so the cuss that was with me ran up to help. Then I heard little John making a kind of a squeally noise in his throat—like he was being choked, and that was all I wanted. I legged it into the sage-brush. I heard them swearing and coming after me, and ran harder, and what saved me, I tripped and fell down and hurt myself, so I lay still and they lost track of me. I was scared, I promise you that; but after they got off a ways I worked in the other direction by spells till I got to a little way, and by sunup they weren't in sight any longer. When I saw the Indians coming along I wasn't a bit scared. I knew they weren't Mormons."

"I used to pray that you might come back and kill me."

"I used to wish I would grow faster

so I could. I was always laying out to do it."

"But see how I've been punished. Look at me—I'm 50. I ought to be in my prime. See how I've been burnt out."

"But look here, Mister, what about this girl? Do you think you've been doing right by keeping her here?"

"No, not if it was a wrong as great as the other."

"Why, they're even passing remarks about her mother, those that don't know where you got her,—saying it was some one you never married, because the book shows your first wife was this one-handed woman here."

"I know, I know it. I meant to let her go back at first, but she took hold of me, and her father and mother were both dead."

"She's got a grandfather and grandmother, alive and hearty, back at Springfield."

"She's all that has kept me alive these last years."

"She's got to go back to her people now. She'll want to bad enough when she knows about this."

"About this? Surely you won't tell her—"

"Look here now, why not? What do you expect?"

"But she loved me—she does—and she's all I've got. Man, man! don't pile it all on me just at the last."

He was off the bed and on his knees before Follett.

"Don't put it all on me. I've rounded up my back to the rest of it, but keep this off; please, please don't. Let her always think I'm not bad. Give me that one thing out of all the world."

He tried to reach the young man's hand, but was pushed roughly away.

"Don't do that—get up—stop. I tell you, that ain't any way to do. There now! Lie down again. What do you want? I'm not going to leave that girl with you nor with your infernal Church. You understand that."

"Yes, yes, I know it. It was right that you should be the one to come and take her away. The Lord's ven-

geance was well thought out. Oh, how much more He can make us suffer than you could with your clumsy killings! She must go, but wait—not yet—not yet. Oh, my God! I couldn't stand it to see her go. It would cut into my heart and leave me to bleed to death. No, no, no—don't! Please don't! Don't pile it all on me at the last. The end has come anyway. Don't do that—don't, don't!"

"There, there, be still now." There was a rough sort of soothing in Follett's voice, and they were both silent a moment. Then the young man went on:

"But what do you expect? Suppose everything was left to you, Mister. Come now, you're trying to talk fair. Suppose I leave it to you—only you know you can't keep her."

"Yes, it can't be, but let her stay a little while; let me see her a few times more; let me know she doesn't think I'm bad; and promise never to tell her all of it. Let her always think I was a good man. Do you promise me that. I'd do it for you, Follett. It won't hurt you. Let her think I was a good man."

"How long do you want her to stay here?—a week, ten days?"

"It will kill me when she goes!"

"Oh, well, two weeks?"

"That's good of you; you're kinder at your age than I was—I shall die when she goes."

"Well, I wouldn't want to live if I were."

"Just a little longer, knowing that she cares for me. I've never been free to have the love of a woman the way you will some day, though I've hung around and sickened for it—for a woman who would understand and be close. But this girl has been the soul of it some way. See here, Follett, let her stay this summer, or until I'm dead. That can't be a long time. I've felt the end coming for a year now. Let her stay, believing in me. Let me know to the last that I'm the only man who has been in her heart, who has won her confidence and her love. Oh, I mean fair. You stay with us yourself and watch. Come—but look there, look man!"

"Well,—what?"

"That candle is going out,—we'll be in the dark"—he grasped the other's arm—"in the dark, and now I'm afraid again. Don't leave me here! It would be an awful death to die. Here's that thing now on the bed behind me. It's trying to get around in front where I'll have to see it—get another candle. No—don't leave me,—this one will go out while you're gone." All his strength went into the grip on Follett's arm. The candle was sputtering in its pool of grease.

"There, it's gone—now don't, don't leave me. It's trying to crawl over me—I smell the blood—"

"Well—lie down there—it serves you right. There—stop it—I'll stay with you."

Until dawn Follett sat by the bunk, submitting his arm to the other's frenzied grip. From time to time he somewhat awkwardly uttered little words that were meant to be soothing, as he would have done to a frightened child.

When morning brought the gray light into the little room, the haunted man fell into a doze, and Follett, gently unclasping the hands from his arm, arose and went softly out. He was cramped from sitting still so long, and chilled, and his arm hurt where the other had gripped it. He pulled back the blue woollen sleeve and saw above his wrist livid marks where the nails had sunk into his flesh.

Then out of the room back of him came a sharp cry, as from one who had awakened from a dream of terror. He stepped to the door again and looked in.

"There now—don't be scared any more. The daylight has come; it's all right—all right—go to sleep now."

He stood listening until the man he had come to kill was again quiet. Then he went outside and over to the creek back of the willows to bathe in the fresh running water.

CHAPTER XXX.

Ruel Follett's Way of Business.

By the time the women were stirring that morning, Follett galloped up on his horse. Prudence saw him from the doorway as he turned in from the main road, sitting his saddle with apparent carelessness, his arms loose from the shoulders, shifting lightly with the horse's motion, as one who had made the center of gravity his slave. It was a style of riding that would have made a scandal in any riding school; but it seemed to be well calculated for the quick halts, sudden swerves, and acute angles affected by the yearling steer in his moments of excitement.

He dismounted, glowing from his bath in the icy water of the creek and from the headlong gallop up from Bell Wardle's corral.

"Good morning, Miss Prudence."

"Good morning, Mr. Follett. Will you take breakfast with us directly?"

"Yes, and it can't be too directly for me. I'm wolfish. Miss Prudence, your pa and me had some talk last night, and I'm going to—"

She smiled with unaffected gladness, and he noticed that her fresh morning color was like that of the little wild roses he had lately brushed the dew from along the creek.

"We shall be glad to have you."

"It's right kind of you; I'm proud to hear you say so." He had taken off the saddle with its gay colored Navajo blanket, and the bridle of plaited rawhide with its conchos and its silver bit. Now he rubbed the back of his horse where the saddle had been, ending with a slap that sent the beast off with head down and glad heels in the air.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

PRINCE OF PLUNGERS QUILTS



John W. Gates has quit the speculative field. The story goes that the financial harpoon has been so deftly and effectively driven into the picturesque plunger that he has been obliged to forsake the turmoil of Wall street for a more simple speculative life, one in which the chips are not so high and the play less rapid.

In a career comprehending everything from moonshining barb wire to dropping a million dollars on a horse race, John W. Gates has been acclaimed the prince of his peculiar profession. His smiling "bet-you-a-million" is a phrase as well known as the name of the nation's executive.

Thirty-two miles from Chicago, and a pair of miles from what was then known as Turner's Junction, Ill., John W. Gates was born on his father's farm in 1855. He married at 18 and kept a little hardware store at Turner's, which made him a scant living. His chance came when Isaac L. Kilwood persuaded him to sell barbed wire in the cattle country of the southwest. Gates sold his hardware store and hitched to the \$100 a month job. When 21 he entered San Antonio, Tex., with a spool of wire and secured a permit from the authorities to erect a corral in the plaza. His fence was the first of barbed wire to be erected in the Lone Star state and people came from miles around to see it. He hired 25 wild steers from the Panhandle ranges and penned them in his corral. He convinced the people by the exhibition that barbed wire fencing was the thing for Texas and he sold more in a day than Ellwood could manufacture in a month. From that time on his rise was rapid.

At the height of the Gates success, in the days when he was taking a whirl in wheat, gambling big on horses, holding the strings taut, and having a good time generally, Edwin Lefevre left him into the "captains of industry" set and summed him up this:

"His philosophy is the philosophy of America—the philosophy of action. He does not love money. But money is the reward of action and \$25,000,000 has been his reward. He is an interesting man whose life, if written in the form of fiction, would be the great American novel. A western hustler, breezy, shrewd, epigrammatic, lacking a certain personal polish, it may be but a staunch friend, a first-class hater, utterly without fear, mental or physical, at home anywhere in the United States, a politician millionaire, optimist, a clear and vivid thinker, knowing his country and his countrymen better than most men, conscious of his ability and the soundness of his judgment, son of a farmer, organizer of trusts, successful operator in stocks, overawed by nothing and by no one—and always working, always thinking, always doing, undaunted, imperturbably American."

BARED STORY OF GRAFT



"Jim" Scarlet; who is he? was the question of the Pennsylvania public when Gov. Stuart named the Danville lawyer as attorney for the capitol investigation commission. In a few weeks Scarlet has wrung from reluctant witnesses the astounding story of how the state was held up for \$13,000,000 for a building that was put up for \$6,000,000.

In 1875 James Scarlet was known in Danville, Pa., as an excellent blacksmith. He had other ambitions, and spent his spare time studying law in a local office. To-day a practitioner before the United States supreme court, he still can swing a hammer with old-time vigor.

As a trial lawyer of wonderful oratorical ability, the kind which makes a jury laugh or weep at will, Scarlet soon gained a reputation. But behind that were his quick grasp of details and his matchless skill as a cross-examiner. Those who know Scarlet best say that as a master of cross-examination he is without his equal in his state.

When Scarlet was proposed to Gov. Stuart as one of the attorneys to probe the \$13,000,000 capitol scandal, the governor was informed: "If you can get 'Jim' Scarlet to take the case, that will be sufficient guarantee that the investigation will be thorough. Scarlet is the man who can get the facts, and he can't be called off."

Attorney Scarlet has been chosen by Gov. Stuart and Attorney General Todd to take general charge of all the proposed criminal and civil suits growing out of the capitol graft disclosures.

MEXICO'S GRAND OLD MAN

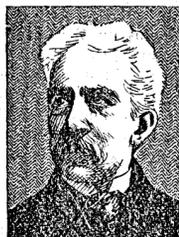


Not a chance traveler who visits this country but must write a piece about Mexico's Grand Old Man. He is lauded as the savior of a nation, as the soldier who brought order out of chaos and established a republic.

Intimacy mostly dies here worship somewhat, and certainly we who have lived in Mexico for years, know that the republic is still something of a form. Yet when we begin to analyze the things that have brought her out of a chaos of riot and revolution that lasted for almost three-quarters of a century, this one figure stands out so prominently that we can only join the chorus of universal praise and concede that the soldier has grown into the statesman, that the iron hand has relaxed as circumstances warranted.

Porfirio Diaz is practically an absolute ruler in Mexico to-day, yet certainly one of the strongest evidences of his character has been the fact that, during all these years that his word has been law, he has promulgated that word through the channels of a regularly organized Republican government. He has never sought the name and appearance of a dictator; on the other hand he has endeavored to accustom his people to the machinery of a democracy. If it appear at times that the machinery is working backward, the time will come when the machine will in reality be turned around and worked the other way.

INVITED TO AMERICA



Antonio Fogazzaro, the Italian author whose work has won the praise of President Roosevelt and an invitation to visit this country, has in the last few years wrested from Gabriele D'Annunzio the position of premier novelist of Italy. His latest novel, "Il Santo" (The Saint), has made a great sensation throughout Italy.

This great religious novel, which, though written by a devout Roman Catholic, was promptly condemned by the Vatican and placed on the "index" of forbidden books, has run through edition after edition in Italy. In other European countries it has been the most discussed romance of the past year.

Unlike most of the Italian novelists, Antonio Fogazzaro is an aristocrat by birth. In Turin, the gifted youth finished his studies, graduating as a lawyer, but he never tried in any way to practice his profession, flitting about from one thing to another in an effort to find his proper sphere. A poem, "Miranda," met great praise and he adopted literature.

The youth of the poet and novelist was influenced by his father towards literature and study and by his mother towards art and music. He is now in his mature age, a passionate lover of music, plays feelingly himself, and is so dependent upon it that he says to it he owes much of his political inspiration and certainly half his delight in life.

Fogazzaro has had one great grief in life—the death of his only son at the age of 20—but even this he has overcome, and now, at the age of 54, lives at his native Vicenza, surrounded by his daughters and their children, his wife still at his side, and a group of old and tried friends to grace his leisure moments. Poetry he has written all his life, but he was 39 years old before bringing out his first novel, which began a series of books ending with "The Saint," which has brought him a world-wide reputation. Two of his best-known poems, "Notte di Passione" and "Lella," were inspired by a kind of spiritual love roused by the picture of a dead girl whom he had never known or seen in his life.

The Ord Quiz

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If unpaid year after year, \$2.

Advertising Rates.

| Length | Per Inch | Per Line | Per Year |
|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Less than 5 inches | 1.00 | 1.00 | 6.00 |
| 5 to 10 inches | 1.50 | 1.50 | 9.00 |
| 10 to 15 inches | 2.00 | 2.00 | 12.00 |
| 15 to 20 inches | 2.50 | 2.50 | 15.00 |
| 20 inches or more | 3.00 | 3.00 | 18.00 |

A month is four insertions.
Want locals 5 cents a line.
Regular locals 10 cents a line.
Black locals 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin at any time. Notice to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All subscriptions are received with the express understanding that the subscription may continue until the subscriber notifies the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

Is it not a pity that people cannot or will not get along without going to law? A lot of people are compelled to serve as jurors, witnesses, etc. all because differences are not settled out of court. Some day all forms of warfare—wars, strikes and lawsuits—will be a thing of the past, and then men will dwell together in unity and peace. This time will be only when men learn the all-around benefits of the golden rule, and love others as they do themselves. Hoggishness is at the bottom of most strifes and discords. When we quit trying to occupy the wallow-hole and get up onto the plane that the Almighty intended us to occupy battleships and courts will pass into innocuous desuetude.

If Bryan is not a past grand master in demagoguery then we have missed our guess. He takes the very sleek way of claiming to be political father of Rooseveltism. It is announced by his friends at his request of course that Roosevelt is so much like Bryan that Bryan will refuse to accept the nomination if Roosevelt is nominated by the republicans. While we are pleased to know that Bryan is an admirer of Roosevelt we would like to see the proofs for Bryan's claim that he is as good as the president, or that he is like him in any essential particular. Surely there was nothing in any of Bryan's sundry and diversified platforms that sounds anything like Rooseveltism as understood today.

Our Washington Letter.

President Roosevelt is to make a trip down the Mississippi river. He has accepted provisionally an invitation from the governors of sixteen states to make the voyage, for the purpose of seeing the river and harbor work in progress on that stream. The journey probably will be taken early in October, for Mr. Roosevelt goes to Canton, Ohio, September 30, to speak at the dedication of the McKinley monument. He will go from there to St. Louis or some other point on the Father of Waters and thence down to Memphis, where he will attend the deep waterways convention. It is believed he will make an address before this convention, although this has not been definitely determined yet. The trip will take about six days and will be made on one of the government steamers. This decision of the president has brought joy to the hearts of the lakes-to-the-gulf advocates, who undoubtedly will make the most of their opportunity in impressing on the president the necessity for establishing this great ship canal. The president's interest in the question of waterways development is well known and he is a hearty admirer of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, which, composed of business men, shippers and communities throughout the United

States, is seeking to have congress appropriate not less than \$50,000,000 a year for the prosecution of this form of internal development. The journey of the Chief Executive undoubtedly will give a strong stimulus to the work of this organization, which now is endeavoring to increase even further its membership, to the end that the American people may express unitedly to congress their desire that this development be continued.

Illinois gave way to West Virginia last year in the matter of coal production. According to statistics compiled by the geological survey, West Virginia supplanted the Sucker State and took position as second coal producing state of the union. During 1906 it had a total output of 45,276,485 short tons, while the production of Illinois was 41,470,435 short tons. The loss of place by Illinois was due to the almost complete suspension of mining operation in that state in April and a portion of May because of labor troubles. According to the figures the total production of coal in the United States last year was 414,039,581 short tons of 2,000 pounds, valued at \$512,610,744. Compared with 1905 these figures show an increase of 5.4 per cent in quantity and of 7.5 in value.

It remained for Professor Edmund J. James, president of the University of Illinois, to advance a unique argument in favor of the establishment of a national university here in Washington. In a letter lauding the ambition of George Washington University to fill that position, Dr. James says:

"Such a university, located in the federal capital, could do many things for American higher education which no institution in any other location could possibly accomplish. Another great advantage of such a school as this, located in the capitol, would be its powerful influence on congress as a whole in the direction of the scientific treatment of all political and economic questions. Such a school, with a faculty consisting of able experts in all the different lines of government policy and administration, would inevitably exert an immediate and helpful influence upon the country and upon the attitude of our congressmen and our government as a whole."

This view never has been taken before. Congress was looked upon as providing, in reality, an invaluable classroom in which the students of the greater university would be enabled to study political science at first hand. There is little doubt but that the existence of a national university here would be of almost as much value to congress as would congress to the students of such an institution. The George Washington University has almost completed a \$200,000 fund it has been raising for the purchase of a site, and Dr. Mitchell Carroll, chairman of the building and endowment committee of the university is hoping that the American people will come forward generously with subscriptions to an endowment fund that will enable the institution to carry on the work projected. The university was established by George Washington in the first continental congress. It is well fitted in every way to carry out the idea of a national university and little doubt is expressed but that the American people will see to it that the necessary funds are forthcoming.

Former Senator Cockrell once more has resumed his duties as a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The distinguished Missourian has been in poor health and for two or three months has been in the hands of his physicians, spending most of the time in Florida. General Cockrell is a glutton for work. It was really to keep

him from working himself to death that he was ordered preemptorily by his physicians to leave Washington. During his five consecutive terms in the senate he was credited with working more hours a day than any other member of that body.

Alfred E. Bent, treasurer of the state of Colorado, is in Washington and this week gave out a public statement denying the story sent from Denver that a Trans-Mississippi Anti-Roosevelt Congress was in process of formation in his state. He denied also that Governor Buchtel, of Colorado is unfriendly to the president and behind any such movement. Mr. Bent believes that the story originated in the coming congress of ranchmen and others interested in the public and timber lands of the western states, which will be held in the near future. He says that a number of these people are not in sympathy with the policies of the administration with regard to the public domain, but brands as nonsense the statement that this feeling has crystallized into anything like an Anti-Roosevelt movement. In fact, Mr. Bent says that if the president will accept the nomination in 1908 Colorado will be for him unanimously. He says, also, that Secretary Taft's boom is being received very graciously throughout the great territory west of the Missouri.

We are pleased to note that after long waiting and a great deal of work on the part of our former citizen, H. E. Babcock now of Columbus, there is prospect for his long cherished power canal scheme being brought to successful conclusion. He was invited to speak to the Omaha exchange last week and did so in a way to impress the capitalists of the Nebraska metropolis as to the merits of his proposition.

"Based on the very lowest price made by the electric light company—that of two cents per kilowatt hour—the annual rate per horse power, based on a twenty-four hour service, would be \$130, asserted Mr. Babcock, and that is what the elevators are paying. It is true, he said, that Mr. Nash may justify his \$10 statements in some instances where the horse-power equipment is used but a short time per day, in which case the cost might be as low as \$10 per year. Loup River Project.

The initial project of Mr. Babcock's canal—that of the Loup river canal and dam at Columbus, will produce 40,000 horse power; and the average cost to consumers in Omaha, he asserted, will be but \$27.50 per horse power per year, based on twelve hour service, slightly less for the large consumers, and slightly more for the small ones. The cost of the initial project, he said, will be \$4,500,000, which is to be financed by a sale of bonds sufficient to cover the cost; an issue of 6 per cent preferred stock equal to half that amount; and an issue of common stock, which would be water."

These look like large figures to the common herd, but Mr. Babcock has dealt in them so long that they do not stagger him. We believe that in the end his project will be taken up and made to bring the results for which he has so long waited. Here's hoping so anyway.

We want your HOGS!

We have made arrangements with the trade at Portland, Oregon, to handle all of the

Light Hogs
we can ship them, and are now in the market for light hogs for western shipment. Call us up by phone or stop at our office and let us quote you top prices.

Blessing Bros.
Farmers' phone 25. Bell phone 42

Awful Consequences.

Last week a Journal want ad sold a cow before the ink was dry. The cow had a calf, the housewife had a baby, the butcher had the calf and the baby has the cow's milk. It pays to advertise."

So boasts the Ord Journal. Good enough, good enough. But there are some remarkable things about this. That the want ad sold the cow before the ink was dry is not strange, neither would it have been strange if the cow went dry, too. But that the cow should have a calf and the housewife should have a baby all on account of that want ad is, in a way, astonishing. If the Journal has that potency, President Roosevelt ought to be advised of it so that, he could make use of this means to carry on his fight against race suicide. The more we think of it the more startling the thing appears. So far as appears in the record the cow and the housewife had no knowledge of the ad in the Journal want column, and so could not have given consent. Think of that, will you? What wonderful possibilities are spread out before us, but pity the poor abused cow and downtrodden housewife, who are deprived of all say-so in the matter. And then to think that the consequences are so sudden. But the plot deepens. The butcher had the calf too before the ink was dry, while it is known that ordinary calves are not good for veal till six weeks old, and surely the cow's milk, was not good, according to rule, till the ninth milking. We give it up. The Quiz will suspend publication. We wouldn't try to compete with such a potency as the Ord Journal.

MORE LOCAL

School closes next week Friday.

W. T. Barstow was in the city a couple of days this week.

President Wiel of the Bank of Commerce of Lincoln was in the city last night.

The teachers had a jolly masquerade at the J. W. Beran home last night.

If you want to put a great deal in a small space get a Palace Kitchen Cabinet.

C. B. Anderson of the Ord State Bank and the Crete State Bank was in the city yesterday.

Have you seen the beautiful patterns in china dishes on the shelves of Fackler & Finley the grocers?

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

A thoroughbred Poland-China sow and pigs may be bought cheap by inquiring of Daniel Burke. Phone him if interested.

Potted plants: All kinds of good and thrifty plants for Decoration Day purposes will be in Saturday at A. C. Johnson & Co.

The rain which people were calling for came last night and it was a beaut. The official register shows that it amounted to about three quarters of an inch.

At the rate cement sidewalks are taking place of the old wooden affairs in Ord at the present time it will not be long ere the wood walk will be entirely a thing of the past.

Last Friday evening Mrs. A. M. Robbins gave her regular annual reception to the teachers of the Ord schools. The affair was a very pleasant one, no doubt.

Now we know why Mrs. H. Westover went to South Omaha a few weeks ago. On the 18th a daughter, Phyllis Westover Lehner was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Lehner. The card says that the mother, babe and father are doing nicely.

Last night the bids were opened for the erection of the new First National Bank building. There were two bids from outside the town in addition to those filed by local contractors. Among them the lowest and best was Charles E. Goodhand, to whom the contract was let. The building will be 25x100, one story and basement, and will be a model of neatness and convenience. The cost will be about \$17000 besides the furniture.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Vogeler, Wednesday afternoon occurred the wedding of Miss Elsie Vogeler and Mr. John G. Bremer. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Helleverge. The Quiz wishes these good people all happiness.

C. W. Perkins of Ainsworth is in the city representing the Palace Kitchen Cabinet and will put them on sale here. They are a model of convenience and compactness. He will call on you pretty soon.

Plants! Plants! Plants!
Sweet potatoes, cabbage and tomatoe plants for sale. Also on sale at Fackler & Finley's store.
M. D. L. Taylor.

WOES OF THE LANDLADY.

One of Them Is That of Serving Out the Portions to Suit.

"Trouble?" said the landlady. "Why, people that never kept a boarding house don't know what trouble is."

"To say, nothing of the incessant daily, weekly, monthly, year in and year out, never let up grind of it, there's a million little things that you have to keep looking out for all the time or you are sure to get into more trouble, and one of these is the serving of the portions for the boarders at table.

"One person wants fat meat, and one wants lean, and one wants his meat well done, and another likes it rare, and you not only have to remember all these things and keep doing them right all the time, though you may be doing forty other things at the same time, but even when you've remembered them all yourself and got them all straight you have to take the chances of the waitress' putting them on the table right, before the right people, and then when you come to take into account how difficult it is when the meat doesn't turn out all right for you, how hard it is then to cut lean meat out of fat and fat meat out of lean, why, it's enough to turn anybody's hair gray.

"But, after all, the chief trouble is with chicken. Everybody wants white meat, and you know there's only a certain amount of white meat in any chicken, but everybody wants that, and nobody wants legs—particularly they don't want legs. But what are you going to do about it?"

"Somebody has got to have the legs, and on chicken days I always have a great problem before me. I know practically who'll stand for legs and who won't, and then, besides, when we have chicken I always try to distribute the legs around on the different tables, scattered like, so that there won't seem to be too many legs, so that it won't seem, you know, as if everybody was getting legs; but, for all my care in this, in this very house on chicken day last week I had a fearful calamity befall me.

"At one of my tables I had six men, all nice enough men, but all disposed to be a little finicky about their food, and I'd tried always the best I could to please them, and I think I'd have got through with it all right but for one trouble breeder among them—there's always somebody to make trouble—and this unfortunate accident. I was going to send only two legs to that table, and those far apart on opposite sides, and neither of them for the troublesome man, but the best of us are liable to make mistakes, and I think I must have sent three legs to that table myself, and the waitress did the rest.

"She got the orders mixed up somehow and put down on that table six legs. It was just legs all around the table, and when the growly man sees this:

"Gentlemen," he says, "I can stand for most anything, but when they come to feeding us on six legged chickens I draw the line."

"And that whole table of young men left me at the end of the week. I tried to explain it to them, but I couldn't make them understand at all.

"Trouble? Why, you don't know what trouble is unless you've kept a boarding house."—New York Sun.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Of the First National Bank at Ord, in the state of Nebraska at the close of business

| ASSETS | |
|---|--------------|
| Loans and discounts | \$392,137 40 |
| Overdrafts secured and unsecured | 6,815 78 |
| United States bonds to secure circulation | 20,000 00 |
| Due from National Banks (not reserve agents) | 3,070 88 |
| Due from approved reserve agents | 28,450 79 |
| Checks and other cash items | 1,575 99 |
| Fractional paper currency | 8 17 |
| Specie | 7,692 00 |
| Legal tender notes | 18,854 00 |
| Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 per cent of circulation) | 1,000 00 |
| Total | \$482,687 51 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Capital stock paid in | \$70,000 00 |
| Surplus fund | 30,000 00 |
| Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid | 24,485 64 |
| National bank notes outstanding | 20,000 00 |
| Due to other National Banks | 5,863 93 |
| Due to State Banks and Bankers | 231 88 |
| Individual deposits subject to check | 219,105 09 |
| Demand certificates of deposits | 113,001 17 |
| Total | \$382,302 17 |
| Total | \$482,687 51 |

State of Nebraska, ss. J. E. M. Williams, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. E. M. WILLIAMS, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of May, 1907. J. H. CAPRON, Notary Public.

Ord Market Top-Prices

Wheat, spring 70c, winter 70c
Barley 38c.
Rye, 48c.
Oats, 34c.
Corn, 32c.
Popcorn, \$1.50
Potatoes, 80c
Butter, 17c.
Eggs, 11c
Hens, 7c.
Hogs, \$5.50

WANT COLUMN

WANTED—Girl for general house work in small family of three. Make application at this office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Baby go-cart Mrs. M. A. Wimberley. 1-pd.

WANTED:—Persons to travel in home territory; salary \$3.50 per day and expenses. Address, J. A. Alexander, 125 Plymouth Place, Chicago, Ill. 1pd.

FOR SALE OR RENT—6 room house two blocks from square. W. C. Wentworth. 1t.

FOR SALE—A few bushels of Siberian millet seed at the Bassett barn. \$1 a bushel. Peter Peterson. 16-2t.

FOR SALE—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 2-tt

I will mow your lawn by the week or for the season. 50 cents for each mowing. Phone Mrs. Hull A. F. Sherman. 5-12tpd.

HOME MADE BREAD—At boarding house one block south of square. Mrs. Menzel. 13-3tpd.

WANTED—To sell my house, house to be removed from lot W. W. Loofbourrow. 15-2t

FOR SALE—A new Quick Meal range. Will sell cheap. Minnie Marks. 15-1t.

COE RESIDENCE FOR SALE—On account of my failing health and the benefits obtained by living in Colorado the past year, I have decided to make my home in Grand Junction, Colorado. I therefore wish to sell my residence in Ord. I would prefer to sell for cash but will consider trade for good valley county land. Will be in Ord about May 10. For terms and other information see Clarence Coe at Ord State Bank. 6-tt

TEAMING—I am prepared to do all of your hauling. Good teams. See me or phone 288. Nels Petersen.

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-tt.

FOUND—A gold watch fob by one of the Polok children Sunday. Owner may get it at the Quiz office.

FOR SALE—Pure R. C. B. Leghorn eggs 75 cents per 15, \$3.50 per 100. Phone or write Mrs. H. W. Trefren. 4-tt.

THOROUGHbred POLAND-CHINA sow and pigs for sale. See Daniel Burke if interested.

LOST—A pocket book in Ord containing \$8.00 and a cream receipt, bearing the name of Charles Palmatier. Finder C will please leave at Quiz office. 7-tt

HAULING—For any kind of hauling see Nels Knutsen, phone 268. Biggest load of best gravel and sand will be furnished.

SOME fine evergreens, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 51-tt.

HOGS—Will be in Elvira every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52.

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

FOR SALE—Good driving horse with buggy and harness. G. R. Gard. 6-tt.

We are again ready to serve you at our

Fountain

and serve you better than ever before. All the delicious old stand-bys and some one new drinks.

We endeavor to tickle your palate, and make you want to come again.

Our fruit juices are the best that we can buy.

Our crushed fruits are as near like the fresh fruits as they can be.

Our ice cream is the rich, real cream kind that is so satisfying.

Everything is handled with a scrupulous regard to cleanliness.

In fact, if you visit our fountain once we know we will have the pleasure of serving you many times during the summer. We hope you will make the first call soon.

Johnson Drug Co.

West Side of Square

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Try our want column.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

If you are interested in air pressure water systems see Honnold Bros.

You don't know what good machine oil is if you have not tried Luse's 35-cent oil.

Bring your produce to Frank Mallory and get highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank.

Service will be held at the Danish Lutheran church on next Sunday afternoon at two o'clock, by Rev. A. Larsen.

W. J. Hather pleads guilty to having a crop of 150 Poland China pigs all on the way to fame and usefulness. One hundred and fifteen of these were March farrows, which means that they will come onto the market early.

Fackler & Finley the grocers. We pride ourselves on the coffee values we are giving our customers. Our 15, 20 and 25 cent grades are unexcelled in drinking quality and price. We believe this so strongly that we offer to refund freely the money to any unsatisfied purchase. We are closing out a 15 cent coffee at 12 1/2 cents per pound.

The Maple Leaf club was entertained at the Auble home on Friday evening, May 17, by Misses Myrnie Auble and Eva Fuson. The fore part of the evening was spent in games of the usual order and refreshments were served in the dining room at 10:30 p. m. After this the guests were marched up stairs and entertained in a very unique manner, where refreshments were again served in form of a midnight dutch lunch. The rest of the night was spent in (sleeping?). All arrived home safe about nine o'clock the next morning.

Mrs. Louis Pegas of Mira Valley had a close call last week Tuesday. She is troubled with varicose veins and on that day a vein ruptured while she was at home with none but a child with her. Her husband had just left for a neighbor's. She sent the child to him and he came as soon as possible, but before he or the neighbors could come she had bled nearly to death. Finally the flow stopped and she is recovering. The doctor, who was summoned at once, said that the bleeding stopped only because of the weakened condition of the heart.

A legal battle of no small magnitude is going on in the district court. It is a case of Mrs. H. E. Carter, formerly of North Loup, against the Banker's Life Insurance Company. The case seems to outline this way. Some time ago while the Carter's were living at North Loup Mr. Carter made application for insurance in the form called by the company a 20-year bond. This the company refused to accept, but offered to make a 10-year policy, which after some delay Mr. Carter accepted and paid the extra fee. For some reason the company delayed issuing the policy for several weeks and meanwhile Mr. Carter sickened and died. The company then tendered to Mrs. Carter a return of the money paid which she of course refused to accept, and placed the matter in the hands of Clements Bros. for collection of the amount of insurance. C. O. Wheedon of Lincoln and Attorney A. M. Robbins are fighting the battle for the company and the case is being heard by a jury with Judge Hanna on the bench. It is purely and simply a legal battle and will probably consume the time of the court the balance of the week anyway.

Take your eggs to Frank Mallory, you know him, and get the highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank. tf

The attention of dealers and users of gasoline is called to the law governing the sale of this commodity, which provides that every person retailing gasoline, benzine and other explosives less than carload lots shall after the first day of July, 1907, deliver the same to the purchasers in barrels, casks, packages or cans, painted vermilion red, containing the words gasoline or benzine painted thereon. No person shall keep his fluid in cans or casks unless painted red where the quantity is more than a quart. Penalty for violations of this law is a fine of not more than \$50 and imprisonment not to exceed thirty days.—Albion News.

Several houses nowadays are being painted with Hammar paint. Strictly pure. \$1.25 at Luse's.

We are harvesting abundantly and speedily from the seed we sowed when we voted to license the saloons again. Among other things that the saloons have brought to us is the case of Mr. Abrahamson who came to town, filled up on saloon poison, the doped liquors that all licensed saloons are handing out, and went home to his family in a frenzied condition of mind. The way the poison worked out on him was to induce him to take a gun and go after the members of his own family with evident intent to kill.

Want ads in the Quiz bring results.

New potatoes at Fackler & Finley the grocers.

Word from Dr. R. A. Billings says that he will return to Ord Friday night.

If you wish to buy some sugar cured hams and bacon that are up to date in flavor and within the reach of all, try ours. W. W. Misko.

While at Grand Island Wednesday Jim Milford tells us that he met Ora Taylor who is still employed with the Campbell Bros. circus band. Jim was of the opinion that Ora was stuck on his job and that he would remain with the show as long as they could use him.

Ord Lodge 103 A. F. & A. M. elected the following officers at their regular communication Wednesday evening: C. C. Shepard, W. M., Wm. Bannister, J. W., W. C. Boydston, J. W., Alvin Blessing, secretary, E. M. Williams, treasurer. Trustees, J. C. Work, E. M. Williams and W. C. Boydston.

Tickets for commencement will be on sale Saturday at Johnson Bros. Drug store. Tickets for one of the entertainments will be worth 25 cents while tickets admitting to both entertainments will be sold at 40 cents. Both of the entertainments will be held in Wentworth's hall. Buy your tickets early and thus get a good seat.

One of the results of the opening our saloons to business again is the bringing of our old friend John Cepelba to the fore again. The other night he made Rome howl and kept things going away late at night. His particular purpose was to be let in, waking up the clerks at Milford's, Bailey's and other places demanding to be let in. Finally along about three o'clock in the morning the Milford clerks went out and fired a revolver once or twice to scare him. The result was that the authorities got awake and put poor John in jail. He was still drunk yesterday, but not so violent.

If you have some printing to be done, bring it around to the Quiz office. We will do it to your taste and the price will suit you.

Our dear friends, the saloon keepers, respectable citizens and men of good character, have taken up the cudgel against The Quiz, and are making an organized effort to get people to stop taking this paper. We do not blame them a bit for this, but we deprecate their common sense in trying to influence the policy of The Quiz in that way. They have succeeded in getting about thirty of their friends to stop the paper, and perhaps will be able to get more to do so. To all this we have no kick coming. But since these saloon men and their allies have seen fit to take up the fight against an open expression of opinion we will see them to the finish. We take the fight against The Quiz not as an assault on us but as an expression of the sentiment of the saloon crowd that decent people must keep their hands off the saloon business. This being the case we shall accept the challenge. If the saloon traffic does not keep its work in the dark better than it has been doing in the past there will be plenty of interesting reading for the public.

Take your eggs to Frank Mallory, you know him, and get the highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank. tf

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans.

ORD STATE BANK.

Our saloons got their clutches on poor Orville Phair again this week. Orville is undoubtedly an habitual drunkard and so ought to be refused liquor by the "respectable" gentlemen in charge of these places, but that is not what we started to say. In this maudlin condition Mr. Phair made a word assault on A. Norman, who resented the insult offered and made a pass at the drunken man, but missed him. Orville then struck Norman and damaged his ear pretty effectually. They were at it hammer and tongs, when John Luke butted in and separated the men. Later Orville came upon Mr. Luke and began a tirade against him, and was promptly knocked down. The drunken man was then locked up, but the man who knocked him down was not. Neither was Norman arrested, the man who defended the saloons in court, and afterwards began an assault on one of the saloon's victims. Neither was the judge arrested who held that the saloon license ought to be issued. Neither were the councilmen arrested who granted the license. Neither were the saloon keepers arrested who sold the liquor to the habitual drunkard and made him crazy. Neither were any of the saloon petitioners arrested, without whose help the license could not have been issued. Of course, none of these were arrested, and most of the list could not be lawfully arrested. The only man to pay the penalty for the disgusting affair was the poor victim of poisoned dope. The saloon men got his money, they took away his reason, they disgraced him in the eyes of the community, they rendered him unable to work and so provide for his family, they sent him a little nearer to death and hell. But not one of them is punishable for they are licensed to do just that thing. What the saloon men did did with the full use of their faculties, and they are free. What Phair did he did with his reason dethroned by the use of poisoned liquors, and he is punished. The only one made to suffer from the beginning to the end of the chapter was poor Orville Phair. Is it any wonder that people who are concerned about the welfare of their fellowmen rebel at the license to do such things? Yet these saloon men and their friends are making a desperate fight against any one who will speak out against these legal atrocities.

There are some changes in the Quiz piano contest vote as will be noted by consulting another part of this paper. It looked last week as though Miss Roxy Auble was the only one in the race but Miss Addie Haight, the Springdale candidate comes forward with a bunch of votes this week that somewhat changes the appearance of affairs. And this is not all, along with these changes comes the announcement and a nice little bunch of votes for Miss Ada Draper of North Loup. While Miss Draper is third in the race she has a big field to work in all to herself and she will undoubtedly make some of the high ones set up and take notice before the time comes for that piano to be moved out of the A. C. Johnson store. It is early in the season for any of the candidates to figure very much on the final result as at the present time very little of the territory of the county has been gone over and it would not be at all surprising if a new name should be sprung at any time and by a little careful work get to the head of the column. So far as the Quiz is concerned the contest is proving very satisfactory as many names have already been added to the list and with prospects that many more will be added before the contest closes.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

Death to Dandelions

Thistles, Plantains and other noxious weeds.

We guarantee to clear your lawn of DANDELIONS or any other of the above named unsightly weeds by KILLING them.

Who would not be glad to have a pretty lawn FREE of the above weeds?

Then try us.

BAILEY & DETWEILER

Luse keeps a large stock of wall paper and he sells it, too.

E. J. Clements is in the city attending district court meeting.

Rev. M. A. Wimberly went to Taylor yesterday to look after his interests there.

Fred Bell and wife are attending the photographers convention in Lincoln this week.

James Milford was at Grand Island on a business mission Wednesday.

Bring your produce to Frank Mallory and get highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank. tf

C. A. Clark, the Ravenna Creamery Co. man, was looking after business affairs in the city yesterday.

Cut flowers for commencement week. Have you seen the fine display of potted flowers in J. T. Johnson's store? Get his prices on cut flowers before commencement time and have him save you a handsome assortment.

Work was begun Tuesday on the construction of the gas plant, changing the process of manufacture to water gas, which is the standard gas the country over. It can be manufactured at a considerable less cost than the cost of the present product. The new gas is as good as gasoline gas for lighting purposes and even better for heating purposes. Being made from by-products the cost of which is inclined downward rather than upward there seems to be a clear field for the success of the business. But the cost of the new plant will be about \$7000. Nearly all the equipment of the old plant will be utilized to advantage. What has heretofore kept the installation of this system of gas plant in smaller towns was the cost of the plant. But Mr. C. I. Tenney, the contractor of this work, has succeeded in making certain improvements which has greatly reduced the equipment and has brought it within reach of towns the size of Ord. As soon as the plant is installed and in operation the price of gas will be marked down to \$2.00 per 1000 feet, with the expectation to make a still further reduction as soon as the results will warrant it.

Remember that not only one but several prizes are offered in the Quiz subscription campaign. The first contestant gets that handsome Hamilton piano furnished by A. C. Johnson & Co., the second in the list gets that handsome gold watch from the big stock of George A. Parkins, it will of course carry the Parkins guarantee and is a prize well worth working for; the third prize is a handsome dress pattern, your pick from the Mamie Siler big stock at the people's store and the fourth highest on the list will receive a dozen of the best \$5 photographs from the Mutter studio. Every one of these premiums is worth working for. We want new subscribers and as a special inducement to get them we will give to the one securing the largest number of new subscribers their choice of a fifty-dollar International Correspondence School certificate or ten dollars in gold; the person getting the second largest number to have prize left after first winner's selection. It is never too late to enter the contest. Several contestants are already at work but little of the county has been thoroughly worked as yet. Go to work at once and you stand as good a show as the rest of them to secure one of these valuable prizes.

While at Arcadia last week we were impressed with the way that city has grown in the past few years. Since we had been there before the Arcadia State Bank has built a superb building, which is as neat as a pin and as convenient as possible to conceive. An opera house and society hall has been erected, and the city is now completing a system of water works. In addition to these there has been erected a great many residences, some of them exceedingly fine.

Harry Crawford was down to St. Paul this week with his auto and returned to Ord Wednesday night accompanied by his uncle, L. N. Crawford, of Pennsylvania, who came up to look at the country. The visiting gentleman has been to the Pacific coast with his invalid wife and his sister, Miss Carrie E. Crawford, but the ladies did not make the trip to Ord.

SCHMITZ MOTION DENIED

Trial of San Francisco Mayor for Extortion Will Proceed Before Judge Dunne.

FRESH PANEL OF 50 TALESMEN ORDERED

All the Jurors Summoned by the Elisor and the Sheriff Dismissed From Further Service—Witnesses for Prosecution Were Excused Until Thursday Morning.

San Francisco, May 22.—The largest crowd that has thus far been attracted by any of the proceedings in the investigation and prosecution was in attendance at the superior court Tuesday when Mayor Schmitz made his appearance on the charge of extorting money from local French restaurateurs with the connivance of Abraham Ruef. Not only was the court room crowded to its utmost capacity, but scores of people stood on the benches in order to catch a glimpse of the defendant and lose no incident of the proceedings.

Assistant District Attorney Heney read affidavits sworn to by himself and Judge Dunne denying categorically the allegation made in the affidavits filed last Saturday by the defense in support of the motion for a substitution of trial judge.

In the affidavits of the defense, it was alleged, among other things, that Rudolph Spreckels and the men who are associated with him as financial guarantors of the prosecution, are in reality, carrying out a conspiracy to deprive the present municipal administration for the purpose of taking over the reins of government and of causing to be granted to themselves street railway and water franchises that shall net them millions of dollars in return for the thousands they have expended in the bribery graft investigation and prosecution.

Mr. Heney in reading his own affidavit, threw intense feeling into his voice and gestures. He denied with the greatest emphasis that he or those who are associated with him in the prosecution have any ulterior motives—that they desire and political preferment or municipal office or that they have any purpose whatever beyond the purification of the municipality and the punishment of those whom they may accuse of corrupt practices.

At the conclusion of the reading of the affidavits, Judge Dunne denied the motion for the change of trial judge.

The court elisor is to have no part in the trial of Schmitz so far as the immediate intentions go, was shown by the fact that Judge Dunne ordered that none of the 77 talesmen now available shall be permitted to serve as possible jurors, except those who were summoned by the sheriff. Those who were summoned by Elisor Biggy, incidental to the Ruef proceedings, were dismissed from service.

Subsequently Mr. Heney stated that counsel for both sides agreed to excuse all of the 16 jurors summoned by the sheriff and asked that the court dismiss them and order the drawing of a fresh panel of 50 talesmen from the regular list. This will be done. A recess was taken to allow of the bringing of the jury box from the county clerk's office to the court. The new panel of the talesmen was made returnable at 10:20 a. m. Wednesday. All witnesses for the prosecution were excused until 10 a. m. Thursday.

Texas to Oust Oil Company.
Austin, Texas, May 22.—The ejection suit of the state of Texas versus the Waters-Pierce Oil company wherein it is sought to debar the company from doing business in Texas under the anti-trust laws of the state, was set in motion Monday in the state district court here.

One Killed; Many Injured.
Pittsburg, Pa., May 22.—One man was killed, seven fatally injured and 19 others received minor hurts and bruises Friday in a wreck on the Panhandle railroad at Hollidays Cove, W. Va., near Steubenville, Ohio.

Seven Men Dead in a Mine.
Trinidad, Col., May 22.—Seven miners, including Superintendent Alexander Jacobs, were burned or suffocated Monday night in the Engleville mine at Engleville, Col. The bodies were recovered.

Abe Hummel Ill.
New York, May 22.—Abraham H. Hummel, the lawyer who was committed to Blackwells Island Monday to serve a year's sentence for conspiracy, was too ill to leave his cell in the Penitentiary Tuesday.

To the "Short Grass Forests."
Topeka, May 22.—H. C. Cooper of Clay county was appointed forestry commissioner by Gov. Hoch Monday. Mr. Cooper will succeed H. S. Beaubien at the Dodge City station.

Nebraska Bank Safe Cracked.
Sioux City, Ia., May 22.—Robbers early Tuesday cracked the safe in the bank at Winnebago City, Neb., 30 miles south of here. They secured about \$1,200.

Interesting Points Brought Out in a Late Census Report on the Industry.

Washington, May 22.—The United States as a leader in the manufacture of shoes, and the great increase in value in every kind of boots and shoes, are interesting points brought out in a report issued by the census bureau Tuesday relating to the manufacture of boots and shoes, leather and leather goods and mittens, for 1905. It shows that there were 1,316 establishments engaged in the industry, having \$122,526,093 capital, 149,924 wage earners, wages amounting to \$69,059,680, cost of materials amounting to \$197,363,495 and products valued at \$320,107,458. All of these items excepting the number of establishments, show increases for the five years period since the 12th census. Capital and value of products increased at practically the same rate. Number of establishments decreased almost 18 per cent since 1900.

Hides to the number of 17,581,613, costing \$89,126,593, reported by 669 establishments, represented 46.6 per cent of the cost of materials. The use of hemlock and oak bark extract for tanning has increased greatly. Sole leather formed more than one-half of the value of all leather manufactured. Leather gloves and mittens were made in 239 establishments. Their total capital was \$10,705,599; they manufactured products valued at \$17,740,385. There were 3,370,146 dozen pairs of gloves, mittens and gauntlets manufactured, valued at over \$17,000,000, an increase since 1900 of 7 per cent in number and almost 7 per cent in value. Kid and leather gloves imported in 1905 aggregated \$4,727,459.

FRATERNITIES BARRED.

Bless Military Academy Near Macon, Mo. Expelled 52 Cadets to Break up Secret Societies.

Macon, Mo., May 22.—It became known Monday that 52 cadets were summarily dismissed and expelled from the grounds of Bless Military academy at Fort Bless near here, last Saturday by insubordination resulting from the efforts of the authorities to break up secret societies.

It is stated that the trouble primarily resulted from the dismissal of a senior cadet for disrespectful and insubordinate conduct. A number of cadets proposed to tender an ovation to the dismissed cadet. The academy authorities forbade this and ordered an extra formation of ranks. Fifty-two cadets, members of an alleged secret fraternity, refused to obey and were at once dismissed and put off the school grounds.

Little Enthusiasm in Cuba.

Havana, May 22.—Monday was the fifth anniversary of the establishment of the Cuban republic, but the occasion was observed in this city in an apathetic and even perfunctory manner. Business was suspended, but there was no other recognition of the day excepting a display of flags from and decoration of the public buildings, the firing of the national salute from the Cabanas fortress and the American cruiser Dixie and the customary distribution from the city and all of minor benefactions to the poor of Havana.

He Was Once a Cattle Plunger.

Kansas City, Mo., May 22.—Grant G. Gillett, the former Kansas cattle plunger who is now developing gold and silver mines near Parral, Mexico, and promoting companies for their purchase, passed through Kansas City Monday night accompanied by a party of Cleveland men in a private car. The party was returning after an inspection of one of the mines.

Trainmen Denounce Cannon.

Atlanta, Ga., May 22.—The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen completed its business late Monday and adjourned. Columbus, Ohio, was selected as the place for the next biennial convention. Among the resolutions adopted was one denouncing the action of Speaker Cannon of the national house of representatives in his attitude toward labor and opposing his re-election.

Funds for War on Green Bugs.

Lawrence, Kan., May 22.—That the people of Kansas have at last awakened to the real seriousness of the green bug situation and to the importance of the campaign that is being waged against them by Prof. Hunter of the University of Kansas is evidenced by the way funds have come in, \$1,000 having been received during the last seven days.

Talley Shot Pettus at Tulsa.

Tulsa, I. T., May 22.—Haskell B. Talley, a lawyer and politician Monday shot and injured B. F. Pettus, cousin of Senator Pettus of Alabama and leader in Oklahoma democratic affairs. The controversy occurred on the principal street corner and was witnessed by a dozen persons. Pettus will recover.

New Record for Wheat.

Chicago, May 22.—Two high records for the crop were established Tuesday when September wheat went to 1.04 and December to 1.04½. July closed at over a dollar also, thus setting a record mark for the season. Bad climatic conditions caused the upturn.



A SCENE IN THE COURTROOM AT BOISE.

A LAKE STEAMER BURNED

Naomi, Bound From Grand Haven to Milwaukee, Totally Destroyed in Middle of Lake Michigan.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE OF PASSENGERS

J. M. Rhoades, of Detroit, and Four Members of the Crew Lost—The Fifty Passengers and Balance of Crew Taken From Vessel in Small Boats

Grand Rapids, Mich., May 22.—Four coal passers were burned to death and one passenger, J. M. Rhoades of Detroit, was fatally burned when the Crosby line steamer Naomi, formerly the Wisconsin, was burned to the water's edge early Tuesday in the middle of Lake Michigan. Fifty passengers and all of the crew except four coal passers were taken off in small boats by the steamer Stratford and the Naomi's sister ship, the Kansas, which was en route from Milwaukee to Grand Haven. The loss of the Naomi which was in command of Capt. Thomas Trull, is estimated at \$225,000. After the passengers and crew were rescued, a barge which had been attracted to the scene by the fire put a line on the burning hulk and is now towing her to Grand Haven.

The fire started in the vicinity of the kitchen decks, and spread so rapidly that the whole ship was a seething furnace before the crew could get the fire apparatus working. Fire swept the whole length of the ship and the upper works burned like tinder. It is considered miraculous that the passengers all escaped. Many of them were taken off in their night clothes while scarcely any one was more than partly clad.

The fire was not originally discovered by any of the Naomi's crew, but was first seen by the lookout on the steamer Kansas, which was proceeding in the opposite direction from Milwaukee to Grand Haven. The Kansas made for the Naomi and in the meanwhile, the passengers of the ill-fated boat were being awakened.

Capt. Thomas Trull was the last man to leave the steamer alive and his clothing was almost burned off him. The four coal passers who perished were below in their bunks and are believed to have been penned down there by the flames. They are believed to have shipped from Milwaukee.

It is said by the passengers that the screams of the dying men in the hold were heard, but that it was impossible to reach them. Many of the passengers of the burned steamer Naomi returned Tuesday to this city. They told graphic and thrilling tales of their dangers and unanimously praised the coolness and bravery of the Naomi's crew.

Arthur Jones a Detroit attorney, lost all his belongings except his clothes. "What we suffered" he said, "as we stood there on the stern of the boat watching the fire creeping towards us in spite of the heroic efforts of the crew to beat it back, no body can tell. Through it all no braver men ever walked than the steward, Philip Rossbach and Purser William Hanahan of the Naomi. Brave and cool as if in port, they worked like heroes, caring for the passengers. It was these men who went down to the lower deck with smoke and flames all around them and handed up the body of Rhoades whose picture still haunts me."

Cashier Bartlett Rearrested.

St. Louis, Mo., May 22.—Caleb V. Bartlett, the cashier of the Madison Coal company who was arrested Saturday following his confession of a shortage of about \$25,000 and secreted in a hotel by a private detective pending an investigation, was again arrested by a city detective Monday night and placed in jail. He will be held pending the issuance of an information charging embezzlement.

THE HAYWOOD TRIAL.

Adjournment Taken Until Thursday to Summon Another Special Venire of Talesmen.

Boise, Idaho, May 22.—The special venire of talesmen in the Steunenberg murder trial was exhausted at 10:45 o'clock Tuesday morning and Judge Fremont Wood at once adjourned the trial until Thursday afternoon to permit Sheriff Shad Hodgson to gather another venire of 60 men. There were only nine men of the old special venire left when the trial was resumed Tuesday morning and they went very quickly. Five were examined and excused under challenge for bias in 35 minutes. The sixth man, Levi Smith, a farmer, was, after an extended examination, accepted and given Seat No. 10, just vacated by John Fisher upon whom the defense exercised its sixth peremptory challenge. After the acceptance of Levi Smith, Juror Orric Cole, who is in bad health was excused by consent of both sides, it being feared that his condition might seriously interfere with the trial.

Of the last three talesmen, two were opposed to capital punishment and the third had a strong fixed opinion as to the guilt or innocence of William D. Haywood, the prisoner at bar. The court made the order for the new special venire and at 11 o'clock the trial went over until Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The state has filed the names of seven additional witnesses.

The jury as it now stands is as follows: Seat nine vacant. Thomas B. Gessal, fire insurance and real estate agent; Isaac Bedell, farmer; Samuel S. Gilman, farmer; Daniel Clarke, farmer; George Powell, farmer; John Whitlock, nurseryman; George H. McIntyre, farmer; Lee Scrivener, farmer; Levi Smith, superintendent of construction; A. P. Burns, no present occupation, and Samuel Russell, farmer.

Army and Navy Union Officers.

Washington, D. C., May 22.—At the national convention of the regular Army and Navy Union here Monday Capt. J. B. Morton, Washington, was elected national commander; Capt. James P. Lockwood of Chicago, senior vice, and Dr. John H. Grant of Buffalo, N. Y., junior vice commanders respectively; Michael J. Hackett of Washington, adjutant general, and C. J. S. Arey of Chicago, special inspector general. The next convention will be in Chicago. A message of good will was sent to President Roosevelt.

Had His Son Arrested.

Kansas City, Mo., May 22.—Clyde H. Harrison, 20 years old, of Wellsville, Kan., was arrested here Monday and taken to Lawrence, Kan. by J. R. Woodward, sheriff of Douglas county. The complaint was sworn to by the young man's father, who found three checks for small amounts, which somebody had cashed after signing the name of Harrison, senior.

The Rock Island Fined.

New York, May 22.—The Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Railroad company, which was indicted by the federal grand jury with three other roads for rebating, pleaded guilty Monday to two of the 12 counts and was fined \$10,000 on each. The remaining ten counts were dismissed by the district attorney.

Bagley Monument Unveiled.

Raleigh, N. C., May 22.—Twenty thousand persons saw the unveiling Monday of the monument and statue erected in Capitol square by the people of the United States in memory of Euseb North Bagley, the young officer killed by a Spanish shell off Cardenas, May 11, 1898.

Colonial Dames to Lawrence.

Lawrence, Kan., May 22.—The second annual meeting of the Colonial Dames of Kansas will be held here Thursday and Friday of this week. In the state there are only 10 Colonial and 14 will be here to attend the meeting.

MANUFACTURERS MEETING

Twelfth Annual Convention of National Association in Session at New York.

ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT VAN CLEAVE

St. Louis Man Has Plan for Revision of the Tariff—Advocates an Extra Session of Congress and a Commission—Commissioner of Labor Talks.

New York, May 22.—The National Association of Manufacturers of the United States began the regular session of its 12th annual convention here Tuesday.

President James W. Van Cleave of St. Louis, presided, and introduced as the first speaker Dr. Charles P. Neill, commissioner of labor in the department of commerce and labor. Dr. Neill spoke on "Certain Aspects of the Child Labor Problem." He asked the assistance of the association in the investigation he was making into this subject.

"The impression appears to prevail in certain quarters that this investigation has been arranged to bolster up certain preconceived ideas," said Dr. Neill. "That impression is erroneous. Our sole aim is to learn the facts and no effort will be made to present harrowing details for sensational purposes. I shall seek simply to get the truth, and so far as our bureau is concerned, we do not care who may be hurt. I have not the slightest doubt that the members of this association are just as anxious to prevent abuses in the matter of child labor as anybody and I appeal to you for hearty co-operation in this direction."

President Van Cleave then delivered his annual address, which was in part as follows: President Van Cleave reviewed such legislation of the last congress as affects manufacturing interests and discussed the various commercial and industrial questions which now confront the manufacturing world.

Taking up the question of tariff revision, Mr. Van Cleave said that although there was an honest division of opinion in the association, he thought "some of the duties ought to stand as they are, others ought to be lowered, and there are doubtless some which should be raised. Now, I am not going to say off-hand what duties are too high or what are too low. This is a matter which should be determined after a careful study of all the schedules and of all the trade conditions, taking the entire business field into view." He favored a declaration by the Republican party at the coming convention in favor of tariff revision at an extra session to be called immediately after March 4, 1909 and the appointment by the President of non-partisan commission, with congressional authorization, to frame a report on which such revision should be based. "In this way" he said, "we could get a tariff which business, and not the log-rolling of the politicians or the clamor of the demagogues, could frame."

Mr. Van Cleave declared that much folly had been written and spoken on the problem of child and woman labor in this country.

"The newer issues," he said, "those which are caused by a determination of some of the labor union leaders to terrorize president, congress, judges and juries, and make the labor societies a favored order in the community—we must combat by educating employers and people in the principles of good citizenship, and by a closer cooperation among the various societies of employers."

Mr. Van Cleave reiterated his belief in the value of a great council or league of all national organizations of employers in order to concentrate energy and effort for the accomplishment of the ends toward which each of those organizations is now working independently.

In conclusion he said: "New perils and issues confront us in the industrial and social world today which are larger than anything included in the creed of either of the great parties. They cover more than is comprised in the designations republican or democrat. They go down to the fundamental principles on which representative government and civilized society are based."

Died of His Injuries.

Akron, Ohio, May 22.—As a result of injuries received in a collision on the Akron, Bedford and Cleveland Electric line near here Sunday night, Harvey Nickousen, the motorman, who lost both legs, died Tuesday morning. William F. Luetel, conductor, will hardly live through the day. Eighteen persons were injured in the collision.

Two Oklahoma Banks Closed.

Guthrie, Ok., May 22.—Territorial Bank Commissioner Snook Monday announced the close of the Exchange Bank of Berlin and the Washita Valley Bank, Hamburg, Ok., on account of excessive loans. The capital of each institution was \$10,000. R. V. Converse is president of both banks. It is believed depositors will be paid in full.

IRISH BILL REJECTED

Delegates From All Parts of Ireland and America Present at Dublin Convention.

Dublin, May 22.—The Nationalist convention called to decide whether the government's Irish bill introduced in the house of commons May 7, was acceptable to the people of Ireland, assembled at noon Tuesday in the round room of the historic mansion house. It became known immediately that the measure, as a result of Monday's meeting of the Irish Leaders, would be rejected and that resolutions to be introduced by John E. Redmond, chairman of the Irish parliamentary party, settling the fate of the bill, had been prepared.

The floor of the rotunda was packed with delegates from many societies and constituencies representing every part of Ireland. The Irish members of parliament were present in full force and many of the Catholic clergy were kept on the platform.

Fatal New York Central Wreck.

Little Falls, N. Y., May 22.—In the wreck of the Buffalo-Cleveland special westbound from New York on the New York Central Railroad just outside the eastern limits of this city at 1:32 a. m. Tuesday, one man was killed and two were critically injured.

Speaker Cannon in New York.

New York, May 22.—Speaker Joseph G. Cannon of the national house of representatives came to this city Monday and met a number of business men. He declined to discuss his visit.

MARKET REPORTS.

Kansas City Live Stock.
May 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 9,000, including 300 southern; market strong to 100 higher; native steers, \$4.50@5.00; southern steers, \$3.50@4.00; southern cows, \$3.00@3.75; native cows and heifers, \$2.75@3.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.25@3.50; bulls, \$2.50@4.00; calves, \$3.50@5.75; western fed steers, \$4.00@5.00; western fed cows, \$3.25@4.75.
Hogs—Receipts, 17,000, market strong to 50 higher; bulk of sales, \$6.20@6.45; heavy, \$5.75@6.25; packers, \$6.20@6.45; light, \$5.40@6.50; pigs, \$5.00@6.00.
Sheep—Receipts, 6,000; market steady; muttons, \$5.25@6.75; lambs, \$6.50@7.50; range wethers, \$5.00@7.00; fed ewes, \$4.25@6.50.

Chicago Live Stock.
Chicago, May 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,500; market steady; beefs, \$4.20@4.50; cows, \$1.50@4.50; heifers, \$2.75@4.00; calves, \$4.50@6.50; good to prime steers, \$4.50@6.00; poor to medium, \$4.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.90@3.20.
Hogs—Receipts, 15,500; market mostly 5 cents higher; light, \$6.40@6.85; mixed, \$6.20@6.60; heavy, \$6.05@6.47½; rough, \$6.05@6.25; pigs, \$5.90@6.50; good to choice heavy, \$6.35@6.47½; bulk, \$6.25@6.55.
Sheep—Receipts, 10,000; market steady; natives, \$4.50@6.20; western, \$4.50@6.15; yearlings, \$6.00@6.60; lambs, \$6.25@8.00; western, \$6.25@8.75.

Omaha Live Stock.

Omaha, May 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,500; market steady; native steers, \$4.25@5.25; cows and heifers, \$3.00@5.00; western steers, \$3.50@5.30; Texas steers, \$3.00@4.25; cows and heifers, \$2.75@4.50; canners, \$3.50@5.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.00@4.80; calves, \$3.00@5.30; bulls and stags, \$3.25@4.75.
Hogs—Receipts, 13,500; market steady; heavy, \$6.15@6.25; mixed, \$6.20@6.25; light, \$6.25@6.40; pigs, \$5.50@6.10; bulk, \$6.20@6.25.
Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; market steady; yearlings, \$5.75@6.75; wethers, \$5.50@6.10; ewes, \$4.50@5.75; lambs, \$4.50@6.00.

St. Louis Live Stock.

St. Louis, May 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,200, including 2,000 Texans; market steady; beef steers, \$4.00@6.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.50@5.25; cows and heifers, \$3.25@5.50; Texas steers, \$2.50@5.50; canners, \$3.00@4.40.
Hogs—Receipts, 18,000; market 3 cents lower; pigs and lights, \$6.25@6.45; packers, \$6.00@6.40; butchers and best heavy, \$6.40@6.45.
Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market steady; natives, \$4.25@6.50; lambs, \$4.25@6.00.

Kansas City Cash Grain.

Kansas City, May 21.—Close: Wheat—Unchanged to 10 higher; May, 91; July, 93½; Sept., 94½; Cash No. 2 hard, 91½; No. 3, 89½; No. 2 red, 91; No. 3, 89½. Corn—½¢ higher; May, 51½; July, 49½; Sept., 50; cash No. 2 mixed, 51½@53; No. 3, 51½@52; No. 2 white, 53@54; Oats—½¢ higher; No. 2 white, 47½@48; No. 2 mixed, 45½@46.

Chicago Cash Grain.

Chicago, May 21.—Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 92½; No. 3 red, 90½; No. 1 hard, 97½; No. 2 hard, 95½; No. 1 northern, 1.02½; No. 2 northern, 99½; No. 3 spring, 50½; No. 2, 50½; No. 3, 51½@52. Oats—Nothing doing.

St. Louis Cash Grain.

St. Louis, May 21.—Close: Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red cash, 97½; No. 2 hard, 94½; July, 97½; Sept., 97. Corn—Higher; track No. 2 cash, 54½; July, 53½; Sept., 53½; No. 2 white, 56½; Oats—Higher; track No. 2 cash, 49½; July, 48½; Sept., 49; No. 2 white, 47.

Kansas City Produce.

Kansas City, May 21.—Eggs—Fresh—16 cents a dozen.
Butter—Creamery, extra, 22¢ packing, stock, 15 cents.
Poultry—Springs, 15¢ per pound; hens, 10¢; young ducks, 10¢; turkeys, 11¢; geese, 6¢.
Fruits—Oranges, \$3.20@3.25; lemons, \$5.00@6.00.
Strawberries—Fancy, \$1.00@1.50 a crate, choice, \$2.25@3.00 per crate.
Potatoes—per bushel, 65¢@80¢; seed potatoes, 75¢@1.00 per bushel; new potatoes, \$1.00@1.25 per bushel.
Green Vegetables—Tomatoes, Florida, six-basket crates, \$2.25@3.25; Green onions, per dozen bunches, 25¢@40¢. Cabbage, new, 3½¢ a lb.; old, \$1.75 per cwt. Turnips, new, per dozen bunches, 89¢@40¢; old, 25¢@40¢ a bushel; spinach, 75¢@1.00 a bushel. Mustard green, 30¢@40¢ per dozen bunches. Radishes, per dozen bunches, 15¢@25¢. Lettuce, small romans, 50¢@75¢. Green peppers, \$1.50@4.00 crate. Egg plant, Texas, \$2.00 per dozen.

RUTH WINS A KINSMAN

A STORY OF THE PERIOD OF THE JUDGES IN ISRAEL

By the "Highway and Byway" Preacher

(Copyright, 1907, by the Author, W. E. Edson.)

Scripture Authority.—"And Boaz said unto Ruth: It hath fully been showed me, all that thou hast done unto thy mother-in-law since the death of thine husband: and how thou hast left thy father and thy mother, and the land of thy nativity, and art come unto a people which thou knewest not heretofore." Ruth 2:1; read all the chapter.

SERMONETTE.

"Whom not having seen, ye love."—These words of Peter to Christians refer to the Christ, and are strikingly pertinent in connection with this story of the romance of Ruth, and Boaz. This noble and high-minded man, Boaz, had heard of the self-sacrifice and devotion of Ruth, the Moabitish woman, and his appreciation of true goodness and worth had aroused in his heart an admiration, yes, a love, which could have had no other sequel than that which this beautiful love story unfolds.

It is a splendid thing to have a heart which is sensitive to the qualities of real goodness. Our perceptions of worthy qualities in others are so modified and tempered by the external and superficial conditions of wealth and social position, that many a human flower of the rarest purity and grace and beauty is born to bluish unseeing and unknown in the busy, occupied world about. It is easy to see the virtues of those to whom we may look for favors, but we have little thought or time to spend upon the one who in his humble, narrow sphere is living nobly, heroically, sublimely.

To most of the people in Bethlehem Naomi and Ruth were but poor, needy unfortunates. To the former the surprised word of greeting on her return was spoken, and sympathy expressed, and then she was forgotten. For the latter there was the curious, wondering gaze of the neighbors and friends and townspeople of Naomi, and the unspoken query as to why she had come and what she had hope of gaining.

But to one person at least in Bethlehem there came an appreciation of the purity and strength of character of Ruth. He heard of Naomi's return, and being a kinsman of her dead husband he might have felt annoyed at the thought that there was a poverty-stricken relative who would make drafts on his bounty. He heard of the coming of the daughter-in-law, and he might have listened to the unkindly criticism which must have been dropped as the strange woman from a strange land came into their midst. What scheme had she in coming? What selfish purpose had she to serve? Suspicion of her motives and contempt for her nationality and her poverty might have so prejudiced his mind as to blind him to the rare womanly virtues which she possessed.

But his love for real goodness was so keen and genuine, and his high-minded judgments so free from bias and impure motives that he was able to understand fully "all that Ruth had done," and though he had not seen her, he loved her. His was not a sentimental, superficial love. It was such a love as only a good, pure, strong heart can feel as it finds those qualities in another, for purity loves purity; goodness loves goodness.

THE STORY.

BOAZ was absent from Bethlehem at the time of the return of Naomi and her daughter-in-law, Ruth, but on his reaching home this bit of news was among the first to reach his ears, for the townspeople had not yet ceased to gossip concerning the event, in fact he had scarcely gained the gate of his village before he was surrounded by a group of neighbors who poured into his interested ear all the story of Naomi's life and misfortunes in the land of Moab, and of her having lost husband and sons there, and of her return in sorrow and poverty to the old home she had left over ten years before.

"Elimelech might better have taken your advice and stayed in Bethlehem," ejaculated one, as the story was finished.

"Yes," responded Boaz, sadly, "I have often wished that he had listened to me and been content to remain. From what you tell me, he could not have fared worse had he done so. Elimelech and his two sons dead and only Naomi left," he repeated, half to himself, meditatively. "And what of Naomi?" he added, after a few minutes' pause, as his thoughts turned from the dead to the living. "You say she has brought a Moabitish woman with her?"

"Yea, her daughter-in-law, Ruth, wife of Mahlon. And they do say she is devoted to the old lady, but some strange motive must have brought her from her country and her people, for Naomi hath nothing to offer her. In fact it goes seem that her coming makes Naomi's lot the harder, for

there is one more mouth to feed. Everyone is talking about the matter. Was it not folly enough that Naomi's sons should have married contrary to the law of Israel, and now must we have constant reminder of their sin by the coming into our midst of this Moabitish woman?"

"But did Naomi urge her to come?" asked Boaz.

"No," admitted the other; "it seems that both daughters-in-law started to return with her, when she rebuked them and bade them return to their homes and their people and their gods. This, Orpha, the wife of Chilion, did, but Ruth clung to her mother-in-law, declaring that whither she went she would go."

"But had she no friends to go to among her own people that she should make such choice?" asked Boaz.

"Had she not, I do not think that Naomi would have so urged her to return."

"Did she not give other reason for wanting to come?"

"Yes, I believe I did hear some one say that Naomi had told them that Ruth had renounced the gods of her people, saying that she had come to know that they were no gods at all, and that she could not return to serve them."

"And does she believe in the God of the Hebrews?" questioned Boaz, who was a devout Israelite and served God with loyal whole-heartedness.

"Yes," the other went on to explain; "this woman, Ruth, it is said, clung to Naomi, pleading that as she had chosen the Hebrew people as her people and the Hebrew God as her God, she be permitted to return with her."

"And since coming thither, how hath she done?" Boaz continued, persisting in his questioning, for he had perceived at the very beginning, when they had begun to tell him of Naomi's return, that there was a prejudice against the Moabitish woman who had come with her, and he was too fair-minded to condemn her hastily and on too insufficient evidence.

"Her whole thought has seemed to be for the comfort of Naomi, and it must be admitted that she has worked unceasingly to provide for their simple wants," was the admission.

"Yes," spoke up another, "and when the neighbors and friends of Naomi would have provided for them, Ruth declared that she had come not to be a burden but a help, and many is the deed of kindness which she hath found time to do while yet busy with the tasks which would buy them shelter and food."

The drift of the conversation having been started in that direction, there were others ready to tell of incidents in which Ruth had displayed her sweet, self-sacrificing devotion to her mother-in-law, and also of her faith in the God of the Hebrews, so that when Boaz had left the group and gone on to his own home he had much to think about.

Naturally he felt special interest in Naomi, because she was the widow of his near relative, Elimelech, to whom he should be friendly about this Moabitish woman? So he thought as his mind kept recurring to Ruth. During the busy days which followed, for the barley and wheat harvests were near at hand, and he had much to look after, he could not rid himself of the thought, and he went over and over again in his mind all that he had heard concerning Ruth.

First of all, he settled in his own mind that her motives for coming to Bethlehem were purely unselfish, for the strange land and strange people could not offer her the same certainty of home and friends which her own land would have done. Then that she was sincere in her desire to have the Hebrew God as her God was manifest from the devotion which she had shown since her arrival in Bethlehem.

So, as the days went by, the desire grew up in his heart to see her. He had reached an age when he felt he was beyond sentiment, and for this reason he could not quite define or understand the stirrings within his own breast. He knew he grew into the habit of listening for some tidings of Ruth, and more than once he questioned his neighbors and friends concerning her. In this way he became familiar with every detail, almost, of her life in Bethlehem, and learned much of the story of her life before coming to Bethlehem, for people did not seem to tire of the gossip which centered about Naomi and her Moabitish daughter-in-law.

"She must be a good woman," Boaz would say to himself. "I am glad she has come to Bethlehem," and he would go on picturing to himself his home with such a woman in it. Then he would laugh and shake off the "spell," as he would call it. But Ruth on his lips came to be a sweet word, and Ruth came into his thought as though she had somehow always been there.

So it went until, during the midst of the barley harvest, he came into his field one day and, while talking with the foreman of the reapers, his attention was attracted to a figure quietly following in the wake of the men: as they cut and gathered and stacked the grain.

"Whose damsel is this?" he asked, and while the words were being uttered, and before the servant could reply, there came the whispering answer in his heart, "Ruth."

And as he looked upon her, even before he had spoken to her and she had made reply, he knew that his heart had been conquered.

Swinburne Writing a Tragedy.

Algernon Charles Swinburne, the poet, is engaged in writing a new tragedy, the subject of which is Cesare Borgia.

Dyeing is as easy as washing when FURNACE FADELESS DYES are used. Ask your druggist.

What reason could not avoid has often been cured by delay.—Seneca.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The honor that is among thieves consists largely of fear.

Lewis' Single Binder costs more than other 5c cigars. Smokers know why. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

An easy way to get money is to inherit it.

Don't Sneeze Your Head Off. Krause's Cold Capsules will cure you almost instantly. At all Druggists, 25c.

History Will Be Costly. So far the British official history of the Boer war has cost \$125,000, and only one volume has appeared.

To be on good terms with human nature, Be Well. Garfield Tea purifies the blood, eradicates disease, regulates the digestive organs and brings Good Health! Manufactured by Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y. Sold by druggists.

The rich man's son is called a prig if he walks in the way of the righteous, and he is denounced as a degenerate if he endeavors to put his father's money into circulation.

Obeys His Command. Benham—Did you have any company while I was away? Mrs. Benham—Nobody to speak of. Benham—Wasn't your mother here? Mrs. Benham—Yes, but you won't let me speak to her.

Famous Book Free. Every reader of this paper can get free of charge one of Dr. Coffee's famous books which tells of a new method by which persons afflicted with Deafness, Head Noises, Sore Eyes, Failing Sight from any cause, can cure themselves at home at small expense. Write a letter immediately to Dr. W. O. Coffee, 380 Century Bldg., Des Moines, Ia.

Sartorial Outcry. A change of some sort in nether garments would be welcomed by many for since the introduction of the crease they have been stationary from the standpoint of style, and it would be well if some fluting, pleating or strapping could be introduced to revivify this garment.—Tailor and Cutter.

With a smooth iron and Defiance Starch, you can launder your shirt-waist just as well at home as the steam laundry can; it will have the proper stiffness and finish, there will be less wear and tear of the goods, and it will be a positive pleasure to use a Starch that does not stick to the iron.

Siamese Object to Walking. The Siamese, above all nations in the world, hate to walk; no such mode of progression is tolerated by a Siamese if he or she can be by any means ride. A Venetian gondolier will walk sometimes; even a Hollander will ride on his rough cart; but a Bangkok man—not if he can help it. His family boat for him.—Windsor Magazine.

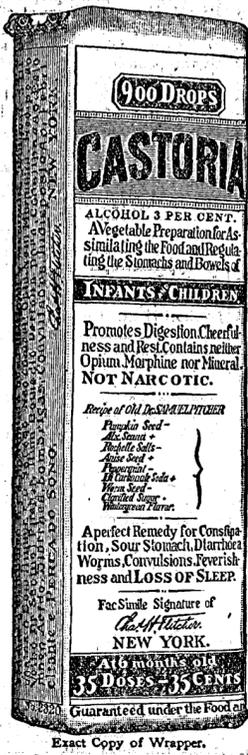
Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. What the tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the mucous membrane brought back to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing more than an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrh that is cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Desert Lands Made Fertile. According to official figures, since the reclamation law was enacted by congress in 1902, eight towns have been built and 10,000 people have settled on what were desert lands. One hundred miles of branch railways have been built, 1,267 miles of canals have been dug, many of which carry whole rivers, and 47 tunnels have been excavated. It is estimated that the territory embraced in what is known as the arid regions of the United States covers 600,000,000 acres, of which about 60,000,000 acres are subjected to irrigation and can be converted into farms as productive as lands in the most favored sections.

He Was Thicker Skinned. Walter Howard, the London dramatist, was leaving the stage door of a theater one evening when an amelio-looking youth stepped up and said: "Are you Mr. Howard?" The author replied in the affirmative, whereupon the young fellow said he wanted to go on the stage. Noticing his evident unfitness for such a life, Howard advised him to stick to his present occupation, whatever it was. "I am assistant pawnbroker across the way," said the ambitious young man. "And what do you people think of your going on the stage?" asked Howard. "Oh, they are right against it," was the jaunty reply, "but I shouldn't mind the disgrace myself."

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and A FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: "A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death." The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. **CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS**, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



Letters from Prominent Physicians Addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. J. W. Dinsdale, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I use your Castoria and advise its use in all families where there are children."

Dr. Alexander E. Mintie, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria and have found it a reliable and pleasant remedy for children."

Dr. J. S. Alexander, of Omaha, Neb., says: "A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is, deserves the highest praise. I find it in use everywhere."

Dr. J. A. McClellan, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria for children and always got good results. In fact I use Castoria for my own children."

Dr. J. W. Allen, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I heartily endorse your Castoria. I have frequently prescribed it in my medical practice, and have always found it to do all that is claimed for it."

Dr. C. H. Glidden, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "My experience as a practitioner with your Castoria has been highly satisfactory, and I consider it an excellent remedy for the young."

Dr. H. D. Benner, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria as a purgative in the cases of children for years past with the most happy effect, and fully endorse it as a safe remedy."

Dr. J. A. Boardman, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."

Dr. J. J. Mackey, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I consider your Castoria an excellent preparation for children, being composed of reliable medicines and pleasant to the taste. A good remedy for all disturbances of the digestive organs."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CHATTAHOOGA COMPANY, 17 N. BROAD STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Most people seem to enjoy coming out of a church more than they do going in.

Defiance Starch—Never sticks to the iron—no blotches—no blisters, makes ironing easy and does not injure the goods.

A Compliment. "Of course," said Miss Clumsy, "Mr. Kidder's language is not always elegant, but he can be very complimentary in his rough way." "Yes," asked Miss Wise. "Yes. He says I'm a bird." "Huh! So is an ostrich."

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Defiance Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

Free Medical Advice. A well known London physician at a dinner party one evening was much worried by one who was seeking gratuitous advice. "Do you know, doctor," said his questioner, "I know a man who suffers so terribly with indigestion that at times he can do nothing but howl with pain. What would you do in that case?"

"Well, I suppose," responded the medical man, "I should howl with pain, too."

"Gumming" Season Over. Like returning miners from the Klondike, the "gummers," amateur or professional, are coming out of the Maine woods with their golden grains, say the Boston Globe. Spruce gum has hardly reached the "weight in gold" price, but the lover of the balsamic "chew," for which there is no real substitute, must pay at the rate of \$2.40 a pound for it, and that in Bangor, Me., a city supposed to be the Dawson City of the gum regions.

Those who believe in quality use

KG BAKING POWDER

25 ounces for 25 cents

Made from pure, carefully tested materials.

Makes all baking healthful.

Why pay more for inferior powders?

JAQUES MFG. CO. Chicago

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE This signature
A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.
DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.

IF YOU ARE RUPTURED
Why not have it cured? Send at once, by letter or postal, your address with particulars, and without cost to you, we will mail you a booklet that will give you immediate relief from the effect of embolism and dangerous pressure, and our free book on "Cause, Cure and Prevention of Rupture," which must convince you that you can be entirely cured at small cost.
HERNIA HEALER CO., 2-407 W. 5, CHICAGO, ILL.

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS ELECTROTYPES
In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by
A. F. KELLOGG NEWS-PAPER CO., 12 W. Adams St., Chicago

INVENTIONS NEEDED
Patent articles and available on terms. MASON P. W. WICK, 121 W. W. B. Bldg., Peoria, Ill. Sole agent, Peoria, Ill.

SECURITY GALL SALVE
POSITIVELY HEALS
SORE SHOULDERS
SORE NECKS OR BACKS ON
HORSES AND MULES
IT HEALS THEM ANYWAY
IN HARNESSES, UNDER SADDLE OR IDEAL
IF NOT SOLD IN YOUR TOWN WE WILL SEND YOU
FREE SAMPLE, if you send us
the name of your dealer.
Put up in 25c, 50c and \$1.00 Cans
MONEY BACK IF IT FAILS
SECURITY REMEDY CO.
CINCINNATI, OHIO

WIRE & ALL CUTS SECURITY ANTISEPTIC HEALER
W. N. U., LINCOLN, NO. 21, 1907.

Women's troubles throw a cloud over their lives, which neglect may cause to become permanent. Make yours into a passing shadow by taking a medicine that acts directly on your womanly organs, the disorder of which has caused your womanly troubles. The right remedy for you, when you have headache, backache, nervous spells, dragging pains, irregular functions, etc., is

Wine of Cardui

Mrs. R. H. Lawson, of Sprott, Ala., writes: I suffered with female troubles for 12 years; tried 4 doctors; they did no good, so I took Wine of Cardui. I have taken 18 bottles, feel greatly relieved and am better than in 20 years." Sold by all reliable druggists, in \$1.00 bottles. Try it.

WRITE US A LETTER Write today for a free copy of valuable 64-page illustrated Book for Women. If you need Medical Advice, describe your symptoms, stating age, and reply will be sent in plain sealed envelope. Address: Ladies Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WHIMS IN WILLS.

Curious Obligations Attached to Deeds of Property.

The eccentricity of men shows itself in no more extraordinary form than in obligations attached to deeds of property by which some whim of the seller is forced upon all future owners.

The Quakers who founded Philadelphia sometimes asserted themselves in this way after death. The owners of some of the valuable lots in that city are compelled to build houses of no more than two stories upon them. Upon others back buildings cannot be erected "lest God's air and sunlight be hindered unduly in their goings."

A plantation in Virginia was left by George Jordan, a lieutenant colonel under Washington, with the provision that "every owner thereof shall hold on Oct. 15 of each year a religious service in his house, where prayer shall be offered and a sermon preached in memory of my daughter Fortune, and this obligation shall hold good though a thousand generations shall pass."

A valuable property in Pennsylvania was bequeathed to a church on condition that the congregation each year should send a rose to the head of the family who gave it. Nearly two centuries have passed, but the rose was given last year to a descendant of the kindly though whimsical donor.

It was not an uncommon act in England during the middle ages to leave an estate encumbered with a dote, which was sometimes bestowed in a fantastic way. An heir was obliged to give fitches of bacon yearly to the married woman who never scolded her husband or so many loaves of bread or stacks of fagots to poor soldiers.

The owner of a house in Smithfield is said to have been compelled on the anniversary of a certain martyrdom to cover a gravestone in the churchyard of St. Bartholomew's with shining sixpences for the widows of the parish.

What He Missed.

An actor without funds managed in some way to get a second class ticket on a line of steamers running between Seattle and San Francisco. The voyage between these two points consumed the better part of three days, and in view of the fact that his finances were at a low ebb he solved the question in this way: The first day out he slept all day to keep from eating and remained up all night to keep from sleeping. The second day he took physical culture exercises. On the third day he could not stand the strain any longer and went down in the dining room and ordered the best meal on board the boat. While eating this meal he could see in his mind's eye a picture of a cell in the bastille in San Francisco. After finishing his meal he said to the waiter, "How much do I owe you?" "Nothing," replied the waiter. "Your meals were included in your ticket."

Saw His Finish.

Mrs. Brown awoke her husband in the dead of night with the startling information that she had just heard a burglar in the room below. "Now," she exclaimed excitedly, "he's lighting one of those cigars I gave you for your birthday. I heard him pick up the box and put it down again." Then John sat up and listened. By jove, Mary, you're right," he answered. "He is! He's actually smoking one of those—er—those cigars." Then he nestled once more comfortably beneath the blankets. "Go to sleep again, Mary," he said complacently. "We'll find the poor wretch in the morning."

Was It Possible?

A minister who was waiting for a train was beguiling the time by talking to a half witted boy. "I say, Jamie," said the minister, "were you ever at school?" "Yes, sir, sure enough." "And who had the honor to be your schoolmaster?" "Maister Black, sir," replied Jamie. "How strange! Why, Mr. Black was my schoolmaster also!" For a moment Jamie was silent, then said, looking straight at the minister, "Mon, whod'ha thoct old Black could ha' turned out two like us?"—London Standard.

Insomnia.

"Insomnia is caused by a surplus of blood in the brain, and the only way to cure it is to remove the cause," says a very wise doctor. "Long continued mental labor should, of course, be avoided. It keeps the blood vessels of the brain constantly filled, and when it is over they cannot contract. Tight clothing tends to throw the blood to the brain, and it should be avoided. The feet should be kept warm, since cold extremities interfere with circulation. Unless the malady results from moral causes a little care and common sense are all that is necessary to cure it."

THE VANILLA PLANT.

Beans From Which We Get the Popular Flavoring Extract.

The best variety of vanilla comes from vanilla planifolia, which requires a mucky, porous soil. The plant thrives up to a height of about 1,600 feet above sea level, and as its fleshy roots do not penetrate deep into the soil it requires only a proportionately thin layer of soil. The plant bears merchantable fruit in the third year, sometimes even in the second year, which requires from seven to eight months to mature, and the harvest takes place from April to June. Five to seven harvests are made from the same plant before it is exhausted. New plants must not be planted in the same place as the old.

Protection against wind, also shade, is of great importance for the growth of the plant, and therefore the fields must be surrounded by trees and hedges. Grubs and snails are enemies of the vanilla plant. The former eat the roots and the latter the young sprouts and beans. While in the third year only about one-tenth part of the plants blossom, the percentage increases from year to year up to the seventh. The cultivation of vanilla in German East Africa is impeded by the absence of insects which are instrumental in fructifying the vanilla blossoms. Each separate flower has therefore to be fructified by human hands, the cover of the stigma being raised by means of a thin little rod, and the pollen, which is just above the cover, is pressed against the stigma.

When the young beans have grown to the length of a finger they must be closely inspected, and all defective ones must be cut off. The beans mature from seven to eight months after the fructification process. The ripe beans have a yellowish green color.

The way of preparing the beans varies, but an ever increasing temperature is required to dry them and obtain the well known brown black color. In this way the thin skinned bean, with its fine aroma, is produced. If hot water is used for heating the beans they are placed in baskets and immersed in it. The water has a temperature of 80 to 84 degrees Reaumur. Afterward the beans are packed into wooden boxes, which are lined with woolen cloth, and closed. Next day they must have a glassy appearance. They are then again wrapped in dark woolen covers and laid in the sun to dry. If the weather is rainy they must be dried in a dry room at a temperature of 50 degrees Reaumur, but an after drying in an airy room of from two to four weeks is necessary. After that the dry beans are packed in boxes.—New York Herald.

Eldest Sons.

According to some curious investigations conducted by English scientists, eldest sons tend to be criminals and youngest sons paupers. A great many thousand school children and many family histories have been examined to yield these results. Firstborn children were found to be, as a rule, taller and heavier, with greater ability and endurance than the others. This is in accordance with the popular feeling in many countries that the oldest child is superior to the others and deserving of special privileges. It is a well established fact that among men of genius an undue proportion are eldest sons.

Warding Off a Catastrophe.

A fat woman entered a crowded street car and, seizing a strap, stood directly in front of a man seated in a corner. As the car started she lunged against his newspaper and at the same time trod heavily on his toes.

As soon as he could extricate himself he rose and offered her his seat. "You are very kind, sir," she said, panting for breath. "Not at all, madam," he replied. "It's not kindness. It's simply self defense."

Force of Habit.

A physician started a model insane asylum, says the New York Sun, and set apart one ward especially for crazy motorists and chauffeurs. Taking a friend through the building, he pointed out with particular pride the automobile ward and called attention to its elegant furnishings and equipment. "But," said the friend, "the place is empty. I don't see any patients." "Oh, they are all under the cots fixing the slats," explained the physician.

Rather Mixed.

In the course of her first call upon one of her husband's parishioners, young Mrs. Gray spoke feelingly of his noble, generous spirit. "He is as nearly an altruist as man may be," she said proudly and affectionately. "Is he an altruist?" said her hostess, with mild surprise. "I thought from the tone of his voice that he probably was a bass."

DEFECTIVE SIGHT.

Malformations of the Eye Cause Many Defective Vision.

Advanced civilization brings its penalties, and defective eyesight in an ever increasing proportion is one of them. There are 8,000,000 people in England who wear or should wear glasses, and this number does not include the defective sight of age. Modern science, more especially in this country, France and America, is coming to the rescue. It has been found that a large percentage of what is technically known as errors of refraction can be cured. The defect depends on a misshape of the eyeball. In myopia the eye is too long. The sufferer is short sighted and also near sighted—that is to say, he can see fine print at a very short distance and much more distinctly than a person with normal vision. Beyond a certain distance the world is to him a perpetual fog. People, if he sees them at all, are misty, like ghosts. Without glasses he cuts his friends in the street. On this point he becomes very sensitive. Beyond these inconveniences he does not suffer, in low and moderate degrees of vision at least, and in compensation he dispenses with glasses for reading in old age, which he would have been forced to wear if his sight had been normal. The wonderful old lady of ninety that one reads about, who can read the finest print without spectacles, is no miracle at all, but simply a myope. In hypermetropia the eye is too short. In young life, in low and moderate degrees at least, there is no short sight. Objects can be seen at a greater distance than normally. The patient is long sighted. But, alas, here his advantage ends. In nearly all cases there is pain or headache unless glasses are constantly worn, and reading with the naked eye is difficult or impossible.

In the third class, astigmatism, the eye is irregular. The cornea, the transparent part in front, is more curved in one direction than in another. All objects, far or near, are blurred. Like the hypermetropia, the astigmatic patient usually suffers severely when without glasses.

What is the outlook for these unfortunate people, who, under the conditions of modern life, are becoming more and more numerous? Fortunately a remedy has been found. Errors of refraction, as we have seen, are due to a misshape of the eye. Can this malformation be rectified? It cannot. The eye is an elastic ball filled with a semifluid. The shape could no more be changed than could be the shape of a tennis ball.

Nevertheless there is another way of accomplishing the desired object. In the normal eye rays of light focus naturally on the retina, the sensitive part at the back. In the abnormal eye the retina does not correspond in position to the focusing point. Though it is not possible to shift the position of the retina, it is possible to alter the position of the focusing point. That this can be done depends on the fact that just behind the pupil is a little body called the lens. The lens is modifiable in shape, and on that shape depends the position of the focus.

It is now several years since Dr. Darier of Paris showed that the lens could be made more convex, thus throwing the focus farther forward and curing hypermetropia. In 1904 the ophthalmic surgeon of the Battersea Park hospital, London, went further and exhibited a score of cases of all kinds of error of refraction in persons who had been completely cured of glasses.

As the cure is now an accomplished fact and as the process is painless and safe, there is hope for the great army of spectacle wearers—that is to say, for those who use glasses because of errors of refraction, myopia, hypermetropia and astigmatism. For the weakened focusing power of age nothing has yet been done.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Shoeing the Geese For Market.

The Vilna province of Lithuania is probably the only part of the world in which geese are shod. This district is famous for geese, which are driven on foot to distant markets. To prevent the birds from getting footsore on the journey they are made in the late autumn to practice the "goose step," first in tar and then through fine sand. The geese are thus provided with perfectly fitting pairs of boots, in which they can comfortably perform the 300 mile march to the goose fair at Warsaw.

A Thorough Optimist.

"Blakesley's the most persistent optimist I ever knew. He slipped and fell in a mud puddle yesterday, and you never saw such a sight as he was when he got up." "What did he say?" "He congratulated himself on the fact that it was so nice and soft where he had struck and expressed the opinion that if it had been hard he might have broken a bone or two."

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL of Chicago,

Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.

Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on

Friday, June 7



Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Consumption, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach, and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Goitre, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No fee is received for consultation and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co., Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill. Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.



GO

SOMEWHERE

SPECIAL TO CALIFORNIA:

Low rate Summer tours to San Francisco and Los Angeles, about half rates until May 15th, also June 8th to 15th; June 22nd to July 5th. Slightly higher daily commencing June 1st; small extra cost via Portland and Seattle.

BIG HORN BASIN:

We run personally conducted homeseekers' excursions May 7th and June 21st, June 4th and 18th, under guidance of D. Clem Deaver, General Agent Landseekers' Information Bureau, to assist settlers to secure an early hold at cheapest rates of magnificent irrigated lands in the Big Horn Basin; write about these lands. Round trip \$20.00.

CHEAP RATES EAST:

To Jamestown Exposition daily low rates; via New York slightly higher. During the Summer low excursion rates to Atlantic City, Saratoga Springs, Philadelphia, also to the Sea shore and Mountain resorts.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN TOURS:

To Colorado, Utah, Black Hills, Cody, Sheridan, Yellowstone Park. Daily low rate tours after June 1st.

J. W. MOORHOUSE, Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska. L. W. WARELY, G. P. A., Omaha, Nebraska

Very Low Homeseekers' Fares

Now in Effect to

Oregon, Washington and Idaho

Tickets on sale every first and third Tuesday in May and June, 1907.

THROUGH TRAINS DAILY

Equipped with Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars, Free Reclining Chair Cars, etc.

VIA

UNION PACIFIC

THE SHORT LINE TO PORTLAND

Inquire of

F. R. FRICK

Notice for Presentation of Claims.

State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of said county: In the matter of the estate of Dwight Pierce deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Dwight Pierce late of Valley county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 22d day of May, 1907. All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county, at his office therein, on or before the 22d day of November, 1907, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the 23d day of November, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Dated this 20th day of May 1907. 16-4 H. Gudmundsen, County Judge.

Order for Hearing of Final Account.

State of Nebraska, Valley county ss. In the county court of Valley county. In the matter of the estate of George M. Miller deceased.

Now on the 23 day of May 1907, came Peter Mortensen, the executor of said estate, and prays for leave to render an account as such executor, and also files his petition for the distribution of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 11th day of June 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m. at my office, in Ord, Nebraska, be fixed as the time and place for examining and allowing such account and hearing said petition. And the heirs of said deceased, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at the time and place so designated, and show cause, if such exists why said account should not be allowed and distribution made. It is further ordered that said executor, give notice to all persons interested in said estate by causing a copy of this order to be published for 3 weeks prior to the day set for said hearing.

Dated this 23 day of May 1907. H. Gudmundsen, County Judge. A. M. Robbins, attorney for estate.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Letters of Administration.

State of Nebraska, Valley county. To all persons interested in the estate of Dwight Pierce, late of said county, deceased:

You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, 1907, Sarah E. Pierce filed her petition in the county court of said county for the appointment of Claude A. Davis as administrator of the estate of Dwight Pierce, late of said county, deceased, and that the same will be heard at the county court room in Ord, in said county, on the 20th day of May, 1907, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. It is further ordered that notice of said hearing be given all parties interested in said estate by the publication of this notice for three successive weeks in the Ord Quiz, a newspaper printed, published and of general circulation in said county.

Dated this 3d day of May, 1907. (Seal) H. Gudmundsen, County Judge. Honnold & Davis, Attorneys for estate.

Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, May 10, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Sanders of Burwell Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17816 made August 13, 1902, for the west 1/4 northeast 1/4 and southeast 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 9, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on June 22, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Jacob Osantowski of Burwell, Nebraska. Nat D. Maxfield of Burwell, Nebraska. Clarence Jeffries of Burwell, Nebraska. John Dinnell of Burwell, Nebraska. Chas. F. Shedd, Register.

Insurance

The St. Paul is ready to furnish insurance on growing crops against hail losses.

Fire, lightning and wind-storm losses are fully covered by policies in the St. Paul or the Home, of New York, the largest American company, at \$2.50 per \$100.00 for five-year term.

Let me look after your insurance for you.

J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

Have Your Law Work Done Right

Wills Deeds Contracts Leases Settlement of Estates Collections Legal Advice Law Suits Farm Loans Real Estate

Herman E. Oleson Attorney and Counselor at Law ORD, NEBRASKA

Office in Court House Office phone No. 2, res. No. 40.

SEE

HONNOLD & DAVIS

FOR

Real Estate

Insurance

and 5% Loans

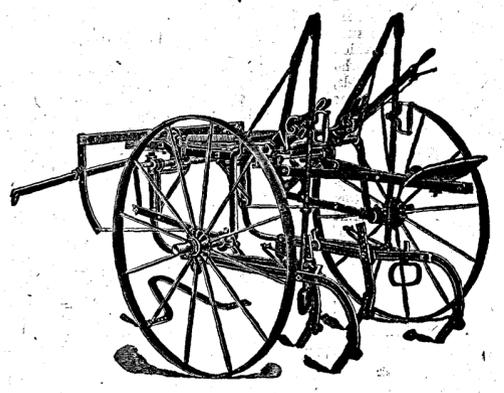
Kansas Land

Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth land, from \$7 to \$12 per acre One-fourth cash, the balance on four years' time.

Newbecker Land Co.,

GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

Did You Ever Stop to Think



that the Emerson line of Cultivators are easy to handle, easy on the team. Grease the wheels once a season, they are absolutely Dust proof. A complete line of saddle or hammock seat and walking cultivators. See them before buying.

DEERING

Mowers, Rakes, Stackers. See the NEW MIDLAND stackers. Sold only by



creep through the land making brutes of some, idiots of others, paupers and thieves of still more. The men who manufacture the real murder poison, and the men who sell it will not even be indicted by public opinion as accessories before the fact.

We boast of our advance in civilization, we strut around in admiration of our vast progress, and yet we countenance and permit this traffic in blood and violence to continue without a real serious effort to prevent it.

Denies the Saloon's Influence. Editor Ord Quiz, Dear Sir:—

In the issue of your paper of date May 24, 1907, you publish a statement about a "Mr. Abrahamson" (meaning thereby the undersigned) in which you state that my case was one that was brought on by the saloons, and that I got filled up on "saloon poison" and by reason of it took a gun with evident intent to kill members of my own family.

I wish to state that the saloons had nothing to do with the matter; and they are in no way to blame.

I wish to state further that I was not "filled up on saloon poison," nor on liquor of any kind. That which I did was not induced by liquor; and that I did not take a gun and go after members of my own family with evident intent to kill.

In the same issue of your paper, under the heading "Ash Grove Valley" is an item in regard to this same matter. I would ask your Ash Grove Valley correspondent whether he or anyone he knows ever saw me "filled up" with liquor, or on a spree.

I have lived in this county only four years but my neighbors and friends in Hamilton county, Nebraska, where I lived for twenty years, know that I have always attended to my own business, and that I never had any trouble with any of my neighbors or family on account of my drinking liquor, nor on any other account; and that I have never been in the condition by your paper described on account of drinking liquor; nor can anyone here truthfully say that I have.

Now, that you have published these false statements, I ask that you publish this letter and make retraction in your paper of the statements referred to.

Yours truly, J. Abrahamson.

If you want to put a great deal in a small space get a Palace Kitchen Cabinet.

Small Boy's Soliloquy
Now I lay me down to sleep—
Don't want to sleep; I want to think.
I didn't mean to spill that ink;
I only meant to softly creep
Under the desk and be a bear.
'Taint 'bout the spanking that I care.
If she'd only let me 'splain and tell
Just how it was an accident.
An' that I never truly meant,
An' never saw it till it fell.
I feel a whole lot worse'n her;
I'm sorry, an' I said I were.
I'spose if I just cried a lot,
An' choked all up like a sister does,
An' acted sadder than I was
An' sobbed about the "naughty spot"
She'd said, "he shant be whipped, he shant."
An' kissed me—but somehow I can't.
But I don't think it's fair a bit,
That when she talks an' talks at you,
An' you wait patient till she's through
An' start to tell your side of it.
She says, "Now, that'll do, my son.
I've heard enough," 'fore you've begun.
If I should die before I wake—
Maybe ain't got any soul;
Maybe there's only just a hole
Where't ought to be—there's such an ache
Down there somewhere! She seemed to think
That I just loved to spill that ink.
—Century.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

Advertised Letters.
List of Letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord Nebr., for the week ending tomorrow.

Mr. Jochan Okrzeza. W. M. Hausen. Letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised."
A. M. COONROD, Postmaster.

The Trials of the Pioneers.

Wednesday, the 22nd, was the anniversary of the May snow storm twenty-five years ago. We have occasion to remember it very distinctly as we were out in the storm all day. A party of about twenty started from St. Paul that morning with loads of various kinds, for North Loup. When about eight miles this side of St. Paul it began to rain and it kept at it till noon without any let up. At noon we ate our dinner on the creek bank, west of Elba—ate out in the open without shelter of any kind. It was during the noon hour when it rained the hardest, the water coming down in sheets. We remember the fellows of the party stood around with a piece of bread thrust under their coats taking an occasional bite and then putting it under cover. Our teams were cold and not in the best of conditions to pull their loads up the steep bank and as a result several were stuck. We remember too, how we went after a chain and as we had no gloves or mittens and our hands were so cold we carried it over our arms from the wagon where we got it to the one that was stuck in the mud. Not one in the crowd had any covering for his hands or had an overcoat. Just after we hitched up after feeding it began to snow and for a while it came down in big flakes, but hardly enough to cover the ground. Soon, however, the snow turned again to rain and it fell in torrents all the afternoon. We were all the afternoon going from the creek near Elba to where Cotesfield now is. The creek at that place was so high we did not dare to cross with our wagons, so left them and went on horseback to Thomas Blanchard's, where we stayed all night. Only five of us stayed, however, as all the others came home after leaving their wagons at Charley Adams's. Ansel Payne, who was one of the party, was so cold we had to put him on his horse and hold him on and to help him into the house. Of the crowd who were together that day only two are here at this time, so far as we can remember—Art Watts and the writer. These were indeed strenuous times.—Loyalist.

Want ads in the Quiz bring results.

Notice to Contractors. Bids will be received at the office of H. Westover, Ord, Nebraska, until noon of May 28, for the construction of a new school house for district number seven. Plans and specifications may be seen at Westover's office. Fred H. Kuehl.

A Doubtful Compliment.

A clergyman was about to leave his church one evening when he encountered an old lady examining the carving on the font. Finding her desirous of seeing the beauties of the church, he volunteered to show her over, and the flustered old lady, much gratified at this unexpected offer of a personally conducted tour, shyly accepted it. By and by they came to a handsome tablet on the right of the pulpit. "This," explained the good man, "is a memorial tablet erected to the memory of the late vicar."
"There now! Ain't it beautiful!" exclaimed the admiring old lady, still flustered and anxious to please. "And I'm sure, sir, I 'ope it won't be long afore we see one erected to you on t'other side."

Obedience.

The famous Field family, Cyrus and his brothers and sisters, were brought up to obey. The father was a clergyman with \$800 a year for nine children, and frugality and right living were absolutely necessary. Once a useful rat trap was missing. The father gave orders that when it was found it should be brought directly to him. A few days afterward during service, when the sermon was in full swing, there was a clattering up the aisle. It was two of the Field boys, carrying the lost rat trap. They gravely set it down before the pulpit. One of them said simply, "Father, here's your rat trap." Then they turned and went out.

How the Contestants are Coming

| Name | Res. | Votes |
|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| ROXY AUBLE..... | Mira Valley | 182,000 |
| ADDIE HAUGHT..... | Springdale | 127,500 |
| MINNIE DONNELL..... | Arcadia | 29,500 |
| ADA DRAPER..... | No. Loup | 19,000 |
| ANNA SLAVACEK..... | Elyria | 3,000 |

First Prize: A beautiful Hamilton Piano, purchased from A. C. Johnson & Co. and now on exhibit at their store.

Second Prize: A fine Gold Watch, from the stock of Geo. A. Parkins. The Parkins store only handles good ones, and this is one of the best.

Third Prize: A fine Dress Pattern. Your choice from the Mamie Siler big stock.

Fourth Prize: A dozen of the Mutter studio's best \$5.00 photographs. They are good ones.

Two Special Prizes: We want new subscribers and as a special inducement to contestants to secure them we will give to the one securing the largest number of new subscribers their choice of a Fifty-Dollar International Correspondence School certificate or Ten Dollars in Gold; the person getting the second largest number of new subscribers to have prize left after first prize winner selection.

Paint!

That's the question foremost in our mind now: "How shall I paint and what paint shall I use?" Come around and let me answer your question. Just received a large shipment of Bradley & Vrooman's celebrated paint, and another due here this week.

Frank Dworak

Do You Know

we want you to do your banking business with us! If you are not already one of our customers call and see us about opening an account with us.

Your money is safer in the bank than anywhere else, and then pay your bills by check, which is the safest and most convenient method, and your check becomes a receipt for the amount paid.

Having a large CAPITAL and SURPLUS we offer the greatest security for deposits, and in addition to our financial strength our officers have the benefit of many years' experience. If you are not already one of our customers we would be pleased to have you call, and if we can be of any service to you we will be pleased to assist you.

FIRST NAT'L BANK
Ord, Nebraska
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - - - \$100,000

Koupal & Barsto Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad w stuck to it.

See our line o

NEWS NOTES OVER THE COUNTY

Elyria Items.
Mrs. Peter Jensen and children were visiting in Ord a couple of days last week.

Mr. Barstow of the Jacques Grain Co. was in Elyria last week.

Frank Dubos's house was struck by lightning last week. Considerable damage was done.

Wedding bells rang last Tuesday when Thomas Flakus took for his wife Miss Francis Zukoski.

B. Cornwell unloaded a car of lumber this week.

Mr. Carcoski and son were in Ord purchasing alfalfa seed last week.

Arcadia Happenings.
Stella Lutz is in Arcadia visiting friends.

Ed. Toops started overland for Fullerton Wednesday.

The teachers will go home Monday.

The band escorted Senator Norris Brown down town from the depot.

The graduating exercises were well attended Friday night. Senator Brown delivered the address.

George H. Whitman shipped three car loads of cattle Wednesday.

Mrs. Jerome Hill passed away May 22, after an illness of two days. She was born August 7, 1849, being at the time of her death fifty-seven years, nine months and fifteen days old. She leaves a husband and three sons to mourn her loss.

Peter Christian left for Omaha last week Wednesday where he will undergo an operation.

Maud McLary lost forty dollars Wednesday. She afterwards found part of it.

Mr. and Mrs. George Shuman

left Sunday for Burwell.

Arcadia will soon be able to boast of a new hotel.

Arcadia and vicinity was visited by a fine rain Friday night.

Mrs. C. H. Downing and daughter returned from their visit to David City Saturday.

George Kinsey and son returned from Lincoln Saturday.

Allie Duryea was pounding iron in his shop when a red hot piece flew and struck him in the lower lip, passing through and lodging in the roof of his mouth. It caused him much pain, but he is still able to play his horn in the band.

Mrs. Wagoner returned from her Indiana visit Thursday.

Rev. Shuman preached the Memorial sermon Sunday.

Rosevale News.
We had fine rain and also some hail last Wednesday morning.

Lottie and Estella Woods are visiting with their mother, Mrs. Wm. Whiteside of Burwell, this week.

Mrs. Flowers is visiting with Mrs. Wittsche this week.

Agnes and Ila Martz spent Sunday at Cunningham's.

Harry Hallock and wife were in Ord last Saturday.

There were not enough people out Sunday evening to have league.

Real Estate Transfers.
Sally A. Stephenson to J. P. Braden, wd \$205, lots 39, 40, 41, 42 blk of 1st add to Arcadia.

F. D. Haner to Irwin C. Clark, wd \$6262.50, s2 sw4 sw4 se4 26-19-14.

The Real Murderer.

(Lincoln News.)

Frank Burke, a farmhand, got drunk last Sunday up in Thurston county and murdered his employer and wife in a most brutal and shocking manner. He was pursued over several counties, finally rounded up and is now in the Douglas county jail because of the fear on the part of the authorities that if taken to Thurston county he will be lynched. Great indignation is said to exist in the latter county over the crime of the killing, not over the sale to him of the stuff that inspired it.

It was not Frank Burke that killed Cople and his wife. It was the demon conjured up out of the depths of the whiskey jug, the poison it contained mixed up with the poor wit of an ignorant man. Cople had treated Burke kindly and he admits that he killed both his victims. He doesn't know why he killed them. He had no desire or intention of murdering them until after he had soaked his reason in whiskey. That poison stealing through his veins carried in to his brain the fantastic idea of slaughter. It peopled his mental vision with a horde of dancing imps from hell, who whispered to him the delight of blowing off a woman's head, of pouring the contents of a shotgun into the stomach of a man, of the pleasure and vain-glory in seeing the rich red blood gush from torn veins and of children with fear looming in startled eyes and on bended knees begging and pleading for mercy—all of those brutal pleasures that swim in the amber drops of liquor and are mirrored in the brain of the fool who swallows them.

Burke will be put on trial, convicted and probably hung. The real murderer will not be punished, but he will be left free to

NEBRASKA NEWS

PLATTSMOUTH FARMER TRIES TO SUICIDE.

EATS HEADS OF MATCHES

Had Become Tired of Paying Doctor's Bills, and Sought Escape by Eating Poison—Other State News of Interest.

Simon Hanson, a young farmer residing west of Plattsmouth, is lying at the point of death from the effects of eating the poisonous substance of matches. Mr. Hanson has been suffering for a number of years from stomach trouble, and becoming discouraged because no cure could be decided upon this means to end his life. He admitted that he had eaten the heads of 110 matches, but this fact was not made known to the attending physicians until a week afterwards. Mr. Hanson possesses a powerful physique, and probably would have succumbed had it not been for his strong constitution. He gave as his excuse for the act that he was tired of paying doctor bills and could find no relief for his physical troubles. Mr. Hanson is subject to spells of melancholy and when suffering thus is easily angered and somewhat dangerous. During the last few days his suffering has been intense and it is thought he can live but a short time.

Dakota Man Ends Life.

Edward Gardner, a single man of about 35 years of age, committed suicide at Niobrara, Neb., by drowning himself in the Missouri river. He had made his home with his cousin, Frank P. Brooks, a merchant of Running Water, S. D., doing odd chores. He was accustomed to take long strolls and had not particularly been missed, until Mr. Brooks received a letter from Gardner's sister, a government teacher in an Indian school in New Mexico, which disclosed his intention to make away with himself. He wrote his sister that he had nothing to live for, that he had not been well treated, and forgave those who had ill-treated him, closing with the declaration that the Missouri river would be his grave. His continued absence gave his friends assurance that he had drowned himself and all further search was abandoned.

Murderer Brink Insane.

The trial of Frank Brink for the murder of Bessie Newton, which has been on in the district court at Ponca, came to an unexpected termination. Doctors Spencer and Lawrence of Sioux City, Ia., who have been in attendance at the trial by request of the prosecution, and Doctor Ross, also of Sioux City, who was called into the case by the defense, together with Doctors Davey and O'Connell of Ponca, made an examination of the defendant and nervous diseases, then testified in answer to a long hypothetical question which covered the evidence introduced in the case, that in their belief he was insane at the time of the tragedy and unable to distinguish between right and wrong. After the report of the medical experts, both sides rested their case. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

Lives Lost in Lake.

Henry Cleveland, a hardware merchant, and Harry Mumap, a barber, both of Maywood, were duck hunting on Lake Maywood and upon their failure to return in the afternoon search was instituted with the result that no trace of them could be found excepting one glove and the hats which were identified as having been worn by the hunters. After diligent search the bodies of both men were found at the bottom near the center of the lake. Mr. Cleveland was just recently married and Mr. Mumap leaves a wife and two children.

Thrown and Kicked by Horse.

Ray Bels, met with a severe accident while riding in to Bradshaw from the country to school. As he neared the play ground of the school house his horse became frightened at some boys who were playing and wheeled quickly, throwing Ray to the ground and striking him a vicious blow on the top of the head, which required several stitches to close. He was taken to Dr. Morrison's office where the wound was dressed.

F. A. Murphy to Go to Cuba.

F. A. Murphy of Plattsmouth, who has for a number of years held a responsible position in the war department's office at Omaha, has been notified of his appointment to a clerkship in the department at Havana, Cuba, to fill a vacancy. He expects to leave soon for his new field of work, where he will probably remain until after the army which is now in service there is ordered home.

Farmer Struck by Engine.

John Ferree, aged about 60 years, a pioneer of York county, now retired, was struck by a westbound Burlington passenger train at Bradshaw, receiving a broken left shoulder blade and three ribs. He was walking up a track past a down freight, the engine of which was blowing off steam and making such a racket that Mr. Ferree did not hear the approach of the passenger. He was then a fifteen foot and severely bruised and shocked.

Girl Injured by a Dog.

A 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Harwood, living three miles southeast of Bradshaw, was attacked by the farm dog which grabbed her by the head and dragging her to a hole in the fence. She was held at the scene for some time, but was finally rescued by a neighbor. She is now recovering from her injuries.

CRANDALL STILL MISSING.

Fifth Man Said to Have Borrowed Heavily from Friends.
W. J. Crandall, cashier of the Fifth bank, has not yet been apprehended. It is now known that for some time before he left he was a persistent borrower of money from his friends, securing not less than \$15,000, giving his personal notes. In these transactions he did not involve the bank, which probably is in better condition than at first supposed to be.

The closing of the bank and shutting down of the great flouring mills owned by Crandall has had a disastrous effect upon the business interests of the village. At the time of the failure the mills had orders on hand for six carloads of flour.

New Bank at Dorchester.

The Citizens' State bank, a newly chartered institution, has opened its doors for business at Dorchester. The opening was put off for some time on account of the safe, which was delayed in transit. The new institution is owned by N. P. Nelson and children, and is capitalized at \$15,000 all paid in. N. P. Nelson is president, William E. Nelson vice president and Miss Millie Nelson cashier. They have built a new cement store building and bank offices, which will be known as the bank building and is a handsome structure. The members of the firm are people of business integrity and the new enterprise affords Dorchester another strong institution.

Gift From Carnegie.

The Grand Island college, the Baptist state institution, has received from Mr. Carnegie a donation of \$20,000 for a library building at the college, conditioned upon the endowment of an equal amount which shall raise one-tenth of the same annually for maintenance and improvement. It is likely that the college authorities will accept the offer and make an effort to get the necessary endowment.

Burlington Train is Wrecked.

Burlington passenger train No. 92, enroute from Wymore to Lincoln, was wrecked in the yards south of Beatrice. The engine, smoker, baggage car and one coach left the track, doing considerable damage to the roadbed. Several passengers were slightly injured. After a delay of four hours the train proceeded on to Lincoln. A defective switch caused the wreck.

Hotel Destroyed by Fire.

The Commercial hotel at Arapahoe, the property of H. F. Breckman, was totally destroyed by fire. The fire started in the garret, presumably from a defective flue, and burned very slowly in spite of the high wind that was blowing. It was due to this fact that the neighboring buildings could be saved by hard fighting. The loss on both building and contents is fully covered by insurance.

Fire at Driving Park.

Fire supposed to have been started by tramps caused the loss of twenty stalls at the driving park at Beatrice and ninety tons of baled hay stored in the building. The loss on the building will amount to \$600 and on the hay \$1,000, fully insured. The building belonged to the Beatrice Driving association and the hay to W. A. Stoll, a butcher.

Good Report of Peru Coal Mine.

J. H. Brewer, who has been in charge of the coal mine at what is called Honey creek, near Peru, says the vein of coal in which they are now working measures thirty-four inches with every indication of its continuation. He is of the opinion that the vein will get thicker and says the quality of the coal is good.

Hogs Lose Flesh.

The warm weather of the last few days has been very severe on shippers, particularly those who have been sending hogs to market. L. A. Hanks, who lives in the southwestern portion of Cass county, lost over 4,000 pounds in one car sent to Nebraska City, the hogs becoming overheated in transit. Other shippers have lost heavily.

Changing the Roadbed.

A big steam shovel and a large gang of men has arrived in Hyannis. The force is lowering the track about three feet through town and is going to move the stock yards about a quarter of a mile east, and also going to build a new depot west of the old one so as to get out of the cut. The old depot will be moved to some other point.

Robb Plucks Plum.

Mont Robb, one of the prominent republicans of Cass county, has been selected as steward of the state hospital at Norfolk. He left for that place and will enter upon his new duties. For a number of years Mr. Robb has been the local agent at Murray for the Duff Grain company.

Prairie Fire Near Geneva.

A fire started by unknown parties west of Geneva, in dry grass and weeds burned over many acres and destroyed several stacks of hay and some buildings were endangered. A strong wind made it very difficult to fight the fire.

For a New Postoffice.

Excavations are being made for the new postoffice building, which is to be completed July 1. I. S. Fynda's commission has arrived and he will take charge of the postoffice this week.

Railroad Improvements.

The Burlington is still continuing its improvements at Ashland. The foundation for the new water tanks have been completed and the large force of men is now at work tracking for the mains that will lead to the different cranes in the yards.

Boy Has Accident.

While cutting brush with an ax near Rulo, Fred Wisner, a 13-year-old boy, cut his index finger and thumb so badly as to nearly sever it from the hand.

CAPITAL CITY CHAT

WORK OF LEGISLATURE NEARING ITS COMPLETION.

SOME GOOD LAWS PASSED

Some Talk Indulged in of Setting a Day for Adjournment—Past Week a Busy One for the Members.

The end of the present session of the state legislature is not now very far away. Already there is talk of agreement between the two branches on a day on which to adjourn, and it is believed that within a fortnight the labors of the members will be ended and the session adjourned without a day.

Taken as a whole, the session has been a good one in more ways than one.

There has been very little partisan spirit displayed, the members of both political parties working in a fair degree of accord to accomplish good for the people whom they represent.

It was while the state-wide primary bill was under discussion the past week that real partisan talk was indulged in, and this came over the question of an "open" or a "closed" primary—the desire of some republicans to so frame the law as to preclude fusion leading the opposition to engage in some very strong remarks. The house had voted for an open primary, which would eliminate any chance of fusion, but the senate, when the bill was before it for concurrence, refused to agree to this, and adopted the closed provision, the five fusion senators insisting upon the elimination of fusion or made it unlawful for a candidate to be designated upon the primary tickets as the candidate of more than one political party. This provision was stricken out.

Phillips of Holt, who was in the chair in the committee of the whole, decided to vote on this proposition by voting to strike it out. A majority of the senate did not care to prevent the fusionists from fusing at the primaries, as they have a right to do at the general election according to the statute defining the form of the official ballot.

As amended by the senate the primary law differs very little from the original bill as introduced in the house. It does not contain the rotary form of the ballot, except as to Douglas county, nor does it permit any one to vote who is not willing to state his party affiliation or intended party affiliation. The number of petitions necessary to place a candidate's name on the ballot is reduced to twenty-five and the filing fees are reduced to \$50 for United States senators, \$10 for state candidates and \$5 for county candidates. The house is expected to concur in the changes made by the senate, although while the senate had the bill under consideration McMillen of the house was pressing a motion to recall the bill for specific amendment. His motion was taken by many as a move to delay the bill and it was voted down.

Harrison's Appointment.

The appointment of Frank A. Harrison as deputy clerk of the Lincoln division of the federal court will please a large number of the editors of the state who have been aided by him in substantial ways for many years. The appointment is important to Lincoln because the location of a clerk here to give his entire time to the work shows that this is to be an important federal court city. With a judge, a deputy clerk and a deputy marshal residing here, and records available at all times, business in the federal court can be transacted here just as well as in Omaha.

Will Continue Experiments.

Congressman Pollard has made arrangements with the agricultural department to continue the demonstration work in spraying fruit trees in the First district that was begun last year. Samples of sprayed and unsprayed fruit were shown at the state fair last fall which clearly proved the value of this work. The following orchardists will co-operate with the department in the several counties: Michael Meliza, Verdun; Albert Stoltz, Burchard; Horace Shafer, South Auburn; Ira E. Atkinson, Havelock; Nelson Overton, Nebraska City. Experiments will also be carried on in the development of an improved variety of corn and also in developing a variety of both wheat and oats that will give a better yield and be rust resistant. Still other experiments will be made with forage crops, summer and winter barley. The former is said to be similar to alfalfa.

Governor is Waiting.

Two members of the Omaha fire and police board have resigned, the term of a third has expired and the governor is said to be waiting for the fourth to resign, so that he can reconstruct the entire board to his liking. It is believed that he desires to have a new deal in Omaha fire and police affairs and that he is waiting for a clear field. For this reason no appointments were made and it is not known when he will name the new members.

Too Busy to Appear.

Now and then the question is asked, why Governor Sheldon doesn't make some appointments. He hasn't busied himself about such matters because it takes all of his time and strength to keep abreast of the work of the legislature. It is his plan to study every bill before attaching his signature. To leave the matter of appointments to the period of comparative leisure following the adjournment is a piece of statesmanship, and the new governor intends to take his time and get the best kind of material.

AN OPEN SWITCH

ONE MAN'S BLUNDER COST MORE THAN A SCORE OF LIVES.

AWFUL WRECK IN THE WEST

Southern Pacific Express Derailed at Coulton, Cal.—Twenty-six Known Dead—Cars Torn to Pieces and Bodies Mangled.

A disastrous wreck on the Southern Pacific occurred one and one-half miles east of Coulton, Cal., shortly after 4 o'clock Friday afternoon, when west-bound train No. 9, New Orleans for San Francisco, known as the Sunset express, ran into an open switch while going at the rate of forty miles an hour, and ten of the fourteen coaches were derailed with frightful results. Twenty-six persons are known to have been killed and the final list will total much higher than this number.

The injured numbered about 100, many of whom are seriously injured and will die. The wrecked coaches were hurled in every direction. Four of them were smashed into splinters. Most of the dead were Italians from New York and New Orleans, going to San Francisco. They occupied the smoker and day coaches.

The injured were terribly mangled. Thirteen of them were taken to an undertaking establishment at Coulton by 8 o'clock and eight additional bodies could be seen underneath one of the overturned and demolished cars. This car could not be raised until a derrick was brought from Los Angeles, sixty miles away.

The injured were carried to the city in vehicles of all sorts, and the Coulton hospital was quickly filled to its capacity. Many were then taken to the Presbyterian church and to private residences in the vicinity. But two Americans are known to have been killed, although several of those among the injured will undoubtedly die within the next few hours.

Out of about eighty Pullman passengers there were but two who sustained serious injury. The three Pullman coaches and the diner, which were on the rear of the train, did not leave the track. The occupants of these cars were practically unharmed.

The derailment of the train was caused by the crew of a switch engine leaving a switch open. It is said that the engine passed through the switch a few minutes before the overload appeared. A switchman named Morrison was in the yard. After the switch engine had passed onto another track the engineer asked the fireman if he had thrown the switch. The fireman recalled that he had neglected to do so, and the engineer whistled frantically for Morrison to close it. The signal was not given in time, as Morrison did not reach the switch before the overload had plunged through and been derailed.

Among the injured were parties from Callaway, Neb.—Mr. and Mrs. Shuman and family. Mr. and Mrs. Shuman were cut and bruised, Miss Ida Shuman, head cut and ear mangled, Miss Nellie Shuman hand cut and bruised, and Mrs. Alice Shuman ear nearly torn off and scalp wounds.

WANT AN EXPRESSION.

President Asked to State His Position on Railroads.

Great pressure is being brought to bear upon President Roosevelt to induce him to make some early, definite public statement regarding the attitude of the administration toward the railroads and financial interests of the country for the purpose of allaying the present feeling of uncertainty.

Numerous conferences have been held at the white house during the past few days between the president and his advisers on the subject and it now seems likely he will not wait until April 26 to discuss the question in his address at the opening of the Jamestown exposition. It is expected that on the occasion of his unveiling the "Rough Rider" monument at the Arlington national cemetery on April 12, he will respond to the clamorous demand of the public for a declaration concerning the two questions, unless he is convinced that the situation demands earlier action.

Marries Daughter of Sweetheart.

When John E. Buoy, of Brunswick, Neb., married the daughter of his boyhood sweetheart recently at Sioux City, Ia., an unusual romance had its climax. Miss Carrie M. Ely, of Millmont, Pa., came to Sioux City for the event. She is twenty-one and her husband fifty-seven. The match was made when, after years of western life, Buoy returned last summer to his old Pennsylvania home.

Fatal Wreck in Mississippi.

A northbound passenger train on the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley railroad was wrecked near Yazoo. Engineer Jerry Knowles, one of the oldest employes of the road, was killed, and three negro passengers were injured.

For a Naval Demonstration.

Negotiations are in progress between Spain and France with the view of arranging for a joint naval demonstration in Moroccan waters in the event of such a step being necessary.

Base Ball Player Takes Poison.

Charles "Chick" Stahl, captain of the Boston, American base ball league, took a fatal dose of carbolic acid at West Baden, Ind., and died within a few minutes. The players of the team are inclined to believe the poisoning was accidental though it is hard to account for such a mistake.

San Francisco Relief Work.

Estimates for relief work in San Francisco during March aggregated \$688,000. One-half of this amount is apportioned to the Red Cross and the other half to the local relief fund.

ILLEGAL FENCING MUST STOP.

Assistant Attorney General to Take Up the Campaign.

Illegal fencing of the public domain must be stopped. The Interior department has issued this ultimatum and Secretary Garfield is taking up the work of Secretary Hitchcock in the prosecution of every piece of land illegally fenced belonging to the public domain throughout the United States, and there is to be no trucking over conditions. Nebraska is not a market for the illegal fencing that has been going on in Wyoming, where millions of acres have been set apart by the men owning cattle and sheep. There will be no let up in bringing offenders to justice.

Assistant Attorney General Bush has been ordered to Wyoming to look after matters relating to the illegal fencing of public lands, and it is expected in Washington that a number of very prominent persons will be indicted by the grand jury because of having used government lands for their own purposes.

WILL FIGHT NEW LAWS.

Insurance Companies Preparing to Contest in Missouri.

W. D. Vandiver, superintendent of the Missouri insurance department, is preparing to enforce the new insurance laws enacted by the last legislature, and some of the foreign insurance companies are preparing to contest some of the new laws. The law which prohibits domestic insurance companies from paying a higher salary than \$25,000 and foreign companies doing business in Missouri from paying more than \$50,000, which law takes effect June 16, will be most vigorously fought by the foreign companies. The Equitable, Prudential and Metropolitan pay higher salaries than the new law will permit, and these three companies are preparing to fight the law in court.

They will have to confine their litigation to the state courts because of another law just enacted which prohibits them from going to the federal courts without the consent of the other party to the suit. This law also becomes effective June 16.

BOLL WEEVIL PEST ACTIVE.

Promises to be Unusually Destructive to Cotton.

The cotton boll weevil will be unusually numerous and destructive this year, according to a report by Mr. W. D. Hunter, in charge of the boll weevil department for the United States department of agriculture. He says:

"The conditions throughout the past winter have been unusually favorable for the hibernation of the boll weevil. The two critical conditions for successful hibernation, temperature and dryness, have been as favorable as they probably ever will be.

"The mild winter and spring is having the effect of causing an unusually early emergence.

"The conditions indicate clearly that weevils will be unusually abundant in the cotton fields and that great damage is to be expected. Some conditions that may occur will have the effect of counteracting the natural result from the present conditions. For instance, dry weather during June and July, after the cotton plants are well started, will serve to check the insect."

BRAWBACK TO IMMIGRATION.

A drawback to immigration in the south is pointed out by Immigration Commissioner Frank P. Sargent, as follows: "There is one thing the people of the south must learn in the handling of immigrants. They must pay better wages or the foreigners will not remain with them. The south is badly in need of agriculturists, but it is not possible for the farmers and planters to keep laborers at a wage of 90 cents to \$1 a day when they can secure \$2 in the north."

GAMBLING MADE A FELONY.

Governor Campbell of Texas, signed the bill making gambling a felony in Texas. The bill provides a penitentiary sentence for any person convicted of gambling, a jail penalty for the owner of any building in which gambling devices are kept and imprisonment for thirty days for any person found guilty of playing cards in a private house for a prize.

M'CLEARY IS SWORN IN.

Former Representative James T. McCleary of Minnesota, was sworn in as second assistant postmaster general in succession to William S. Shallenberger, resigned. The office was held by General Shallenberger for ten years, and he vacated it in order to engage in private business.

INFANT THROWN INTO OCEAN.

Crazed by sickness, Mrs. Filomena Aquilava, a passenger on board the steamer Konig Albert, which arrived in New York from Naples, threw her infant daughter into the sea. The woman tried to follow the infant to death, but was restrained.

RECOGNIZES NEW GOVERNMENT.

Costa Rica has recognized the provisional government of Honduras. The provisional government of Honduras, established February 20, is headed by Maximino Rosales, Miguel Oquell and Ignacio Castro.

RIPE PEACHES, GATHERED MONTHS AHEAD OF TIME.

Ripe peaches, gathered months ahead of time, were picked March 23 in Plaquemine parish, Louisiana. The mildest winter in thirty years was the cause of the early ripening.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Ice trust men of Columbus, O., were fined \$1,000 each.

The Philippine assembly election will be held in July.

Three district shocks of earthquake were felt at Tacoma recently.

An enormous flow of natural gas was struck near Huntsville, Ala.

It is officially announced that it is proposed to consolidate the large independent gypsum interests of the country to fight the United States Gypsum company of Chicago.

H. K. THAW'S FATE

NOW RESTS IN HANDS OF A LUNACY COMMISSION.

JUDGE FITZGERALD NAMES THREE

Defense Was Not Prepared for the Ruling, but the Defendant and Counsel Express Satisfaction With Commission.

Harry K. Thaw may never again face the jury empaneled more than nine weeks ago to try him on the charge of murder in the first degree. Justice Fitzgerald has ordered a commission in lunacy to inquire into the present state of mind of Stanford White's slayer. The decision of the three disinterested men named to conduct the inquiry will guide the future action of the court as to ordering Thaw to an asylum or directing that the trial shall proceed. Justice Fitzgerald announced the appointment of the commission privately in his chambers. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw was there with the lawyers, and it became her task to break the news to her husband in the Tombs. Tearful when she left the judge's room in the criminal courts building, the young woman was smiling and cheerful when Thaw was brought to the hospital ward of the prison to meet her. Thaw received the court's decision philosophically and said he had no doubt the commission would declare him a sane man.

Morgan J. O'Brien, a former justice of the appellate division of the supreme court; Peter B. Olney, former district attorney of New York, and a lawyer of high legal attainments, Dr. Leopold Putzler, a practicing physician and authority on mental disorders, are the members of the commission.

Former Justice O'Brien is one of the trustees, with Grover Cleveland, of the Hyde stock in the Equitable Life Assurance society, purchased by Thos. F. Ryan just prior to the insurance investigation. When he was a candidate for re-election to the bench in 1901, as a democrat, Justice O'Brien was unopposed.

Before being elected district attorney for New York county in 1883 Mr. Olney had been a member with William C. Whitney of the committee appointed in 1879 to revise the laws of the state affecting public interests in New York. He is a graduate of Harvard.

Dr. Putzler is a graduate of Bellevue hospital medical school and has had a long experience in that institution. He is qualified before the state medical board as an examiner in lunacy.

Thaw's lawyers express their satisfaction with the personnel of the lunacy commission. The jury was excused indefinitely.

MAY SOON CALL ELECTION.

President Authorizes It on Conditions in Philippines.

The Philippine commission has been instructed by cable to inform President Roosevelt whether a condition of general and complete peace, with recognition of the authority in all that portion of the archipelago not inhabited by Moros or other non-Christian tribes, for the past two years. If the answer is in the affirmative the president will direct the commission to call a general election on July 1 next for the choice of delegates to the first popular assembly of the people of the Philippine islands. The proposed assembly, consisting of two houses, the upper composed of the Philippine commission and the lower of the delegates to be elected, will take over all the legislative power now exercised by the Philippine commission alone. Under an act of congress none of the members of the non-Christian tribes can participate in the elections.

FATAL ARMY TAKES PLACE AT MUSKOGEE, INDIAN TERRITORY.

As the result of a battle between federal authorities and members of the "united socialists" club, a society of negro fanatics bearing commissions from a Cincinnati detective association, at Muskogee, I. T., a deputy marshal, John Coffield, was seriously shot; Guy Fischer, white, was wounded; three negroes were killed and two more shot while serving a writ of ejectment on the members of the society, who had taken possession of a house, refusing to pay rent or move, declaring that their authority was higher than that of the United States. The entire city and marshal's forces were called out and attacked the house in which the negroes were barricaded, killing three. There is no fear of a race riot. The other negroes uphold the officers' action.

DEFEAT FOR PENALTY.

A letter received by the Venezuelan consul from Caracas, says that Gen. Juan Pablo Penasco, who was reported early in the month to have started a serious rebellion in the state of Tachira, Venezuela, has been defeated.

DECLINES THE OFFICE.

Benjamin M. Ausherman, recently confirmed by the senate as United States attorney for the district of Wyoming has declined the office, preferring not to give up his private practice.

GRANTS HABEAS CORPUS WRIT.

Judge Childress, of the second circuit court, granted writs of habeas corpus in the case of the mayor and members of the city council of Nashville, Tenn., who were charged with contempt of the legislature and ordered to appear before the legislative assembly.

BOMB THROWN AT GOVERNOR.

A bomb was thrown at Governor General Bogalowski at Bialystok, Russia, while he was out driving. The governor general was not injured.

Ord Quiz

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. O. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, NEBRASKA.
Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If unpaid year after year, \$2.

Advertising Rates.

| | Wk | Mo | Year |
|------------------------------|-----|------|-------|
| Less than 5 inches, per inch | .25 | .75 | 6.00 |
| 5 to 10 inches, per inch | .30 | .90 | 7.50 |
| 10 to 15 inches, per inch | .35 | 1.05 | 9.00 |
| 15 to 20 inches, per inch | .40 | 1.20 | 10.50 |
| 20 to 25 inches, per inch | .45 | 1.35 | 12.00 |

A month is four insertions.
Want locals 5 cents a line.
Regular locals 10 cents a line.
Black locals 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin or end at any time. Notice to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All subscriptions are received with the express understanding that the subscription may continue until the subscriber notifies the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

National Capitol News.

If "Uncle Joe" Cannon has his way, these will be no tariff revision in the sixtieth congress. The speaker is one of the very few men who dare to "lock horns" with the president on any question of public policy, but it is well known that he is irrevocably opposed to any tinkering with the schedules. He spent some time at the White House one morning this week, and so interesting was the conference that he remained to luncheon with the president, along with Secretary Taft and Representative Longworth. As he was leaving the White House he declared emphatically that not one word about Ohio politics was uttered, nor was the question of the Roosevelt succession touched upon at all. Speaker Cannon said, when asked whether he had been converted to President Roosevelt's well known beliefs that there should be tariff revision: "It is too early to talk about what the sixtieth congress will do at its first session. However, you must bear in mind that the congressional campaign last fall was fought on three distinct issues: First, the record of President Roosevelt; second, the enforcement of the laws; and, third, 'let well enough alone.' Far be it from me to say that the last was the least important."

"Uncle Joe" is still in town, but next week will visit the home of his infancy, North Carolina. He will go to Guilford county, where he was born 71 years ago, and he expects to make a speech to the students of Guilford College. There are many who see clever politics in this and who prophesy that the North Carolina delegation will be dangling at the speaker's belt for use in the convention of 1908.

Three western men were appointed this week by the President to be official visitors at the Naval Academy. The announcement was made by Secretary of the Navy Metcalf, and the men are John J. Healy, state's attorney's office, Chicago; F. W. Henshaw, supreme court, San Francisco; and William O. Jones, editor State Journal Lincoln, Nebraska. Representative Hinshaw of Nebraska, is one of the congressional members of the visiting board, having been appointed by the speaker of the house before the adjournment of the fifty-ninth congress.

In his trip down the Mississippi river early in October, President Roosevelt will make stops in only four states. According to his itinerary he will embark at some place in Iowa, not yet determined upon, and will stop on the way down at St. Louis, Cairo and Memphis. Altho' the Mississippi washes a small portion of the shore of Kentucky, the stop at Cairo will practically be tantamount to visiting the Blue Grass State, for it is just across the river from Paducah and easily reached by Kentuckians via the Ohio river. Memphis is similarly situated, being on the Mississippi river and easily accessible to the people of Arkansas. The trip will be made with the Inland Waterways Commission and the members of the Lakes-to-the-Gulf Deep Waterway Association. After his address before

the deep waterway convention at Memphis, it is said the president will come directly to Washington without stopping anywhere en route. The National Rivers & Harbors congress is looking forward to the coming trip with deep interest. This organization's headquarters is in Cincinnati, and its secretary, Captain J. F. Ellison, is making strenuous endeavors to build up its already great membership in the Middle West and South, in order that there may be a well-defined and powerful sentiment in favor of waterway developments which to impress President Roosevelt on his voyage down the stream. The officials and directors of the National Rivers & Harbors congress are well and favorably known to Mr. Roosevelt and his administration, the president of the organization being Joseph E. Ransdell, of Louisiana, who is a member of the Rivers and Harbors committee of the house, and is one of the best informed men in the country on the subject of waterways development.

The Class of '07.
Last night at the Wentworth hall the high school graduates had the right of way, and the house was filled with interested listeners to enjoy the occasion.

The class consists of the following members: Grace Aldrich, Mollie Francis Hawkins, Lelia Moorman, Ethel Eleanor Newbecker, Jessie M. Potter, David H. Squires, Leta E. Turner, Grace Diantha Work.

Each member of the class delivered an oration and each presented a strong production well delivered. Miss Work had the class history and presented that feature in a unique manner. In addition to telling the history of the class in her characteristic way she added greatly to the enjoyment of the story by her charcoal sketches.

While the class is strong in the literary way they were not much on singing, though their original songs were hits indeed. Superintendent Howe had warned the public not to applaud but after their first original song, sung by the girls and, the applause was forth-coming in encores and in response the girls came back at us with a song on "Davy", the only boy in the class.

Mrs. Walter Bundy went to Scotia on a visit yesterday.

If you are interested in air pressure water systems see Honnold Bros.

Miss Freda Rhodes of Eugene, Oregon, favors The Quiz with an announcement of the graduation exercises of the high school of that city, she being one of the sweet girls. Valley county people will easily remember the Rhodes' s who went there from here a few years ago.

A petition for referendum was filed with City Clerk Shirley yesterday asking that the recent street lighting contract made by the city council with the Loup Valley Electric Company be submitted to a vote of the people. The petition had room on for an even one hundred names, which places were all filled. Not a dozen people refused to sign the paper, the almost universal expression being that the council did wrong to try to tie the city up for five years on any kind of a proposition of this class. The request was not made for a special election so the proposition will go over till the spring election unless the council, unless at the request of Mr. Crawford, a special election be called.

The special train over the Union Pacific carrying the members of the Lincoln Commercial Club on their junketing tour over the state arrived in the city Wednesday afternoon about three thirty o'clock. About sixty five members of the commercial organization were on board the train each one representing one of Lincoln's wholesale houses. Upon their arrival in the city, headed by a band which they carried along with them, they marched up town and around the square. Each member carried an umbrella of gorgeous colorings and all in all they created a very favorable impression. Following the parade they disbanded, the band giving

an open air concert in the band stand while the different members of the organization circulated about town to meet their customers and shake hands with their friends. The train remained in town just one hour and left here enroute for Loup City where they were billed to stay all night.

Ida Items.
J. M. Craig went to Ord Saturday on the passenger.

Arthur Butts left Friday morning for a short visit with relatives in Missouri.

Arthur and James Craig visited at the Meyers home Sunday.

Maude Jackson has been on the sick list this week.

Anna Dubois, who is working for Mrs. Craig, is spending the week at home.

Mrs. Goodenow and Mrs. Butts visited Mrs. Brockus in Burwell Tuesday night.

Stella Sharp, who has been attending school in Burwell, is home for her summer's vacation.

W. A. Harding of Ord was in this vicinity Saturday.

Mrs. W. D. Hart and children drove to Burwell Tuesday afternoon.

Ord Market Top—Prices

Wheat, spring 70c, winter 70c
Barley 38c.
Rye, 48c.
Oats, 34c.
Corn, 32c.
Popcorn, \$1.50
Potatoes, 80c
Butter, 17c.
Eggs, 11c
Hens, 7c.
Hogs, \$5.80

A SNAKE INCIDENT.

The Boy Was Scared, but Had No Reason For Fright.

I stooped to pass under an overhanging limb and found that I had planted my feet on either side of an ugly looking blacksnake about five feet long, says a writer in Forest and Stream. I knew instantly that the snake was harmless, but a crouching tiger, famished and ferocious, could not have startled me more.

The path was on a steep hillside, sheer ascent and descent on each side, the boy was behind me, and the head and most of the snake's body in front, so straight up was my only line of retreat, and to the very best of my ability I pursued it. I will not attempt to state how high I jumped, nor will I stand for the boy's statement that it was "most out of sight," but I can truthfully say that I jumped just as high as I could and stayed up as long as I could.

The snake sprang into the air at the same time—not trying to strike, but evidently surprised and startled—and when compelled to return to the earth we were about in our original positions. Without a moment's hesitation I jumped again, as did the snake.

With the next jump I combined a kick, which landed and spoiled the snake's jump, and, coming down just right, set my heel with full weight upon it, causing it to thrash about desperately for an instant and then beat a hasty retreat. Straight down the path toward the boy it went with wide sweeps. I could not shoot it without endangering him and could only call out reassuringly: "Stand still. It won't hurt you."

The distance was not over twenty-five feet, and it took but an instant for the snake to cover it. I hoped it would turn aside from the path before reaching the boy, but apparently it had no such intention.

Just as it reached the little fellow—standing wide eyed and motionless—it swerved very slightly to one side. But the quarters were too close. With a yell all out of proportion to his size the boy sprang for a sapling growing near at hand and ran up it like a squirrel. As his feet cleared the path I sent a load of shot into the snake, raking it fore and aft, and, although I deprecate the killing of all harmless serpents, I have not yet felt regret for this one.

A Hard Head.
When Farragut ran the gantlet of Forts Jackson and St. Philip, below New Orleans, the little gunboat Cayuga went in the lead and was everywhere in the thick of the fighting. A colored boy of the crew was passing powder when a spent grape-shot struck a casting near him, splattered and flew in many directions. One piece hit him on the thickest part of his forehead, says the author of "A Sailor of Fortune," and dropped to the deck.

He picked it up nonchalantly, put it in his pocket and kept at work. When the fight was over and the members of the crew were bragging this boy, who was not over fourteen, stepped up to some of them and pulled the grape-shot from his pocket.

"You hush!" he said to the boasters. "Dat shot done hit me on de head an' broke in two! Dere's de shot an' dere's de place it hit me. You can see foh you'self!"—Youth's Companion.

THE RAINBOW COLORS.

See How Many You Can Distinguish and What They Are.

How many colors are there in the rainbow, or, what is the same thing, how many can one make out in the light that has come through a diamond, a piece of cut glass or the beveled edge of a mirror? The books, of course, say seven. But how many people really do see three different shades of blue as distinct on one side of the green as are the red, orange and yellow on the other? By no means everybody, we may be sure, although, on the other hand, it is known that certain sorts of ants, when they look at the rainbow, see only the sky where we see the red band, while, to make up for it, they see next to the violet, on the other side of the bow, one or two colors invisible to us.

Now, if there are rainbow colors which men do not see at all, and if some people make out only six colors where others distinguish seven, because they are blind to one of the three shades of blue, one might guess that there would be people somewhere in the world who would be able to find no more than five different colors or perhaps only four. There really is reason for thinking that this is the case. The early Greeks had no word for blue, and Gladstone always maintained that it was because they could not see blue. Moreover, it seems to be a general rule that where a language does not have words for red, yellow, green and blue the blue is always the one to be lacking, and travelers among the savage tribes in the interior of Borneo have reported them to be blue blind.

There are scientists who hold that ages ago men could see in the rainbow only red, orange, yellow and green, and that gradually, as they have progressed in other respects, they have added first greenish blue, then indigo, only lately violet, and will by and by add others still. As I write the sun, shining through the corner of my ink well, throws rainbow tints on the wall paper. I can distinguish only six colors, but I am an old fogey. You young people should be able to find seven. Can any of you get a hint of the eighth, which some day perhaps everybody will be able to see?—New York Herald.

Points About the Pulse.

The normal pulse has a wide range, but is always faster in females than males and steadily declines from birth to death. Eminent physicians have thought it possible to tell a person's sex and age from the pulse alone.

The average rate at birth is 160 beats a minute in girls and 150 in boys; at the age of four or five, 110 and 100; in maidens and youths, 95 and 90; in mature women and men, 80 and 75, and in elderly women and men, 60 and 50. In one recorded case the pulse of a healthy man of eighty-seven was only thirty a minute. The pulse varies with stature, position of body, exercise and health, and in disease it has been known to fall to fourteen a minute.—Chicago Journal.

Epitaph of Man Stung to Death.

Among the many curious inscriptions that are to be found on the tombstones that mark the last resting place of some of the early pioneers of the town of Manchester one of the most curious is in what is known as the old Greenhouse cemetery on a tombstone erected in 1814 to the memory of Timothy Ryan. On May 12, 1814, he was attacked by his bees and stung to death. The following epitaph appears on his tombstone:

A thousand ways out short our days,
None is exempt from death.
A honeybee by stinging me,
Did stop my mortal breath.
This grave contains the last remains
Of my frail house of clay;
My soul is gone, not to return,
To one eternal day.

Knew What Would Happen.

A southern lawyer tells of a case that came to him at the outset of his career wherein his principal witness was a darkey named Jackson, supposed to have knowledge of certain transactions not at all to the credit of his employer, the defendant.

"Now, Jackson," said the lawyer, "I want you to understand the importance of telling the truth when you are put on the stand. You know what will happen, don't you, if you don't tell the truth?"

"Yassir," was Jackson's reply. "In dat case I expects our side will win de case."—Kansas City Independent.

The Brute.

"What am I going to do, Harold?" called out a woman from the window of an apartment house to her husband, who stood on the stoop lighting his cigarette. "What shall I say to the landlord? He's coming around this afternoon for the last time, and you know it."

"I will leave it to you, my dear," Harold replied blandly. "If you can bluff him as well as you do me, you're all right."—New York Press.

SMYRNA CARPETS.

Where They Are Woven and How They Are Transported.

The celebrated "Smyrna carpet" is not made in Smyrna. It is a product of the vilayet of Aidin, of which Smyrna is the capital. The chief places of manufacture are the villages of Uschak, Koule, Ghiardis, Makri, Melessos, Kirkagatsch, Axar and Demirdji. The industry gives employment to thousands of needy people, especially women, who are obliged to do the work almost entirely, while the men spend their time in the coffee houses drinking strong coffee and smoking numberless cigarettes, all in true oriental fashion. Little girls are compelled to take up the work early, at seven or ten years of age at the latest, and they keep at it unceasingly until they go to their graves.

The market for the wools is held every Thursday from dawn to sunset in the bazaar of Uschak, which is then filled with purchasers, who have arrived on buffaloes, camels, donkeys and other picturesque beasts of burden. The spun wools are not dyed by the weavers themselves, but by special dyers. More than 3,000 female weavers are employed at Uschak in the preparation of carpets. The operators are generally members of the same family, but there are a number of girls who earn about 6 to 7 cents per day. The Ghiardis carpets are generally smaller than those of Uschak. Very fine prayer carpets, closely woven and of harmonious colors, are produced in imitation of the Persian carpets.

The carpets are made into bales of 280 pounds each and covered with goatskins. The caravans pass the night in the open country at the foot of some hill, the drivers under tents and the camels and their loads in the open air. Very large carpets, too heavy to be packed, are folded and thrown across the backs of the camels in the form of a covering. When the carpets arrive in Smyrna they are spread out, beaten, broomed and repacked in bales weighing 500 to 600 pounds each for exportation.—Consular Report.

Dreaming a Winner.

I dare say that every year one or more people dream of the Derby winner, because thousands of people are guessing in their dreams, and two or three guess right. Take the Favonius case. A man came to an acquaintance of mine and said, "What is the Latin for the southwest wind?" "Favonius," said my friend. "That's the name," said the other. "I dreamed last night that Favonius won the Derby, but I could only remember that southwest wind was the English of the word when I awoke." There was no Favonius in the list of horses, but on reaching the race course the men found that the Zephyr colt had been newly named Favonius. Probably the name Zephyr (west wind) colt had been converted into Favonius (southwest wind) in the sleeping mind of the dreamer, though when awake he could not remember the Latin word for southwest wind. Favonius won. The dream was a good guess, no more.—Independent.

Seats in a Train.

"Why do the seats on the right hand side of a car almost always fill up before those on the left?" inquired a man on board a local suburban train just before it pulled out of the station the other evening. "I've been taking this trip for the past three months now, and I've noticed the tendency to favor the right side without finding out the reason." Two other men of the same party gave it up as a conundrum, though they admitted it as a fact. They asked the conductor when he came through. "Well," said the old and experienced railroader, "when people aren't guided in their choice of seats by a desire to get away from the sun they are apt to think of collisions and accidents, and their first thought is not to be on the side nearest the track for trains going the other way, so that if anything happens on that track they won't get a side swipe."—Philadelphia Record.

Anxious to Oblige.

The manager of a telephone exchange recently gave employment as an operator to a young woman whose previous employment had been in a department store. The girl seemed so bright and willing and possessed such a clear and distinct voice that the manager resolved to give her a trial.

The newcomer, who was all amiability and willingness, rapidly learned her new duties, but one day an incident occurred that betrayed her department store training.

In answer to a ring she had asked sweetly, "Number, please?"

"Let me have 325," said the patron.

"I am sorry that 325 is busy just now," said the girl, "but I can let you have 323 or 326."—New York Herald.

Death to Dandelions

Thistles, Plantains and other noxious weeds.

We guarantee to clear your lawn of DANDELIONS or any other of the above named unsightly weeds by KILLING them.

Who would not be glad to have a pretty lawn FREE of the above weeds?

Then try us.

BAILEY & DETWEILER

We are again ready to serve you at our

Fountain

and serve you better than ever before. All the delicious old stand-dys and some new drinks.

We endeavor to tickle your palate, and make you want to come again.

Our fruit juices are the best that we can buy.

Our crushed fruits are as near like the fresh fruits as they can be.

Our ice cream is the rich, real cream kind that is so satisfying.

Everything is handled with a scrupulous regard to cleanliness.

In fact, if you visit our fountain once we know we will have the pleasure of serving you many times during the summer. We hope you will make the first call soon.

Johnson Drug Co.

West Side of Square

Recalled to Duty.

One word to the purpose will often turn the tide on the field of battle. At the affair of Friedland General Rapp became aware, that one of his regiments had been thrown into disorder by the galling fire of the enemy's artillery. He rushed at once into the midst of the fugitives.

"Who are you?" he cried.

"The Seventy-first regiment," answered a voice.

"What!" exclaimed the general. "The Seventy-first regiment, and you give away a single step?"

The suggestion of personal responsibility and of past achievement was too much. The ranks formed again on the instant, they marched upon the guns by which they had been assailed and in a few minutes had possession of them.

A Question in Grammar.

The superintendent of a school in Vermont when making the rounds of his schools put the following question to a scholar:

"How do you parse 'Mary milked the cow'?"

Pupil—Cow is a noun, feminine gender, singular number, third person and stands for Mary.

"Stands for Mary?" exclaimed the superintendent. "How do you make that out?"

"Because," replied the pupil, "if the cow didn't stand for Mary, how could Mary milk her?"

A Waste of Good English.

Bobby's mother was often distressed by her small son's lapses from correct speech, all the more because his reports from school were always so good.

"Bobby," she said plaintively one day, "why do you keep telling Major to 'set up' when you know 'sit up' is what you should say?"

"Oh, well, mother," Bobby answered hastily, "of course I have lots of grammar, but I don't like to waste it on Major when he doesn't know the difference, being a dog."

Have Your Law Work Done Right

Wills
Deeds
Contracts
Leases
Settlement of Estates
Collections
Legal Advice
Law Suits
Farm Loans
Real Estate

Herman E. Oleson
Attorney and Counselor at Law
ORD, NEBRASKA

Office in Court House
Office phone No. 2, res. No. 40.

Quiz 1 year - 1.50
Nebraska Farmer 1 year - 1.00
\$2.50
Subscribe to-day and get both \$1.50 papers for the price of one

Charles Edward Sells an Invention

By Harrison Rhodes

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

When the Austins are in a mood to invite confidences most men tell their troubles at once. It was only the shortest time after Turner, the inventor, had been lunching with Charles Edward Austin and his wife, Lady Angela, that he was engaged in a somewhat long account of his experiments in artificial refrigeration.

Turner had perfected what one may describe briefly as an ice-making machine of great efficiency. Turner's invention enabled one, with a trifling expenditure of money and trouble to carry the inestimable comforts of cool drinks and of healthful and fresh food everywhere.

"This is no longer experimental?" inquired Charles Edward. "You can really do this?"

"Yes," said Turner. "But what I don't understand," continued Charles Edward, "is why I find you saying you're down on your luck. You ought to be within fifteen or twenty minutes, the richest man living."

"Oh, I don't know," murmured Turner. "I don't understand anything about business. And I thought my invention would be so splendid for the army."

"Wonderful for field hospitals," said Lady Angela.

"Yes," assented Turner, brightening, "and so I've been trying to sell the whole thing to the government. But it's no good. I thought I had better not sell my patent altogether, so I offered to sell the government for five years the right to make my machine for the use of the army, for—" and he hesitated—"for fifteen hundred dollars."

Charles Edward turned to the inventor.

"Your machine is worth fifteen thousand, well worth it, isn't it?"

"Yes, I suppose it really is."

"Then, why," pursued Charles Edward, "when you only ask fifteen hundred do you expect the war department will ever think it worth more?"

"You may take it from me," he went on—"that if you offer a thing for less than its worth no one will believe it is worth anything. No one will trust it, no one will believe it is genuine. Why, I dare say I might go up to the capitol and offer to every one who came along—"

Charles Edward stopped with extraordinary abruptness and his eye gleamed. Lady Angela leaned forward.

"Well," said Charles Edward at length with the utmost calm, "to-morrow upon the steps of the capitol will publicly prove all that I have just been saying, and I trust end in selling your invention to the war department for a reasonable price."

At about 11 the next morning a western member, hurrying to an appointment for which he was already late, descended the steps of the capitol two at a time. Half way down he was stopped by a young gentleman who had been standing contemplatively in the sun.

"I beg your pardon," began the stranger, in a tone at once confidential and confident, putting his hand upon the legislator's arm.

"I'm sorry," broke in the congressman, "but I can't give you a moment. If you want an interview come to the Ebbitt house to-night about nine and ask for me."

"That would be delightful," said the young man. "But I don't know who you are."

"Don't know who I am! Then why the dickens have you stopped me?"

"I wished to propose to you," was the response, "that you should buy this twenty dollar gold piece for five dollars. Will you buy?"

"Do you take me for a fool?"

"No, naturally you wouldn't buy it at this price. You don't believe it's good. Neither do the people in the war department."

"Have you been trying to sell twenty dollar gold pieces to them for five dollars?"

"Not exactly," said Charles Edward, "but a friend of mine has been doing what amounts to the same thing."

"Is your friend as mad as you are?" he asked at last, surprised at himself for putting the question so seriously.

"There is more method in my madness. You stay and watch if you like. No one will buy from me."

"Hi, there, Joe!" shouted the western member as if in response to this. A fat man with a red tuft on his chin turned and came towards them.

"Here's a good thing for you, Joe," continued his friend. "Twenty dollars for five."

The newcomer's comment was in almost too picturesque and extravagant language, yet the would-be salesman did not seem downcast.

"This story," remarked the representative of a Metropolitan Journal who had just joined the crowd, "with care, can be made a warm one. Would you as soon as not," he asked Charles Edward, "try it once again, just to let me see the game?"

"I might, I suppose," was the response, not too enthusiastically given.

"Well, here comes somebody, and she's a 'corcker,' too," exclaimed the journalist, espousing Lady Angela.

"Madame, I offer you a most unparalleled opportunity of behaving discreetly," he would have liked to say—"of purchasing a five dollar gold piece for a dollar," he said instead.

He went no further, for the young woman clasped her hands together in an apparent ecstasy of innocence and rapture.

"Oh, I should just love to," she said. "I hope it is a 'good thing.' Is it? It looks very funny to me somehow."

Everyone started. This then was the explanation of the young man's seeming madness.

Lady Angela again produced a gold piece and looked appealingly at the man around. Moved by chivalry and

by the love of sensation also, they rushed forward to examine the coin.

"It's a bad one, madam, if ever there was," said a reporter with red hair.

"I think it's horrid of him," complained the young woman, turning an accusing face upon Charles Edward.

"What ought I to do," she asked of the red-haired gentleman who seemed so markedly sympathetic.

"Arrest him of course," and he bounded away towards the policeman at the top of the capitol steps.

At this point he was interrupted by a stalwart blue arm laid upon his own.

Charles Edward has a generous spirit and he would be the first to admit that his wife's intervention had given to the whole affair a publicity beyond anything to which his own un-

aided efforts could have attained. It was a sheer delight to read the headlines:

Member of Smart New York Society Arrested for passing Counterfeit money

Earl's daughter accuses husband of being blackleg.

As for Washington, the next day it did nothing less than bolt its lunch and precipitate itself upon the dingy police court, where it was understood that the examination was to be held that afternoon.

The appearance in the witness box of Lady Angela, in a mauve costume of Parisian origin, quieted the assembly. But, alas, the witness, in the prettiest, and completest way, broke down in her evidence. Yes, she admitted, she did buy a gold piece from her husband, paying him a silver dollar.

"And he gave you this coin, now in the possession of the police?"

"Well," said Lady Angela, "that's just what, now I think of it, I can't be sure of at all. You see I put it at once into this purse," and she held up a network article for inspection; "there were a good many other gold coins there. They may have got mixed up."

"Then you have no idea how you came to have this coin?"

"I cannot possibly tell," replied Lady Angela, evading the question and the necessity of lying at one and the same moment.

It was evident Charles Edward must be acquitted. There it was. But the judge experienced a pardonable curiosity to know the reason of the prisoner's behavior.

"Let me tell you, then," cried Charles Edward enthusiastically—and did so. An enunciation of a great moral truth, such a description of Turner's portable ice machine as in the overheated atmosphere of the courtroom moved everyone.

At first, it must be confessed, the incongruity and humor of the whole thing were what chiefly struck the people. Then the representatives of the press regained headway, as it were. Turner, being at hand, was interviewed at length. Then they descended upon the secretary of war. Somewhat confused, that gentleman admitted that he had heard nothing of the Turner machine, that it was doubtless being investigated, that he would himself personally see that it was so investigated.

"He had better," was succinctly put, the editorial comment everywhere next day.

Charles Edward's photograph appeared in sixteen weeklies and in two hundred and fifteen dailies. A leading merchant in New York put on sale the "Lady Austin Dust Cloak." And on the fourth day the department of war offered Turner twenty thousand dollars for his invention.

A DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

Pallid and trembling, the grief-stricken wife met her husband at the door.

"She is gone!" came the wail from her set lips.

The man's face blanched, and he reeled as if from a heavy blow. Half dazed, he sank into a chair.

"Gone!" he echoed, vaguely.

"Gone!" repeated the wife, with a brave effort at self-control. "Oh, what shall I do without her? I had learned to lean upon her so, she was so much to me, and now—"

Her courage forsook her quite, and she burst into tears.

Her husband drew her to him.

"Don't weep, dear heart," he said, tenderly. "Tell me about it. I had feared that it might happen, but this blow has fallen so suddenly."

The wife raised her head and her eyes flashed fire.

"How did it happen?" she reiterated, in a changed voice. "Why, that cat of a Mrs. Jenkins offered her six dollars a week, and no washing or ironing. So, of course, Bridget jumped at it, and left us without notice!"

"There's a reason."

English Women Good Shots.

Women who have recently joined the Wandsworth (England) Rifle club have proved so expert in the use of the rifle that scores of 35 out of a "highest possible" of 40 have frequently been recorded. The club committee is desirous of securing other women sharpshooters in order to arrange a match between the women and men.

FIGURES OF A CROP IN WESTERN CANADA.

How a Swan River Settler Has Succeeded.

Benito, Manitoba, Nov. 26, 1906.

At Swan River Valley, in May, 1900, a settler took up a homestead on Section 30, in Township 34, Range 29 West of the First Meridian, at that time 50 miles from a railway, featuring a school or church. There is now a railway within two miles of my farm, and all these other advantages close at hand. His story is:

"After making my homestead entry fee of \$10 I had \$45.00 total (forty-five dollars) capital. Through doing homestead duties in slack times of the year, I managed to get a start. I am a married man of 28 years of age.

"I built my first house, or shack, and broke up 8 acres, putting five acres in crop the first year.

"This year, 1906, I had 80 acres in crop—65 acres in wheat, 20 acres of which yielded 850 bushels, or 42½ bushels per acre; 15 acres of oats, which yielded 355 bushels, and one stack of oats in sheaf for feed.

"Receipts for the year—

Sold 1,755 bu. of wheat for...\$1,037.10

In granary, 110 bushels..... 71.50

In granary, 355 bu. oats..... 88.75

Garden roots and vegetables..... 25.00

One stack of oats in sheaf..... 50.00

Total.....\$1,272.35

Expenses of year—

Blue stone for seed.....\$ 1.00

Paid for binder twine..... 36.00

Paid for hired help..... 120.00

Paid for threshing..... 107.00

Total.....\$ 258.00

Receipts.....\$1,272.35

Expenses..... 258.00

Balance.....\$1,014.35

Assets.

160 acres of land valued at.....\$2,500.00

Frame house 20x26, valued at..... 600.00

Farm implements..... 425.00

1 team horses and harness..... 400.00

5 head young cattle..... 75.00

2 hogs..... 15.00

Receipts of this year's crop..... 1,015.75

Total.....\$5,030.75

Liabilities.

Loan on farm..... 500.00

Balance to my good.....\$4,530.75

Particulars as to how to secure low railway rates to the free homestead lands of Western Canada may be secured from any Canadian Government Agent.

Home of the Icebergs.

Almost all the icebergs seen in the north Atlantic during June are products of the coast of Labrador, formed from the ice fields that had filled the indentations of that coast the previous winter. July's icebergs come from further north in the vicinity of Baffin Land, those of August come from still further north, and though fewer in number than those of the earlier summer, are larger in individuality. From the coast of Labrador may be seen an endless procession of these ice mountains coming out of the north and taking their way majestically southward until they lose their being in the warmer waters and climate of the south Atlantic.—Maine Journal.

FURIOUS HUMOR ON CHILD.

Itching, Bleeding Sores Covered Body—Nothing Helped Her—Cuticura Cures Her in Five Days.

"After my granddaughter of about seven years had been cured of the measles, she was attacked about a fortnight later by a furious itching and painful eruption all over her body, especially the upper part of it, forming watery and bleeding sores, especially under the arms, of considerable size. She suffered a great deal and for three weeks we nursed her every night, using all the remedies we could think of. Nothing would help. We tried the Cuticura Remedies and after twenty-four hours we noted considerable improvement, and after using only one complete set of the Cuticura Remedies, in five consecutive days the little one, much to our joy, had been entirely cured, and has been well for a long time. Mrs. F. Ruefenacht, R. F. D. No. 3, Bakersfield, Cal., June 25 and July 20, 1906."

We must not care for the length of life, but for a life sufficient for our duties. Life is long if it is full, but it is full when the soul hath completed its development and hath shown all its latent powers.—Seneca.

Garfield Tea is for those who desire an ideal laxative; it is simple, pure, mild and potent; it regulates the liver and kidneys, overcomes constipation, and brings Good Health. It is guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drug Law.

People seldom improve, when they have no other model but themselves to copy after.—Goldsmith.

Lewis' Single Binder Cigar has a rich taste. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Nothing is impossible to the man who can will.—Emerson.

A FRIENDLY GROCER.

Dropped a Valuable Hint About Coffee.

"For about eight years," writes a Mich. woman, "I suffered from nervousness—part of the time down in bed with nervous prostration.

"Sometimes I would get numb and it would be almost impossible for me to speak for a spell. At others, I would have severe bilious attacks, and my heart would flutter faintly when I would walk fast or sweep.

"I have taken enough medicine to start a small drug store, without any benefit. One evening my grocer was asking husband how I was and he urged that I quit coffee and use Postum, so he brought home a pkg. and I made it according to directions and we were both delighted with it.

"So we quit coffee altogether and used only Postum. I began to get better in a month's time and look like another person, the color came back to my cheeks, I began to sleep well, my appetite was good and I commenced to take on flesh and become interested in everything about the house.

"Finally I was able to do all my own work without the least sign of my old trouble. I am so thankful for the little book, 'The Road to Wellville.' It has done me so much good. I haven't taken medicine of any kind for six months and don't need any.

"A friend of ours who did not like Postum as she made it, liked mine, and when she learned to boil it long enough, her's was as good as mine. It's easy if you follow directions." Name given by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, 'The Road to Wellville,' in pkgs. "There's a reason."

English Women Good Shots.

Women who have recently joined the Wandsworth (England) Rifle club have proved so expert in the use of the rifle that scores of 35 out of a "highest possible" of 40 have frequently been recorded. The club committee is desirous of securing other women sharpshooters in order to arrange a match between the women and men.

FIGURES OF A CROP IN WESTERN CANADA.

How a Swan River Settler Has Succeeded.

Benito, Manitoba, Nov. 26, 1906.

At Swan River Valley, in May, 1900, a settler took up a homestead on Section 30, in Township 34, Range 29 West of the First Meridian, at that time 50 miles from a railway, featuring a school or church. There is now a railway within two miles of my farm, and all these other advantages close at hand. His story is:

"After making my homestead entry fee of \$10 I had \$45.00 total (forty-five dollars) capital. Through doing homestead duties in slack times of the year, I managed to get a start. I am a married man of 28 years of age.

"I built my first house, or shack, and broke up 8 acres, putting five acres in crop the first year.

"This year, 1906, I had 80 acres in crop—65 acres in wheat, 20 acres of which yielded 850 bushels, or 42½ bushels per acre; 15 acres of oats, which yielded 355 bushels, and one stack of oats in sheaf for feed.

"Receipts for the year—

Sold 1,755 bu. of wheat for...\$1,037.10

In granary, 110 bushels..... 71.50

In granary, 355 bu. oats..... 88.75

Garden roots and vegetables..... 25.00

One stack of oats in sheaf..... 50.00

Total.....\$1,272.35

Expenses of year—

Blue stone for seed.....\$ 1.00

Paid for binder twine..... 36.00

Paid for hired help..... 120.00

Paid for threshing..... 107.00

Total.....\$ 258.00

Receipts.....\$1,272.35

Expenses..... 258.00

Balance.....\$1,014.35

Assets.

160 acres of land valued at.....\$2,500.00

Frame house 20x26, valued at..... 600.00

Farm implements..... 425.00

1 team horses and harness..... 400.00

5 head young cattle..... 75.00

2 hogs..... 15.00

Receipts of this year's crop..... 1,015.75

Total.....\$5,030.75

Liabilities.

Loan on farm..... 500.00

Balance to my good.....\$4,530.75

Particulars as to how to secure low railway rates to the free homestead lands of Western Canada may be secured from any Canadian Government Agent.

Home of the Icebergs.

Almost all the icebergs seen in the north Atlantic during June are products of the coast of Labrador, formed from the ice fields that had filled the indentations of that coast the previous winter. July's icebergs come from further north in the vicinity of Baffin Land, those of August come from still further north, and though fewer in number than those of the earlier summer, are larger in individuality. From the coast of Labrador may be seen an endless procession of these ice mountains coming out of the north and taking their way majestically southward until they lose their being in the warmer waters and climate of the south Atlantic.—Maine Journal.

FURIOUS HUMOR ON CHILD.

Itching, Bleeding Sores Covered Body—Nothing Helped Her—Cuticura Cures Her in Five Days.

"After my granddaughter of about seven years had been cured of the measles, she was attacked about a fortnight later by a furious itching and painful eruption all over her body, especially the upper part of it, forming watery and bleeding sores, especially under the arms, of considerable size. She suffered a great deal and for three weeks we nursed her every night, using all the remedies we could think of. Nothing would help. We tried the Cuticura Remedies and after twenty-four hours we noted considerable improvement, and after using only one complete set of the Cuticura Remedies, in five consecutive days the little one, much to our joy, had been entirely cured, and has been well for a long time. Mrs. F. Ruefenacht, R. F. D. No. 3, Bakersfield, Cal., June 25 and July 20, 1906."

We must not care for the length of life, but for a life sufficient for our duties. Life is long if it is full, but it is full when the soul hath completed its development and hath shown all its latent powers.—Seneca.

</

The Ord Quiz

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

ORD, NEBRASKA

What Londoners Lack.

London is described as one of the gayest cities in the world. We have practically everything that makes for gaiety, and yet it cannot be said with any degree of honesty that we are as lively as we might be in the circumstances. Among a few folk high spirits prevail, says London Lady's Pictorial. It is certainly not fashionable to be serious, but, speaking generally, we stand sorely in need of more liveliness. If one would take the measurement of liveliness of the average person, it is only necessary to stay a few days in any of our winter resorts and make a study of the conversation of inmates of the hotel and boarding-house. Health will be found to be the chief topic of conversation at one, bridge at another, stocks at another, and the menu at yet another. A joke is rare; it is rarer still that one hears any remark worth remembering, and no one ever appears to be thoroughly determined to have a good time. High spirits are certainly at a discount; the joy of living does not appear to be understood. And yet in good hotels and boarding houses visitors are represented by all classes of society that count. What shall we do to be gay?

One reason why stamps in the future will bear the names of the cities whence they are issued is the difficulty thus put in the way of stamp thieves. At present stamps constitute one of the most readily negotiable forms of plunder obtainable owing, of course, to the universal use of postage stamps and the consequent difficulty of tracing ownership. Even when nearly \$100,000 worth of stamps were stolen from the Chicago post office it was impossible to get clues for detecting the criminal. The United States is not the first country to place the names of the cities of issue on the stamps. Mexico has done it for years, Liberia has the names of five principal towns on the stamps designed for their respective use. But no nation hitherto has entered upon the plan to the extent proposed at Washington. Fully 6,000 cities will be provided with distinctive stamps. In the case of 26 of the largest cities the name of the respective city and state will be engraved as a part of the basic design of the stamp, whereas in the case of the thousands of smaller cities the name will in each instance be printed across the faces of the stamps after they have been impressed in the regular color.

The Kaiser's imperial garage is now a fine, having recently been added to in a most sumptuous manner, says a Berlin correspondent. The new motors are all electric and fitted in the most luxurious manner possible, besides being models of practical equipment. Pale turquoise is the color of the rich upholstery in silk brocade, the walls and four seats of each car being covered with this material. Small takedown tables, wall cupboards, clock and book rests in natural wood and ivory complete the fittings of the imperial carriages. His electromotors are painted ivory white on the inside, with touches of blue and gold, and doors and back panels of the vehicles bear the motto, a particularly appropriate one for motorists, "Gott mit uns," above the imperial crown. The chauffeur's seat is in pale blue leather.

It is interesting to note how rapidly the members of the English royal family are dividing up the spoils of Europe. An English princess is on the throne of Norway; another, Princess Margaret of Connaught, will some day wear the Swedish crown. The daughter of the late Princess Alice, King George's sister, is now the Czarina, the son of the Duke of Albany is Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, the eldest daughter of the Duke of Edinburgh is Crown Princess of Roumania, the Crown Princess of Greece is a daughter of King Edward's eldest sister, while a daughter of Princess Henry of Battenberg is on the Spanish throne.

The agent of a Canadian railway arrived in St. Petersburg not long ago, seeking laborers who were wanted to construct a new transcontinental line. He did not get them, the authorities being of the opinion that it was not desirable that Russian workmen should be brought into close contact with American workmen.

The British Royal Commission says that milk gives you tuberculosis, and Prof. Wiley says whisky coagulates your protoplasm. The other ingredients of the milk punch probably corrugate your diaphragm, so what's the use?

A real service has been rendered by the scientific sharp who discovered that a \$20 gold piece has an odor distinctly its own. Few have been acquainted with one long enough to find it out for themselves.

Excessive use of cigarettes is offered as the extenuating plea of a St. Louis youth arrested for making love over the telephone. Since the Thaw trial began pathological excuses have become the fashion for every sort of prank.

A small table that had been many years in an alms house at Bristol, England, was sent recently with other discarded furniture to an auction room where it was recognized as a Chippendale and sold for \$367.50.

THE AMERICAN HOME

Wm. A. Radford EDITOR

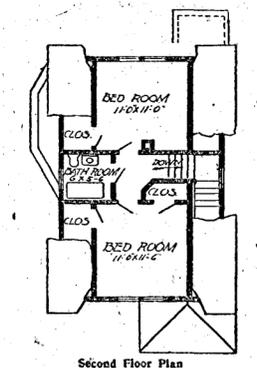
Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 124 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Did you ever get married and start housekeeping in a neat little cottage that you could dress up to your liking and make it look cozy and comfortable? If you never had that pleasure, you will regret your misfortune as soon as you study the possibilities of this little plan, unless you already have it in prospect.

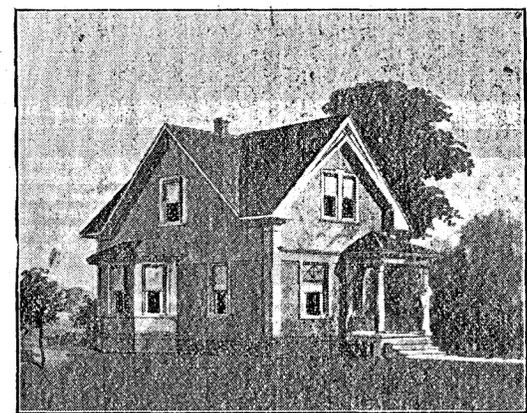
The time was when life in a cottage meant discomfort in two or three rooms that were awkward, badly arranged and bare looking in spite of every effort to make them homelike. There was a shivery bedroom opening off from the kitchen and a squeaky boxed-in stairway which led to the unfinished or rough plastered loft where the other sleeping quarters were found. But women demanded so many changes for the better in small houses that architects have improved them wonderfully in the last ten years. Then have found out how to put lumber and other building materials together to form very pretty five and six room houses, a thing they considered unworthy of their time and ingenuity a few years ago. The fact is, it is much more difficult to make a good little house than to make a good satisfactory big house. The planning of a small house runs into a thousand difficulties, in fact, architects are checkmated about every third move when they try to make a thousand dollar cottage cater to the

another for our mother-in-law and a good comfortable bathroom between. Advantage is taken of the low roof to design several clothes closets. Every girl wants plenty of such accommodations whether she needs them or not. Where you have plenty of storage room of this kind you don't need an attic so they are economical as well as useful.

What an interesting little home this

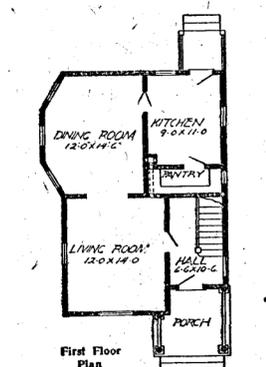


is for young folks to start with. It is not necessary that they should always remain in a little cottage. They may branch out when prosperity smiles if they want to, but in after years, when the silver hairs appear and they have quit romping with the children and playing tag with each other, they will confide the fact



Second Floor Plan

refined and cultivated tastes of girls who have been accustomed to good homes. Formerly love in a cottage meant happiness during warm weather only. At the approach of fall it was necessary to go and visit mamma or hunt up a boarding house. The sympathy of friends followed the young turtle doves into their little suburban seclusion because their friends knew that inconvenience lurked in every corner of the little habitation of four bare walls utterly devoid of artistic beauty and as innocent of modern convenience as the cabins of our forefathers without their redeeming big wood burning fireplaces. But the old time sympathy has changed to new time envy. The girl with a five-room modern cottage has as much comfort, less worry and more time for social duties and fancy-work than the more



First Floor Plan

ambitious young lady who marries an eight or ten-room house with the usual responsibilities. For about \$1,000 this cozy little combination of three rooms downstairs and two bedrooms and a bathroom upstairs may be built in almost any of our smaller cities or towns. The living room, dining-room, and kitchen are perfect in arrangement. They are all large enough for two at all times, with room for company occasionally, and they are light, airy, and may be made very pretty.

Nobody wants a parlor any more, parlors have gone out of date. We want a large pleasant living room that we can decorate with pearl tinted wall and ceiling decorations and furnish with good comfortable everyday conveniences which are good to see and not too good to use. We want a big couch or davenport with at least a dozen pillows of appropriate sizes covered with soft materials in colors to match the other decorations. We want a Morris chair by the window and shelves containing our favorite books in one corner. We like to decorate the walls with pictures that smile back our ideas of cheerfulness. In this room we receive our friends and enjoy our evenings when at home alone together.

We go upstairs from the front hall in a Christian like manner where we have a bedroom for ourselves and

THE LAZIEST MAN ALIVE.

After 29 Years in Bed He is Obligated to Get Up.

What may well be the world's record has been established by a man named James Thompson, who went to bed in 1877 and did not leave it until about a fortnight ago. "The laziest man alive was a term applied to him by the Lurgan guardians, says the London Telegraph.

Thompson, who lives with his mother at Clare, Lurgan, was still a youth when he began his long rest. He was looked after by his mother, and his presence in the house was hardly known to the villagers. He would have remained in bed for the rest of his life in all probability had not a crisis occurred in his domestic affairs.

Mrs. Thompson, who is now 80 years of age, was at that time taken ill, and had to be removed to the Union infirmary. Left helplessly alone, Thompson was compelled to get up. A search was made for the suit which he discarded 29 years ago, but he was unable to dress without assistance. Two neighbors were called in, and the work of squeezing him into the clothes occupied the three men a whole evening. When dressed he was too tired to walk and an ambulance had to be brought to convey him to the Union. He reposed there until his mother was well enough to leave the infirmary, when he followed her home. This time he was compelled to walk, as the guardians refused an ambulance.

The facts of the case came out when the relieving officer applied to the Lurgan guardians for relief for Mrs. Thompson, who has only occasional help from some more energetic sons who have emigrated to Australia. She was allowed 18 pence a week. The recital of the story convulsed the guardians.

RAISES CHICKS IN KITCHEN.

Philadelphia Man Has New and Paving Industry.

Realizing the demand for early chickens and knowing that they command good prices, a West Philadelphia dentist, who is much interested in poultry raising, is trying the novel experiment of raising chickens in his kitchen. He expects to have from 30 to 40 broilers by the first of June, and if they weigh more than two pounds each by that time there will be a good market for them at 50 cents per pound. The doctor, profiting by his experience of last winter, decided to try a new game this year. He set several hens near the furnace in the cellar in January, and one hatched out 19 chicks. As soon as hatched the chickens were taken to the kitchen and placed in a specially constructed cage. He says they need all the room they can have. About the middle of March the chickens can go outside. As the doctor has not lost a single chicken, he is led to believe that he has found a way to raise early chickens, and says he expects to set every hen he has in the cellar next winter. He also intends to enter the duck and goose business on a small scale. A grocer who sells to the best trade has promised to pay every fowl the doctor raises and pay the highest prices.—Philadelphia Record.

Hottest Spot on Earth.

One of the hottest regions of the earth is along the Persian Gulf, where little or no rain falls, says Colonel L. E. Pitts of Missouri. At Bahrin, the arid shore has no fresh water, yet a comparatively numerous population contrive to live there, thanks to copious springs which burst forth from the bottom of the sea. The fresh water is got by diving. The diver, sitting in his boat, winds a great goat-skin bag around his left arm, the hand grasping its mouth; then he takes in his right hand a heavy stone, to which is attached a strong line, and thus equipped he plunges in, and quickly reaches the bottom. Instantly opening the bag over the strong jet of fresh water, he springs up the ascending current, at the same time closing the bag, and is helped aboard. The stone is then hauled up and the diver, after taking breath, plunges in again. The source of these copious submarine springs is thought to be in the hills of Oman, some five or six hundred miles distant.—Detroit News-Tribune.

Must Have Been Sanitary.

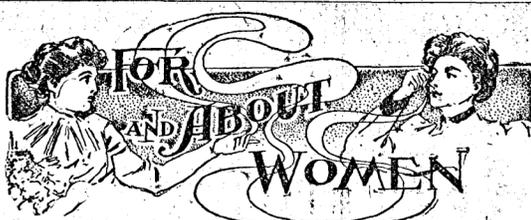
Both the medical officer and the surveyor of the Tarvin (Chester) rural district council have condemned a cottage at Caldecott Green, near Farnham, England, for demolition as insanitary. But the tenant, an old man, appeared before the council and told a remarkable story "in stay of execution." He stated that he was 73 years old, and lived in the cottage with his wife and three children. For 60 years there had not been a case of illness in his family. His father and mother lived in the cottage before he was born, his father died at the age of 98 and the mother at 89. He did not think that there could be much wrong with the cottage in the face of these facts. In reply to the clerk of the old fellow said that personally he had never had a doctor, and the only time a medical man had been in his cottage was when his little son had scalded his leg. Under the exceptional circumstances the council decided to adjourn the matter for further inquiries to be made.

Different at Home.

"Yes," said the congressman who was home for a day or two on private business, "I guess I'll spend a couple of billions or so before we finally adjourn. How much are those eggs?" "Thirty-two cents," the storekeeper replied. "Thirty-two cents!" cried the extravagant congressman. "That's an outrage! I've never paid more than 30 cents for eggs and I'll be blamed if I pay any more now. Gimme a pound of codfish."

Taking No Chances.

"Aren't you nearly ready to start?" asked the amateur gunner. "Yes," replied the guide, "I'll be ready just as soon as I can borrow a dog." "Why, where's your own dog?" "Nothing! and I mean to see that nothing shall."



TRAINING THE CHILD

CULTIVATION OF HEALTH, BEAUTY AND STRENGTH.

Structural Weaknesses May Be Prevented or Corrected in Early Years if Proper Attention is Paid to Them.

It is in childhood that health, beauty and strength must be assiduously cultivated if maturing years are to



To Strengthen the Spine and Develop Muscles of the Neck.

bring strong, well developed men and women. And it falls to the lot of most mothers to shoulder this responsibility, who in many cases are directly responsible for the ill health of their children, not through willful neglect, but

FOR THE OUTDOOR GIRL.

New Fannels Will Not Have Monopoly of Popularity.

The new fannels are light weight, with smooth, even finish and altogether very desirable, but, for all that, the serge, albatross, nun's veiling, and cashmere will hold their own against them, except for sporting costumes, when fannel is invariably the correct material. A very chic little suit for tennis, or boating, or, in fact, for general morning wear, has an oddly designed blouse. There is a shallow yoke piece cut in one with long strap epaulettes pointed at the ends which confine the box plait at either side of the front, which is slightly fluted underneath. The armholes are outlined with fitted pieces of the blue and white striped flannel cut crosswise and long, pointed pieces are set in at either side of the wide front box plait. The sleeves are of the regulation bishop order, with four-inch cuffs, the tops cut in elongated points, which overlap the under part underneath a pearl button. Pearl buttons also decorate the yoke pieces, while three loops of blue lousine matching the blue stripe in the blouse material, in graduated lengths depend from the rounded points of the yoke, and a crush girde of the same silk gives a charming finish to a charming blouse.

While these flannel waists will enjoy unusual popularity as separate blouses, they will also form accompaniments to skirts of the same material. So, if it is desired to utilize the one blouse in the two ways, it is by all means advisable to select a color or combination of colors that will not fade.

FLAT HAT IN PALE BLUE.

Some New Effects Shown in Elaborate Decoration.

A little oval plateau hat is in blue crinoline. The flat is bent down at the back to follow the head, and in the front stops short of the outer edge of the coiffure. It is trimmed through the center with three rows of white roses, having yellow centers and pale green foliage, set thickly at each side. Directly in the center front is a many-

BAND AND STRAP TRIMMINGS.

Fashion's Dictum a Boon to Woman of Originality.

Dame Fashion has stamped the seal of approval upon band and strap trimmings in no unmistakable manner, and like the embroideries they continually appear in new guises—a sort of continuous beauty show. Certainly, no details lend so much finish to a gown, no matter what the material or for what occasion it is designed. No material is too rich or style too elaborate to admit of further embellishment in the way of bias bands or folds, and in most instances they are of a contrasting fabric, selected for the purpose of accentuating some distinguishing feature of the gown itself.

Spring Shirt Waist is Taut.

The plain, mannish shirt waist model has the lead for business and morning wear.

The touch feminine about it is the tiny plaited frill each side the center box plait in front and on the turn-back cuff.

Instead of being plaited, this frill is sometimes a narrow ruffle finished with the times edge of torchon lace. Girls who like to give an individual touch wear studs and cuff buttons to match the little silk tie worn with the stiff linen collar. These sets of studs in various colors can be purchased quite inexpensively.

Latest Parisian Fad.

In Paris now a few modish women have been displaying bare, unglorified hands and arms in opera and theater boxes. They wear many jeweled rings and bracelets.

CURED OF GRAVEL.

Not a Single Stone Has Formed Since Using Doan's Kidney Pills.

J. D. Daughtry, music publisher, of Suffolk, Va., says: "During two or three years that I had kidney trouble I passed 2 1/2 pounds of gravel and sandy sediment in the urine. I haven't passed a stone since using Doan's Kidney Pills, however, and that was three years ago. I used to suffer the most acute agony during a gravel attack, and had the other usual symptoms of kidney trouble—lassitude, headache, pain in the back, urinary disorders, rheumatic pain, etc. I have a box containing 14 gravel stones that I passed, but that is not one-quarter of the whole number. I consider Doan's Kidney Pills a fine kidney tonic." For sale by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

It sometimes happens that when an actor finds things coming his way he tries to dodge them.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

Conscience is the highest of all courts.—Victor Hugo.

TONIC FOR MOTHERS

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are Safe and Reliable—A Favorite Household Remedy.

Motherhood may be the crowning blessing of a woman's life or it may bring grief and sorrow. Mrs. M. J. Wright, of 170 Seventh Street, Auburn, Maine, relates her experience after the birth of her daughter in 1901, as follows: "I was all run down at the time the baby came and did not improve in health rapidly after. I was pale, thin and bloodless. My stomach distressed me being full of gas all the time and my heart fluttered so that I could scarcely breathe.

"Finally I remembered that a friend had recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to me so I commenced using them. I gained in strength rapidly while the baby thrived also. When I expected my next child I started taking the pills again as a tonic and strengthener and had no such difficulty as before. I got up better and my strength came back much sooner. "A year ago last winter I had an attack of rheumatism in the hands which went from one hand to the other. The joints swelled up and were so stiff I could not move them. The pain extended up through my arms and shoulders. I felt sick enough to go to bed but did not do so. This attack lasted for several months. I tried several remedies but finally came back to using the pills which had done me so much good before and found that they benefited me almost at once. I have not been troubled since."

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or they will be sent by mail post-paid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. Send for book of cures.

THE ALABASTINE PACKAGE THE TRADE MARK

It would be too bad to decorate your home in the ordinary way, simply because of not knowing you could do it better for less money with Alabastine. Better find out all about Alabastine first, anyway.

We'll cheerfully send you full information if you will send us your address on a post card.

The Alabastine Co., 810 Grandville Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich., or 100 Water Street, New York City.

THE CANADIAN WEST IS THE BEST WEST

The testimony of thousands of farmers is that the Canadian West is the best west. Year by year the agriculture of the West is increasing in volume and in value and the Canadian Government offers every acre 50c settler.

Some of the Advantages

The phenomenal increase in railway mileage—main lines and branches has put a most every portion of the country within easy reach of schools, markets, cheap fuel and other modern conveniences. The NINETY MILLION BUSHEL WHEAT CROP of this year means \$100,000,000 to the farmers of Western Canada, apart from the results of other crops and cattle.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heartily Eating. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

INVENTIONS NEEDED

Small notices and news items from various sources, including mentions of inventions and local events.

Corns Sting? Don't Cut Them

PARING corns only affords temporary relief because the roots are left. It's dangerous, too. Blood poisoning is a common result from such practice. You can get rid of the offending corns in a few days and have feet free from pain by simply applying our

Nebraska Corn Cure

It will loosen corns so that they will come away entirely from the healthy flesh without causing the least pain or injury.

Price 25 Cents
Money Back if Remedy Fails

THE CITY PHARMACY

Mamie Siler's new building.

Ord, Nebraska. Phone 63.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Try our want column.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

The weather has been very favorable for the dandelion crop.

Mrs. Dr. Warta and babe are over from Sargent visiting relatives and friends for a few days.

The weather has not proved to be very profitable for the soda fountains of the city thus far.

Take your eggs to Frank Mallory, you know him, and get the highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank. tf

Mrs. Roy Drake was very sick for a few days the latter part of last week but it gives us pleasure to state that she is somewhat improved.

The Johnson boys have fitted up a gasoline engine in the basement of their drug store and will hereafter use this power to freeze their cream.

In a recent state university athletic meet at Lincoln we notice that Fred Coe, a student from Ord carried off part of the honors in the foot racing class.

St. Paul and Comstock are the only two towns in this vicinity to thus soon announce their intentions of celebrating July 4th in the usual grand and glorious manner.

Will Moses is putting a new cement sidewalk in front of the Mamie Siler home this week, this is only one of the many that will be put in before the year is out.

Dow Harris returned last Saturday evening from Nelson, Nebraska where he has just closed a very successful term of school. He expects to remain in Ord this summer.

The new seats were put up in the court yard Monday morning. They are constructed of iron and will probably be more durable than those of last year, though we can not but think that they will not be quite as pleasant to rest upon.

McNutt & Blessing sold the O. S. Smith farm this week to John Meese. For some time John has had an eye on a farm over in this part of the county, and this will no doubt fill the bill. The farm is nicely located for stock raising and will make an excellent home for Mr. Meese's Poland Chinas.

Andy Phillips expects to close up his restaurant business in Ord this week and move his stock to Burwell where he will engage in business of the same kind. This move is made necessary by reason of his having to vacate his present quarters to make room for the new Bailey addition, there being no other suitable rentable property on the business section of the square where he could move to.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold's Bros.

Contractor Wentworth is tearing down part of the old restaurant building, where the First National bank is to be erected, and moving the pieces to other parts of the city. With the passing of this building an old landmark is done away with. Twenty-eight years ago this month Joe Capron, driven to find a new location for his printing office, by reason of fire destroying his shop, hauled the lumber from North Loup and erected this building. Since that time it has been occupied by many firms in many kinds of business. We all hail the passing of this old landmark with delight, for with its going means the erection of a new and up-to-date banking building that will be a credit to the city.

Being convinced that the twice-a-week publication of this paper was not needed we drop back this week to the once-a-week publication and appear on Thursday this clip as of old. It will be remembered that when we started to print semi-weekly we did so with the reservation that the change might be only temporary. The cost of printing twice a week is a great deal more than once and it was not proving profitable to continue it. The cost we could figure out before hand and we were ready to stand that, but the public, while pleased with the change, was not sufficiently so to warrant us in continuing the plan.

There were no services in the city Sunday evening but the baccalaureate address at the opera house by Dr. J. A. Beattie, of the Cotner University, hence the seating capacity of the opera house was well taxed to hold the large crowd that responded to the invitations of the high school graduates to be present at that time. Dr. Beattie's address was well delivered and highly appreciated by all present. Extra musical numbers were rendered by the choir and in every manner the entertainment was made very agreeable.

Adolph Fuss and wife and children departed Tuesday morning for a visit with relatives and friends in Minnesota. Sixteen years ago Mr. Fuss moved from that country to this and when he left he promised his friends there to return and visit them after five years but the five years rolled by too soon and he was not prepared to take the trip, and every year he has been putting it off until this year. We wish him a very pleasant visit in his old home but he will probably find things considerably changed there.

There was an exciting base ball game at the fair grounds last Saturday afternoon, the Ord high school and the Epworth League teams being the contestants for honors of the field. At the end of the ninth inning the score stood six to two in favor of the high school boys. This is the fourth consecutive game that the school boys have taken from the leaguers.

Bring your produce to Frank Mallory and get highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank. tf

Luse keeps a large stock of wall paper and he sells it, too.

Harry Crawford was at St. Paul over Sunday.

How do you like to live in Valley county where they don't have any green bugs?

John Wittsche shipped three car loads of fat steers and hogs from the Haskell ranch Tuesday noon.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Horace Davis last Friday. All parties concerned are said to be getting along fine.

Take your eggs to Frank Mallory, you know him, and get the highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank. tf

Mike Roach is back from his southern visit and has again resumed his duties as conductor on the Union Pacific passenger.

If you wish to buy some sugar cured hams and bacon that are up to date in flavor and within the reach of all, try ours. W. Misko.

There will be no prayer meeting at the Presbyterian church this Thursday evening on account of the graduation exercises at the opera house.

From a hand bill flying about the streets we learn that Ulric Sorensen will make a baloon ascension in Ord next Saturday afternoon, providing the weather is favorable.

Ross Hull is in the city for a few days looking after business affairs. Ross is still braking for the Burlington, with headquarters at Alliance, and will return to that place some day this week.

Dr. C. C. Shepard and Dr. George Gard, of Ord, accompanied by their wives were visitors at the Clafin home in University place, Monday evening, having made the trip from the above place in an automobile.—University Place News.

The administrator or guardian may be honest, but through ignorance of the law make an investment which fails and subjects himself to liability. You do not know on signing a bond when you may be called to make it good to the full amount. Get Honnold & Davis to assume the risk. 17-1t.

Cap. Harris and family drove over from Sargent last Saturday and remained in the city a few hours. While in the city Mr. Harris bought a couple of lots in the western part of the city and will immediately commence the erection of a dwelling thereon. When the house is completed he expects to move to Ord to make his home.

The frost has not only done away with some of the small fruit in this section of the country but Sunday night went after the small vegetable plants that are not able to stand up under a freeze. In several places about town a thin layer of ice is reported on that night which is something unusual for the 26th day of May.

Marshal Heuck tells us that we missed it when we said that the officials of the city arrested John Cepleca on the night of his carrousal last week, but that John was permitted to run at large all night. He says the parties were unable to get him by phone, else he would have been on hand to pull the noisy product of out licensed saloons.

It is about time for political candidates to bestir themselves and let the public know what their intentions are as to nominations for the various offices on the various tickets. This will be the year for electing county officers, which will monopolize the chief places on the ticket. The new law makes procedure in securing nominations very different from what they were heretofore, the work of making these selections being taken from the politicians and given back to the voters, where it belongs. It will be well enough to talk the matter of your political ambitions over with your friends and you might not overlook the political bosses, but the real work of nominating you will be done by primary election to be held in September. Meanwhile announcements in the local papers of your determinations to stand for nomination will be wholly in order.

New potatoes at Fackler & Finley the grocers.

Plants! Plants! Sweet potatoes, cabbage and tomatoe plants for sale. Also on sale at Fackler & Finley's store. M. D. L. Taylor.

Base ball enthusiasts of this vicinity will remember Joe Bills, at one time a member of the Ord base ball team and quite a favorite he was here too. His work in Ord led many to believe that he would in time make his mark in the base ball world and from the Grand Island Independent we get the following which shows that their faith in his abilities was well founded: "Another Nebraska pitcher is making a big mark in base ball circles this year. Joe Bills, a Shelton young man, is said to be the star twirler of the Southern League. He is with the Memphis team and one of the papers of that city says of him: 'Joe Bills, Kandy Kid from Keokuk! My, but that boy is a speed merchant! Two times at bat, three runs, two hits, seven assists and two putouts, to say nothing of figuring in a double play that was a peach. Some day Mercury is going to get jealous of Joey and put the wreath of the gods on him.'"

Dr. C. C. Shepard and George Gard with their wives returned from Lincoln via the automobile route Monday evening, where they had been to attend state meetings of the medical and dental professions. They encountered some pretty bad roads on the road up, at Seward where the country had recently been visited by a three inch rainfall, they were compelled to travel over a long stretch of country where the water all but flooded their engine. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bell were also along in their automobile and the only way that the party could safely get over the flooded country was to hire a man with a pair of hip boots to walk along in front of their machines to see that they did not get in too deep. They are all pretty glad to get back safely to Ord again.

Bring your produce to Frank Mallory and get highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank. tf

Cornell Bros. do not claim to be in the wholesale seed business but in the language of one of the visitors with the Lincoln commercial club Wednesday they have handled more alfalfa seed than have some of the would be wholesalers. During the season their books show that they have handled twenty-seven thousands pounds of alfalfa seed. While much of this seed has been sown in this vicinity shipment has been made to seven states near to Nebraska.

From the North Loup Loyalist we get the following clipping but can give no authority other than the Loyalist for its truthfulness. True we have heard talk of this kind for the past three or four years but talk is all there has been to it the company always failing to take action when the time advertised for them to do so arrived. "We have it on good authority that beginning the first of the month the passenger will run through to Beatrice. It will leave Ord about 6:00 o'clock going down and will reach here about 5:45 on the return trip. When the change is made it will require the services of two train crews to do the work, but it will be a great convenience to all on this line who want to visit Lincoln."

When Sheriff Sutton went home last Friday night he left Orville Phair safely lodged in the city bastille but when he came down town Saturday morning he found Orville waiting anxiously outside the court house with an expectant look on his face as he sized up the lunch basket that the sheriff usually brings down to him every morning. Examination showed the sheriff that some one on the outside had broken the lock on the door and released the prisoner. Orville took the opportunity to spend the night with his wife and family but was on hand when the sheriff arrived in the morning for his breakfast. The officers have no idea who assisted the prisoner to get out.

Plants! Plants! Sweet potatoes, cabbage and tomatoe plants for sale. Also on sale at Fackler & Finley's store. M. D. L. Taylor.

Nebraska Stock Dip guaranteed. Your money back if it fails, at Luse's.

Mrs. Charley Jackson is in the city visiting her relatives, the Ramsey's, for a few days.

If you have some printing to be done, bring it around to the Quiz office. We will do it to your taste and the price will suit you.

Judge Hanna went to Greeley Monday morning on a business mission returning to Ord to again resume district court in the evening of the same day.

The plasterers are putting the finishing touches on Jim Misko's ice house this week. Their work improves considerably the general appearance of the building.

It is a sad commentary on the young men of Ord that out of a graduating class of eight not one Ord boy is among the number. Indeed there was but one boy in the class and he was from the country. Is there too much strenuousness in the private lives of our young men to permit them to give heed to education?

By request of the president of the ladies of the G. A. R. Mrs. Foster, Mrs. Brush and Mrs. Draper visited several of the grades in the high school building, Mrs. Foster giving a very interesting talk on the subject of Decoration Day in regard to our flag and decorating the graves of our dead soldiers.

Fackler & Finley the grocers. We pride ourselves on the coffee values we are giving our customers. Our 15, 20 and 25 cent grades are unexcelled in drink quality and price. We believe this so strongly that we offer to refund freely the money to any unsatisfied purchase. We are closing out a 15 cent coffee at 12 1/2 cents per pound.

The commencement address to the graduates of the Ord high school will be delivered at the opera house this, Thursday evening by L. D. Wickersham. This is not Mr. Wickersham's first appearance in Ord and as on previous occasions he was highly pleasing to an Ord audience it is quite probable that he will be greeted by a full house tonight.

When the Quiz went to press last week the case of Mrs. H. E. Carter vs. the Banker's Life Insurance Company was occupying the attention of Judge Hanna and a dozen district court jurors. The case was a hard fought one, almost the entire testimony offered by the Carter side of the case being objected to by the attorneys for the insurance company, these objections of course called for the usual debate between counsel and the case dragged along and did not get to the jury until about eight o'clock Saturday night. The jury was not long in coming to a conclusion in regard to the matter, bringing in a verdict in favor of Mrs. Carter.

Have you seen the beautiful patterns in china dishes on the shelves of Fackler & Finley the grocers?

The attention of district court this week is being taken up with the Frederick will case, and the public is taking a very lively interest in the proceedings. The court room is being filled most of the time. Many women are among the listeners, which is very natural, the chief litigants of the case being women. No great trouble was entertained in securing a jury, though it took several drafts of the net outside of the regular petit jury fishpond to get the twelve men suitable for the place. The prejudice of the public is clearly in opposition to the will, but the evidence seems to be about all the other way. Whatever comes of the case here, it will undoubtedly go to the supreme court at least once and probably several times, and when the case is done with there will not be much left to scrap over.

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans. ORD STATE BANK.

Exonerates the Saloons.

We are pleased to print Mr. Abrahamson's letter denying the statement in The Quiz last week that the saloons were to blame for Mr. Abrahamson's attack on his daughter. If it be true that Mr. Abrahamson was wholly in his right mind and that the saloons were in no way to blame, then we did wrong in making the accusation against them. They have faults enough to bear, the Lord knows, without attributing to them anything that they are innocent of.

Mr. Abrahamson's exonerations of the saloons under the circumstances is a very generous and kind act on his part, since he does not deny the assault on the girl. Not many men would be honest enough to assume the blame for an act of that kind when the blame by common consent and general belief belonged to the men who sold him liquor.

While we wish to give Mr. Abrahamson credit for knowing what he is talking about there is nevertheless conflicting testimony. It is known that he had frequented the saloons that day, that he had invited another man to drink with him and that he had drunk some on the day of the assault. These things, it will be observed, Mr. Abrahamson does not deny, his denial being that he was not "filled up" on liquor. This being the case we are wondering if after all the little liquor that he drank did not at least make him irritable so that he was more easily angered than usual at the words of his daughter.

Our purpose in referring to the very unfortunate affair at his home was not in any way to harm Mr. Abrahamson but to charge the saloons with their work. While Mr. Abrahamson feels otherwise we are still of the opinion that the saloons are to blame for Mr. Abrahamson's unseemly temper in dealing with his daughter.

We are hoping that unfortunate things will not occur; but if they do and are chargeable to the saloons we shall feel in duty bound to set forth the facts as we see and hear them, however much we may regret giving the names of persons concerned.

Our Contestants.

There is another big change in the vote on the Quiz piano contestants as you will notice by consulting the list elsewhere. This time Miss Roxy Auble forges ahead with a lead equal as large as was that of Miss Haught's last week. All of the candidates are just warmed up to business and the fact that if they get in on that fine Hamilton piano that they will have to be up and doing.

Another new candidate, Minnie Donnell, of Arcadia, also gets into the race this week and the first installment of votes sent in by her lands her in third place in the contest. She is a rustler and has one of the best fields in the county to work as none of the other candidates are close enough to her to conflict in her canvas. The work done for her at present is all by friends as she is out of the county but it is said that she will return soon and get to work in a systematic vote hunting manner.

W. E. Chapin is entertaining an uncle from Minden this week.

A thoroughbred Poland-China sow and pigs may be bought cheap by inquiring of Daniel Burke. Phone him if interested.

We are pleased to note that the change in ownership of the Ord mills, as announced in these columns officially some time ago, is not to be made. It was agreed among the owners of the mill that Mr. Dahlin should sell his interest to the Collison Brothers but later on it was decided not to do so. The intention of Mr. Dahlin to retire from the firm was a matter of great regret, for he is known to be one of the best millers the state can boast of. It will therefore be good news to Ord and vicinity to know that he has decided to stay with us. The business of the mill is steadily increasing and with the continuance of the present management in power the mill ought to prove a good paying property. Anyway the continuance of Mr. Dahlin with the firm will go on to that end.



When it Rains

your boy will take advantage of any old excuse to get out in the wet—and he gets soaked and may be catches cold—and you worry. Fit him out in a

"Hercules-Kantwearout"

shower-proof suit, and don't worry—water will run off him as it does off a duck's back.

You can force water through "Hercules" cloth because it is porous—but in ordinary rain the fabric will not absorb a drop.

The shower-proof process does not rot the cloth, nor alter its appearance, feel or wear, nor close up the pores and confine perspiration, nor dull the colors—just makes it shower-proof, perspiration-proof, moth-proof and besides sanitary and hygienic.

For every thread of cotton you find in a "Hercules" we will give you a suit free—the colors will stay as bright and clear as the day they came from the dyeing vat—the yarn is strong and wove as tightly as machinery can do it—nothing less than sheet iron pants will wear your boy better.

Unshrinkable material is used throughout. Coat lined with extra heavy, double warped, "Hercules" cloth. Two sleeve linings instead of one (patent applied for). Pant seams double sewed and seams taped. Pants lined throughout with cold shrunk Irish linen—makes them sanitary, hygienic and extra strong.

Excelsior waist band of elastic webbing.

Made only in double-breasted, two-piece knee-length suits for boys six to sixteen.

\$5.00 is the price

DON'T FORGET that we pay the highest market price in CASH for eggs, chickens, butter and cream.

The Baileys' Dept Store Ord's Best Trading Place

Early in June Mr. and Mrs. C. Busse will go to Wisconsin for a good long visit. These good people worked hard for many years and have accumulated a nice property, so they think that a rest is due them, which indeed it is.

When Judge Gudmundsen came down to his office Wednesday morning he found awaiting him Anton Nagoski and Anna Graizl, the couple having come all the way from Sherman county to secure his services. Witnesses are generally scarce at that hour in the morning but the city marshal happened to be about the street on an early morning dog hunt and he was summoned in along with a printer from this shop who happened to be enroute to work. The judge performed the ceremony in a creditable manner, the marshal and printer signed as witnesses and the happy bride and groom hiked for the nearest eating house for breakfast.

Notice to Contractors and Builders. If you are in need of cement blocks for building I would be pleased to have you examine mine before buying. These blocks are manufactured under the latest system and allowed to harden in water.

John K. Jensen. tf.

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST

By HARRY LEON WILSON, AUTHOR OF "THE SPENDERS"

CHAPTER XVI—Continued.

On the women, too, the quick attack had been almost instantaneous. The first great volume of mad shrieks had quickly died low as if the victims were being smothered; and now could be heard only the single scream of some woman caught in flight—short, despairing screams, and others that seemed to be cut short—strangled at their height.

Joel Rae found himself on the line after the first volley, drawn by some dread power he could not resist. Yet one look had been enough. He shut his eyes to the writhing forms, the jets of flame spitting through the fog of smoke, and turned to flee.

Then in an instant—how it had come about he never knew—he was struggling with a man who shouted his name and cursed him—a dark man with blood streaming from a wound in his throat. He defended himself easily, feeling his assailant's strength already waning. Time after time the man called him by name and cursed him, now in low tones, as they swayed.

Then the Saint whose allotted victim this man had been, having reloaded his pistol, ran up, held close to his head, fired, and ran back to the line.

He felt the man's grasp of his shoulders relax, and his body grew suddenly limp, as if boneless. He let it down to the ground, looking at last full upon the face. At first glance it told him nothing. Then a faint sense of its familiarity pushed up through many old memories. Sometime, somewhere, he had known the face.

The dying man opened his eyes wide, not seeing, but convulsively, and he felt himself enlightened by something in the dark color—something in the line of the brow under the black hair—a face was brought back to him, the handsome face of the jaunty militia captain at Nauvoo, the man who had helped expel his people, who had patronized them with his airs of protector—the man who had—

It did not come to him until that instant—this man was Girinway. In the flash of awful comprehension he dropped, a sickened and nerveless heap, beside the dead man, turning his head on the ground, and feeling for any sign of life at his heart.

Forward there, where the yells of the Indians had all but replaced the screams of frantic women—battered already perhaps, subjected to he knew not what infamy at the hands of savage or Saint—was the yellow-haired, pink-faced girl he had loved and kept so long imaged in his heart; yet she might have escaped, she might still live—she might even not have been in the party.

He sprang up and found himself facing a white-haired boy who held a little crying girl by a tight grasp of her arm, and who eyed him aggressively.

"What did you hurt Prudence's father for? He was a good man. Did you shoot him?"

He seized the boy roughly by the shoulder.

"Prudence—Prudence—where is she?"

"Here."

He looked down at the little girl, who still cried. Even in that glance he saw her mother's prettiness, her pink and white faintness, and the yellow shine of her hair.

"Her mother, then, quick!"

The boy pointed ahead.

"Up there—she told me to take care of Prudence, and when the Indians came out she made me run back here to look for him." He pointed to the still figure on the ground before them. And then, making a brave effort to keep back the tears:

"If I had a gun I'd shoot some Indians—I'd shoot you, too—you killed him. When I grow up to be a man, I'll have a gun and come here—"

He had the child in his arms, and called to the boy:

"Come, fast now! Go as near as you can to where you left her."

They ran forward through the gray smoke, stepping over and around bodies as they went. When they reached the first of the women he would have stopped to search, but the boy led him on, pointing. And then, half-way up the line at the edge of the cedars, his eye caught the glimpse of a great mass of yellow hair on the ground. She seemed to have been only wounded, for, as he looked, she was up on her knees striving to stand.

He ran faster, leaving the boy behind now, but while he was still far off, he saw an Indian, knife in hand, run to her and strike her down. Then before he had divined the intent, the savage had gathered the long hair into his left hand, made a swift circling of the knife with his right—and the thing was done before his eyes. He screamed in terror as he ran, and now he was near enough to be heard. The Indian at his cry arose and for one long second shook, almost in his face as he came running up, the long, shifting, yellow hair with the gory patch at the end. Before his staring eyes, the hair was twisting, writhing, and undulating—like a golden flame licking the bronzed arm that held it. And then, as he reached the spot, the Indian, with a long yell of delight and a final flourish of his trophy, ran off to other prizes.

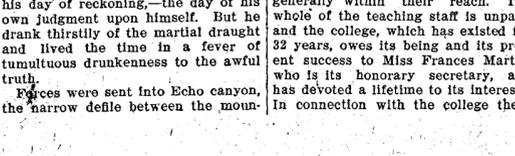
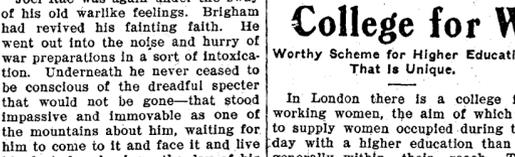
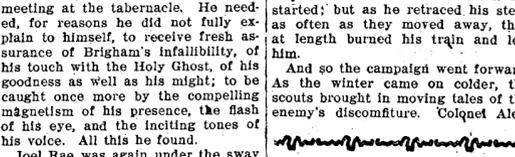
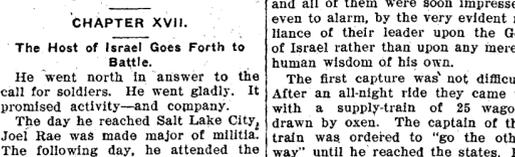
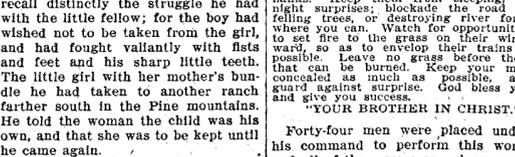
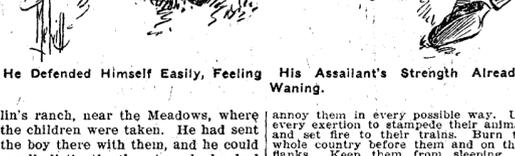
He stood a moment, breathless and faint, looking with fearful eyes down at the little, limp, still figure at his feet. One slender, bare arm was flung out as if she had grasped at the whole big earth in her last agony.

The spell of fear was broken by the boy, who came trotting up. He had given way to his tears now, and was crying loudly from fright. Joel made him take the little girl and sit under a far out of sight of the spot.

He was never able to recall the events of that day, or of the months following, in anything like their proper sequence. The effort to do so brought a pain shooting through his head. Up to the moment when the yellow hair had waved in his face, everything had kept a ghastly distinctness. He remembered each instant and each emotion. After that all was dark confusion, with only here and there a detached, inconsequent memory of appalling vividness.

He could remember that he had buried her on the other side of the hill where a gnarled cedar grew at the foot of a ledge of sandstone, using a spade that an Indian had brought him from a deserted camp. By her side he had found the scattered contents of the little bundle she had carried—a small Bible, a locket, a worn gold bracelet, and a picture of herself as he had known her, a half-faded daguerrotype set in a gilt oval, in a square rubber case that shut with a snap. The little limp-backed Bible had lain flung open on the ground in the midst of the other trinkets. He remembered picking these things up and retreating in the blue silk handkerchief, and then he had twice driven away an Indian who, finding no other life, came up to kill the two children huddled at the foot of the cedar.

Some of the men had camped on the spot. Others had gone to Ham-



tains through which an army would have to pass. On the east side men were put to building stone ramparts as a protection for riflemen. On the west, where the side was sloping, they dug pits for the same purpose. They also built dams to throw large bodies of water down the west side of the canyon so that an army would be forced to the east side; and here at the top of the cliff, great quantities of boulders were placed so that a slight leverage would suffice to halt them down upon the army as it marched below.

When word came that the invaders had crossed the Utah line, Brigham sent forward a copy of his proclamation and a friendly note of warning to the officer in command. In this he directed that officer to retire from the Territory by the same route he had entered it; adding, however, "should you deem this impracticable, and prefer to remain until spring in the vicinity of your present position at Black Fork or Green river, you can do so in peace and unmolested on condition that you deposit your arms and ammunition with Lewis Robinson, quartermaster general of the Territory, and leave as soon in the spring as the roads will permit you to march. And should you fall short of provisions they will be furnished you upon making the proper application." The officer who received this note had piled somewhat curly that the forces he commanded were in Utah by order of the President of the United States and that their future movements would depend wholly upon orders issued by competent military authority. Thus the issue was forced.

In addition to the defense of Echo canyon, certain aggressive moves were made. To Joel Rae was allotted command of one of these. His orders promised all he could wish of action. He read them and felt something like his old truculent enthusiasm.

"You will proceed with all possible dispatch, without injuring your animals, to the Oregon road near the bend of Bear river, north by east of this place. When you approach the road, send scouts ahead to ascertain if the enemy troops have passed that way. Should they have passed, take a concealed route and get ahead of them. On ascertaining the locality of the troops, proceed at once to

the narrow of Echo canyon and to keep watch over the enemy during the winter. This officer was how persuaded that the Lord's hand was with them, for the enemy had been wasted away even by the elements from the time he had crossed the forbidden line.

In Salt Lake City that winter, the same opinion prevailed. They were henceforth to be the free and independent State of Deseret.

"Do you want to know," asked Brigham, in the tabernacle, "what is to be done with the enemy now on our borders? As soon as they start to come into our settlements, let sleep depart from their eyes until they sleep in death! Men shall be secreted along the route and shall waste them away in the name of the Lord who shall make peace with us. Never again shall we make peace with them."

CHAPTER XVII.

How the Lion of the Lord Roared Soft.

But with the coming of spring some fever that had burned in the blood of the Saints from high to low was felt to be losing its heat. They had held their gentle army at bay during the winter—with the winter's help. But spring was now melting the snows. Reports from Washington, moreover, indicated that a perverse generation in the states had declined to accept the decrees of Israel's God without further proofs of their authenticity.

With a view to determining this issue, Congress had voted more money for troops. Three thousand men were to march to the reinforcement of the army of Johnston on Black's fork; forty-five hundred wagons were to transport the supplies; and 50,000 oxen and 4,000 mules were to pull these wagons. War, in short, was to be waged upon this Israel hidden in the chamber of the mountains. To Major Rae, watching on the outposts of Echo canyon, the news was welcome, even enlivening. The more glory there would be in that ultimate triumph which the Lord was about to secure for them.

In Brigham and the other leaders, however, the report induced deep thought. And finally, on a day, they felt it to be known that there could no longer be any thought of actual war with the armies of the Gentile.

When he heard that the new governor, who had been in the snow with Johnston's army all winter, was to enter Salt Lake City and take his office—a Gentile officer to sit on the throne of Brigham—he felt that the Ark of the Covenant had been thrown down.

"Let us not," he implored Brigham in a letter sent him from Echo canyon, "be again dragged into a servile obedience any one less than the Christ of God!"

But Brigham's reply was an order to pass the new governor through Echo canyon. According to the terms of this order he was escorted through at night, in a manner to convince him that he was passing between the lines of a mighty and far-fung host. Fires were kindled along the heights and the small force attending him was punningly distributed and duplicated, a few of its numbers going ahead from time to time, halting the rest of the party and demanding the counter-sign.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

College for Working Women

Worthy Scheme for Higher Education That is Unique.

In London there is a college for working women, the aim of which is to supply women occupied during the day with a higher education than is generally within their reach. The whole of the teaching staff is unpaid, and the college, which has existed for 32 years, owes its being, and its present success to Miss Frances Minin, who is its honorary secretary, and has devoted a lifetime to its interests. In connection with the college there

is a benefit club, a penny bank and the rooms in the college for readings and refreshment practically make it a delightful clubhouse for girls who are engaged during the day. There are several social clubs, and during the winter monthly dances and Dorcas meetings are held, says the Chicago Daily News. The special classes in ambulance and dressmaking are exceedingly popular with the members. The former subject of the day is examined every year, and the candidates succeeded in taking her certificate.



An Ideal Woman Ruler

By Frances Hodgson Burnett

Famous Author Pays Tribute to Late Queen of England—Victoria Possessed the Genius of a Great Heart—Her Wonderful Mentality—Her Sympathy for Those in Distress—Charles Dickens Praises Her Loveliness at Eighteen—Her Unconscious Appeal to English Chivalry—Her Home Happy and Her Children Loved.

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowler.)

(Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, now Mrs. Stephen Townsend, is too well known to require any word of introduction. An English woman by birth and present residence, though her fame was made during the many years that she resided in the United States, her admiration for the late queen of England is shown in the following article, comes from her heart. The subject of this mass of "Loves," "The Lord Fauntleroy," "A Lady of Quality," "His Grace of Ormonde" and "The Making of a Marchioness," writes of the great queen with her usual literary charm.)

In all the countries of the civilized world there prevailed a spirit of sympathetic sadness. Over every city, town and hamlet in England, Scotland and Wales there hung a cloud. In great, rich, ancient London people walked the streets with grave faces. Festivities were postponed, social plans were altered. In the old churches prayers were offered. One closing anthem was played with sorrowful softness which made it a prayer in itself and those who heard passed out into the air with tears. This because one woman—one aged woman—lay dying.

It was 64 years after a night on which a girl—a mere child creature in her teens—was awakened from her sleep to be told that she was the queen of England. There is a popular picture of the incident, in which she stands, touchingly young and grave, holding out a hand that an old man who kneels before her may kiss it in doing homage to his sovereign.

Her sense of the responsibility of her position was a thing like genius. In all things touching it she was always grave, always sagacious and beautifully earnest. A young girl—even a young woman—might have been forgiven many things for which the nation that young creature was born to rule was never called upon to forgive her.

One very interesting feature of her life was that people made no habit of speaking of her as a brilliant woman. It has been said that she was good, it has been accepted that she was intelligent, but comparatively little stress has been laid upon her brain power. Yet there has been no other queen in the history of the world whose reign was so marked by forward movement and who herself so moved with her time and so strongly advanced it. She had a genius for rectitude, a genius of the conscience, and it may be added, the genius of a great heart. But she possessed also a foresight that was extraordinary. One truth is surely fixed—that in the future no record of statecraft, politics or social ethics can point to an act of Victoria of England which was either unjust, ignoble or careless. To each thing she did she brought all that the gods gave her of the reasoning of both heart and brain. All her use of power tended to the development of public good, to the aiding of humanity, to the broadening of the ways for the intelligent, the striving and the sane in ambition.

The time has gone by when for a woman to be virtuous was all that was demanded of her. This time passed in Victoria's day. Its passing was the inevitable result of the development of the race and of the increase of its mental desires—but it would not have passed with such ease and rapidly if England had been merely a collection of moralities, however excellent and necessary to social safety. England—conservative, obstinate, pugnaciously self-centered

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which is mentally in a degree maternal. How she loved them—her stubborn, stolid seeming, madly fighting, unquarrelable English! Their courage stirred her very soul. It was the last years of her life, we are told, that her slaughter broke her heart. She lived so close to them that she bled with their wounds. If she had been a man born in the days when kings led their armies to battle what a soldier she would have made! The blood of warriors was in her veins. This soldierly quality in her, without doubt, had something to do with the fact that she—the most impersonal and untheatrical of women—inspired, as has no other woman who has lived, a curiously personal and dramatic devotion.

One was continually struck by the personal nature of the feeling shown

—is a singularly large portion of the world. Its self-opinionativeness is sufficiently powerful to be far-reaching. The bearing and methods of its ruler are of significance and weight.

The great Victorian era was marked by the advance of all things intellectual—by the elevation and fostering of the arts, by the adoption and encouragement of inventions—by the intelligent consideration of ethics. This woman of the nineteenth century, who was born to wield a scepter, was a student—a reader of great works and small, a learner of languages, a connoisseur of pictures, a musician, a creature full of interest in every man's—and every woman's—work whether it was imaginative or technical. She regarded no thing lightly. Her conscience, her wonderful mentality, her faithful kindness, gave time and thought to all.

What one is chiefly struck by as one looks back over long years is the naturalness, the normal processes with which her power grew. Her influence was cumulative. As a child of 18—a pretty creature with roses in the brim of her quaint bonnet—she and her touching youth were divinely adored. There is a charming letter of Charles Dickens, written in his early manhood, in which he playfully describes his hopeless passion for a beautiful young lady he has seen walking in a garden. In his own inimitable way he paints her loveliness and its effect upon his susceptible temperament, his delight in her and his frantic despair at the hopelessness of his flame. He ends by the confession that the incomparable she is the young queen of England, whom he has beheld as she walked in the garden of her palace. It can easily be imagined that many of her other male subjects in secret swore fealty to her, and it may be that some of them proved their faith on Crimean and Indian battlefields when they were of riper years.

She began by pleasing Englishmen from the first, by an unconscious appeal to their chivalry and the best qualities of the sturdy insular nature. She took an honest young consort and gave her people strong boys and rosy girls to be their princes and princesses. Her subjects knew that her home was happy and her children loved. She hedged her throne with divinity, but lived before her people's eyes, heartful and normal, kindly and in frank confidence in her country's affection. As the years passed the evidences of her care for those she ruled over were countless. When she lay dying at Osborne one wondered that in one woman's life there could have been time for the innumerable acts of feeling kindness alone which can be recorded of her. No calamity by land or sea, by flame or disease, befell her people when her grief was not as their own.

It has been said that a collection of the letters of sympathy written by a man or a woman would be the best possible monument of character and in some cases might form a monument to which no other could compare. A collection of the messages sent by Victoria of England to high and low, gentle and simple, in time of sorrow, would form not alone a record of deep feeling but of an executive ability which seemed to find time to think of all things. A woman of passionate tenderness, widowed in her early maturity, her heart turned to all women bereaved. A mother as full of noble ambition for her children as of intense love, her sympathy for young death, her praise for young deeds of courage or honor sped fast to many a woman's broken or proud heart. "The queen has written"—one read again and again in the morning papers after any catastrophe, victory or joy, and her words were always tender and uplifting things.

Her power and steadfastness in the matter of work were such as few men are marked by. Many knew of the hours spent at night in the labor of correspondence and the examination of papers. It is an old story, that of the prime minister who said that he would rather have ten kings to manage than one queen, so determined was this one to sign no document she had not thoroughly understood, reflected upon and approved.

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which is mentally in a degree maternal. How she loved them—her stubborn, stolid seeming, madly fighting, unquarrelable English! Their courage stirred her very soul. It was the last years of her life, we are told, that her slaughter broke her heart. She lived so close to them that she bled with their wounds. If she had been a man born in the days when kings led their armies to battle what a soldier she would have made! The blood of warriors was in her veins. This soldierly quality in her, without doubt, had something to do with the fact that she—the most impersonal and untheatrical of women—inspired, as has no other woman who has lived, a curiously personal and dramatic devotion.

—is a singularly large portion of the world. Its self-opinionativeness is sufficiently powerful to be far-reaching. The bearing and methods of its ruler are of significance and weight.

The great Victorian era was marked by the advance of all things intellectual—by the elevation and fostering of the arts, by the adoption and encouragement of inventions—by the intelligent consideration of ethics. This woman of the nineteenth century, who was born to wield a scepter, was a student—a reader of great works and small, a learner of languages, a connoisseur of pictures, a musician, a creature full of interest in every man's—and every woman's—work whether it was imaginative or technical. She regarded no thing lightly. Her conscience, her wonderful mentality, her faithful kindness, gave time and thought to all.

What one is chiefly struck by as one looks back over long years is the naturalness, the normal processes with which her power grew. Her influence was cumulative. As a child of 18—a pretty creature with roses in the brim of her quaint bonnet—she and her touching youth were divinely adored. There is a charming letter of Charles Dickens, written in his early manhood, in which he playfully describes his hopeless passion for a beautiful young lady he has seen walking in a garden. In his own inimitable way he paints her loveliness and its effect upon his susceptible temperament, his delight in her and his frantic despair at the hopelessness of his flame. He ends by the confession that the incomparable she is the young queen of England, whom he has beheld as she walked in the garden of her palace. It can easily be imagined that many of her other male subjects in secret swore fealty to her, and it may be that some of them proved their faith on Crimean and Indian battlefields when they were of riper years.

She began by pleasing Englishmen from the first, by an unconscious appeal to their chivalry and the best qualities of the sturdy insular nature. She took an honest young consort and gave her people strong boys and rosy girls to be their princes and princesses. Her subjects knew that her home was happy and her children loved. She hedged her throne with divinity, but lived before her people's eyes, heartful and normal, kindly and in frank confidence in her country's affection. As the years passed the evidences of her care for those she ruled over were countless. When she lay dying at Osborne one wondered that in one woman's life there could have been time for the innumerable acts of feeling kindness alone which can be recorded of her. No calamity by land or sea, by flame or disease, befell her people when her grief was not as their own.

It has been said that a collection of the letters of sympathy written by a man or a woman would be the best possible monument of character and in some cases might form a monument to which no other could compare. A collection of the messages sent by Victoria of England to high and low, gentle and simple, in time of sorrow, would form not alone a record of deep feeling but of an executive ability which seemed to find time to think of all things. A woman of passionate tenderness, widowed in her early maturity, her heart turned to all women bereaved. A mother as full of noble ambition for her children as of intense love, her sympathy for young death, her praise for young deeds of courage or honor sped fast to many a woman's broken or proud heart. "The queen has written"—one read again and again in the morning papers after any catastrophe, victory or joy, and her words were always tender and uplifting things.

Her power and steadfastness in the matter of work were such as few men are marked by. Many knew of the hours spent at night in the labor of correspondence and the examination of papers. It is an old story, that of the prime minister who said that he would rather have ten kings to manage than one queen, so determined was this one to sign no document she had not thoroughly understood, reflected upon and approved.

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which is mentally in a degree maternal. How she loved them—her stubborn, stolid seeming, madly fighting, unquarrelable English! Their courage stirred her very soul. It was the last years of her life, we are told, that her slaughter broke her heart. She lived so close to them that she bled with their wounds. If she had been a man born in the days when kings led their armies to battle what a soldier she would have made! The blood of warriors was in her veins. This soldierly quality in her, without doubt, had something to do with the fact that she—the most impersonal and untheatrical of women—inspired, as has no other woman who has lived, a curiously personal and dramatic devotion.

One was continually struck by the personal nature of the feeling shown

—is a singularly large portion of the world. Its self-opinionativeness is sufficiently powerful to be far-reaching. The bearing and methods of its ruler are of significance and weight.

The great Victorian era was marked by the advance of all things intellectual—by the elevation and fostering of the arts, by the adoption and encouragement of inventions—by the intelligent consideration of ethics. This woman of the nineteenth century, who was born to wield a scepter, was a student—a reader of great works and small, a learner of languages, a connoisseur of pictures, a musician, a creature full of interest in every man's—and every woman's—work whether it was imaginative or technical. She regarded no thing lightly. Her conscience, her wonderful mentality, her faithful kindness, gave time and thought to all.

What one is chiefly struck by as one looks back over long years is the naturalness, the normal processes with which her power grew. Her influence was cumulative. As a child of 18—a pretty creature with roses in the brim of her quaint bonnet—she and her touching youth were divinely adored. There is a charming letter of Charles Dickens, written in his early manhood, in which he playfully describes his hopeless passion for a beautiful young lady he has seen walking in a garden. In his own inimitable way he paints her loveliness and its effect upon his susceptible temperament, his delight in her and his frantic despair at the hopelessness of his flame. He ends by the confession that the incomparable she is the young queen of England, whom he has beheld as she walked in the garden of her palace. It can easily be imagined that many of her other male subjects in secret swore fealty to her, and it may be that some of them proved their faith on Crimean and Indian battlefields when they were of riper years.

She began by pleasing Englishmen from the first, by an unconscious appeal to their chivalry and the best qualities of the sturdy insular nature. She took an honest young consort and gave her people strong boys and rosy girls to be their princes and princesses. Her subjects knew that her home was happy and her children loved. She hedged her throne with divinity, but lived before her people's eyes, heartful and normal, kindly and in frank confidence in her country's affection. As the years passed the evidences of her care for those she ruled over were countless. When she lay dying at Osborne one wondered that in one woman's life there could have been time for the innumerable acts of feeling kindness alone which can be recorded of her. No calamity by land or sea, by flame or disease, befell her people when her grief was not as their own.

It has been said that a collection of the letters of sympathy written by a man or a woman would be the best possible monument of character and in some cases might form a monument to which no other could compare. A collection of the messages sent by Victoria of England to high and low, gentle and simple, in time of sorrow, would form not alone a record of deep feeling but of an executive ability which seemed to find time to think of all things. A woman of passionate tenderness, widowed in her early maturity, her heart turned to all women bereaved. A mother as full of noble ambition for her children as of intense love, her sympathy for young death, her praise for young deeds of courage or honor sped fast to many a woman's broken or proud heart. "The queen has written"—one read again and again in the morning papers after any catastrophe, victory or joy, and her words were always tender and uplifting things.

Her power and steadfastness in the matter of work were such as few men are marked by. Many knew of the hours spent at night in the labor of correspondence and the examination of papers. It is an old story, that of the prime minister who said that he would rather have ten kings to manage than one queen, so determined was this one to sign no document she had not thoroughly understood, reflected upon and approved.

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which is mentally in a degree maternal. How she loved them—her stubborn, stolid seeming, madly fighting, unquarrelable English! Their courage stirred her very soul. It was the last years of her life, we are told, that her slaughter broke her heart. She lived so close to them that she bled with their wounds. If she had been a man born in the days when kings led their armies to battle what a soldier she would have made! The blood of warriors was in her veins. This soldierly quality in her, without doubt, had something to do with the fact that she—the most impersonal and untheatrical of women—inspired, as has no other woman who has lived, a curiously personal and dramatic devotion.

One was continually struck by the personal nature of the feeling shown

—is a singularly large portion of the world. Its self-opinionativeness is sufficiently powerful to be far-reaching. The bearing and methods of its ruler are of significance and weight.

The great Victorian era was marked by the advance of all things intellectual—by the elevation and fostering of the arts, by the adoption and encouragement of inventions—by the intelligent consideration of ethics. This woman of the nineteenth century, who was born to wield a scepter, was a student—a reader of great works and small, a learner of languages, a connoisseur of pictures, a musician, a creature full of interest in every man's—and every woman's—work whether it was imaginative or technical. She regarded no thing lightly. Her conscience, her wonderful mentality, her faithful kindness, gave time and thought to all.

What one is chiefly struck by as one looks back over long years is the naturalness, the normal processes with which her power grew. Her influence was cumulative. As a child of 18—a pretty creature with roses in the brim of her quaint bonnet—she and her touching youth were divinely adored. There is a charming letter of Charles Dickens, written in his early manhood, in which he playfully describes his hopeless passion for a beautiful young lady he has seen walking in a garden. In his own inimitable way he paints her loveliness and its effect upon his susceptible temperament, his delight in her and his frantic despair at the hopelessness of his flame. He ends by the confession that the incomparable she is the young queen of England, whom he has beheld as she walked in the garden of her palace. It can easily be imagined that many of her other male subjects in secret swore fealty to her, and it may be that some of them proved their faith on Crimean and Indian battlefields when they were of riper years.

She began by pleasing Englishmen from the first, by an unconscious appeal to their chivalry and the best qualities of the sturdy insular nature. She took an honest young consort and gave her people strong boys and rosy girls to be their princes and princesses. Her subjects knew that her home was happy and her children loved. She hedged her throne with divinity, but lived before her people's eyes, heartful and normal, kindly and in frank confidence in her country's affection. As the years passed the evidences of her care for those she ruled over were countless. When she lay dying at Osborne one wondered that in one woman's life there could have been time for the innumerable acts of feeling kindness alone which can be recorded of her. No calamity by land or sea, by flame or disease, befell her people when her grief was not as their own.

It has been said that a collection of the letters of sympathy written by a man or a woman would be the best possible monument of character and in some cases might form a monument to which no other could compare. A collection of the messages sent by Victoria of England to high and low, gentle and simple, in time of sorrow, would form not alone a record of deep feeling but of an executive ability which seemed to find time to think of all things. A woman of passionate tenderness, widowed in her early maturity, her heart turned to all women bereaved. A mother as full of noble ambition for her children as of intense love, her sympathy for young death, her praise for young deeds of courage or honor sped fast to many a woman's broken or proud heart. "The queen has written"—one read again and again in the morning papers after any catastrophe, victory or joy, and her words were always tender and uplifting things.

Her power and steadfastness in the matter of work were such as few men are marked by. Many knew of the hours spent at night in the labor of correspondence and the examination of papers. It is an old story, that of the prime minister who said that he would rather have ten kings to manage than one queen, so determined was this one to sign no document she had not thoroughly understood, reflected upon and approved.

where she was concerned. There were days when at this one small, gray woman's feet the world lay as no world lay at Cleopatra's. What national anthem was ever sung as she sang "God Save the Queen"? What toast was ever drunk with the impetuous fervor men have been moved by when they drank "The Queen—God Bless Her?" On the day of her diamond jubilee, it has been said, when she came before the people—an aged woman supported by her son—the immensity of the emotion swaying the vast multitude in their thundering acclamations was such as made some of the strongest bleed with awe. No pomp, no power, no magnificence, could have awakened such emotion. If this one creature had been a shallow or soul. It was the tribute of the world—not a mere nation—to one woman who had lived with a noble, upright courage and a great, unswerving heart.

It seems impossible to picture the nineteenth century without this woman. The far-reachingness of English influence is a great factor in the moving of the world. This it is impossible to deny—the ruling quality of the English nature—a certain uncontrollable desire to interfere, to claim, to persist, makes it so. In a century surging with great wars, with the birth and death throes of nations, wondrous through the working of those forces of nature seemed to submit themselves to man rocked by the impetus of the forward rushing movement of thought, it was well that there sat upon the throne of empire a gravely human creature, full of the nobility of the desire to aid, of reverence for all things great, for the godlike in the human mind, for the aspiring, for the heroic and beautiful. There was no great movement that she did not aid, no effort of art or science to which she did not hold out her hand.

When she passed away and men and women wept in the streets for her, many recurred to the last journey, which was a thing so characteristic of her in its resolution and spirit—the visit to her people in Ireland. Who is not glad that it was made? But who but that one woman would have made it? Was there premonition in her desire to see her sometime turbulent children see her face grown old which they had only seen when young? She had passed the limit of allotted years, her splendid strength had begun to fall at last. She was worn and tired, but she had the courage which had taken her fearless to France, after Fashoda, when even statesmen hesitated before the possible results of the rage of an excited populace.

When England heard that the queen herself had decided upon this visit to Ireland it seemed at first incredible. The disastrous records which are a blot upon a nation's record are not inspired by the people—are never the expression of the people's self. But the frenzied act of a fanatic may cause a world to weep. She was so old. The very fatigue and excitement were too much for her to be asked to bear. It seemed more than possible that she would be dissuaded. But she was not. The rumor grew. The queen's journey was being prepared for—Ireland awoke and cried to her in ardent welcome across the sea.

The record of her visit is one of the marvels of her time. The hot-blooded hot-hearted people went mad with kindly happiness at sight of her aged, majestic face. They will remember always that her last visit was made to Ireland, that she came before she died to show them that she loved them and believed that her love was returned.

She, lying calm in death, was wept for by millions of her people, was spoken of tenderly and with praise by a whole world. She was one woman of the nineteenth century. Women will look backward to her through ages to come. She loved deeply and with a faithful soul, she was tender, she was steadfast, she was clear of brain, judicial and strong. She was, too, a man's queen as well as a woman's. Her powers had no sex; yet it is well, indeed, for womanhood that such a ruler was a woman, that such a woman was a queen.

No Growing Pains.

An eminent specialist claims that there is no such thing as "growing pains."

THE FAMILY BIBLE.

Its Old Time Record of Births, Marriages and Deaths.

"The family Bible, with its genealogical record, served a useful purpose in its day," said the librarian, "and I don't see that, with all our boasted advance in civilization, we have developed anything quite to take its place. Of course nowadays cities and towns pride themselves on the accuracy of their vital statistics, and we have whole libraries of genealogical works—dry enough most of them are too. But the individual family record, such as was kept a few generations ago, is very decidedly missing, and it's a pity that such is the case.

"For one thing, the list of births, marriages and deaths that were kept in the ponderous volume of Holy Writ operated to keep the members of the family close to one another. It was, in a way, a central point, valuable for sentimental reasons as well as for reasons more distinctly utilitarian. As scribe succeeded scribe the family continually was emphasized, and the entries were significant of the growth of a clanish feeling, which is too little in evidence at the present time. There are not, I venture to say, very many people in this year of grace who know anything or care anything about their relatives further removed than the degree of first cousinship, and even first cousins are frequently out of mind.

"Of course our tendencies are responsible largely for this state of affairs, but I often wish that we had reminders of our kin, such as were furnished by the family Bibles of past days, with their direct personal testimony, amounting to messages from parents to children. Whenever I see one of these pages filled with careful entries—entries made in joy and in sorrow, in the confidence of pride of life or by the trembling fingers of old age—it seems to me that we have lost something in our hurried existence that is to be regretted. We can go to the city or town clerk or perhaps to the public library for information as to our ancestry of our relatives, but this is a rather cold and formal method of procedure. Certainly we do not find in official records and in books the handwritings of our forebears."

By Intention.

When a Scotchman has no argument at his tongue's end to defend his own line of conduct, which another may have criticised, it may safely be inferred that his ancestry has a strain from some other nation. A man who has an estate in Scotland took his new plowman to task for the wavering furrows which were the result of his work.

"Your drills are not nearly as straight as those Angus made," he said severely. "He would not have left such a glebe as this."

"Angus didn't ken his work," said Tammas calmly, contemplating his employer with an indulgent gaze, "Ye see, when the drills is crookit the sun gets in on all sides, an' 'tis then ye get early 'taties."

He Knew.

A teacher in an isolated school situated in the cattle country of Wyoming, where the children learn their letters from the brands on cattle before they learn the alphabet, was endeavoring to teach her pupils the different sounds of "a" as denoted by the marks above the letter.

"Now, children," she inquired hopefully, pointing on the blackboard to the letter and the mark signifying the long sound, "what is this?"

"There was a long and discouraging silence. Then an embryo cowboy cried excitedly as he waved his hand: 'I know, teacher. That's Bar A!'"

Majesty of the People.

Queen Victoria had had, doubtless, some recollection of the theories of the divine right of kings, so when Mr. Gladstone, then prime minister, brought her a paper to be signed she said:

"I cannot sign it. That does not represent my sentiments."

"Madam," said the premier, "you must sign it."

"Do you say must to me, Mr. Gladstone? I am the queen of England."

"Madam, I am the people of England. Sign."

Had Plenty of Room.

A passenger entered a railway carriage already containing ten people and placed with great care a small valise under the seat.

"There," he said, "now I hope no accident will happen to that."

"Why, what is in it?" asked an indiscreet passenger.

"Dynamite," replied the man, whereupon the ten incontinently fled, leaving him in possession, and he proceeded to open the valise containing "dynamite" and eat his lunch in comfort.—Loisirs.

OMENS AND MONARCHS.

Incidents That Have Attended Certain English Coronations.

Omens should be regarded seriously by monarchs if there is truth in the stories of incidents that have attended the coronations of certain English kings. The wearing of white, for example, on such an occasion is said to have been particularly fatal. Alone of all the British sovereigns Charles I. was robbed in white at his coronation. The chroniclers say that this happened purely by accident. When the ill-fated prince formally assumed the crown in 1625 it chanced that all the purple velvet at the time to be found in London was not sufficient to supply a robe, and there was no time to send to Genoa or elsewhere for more.

Long years before the coronation of the second of the Stuart kings misfortunes had been predicted for a white king of England, and surely no man's life ever more fully bore out such a prediction. White followed the unlucky Charles even to the grave. After the dethroned king's execution on that cold January day in 1649 as his body was brought out from St. George's hall the snow began to fall, and before the coffin reached the west end of the royal chapel the black velvet pall was covered with purest white from frozen flakes.

Unfortunate signs and portents also attended the coronation of James II. The wind was light, yet the canopy which was held over the king's head by the Cinque Port barons was found to be torn, and the flag which was run up on the tower at the moment of coronation was soon afterward seen hanging in tatters.

The most portentous omen of all, however, attended the coronation of George III., in whose reign Britain sustained her greatest disaster—the loss of the American colonies. It is curious how this disaster was pre-symbolized at the coronation. As the king was moving across the abbey floor wearing the crown the great diamond fell out and was not found again without a good deal of trouble.—Scrap Book.

Uses For Kerosene.

Kerosene oil is a great help to loosen dirt, used in various ways. A few drops on a rag will clean a wash basin much more easily than soap. It is also good for cleaning an iron sink. If the children's hands are stuck up with balsam or wagon grease, try rubbing them with a rag wet in kerosene before applying soap and water. If they get wagon grease on their clothes, a little soap and kerosene will take it out. To clean dirty clothes, such as coarse towels, take a tablespoonful of kerosene and a small piece of soap. Boll these together with a quart of water till it makes an emulsion. Put this in your boiler with enough cold water to cover your clothes and let it come to a boil, stirring the clothes occasionally. This saves a lot of hard rubbing. It is also very good to soften children's shoes which have become hard by being soaked with water.—Suburban Life.

Don't Cry, Go Eat.

"I don't cry any more about anything," said the bachelor girl. "When I get so sad I don't know what to do, I go out and get me something to eat. A little fellow I was very fond of once taught me that. He asked me to take luncheon with him to talk over a quarrel we were having. During the talking over it I got to crying. I cried all over my fish. He ordered me some more fish and scolded me while they were getting it ready.

"Never cry, Frances," he said, "as long as you've got a good luncheon or dinner before you. It isn't worth while."

"No. I never saw him again, but whenever I want to cry I think of him and get me something good to eat instead."—New York Press.

The Sentry's Reason.

A soldier at the Toulon arsenal was on sentry duty the other day outside a powder magazine when an officer came up smoking a cigar.

"You must throw that away, sir," said the sentry, and after a moment's hesitation the officer obeyed. Almost immediately afterward the officer returned and saw the sentry smoking his cigar. He was about to call the guard when the soldier said:

"I am not a smoker, captain. I was merely keeping it alight to show the corporal when he comes around that I was right in ordering you to throw it away." The captain smiled and walked on.—St. James' Gazette.

Like Old Clothes.

Little James had been imparting to the minister the important and cheerful information that his father had got a new set of false teeth.

"Indeed, James!" replied the minister indulgently. "And what will he do with the old set?"

"Oh, I s'pose," replied little James, "they'll cut 'em down and make me wear 'em."

SHE TOOK HIS SPEECH.

Then the Bright Girl Got Work as His Stenographer.

She was riding into the city on the morning train in search of a position as a stenographer. Having seen the large, florid man in the seat in front of her cut an advertisement from his newspaper and put it away in his pocketbook, she was just curious enough to look up the corresponding place in her own paper. Finding there an advertisement for a stenographer, she noted down the address and thanked her feminine curiosity.

She then turned back to her pencil and notebook. It seemed as if, practice as she might, she never could keep her speed up to 100 words a minute. She tried copying from the newspaper, but the motion of the car made the words dance before her eyes until they hurt her. She tried making up sentences as she went along and failed. Finally she resorted to taking down the incessant chatter of two women behind her, but their talk was often drowned in the disturbances of a number of young people still farther back, who were riotously noisy.

The young lady struggled with a tirade on the servant girl problem, timing herself by the distance between stations—two minutes from Sherwood to Sherwood Corners. Could she do 200 words? As her hand dashed madly over the page a large wad of newspaper flew past her and struck the florid man in the neck. The laughter behind subsided into dismayed giggles.

Slowly the large man turned his injured neck. He was redder than ever as he started to speak. The words fell from his lips, hot but distinct, swiftly but smoothly. He was telling the boisterous young people seven seats back just what he thought of them.

The young woman with the pencil saw her chance and took it. Here was glorious dictation. Her pencil flew. The speech lasted a minute and a half and was cut short then only by the arrival of the train at the terminal. The stenographer slapped her book shut with a comfortable feeling of having done even better than a hundred words per minute and set off in search of her position.

When she arrived at the address she had noted down, she was ushered into a private office, where sat the man of the speech. She stammered a little until she saw that he did not recognize her. His mind had been full of bigger things. Then she smilingly told him her errand.

"Do you think you can take my dictation?" he said, frowning.

"Yes, sir."

"What makes you think so? I talk very fast."

"But very distinctly, sir." She produced her notebook and laid it open before him. "Here's a sample." She began to read her notes.

His jaw dropped. There was his masterpiece of the train, complete and unbridled. It really sounded very well, so full of fire.

When she finished, he looked at her sharply. His face was very red, but his eyes twinkled.

"The job's yours," he said in a subdued voice.—Youth's Companion.

Not Much Progress.

Such an exchange of courtesy as was chronicled in a German paper not long ago would hardly suit the taste of brisk Americans. The exchange was in the form of two advertisements.

"The gentleman who found a purse with money in the Blumenstrasse is requested to forward it to the address of the loser, as he is recognized."

A day or two later appeared the response, which, although so courteous, had an elusive air, to say the least:

"The recognized gentleman who picked up a purse in the Blumenstrasse requests the loser to call at his house at a convenient day."

Only Hearsay.

Magistrate—How old are you, madam?

Witness—According to your own ruling, I don't know.

Magistrate—Why, how is that?

Witness—You stated that hearsay was not conclusive evidence, did you not?

Magistrate—Yes, but—

Witness (interrupting)—Well, I am told that I am so many years old; but, as you know, it is only hearsay.—Chicago News.

Justifiable.

The cat had eaten the canary. "I haven't any compunctions about it, either," she said, picking her teeth with her claws. "I couldn't eat the pianola on the first floor or the graphophone on the third, but I could make a meal of the musician on the second floor, and I've done it."

With a satisfied grin on her face she curled up on the floor behind the gas range and went to sleep.—Chicago Tribune.

WANT COLUMN

WANTED—Girl for general house work in small family of three. Make application at this office.

FOR SALE OR RENT—6 room house two blocks from square. W. C. Wentworth.

FOR SALE—A few bushels of Siberian millet seed at the Russell barn. \$1 a bushel. Peter Peterson. 16-2t.

FOR SALE—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 2-4t.

I will mow your lawn by the week or for the season. 50 cents for each mowing. Phone Mrs. Hull A. F. Sherman. 5-12tpd.

WANTED—To sell my house, house to be removed from lot W. W. Loofbourrow. 15-2t.

FOR SALE—A new Quick Meal range. Will sell cheap. Minnie Marks. 15-1t.

WANTED—A competent girl for general house work. Mrs. Peter Mortensen.

CLINTON HALSEY will deliver milk to regular customers. Phone 340. 2tpd.

COE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—On account of my failing health and the benefits obtained by living in Colorado the past year, I have decided to make my home in Grand Junction, Colorado. I therefore wish to sell my residence in Ord. I would prefer to sell for cash but will consider trade for good valley county land. Will be in Ord about May 10. For terms and other information see Clarence Coe at Ord State Bank. 6-1t.

TEAMING—I am prepared to do all of your hauling. Good teams. See me or phone 288. Nels Petersen.

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-1t.

FOUND—A gold watch fob by one of the Polak children Sunday. Owner may get it at the Quiz office.

THOROUGHbred POLAND-CHINA sows and pigs for sale. See Daniel Burko if interested.

LOST—A pocket book in Ord containing \$8.00 and a cream receipt, bearing the name of Charles Palmatrix. Finder will please leave at Quiz office. 7-1t.

HAULING—For any kind of hauling see Nels Knutsen, phone 288. Biggest load of best gravel and sand will be furnished.

SOME fine evergreens, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 5t.

HOGS—Will be in Elvira every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 5-2.

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

FOR SALE—Good driving horse with buggy and harness. G. H. Gard. 6-1t.

Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, May 10, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Sanders of Burwell Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17816 made August 13, 1902, for the west 1/4 northeast 1/4 and southeast 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 9, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on June 22, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz: Jacob Osantowski of Burwell, Nebraska. Nat D. Maxfield of Burwell, Nebraska. Clarence Jeffries of Burwell, Nebraska. John Dinnell of Burwell, Nebraska. Chas. F. Shedd, Register.

13

Burlington Route

GO SOMEWHERE

SPECIAL TO CALIFORNIA:

Low rate Summer tours to San Francisco and Los Angeles; about half rates until May 18th, also June 8th to 15th; June 22nd to July 5th. Slightly higher daily commencing June 1st; small extra cost via Portland and Seattle.

BIG HORN BASIN:

We run personally conducted home-seekers' excursions May 7th and June 21st, June 4th and 18th, under guidance of D. Clem Deaver, General Agent Land-seekers' Information Bureau, to assist settlers to secure an early hold at cheapest rates of magnificent irrigated lands in the Big Horn Basin; write about these lands. Round trip \$20.00.

CHEAP RATES EAST:

To Jamestown Exposition daily low rates; via New York slightly higher. During the Summer low excursion rates to Atlantic City, Saratoga Springs, Philadelphia, also to the Sea shore and Mountain resorts.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN TOURS:

To Colorado, Utah, Black Hills, Cody, Sheridan, Yellowstone Park. Daily low rate tours after June 1st.

J. W. MOONHOUSE, Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.

L. W. WALKER, G. P. A., Omaha, Nebraska.

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL

of Chicago,

Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicines.

Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on

Friday, June 7

Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.



Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Goures, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co., Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill. Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

We want your

HOGS!

We have made arrangements with the trade at Portland, Oregon, to handle all of the

Light Hogs

we can ship them, and are now in the market for light hogs for western shipment. Call us up by phone or stop at our office and let us quote you top prices.

Blessing Bros.

Farmers' phone 25. Bell phone 42

Kansas Land

Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth land, from \$7 to \$12 per acre

One-fourth cash, the balance on four years' time.

Newbecker Land Co., GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

SEE HONNOLD & DAVIS FOR Real Estate Insurance and 5% Loans

Try a Want Add in The Quiz

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Letters of Administration.

State of Nebraska, Valley county. To all persons interested in the estate of Dwight Pierce, late of said county, deceased:

You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, 1907, Sarah E. Pierce filed her petition in the county court of said county for the appointment of Claude A. Davis as administrator of the estate of Dwight Pierce, late of said county, deceased, and that the same will be heard at the county court room in Ord, in said county, on the 20th day of May, 1907, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that notice of said hearing be given all parties interested in said estate by the publication of this notice for three successive weeks in the Ord Quiz, a newspaper printed, published and of general circulation in said county.

Dated this 3d day of May, 1907.

(Seal) H. Gudmundsen, Honnold & Davis, County Judge. Attorneys for estate.

Notice for Presentation of Claims.

State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss. In the county court of said county: In the matter of the estate of Dwight Pierce deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Dwight Pierce late of Valley county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 23d day of May, 1907. All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county, at his office therein, on or before the 23d day of November, 1907, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the 23d day of November, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Dated this 20th day of May 1907. 16-4 H. Gudmundsen, County Judge.

NORTHWEST and Return

Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Bellingham, Everett, Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster

One Fare or \$51.20

For the Round Trip from Ord

Tickets on sale June 20th to July 12th, 1907. Also tickets one way through California on sale same dates at slightly higher rates.

VIA UNION PACIFIC Be sure your tickets read over this line

Inquire of F. R. FRICK

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D. Office over post office. Phone 116

ORD, NEBRASKA

C. J. MILLER, M. D. Office and residence phone 41. Office in new Misko block.

Physician and Surgeon Ord, Nebraska.

R. L. STAPLE, Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor. Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds. First National Bank Building, ORD, NEBRASKA

A. H. DANIELS, Undertaking... Licensed Embalmer. Residence Phone 74. ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. W. TAYLOR, Dentist. Office over First National Bank. Office Phone 24. Residence Phone 274

Dr. F. D. HALDEFMAN, Physician & Surgeon. Office Phone 48. Ord, NEBRASKA

CLEMENTS BROS., Lawyers. Office in Misko Block. North Side of Square. Ord, NEBRASKA

M. M. Newbecker, M. D. Day and Night Calls. Ord, NEBRASKA

A. M. ROBBINS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE. Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties. Ord, NEBRASKA

C. D. BUNDY, M. D. Successor to Chester A. Brink. Calls answered night and day. Office and resident phone 48

Order for Hearing of Final Account. State of Nebraska, Valley county ss. In the county court, of Valley county. In the matter of the estate of George M. Miller deceased.

Now on the 23 day of May 1907, came Peter Mortensen, the executor of said estate, and prays for leave to render an account as such executor, and also files his petition for the distribution of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 11th day of June 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m. at my office, in Ord, Nebraska, be fixed as the time and place for examining and allowing such account and hearing said petition. And the heirs of said deceased, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at the time and place so designated, and show cause, if such exists why said account should not be allowed and distribution made. It is further ordered that said executor, give notice to all persons interested in said estate by causing a copy of this order to be published for 3 weeks prior to the day set for said hearing.

Dated this 23 day of May 1907. H. Gudmundsen, County Judge. A. M. Robbins, attorney for estate.

Ord Church and Lodge Directory

RATES—Six lines or less, \$3.00 per year. Additional lines 50 cents per year.

ORD LODGE NO. 103 A. F. & A. M. Meetings held on Wednesday or on before the full moon of each month. T. A. Waters, W. M. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

ORD CHAPTER NO. 50 R. A. M. Convocation first Tuesday of each month. John C. Work, P. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

MIZPAH CHAPTER ORDER OF EASTERN STAR LODGE NO. 56. Regular meetings first and third Friday of each month.

Prof. J. N. D. Anble Magnetic Healer.

GRADUATE OF WELTNER SCHOOL OF HEALING OF NEVADA, MISSOURI. A few of the diseases treated: appendicitis, Cancer, cross eyes, curvatures of the spine, typhoid fever, heart trouble, insomnia, liquor habit, ovarian tumors, paralysis, spinal meningitis, asthma, constipation, croup, headache, hip joint disease, kidney trouble, locomotor ataxia, pneumonia, rheumatism. Consultation free. OFFICE AT RESIDENCE, Two blocks east of square. Ord, Nebraska

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Letters of Administration.

State of Nebraska, Valley county. To all persons interested in the estate of Dwight Pierce, late of said county, deceased:

You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, 1907, Sarah E. Pierce filed her petition in the county court of said county for the appointment of Claude A. Davis as administrator of the estate of Dwight Pierce, late of said county, deceased, and that the same will be heard at the county court room in Ord, in said county, on the 20th day of May, 1907, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST

BY HARRY LEON WILSON, AUTHOR OF "THE SPENDERS"

CHAPTER XVI—Continued.

On the women, too, the quick attack had been almost instantly successful. The first great volume of mad shrieks had quickly died low as if the victims were being smothered; and now could be heard only the single scream of some woman caught in flight,—short, despairing screams, and others that seemed to be cut short—strangled at their height.

Joel Rae found himself on the line after the first volley, drawn by some dread power he could not resist. Yet one look had been enough. He shut his eyes to the writhing forms, the jets of flame spitting through the fog of smoke, and turned to flee.

Then in an instant—how it had come about he never knew—he was struggling with a man who shouted his name and cursed him,—a dark man with blood streaming from a wound in his throat. He defended himself easily, feeling his assailant's strength already waning. Time after time the man called him by name and cursed him, now in low tones, as they swayed. Then the Saint whose allotted victim this man had been, having reloaded his pistol, ran up, held it close to his head, fired, and ran back to the line.

He felt the man's grasp of his shoulders relax, and his body grew suddenly limp, as if boneless. He let it down to the ground, looking at last full upon the face. At first glance it told him nothing. Then a faint sense of its familiarity pushed up through many old memories. Sometime, somewhere, he had known the face.

The dying man opened his eyes wide, not seeing, but convulsively, and then he felt himself enlightened by something in their dark color,—something in the line of the brow under the black hair;—a face was brought back to him, the handsome face of the jaunty militia captain at Nauvoo, the man who had helped expel his people, who had patronized them with his airs of protector,—the man who had—

It did not come to him until that instant—this man was Girway! In the flash of awful comprehension he dropped, a sickened and nerveless heap, beside the dead man, turning his head on the ground, and feeling for any sign of life at his heart.

Forward there, where the yells of the Indians had all but replaced the screams of frantic women—butchered already perhaps, subjected to he knew not what infamy at the hands of savage or Saint—was the yellow-haired, pink-faced girl he had loved and kept so long imaged in his heart; yet she might have escaped, she might still live—she might even not have been in the party.

He sprang up and found himself facing a white-haired boy, who held a little crying girl by a tight grasp of her arm, and who eyed him aggressively.

"What did you hurt Prudence's father for? He was a good man. Did you shoot him?"

He seized the boy roughly by the shoulder.

"Prudence—Prudence—where is she?"

"Here."

He looked down at the little girl, who still cried. Even in that glance he saw her mother's prettiness, her pink and white daintiness, and the yellow shine of her hair.

"Her mother, then,—quick!"

"The boy pointed ahead."

"Up there—she told me to take care of Prudence, and when the Indians came out she made me run back here to look for him." He pointed to the still figure on the ground before them. And then, making a brave effort to keep back the tears:

"If I had a gun I'd shoot you some Indians—I'd shoot you, too—you killed him. When I grow up to be a man, I'll have a gun and come here—"

He had the child in his arms, and called to the boy:

"Come, fast now! Go as near as you can to where you left her."

They ran forward through the gray smoke, stepping over and around bodies as they went. When they reached the feet of the women he would have stopped to search, but the boy led him on, pointing. And then, half-way up the line, a little to the right of the road, at the edge of the cedars, his eye caught the glimpse of a great mass of yellow hair on the ground. She seemed to have been only wounded, for, as he looked, she was up on her knees striving to stand.

He ran faster, leaving the boy behind now, but while he was still far off, he saw an Indian, knife in hand, run to her and strike her down. Then before he had divined the intent, the savage had gathered the long hair into his left hand, made a swift circling of the knife with his right,—and the thing was done before his eyes. He screamed in terror as he ran, and now he was near enough to be heard. The Indian at his cry arose and for one long second shook, almost in his face as he came running up, the long, shifting, yellow hair with the gory patch at the end. Before his staring eyes, the hair was twisting, writhing, and undulating,—like a golden flame licking the bronzed arm that held it. And then, as he reached the spot, the Indian, with a long yell of delight and a final flourish of his trophy, ran off to other prizes.

He stood a moment, breathless and faint, looking with fearful eyes down at the little, limp, still figure at his feet. One slender, bare arm was flung out as if she had gasped at the whole big earth in her last agony.

The spell of fear was broken by the boy, who came trotting up. He had given way to his tears now, and was crying loudly from fright. Joel made him take the little girl and sit under a tree out of sight of the spot.

He was never able to recall the events of that day, or of the months following in anything like their proper sequence. The effort to do so brought a pain shooting through his head. Up to the moment when the yellow hair had waved in his face, everything had kept a ghastly distinctness. He remembered each instant and each emotion. After that all was dark confusion, with only here and there a detached, inconsequent memory of appalling vividness.

He could remember that he had buried her on the other side of the hill where a gnarled cedar grew at the foot of a ledge of sandstone, using a spade that an Indian had brought from a deserted camp. By her side he had found the scattered contents of the little bundle she had carried,—a small Bible, a locket, a worn gold bracelet, and a picture of herself as he had known her, a half-faced daguerreotype set in a gilt oval, in a square rubber case that shut with a snap. The little limp-backed Bible had lain flung open on the ground in the midst of the other trinkets. He remembered picking these things up and retying them in the blue silk handkerchief, and then he had twice driven away an Indian who, finding no other life, came up to kill the two children huddled at the foot of the cedar.

Some of the men had camped on the spot. Others had gone to Ham-

lin's ranch, near the Meadows, where the children were taken. He had sent the boy there with them, and he could recall distinctly the struggle he had with the little fellow; for the boy had wished not to be taken from the girl, and had fought valiantly with fists and feet and his sharp little teeth.

The little girl with her mother's bundle he had taken to another ranch farther south in the Pine mountains. He told the woman the child was his own, and that she was to be kept until he came again.

CHAPTER XVII.

The Host of Israel Goes Forth to Battle.

He went north in answer to the call for soldiers. He went gladly. It promised activity—and company.

The day he reached Salt Lake City, Joel Rae was made major of militia. The following day, he attended the meeting at the tabernacle. He needed, for reasons he did not fully explain to himself, to receive fresh assurance of Brigham's infallibility, of his touch with the Holy Ghost, of his goodness as well as his might; to be caught once more by the compelling magnetism of his presence, the flash of his eye, and the inciting tones of his voice. All this he found.

Joel Rae was again under the sway of his old warlike feelings. Brigham had revived his fainting faith. He went out into the noise and hurry of war preparations in a sort of intoxication. Underneath the dreadful specter that would not be gone—that stood impassive and immovable as one of the mountains about him, waiting for him to come to it and face it and live his day of reckoning,—the day of his own judgment upon himself. But he drank thirstily of the martial draught and lived the time in a fever of tumultuous drunkenness to the awful truth.

Forces were sent into Echo canyon, the narrow defile between the moun-

tains through which an army would have to pass. On the east side men were put to building stone ramparts as a protection for riflemen. On the west, where the side was sloping, they dug pits for the same purpose. They also built dams to throw large bodies of water along the west side of the canyon so that an army would be forced to the east side; and here at the top of the cliff, great quantities of boulders were placed so that a slight leverage would suffice to hall them down upon the army as it marched below.

When word came that the invaders had crossed the Utah line, Brigham sent forward a copy of his proclamation and a friendly note of warning to the officer in command. In this he directed that officer to retire from the Territory by the same route he had entered it; adding, however, "should you deem this impracticable and prefer to remain until spring in the vicinity of your present position at Black's fork or Green river, you can do so in peace and unmolested on condition that you deposit your arms and ammunition with Lewis Robinson, quartermaster general of the Territory, and leave as soon in the spring as the roads will permit you to march. And should you fall short of provisions they will be furnished you upon making the proper application." The officer who received this note had replied somewhat curtly that the forces he commanded were in Utah by order of the President of the United States and that their future movements would depend wholly upon orders issued by competent military authority. Thus the issue was forced.

In addition to the defense of Echo canyon, certain aggressive moves were made. To Joel Rae was allotted command of one of these. His orders promised all he could wish of action. He read them and felt something like his old truculent enthusiasm.

"You will proceed with all possible dispatch, without injuring your animals, to the Oregon road near the bend of Bear river, north by east of this place. When you approach the road, send scouts ahead to ascertain if the invading troops have passed that way. Should they have passed, take a concealed route and get ahead of them. On ascertaining the locality of the troops, proceed at once to

Reports of this distress were duly carried to Brigham and published to the Saints. Their soldiers had made good their resolve to prevent the Federal army from passing the Wasatch mountains. Aggressive operations ceased for the winter, and the greater part of the militia returned to their homes. A small outpost of 50 men under the command of Major Joel Rae—who had earnestly requested this assignment—was left to guard the narrow of Echo canyon and to keep watch over the enemy during the winter. This officer was slow persuaded that the Lord's hand was with them. For the enemy had been wasted away even by the elements from the time he had crossed the forbidden line.

In Salt Lake City that winter, the same opinion prevailed. They were henceforth to be the free and independent State of Deseret.

"Do you want to know," asked Brigham, in the tabernacle, "what is to be done with the enemy now on our borders? As soon as they start to come into our settlements, let sleep depart from their eyes until they sleep in death! Men shall be secreted along the route and shall waste them away in the name of the God of Battles. The United States will have to make peace with us. Never again shall we make peace with them."

CHAPTER XVIII.

How the Lion of the Lord Roared Soft.

But with the coming of spring some fever that had burned in the blood of the Saints from high to low was felt to be losing its heat. They had held the Gentle army at bay during the winter—with the winter's help. But spring was now melting the snows. Reports from Washington, moreover, indicated that a perverse generation in the states had declined to accept the decrees of Israel's God without further proofs of their authenticity.

With a view to determining this issue, Congress had voted more money for troops. Three thousand men were to march to the reinforcement of the army of Johnston on Black's fork; forty-five hundred wagons were to transport their supplies; and 50,000 oxen and 4,000 mules were to pull these wagons. War, in short, was to be waged upon this Israel hidden in the chamber of the mountains. To Major Rae, watching on the outposts of Echo canyon, the news was welcome, even surprising. Keep your men together, he would be the ultimate triumph which the Lord was about to secure for them.

In Brigham and the other leaders, however, this report induced deep thought. And finally, on a day, they let it be known that there could no longer be any thought of actual war with the armies of the Gentile.

When he heard that the new governor, who had been in the snow with Johnston's army all winter, was to enter Salt Lake City and take his office—a Gentile officer to sit on the throne of Brigham—he felt that the Ark of the Covenant had been thrown down. "Let us not," he implored Brigham in a letter sent him from Echo canyon, "be again entangled into servile obedience to any one less than the Christ of God!"

But Brigham's reply was an order to pass the new governor through Echo canyon. According to the terms of this order he was escorted through at night, in a manner to convince him that he was passing between the lines of a mighty and far-flung host. Fires were kindled along the heights and the small force attending him was cunningly distributed and duplicated, a few of its numbers going ahead from time to time, halting the rest of the party and demanding the counter-sign.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

College for Working Women

Worthy Scheme for Higher Education That is Unique.

In London there is a college for working women, the aim of which is to supply women occupied during the day with a higher education than is generally within their reach. The whole of the teaching staff is unpaid, and the college, which has existed for 32 years, owes its being and its present success to Miss Frances Martin, who is its honorary secretary, and has devoted a lifetime to its interests. In connection with the college there

is a benefit club, a penny bank and the rooms in the college for reading and refreshment practically make it a delightful clubhouse for girls who are engaged during the day. There are several social clubs, and during the winter monthly dances and Dorcas meetings are held, says the Chicago Daily News. The special classes in ambulance and dressmaking are exceedingly popular with the members and in the former subject at the last examination every one of the candidates succeeded in taking her certificate.

ander of the Federal forces, deciding that the canyons could be defended by the Saints, planned to approach Salt Lake City over a roundabout route to the north. He started in heavy snow, cutting a road through the greasewood and sage brush. Often his men made but three miles a day, and his supply-train was so long that sometimes half of it would be camped for the night before the rear wagons had moved. As there was no cavalry in the force the hosts of Israel harassed them sorely on this march, on one day consecrating 800 head of their oxen and driving them to Salt Lake.

Albert Sidney Johnston, commanding the expedition, had also suffered greatly with his forces. The early snows deprived his stock of forage, and the unusual cold froze many oxen and mules.

Lieut. Col. Cooke of the Second Dragoons, with whom traveled the newly appointed governor, so other to suffer. At Fort Laramie so many of his animals had dropped out that numbers of his men were dismounted, and the ambulances used to carry grain. Night after night they huddled at the base of cliffs in the fearful eddies of the snow, and heard above the blast the piteous cries of their famished and freezing stock. Day after day they pushed against the keen blades of the wind, toiling through frozen clouds and stinging ice blasts. The last 35 miles to Fort Bridger had required 15 days, and at one camp on Black's fork, which they called the "camp of Death," 500 animals perished in a night.

Nor did the hardships of the troops narrow of Echo canyon, who were to be their winter quarters. Still a hundred and fifteen miles from the City of the Saints, they were poorly housed against the bitter cold, poorly fed, and insufficiently clothed, for the burning of the trains by the Lord's hosts had reduced all supplies.

Reports of this distress were duly carried to Brigham and published to the Saints. Their soldiers had made good their resolve to prevent the Federal army from passing the Wasatch mountains. Aggressive operations ceased for the winter, and the greater part of the militia returned to their homes. A small outpost of 50 men under the command of Major Joel Rae—who had earnestly requested this assignment—was left to guard the narrow of Echo canyon and to keep watch over the enemy during the winter. This officer was slow persuaded that the Lord's hand was with them. For the enemy had been wasted away even by the elements from the time he had crossed the forbidden line.

In Salt Lake City that winter, the same opinion prevailed. They were henceforth to be the free and independent State of Deseret.

"Do you want to know," asked Brigham, in the tabernacle, "what is to be done with the enemy now on our borders? As soon as they start to come into our settlements, let sleep depart from their eyes until they sleep in death! Men shall be secreted along the route and shall waste them away in the name of the God of Battles. The United States will have to make peace with us. Never again shall we make peace with them."

CHAPTER XVIII.

How the Lion of the Lord Roared Soft.

But with the coming of spring some fever that had burned in the blood of the Saints from high to low was felt to be losing its heat. They had held the Gentle army at bay during the winter—with the winter's help. But spring was now melting the snows. Reports from Washington, moreover, indicated that a perverse generation in the states had declined to accept the decrees of Israel's God without further proofs of their authenticity.

With a view to determining this issue, Congress had voted more money for troops. Three thousand men were to march to the reinforcement of the army of Johnston on Black's fork; forty-five hundred wagons were to transport their supplies; and 50,000 oxen and 4,000 mules were to pull these wagons. War, in short, was to be waged upon this Israel hidden in the chamber of the mountains. To Major Rae, watching on the outposts of Echo canyon, the news was welcome, even surprising. Keep your men together, he would be the ultimate triumph which the Lord was about to secure for them.

In Brigham and the other leaders, however, this report induced deep thought. And finally, on a day, they let it be known that there could no longer be any thought of actual war with the armies of the Gentile.

When he heard that the new governor, who had been in the snow with Johnston's army all winter, was to enter Salt Lake City and take his office—a Gentile officer to sit on the throne of Brigham—he felt that the Ark of the Covenant had been thrown down. "Let us not," he implored Brigham in a letter sent him from Echo canyon, "be again entangled into servile obedience to any one less than the Christ of God!"

But Brigham's reply was an order to pass the new governor through Echo canyon. According to the terms of this order he was escorted through at night, in a manner to convince him that he was passing between the lines of a mighty and far-flung host. Fires were kindled along the heights and the small force attending him was cunningly distributed and duplicated, a few of its numbers going ahead from time to time, halting the rest of the party and demanding the counter-sign.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

College for Working Women

Worthy Scheme for Higher Education That is Unique.

In London there is a college for working women, the aim of which is to supply women occupied during the day with a higher education than is generally within their reach. The whole of the teaching staff is unpaid, and the college, which has existed for 32 years, owes its being and its present success to Miss Frances Martin, who is its honorary secretary, and has devoted a lifetime to its interests. In connection with the college there

is a benefit club, a penny bank and the rooms in the college for reading and refreshment practically make it a delightful clubhouse for girls who are engaged during the day. There are several social clubs, and during the winter monthly dances and Dorcas meetings are held, says the Chicago Daily News. The special classes in ambulance and dressmaking are exceedingly popular with the members and in the former subject at the last examination every one of the candidates succeeded in taking her certificate.

ander of the Federal forces, deciding that the canyons could be defended by the Saints, planned to approach Salt Lake City over a roundabout route to the north. He started in heavy snow, cutting a road through the greasewood and sage brush. Often his men made but three miles a day, and his supply-train was so long that sometimes half of it would be camped for the night before the rear wagons had moved. As there was no cavalry in the force the hosts of Israel harassed them sorely on this march, on one day consecrating 800 head of their oxen and driving them to Salt Lake.

Albert Sidney Johnston, commanding the expedition, had also suffered greatly with his forces. The early snows deprived his stock of forage, and the unusual cold froze many oxen and mules.

Lieut. Col. Cooke of the Second Dragoons, with whom traveled the newly appointed governor, so other to suffer. At Fort Laramie so many of his animals had dropped out that numbers of his men were dismounted, and the ambulances used to carry grain. Night after night they huddled at the base of cliffs in the fearful eddies of the snow, and heard above the blast the piteous cries of their famished and freezing stock. Day after day they pushed against the keen blades of the wind, toiling through frozen clouds and stinging ice blasts. The last 35 miles to Fort Bridger had required 15 days, and at one camp on Black's fork, which they called the "camp of Death," 500 animals perished in a night.

Nor did the hardships of the troops narrow of Echo canyon, who were to be their winter quarters. Still a hundred and fifteen miles from the City of the Saints, they were poorly housed against the bitter cold, poorly fed, and insufficiently clothed, for the burning of the trains by the Lord's hosts had reduced all supplies.

Reports of this distress were duly carried to Brigham and published to the Saints. Their soldiers had made good their resolve to prevent the Federal army from passing the Wasatch mountains. Aggressive operations ceased for the winter, and the greater part of the militia returned to their homes. A small outpost of 50 men under the command of Major Joel Rae—who had earnestly requested this assignment—was left to guard the narrow of Echo canyon and to keep watch over the enemy during the winter. This officer was slow persuaded that the Lord's hand was with them. For the enemy had been wasted away even by the elements from the time he had crossed the forbidden line.

In Salt Lake City that winter, the same opinion prevailed. They were henceforth to be the free and independent State of Deseret.

"Do you want to know," asked Brigham, in the tabernacle, "what is to be done with the enemy now on our borders? As soon as they start to come into our settlements, let sleep depart from their eyes until they sleep in death! Men shall be secreted along the route and shall waste them away in the name of the God of Battles. The United States will have to make peace with us. Never again shall we make peace with them."

CHAPTER XVIII.

How the Lion of the Lord Roared Soft.

But with the coming of spring some fever that had burned in the blood of the Saints from high to low was felt to be losing its heat. They had held the Gentle army at bay during the winter—with the winter's help. But spring was now melting the snows. Reports from Washington, moreover, indicated that a perverse generation in the states had declined to accept the decrees of Israel's God without further proofs of their authenticity.

With a view to determining this issue, Congress had voted more money for troops. Three thousand men were to march to the reinforcement of the army of Johnston on Black's fork; forty-five hundred wagons were to transport their supplies; and 50,000 oxen and 4,000 mules were to pull these wagons. War, in short, was to be waged upon this Israel hidden in the chamber of the mountains. To Major Rae, watching on the outposts of Echo canyon, the news was welcome, even surprising. Keep your men together, he would be the ultimate triumph which the Lord was about to secure for them.

In Brigham and the other leaders, however, this report induced deep thought. And finally, on a day, they let it be known that there could no longer be any thought of actual war with the armies of the Gentile.

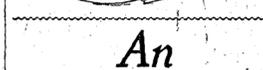
When he heard that the new governor, who had been in the snow with Johnston's army all winter, was to enter Salt Lake City and take his office—a Gentile officer to sit on the throne of Brigham—he felt that the Ark of the Covenant had been thrown down. "Let us not," he implored Brigham in a letter sent him from Echo canyon, "be again entangled into servile obedience to any one less than the Christ of God!"

But Brigham's reply was an order to pass the new governor through Echo canyon. According to the terms of this order he was escorted through at night, in a manner to convince him that he was passing between the lines of a mighty and far-flung host. Fires were kindled along the heights and the small force attending him was cunningly distributed and duplicated, a few of its numbers going ahead from time to time, halting the rest of the party and demanding the counter-sign.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

College for Working Women

Worthy Scheme for Higher Education That is Unique.



An Ideal Woman Ruler

By Frances Hodgson Burnett

Famous Author Pays Tribute to Late Queen of England—Victoria Possessed the Genius of a Great Heart—Her Wonderful Mentality—Her Sympathy for Those in Distress—Charles Dickens Praises Her Loveliness at Eighteen—Her Unconscious Appeal to English Chivalry—Her Home Happy and Her Children Loved.

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Boylston.)

(Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, now Mrs. Stephen Townsend, is too well known to require any word of introduction. An English woman by birth and present residence, though her fame was made during the many years that she resided in the United States, her admiration for the late queen of England is shown in the following article, come from her heart. The author of "That Lass o' Lowries," "Little Lord Fauntleroy," "A Lady of Quality," "His Grace of Osnaburgh" and "The Making of a Marchioness," writes of the great queen with her usual literary charm.)

In all the countries of the civilized world there prevailed a spirit of sympathetic sadness. Over every city, town and hamlet in England, Scotland and Wales there hung a cloud. In great, rich, ancient London people walked the streets with grave faces. Festivities were postponed, social plans were altered. In the old churches prayers were offered. One closing anthem was played with sorrowful softness which made it a prayer in itself and those who heard passed out into the air with tears. This because one woman—one aged woman—lay dying.

It was 64 years after a night on which a girl—a mere child creature in her teens—was awakened from her sleep to be told that she was the queen of England. There is a popular picture of the incident, in which she stands, touchingly young and grave, holding out a hand that an old man who kneels before her may kiss it in doing homage to his sovereign.

Her sense of the responsibility of her position was a thing like genius. In all things touching it she was always grave, always sagacious and beautifully earnest. A young girl—even a young woman—might have been forgiven many things for which the nation this young creature was born to rule was never called upon to forgive her.

One very interesting feature of her life was that people made no habit of speaking of her as a brilliant woman. It has been said that she was good, intelligent, but comparatively little stress has been laid upon her brain power. Yet there has been no other queen in the history of the world whose reign was so marked by forward movement and who herself so moved with her time and so strongly influenced it. She had a genius for rectitude, a genius of the conscience, and, it may be added, the genius of a great heart. But she possessed also a foresight that was extraordinary. One truth is surely fixed—that in the future no record of statecraft, politics or social ethics can point to an act of Victoria of England which was either unjust, ignoble or careless. To each thing she did she brought all that the gods gave her of the reasoning, of both heart and brain. All her use of power tended to the development of public good, to the aiding of humane ends, to the broadening of the ways for the intelligent, the striving and the sane in ambition.

The time has gone by when for a woman to be virtuous was all that was demanded of her. This time passed in Victoria's day. Its passing was the inevitable result of the development of the race and of the increase of its mental desires—but it would not have passed with such ease had not rapidly in England in the woman who sat upon the throne had been merely a collection of moralities, however excellent and necessary to social safety. England—conservative, obstinate, pugnaciously self-centered

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which she brought all that the gods gave her of the reasoning, of both heart and brain. All her use of power tended to the development of public good, to the aiding of humane ends, to the broadening of the ways for the intelligent, the striving and the sane in ambition.

The time has gone by when for a woman to be virtuous was all that was demanded of her. This time passed in Victoria's day. Its passing was the inevitable result of the development of the race and of the increase of its mental desires—but it would not have passed with such ease had not rapidly in England in the woman who sat upon the throne had been merely a collection of moralities, however excellent and necessary to social safety. England—conservative, obstinate, pugnaciously self-centered

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which she brought all that the gods gave her of the reasoning, of both heart and brain. All her use of power tended to the development of public good, to the aiding of humane ends, to the broadening of the ways for the intelligent, the striving and the sane in ambition.

The time has gone by when for a woman to be virtuous was all that was demanded of her. This time passed in Victoria's day. Its passing was the inevitable result of the development of the race and of the increase of its mental desires—but it would not have passed with such ease had not rapidly in England in the woman who sat upon the throne had been merely a collection of moralities, however excellent and necessary to social safety. England—conservative, obstinate, pugnaciously self-centered

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which she brought all that the gods gave her of the reasoning, of both heart and brain. All her use of power tended to the development of public good, to the aiding of humane ends, to the broadening of the ways for the intelligent, the striving and the sane in ambition.

The time has gone by when for a woman to be virtuous was all that was demanded of her. This time passed in Victoria's day. Its passing was the inevitable result of the development of the race and of the increase of its mental desires—but it would not have passed with such ease had not rapidly in England in the woman who sat upon the throne had been merely a collection of moralities, however excellent and necessary to social safety. England—conservative, obstinate, pugnaciously self-centered

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which she brought all that the gods gave her of the reasoning, of both heart and brain. All her use of power tended to the development of public good, to the aiding of humane ends, to the broadening of the ways for the intelligent, the striving and the sane in ambition.

The time has gone by when for a woman to be virtuous was all that was demanded of her. This time passed in Victoria's day. Its passing was the inevitable result of the development of the race and of the increase of its mental desires—but it would not have passed with such ease had not rapidly in England in the woman who sat upon the throne had been merely a collection of moralities, however excellent and necessary to social safety. England—conservative, obstinate, pugnaciously self-centered

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which she brought all that the gods gave her of the reasoning, of both heart and brain. All her use of power tended to the development of public good, to the aiding of humane ends, to the broadening of the ways for the intelligent, the striving and the sane in ambition.

The time has gone by when for a woman to be virtuous was all that was demanded of her. This time passed in Victoria's day. Its passing was the inevitable result of the development of the race and of the increase of its mental desires—but it would not have passed with such ease had not rapidly in England in the woman who sat upon the throne had been merely a collection of moralities, however excellent and necessary to social safety. England—conservative, obstinate, pugnaciously self-centered

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which she brought all that the gods gave her of the reasoning, of both heart and brain. All her use of power tended to the development of public good, to the aiding of humane ends, to the broadening of the ways for the intelligent, the striving and the sane in ambition.

The time has gone by when for a woman to be virtuous was all that was demanded of her. This time passed in Victoria's day. Its passing was the inevitable result of the development of the race and of the increase of its mental desires—but it would not have passed with such ease had not rapidly in England in the woman who sat upon the throne had been merely a collection of moralities, however excellent and necessary to social safety. England—conservative, obstinate, pugnaciously self-centered

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which she brought all that the gods gave her of the reasoning, of both heart and brain. All her use of power tended to the development of public good, to the aiding of humane ends, to the broadening of the ways for the intelligent, the striving and the sane in ambition.

The time has gone by when for a woman to be virtuous was all that was demanded of her. This time passed in Victoria's day. Its passing was the inevitable result of the development of the race and of the increase of its mental desires—but it would not have passed with such ease had not rapidly in England in the woman who sat upon the throne had been merely a collection of moralities, however excellent and necessary to social safety. England—conservative, obstinate, pugnaciously self-centered

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her passion for her people was that passion of a woman which she brought all that the gods gave her of the reasoning, of both heart and brain. All her use of power tended to the development of public good, to the aiding of humane ends, to the broadening of the ways for the intelligent, the striving and the sane in ambition.

The time has gone by when for a woman to be virtuous was all that was demanded of her. This time passed in Victoria's day. Its passing was the inevitable result of the development of the race and of the increase of its mental desires—but it would not have passed with such ease had not rapidly in England in the woman who sat upon the throne had been merely a collection of moralities, however excellent and necessary to social safety. England—conservative, obstinate, pugnaciously self-centered

But, with the brain and determination of a man, she was beyond all things a woman, and her

THE ORD QUIZ.

Established April 6, 1882,

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Thursday, June 6, 1907.

THE ORD QUIZ

"THE MALLEABLE"



FIRE ALL YOUR MALL ALL YOUR IT'S NON-BREAK STEEL AND MALLEABLE

We have just unloaded a CAR LOAD
50 Malleable Steel Ranges

which we purchased before the advance in price, direct from the manufacturers at South Bend, Ind. and we are now in a position to continue selling the best Malleable Steel Range at the 1906 price. Manufacturers have advanced the price on all Stoves and Ranges ten per cent for 1907. We have sold 35 Malleables since September 1906 and every one is giving perfect satisfaction. Remember the 1906 price saves you money.

CORNELLS

NEWS NOTES OVER THE COUNTY

Rosevale News.

Mrs. S. L. Flowers spent Sunday with Mrs. Wittsche.

Ila Martz is staying with Mrs. Abernethy.

P. L. Cunningham has the contract for carrying the mail this month.

Chloe Johnston of Burwell is visiting the Woods's in Rosevale this week.

Lottie Woods returned home last Saturday after an absence of several days.

Frank Kipling is a hustler. He has his corn plowed once and is now harrowing it the second time.

Angus Martz and Fern Cunningham went to St. Paul last Thursday to be at the commencement exercises of their friend and cousin, Miss Lemasters.

Mr. Smith says he is doing a large business in Ericson at present.

Several fishing parties have gone over on the Cedar lately to enjoy a few days of rest and quiet.

Miss Johnston, Lottie Martz and Estella Woods spent Sunday with Frank Hallock's.

There was not a very large attendance at our Sunday school last Sunday, but the young folks made it up in the afternoon at Junior League and in the evening at Epworth League.

District 50.

Elsie Banta visited her former school mates, May and Grace Caldwell, last week.

Albert Brown is renting land from Mr. Caldwell, and Otto Schoning is caring for his Aunt Minnie Brown's farm.

Cecil Baker goes with blushing honors thick upon her, from our humble school to Kearney where she will continue her

faithful work, preparatory to becoming one of Nebraska's school teachers.

Herman Schoning, Fred Bartz and Mr. and Mrs. Simon were up from Grand Island on a little visit last week.

Otto Bartz is home from Lincoln and will try farming this summer.

Julius Schoning is helping Mr. Caldwell again this year.

The writer and wife made a call on the Baker family Sunday and had a jolly good time.

On account of a little whooping cough scare, our school closed May 30, with a snap, the honor grade class pins being distributed quietly, and good byes spoken with bated breath, instead of all the pomp planned for June 1, and "nary a cough" has come to the surface. Many were disappointed, but lets be glad it was only a scare.

Burwell News Notes.

Miss Edna Cornwell is in Ord this week visiting her sister and attending the commencement exercises at that place.

Vincent Kokes of the Ord State Bank was in town Tuesday evening the guest of W. L. McMullen.

Gus Nelson, formerly of the firm of Bartunek Bros. & Nelson of Ord, has accepted a position in the clothing department of the Hub. Mr. Nelson has had several years experience in this line of business and will make a valuable addition to the Hub's force of clerks.

Wayne Clements and Milford Stacy of Ord were guests over Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Stacy.

Mrs. H. J. Matthews went to Ord yesterday to visit friends for a few days and attend the commencement exercises of the Ord high school.

Arcadia Happenings.

Mrs. Hall Cooley and son Parl returned from Lincoln Monday evening.

George Shuman and wife returned from Burwell Tuesday.

Edward Toops returned from Fullerton Thursday. As he came overland he had a chance to see the crops and he says they are very good.

Rev. Matthews and wife left Wednesday morning for Westerville where he will deliver the Memorial address and will preach at that place Sunday.

Evelyn Mason is visiting the family of C. Rettenmeyer.

F. B. Gould left Monday for a visit to St. Paul.

Parl Rounds and Harry Kinsey shipped three carloads of cattle Monday.

Mrs. Jennie Wilcox came down from Neligh to attend the funeral of Mr. Rowley.

A. T. Wilson took a carload of fat cattle to Omaha Monday. If the Omaha market is not good he will take them through to Chicago.

Claude Gusner's baby is very sick with bronchial trouble.

Mrs. E. W. Hunkins is entertaining a sister from Kansas.

Walter Sorensen left Tuesday morning for Omaha to attend the grand lodge of Masons.

Mr. Garner has two sons visiting him from Seward.

Mr. Westburg of Ord was here the fore part of the week.

The married men of Hayes creek challenged the married men of Arcadia to a game of ball which will take place Friday, June 7.

Arcadia was visited by a fine rain Monday.

North Loup News.

From the Loyalist.
The gallant fight the Ord Quiz is making against the saloons is

commendng itself to all right-minded people, and while it may in its fight incite the enmity of the saloon element, it may be assured it is winning friends among the temperance element. We doff our hat to Haskell and shout "amen" to his efforts.

E. J. Babcock was an Ord visitor Wednesday.

F. M. Davis and E. E. Davis came down from Ord Sunday p. m. and visited until Monday afternoon.

Quite a number of Upper Davis Creek people were at Ord this week attending Mrs. Flynn's trial.

Ainslie Davis came down from Ord Saturday morning and returned home on the freight Monday. Little Mansell accompanied him and is spending some time with his grandparents.

Death of Jehiel Rowley

On Sunday night, May 26, 1907, Jehiel Rowley passed away. He was born in Oneida county, New York September 14, 1823, being at the time of his death 83 years, 8 months and 12 days old. From New York he went to northern Illinois living near the Wisconsin line. His early days were days of privation. In 1855 he moved to Iowa with his wife, to whom he had been married two years previously. While there he enlisted in the 21st Iowa and served three and a half years during the Civil War. In 1875 he came to Clay county, Nebraska, and there secured a homestead. In the same year he moved to Custer county where he remained till 1895 when he moved to Arcadia. Here he buried his wife in 1896 and by her side in the Lee Park cemetery he was laid to rest. He had no family of his own but raised three girls, one of whom was present at the funeral. Mr. Rowley was for many years a member of the Masonic fraternity, holding the position of Chaplain in the Arcadia lodge at the time of his death and for years prior to that time. He was converted in early life and for more than sixty years has been a faithful christian. He belonged to the Methodist church and at the time of his death was on the trustee board and taught in the Sunday school. He leaves a host of friends and his loss is mourned by all the community. Funeral services were held in the M. E. church on May 29, at 9 o'clock, by Rev. W. E. Matthews and was attended by many sorrowing friends.

Notice to Contractors.

Bids will be received at the office of H. Westover, Ord, Nebraska, until noon of May 28, for the construction of a new school house for district number seven. Plans and specifications may be seen at Westover's office. Fred H. Kuehl.

Try our want column.

Just Know How

explains the Good Results obtained by using Glasses the Parkins way. Know how that took years of hard work to acquire, and is being added to day by day a careful analyzing of eye troubles of each and every person coming to me.

If you count your eyes of value, and want glasses that are comfortable, look right and are right, I would be pleased to do your work.

PARKINS

In the New Quiz Building.

It Rained Linen.

On Thursday eve of last week the Maple Leaf Club gave a linen shower to the bride of June 12th, Miss Myrtle Auble. Each piece of linen was tastefully decorated with different kinds and styles of needlework. The shower was given in Mrs. Bessie Schwaner's rooms and immediately after the linens were showered upon Miss Auble and time was given her to recover her self possession and look over her linens the company repaired to the Domestic Kitchen where a dainty three-course supper was served. After supper was finished goodnights were said together with good wishes to the lady of the evening.

The Loup Valley Chautauqua.

If you want to enjoy the best possible outing buy a season ticket for the Ord chautauqua. Loyalist.

A few years ago Secretary Ollis of the agricultural society brought down considerable criticism upon his head and upon the agricultural society as well simply because he caused some large posters to be printed to advertise the annual fair and across the top of these posters in large letters appeared the words "The Ord Fair." As every intelligent person over the county knows the Loup Valley Agricultural society is composed of men from all parts of the county and its annual meeting is held not for Ord's benefit but for the benefit of every farmer or resident of the county. The same thing applies to the chautauqua to be held in Ord this summer. While the expense of holding this meeting is guaranteed in the greater part by people of Ord yet only by the hearty co-operation of all the towns in the county can the affair be made a success. The amount of money required to secure the talent contracted for would probably be more than any other town in the vicinity would care to guarantee and only by looking to considerable support from other parts of the county could the business men of Ord afford to make such a guarantee. Although the chautauqua is to be held in Ord it is for the people of the Loup Valley in general and we trust that Brother Rood will not longer consider it as an Ord chautauqua but one that he and the people of North Loup should be as desirous of making a success as are the people of Ord.

Cooley Names a Good Candidate.

Alvin Blessing of Ord was greeting his many friends in this corner of the county the fore part of this week, coming over with Assessor Fred Strathdee. There is a rumor among Alvin's friends over the county that he should come out for county clerk before the republican primaries. Alvin was always a most competent and obliging official. Should he decide to stand for the position he has legions of friends who would flock to his support.—Arcadia Champion.

"The question of keeping the children fairly presentable during their play hours is always doubly difficult in the summer. Half an hour's romping in the garden will soil and rumple any frock, until it is only fit for the tub, so all sensible mothers devote a large share of the summer's outfit to strong, easily ironed dresses in which their little ones can play in peace." Thus says the authority on "Practical Clothes for Little Girls" in the July number of the New Idea Woman's Magazine, and common sense is the keynote of her article. The same writer extends her helpful advice to the summer girl with athletic tendencies, and appropriate suggestions are given for costumes adapted to any of her varied activities. Read these articles before undertaking the preparations for your summer outing, and you will find your task much simplified.

LOUP VALLEY CH

Ord, Nebraska, July

GET YOUR TICK

Think of eighteen superb entertainments for a fraction over

Senator J. W. Dooliver, one of the great Congressmen Adam Bede, the humorist Congressman Camp Clark, the Missoula Rev. Mgr. J. Henry Thien, member of the eloquent catholic prelate in the west Dr. James Montgomery, the return of Dr. Otterblen Smith, lecturer extraordinary Dr. Phil Baird, a great platform favorite. Cavenny, the cartoonist. Eldridge, the man of many faces. The American Vitagraph Company, the moving picture The Royal Hungarian Orchestra. The William Dixie Singers. The New Wesleyans, and many others.

Important Announcement!

Owing to the desire of the management to provide for thousands of purchasers of single admission tickets upon special days, only six hundred season tickets, in addition to the five hundred already sold, will be issued. You must secure your season tickets now.

Adult season ticket - - - - \$2.00

Children under 14 years - - - - 1.25

Send all orders to

MASON M. EATON, Ord, Nebraska

Orders may also be left or telephoned to the office of Honold & Co.

How the Contestants are Coming

| Name | Res. | Vo. |
|----------------|-------------|--------|
| ROXY AUBLE | Mira Valley | 228.0 |
| ADDIE HAUGHT | Springdale | 147.50 |
| MINNIE DONNELL | Arcadia | 29.50 |
| ADA DRAPEK | Nc. Loup | 19 |
| BESSIE GRAY | Elyria | 10. |
| ANNA SLAVACEK | Elyria | 3,000 |

First Prize: A beautiful Hamilton Piano, purchased from A. C. Johnson & Co. and now on exhibit at their store.

Second Prize: A fine Gold Watch, from the stock of Geo. A. Parkins. The Parkins store only handles good ones, and this is one of the best.

Third Prize: A fine Dress Pattern. Your choice from the Mamie Siler big stock.

Fourth Prize: A dozen of the Mutter studio's best \$5.00 photographs. They are good ones.

Two Special Prizes: We want new subscribers, and as a special inducement to contestants to secure them we will give to the one securing the largest number of new subscribers their choice of a Fifty-Dollar International Correspondence School certificate or Ten Dollars in Gold; the person getting the second largest number of new subscribers will receive prize left after first prize winner's selection.

First National Bank

Ord, Nebraska

Capital \$70,000.00

Surplus and Profits 50,000.00

We take this means of calling your attention to our bank and its management, trusting we may receive your favorable consideration, when you have any banking business to transact.

A review of our history since organization, we think is sufficient guarantee that your interests will be safely guarded.

Our continued and rapid increase in business, and number of depositors, is taken by us as an indication that we are pleasing the public with our business methods.

We will be pleased to have you deposit your money with us and we will take pleasure in extending you the advantages consistent with sound banking.

Peter Mortensen,
President

E. M. Williams,
Cashier

GRAND ISLAND MURDERER GIVEN DEATH PENALTY.

SENTENCED TO BE HANGED

New Trial Refused by Judge Paul—Mystery of Ashland Youths' Disappearance is Cleared Up By Recovery of the Bodies.

WOMAN ROUTS BURGLAR.

Chases Two Men From Bedroom, at Point of Loaded Revolver.

FIND BODIES IN THE RIVER.

Mystery in Ashland Disappearance Cleared Up.

Workmen at South Bend discovered the floating bodies in the Platte river of the Wortman and Dewey boys, who disappeared from their Ashland home last December.

Accident in Alliance Yards.

John Meintz, a fireman employed in the Burlington yards at Alliance, suffered a mishap that cost him his right foot and ankle.

Seriously Injured.

While at work in the Burlington lumber yard at Plattsmouth, Mike Agiris, a Greek workman, was run over by a hand car and sustained a serious injury of the left leg.

Preparing for New Bank.

I. Bonham, of Mahaska, Kas., has closed a contract for the razing of the old wooden shack which occupies the site to be used for his new bank building at Fairbury.

Burglars at Wahoo.

Burglars effected an entrance to the residence of Mr. Johnson, cashier of the Saunders County National Bank at Wahoo.

Over some men could live their lives over again, they would be better dogs.

FINDS LONG LOST JEWELS.

Fremont Jeweler Discovers Diamonds in Lining of Old Safe.

STATE CAMPMEETING.

Annual Meeting of Holiness Association at Lincoln.

Peculiar Accident at Tamora.

Postmaster Alexander of Tamora met with a peculiar accident.

Ripraping at Dakota City.

H. F. Keliner of Omaha, representing Anderson & Vaught, rippers of Genoa, Neb., is at Dakota City superintending the ripraping of several miles of banks of the Missouri river.

Standpipe Springs Leaks.

The standpipe of the Tecumseh waterworks system, standing more than 100 feet in the air, has recently been springing leaks along its length.

Using Gasoline Motor.

Interurban service between Dakota City and Sioux City via Crystal Lake was resumed by the Sioux City, Homer & Southern railway with their new four-cylinder gasoline propelled passenger coach.

Both Men Declared Guilty.

At Clay Center, in the hearing before County Judge Palmer, the cases against Mann and Jacobson for violation of the game law, both were found guilty and fined \$50, each.

More Money for Parasites.

Contributions to the fund for distributing parasites to kill the green bugs in the wheat, amounted to \$1,000, last week.

Match Poisoning Fatal.

Simon Hanson, the Cass county man who ate a large quantity of matches several months ago with suicidal intent, died last week at a hospital in Omaha.

Putting Down New Rails.

The Union Pacific railroad is putting down new steel rails on the Omaha Lincoln branch of their lines.

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM By William Pitt



Give the hogs clean straw every few days.

Liberal feed for the work horses these days.

Push the lambs from the first if you would have big, fat sheep.

Make pasture is splendid for a range both for sheep and pigs.

The beautiful cow is the one that shows a profit on the balance sheet.

The time to gather vegetables is in the morning when they are fresh and crisp.

Clean, dry quarters are necessary for the calf. Disease soon finds its way where filth is.

A shotgun loaded with number two shot is the only effective remedy for the sheep-killing dog.

The farmer who gets "up against it" is generally responsible for his predicament.

The cultivation of the potatoes should begin before the weeds have a chance to start.

Raising broilers for market is profitable if one has the time and facilities for producing them.

Hogs are specially subject to rheumatism and for this reason they should be given dry quarters.

There is danger in some states and sections to let the "corn craze" lead to the neglect of other farm crops which will prove profitable.

Five good cows will help buy a separator quicker than six poor ones, and one is needed more with the five than the six.

When pasturing the pigs in the clover it is best to feed the grain at night as that leaves the porker hungry to eat the clover in the early morning.

The time to begin harrowing the corn field is as soon as the seed is in the ground. Did you start then? If not, make up for lost time by faithful cultivation from now on.

Land well-cultivated and enriched year after year, by all the manure made upon the farm, supplemented with legume crops, will give maximum yields, under skilled tillage.

Nothing is gained by sowing corn when the ground is too wet and cold. Be patient and wait until the conditions are right. The corn comes on better and stronger if you do.

Piles in swine may be relieved by giving one or two tablespoonfuls of sulphur to each hog afflicted until improvement is noted and then every other day until cure is effected.

Don't quarrel over the line fence. If you cannot agree with your neighbor get a surveyor to set the stakes. The outlay of a few dollars is better than the unpleasantness and the uncertainty as to the exact boundary line.

Protect the farm home from unsanitary conditions. The danger often lies in the fact that the farmer is the judge of conditions and he is apt to be blind to unhealthy surroundings because they are as they always have been. Give the matter thought.

If you have to keep your poultry shut up, make them work for the grain they get. On the farm where the poultry have the range of the barnyard and farm they get exercise enough, but where they are kept confined methods have to be adopted to give them exercise to keep them in health.

Beeswax mixed with enough tallow to make it soft is an excellent waterproof dressing for leather. It should be rubbed into the leather while it is held near the stove and the leather ought to be very dry in order to readily take up the preparation. For harness dressing lamp black is mixed with it.

Tomatoes to be grown in a confined space should be trained to poles with cross strips. After the plants have grown to five or six feet in height they may be clipped to prevent further upward growth. The every foot to keep them supported, and clip the surplus foliage, to throw the strength of the vine into the fruit and to give the sun a chance at it.

The United States department of agriculture has established a division in the bureau of plant industry, called the "Office of Farm Management Investigations." There are several sections to the work, namely: Farm management district investigations, a detailed study of special phases of farming; internal economy of the farm, including "Farm Bookkeeping" and the management of ranges and the crops which in their natural state constitute range feeds. The ultimate object of this work is to develop the farms of the United States to their full possibilities by preparing work plans and by definite instruction.

CHANGE WAS THERE

DELINQUENT DEBTOR PINNED DOWN ON SPOT.

Little, Shabby Old Pop Furnished Surprise for "Sport" Who Had Nothing but His Thousand.

There is a story current in those circles wherein betting on horse races is spoken of freely and admitted with a blush, that concerns an old sport, a young sport and \$1,000 bill, says the New York Sun.

It seems that some months ago the horses were not running well, or it took an act to get into a poolroom or something of that kind, and Young Sport was hard up. There was among his acquaintances a little old man, commonly called Pop, who was always shabby and insignificant in appearance, but who, somehow, usually had the faculty of having a 20 in his pocket.

He had one on the day when Young Sport touched him with his hard-luck story, and the 20 changed hands. On several occasions thereafter Pop got unobtrusively in the way of Young Sport, but there was nothing doing.

Pop never asked questions, simple old soul; he just waited. Bennings opened up, and Pimlico, and Aqueduct, but Young Sport persistently guessed wrong, and Pop, if all is to be believed, despaired of ever seeing his \$0 again.

Thus ends the prologue, and the first act opens of a recent evening in a dispensary of liquid recuperators on the Great White Way. Enter Young Sport, who approaches the chief dispenser, an acquaintance, with a sheepish and yet highly contented smile.

"Say is my face good for a ball? You see, it's this way," he hastens to add before the chief dispenser can commit the breach of turning him down.

"I hit the races lucky to-day—simply couldn't lose, and when I cashed in I took the bulk of my winnings. In this form, see?" and he displays a \$1,000 bill.

"The rest of it was enough, I thought, to carry me over till to-morrow, but I'll be hanged if I haven't run dry. Here I am with \$1,000 and can't buy a drink, because it's too late to get this, thing changed and it's not to be expected that there'd be all this money in any till on the Way."

The dispenser is so impressed that he forgets the all-night bank where change might be had, asks the victim of too much prosperity to indicate his prescription and sets forth the vials accordingly. Young Sport helps himself with many a grateful compliment to the dispenser's discriminating judgment, promises to pay to-morrow and departs to be discovered shortly afterward the central figure in a group of horse lovers at the Hoffman house.

Thither hurries shabby Pop after happening to overhear the aforementioned chief dispenser telling of the man and naming him who flashed a \$1,000 bill before his dazzling eyes.

Pop insinuates himself into the group of horse lovers and looks hopefully up at the central figure. He doesn't say a word, Pop doesn't, but just looks right appealing like.

"It comes right down to this," Young Sport is saying oracularly, "if you want to beat the races you must have a good, all-round knowledge of horsemanship."

Just then he catches sight of shabby old Pop and remembers that there is a man he wants to see farther uptown. The horse lovers have lots of questions to ask, but none so much to the point as that of shabby Pop, who throws reserve to the winds and says:

"Say, how about that 20 I lent you last November?"

"That's all right," replies Young Sport, trying to mask his embarrassment under a guise of easy confidence. "I'll pay you to-morrow."

"But to-morrow may not come," says Pop. "I don't know; something might happen. I'd rather have that 20 now. I hear you hit it lucky to-day."

"So I did, but I've nothing with me but a \$1,000 bill," Young Sport answers, and to relieve the old man's anxiety he displays the bill.

Then, "I can change it," pipes up Pop, and he produces a huge wad of fifties, twenties, tens and fives from his trousers pocket and proceeds to count out \$950.

They say the Young Sport had the grace to invite Pop to the bar as he gratefully admitted that \$950 in small bills was as good as blown in.

Alaska Needs Railroads.

The thing that is holding back Alaskan mining and trade is the inadequate railroad facilities of the country—an insuperable obstacle to trade beyond the merest necessities of existence.

At the present time there is only one railroad that penetrates to the interior of Alaska and of that only 30 miles are on American soil. This road runs from Skagway, at the head of the Lynn canal, and connects the tide-water with the Yukon river. Except during the four months that navigation is open—from June to October—this railroad controls the trade of the Yukon valley. It is as if the only railroad between the Atlantic and the Mississippi were from Albany to Troy.—System.

Suiting Music to the Work.

The mistress of the house is a cultivated Bostonian of much musical taste, and the whistling of the footman, who believed himself alone in the house, fretted her artistic soul.

"Joseph," she called at last, from the head of the back stairs, "please don't whistle those vulgar ragtime things!"

"Yes, mem," returned Joseph, meekly. "I know, mem," he continued, with unexpected spirit, "but you cannot expect a rhapsody of Liszt with cleaning the knives. That will come later, when I'm polishing the silver."—Youth's Companion.

Selection.

"A great deal depends on the manner in which a man selects his friends," said the wise politician.

CHANGE WAS THERE

DELINQUENT DEBTOR PINNED DOWN ON SPOT.

Little, Shabby Old Pop Furnished Surprise for "Sport" Who Had Nothing but His Thousand.

There is a story current in those circles wherein betting on horse races is spoken of freely and admitted with a blush, that concerns an old sport, a young sport and \$1,000 bill, says the New York Sun.

It seems that some months ago the horses were not running well, or it took an act to get into a poolroom or something of that kind, and Young Sport was hard up. There was among his acquaintances a little old man, commonly called Pop, who was always shabby and insignificant in appearance, but who, somehow, usually had the faculty of having a 20 in his pocket.

He had one on the day when Young Sport touched him with his hard-luck story, and the 20 changed hands. On several occasions thereafter Pop got unobtrusively in the way of Young Sport, but there was nothing doing.

Pop never asked questions, simple old soul; he just waited. Bennings opened up, and Pimlico, and Aqueduct, but Young Sport persistently guessed wrong, and Pop, if all is to be believed, despaired of ever seeing his \$0 again.

Thus ends the prologue, and the first act opens of a recent evening in a dispensary of liquid recuperators on the Great White Way. Enter Young Sport, who approaches the chief dispenser, an acquaintance, with a sheepish and yet highly contented smile.

"Say is my face good for a ball? You see, it's this way," he hastens to add before the chief dispenser can commit the breach of turning him down.

"I hit the races lucky to-day—simply couldn't lose, and when I cashed in I took the bulk of my winnings. In this form, see?" and he displays a \$1,000 bill.

"The rest of it was enough, I thought, to carry me over till to-morrow, but I'll be hanged if I haven't run dry. Here I am with \$1,000 and can't buy a drink, because it's too late to get this, thing changed and it's not to be expected that there'd be all this money in any till on the Way."

The dispenser is so impressed that he forgets the all-night bank where change might be had, asks the victim of too much prosperity to indicate his prescription and sets forth the vials accordingly. Young Sport helps himself with many a grateful compliment to the dispenser's discriminating judgment, promises to pay to-morrow and departs to be discovered shortly afterward the central figure in a group of horse lovers at the Hoffman house.

Thither hurries shabby Pop after happening to overhear the aforementioned chief dispenser telling of the man and naming him who flashed a \$1,000 bill before his dazzling eyes.

Pop insinuates himself into the group of horse lovers and looks hopefully up at the central figure. He doesn't say a word, Pop doesn't, but just looks right appealing like.

"It comes right down to this," Young Sport is saying oracularly, "if you want to beat the races you must have a good, all-round knowledge of horsemanship."

Just then he catches sight of shabby old Pop and remembers that there is a man he wants to see farther uptown. The horse lovers have lots of questions to ask, but none so much to the point as that of shabby Pop, who throws reserve to the winds and says:

"Say, how about that 20 I lent you last November?"

"That's all right," replies Young Sport, trying to mask his embarrassment under a guise of easy confidence. "I'll pay you to-morrow."

"But to-morrow may not come," says Pop. "I don't know; something might happen. I'd rather have that 20 now. I hear you hit it lucky to-day."

"So I did, but I've nothing with me but a \$1,000 bill," Young Sport answers, and to relieve the old man's anxiety he displays the bill.

Then, "I can change it," pipes up Pop, and he produces a huge wad of fifties, twenties, tens and fives from his trousers pocket and proceeds to count out \$950.

They say the Young Sport had the grace to invite Pop to the bar as he gratefully admitted that \$950 in small bills was as good as blown in.

Alaska Needs Railroads.

The thing that is holding back Alaskan mining and trade is the inadequate railroad facilities of the country—an insuperable obstacle to trade beyond the merest necessities of existence.

At the present time there is only one railroad that penetrates to the interior of Alaska and of that only 30 miles are on American soil. This road runs from Skagway, at the head of the Lynn canal, and connects the tide-water with the Yukon river. Except during the four months that navigation is open—from June to October—this railroad controls the trade of the Yukon valley. It is as if the only railroad between the Atlantic and the Mississippi were from Albany to Troy.—System.

Suiting Music to the Work.

The mistress of the house is a cultivated Bostonian of much musical taste, and the whistling of the footman, who believed himself alone in the house, fretted her artistic soul.

"Joseph," she called at last, from the head of the back stairs, "please don't whistle those vulgar ragtime things!"

"Yes, mem," returned Joseph, meekly. "I know, mem," he continued, with unexpected spirit, "but you cannot expect a rhapsody of Liszt with cleaning the knives. That will come later, when I'm polishing the silver."—Youth's Companion.

Selection.

"A great deal depends on the manner in which a man selects his friends," said the wise politician.

Don't Use "Practically Pure" White Lead

There is no other pigment that is "practically" White Lead—no other paint that has the properties of Pure White Lead Paint.

Pure White Lead, good paint that it is, cannot carry adulterants without having its efficiency impaired. To get Pure White Lead durability, see to it that every keg bears the Dutch Boy trade mark—a guarantee that the contents are absolutely Pure White Lead made by the Old Dutch Process.

SEND FOR BOOK

"A Talk on Paint" gives valuable information on the paint subject. Sent free upon request.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY

in whichever of the following cities is nearest you: New York, Boston, Buffalo, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Kansas City, St. Petersburg, National Lead & Oil Co.



EACH HAD WEDDING PRESENT.

Mutual Surprise in Confidences Following Marriage.

Last Christmas a middle-aged tinplate worker married a widow whose acquaintance he had made but a few weeks before while working some little distance away from home.

"Sarrah," he said, nervously, after the guests had departed, "I have a wedding present for ye."

"What's it, John?" said Sarrah with a smirk.

"I hope ye won't be fended, Sarrah," said John, more agitated than ever, "but it is—er—er—it is five of 'em."

"Five of what?" asked Sarrah.

"Five children!" blurted out John, desperately, anticipating a scene. "I didn't tell ye I had children—five of 'em."

Sarrah took the news calmly; in fact she appeared relieved.

"Oh, well, John," she said, "that do make it easier for me to tell ye. Five is not so bad as me, whatever. Seven I've got!"

"Seven," repeated Sarrah, composedly. "That is my wedding present to ye, John."—Ladies' Home Journal.

A Sad Mistake.

In my father's native village lives Mr. S., a very deaf old man. During the summer months he lets his spare rooms to some of the many pleasure-seekers who frequent the place, says a Boston Herald writer, and one day last summer, while Mr. S. was in his garden, a young man of the village chanced by, and the following conversation took place:

"Good morning, Mr. S."

"Maw'nin'."

"You've got your house full of boarders this summer."

Mr. S. was picking potato bugs off from his plants, but he managed to stop long enough to answer, "Yes."

"Some nice looking young ladies among 'em," continued the young man.

Mr. S. stood up and eyed the potatoes critically, then answered: "Well, they'd ought to look purty good. I just picked two quarts of bugs off 'em."

Fine-Looking Royal Couple.

The king and queen of Denmark are indeed a regal-looking couple. King Frederick is a giant in stature, while his consort is the tallest royal woman in Europe. She is also the richest, having inherited a great deal of property from her father, the late King Charles of Sweden, besides the immense fortune of her mother, who was one of the richest heiresses of the nineteenth century. Her majesty is deeply religious.

Monopolizing Them.

Miss Passay—Many young girls nowadays are positively awful. The idea of one being engaged to two young men at the same time. It's simply shameful!

CHILDREN SHOWED IT

Effect of Their Warm Drink in the Morning.

"A year ago I was a wreck from coffee drinking and was on the point of giving up my position in the school room because of nervousness.

Colorado Lands!

890 acres, 18 miles southeast of Denver, on Coal creek, improved, to clear an estate. 7,500, worth \$12,000.

160 acres, irrigated, 18 miles north of Denver, improved. Very cheap at \$8,000.

100 acres near Barr, improved with barn, fence, artesian well and under reservoir, \$1,500.

2 sections, unimproved, near Carr, Weld county. \$4.75 per acre.

150 acres, improved, \$2,625.

1 section east of Greeley, on Crow creek, a bargain, \$5.75 per acre.

160 acres, highly improved, irrigated, 9 miles from Denver. Ideal place for blood stock farm, \$17,500.

480 acres, 50 miles from Denver, close to postoffice and milk station, fine for potatoes and dairy, irrigation not necessary, improved. 12.00 per acre.

If none of these suit you, tell me what you want and I will find it for you.

William Sipple, 11 W. 14th Ave., Denver, Colorado

The Ord Quiz

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. O. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD. NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If prepaid year after year, \$1.

Advertising Rates.

| | 1 Wk. | 1 Mo. | 1 Year |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| Less than 4 inches per inch | 25 | 75 | 6.00 |
| 4 to 10 inches per inch | 35 | 100 | 8.00 |
| 10 to 15 inches per inch | 45 | 125 | 10.00 |
| 15 to 20 inches per inch | 55 | 150 | 12.00 |

4 months in four insertions.
Want local notices?—
Special Local 10 cents a line.
Black local 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin or end at any time. Notice to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All subscriptions are received with the express understanding that the subscriber may terminate the subscription at any time by notifying the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

Alumni Feast.

For the first time in the past few years a number of the graduates of the Ord high school assembled Saturday evening and once more made green the memories of the old school days. The class of 1907 and the faculty of the high school were the guests in whose honor the function was held.

Graduates and guests met at the K. P. hall. Games and a business meeting engaged those in attendance until the time for the banquet should arrive. At the business meeting the following officers for the next year were elected: President, Joe Barta, vice president, Sadie Ollis, secretary, Carrie Smith, treasurer, James C. Wisda.

The banquet was served at Smith's Domestic Kitchen. This could have but one meaning for it is generally known that everything given at the Domestic Kitchen is charming. Aside from the tastefulness with which the repast was served, the menu cards and the decorations deserved special mention. The menu cards were in the school colors, printed on paper of two colors, red on one side and white on the other. The menu proper was gotten up in various languages which necessitated that the person in attendance should be a linguist of no mean capabilities to intelligently order what was preferred. The banquet was served in seven courses. Miss Ella Bond and Mr. Arthur Capron furnished delightful music while the repast was in progress. The tables were decorated with pink carnations.

After this "feast fit for the gods" had been served and when the inner man had been more than satisfied, Irving T. Honnold, who had been chosen toastmaster for the occasion, paved the way for the intellectual feast by a few well-worded remarks after which he introduced Marcella Calhoun who responded to the toast "Class of '07." During the remainder of the evening the following toasts were responded to: "Fraternality," Russell Mann; "Digging," Claud Honnold; "Vocations," Grover Long; "Angling," Miss Worley; "The Faculty," David Squires; "Former Classes," Joe Barta; "School Days," Ethel Newbecker. Sent Howe and Dr. Gard were also toast-masters.

time was spent. All members seemed very enthusiastic over the new organization and pledged themselves to do everything in their power to further the interests of the association. It is to be hoped that this spirit of brotherhood and fraternity will manifest itself from year to year and by so doing will keep the Alumni in closer touch with one another. A few of the out-of-town alumni were present and promised to share the responsibility with us of making this alumni meeting a feature of commencement week.

More Local News

Money to lend! Honnold & Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. George McAnulty were in the city last Saturday.

License was issued by Judge Gudmundsen last Saturday to Thos. J. Combs and Effie Bright.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. J. W. Travis on Thursday June 13 at 8:30 p. m.

Take your eggs to Frank Mallory, you know him, and get the highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank.

The Christian church being closed for repairs, Rev. M. M. Eaton will hold services in the Baptist church both morning and evening.

The Methodist Ladies Aid Society will meet with Mrs. Barnes on Wednesday, June 12. It is the desire of the society to have as many members present at this meeting as possible.

Miss Bird Ratliff arrived in the city from Lincoln Wednesday evening and will visit here for a few days. Miss Ratliff is stenographer in the Lincoln office of the American Order of Protection.

Dr. Billings tells us he will move into his new office building next Monday. The building is a model of neatness and has been fitted up with all the first class necessities as are found in a city hospital.

On Friday evening, June 14, the annual banquet of the Christian church will be held at the opera house. A fine spread will be prepared and good speeches in response to numerous toasts will be enjoyed. Dr. G. R. Gard will be toast master and he is instructed to say fitting and witty things in the front of each toast. It will be an event worth remembering for a long time.

FIRST ANNUAL BANQUET OF THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH

OPERA HOUSE, FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 14
at nine o'clock p. m.

All the delicacies of the season
Inspiring music
Talented speakers
Chancellor W. P. Aylesworth of Cotner University will be the guest of the evening

Covers laid for one hundred

Just three weeks after the death of his father, Mr. George Davis Bailey, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Bailey, passed away at the Bailey home across the river, last Friday morning. For some weeks Mr. Bailey has been suffering with heart trouble and has grown worse since the death of his father. Whether or not that sad event had anything to do with his ailment is only to be conjectured. He was born in Clinton county, N. Y., June 12, 1851. In his youth he moved to Wisconsin with his parents, where he lived about fifteen years, when he came with his people to Valley county, and has lived here since. He was one of the first settlers of the county and passed through all the stirring scenes of those early days. About the time of his coming to Valley county he joined the Methodist church of which body he has been a member ever since. The deceased was a most estimable citizen remarkable in his quiet, even temperament and excellent qualities generally. He was never married and has never left the parental roof, though since manhood he has had an active part in the management of the affairs of the farm. The funeral was held from the Methodist church, Rev. E. A. Russell officiating.

Last Thursday the sad news reached Ord of the death of Joseph Franel, who passed away at the St. Joseph hospital at Omaha whither he had gone a fortnight before on account of failing health. He has in fact been ill since the first of the year, but has been so much worse lately that it was deemed best to send him away to Omaha for special treatment. The remains were brought to Ord and the burial took place Sunday afternoon at the German Catholic church, Father Augustine of Elyria officiating. Though the young man had been ill for some time the family had hopes of his recovery, and his death came as a great shock to them. He was born in Omaha January 28, 1890, and came to Ord on Decoration day eight years ago. While here he became a very prominent young man, being very active in all pursuits to which he turned his mind. The sympathy of the public is with this widowed mother and family, as he was looked to as the stay of the household.

Not for a long time has a case attracted as much attention as did the Wolfgang Frederick will case in the district court last week. After a stubborn fight by the attorneys on both sides the case went to the jury about nine o'clock Friday night. It took two hours for them to reach a verdict in the case. The verdict was pleasing to the people in general and sustaining the verdict in the lower court in favor of Mrs. Flynn. The case like most other cases of a similar nature will probably be appealed to the supreme court.

At a meeting of the directors of the Ord State Bank last week the surplus of the bank was increased to \$20,000. This in addition to the bank's capital of \$50,000 gives it a large working capital. At the time the bank's surplus was increased Messrs. E. N. Mitchell and W. T. Barstow became stockholders of the bank. Mr. Mitchell is a well known banker in this community and the fact that he has invested in the stock of the Ord State Bank certainly speaks well for that institution. The officers of the bank remain as before.

The postoffice department has decided to fire our good friend, Cooley, from his perch as postmaster at Arcadia, the charges against him preferred by the inspector being "numerous and gross irregularities" in the conduct of the office. The department is looking for a man to take his place. This is a very unfortunate affair. What will Cooley do now? The only visible means of support is a half interest in the Champion and more or less interest in a base ball team. P it he will make it somehow.

Frank Bailey came to Ord last week Saturday to attend the funeral of his brother. Mrs. Kellogg, of North Loup, was in attendance at the Wolfgang Fredricks trial. Miss Cora Dowhower, who has charge of the Love store at Cotesfield, spent Sunday at home in this city. Miss Mable Moore, formerly an Ord girl and now living in Arcadia, is visiting with old class mates in our city this week. Among those who will be prominent for political nominations this fall is Mrs. Geisler, who will be a candidate for the office of county superintendent. Expert Griffin is here putting the Quiz typesetting machines in order. The one we bought some months ago from Kearney had never been set up in perfect order. The Degree of Honor team of the Ord lodge went to St. Paul last Saturday to compete with the team of that town for honors in team work. We understand that the Ord folks carried off all the honors in sight. The base ball players of Arcadia are assailing Ord folks with all kinds of demands for a base ball scrap. Ord has no ball team, but we may have to scrape one together just for the purpose of trouncing the Cooley aggregation.

The Union Pacific will begin on Monday, so it is unofficially stated, to run a through passenger train between Ord and Lincoln. Passengers can make the trip this way without change and in about the time that the B. & M. is now making. There is a rare opportunity for the thoroughbred stock raiser in Colorado. Strange as it may seem, few farmers there handle blooded cattle or hogs at the present time. Write to William Sipple, 111 W 14th Ave., Denver, Colorado, for information. See his advertisement in another column. For several days A. J. Pirkins has been very sick with appendicitis. For a while when the attack first took him it looked pretty dubious for him, the doctors fearing that an operation would have to be had at once. This, happily, was avoided and since the sick man has been getting along as well as could be expected with a man so sick as he was.

William Sipple, the Denver real estate man, again has an advertisement in this issue of the Quiz, and to those interested we call attention. Mr. Sipple has found it profitable to advertise in the Quiz, as you will know, when informed, that from a three-inch double column ad in an issue of the Quiz some weeks ago he sold a half section of land in Weld county to a farmer living in the vicinity of Sargent, and has numerous inquiries from some other Valley county people. Who says it doesn't pay to advertise?

Mrs. Geisler is a most excellent teacher and is possessed of all the qualities necessary for the management of that very responsible office. Teaching has been her occupation for years, her special branch being the primary department, which place she has held with the Ord schools for three years past and is now elected for another year. We doubt if any person named who would be as popular with the people as she and surely no one would be a more efficient officer. She will ask for the nomination at the hands of the republicans and will doubtless get the place.

Last night the newly elected lecture course committee met at the office of Claud Honnold and organized by electing M. Combs as president and H. M. Davis as secretary. The committee then tackled the very serious proposition of selecting talent for the coming year. Representatives of the Co-Operative and Redpath Bureaus were on hand and presented their talent. After weary hours of study the committee decided on a selection of talent from the Redpath folks, and they feel sure that they have a strong course.

Ed. Johnson shipped three cars of hogs to Omaha Monday. Mr. Dodge arrived home from Omaha Saturday. William Wiygent of Springdale and James Arnold were in town Monday.

Corrects a False Report. It having been reported that I withdrew from the firm of McLain & Siler on account of my health, I wish to say in this public manner, that the report is utterly false. The fact that Miss Siler did not live up to the agreement made at the time of consolidation is the true reason for my recent withdrawal. I am willing to acknowledge that I made a mistake in allowing her to come back into partnership with me. I wish to thank all my friends for the excellent patronage I have enjoyed while in business and to assure them it is appreciated to the fullest extent.

Sarah McLain.
Notice of Dissolution. Notice is hereby given that the firm heretofore existing under the name and style of McLain & Siler has been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the debts of said firm are to be paid by Mamie Siler, and all claims due to said firm to be the joint property of Sarah McLain and Mamie Siler, and to be paid at Mamie Siler's store. Dated at Ord, Nebraska, June 3, 1907.

Sarah McLain,
Mamie Siler.

Pleasant For the Orator. Senator Moses E. Clapp of Minnesota once made a speech at Erin Corners, in his state. His audience was very unfriendly. They howled at the gigantic Clapp, laughed at him, threw things at him and made it most uncomfortable. Finally Clapp stopped and looked at the chairman. "Don't mind them, Mose," said the chairman. "Go right ahead. They're nothing but loafers and rowdies. None of the decent people would come."—Saturday Evening Post.

The Forgetment. "I suppose," said the city girl who was passing a week in the country, "that you know all the different flowers?" "I reckon mebbe I do," replied the old farmer. "What does a forgetment look like?" queried the girl. "Oh," replied the horny handed son of toil, "it's just a ordinary knot in a string th' ole woman ties around my finger when I go t' town an' she wants me t' git sunthin' fer her."—Chicago News.

Wheat, spring 70c. winter 70c.
Barley 38c.
Rye, 48c.
Oats, 34c.
Corn, 32c.
Popcorn, \$1.50
Potatoes, 80c
Butter, 17c.
Eggs, 11c
Hens, 74c.
Hogs, \$5.80

Witnesses: R. L. Staple,
E. P. Clements.

Farm Loans.
We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans.
ORD STATE BANK
FOR SALE: Good pasturing, easy to get at in the east part of town. K. Hundtote. 18-3-pd.

FOUND—Purse containing some money. Left at Quiz office. Frank Glover.

Insurance
The St. Paul is ready to furnish insurance on growing crops against hail losses. Fire, lightning and wind-storm losses are fully covered by policies in the St. Paul or the Home, of New York, the largest American company, at \$2.50 per \$100.00 for five-year term.
Let me look after your insurance for you.
J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

Have Your Law Work Done Right
Wills
Deeds
Contracts
Leases
Settlement of Estates
Collections
Legal Advice
Law Suits
Farm Loans
Real Estate

Herman E. Oleson
Attorney and Counselor at Law
ORD, NEBRASKA
Office in Court House
Office phone No. 2, res. No. 10.

Death to Dandelions

Thistles, Plantains and other noxious weeds.

We guarantee to clear your lawn of DANDELIONS or any other of the above named unsightly weeds by KILLING them.

Who would not be glad to have a pretty lawn FREE of the above weeds?

Then try us.

BAILEY & DETWEILER

Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.

See our line of Fence Posts

Dissolution.
It is hereby mutually agreed and stipulated by and between Sarah McLain and Mamie Siler, being the only members of the firm of McLain & Siler, of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, heretofore doing a general merchandise business at Ord, Nebraska, that said firm be and the same is hereby dissolved.
Done at Ord, Nebraska, this 3rd day of June, 1907.

Sarah McLain,
Mamie Siler.
Witnesses: R. L. Staple,
E. P. Clements.

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans.
ORD STATE BANK
FOR SALE: Good pasturing, easy to get at in the east part of town. K. Hundtote. 18-3-pd.

FOUND—Purse containing some money. Left at Quiz office. Frank Glover.

Pleasant For the Orator.

Senator Moses E. Clapp of Minnesota once made a speech at Erin Corners, in his state. His audience was very unfriendly. They howled at the gigantic Clapp, laughed at him, threw things at him and made it most uncomfortable. Finally Clapp stopped and looked at the chairman. "Don't mind them, Mose," said the chairman. "Go right ahead. They're nothing but loafers and rowdies. None of the decent people would come."—Saturday Evening Post.

The Forgetment. "I suppose," said the city girl who was passing a week in the country, "that you know all the different flowers?" "I reckon mebbe I do," replied the old farmer. "What does a forgetment look like?" queried the girl. "Oh," replied the horny handed son of toil, "it's just a ordinary knot in a string th' ole woman ties around my finger when I go t' town an' she wants me t' git sunthin' fer her."—Chicago News.

Sarah McLain,
Mamie Siler.

CAPITAL CITY CHAT

TREASURY OF STATE IN A FLUSH CONDITION.

MORE THAN A MILLION IN IT

Largest Amount of Cash on Hand Ever Reported—\$800,000 Soon to Be Disbursed—Where the Cash Is.

The receipts of the Nebraska state treasury during the month of May were \$938,132.56, the largest on record, and the amount of cash on deposit in the state depositories reported by State Superintendent G. L. Brian at the close of the month was \$1,035,029.83, the largest amount reported in the history of the depository law. While this is almost enough to pay off the outstanding state warrants that constitute the state debt, the money cannot be used for that purpose. State Treasurer Brian will be obliged to pay out \$185,000 to the public schools in the form of semi-annual



FRANK A. HARRISON

Recently appointed clerk of the United States court at Lincoln.

school apportionment. This comes from the temporary school fund. He will also be obliged to use \$235,000 to pay for bonds of the state of Idaho which were purchased recently, making a total of \$793,000 that will be paid out within a very short time. The treasurer had on hand May 1, \$726,212. He received during the month \$938,132.56, paid out \$621,541.37 and has on hand a total of \$1,042,803.67. Of that amount, \$777,84 is in cash and the balance, \$1,035,029.83, is in state depository banks.

The following shows the receipts and disbursements during the month of May:

| Funds— | Receipts. | Payments. | Balances |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| General | \$318,353.54 | \$320,380.62 | \$3,972.92 |
| Permanent school | 310,654.97 | 170,629.59 | 260,025.38 |
| Temporary school | 101,341.24 | — | 468,888.58 |
| Permanent university | — | 32,275.99 | 4,141.49 |
| Agricultural college endowment | 60,723.94 | — | 175,027.11 |
| Temporary university | 70,157.95 | 22,155.12 | 61,415.59 |
| Penitentiary | — | — | 181.79 |
| Redemption | 64,805.41 | 64,939.54 | 134.13 |
| Kearney normal library | — | 1,156.00 | 656.44 |
| Orthopedic hospital | — | — | 37.94 |
| Conscience | — | — | 25.00 |
| Forest reserve | — | — | 790.37 |
| Institute cash | 2,793.11 | — | 8,551.97 |
| Hospital for Insane | 375.89 | 808.33 | 792.90 |
| State library | — | 38.88 | 336.38 |
| University cash | 5,798.07 | 5,074.87 | 31,295.06 |
| Peru normal library | 275.00 | 974.84 | 2,568.37 |
| Normal endowment | 2,640.83 | — | 12,418.37 |
| Normal interest | 112.61 | — | 791.99 |
| Agricultural and mechanic arts | — | — | 5,825.01 |
| U. S. experiment station | — | 2,307.89 | 3,441.95 |
| Total | \$938,132.56 | \$621,541.37 | \$1,042,803.67 |
| Cash on hand | — | 7,773.84 | — |
| Cash on deposit | — | 1,035,029.83 | 1,042,803.67 |

U. S. Weather Report.

The United States weather department reports show that for a period of twenty-six years the average precipitation for June at the city of Lincoln was 4.29 inches. The greatest monthly precipitation was 12.08 inches in 1855, and the least was 1.18 inches in 1892. Records for twenty-one years show that the mean or normal temperature for the month of June is 71 degrees and the coldest month was that of 1903, with an average of 66. The highest temperature was 107 on the 28th, 1901, and the lowest 43 on the 21st, 1902. The record for May has not been compiled, but it will probably establish a new record for the date of the last killing frost in the spring. Prior to this spring the latest date on which killing frost occurred was May 7, 1890.

New Engineering Building.

The new engineering building at the university will be more than two hundred feet long, and almost as wide as it is long. A house like that needs to be set off on a block by itself. It will look crowded on one corner of the campus, and will be sure to crowd the rest of the institution. Every additional building put on the present campus will make the architectural babel worse. If some of the new construction could be scattered over the outgrowth of tongues and tastes might be less pronounced.

Call for the Statements.

A call has been issued by the state banking board for a statement of the condition of state and private banks at the close of business May 25. There are 606 banks under the jurisdiction of the board.

New Elevator Company.

The Lawrence Milling and Elevator company of Lawrence, Neb., has incorporated with a capital stock of \$200,000. H. Gildore is president, and H. E. Bowman acting secretary.

Roads Balk on Pass Question.

Having twice failed to obey orders of the state railway commission directing them to report the names of all passholders, as they are required by law to do, the Union Pacific and Burlington railroads may now get a taste of the consequences for their neglect. The commission, lenient as it has been so far, is inclined to play the part of the worm that turned at last, and it is now considering steps for the purpose of making the two recalcitrant roads pay the fiddler for their contemptuous defiance of law and legal authority.

Two belated reports have been received at the office of the commission from the companies named, but they contain no additional names and are not responsive to the definite notice served three weeks ago that the commission required complete lists of persons to whom passes have been issued. The Burlington and Union Pacific officials show a disposition to quibble over the meaning of the words, "free transportation." The only feature of the commission's mandate with which they have complied is in filing some of the contract forms on which lawyers, doctors and others get their passes.

"The commission will decide on what to do in this matter after consulting the governor and attorney general," said Chairman Winnett of the railway board this morning. "The railroads were ordered in plain terms to report the names of all passholders. The Burlington and Union Pacific have not done so. They have therefore disobeyed the order. I see no reason why this body should confine correspondence with them over the question. If they get into trouble, it will be because they have courted it. There might as well be a test of the commission's authority first as last."

No State Picture Gallery.

The state auditor has ruled that the picture of an ex-state officer or appointee of a state board at the head of a state department is not a commodity that the state is obliged to pay for out of funds appropriated for office expenses. He holds that portraits of former state appointees are not necessary to the well being of the state and if they are to hang on the walls of the state house they must be bought with private funds. The ruling was made when a bill for \$30 came in from a Chicago firm for a portrait of Dr. P. L. Hall, former secretary of the state banking board. The bill was sent to the auditor by Secretary Roysse of the banking board, who desires to ornament the walls of his office with the pictures of all former secretaries of the board, and finally, in the course of time, when he goes out of office, he hopes to have his own picture by the side of others. Dr. Hall's picture is on the wall and it is considered a good likeness and a work of art, but it has not yet been paid for by the state. There have been only three secretaries of the banking board since the department was taken from the control of the state auditor. The first was R. H. Townley, who was followed by Dr. Hall under the fusion adminis-

tration, who in turn was followed by Mr. Roysse.

The pictures of former governors, judges of the supreme court, land commissioners and men who have held the office of secretary of state and the office of attorney general grace the walls of the state house. Some have been contributed, some have been bought by state officers out of private funds, and some have been bought with state funds, but under the new ruling the latter cannot be used unless the auditor's decision is overturned by an appeal to the courts.

Trying to Get a Half Holiday.

Efforts are being made by the humane society of Lincoln, Neb., to secure for the clerks in the various stores a half holiday one day out of each week. Their efforts bid fair to be crowned with success.

New Company Incorporated.

The Security Land Investment company of Creighton has filed articles of incorporation with Secretary of State Junkin. The capital stock is \$25,000 and the incorporators are James G. Krause, H. A. Cheney and W. A. Meserve.

Woodman Hall Association.

The Woodmen Hall association of Atlanta, Phelps county, has incorporated with a capital stock of \$10,000. F. L. Chapman is president.

Wants Entrance to Nebraska.

The Otis Elevator company, incorporated under the laws of Illinois, has filed a certified copy of its articles of incorporation with Secretary of State Junkin, signifying its desire to become a domestic corporation. As it has a capital stock of \$1,000,000, it had to pay a filing fee of \$501.50 to the state of Nebraska.

The Sloan Grocery company of Omaha has been incorporated by Frank J. Walter and Clarence E. Hughes. Its capital stock is \$150,000.

PACKERS STAND FIRM.

Content That Paying Only for Cattle Which Pass Inspection Would Eradicate Disease from Herds.

Chicago, Ill. — The executive committee of the American Meat Packers association, whose members embrace 275 large and small packers in 29 states, met here Friday and unanimously adopted a resolution asking all inspected slaughtering establishments to buy cows and other "she cattle" subject to postmortem inspection by the United States government. The request was made that immediate effect be given the resolution.

Secretary George L. McCarthy of the association said: "The diseased cows to which we object come from dirty, filthy farms and it naturally follows that the dairy herds from which most of them come are diseased. The danger to the public by consuming milk and other dairy products from tubercular cows and cows suffering from other diseases would be appalling if it were generally known. The farmers who are responsible for this condition of affairs have no incentive to keep their farms clean and their herds free from disease so long as they are paid full value for diseased animals sent to the market for slaughter, but when cattle are bought subject to inspection after death every farmer who has been criminally negligent will immediately clean up his place and take measures to keep disease out of his herd."

Standard Oil Fine May Stand.

Findlay, O. — The circuit court Friday afternoon rendered a decision holding that the probate court of Hancock county had jurisdiction in the case in which Prosecutor David filed information against the Standard Oil company some time ago charging it with conspiracy against trade. Probate Judge Banker assessed a fine of \$5,000 after a verdict of guilty had been rendered by a jury in the trial. The case was carried to the common pleas court and that court held the probate court had no jurisdiction while the circuit court now reversed the common pleas court and thus affirms the original finding. It is probable that an appeal will be taken to the supreme court at Columbus.

Wiley's One Hundred Year Club.

Cleveland, Ohio. — Chief Chemist Wiley of the United States department of agriculture in an address before the graduating class of Case school of applied science Wednesday said: "I belong to a hundred year club, any member of which who shall die before he is a hundred years old will be expelled in disgrace. The present generation is going to live much longer than the one which came before this because it knows more about the laws of hygiene, diet and surgery. It's a rank disgrace for any man to die except from old age."

Powder Trust Case Soon.

Washington. — The bill of complaint which will be filed by the department of justice in the United States circuit court at Cincinnati against the so-called powder trust is nearly completed and it is not unlikely that it will be forwarded to the United States attorney at Cincinnati for presentation to the court within the next week or ten days. This bill follows along the same general lines as that filed at St. Louis against the Standard Oil company.

An Old Document Brings \$7,000.

London, England. — An interesting document dating back to 1692 was sold at auction here Wednesday. It consisted of 23 written lines ordering Captain Campbell of Glen Lyon to fall upon the rebel MacDonalds of Glencoe with 12 men and put all under 70 to the sword—the order was executed to the letter. The bidding began at \$250 and rapidly rose to \$7,000.

Would Preserve McKinley Home.

Canton, O. — Canton citizens Thursday discussed methods of preserving the McKinley home intact. The idea is to make a second Mount Vernon where the furniture and gifts and paintings and statuary of the McKinleys may be preserved.

American Gold to Europe.

New York. — Two million dollars in bar gold was engaged in this city Wednesday for export to Paris. Lazard Freres have taken \$1,000,000, the Russo-Chinese bank \$500,000, and Heidelberg, Ichelheimer & Co., \$500,000.

Iron Workers Strike Failed.

San Francisco. — The iron workers strike was settled Friday night. Twenty thousand are involved. Two men return to work on the same conditions that prevailed before the strike.

She Crossed the Plains in '49.

Bellingham, Washington. — Miss Aesha Clark, a native of Baltimore, reputed to be worth several million dollars, died here aged 90 years. She lived alone for years in a tumble-down shack in North Bellingham.

Arrested for Coffeyville Murder.

Coffeyville, Kan. — Dr. Valle Burgee, a dentist in this city, has been missing since March 3, and Tuesday night a cab driver named Dove was arrested by the local officers charged with having killed him.

Cotton Is Higher.

New York. — New high records in the price of cotton for this season were made by all the active months in the cotton market Wednesday with October selling at \$11.50, and January at \$11.73 or 30 to 31 points higher than Tuesday night.

Weather Records Broken.

Washington. — The weather bureau Friday night announced that all records were broken by the low mean temperature throughout the country during the last two months.

BACK TO TEXAS!



OUR FINE WINTER WEATHER

Lowest Temperatures for Season in Many Years Recorded.

The Weather Bureau Issues an Explanation of the Unusual Conditions Which Falls to Explain.

Washington, D. C. — Remarkably unseasonable weather with a cold wave extending throughout the country east of the Rocky Mountains, thermometers in some sections registering the lowest temperatures for the season in many years, is reported by the weather bureau.

Weather bureau officials say that there is no immediate prospect of any summer weather anywhere. Heavy frosts are reported to the bureau from the Lake region. The cold wave is particularly severe in the southwest and is due, according to the weather experts, to the heavy rains in that part of the country.

Forecaster Harry C. Frankenthal of the weather bureau Tuesday night said:

"The reason for the cold weather we have had during the past two or three months is that the high areas of pressure have moved eastward from the northern portion of the country almost continuously and these have caused cold north winds. That is the only reason I can give for the cold weather areas. As to what makes these high areas keep up all this season is more than I can tell."

Not since 1882 has the abnormal weather been approached in this part of the country. It is five degrees below the normal temperature for this month.

To Sell Zion City Property.

Chicago. — Over the objections made by Mrs. Jane Dowle and her son, A. J. Gladstone Dowle, Judge Landis in the Federal court Friday afternoon entered an order granting authority to John C. Hately, receiver of the Zion City property, to sell the property immediately. As soon as the contents of John Alexander Dowle's widow and son are overcome, and it is believed this will be effected by compromise soon, the trust estate of Dowle will be disposed to the creditors, most of whom are connected with the church establishment by Dowle.

Quarantined Against Havana.

Havana, Cuba. — The sudden declaration of quarantine by all the southern states against Havana, news of which reached here Tuesday afternoon, has caused much consternation and has resulted in hardship to hundreds of persons. The steamer Monte, with 100 passengers on board was stopped while in the act of leaving this port for Mobile and all her passengers were sent back on shore. There are only two cases of yellow fever in Havana and both come from the interior.

La Follette a Candidate.

Milwaukee, Wis. — Definite steps were taken Friday night toward promoting the candidacy of Senator La Follette for the presidential nomination at a meeting of 150 of his supporters in the club rooms of the Plankinton house. Resolutions were adopted declaring Senator La Follette the strongest and most logical candidate for the presidency and stating that work should be started at once towards securing La Follette delegations from other states.

Mexico Prepares for War.

City of Mexico, Mex. — El Dia De La Tarde, in its last edition Wednesday evening prints a special message from Tuxtilla Gutierrez, a border town, that Guatemalan troops are throwing up entrenchments and mounting artillery opposite Ocos. This information can not be officially confirmed. The message adds: "The twenty-fifth infantry has arrived here and Mexican troops are arriving daily and being posted along the border."

Lord Barrington to Hang July 25.

Jefferson City, Mo. — The supreme court in banc late Thursday afternoon decreed that "Lord" Frederick Seymour Barrington, now in jail at Clayton, Mo., shall be hanged on July 25 for the murder of J. P. McCann, a St. Louis horseman.

King Edward's New Yacht.

Glasgow. — King Edward's new turbine yacht Alexandra of 2,000 tons was launched here Thursday afternoon and was christened by Princess Louise, the Duchess of Argyll.

FUNERAL OF MRS. MCKINLEY.

Distinguished Gathering Witnessed Final Ceremony—Body Beside That of Her Husband.

Canton, Ohio. — The body of Mrs. Ida Sexton McKinley now rests by the side of that of the late President McKinley in the receiving vault at Westlawn cemetery.

The simple funeral services held at the McKinley residence on Market street Wednesday afternoon were witnessed by a distinguished company, including President Roosevelt, Vice President Fairbanks, Gov. Harris and many high officials both of the nation and state.

During the funeral and the progress of the cortege to the cemetery all business in Canton, not absolutely necessary, ceased, banks, stores, factories, amusement houses, and parks, all closed in honor of the distinguished dead and school children were dismissed from the day's tasks.

The sombre black casket rested in the library surrounded by flowers, in the same place that the body of President McKinley was placed after the tragedy at Buffalo.

The services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Buxton, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church, and the Rev. D. Holmes, former pastor of that church.

The receiving vault which is still guarded by United States regulars, will be the resting place of the body of both Mr. and Mrs. McKinley until the magnificent McKinley mausoleum built by public subscription is completed, probably in September.

Railroads Accept Liability.

Chicago. — It is reported that an agreement has been reached between western railroads and the shippers whereby the latter will ask the Interstate Commerce commission to dismiss the bill of lading case which has been before that body since December 1908. On the other hand, the railroads have agreed to present to the commission a new uniform bill of lading providing for only one rate, therefore accepting without question the common law liability for loss and damage which attaches to the carriers. The entire question was one of liability on the part of the carrier for loss and damage to shipments.

Harriman Protects Hill.

New York. — Frank W. Hill, formerly secretary of E. H. Harriman, who some time ago sold to a newspaper the now famous Sidney Webster letter, written by Mr. Harriman, and the publication of which drew a heated denial from President Roosevelt, Wednesday pleaded guilty. On the recommendation of the district attorney's office and at the request of Mr. Harriman, the sentence was suspended.

To Germany on Peace Mission.

Berlin. — Thirty-nine British journalists, representing as many important newspapers and reviews, arrived at Bremen Monday on their way to Berlin as unofficial peace and conciliation envoys, returning the visit which the German newspaper men paid to England last year.

Gunboat to Protect Foreigners.

Washington. — Instructions have been cabled to the commander of the gunboat Helena, which arrived at Fouchou, China, a few days ago, to return at once to Amoy, the nearest port to the scene of the armed uprising against the Chinese local officials.

Storms and Floods in Texas.

Houston, Tex. — A series of violent storms, electrical and cyclonic in character, accompanied by successive cloudbursts, swept over Houston and vicinity during Wednesday night and Thursday morning. The country for miles is covered with water. Railroad traffic is almost completely suspended. Many houses have been wrecked or washed away by Buffalo bayou, which has passed all previous high water records and is still rising.

A New Canal Trouble.

Panama. — According to a report made by the minority of the isthmian canal commission it was estimated that the area of the canal and lakes would not exceed 110 square miles. It now appears from an excellent authority that that portion of the canal and lakes surveyed up to date, which is less than half of the ultimate total, exceeds 200 square miles and fears of the water surging into the canal are increased. The

TAKES NO BACKWARD STEP

President Forcefully Reasserts His Position Regarding Railroads.

They Should Be as Completely Under Governmental Control As Are the National Banks.

Indianapolis, Indiana. — President Roosevelt delivered the principal address in this city Thursday at the unveiling of the statue to Gen. Lawton, a veteran of the civil war, who died in the service of his country in the Philippines. The address had been looked forward to for weeks as being the first authoritative expression of the president's views regarding the relationship of the government to the railroads of the country.

After delivering an eulogy on Gen. Lawton and the veterans of the Civil war Mr. Roosevelt said among other things:

"One great problem that we have before us is to preserve the rights of property and these can only be preserved if we remember that they are in less jeopardy from the socialist and the anarchist than from the predatory man of wealth. The power of the nation must be exerted to stop crimes of cunning no less than crimes of violence. There can be no halt in the course we have deliberately elected to pursue, the policy of asserting the right of the nation, so far as it has the power to supervise and control the business use of wealth, especially in its corporate form. Today I wish to say a word to you about the first and most important feature of this task, the control of the common carriers doing an interstate business; a control absolutely vested in the nation. There must be vested in the federal government a full power of supervision and control over the railroads doing interstate business; a power in many respects analogous to and as complete as that the government exercises over the national banks. It must possess the power to exercise supervision over the future issuance of stocks and bonds, either through a national incorporation (which I should prefer) or through some similar fashion.

The movement to control railroads by law has come to stay. The people of this country have made up their minds—and wisely made up their minds to exercise a closer control over all kinds of public service corporations, including railroads. Every honestly managed railway will gain and not lose by the policy. The men more anxious to manipulate stocks than to make the management of their roads efficient and honest are the only ones who have cause to oppose it.

Creating Naval Vacancies.

Washington. — Admiral Evans will preside Saturday at the Navy department at a meeting of naval officers of high grade, appointed "to weed out" a sufficient number of officers to meet the needs of the naval personnel act and prevent stagnation in promotion. Naturally there is great anxiety among a number of officers as to the outcome of the meeting of this board though the result will not be announced before July 1, when the vacancies must be made. Altogether the act requires this year that 22 vacancies be created.

Would Admit Press to the Hague.

Berlin. — The Voessische Zeitung says it learns that although no exchange of views has taken place between the powers on the subject, the German government is unreservedly in favor of admitting the press to the sessions of The Hague peace conference and thus, by publicity, "rendering impossible stories of discord among the powers and imaginary scenes at the sittings, such as were telegraphed from Algiers to European papers."

Child Fell From Moving Train.

Waterloo, Iowa. — The five-year-old son of a woman named Kate Kartmire fell out of a car window of an Illinois Central limited westbound train, running at 50 miles an hour Wednesday night between Post and Epworth, while his mother was asleep. The child was found walking on the tracks at 5 o'clock Thursday morning by the train crew of an eastbound train. Except for a slight cut on the face the boy was unharmed.

A Defeat for the Standard.

Findlay, O. — The circuit court Friday unanimously decided that the Buckeye Oil company, a Standard subsidiary concern, was organized under the corporate laws of Ohio and as such most carry all oil offered it by the independent producers at a fair remunerative rate. The decision is considered a great victory by the independent producers.

French Favor Limiting Armament.

Brussels. — The chamber of deputies Thursday voted to consider a resolution expressing the hope that the peace conference at The Hague will discuss the question of the limitation of armaments.

Church Floor Collapsed.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa. — At the laying of the cornerstone of St. Mary's Greek catholic church Thursday afternoon a temporary flooring collapsed, precipitating about 60 persons into the cellar 12 feet below.

Shot by His Son-in-Law.

Poplar Bluff, Mo. — Former County Judge John A. Hayes was shot and mortally wounded Wednesday by his son-in-law, James Williamson, and the latter is now under arrest. The shooting occurred at Williamson's home on Judge Hayes' farm several miles west of here.

Mrs. Roosevelt at Oyster Bay.

She is expected to arrive at Oyster Bay on Saturday.

CARS TURNED

ONE MAN KILLED AND SEVERAL INJURED IN TEXAS.

A FAST TRAIN DERAIL

Running at High Rate When Accident Happened—Cause of Wreck Said to Be Either Wreckers or Defect in the Steel Rails.

A San Antonio, Tex., June 3, dispatch says: One man instantly killed and a score of persons seriously injured, some of whom will die, is the result of wrecking of eastbound passenger train No. 8, at 3:30 yesterday morning, two miles east of Loski small station on the Southern Pacific. The derailment was either the result of train-wreckers or defect in steel, though the positive cause has not yet been determined. It was reported that the train was dashing along at a speed of thirty-five to forty miles an hour when the derailment occurred. Every car in the train was derailed and two of them turning over.

The dead and injured were all in the chair car, this being one of the cars to turn over. Not till dawn did medical aid reach the injured who bravely bore their suffering.

The dead: W. B. JACKS, Sanderson, Texas.

OIL COMPANY FOUND GUILTY.

Verdict Against Waters-Pierce at Austin, Texas.

A jury at Austin, Texas, found the Waters-Pierce Oil company of Missouri guilty of violating the anti-trust laws of Texas, convicted it of having entered the state by fraud fined it \$1,632,900 and granted the prayer of the state for ouster proceedings.

The defense filed a motion for a new trial and the case will be taken to the federal courts. The state filed a petition with District Judge Brook, for the appointment of a receiver, also an injunction to restrain the company from moving any of its property from the state. The judge granted a temporary injunction and set the receivership for June 8.

The basis for the controversy is the anti-trust laws of 1899 and 1905. Of the penalties assessed by the verdict of the jury J. P. Gruett, Jr., of St. Louis will secure one-fourth of the fee, the balance goes to the county attorney. The remainder of the judgment will go to the state barring some \$15,000 which will have to be paid to special attorneys who assisted the state in the proceedings.

GRANT INCREASE IN WAGES.

Union Pacific Coal Company Posts Notice of Advance.

The Union Pacific Coal company and the Central Coal and Coke company of Rock Springs, Wyo., posted notices to the effect that an increase of 10 per cent would be granted to all employees who return to work. The miners have been out and the mines closed for a week pending the organization of a union which the companies refuse to recognize. The miners have not yet signified acceptance of the offer.

HIGH PRIZE TO NEBRASKAN.

Charles Arnold of Falls City Honored by Drake University.

A Nebraska student has been awarded one of the three high prizes for best work in the senior class of the Iowa college of law. Charles Arnold of Falls City being given the Encyclopedia of Evidence, ranking second in the graduating class of thirty-eight. Mr. Arnold will be given his diploma with honors on the 13th, when the commencement exercises of Drake university, of which the Iowa college of law is a part, terminate with an address by Dr. Lovett of Princeton.

CORONER SAYS SUICIDE.

Prominent Kansas Lawyer Carried \$500,000 Life Insurance.

L. H. Perkins, aged fifty-two years, one of the best known lawyers in Kansas, who was killed by falling or jumping from the roof of his handsome residence in Lawrence, Kas., is believed by County Coroner Carl Phillips to have committed suicide.

Mr. Perkins' life was insured for \$500,000, it is believed. He is known

WALL PAPER CLEARANCE

ON MONDAY, June 10th, we shall begin a clearance of this season's wall papers. This sale is made merely to reduce stock to proper limits, but we shall sell just as close as though we wished to get rid of all of it, and you are to have your choice of any paper in stock, including our finest copyright or imported patterns.

Sale Continues One Week

During this time you can buy all papers at cost and remnants and broken lines at less than cost.

Keep the Date in Mind
No other such opportunity this year

THE CITY PHARMACY

Mamie Siler's new building. Ord, Nebraska. Phone 63.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Arthur Honnold returned to Oklahoma Tuesday morning.

Omer Ollis has accepted a position in the First National bank.

Miss Jennie Sutton returned to her work at Loup City Monday morning.

Miss Zona McNutt went to Omaha last Friday for a couple of weeks visit with friends.

Dr. Taylor was looking after business in Scotia a couple of days the first of the week.

J. A. Ollis, Sr. went to Texas Tuesday morning where he will visit a daughter for a few weeks.

Bring your produce to Frank Mallory and get highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank.

McNutt & Blessing sold the Everett Cromwell eighty-acre tract of land to Ben Waterman last Saturday.

The Nashville students, a colored organization furnished amusement for a good crowd at the Wentworth hall last Friday evening.

Sam Stacy went to Lincoln Tuesday morning and from there he was billed to go down into Indian Territory to show off some of the land deals that he has listed in that part of the country.

Mrs. A. Sutton has been in falling health for several weeks and on the advice of her physician she went to the Dr. Bailey sanitarium at Lincoln Monday morning. That we will soon be able to tell of her return to health is the wish of the writer.

Otto Murschel will go to Chicago in a few days for a little outing and to take in the national shooting tournament to be held in that metropolitan city. The biggest event pulled off at this meet of crack shots is known as the Grand American Handicap and Murschel has already entered his name in the list to contest for this prize, which is the amateur championship of the United States. There are always four or five hundred entries in this contest and they hail from all parts of the United States.

Fackler & Finley the grocers, to close out, offer a 15 cent coffee 2 pounds for 25 cents. A 20 cent coffee 2 pounds for 35 cents. A 10 cent Gusto breakfast food for 7 1/2 cents a package. Choice standard pears two cans for 25 cents. We have a fine line of dried fruits. Strawberries coming daily, fine quality now. Both phones number 31.

Miss Grace Tolen went to Omaha Monday morning where she will enter the Douglas county hospital for a two years course with the idea in view of coming out a professional trained nurse. Miss Tolen has already had considerable experience having served almost a year in the Dr. Brink hospital at this place.

The band boys gave the first concert of the season in the band stand Wednesday evening and of course there was a large crowd down town to listen to the performance. Hereafter concerts will be held at regular intervals, Wednesday night having been selected as the best time for all concerned.

The Ord high school boys went to Burwell last Friday afternoon for a match game with the high school of that town. The Burwell boys proved to be the best players and carried off the game with several runs to spare.

Luse keeps a large stock of wall paper and he sells it, too. Nebraska Stock Dip guaranteed. Your money back if it fails, at Luse's.

Judge Hanna and his stenographer returned to Greeley Saturday morning.

Frank Mallory went to Burwell Monday evening returning in the morning of the next day.

A. M. Robbins went to Burwell Monday evening to look after affairs in the district court.

Mrs. E. C. Loomis and children left Monday morning for Iowa where they will visit relatives.

John Auble has sold his fast trotting stallion, Tiddley Winks, to Bernard Hughes of Greeley Center.

Mrs. Orrin Mutter went to Hastings Wednesday morning where she will visit a brother for a few weeks.

A sister of Mrs. Ed. Watson arrived in the city from Iowa one day last week and will spend the summer here.

Judge Paul came up from St. Paul Monday evening and went on up to Burwell to hold a term of court in Garfield county.

If you wish to buy some sugar cured hams and bacon that are up to date in flavor and within the reach of all, try ours. W. Misko.

Mrs. Frank Rogers returned to her home in Greeley Saturday morning. She had been visiting Ord relatives for several days.

Charley Preen, H. D. Leggett, W. H. Money and two sons and several others accompanied Sam Stacy on a land hunting expedition to Indian Territory Tuesday morning.

Several little showers have come along quite regularly during the past week. The ground is now said to be in excellent condition and growing crops are doing everything that could be expected of them.

I am pleased to announce that after June 14, I will have associated with me Dr. A. C. Reynolds, and that we will be able to properly attend to my entire practice again. Dr. Chas. Miliken. 18-1t.

North Loup and Arcadia are both debating the advisability of celebrating the fourth of July. No celebration will be held at Ord this year and we think that both of these places will get a fair sprinkling of Ord people should they decide to celebrate.

We notice by the Greeley citizen that the Ord base ball team was billed to play a match game in that town one day last week but for some unknown reason failed to show up. This is the first time that we have heard that Ord had a baseball team, but if the Greeley paper says we have one it must be true even if it did fail to keep its appointment with their aggregation.

There was a generous crowd in town last Saturday many coming in to see the balloon ascension that would of otherwise remained at home. The balloon was billed to cut loose late in the afternoon but the day was an ideal one and it was thought wise to send it up a little earlier for fear that the wind would raise. Ulric Sorensen was the aeronaut and as it was his first ascension and partly because he was an Ord boy the feat became all the more attractive. It was three o'clock when the big balloon was cut loose and it shot up into the air. At two thousand feet it refused to carry the daring aeronaut any higher and he came down in his parachute in the latest and most approved fashion. Although it was Ulric's first trip up it was a successful one and he will now follow that profession. He went to Dannebrog Tuesday and was billed to make an ascension at the big Danish picnic to be held there yesterday.

Last Thursday morning gave promise of the usual Decoration day shower but the shower failed to materialize and it turned out to be an exceptionally fine day for the carrying out of the program arranged for that day. The exercises were called for one o'clock but it was about two when the procession started for the cemetery. In line were the Ord band, members of both hose teams of the city, the veterans and a long line of carriages. During the hours of the services at the request of the mayor all of the business houses in the city closed in order that they and their employees might participate. Frank Mallory acted as marshal of the day and discharged his duties in a creditable manner.

The G. A. R. and the ladies of the some organization, in this public manner desire to thank all that assisted so willingly in the carrying out of the Decoration Day program. Especially do we desire to extend our thanks to the Ord Band, to the members of the Ord Fire Department for the part they took in the exercises; to Rev. Eaton for his masterly Memorial Sunday address and to the business men in general of the city for closing their respective places of business during the exercises.

Will Harding was a passenger to Lincoln last Saturday morning. The chicken house on the Likely farm but in Springdale caught fire and burned to the ground last Friday afternoon. The exact cause of the fire is not known but it is quite probable that it caught from the lamp in the incubator as one was in use in the building at the time. When the fire was discovered it had gained too much headway to do anything with it and the building and its contents hence were a total loss.

Agent Moorehouse of the Burlington tells us that a new time table goes into effect on his road that will effect the Ord public more or less on the 9th day of this month. The south bound passenger train which has heretofore left at nine fifteen will leave this place about one hour earlier. The exact schedule of the change has not yet been received but will be found in these columns next week.

The commencement week exercises of the Ord high school open to the public closed with the class day address delivered by Dr. Wickersham at the opera house last Thursday evening. Like the exercises held earlier in the week the address was well attended and thoroughly appreciated.

Cornell Bros. unloaded a full car load of their celebrated "Malleable Steel Ranges" Wednesday, having purchased these ranges before the advance in price of stoves. It places the boys in a position to supply stove customers at 1906 prices saving them money.

Dr. G. R. Gard made his annual monthly pilgrimage to Arcadia Monday morning in the interests of his dental practice. The doctor returned home today, which is a day earlier than is his custom, so as to be present at the monthly meeting of the council.

Some Specials

The goods are alright, but are mostly odds and ends and small lots that we want to close out quickly and in order to do this we put a price on them that makes them move.

Special No. 1-- SILKS

About 60 yards in the lot. All the way from 1 yard to 12 yards in a piece and you can buy them for JUST ONE-HALF the regular price.

Special No. 2-- SKIRTS

About 36 Ladies' and Misses' ready made dress skirts in this lot. Good styles, good fitters; skirts that you can put on and wear right now. These go at ONE-THIRD off the regular price.

Special No. 3-- JACKETS

About 8 Ladies' light weight spring coats in light colors, and also some black ones. There are 2

silk coats in the lot. These go at ONE-THIRD OFF the regular price.

Special No. 4-- SLIPPERS

About 40 pair Women's and Children's, also a few pair Boys' slippers in this lot. Good styles and most all sizes. While they last you can have them JUST ONE-HALF the marked price.

Special No. 5-- WALL PAPER

We have always on hand a lot of remnants and small lots, that is one, two, three or four bolts of a pattern, and we sell this paper at 5 cents a bolt. In this you will find paper worth all the way from 10 to 36 cents a bolt.

We pay the highest prices in CASH for eggs, butter, cream and chickens.

The Baileys' Dept. Store

Ord's Biggest, Busiest and Best Trading Place.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Dick Smith last week Thursday evening.

Steve Parks was in attendance at the Danish picnic held at Dannebrog yesterday.

Wednesday morning Miss Nannie Smith went to Fremont where she will attend college.

Several Ord parties went to Dannebrog Wednesday to attend the big Danish celebration at that place.

Take your eggs to Frank Mallory, you know him, and get the highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank.

Last Friday the high school folks had a picnic out at the Baird grove. The day a delightful one and the event went off with great pleasure to all concerned.

C. B. Anderson, the Crete banker was in the city looking after affairs in connection with the Ord State Bank a couple of days last week. He returned to Lincoln Saturday morning.

Ed. Bartle, one of St. Paul's leading mercantile merchants, came up on the Lincoln trade excursion last week and was the guest of his friend, Stanley Dworak, during the special's stop here.

Last Sunday Rev. Medlin, the new pastor of the Methodist church preached at the Ord and Springdale churches for the first time. He proves to be a very good preacher and it is expected that the work will go right along at this place with commendable zeal.

Mr. Perry Moore, some six years ago a resident of Ord, and now farming in the vicinity of Loup City, spent Sunday renewing old acquaintances in this city. He reports crops in his locality as being in the best of condition and thinks this talk of a short wheat crop is wholly the view taken by the annual crop pessimist. He returned to his home Monday morning.

A letter from Ora Taylor to his parents says that he is enjoying his experience with Campbell's circus. That he will

Perry Jones departed Monday morning along with a car of stock billed by the Danner folks to the Chicago market. After visiting friends in Chicago for a few days he will go up into Wisconsin where he will visit a sister and spend a few days fishing. He promises to be back in time to help Contractor Goodhand along with the carpenter work on the new bank building.

Ed. Mitchell came up from Lincoln last Friday evening and remained over night, returning Saturday morning. Ed. is still looking after the grain company's interests and it was business of this kind that brought him to Ord. It was his first visit to Ord for several months hence he was quite pleased to grasp his old friends by the hand again.

The Maple Leaf club and its gentlemen friends were entertained by the Misses Peterson and Staple at the home of the latter on Tuesday evening. During the evening they took a trip to Sweden stopping long enough to be served with a Swedish lunch, other refreshments were served later and a very pleasant evening was spent by all.

A postal, received by one of the Quiz force, brings the news from Ora Taylor that he is enjoying his trip with the Campbell Bros. circus, besides being in the best of health, receiving the best of accommodations. He states, also, that he is almost getting his fill of publicity.

Ross Hull, after a week's visit with relatives and friends, returned to his Alliance home Tuesday morning. Mr. Hull is still breaking for the Burlington out of Alliance, and is well pleased with his work.

Andy Phillips packed his goods and shipped them to Burwell last Friday. Andy and family accompanied the goods and will make their home in the capitol of Garfield county hereafter.

Mrs. Clyde Wellman came up from North Loup Wednesday evening and will spend a few days visiting Ord relatives.

Mr. Cantwell, of Norfolk, was in the city the latter part of last week visiting his daughter, Mrs. Rundy.

Earl Stacy was in the city Saturday.

If you have any building move call on John K. Jensen. Mrs. S. A. Parks was visiting Saturday and Sunday in and about North Loup.

Miss Ellis, one of the instructors in the high school went to her home in Lincoln Saturday morning.

Nels Jorgensen reports the death of a colt of his out in his pasture few days ago by a bolt of lightning.

Bring your produce to Frank Mallory and get highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank.

J. D. Wittsche returned from South Omaha last Friday evening, where he had been with three car loads of stock.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired, money ready when you are.

Saturday morning Christina Peterson and Dora Johnson went to St. Paul for a few days visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Clark Lamberton was a Grand Island passenger Wednesday. She will visit there and at Hastings for a few weeks.

Mrs. A. L. Brimblecom returned last Friday evening from a several months visit with a daughter in Michigan. She expects to make her home in Ord this summer with her daughter Mrs. Frank Howard.

It will be pleasing to the public to learn that the Presbyterian church people have secured Rev. C. A. Arnold for a lecture in this city next Tuesday night. Rev. Arnold was at one time pastor of the Presbyterian church at this place and has recently returned from a trip to Europe. The greater part of his time abroad was spent in the Holy Land and in Egypt and in his characteristic observing manner he has gathered together a very entertaining lecture on the oriental of that interesting country, bespeak for him a large audience on this occasion as he is popular with Ord people. The lecture will be given in the

Announcement

I want to state to the many old customers of the People's Store that I have purchased the interests and good will of Miss McLain, and will continue the business as before, at the old stand, on the west side of the square.

To all old customers it is needless to state that my stock is complete, but to new patrons of the People's Store I want to suggest that superior quality, together with a large variety from which to select, walk hand in hand with reasonable prices. I invite you to call and see me.

A "square deal" to all is the principle we have and always will practice.

Respectfully Yours,

MAMIE SILER, PROP.

THE MOIS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST

BY HARRY LEON WILSON

CHAPTER XXX.—Continued.

He carried the saddle and bridle into the house, and she followed him. Whatever the nature of Mr. Follett's business, his confidence in the soundness of his attitude toward it was perfect. He showed no sign of abstraction or anxiety; no sign of aught but desire to live agreeably in the present—a present that included Prudence. When the early breakfast was over they went out about the place, through the peach orchard and the meadow still dewy, lingering in the shade of a plum tree, finding all matters to be of interest. For a time they watched and laughed at the two calves through the bars of the corral, cavort. They were on different levels while the bereaved mothers cast languishing glances at them from outside, conscious that their milk was being base-ly diverted from the rightful heirs. They picked many blossoms and talked of many things. There was no idle moment from early morning until high noon; and yet, though they were very busy, they achieved absolutely nothing.

In the afternoon Prudence donned her own sombrero, and they went to the canyon to fish. From a clump of the yellowish green willows that fringed the stream, Follett cut a slender wand. To this he fixed a line and a tiny hook that he had carried in his hat, and for the rest of the distance he kept the surface of a shaded pool, poise it at the foot of a ripple, skim it across an eddy, cast it under a shelf of rock or dangle it in some promising nook by the willow roots, shielding himself meanwhile as best he could; here behind a boulder, there bending a willow in front of him, again lying flat on the bank, taking care to keep even his shadow off the stream and to go silently.

From where she followed, Prudence would see the surface of the water break with a curling gleam of gold, which would give way to a bubbling splash; then she would see the willow rod bend, see it vibrate and thrill and tremble, the point working slowly over the bank. Then perhaps the rod would suddenly straighten out for a few seconds only to bend again, slowly, gently, but mercilessly. Or perhaps the point continued to come in until it was well over the bank and the end of the line close by. Then after a frantic splashing on the margin of the stream the conquered trout would be gasping on the bank, a thing of shivering gleams of blended brown and gold and pink. At first she pitted the fish and regretted the cruelty of man, but Follett had other views.

"Why," he said, "a trout is the cruellest beast there is. Look at it trying to swallow this poor little hopper that it thought tumbled into the water by accident. It just loves to eat its stuff alive. And it isn't particular. It would just as lief eat its own children. Now you take that one there, and say he was ten thousand times as big as he is, and you were coming along here and your foot slipped and Mr. Trout was lying behind this rock here—hungry. Say! What a mouthful you'd make, pink dress and all—he'd have you swallowed in a second, and then he'd sneak back behind the rock there, wiping his mouth, and hoping your little sister or somebody would be along the minute and fall in too."

"Ugh! Why, what horrible little monsters! Let me catch one!"

And so she fished under his direction. They lurked together in the shadows of rocks, while he showed her how to flicker the bait in the current, here holding her hand on the rod, again supporting her while she leaned out to cast around a boulder, each feeling the other's breathless caution and looking deep into each other's eyes through seconds of tense silence.

Such as they were, these were the only results of the lesson; results that left them in easy friendliness toward each other. For the fish were not deceived by her. He would point out some pool where very probably a hungry trout was waiting in wait with his head to the current, and she would try to skim the lure over it. More than once she saw the fish dart toward it, but never did she quite convince them. Oftener she saw them flit upstream in flight, like flashes of gray lightning. Yet at length she felt she had learned all that could be taught of the art, and that further failure would mean merely a lack of appetite or spirit in the fish. So she went on alone, while Follett stopped to clean the dozen trout he had caught.

While she was in sight he watched her, the figure bending like as the rod she held, moving lightly, now a long, now a short step, half kneeling to throw the bait into an eddy; then off again with determined strides to the next likely pool. When he could no longer see her, he fell to work on his fish, scouring their slime off in the dry sand.

When she returned, she found him on his back, his hat off, his arms dug out above his head, fast asleep. She sat near by on a smooth rock at the water's edge and waited—without impatience, for this was the first time she had been free to look at him quite as she wished to. She studied him openly now. He seemed to her like a young power of that far strange land. She thought of some-thing he had said to her about the

CHAPTER XXXI.

The Gentle Issues an Ultimatum. June went; July came and went. It

was hot summer below, where the valley widens to let in Amalton, but up in the little-sunned alcove of box canyon it was always cool. There the pines are straight and reach their heads far into the sky, each a many-wired harp to the winds that come down from the high divide. Their music is never still; now a low, ominous rush, soft but mighty, swelling as it nears, the rush of a winged host, rising swiftly to one fearsome crescendo until the listener cowers instinctively as if under the tread of many feet; then dying away to mutter threats in the distance, and to come again more fiercely; or, it may be, to come with a gentler sweep, as if pacified, even yielding for the moment. Or, again, the same wild will play quieter airs through the green boughs, a chamber-music of silken rustlings, of feathered fans just stirring, of whistlings, and the sighs of a woman.

It is cool beneath these pines, and pleasant on the couches of brown needles that have fallen through all the years. Here, in the softened light, amid the rebusious pungence of the cones and the green boughs, where the wind above played an endless, solemn accompaniment to the careless song of the stream below, the maiden Saint tried to save into the Kingdom a youthful Gentle of whom she discovered almost daily some fresh reasons why he should not be lost. The same wild will play quieter airs through the green boughs, a chamber-music of silken rustlings, of feathered fans just stirring, of whistlings, and the sighs of a woman.

She would save him. He was worth saving, from his crown of yellow hair to the high heels of his Mexican boots. Strong, clean, gentle, and—she hesitated for a word—interesting—he must be brought into the Kingdom, and she would do it. She looked up again and met his wide-open eyes.

They both laughed. "I sat up with your pa last night," he said, ashamed of having slept. "We had some business to palaver about."

He had tied the fish into a bundle with aspen leaves and damp moss around them, and now they went back

to the house. The little bent man at the house would look at them with a sort of helplessness when they came in, sometimes even forgetting the smile he wore when he always-dying King had impressed anew each time he saw them with the punishing power of such vengeance as was left to the Lord. He could see more than either of the pair before him. The little white-haired boy who had fought him with tooth and nail so long ago, to be not taken from Prudence, had now come back with the might of a man, even the might of a lover, to take her from him when she had become all of his life. He could think of no sharper revenge upon himself or his people. For this cowboy was the spirit incarnate of the oncoming east, thorned on by the Lord to avenge his church's crime.

Then in the night would come the terrors of the dark, the curses and groans that always-dying King had behind him. And always now he would see the hand with the silver bracelet at the wrist, flaunting in his face the shivering strands of gold with the crimson patch at the end. Yet even this, because he could see it, was less fearful than the thing he could not see, the thing that crawled or lurched relentlessly behind him, with the snoring sound in its throat, the smell of warm blood and the horrible dripping of it, whose breath he could feel on his neck and whose nerveless hands sometimes fumbled weakly at his shoulder, as it strove to come in front of him.

He sat sleepless in his chair with candles burning for three nights when Follett, late in August, went off to meet a messenger from one of his father's wagon trains which, he said, was on its way north. Fearful he was the meaning of his presence, he was inexpressibly glad when the Gentle returned to save him from the terrors of the night.

And there was now a new goad of remorse. The evening before Follett's return he had found Prudence in tears after a visit to the village. With a sudden great onrush of pity he had taken her in his arms to comfort her, feeling the selfishness strangely washed from his love, as the sob convulsed her.

"Come, come, child—tell your father what it is," he had urged her, and when she became a little quiet she had told him.

"Oh, Daddy, dear—I've just heard such an awful thing, what they talk of me in Amalton, and of you and my mother—shameful!"

He knew then what was coming; he had wondered, indeed, that this talk should be so long in reaching her; but he waited silently, soothing her.

"They say, whoever my mother was, you couldn't have married her—that Christina is your first wife, and the temple records show it. And, oh, Daddy, they say it means that I am a child of illegitimacy—and I am made me want to kill myself."

Another passion of tears and sobs had overwhelmed her, and all but broken down the little man. Yet he controlled himself and soothed her again to quietness.

"It is all wrong, child, all wrong. You are not a child of sin, but a child of love, as rightly born as any in Amalton. Believe me, and pay no heed to that talk."

"They have been saying it for years, and I never knew."

"They say what is not true."

"You were married to my mother, then?"

He waited too long. She divined, clear though his answer was, that he had evaded, or was quibbling in some way.

"You are the daughter of a truly married husband and wife, as truly married as were any pair."

And though she knew he had turned her question, she saw that he must have done it for some great reason of his own, and even in her grief, she would not pain him by asking another. She could feel that she suffered as she did, and he seemed, moreover, to be pitifully and strangely frightened.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Eat Chickens If Too Fat

We poke fun at the Chinese ideals of medicine, but events in Sacramento prove that the Mongolians know more than we give them credit for, says the San Francisco News Letter. For centuries the Chinese have used cricket stew, powdered crickets, essence of cricket and plain raw crickets for the reduction of obesity, as they use frog soup for stomach troubles.

Well, in Sacramento it has been noticed that the cats have grown wonderfully thin and had no appetites, refusing to be tempted by cream and other dainties. It has been discovered they have been feasting on crickets. Insects have satisfied their

dream to find her gone. He thought he would feel very badly then, for probably he would never be able to get back into the same dream again. So he was cautious, resolving to make the thing last until it came true of itself.

Once when they followed the stream down, in the late afternoon, he had mused himself so full of the wonder of her that he almost forgot his caution in an amiable impulse to let her share in his feelings.

"You know," he began, "you're like as if I had been trying to think of a word I wanted to say—some fine, big word, a fancy one—but I couldn't think of it. You know how you can't think of the one you want sometimes, only nothing will do in place of it, and then all at once, when you quit trying to think, it flashes over you. You're like that. I never could think of you, but I just had to because I couldn't get along without it, and then when I didn't expect it you just happened along—the word came along and said itself."

Without speaking she had fun ahead to pick the white and blue columbines and pink roses. And he, alarmed at his boldness, fearing she would now be afraid of him, went forward with the deep purpose of showing her a light, careless mood, to convince her that he had meant nothing much.

The little bent man at the house would look at them with a sort of helplessness when they came in, sometimes even forgetting the smile he wore when he always-dying King had impressed anew each time he saw them with the punishing power of such vengeance as was left to the Lord. He could see more than either of the pair before him. The little white-haired boy who had fought him with tooth and nail so long ago, to be not taken from Prudence, had now come back with the might of a man, even the might of a lover, to take her from him when she had become all of his life. He could think of no sharper revenge upon himself or his people. For this cowboy was the spirit incarnate of the oncoming east, thorned on by the Lord to avenge his church's crime.

Then in the night would come the terrors of the dark, the curses and groans that always-dying King had behind him. And always now he would see the hand with the silver bracelet at the wrist, flaunting in his face the shivering strands of gold with the crimson patch at the end. Yet even this, because he could see it, was less fearful than the thing he could not see, the thing that crawled or lurched relentlessly behind him, with the snoring sound in its throat, the smell of warm blood and the horrible dripping of it, whose breath he could feel on his neck and whose nerveless hands sometimes fumbled weakly at his shoulder, as it strove to come in front of him.

He sat sleepless in his chair with candles burning for three nights when Follett, late in August, went off to meet a messenger from one of his father's wagon trains which, he said, was on its way north. Fearful he was the meaning of his presence, he was inexpressibly glad when the Gentle returned to save him from the terrors of the night.

And there was now a new goad of remorse. The evening before Follett's return he had found Prudence in tears after a visit to the village. With a sudden great onrush of pity he had taken her in his arms to comfort her, feeling the selfishness strangely washed from his love, as the sob convulsed her.

"Come, come, child—tell your father what it is," he had urged her, and when she became a little quiet she had told him.

"Oh, Daddy, dear—I've just heard such an awful thing, what they talk of me in Amalton, and of you and my mother—shameful!"

He knew then what was coming; he had wondered, indeed, that this talk should be so long in reaching her; but he waited silently, soothing her.

"They say, whoever my mother was, you couldn't have married her—that Christina is your first wife, and the temple records show it. And, oh, Daddy, they say it means that I am a child of illegitimacy—and I am made me want to kill myself."

Another passion of tears and sobs had overwhelmed her, and all but broken down the little man. Yet he controlled himself and soothed her again to quietness.

"It is all wrong, child, all wrong. You are not a child of sin, but a child of love, as rightly born as any in Amalton. Believe me, and pay no heed to that talk."

"They have been saying it for years, and I never knew."

"They say what is not true."

"You were married to my mother, then?"

He waited too long. She divined, clear though his answer was, that he had evaded, or was quibbling in some way.

"You are the daughter of a truly married husband and wife, as truly married as were any pair."

And though she knew he had turned her question, she saw that he must have done it for some great reason of his own, and even in her grief, she would not pain him by asking another. She could feel that she suffered as she did, and he seemed, moreover, to be pitifully and strangely frightened.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Happiness in Marriage.

It all comes around to one of two things, says Harper's Bazaar. With all married couples who differ in habit, in taste, in opinion, in mode of life, if there is to be any happiness somebody has to learn to give up, or give up minding that there is a difference. Either way is as good as the other. It is surprising how many things are not of any importance if one can only think they are not.

ON THE TRAIL OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS

This Distinguished American Journalist Is Traveling Around the World for the Purpose of Investigating the American Foreign Missionary from a Purely Disinterested, Secular and Non-Sectarian Standpoint. Illustrated with Drawings and from Photographs.

IN NORTHERN JAPAN

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Sendai, Japan. Although made famous by a famine, Sendai is now the center of a record rice crop. From a condition of hunger and distress that called forth more than \$300,000 from warm-hearted Americans, this region has now passed into a period of rare prosperity. The rice crops are 20 per cent above the average.

Even to the unfamiliar eye of a traveler passing through the country the miles upon miles of rice fields, in full ear, present an appearance of plenty and prosperity. The rice plots, each little bigger than a farmer's vegetable patch from a western viewpoint, are surrounded and crossed by strings and ropes containing twists of paper, bits of metal charms, and even tufts of hair. This is to scare away the birds and the evil spirits. The Japanese farmer hereabouts has his own version of "Trust in God and keep your powder dry," for there were more rice crops sold in the shops of Sendai during the past year than in any other season within memory, the peasant feeling that the famine was his punishment for having been neglectful of the little fat image of this particular deity. So, putting up the god in his home, and placing charms in his field, he worked like a beaver over the crop, and then set some member of his family to playing scarecrow to keep the birds from the ripening grain. All over the countryside may be seen boys, girls, or old men, ready to shake the strings to frighten off the feathered enemies.

decided impression. If anything was needed to strengthen the respect of the Japanese hereabouts for the American religion the famine relief work did it.

Where Americans Are Welcome.

This city is a strategic point in Japan. With 4 hundred thousand inhabitants, it is considered the metropolis of the north. It has 1,500 soldiers in garrison, and some 5,000 students in its schools. On its bay is Matsushima, one of the "three beautiful places" in Japan, a series of lovely islands, pine-covered and water-worn, with a famous temple on one, and caves hundreds of years old, carved by the Aizu, where lived the Buddhist priests from the beginning of Sendai's glory. The city is noted for its progressiveness and hospitality to foreigners, and yet for its thoroughly Japanese character. For instance, there is only one vehicle in the city to which a horse is driven, and that is the prison van. Of course there are draught horses, led, or as the Japanese term truly has it, "pulled" by a rope.

When Mr. Lloyd Griscom, the former United States minister to Japan, visited Sendai, the city feted him in the lavish fashion which only the orient knows. Other Americans have had similar experiences. The American Young Men's Christian association secretaries met last summer at a little seashore village near Sendai, and literally the entire community turned out to welcome them, lining up along the road, and the school chil-

The nearly 300 students of the Tohoku Gakuin are enrolled in preparatory, collegiate and theological departments. The staff of teachers number 29, seven of whom are Americans, with Dr. Schneider at their head. I was particularly struck with the strength of Paul L. Gerhard and William G. Seiple, Ph. D., the latter a Johns Hopkins man whose hobby is archaeology. Likewise, Miss Weldner, Miss Powell and Miss Zurluk, of the girls' school, impressed me as being teachers and executives who would not be without honor in their own country. All that the government schools teach, and more, is given in the Tohoku Gakuin, the students of which, like those of the former, are exempted from military service. The vigorous athletics of the Japanese, as well as baseball and other American games, form a part of the physical training. Many of the students support themselves, working and living in the industrial home which the denomination maintains at Sendai, arising at two and three o'clock in the morning to deliver milk and newspapers. There is a pronounced religious life among the students; they have a Y. M. C. A., and hold student prayer meetings on the roof of the college tower; they do evangelistic work in the country, teach in Sunday schools, etc. One of them was my interpreter when I was called upon to make an address to the Manchurian veterans and other soldiers in the military hospital, and he certainly was a self-possessed, free and forceful speaker.

Making the Most of Miss Japan.

Japan's newly awakened interest in the education of women affords the missionaries an opportunity for work that reaches far. There are three schools for girls in Sendai, maintained by American churches. As already said, that of the Reformed church, which has been in existence since 1886, is the largest and best equipped. It is run by three American young women, with a staff of 14 Japanese teachers, and has 190 students. All but two of the graduates of this school have been Christians; and the aggressiveness of the Christianity of the undergraduate students is indicated by the fact that every week 20 different Sunday schools are supplied with workers by the school.

A similar high religious standard is maintained by the Baptist school, which has 50 pupils and less pretentious buildings. The Methodist girls' school, with about 80 pupils, of whom 25 live in dormitory, is industrial in character and does efficient work with an equipment unequal to that of the neighboring schools.

The Missionary as Matrimonial Agent.

When calling at the Baptist school I was at first unable to see Miss Buzelle, the principal, as she was busy condescending to a young man who wanted to marry one of her girls and was trying to enlist her help. I later met the young man, and a fine fellow he seemed. He had seen the girl once and she had seen him. She was willing, and he was eager—extraordinarily so, as such matters go in Japan. But his family felt that the girl's social position was not equal to his, though they finally consented to the match. Thereupon the girl's family, its pride aroused, refused to let her marry the man; and inasmuch as in this country a girl really marries a whole family, and her future happiness is determined more by her husband's relatives than by the latter himself, Miss Buzelle thought the decision wise and declined to intervene for the ardent suitor. A measure of this sort of responsibility goes with the principalship of a girls' school, always, of course, with the cooperation of the family. The graduates are desired as wives, first of all by the Japanese preachers and Christians. An increasing number of educated men, not Christians, are selecting missionary school wives, although the teachers rather discourage the girls from marrying any but Christian men.

Caring for Famine Orphans.

Most appealing to me of all the sights of Sendai was the orphanage which is an outgrowth of the famine. Here 250 children, some of them little girls who were kept from being sold into immoral lives, find a home under the care of Miss Frances E. Phelps, a Methodist Episcopal missionary who nobly represents America's finest article of export—the cultured, fine-spirited, self-sacrificing women who have given their lives to what they consider the world's highest welfare. Miss Phelps' "mothers" this great company of children, ranging in age from two or three years to thirteen or fourteen, many of them orphans only because abandoned by their parents during the famine.

They are a healthy, merry lot, although when rescued there were only two who were free from the dreadful eye trouble so common among the poor of Japan, and all were covered with rags, filth and vermin. The alteration in their appearance within these few months is no more marked than their development along other lines. They sing the Christian hymns, in wide variety, more heartily than I have ever heard them sung by a Sunday school in America. On a slight financial foundation this orphanage is doing a work of vast importance, which must commend itself to one's sympathy and judgment, be he Hot-tentot, Buddhist or Christian.

Sugared Apricot Plush.

A startling apparition in apricot plush trousers was observed the other day. The owner was not so sure that he had scored when on his return to his world famous college he found his weight increased by at least two pounds of powdered sugar.



A Famine Sack.

A Famine and International Relations.

Only memories and a few hundred orphans remain as reminders of the dreadful famine of a year or so ago. Among the memories is an enhanced appreciation of Americans and their religion. The aid so promptly and generously given during the famine has affected all of Japan. In amount it exceeded the gifts of Japan and all the rest of the world combined, reaching a total of \$300,000. In this region especially the feeling towards "the rice country"—which, curiously enough, has always been the way the Japanese write the word "America"—is warm beyond expression. The governor of the province, the mayor of the city, the general in command of the military forces here, the presiding judge of the courts, the editor of the leading newspaper, and many private citizens assured me in most cordial terms of the city's gratitude for the assistance rendered to the famine sufferers.

It took American enterprise to awaken even the Japanese to the seriousness of the famine situation. At their Thanksgiving day service in Sendai in 1905 the American missionaries formed the first committee of relief, for their work throughout the three affected provinces had made them familiar with the dreadful conditions. Of the 3,000,000 inhabitants of these provinces, 1,000,000 were poverty-stricken. When it set out upon its task of creating international sympathy for the sufferers (one curious and unprecedented consequence of which was the gift of \$75,000 by the dowager empress of China from her private purse) this committee added an English teacher and a French priest to its number. It was this small body of seven men which not only touched the heart of Christendom with Japan's plea, but even stirred the Japanese themselves, as the latter avow.

The recognized fact that these leaders in famine relief—a work which, I learn, was carried on in most businesslike fashion, and in closest cooperation with the Japanese officials—were Christian missionaries, that an American religious newspaper, The Christian Herald, was in the forefront of the contributing agencies, and that great quantities of rice, especially that given by the German Reformed churches, came in "Christian sympathy" bags, could not fail to make a

dren singing songs. The village officials had met the visitors a mile or so from town. An evergreen arch was erected over the main street, bearing the English word "welcome," and the entire convention was one day taken on an excursion to Matsushima.

How the Missionaries Stand.

All this is noteworthy in the light of the fact that Sendai knows few foreigner save missionaries. With the exception of two teachers in the government schools, the entire foreign community in Sendai is made up of Christian preachers and teachers. From them the city has obtained its favorable impressions of foreigners. It is said that any white man's word is perfectly good in the stores of the city. The attitude of the officials is certainly more than kind; it is cordial and sympathetic to the last degree. On the occasion of the return of Rev. Dr. B. Schneider from America he was met at the station by all the prominent officials of the city and province, as well as by a multitude of other persons. It is said that Dr. Schneider, who is the oldest missionary of the Reformed church here, and Rev. Dr. John H. DeForest, of the American board, are the leading citizens of Sendai. Certainly they are high in the friendship and honor of the official classes.

Going the Japanese One Better.

First in importance and magnitude of the numerous Christian enterprises in this place are the two great schools of the German Reformed church, the Tohoku Gakuin, for young men, and the Miyagi Jo Gakko for young women; these schools, like practically all others in Japan, are known by other names in America, which are practically never heard here. These two schools are more modern and better equipped than even the government schools. It was really a surprise to find, out here in a remote part of Japan, American schools, supported and controlled by Americans, which compare favorably with similar institutions in the home land. The buildings are modern and imposing, far surpassing in appliances and arrangement any of the several government schools which I have inspected. The wisdom of this is most appreciated by those who best understand the Japanese character; here in the east "face," or "front," as the American slang has it, must always be considered.

The Dandelion Problem.

The writer is induced to give his experience on this subject by the frequent requests that come to him for some chemical that will kill the dandelions and spare the grass. Judging by analogs such procedure is not to be considered as out of the question. We know that spraying with iron sulphate is practiced in Europe to free wheat fields from wild mustard. Other instances of chemicals harmful to one type of vegetation but practically harmless to other types might be cited.

Some two years ago the writer, who was then chemist of the Nebraska Experiment Station, undertook an investigation with the view of discovering the best method of exterminating the dandelion in the lawns. He procured a few thousand galvanized iron markers and numbered them so that each plant could be definitely kept track of. An equal number of healthy dandelions were selected for treatment. The field work was carried out under the writer's direction and with great skill and enthusiasm by Mr. E. Hopt.

Among the various liquids tried were strong acids, gasoline, kerosene and strong solutions of alkalis and various salts. The salt solutions were soon found to be inefficient and were promptly abandoned, as the dandelion showed great resistance to such substances. Strong acids and alkalis were found comparatively efficient, but are not to be recommended for the following reasons: First, they are liable to injure the operator; second, they injure the grass except nitric acid which acts as a fertilizer; third, they are expensive.

Gasoline applied at the rate of one quart to one teaspoonful of one quart of crown, proved to be the most efficient. The year was killed in a surrounding the soil did not appear permanently injured. Gasoline was found to be worse as it injured the worse than the dandelion appeared to injure the soil permanently. Even in those cases where the treatment seemed to be successful after about thirty days, shoots from the root would appear. We were hence inclined to pronounce the work a failure and to regard the extermination of the dandelion without plowing up the lawn as verging on the impossible. To be sure the shoots did not appear quite as quickly as when the dandelion was cut off just below the crown, but the results were nevertheless discouraging.

On the following spring, we noticed to our surprise that most of the exceptional plots were practically free from dandelions. The shoots that had appeared had won in the struggle for existence and had been aided by the fact that the lawn had not been kept closely mowed off during the experiments, and hence the grass had had a better opportunity to crowd out the second growth of dandelions. This observation applies equally as well to the plots where the plants were cut as well as those that were treated chemically. The question therefore narrowed itself down to the relative efficiency of cutting and gasoline treatment, and the data at hand shows that cutting was the more practical method.

Cutting should be performed in the following way. Thrust the knife or cutter obliquely into the ground so as to sever the tap root of the dandelion from one to three inches below the surface, the deeper the better. Then lift out the plant by the hand, taking care that the sod be disturbed as little as possible. Any mechanical device that replants and at the same time bites out a chunk of sod is to be utterly condemned, as the second growth is sure to appear and the sod which should check it has been destroyed. Two cuttings will cost no more than one treatment with gasoline and will be found much more effective.

Experiments were undertaken to show the vitality of the dandelion root. A piece of tap root cut off at both ends was planted in moist soil. Two appeared, one at each end. This shows that we can

hardly destroy the plant. We can, however, starve it to death by cutting. In this work the grass is our ally.

The writer has practiced cutting on his own lawn for the past five years. The dandelions now do not increase in number, though all of the neighbors are not particularly careful in keeping theirs removed. The place is somewhat less exposed than the average Lincoln lawn to seeding. Casual observers often remark, "Dandelions don't seem to trouble your lawn much." The lot is full sized corner lot with a back yard also kept in grass. The total surface in grass is about 7,000 square feet. At current rates the labor of keeping the place practically free from dandelions after it was put in good condition would amount to about \$5 per year. For persons of sedentary habits, cutting dandelions is good exercise.—The Nebraska Farmer.

Loyal to Their Flag.

Elyria, Neb., June 1, 1907.
Dear Quiz:—There was a little incident that happened at the grave of Comrade Bailey on Decoration day that struck me very forcibly and went straight to the heart and it will go ringing down the ages. The squads of children that were detailed to visit a comrades grave were in the charge of an old comrade with orders to remain at the grave until recall was sounded and not to allow any of the children to leave till the order came from the marshal of the day. Four of the boys became uneasy and started to leave. I told them it was against the orders to leave, but they would not stay. One small boy and a little tot of a girl were true and stayed. The little girl said: "They won't stay they don't belong." These small children stayed by the grave of the old soldier and were true to the flag and their nation, and if I mistake not, their love of freedom's nation.

A comrade,
A. S. Adams.

Notice to Contractors and Builders.

If you are in need of cement blocks for building I would be pleased to have you examine mine before buying. These blocks are manufactured under the latest system and allowed to harden in water.

John K. Jensen. tf.

\$51.85
to
California
and return

This is your opportunity to make the trip to San Francisco and Los Angeles, at this remarkable low rate.

EVERY DAY
June 8 to 15, and June 22 to July 5

round-trip tickets will be on sale to above points. These tickets are good in either Pullman palace or tourist sleeping cars and offer all the advantages of the

Through Train Service
VIA
UNION PACIFIC

For full information inquire of
F. R. FRICK

Reception of "Boosters" at Ord.

From the State Journal.
The train pulled into Ord a few minutes late, and pulled out much later. This beautiful little city has a population of 2,000, has two banks, and two of the best county newspapers in the state. The office of the Ord Quiz is a model plant, and the paper enjoys the liberal patronage of a wide spread community.

The "boosters" found it hard to get away, and the train was held for a long time for the party. The entire town turned out to welcome the "boosters," and then came to the train to see them off. Peter Mortensen is president of the First National bank, which is capitalized for \$70,000 and carries \$330,000 in deposits. E. M. Williams is the cashier, and Earnest Williams is assistant cashier. The Ord State bank has \$240,000 on deposits, and is capitalized for \$50,000. H. D. Coe is president and Vincent Kokes assistant cashier.

Ord is located right in the Loup valley, and the man who could stand in this city and look down through the fertile valley and not say "Hurrah for Nebraska!" would have to be made of stone. Altogether, the visit to this place was one of the most pleasant of the entire trip. A seventy-mile, run to Loup City, with no stops, gave the "boosters" a much-needed rest.

Many members of the party remarked that the farther away from Lincoln the route of the tour took them, the more hearty the welcome accorded. At Ord the party was met by former State Treasurer Peter Mortensen and County Treasurer Brown, who had automobiles waiting. The excursionists were taken to the summit of a high bluff which overlooks the city, and given a view of the surrounding country which amazed more than one of them. The fertility of this section is proving a source of constant comment among the members of the party.

The reception accorded the party at Ord exceeded even the heartiest of welcomes which had been shown it at almost every body who was there at the train to meet them, was there to say goodby when the party left, after overstayng the short time allotted for the visit by several minutes.

Advertised Letters.

List of Letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord, Neb., for the week ending tomorrow.

Otto Hampton
Byron Moideall
Mr. Lewis P. Moss
Mrs. Fannie Guruey
Mrs. Emma Rhyder

Letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised."

A. M. COONROD, Postmaster.

Uncle Sam Giving Away Farms.

On June 26, 1907, the government will open to homestead 33,000 acres of irrigated land in the Yellowstone Valley, near Billings, Montana. This is the first time that the government has opened lands by this method, having built the ditches, the laterals, telephone system, electrical plant, etc., for all of the tract before allowing any of the land to be entered. The water is now ready to turn on, and those who are lucky enough to draw one of these irrigated farms will be made independent for life.

These lands, known as the Huntley Project lands, are among the richest and most productive lands in the northwest, and will successfully grow all kinds of grain, root and forage crops, and any man who is able to rent a farm, is able to take one of these irrigated homesteads and be assured of success. It is hard to estimate the value of these lands, as similar lands in the same locality last year netted the farmers who raised sugar beets as much as \$35 to \$45 per acre, and others did nearly as well raising alfalfa.

The settler is required to repay to the government the actual cost of watering these lands, the repayments to be made in ten annual installments.

WANT COLUMN

FOR SALE OR RENT—6 room house two blocks from square. W. C. Wentworth. tf.

FOR SALE—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 2-4t.

OLINTON HALSEY will deliver milk to regular customers. Phone 340. 2tpd

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-4t.

FOUND—A gold watch fob by one of the Tokok children Sunday. Owner may get it at the Quiz office.

THOROUGHbred POLAND-CHINA sow and pigs for sale. See Daniel Burke if interested.

SOME fine evergreens, spruce and cedar, also strawberry plants. W. A. Anderson. 51 tf.

HOGS.—Will be in Elyria every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

LOST—Scotch Collie dog, golden sable color, blind in both eyes, responds to the name of Dick. Notify R. C. Williams and receive reward.

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52-

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

The New Idea Woman's Magazine for July contains a series of photographs of the new Colony Club of New York which, since its recent opening, has attracted widespread attention all over the civilized world. This club is the first of its kind in that it is designed to give to New York society women all the comforts of a men's clubhouse. On its membership list are the names of nearly all the foremost society and professional women of the city. The architects of the building were McKim, Mead and White, and the interior decorations, which are in extraordinary good taste throughout, are the work of Miss Elsie De Wolf, who is a leading artist in her line of work. The swimming tank, the large dining room, a small reception room and a bedroom are among the interior views chosen for illustration.

Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, May 10, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Edward Sanders of Burwell Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17816 made August 13, 1902, for the west 1/4 northeast 1/4 and southeast 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 9, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on June 22, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz: Jacob Osantowski of Burwell, Nebraska. Nat D. Maxfield of Burwell, Nebraska. Clarence Jeffries of Burwell, Nebraska. John Dinnell of Burwell, Nebraska. Chas. F. Shedd, Register.

Burlington Route

June Specials

OPENING OF HUNTLEY LANDS:

33,000 acres Government irrigated land near Billings, Montana, opened by lottery system, June 26th; cheap excursion rates to register for these rich irrigated lands. Finest prizes yet offered by the Government. Cost approximately \$30.00 an acre, divided into ten yearly payments. Get details.

TO PACIFIC COAST:

Specially low round trip California rates June 8th to 15th; June 22nd to July 5th. Also to Portland, Seattle and Spokane June 20th to July 12th. Daily low rate Coast tours commencing June 1st. Slightly higher via Shasta route.

GOOD CHANCES EASTWARD:

Daily low Jamestown Exposition rates with side trips available for New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Atlantic Coast resorts. Also July 3rd to 6th very cheap to Saratoga with side trips to New York, also July 11th to 13th to Philadelphia.

BIG HORN BASIN:

We run personally conducted homeseekers' excursions June 4th and 18th, under guidance of D. Clem Deaver, General Agent Land-seekers' Information Bureau. Round trip \$20.00.

Call or write for details
J. W. MOORHOUSE, Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.
L. W. WAKELY, C. P. A., Omaha, Nebraska

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL

of Chicago,
Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.

Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on

Friday, June 7

Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.



Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases,
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and a cure for life.

Cancer, Gout, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co., Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill. Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

We want your HOGS!

We have made arrangements with the trade at Portland, Oregon, to handle all of the

Light Hogs
we can ship them, and are now in the market for light hogs for western shipment. Call us up by phone or stop at our office and let us quote you top prices.

Blessing Bros.

Farmers' phone 23. Bell phone 42

Kansas Land

Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth land, from \$7 to \$12 per acre
One-fourth cash, the balance on four years' time.

Newbecker Land Co.,
GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

SEE HONNOLD & DAVIS

FOR
Real Estate Insurance and 5% Loans

Paint!

That's the question foremost in our mind now: "How shall I paint and what paint shall I use?" Come around and let me answer your question. Just received a large shipment of Bradley & Vrooman's celebrated paint, and another due here this week.

Frank Dworak

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D.
Office over post office. Phone 116
ORD, NEBRASKA

C. J. MILLER, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Office and residence phone 41
Office in new Misko block.
ORD, NEBRASKA

R. L. STAPLE,
Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor.
Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds.
First National Bank Building.
ORD, NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS
...Undertaking...
Licensed Embalmer.
Residence Phone 74.
Store Phone 82. ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. W. TAYLOR
Dentist
Office over First National Bank
Office Phone 24. Residence Phone 274

Order for Hearing of Final Account.
State of Nebraska, Valley county ss.
In the county court, of Valley county.
In the matter of the estate of George M. Miller deceased.

Now on the 23 day of May 1907, came Peter Mortensen, the executor of said estate, and prays for leave to render an account as such executor, and also files his petition for the distribution of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 11th day of June 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m. at my office, in Ord, Nebraska, be fixed as the time and place for examining and allowing such account and hearing said petition. And the heirs of said deceased, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at the time and place so designated, and show cause, if such exists why said account should not be allowed and distribution made. It is further ordered that said executor, give notice to all persons interested in said estate by causing a copy of this order to be published for 3 weeks prior to the day set for said hearing.

Dated this 23 day of May 1907.
H. Gudmundsen, County Judge.
A. M. Robbins, attorney for estate.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Letters of Administration.
State of Nebraska, Valley county.
To all persons interested in the estate of Dwight Pierce, late of said county, deceased:

You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, 1907, Sarah E. Pierce filed her petition in the county court of said county for the appointment of Claude A. Davis as administrator of the estate of Dwight Pierce, late of said county, deceased, and that the same will be heard at the county court room in Ord, in said county, on the 20th day of May, 1907, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that notice of said hearing be given all parties interested in said estate by the publication of this notice for three successive weeks in the Ord Quiz, a newspaper printed, published and of general circulation in said county.

Dated this 3d day of May, 1907.
(Seal) H. Gudmundsen, County Judge.
Honnold & Davis, Attorneys for estate.

Prof. J. N. D. Auble
Magnetic Healer.
GRADUATE OF WELTHER SCHOOL OF HEALING OF NEVADA, MISSOURI
A few of the diseases treated: appendicitis, Cancer, cross eyes, curvature of the spine, typhoid fever, heart trouble, insomnia, liquor habit, ovarian tumors, paralysis, spinal meningitis, asthma, constipation, croup, headache, hip joint disease, kidney trouble, locomotor ataxia, pneumonia, rheumatism.
Consultation free.
OFFICE AT RESIDENCE,
Two blocks east of square.
Ord, - - Nebraska

Notice for Presentation of Claims.
State of Nebraska, Valley county, ss.
In the county court of said county:
In the matter of the estate of Dwight Pierce deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Dwight Pierce late of Valley county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 22d day of May, 1907. All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county judge of said county, at his office therein, on or before the 22d day of November, 1907, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the 23d day of November, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Dated this 20th day of May 1907.
16-4 H. Gudmundsen, County Judge.

Ord Church and Lodge Directory

RATES—Six lines or less, \$3.00 per year. Additional lines 50 cents per year.

ORD LODGE NO. 103
A. F. & A. M.
Meetings held on Wednesday on or before the full moon of each month. T. A. Waters, W. M.
J. F. Colby, Secretary.
DOMINIC CHAPTER NO. 30 R. A. M.
Convocation first Tuesday of each month. John C. Work, H. P. F. Colby, Secretary.

MIZPAP CHAPTER ORDER OF EASTERN STAR, ORD LODGE NO. 3
Regular meetings first and third Friday of each month.

THE ORD QUIZ.

Established April 6, 182.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Thursday, June 13, 1907.

Vol. 6, No. 19

THE

"THE MALLEABLE"

TRADE MARK



FIRE ALL YOUR
MALL ALL YOUR
IT'S NON-BREAK
STEEL AND MALLEABLE

We have just unloaded a CAR LOAD
50 Malleable Steel Ranges

which we purchased before the advance in price, direct from the manufacturers at South Bend, Ind. and we are now in a position to continue selling the best Malleable Steel Range at the 1906 price. Manufacturers have advanced the price on all Stoves and Ranges ten per cent for 1907. We have sold 35 Malleables since September 1906 and every one is giving perfect satisfaction. Remember the 1906 price saves you money.

CORNELLS

NEWS NOTES OVER THE COUNTY

North Loup News.

From the Loyalist.
Mrs. Mary Davis went up to Ord Monday night to form the acquaintance of that new grand child, Norton Keith. Little Mansel went home with her and will stay at home unless the attractions of the home of his grand parents prove too much for him.

The program committee of the Old Settlers Association will meet with Mr. and Mrs. Mansel Davis next Tuesday to arrange the program for the annual picnic. We would suggest that some theme be chosen for these annual gatherings—for instance let there be talks about the April snow storm which is a part of the early history of the country, or an other time tell of the early freighting days, or of the trips to the canyons after wood, etc. Soon the old settlers will be only tradition. Those who passed through the April storm are comparatively few even now.

Vol. Earnest was called home from Ord last Thursday by telephone message stating that his wife was sick. When he reached home he found her in a serious condition. Dr. Higgins was called and Saturday morning she was considerably better. Monday she was worse again with no change as yet, Wednesday.

Ida Items.

Carrie Smith, of Ord, came up on the passenger Thursday evening and spent a couple days at the Goodenow home last week.

W. D. Hart shipped a car of hogs to Omaha Monday.

Mr. Goodenow returned from Iowa Monday. He was accompanied by a cousin, who intends

making a short visit at the Goodenow home.

Mr. and Mrs. Galford of Burwell spent a couple days at Mr. Sharp's the first of the week.

A. H. Meyers shelled corn for W. D. Hart Tuesday.
Mrs. Sharp called on Mrs. Wright Monday.

Real Estate Transfers.
Peter Mortensen to Chas. H. Potter, wd \$10, div B Ord cemetery.

Mamie Siler to Sarah McLain, wd \$11,000, part lots 3 and 4 blk 29, Ord.

Geo. W. Hall to J. H. Hollingshead, wd \$85, lot 7 block 10 Arcadia.

Eva J. Bulger to H. T. Leach, wd \$150, lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, blk 14 1st add to Arcadia.

Stella A. Hollingshead to J.

H. Hollingshead, wd \$1, lot 8 block 10 Arcadia.

Clifford Trimble to A. H. Jackman, wd \$2050, sec sw4 and part sw4 sw4 11-18-13.

Peter Mortensen to Peder Larsen, wd \$15, lot 34 div B Ord cemetery.

James Sibal to H. G. Burson, wd \$1010, w2 nw4 26-19-15, 80 acres.

Eva J. Bulger to H. L. Molony, wd \$180, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, blk 14 1st add to Arcadia.

Wilhelminie Sanders to heirs of Herman Wepton, wd \$1, a strip of land 33 ft wide on west side of sec 9-20-16.

James L. Drake to Mary Fellows, wd \$1, lots 15 and 16 blk 5 Woodbury's add to Ord.

George W. Hall to James T. Brady and James F. McAleer, wd \$2100, ne4 34-17-14.

Robert Johnson to Jerome B. Rice and Andrew B. McNish, wd \$1062.90, e2 se4 26-17-14.

Arcadia Happenings.

Mr. and Mrs. Smallwood have returned from Dallas, Oregon. We hope they will locate with us.

Miss Hazel Hastings returned from Lincoln Friday evening.

Mrs. George Kinsey and daughter returned from Lincoln Friday evening.

Claude Guser's baby died Sunday morning and was buried Monday morning.

Mrs. John Wall departed for Lincoln Monday morning.

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans.
ORD STATE BANK

City Council in Session.

Ord, Nebr., June 6, 1907.
Council met in regular session Mayor Daniels presiding. Roll call showed all councilmen present except Botts. Minutes of last meeting were read and on motion of Stover were approved as read.

City Treasurer Paist submitted report for month of May, which, by vote of council, was adopted as read, to wit:

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Rec'd from E. M. Williams | \$2890 54 |
| Am't since collected | 1679 50 |
| Am't paid on warrants | 1311 55 |
| Received from E. M. Williams | 1214 45 |
| | 78 75 |
| Am't collected for month | 33 75 |
| Rec'd from E. M. Williams | 416 33 |
| Amount collected | 35 00 |
| Rec'd from E. M. Williams | 190 07 |
| Total am't on hand for all purposes May 31 | \$2797 96 |

Sidewalk petition of Pratt, Capron et al was granted as prayed for by vote of board to wit: Taylor yes, Gard yes, Stover yes, Stevens yes, Gruber yes, Botts absent.

Bids for street and alley crossings were read and on motion of Taylor contract was awarded to W. H. Moses at same price as last year.

Recommendation of Mortensen, Haskell et al in regard to electric light contract was read and placed on file.

On motion of Gard the matter of locating street lights was referred to street and alley committee with power to act.

On motion of Taylor the mayor appointed Stover, Stevens and Gard as special committee on estimate of expenses for the year of 1907. Committee reports as follows:

We, your committee on estimate of expenses for year ending April 30, 1908, report as follows:

| | |
|--------------------|------------|
| Salaries | \$2000 00 |
| Printing | 200 00 |
| Election | 100 00 |
| Sidewalk | 2000 00 |
| Streets | 700 00 |
| Water works | 6200 00 |
| Street lighting | 700 00 |
| Fire and apparatus | 500 00 |
| Incidentals | 500 00 |
| In't on funds etc. | 3000 00 |
| City cemetery | 500 00 |
| Total | \$17000 00 |

Signed: G. H. Stover,
G. R. Gard,
W. L. Stevens.

Report adopted by vote to wit: Stevens yes, Stover yes, Gard yes, Taylor yes, Gruber yes, Botts absent.

Street and alley committee report and offer the following resolution:

Whereas, The side walk along the side of block (26), Haskell's add, south side of lot (7) block (15), Ord townsite; south side of lot (9) block (15) townsite; west division I and J part lots (5 and 6) block (19) townsite; west side division I and J lot (4) block (18) townsite; east side of part of lot (9) block, Haskell's addition; east side of part of lot (10) block (35), Haskell's addition; south side of lots (4 and 5) block (16) Milford's addition; east side of lot (4) block (29) Haskell's addition; east side of lot (3) block (29,) Haskell's addition; Ord, Nebraska, is in a dangerous and defective condition and can not be repaired.

Therefore, be it resolved that the owners of said property or above described, be, and is hereby ordered to construct a new walk along the said property or above specified within ten days after notice of this resolution, said walk to be constructed in the manner provided by section 4 as amended of the sidewalk ordinance of the city of Ord, Nebraska.

Resolution adopted by vote to wit: Stevens, yes, Stover, yes, Gard, oes, Taylor, yes, Gruber, yes, Botts, absent.

Finance committee report on claims to wit:

| | |
|--|---------|
| Wm. Wallace, labor | \$15 75 |
| E. W. Gass, labor, \$22.50, allowed | 22 50 |
| Cornell Bros. mdsge | 14 10 |
| Lafe Paist, premium on bond | 30 00 |
| H. O. Potter, labor | 6 15 |
| H. D. Heuck, salary and dogs | 62 00 |
| Loup Valley Electric Co., lights | 25 00 |
| J. H. Luke, labor | 15 00 |
| Lewis Peters, salary | 50 00 |
| H. C. Stroup, labor | 29 40 |
| W. C. Woolery, labor | 13 35 |
| J. H. Luke, labor | 75 |
| Burke & Clements mdsge | 12 16 |
| City clerk was instructed to purchase car of for city. | |
| On motion council adjourned. | |
| A. J. Shirley, clerk. | |

Half a Century Old.

On July 3, 1857, an emigrant train, which had treked its weary way out across the plains from Davenport, Iowa, came to a halt in the Platte valley, about a mile south of the present site of Grand Island. Its occupants decided that at least for the night they would halt there. They had come out with the purpose of locating in the Platte valley, in the central part of the state, and lay out a town, which it was hoped might some day become the capital of the United States—when bands of steel should have connected coast with coast.

On the next day, the morn of the nation's natal day, they decided to stay where they were. And stakes were placed and the first Fourth celebrated in a new home.

Of that colony the Messrs. Fed Hedde, Christian Menck, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Joekpck, Wm. Hagge, Wm. Stolley, Mrs. John Thomsen, Sr. and Cay Ewoldt still remain as residents of Grand Island.

They have out lived prairie fires and their destructiveness, the fires being set by roving desperados, the Indian troubles during the time of the civil war, the grass hopper ages, the drouths.

Small wonder that Grand Island, on the Fourth, is arranging to celebrate the semi-centennial anniversary in a most elaborate manner.

Old Settlers' Picnic.

The committee met Tuesday to make a program for the annual picnic of the old settlers to be held in the usual place, Ed. Stuart's grove, on Tuesday June 25.

Following a basket dinner the program will open with; Music, Scotia band; Invocation, Rev. George Hillman; music, Scotia band; opening remarks, Pres. O. Babcock; singing; election of officers; remarks and reminiscences of old settlers, interspersed with music. A book will be provided for the occasion and it is desired that all present register, giving date of coming into the country.

All are invited to the picnic but the surviving pioneers of the valley are urged to be present.

Advertised Letters.

List of Letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord Nebr., for the week ending tomorrow.

Mrs. C. L. Harris
A. T. Pinney
Mrs. Alice Smith
Miss Helena Stojak

Letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised."

A. M. COONROD, Postmaster.

Eyes

that cause Pain through temples and extending over ears, have pains directly in and about eyes, print jumps after reading a while, are suffering from defective muscles.

Taken in time I can cure these defects with exercise prisms, or glasses. If let run they result in **Cross Eyes**.

Call and see what I can do for you. No charge for examination.

PARKINS

In the New Quiz Building.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Having sold our stock of China, Glassware, Toys and Notions to J. C. Rogers, we want to thank our many customers for their valued patronage, and ask for your continued patronage in behalf of Mr. Rogers.

We still retain our music business, and after Monday, June 17, you will find us located in the building being moved just north of Stover's.

Our aim is to devote our entire time to our Piano and Organ business,

Owing to the fact that our piano business has required so much time, we deemed it best to dispose of our other stock.

We will carry a complete stock of music goods, and give our very low prices as heretofore.

We will be pleased to meet all of our old customers and many new ones.

A. C. JOHNSON & CO.

How the Contestants are Coming

| Name | Res. | Votes |
|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| ROXY AUBLE..... | Mira Valley | 241,500 |
| ADDIE HAUGHT..... | Springdale | 149,000 |
| MINNIE DONNELL..... | Arcadia | 53,500 |
| ADA DRAPER..... | No. Loup | 31,000 |
| BESSIE GRAY..... | Elyria | 10,500 |
| ANNA SLAVACEK..... | Elyria | 3,000 |

First Prize: A beautiful Hamilton Piano, purchased from A. C. Johnson & Co. and now on exhibit at their store.

Second Prize: A fine Gold Watch, from the stock of Geo. A. Parkins. The Parkins store only handles good ones, and this is one of the best.

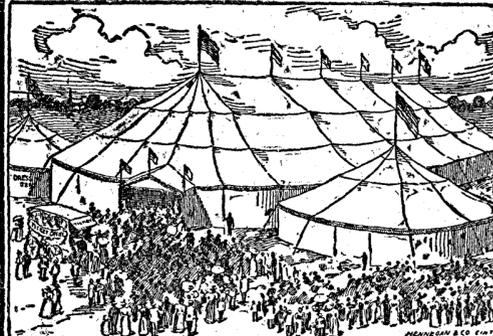
Third Prize: A fine Dress Pattern. Your choice from the Mamie Siler big stock.

Fourth Prize: A dozen of the Mutter studio's best \$5.00 photographs. They are good ones.

Two Special Prizes: We want new subscribers and as a special inducement to contestants to secure them we will give to the one securing the largest number of new subscribers their choice of a Fifty-Dollar International Correspondence School certificate or Ten Dollars in Gold; the person getting the second largest number of new subscribers to have prize left after first prize winner's selection.

Burk's big Uncle Tom's Cabin Company

A Mammoth Amusement Enterprise



Under a Palace Pavilion Theatre!

70 People Engaged 70

A Grand Spectacular Production! More Men, Women and Children! More Horses, Ponies and Donkeys! Largest Pack of Siberian Blood Hounds! A Big Two Car City Show! Two Concert Bands and a Symphony Orchestra. Watch for the Big Free Street Parade!

—Will Exhibit at—

ORD, MONDAY, JUNE 17

Under Water-Proof Canvas Rain or Shine! Two Grand Free Exhibitions on on the Show Grounds at 7:00 p. m.

The Ord Quiz

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. O. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If unpaid year after year, \$2.

Advertising Rates.

| | 1 Wk | 1 Mo | 1 Year |
|------------------------------|------|------|--------|
| Less than 5 inches, per inch | 25 | 75 | 6.00 |
| 5 to 10 inches, per inch | 30 | 90 | 7.50 |
| 10 to 15 inches, per inch | 35 | 105 | 9.00 |
| 15 to 20 inches, per inch | 40 | 120 | 10.50 |
| 20 inches and over, per inch | 45 | 135 | 12.00 |

A month is four insertions.
Want locals 5 cents a line.
Regular locals 10 cents a line.
Black locals 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin or end at any time. Notice to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All subscriptions are received with the express understanding that the subscription may continue until the subscriber notifies the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

Not "Brass Collars," eh?

The old city council on the 30th day of April among the last things it did before retiring from the stage made a contract with the Loup Valley Electric Company to burn their little 32-candle power lights over the streets of Ord for five years for the benefit of the automobiles and wagons at a rate estimated by the company to be \$1.00 per light higher than they charge ordinary customers to pay. This was a fitting finale of the acts of the old council elected in the spring of 1906, for it sought to bind this city to a deal which five succeeding councils could not abrogate. A contract of this nature would not be considered by any ordinary council at the close of its career. There was no excuse for it. Were such a contract, or any contract of any duration to be made, common courtesy would have dictated its postponement for one day later when the new council would have authority to act.

Well, no matter as to that. One hundred voters of Ord petitioned to city clerk to submit this contract to a vote of the people. The petition being legally drawn and properly signed by more than the requisite number of voters, the city clerk is compelled to submit the question to the voters at the next election, and till the voters pass upon the deal the contract is not worth a straw.

According to the law no further move may be lawfully made to put the contract into operation, but the new council at the command of its boss, of course, went on record as disregarding the whole petition. The minutes do not show any direct disregard of the demands of those one hundred voters, but they do show that the council ordered the streets and alleys committee to locate the lights, and gave it power to act. When asked what meaning there was to be placed on this proceeding, the mayor and other members of the council replied that the purpose was for the electric lights to be burned and paid for just as though no such petition had been filed.

The conspiracy then is between Crawford and his city council to compel the petitioners to go into the courts to maintain their rights. It looks pretty tough for tax payers to have to resort to the referendum law to defend themselves against their sworn officials, but it is a great deal worse to have to invoke the arm of the law to maintain even that right. But the conspirators may depend upon it that they will not be permitted to draw any money out of the city funds on this deal till the courts say so.

School News.

Valley county institute convenes July 15, and continues for one week. Instructors: Superintendent E. L. Rouse of Plattsmouth, E. B. Sherman, one of the authors of Sherman and Reeds "Essentials of Teaching Reading," James E. Delzell of Lexington, and Mrs. Laura Geisler of this city. Announcements are being prepared and will be ready for circulation the coming week.

Apportionment of school money for June has been made and runs as follows:

- District 1, \$302.54.
- District 2, \$38.30.
- District 3, \$42.01.

- District 4, \$51.27.
- District 5, \$87.77.
- District 6, \$91.11.
- District 7, \$69.80.
- District 8, \$38.30.
- District 9, \$40.15.
- District 10, \$55.90.
- District 11, \$54.59.
- District 12, \$46.64.
- District 13, \$51.27.
- District 14, \$59.61.
- District 15, \$54.98.
- District 16, \$41.08.
- District 17, \$48.49.
- District 18, \$54.05.
- District 19, \$35.52.
- District 20, \$60.54.
- District 21, \$180.07.
- District 22, \$18.32.
- District 23, \$51.27.
- District 24, \$40.15.
- District 25, \$51.27.
- District 26, \$55.90.
- District 27, \$49.42.
- District 28, \$59.61.
- District 29, \$72.58.
- District 30, \$69.80.
- District 31, \$49.42.
- District 32, \$43.86.
- District 33, \$72.58.
- District 34, \$34.59.
- District 35, \$70.73.
- District 36, \$48.49.
- District 37, \$54.98.
- District 38, \$36.45.
- District 39, \$35.52.
- District 40, \$58.68.
- District 41, \$31.81.
- District 42, \$57.76.
- District 43, \$45.71.
- District 44, \$29.03.
- District 45, \$49.42.
- District 46, \$35.52.
- District 47, \$39.23.
- District 48, \$3.20.
- District 49, \$65.17.
- District 50, \$17.30.
- District 51, \$49.42.
- District 52, \$50.34.
- District 53, \$48.49.
- District 54, \$38.30.
- District 55, \$36.45.
- District 56, \$66.10.
- District 57, \$46.64.
- District 58, \$8.96.
- District 59, \$42.01.
- District 60, \$42.93.
- District 61, \$10.81.
- District 62, \$69.95.
- District 63, \$36.48.
- District 64, \$28.11.

Total amount of apportionment, \$3984.14. This exceeds any past record by something over four hundred dollars.

A copy of the new school laws of Nebraska has just been received and a supply will soon be ready for distribution to school officers. The following shows subdivisions and sections where each new law passed by the last legislature may be found:

- S. F. 217, Free high school laws—Sections 5-8c, Subdivision VI.
- H. R. 247, Normal training in high schools—Sections 24-31, Subdivision XIII.
- H. R. 356, State aid to enable weak districts to have at least seven months of school—Sections 14a-14c Subdivision II.
- S. F. 226, Repeal of the state school tax—Eliminated section 1 Subdivision I, S. L. 1905. Does not appear in S. L. 1907.
- S. F. 232, Junior normal schools—Sections 20-23, Subdivision XIII.
- H. R. 72, School libraries—Sections 11-13, Subdivision XVIII.
- S. F. 207, Institutions authorized to grant teachers' certificates—Sections 1a, 1b, 6, 7, 8, and 9, Subdivision IX.
- S. F. 259, State normal entrance requirements—Section 16, Subdivision III.
- S. F. 270, School tax levy in joint districts—Sections 11b and 11c, Subdivision II.
- S. F. 309, Vote in district to which transferred—Last paragraph section 4a, Subdivision V.

FIRST ANNUAL BANQUET OF THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH

OPERA HOUSE, FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 14
at nine o'clock p. m.

All the delicacies of the season

Inspiring music

Talented speakers

Chancellor W. P. Aylesworth of Cotner University will be the guest of the evening

Covers laid for one hundred and fifty. A limited number of tickets on sale at Johnson & Company's drug store.

Tickets 50 cents

graph section 4a, Subdivision V.

S. F. 50, Compulsory education law amended for city and metropolitan city school districts—Section 1, Subdivision VI.

H. R. 429, School district boundaries in district having three sections or less—Section 2a, Subdivision I.

S. F. 187, School district bonds in districts having 150 or more children of school age—Section 5, Subdivision V.

H. R. 221, Condemnation of ground for schoolhouse site, and right of eminent domain for city districts—Sections 1-4, Subdivision II.

S. F. 151, Time for holding county institute—Section 1, Subdivision.

S. F. 376, County high school—Sections 20-35, Subdivision VI.

H. R. 115, Dissolution of school districts—Section 25, Subdivision I.

A summary of these new laws will be given in the following issues of this paper. Special attention is called at this time to the library law requiring that ten cents per pupil shall be set aside annually for the purchase of books suitable for school libraries, but inoperative in districts where as much as \$300 is being expended annually for the support and extension of such libraries.

The names of pupils in District number 27 came too late for publication of entire list of pupils' earning perfect attendance certificates. They are as follows: Howard and Lola Ackerman Wilber, Paul, Rena, and Julia Holmes, Everett and Eva Hoistington, Ora Richardson and Vance Rose.

McClure's Summer Reading.

The summer numbers of McClure's will contain an array of entertaining reading that is particularly adapted to the season. From an editorial announcement we find that there are to be several new features presented in early numbers. Among them the most noteworthy in promise, as shown by the first paper in the June number, are the Ellen Terry "Memories." This is no formal autobiography. The portions to be published from time to time deal with separate events of Miss Terry's life. Into the fifty years which have elapsed between her entrance on the stage to the wonderful jubilee celebration of last year, that crowned Miss Terry's fiftieth year on the stage, are crowned some of the most fascinating memories; but it is the peculiar merit of Miss Terry's recollections that, more than any description, they suggest her own delightful personality, her vivacity and the exquisite feminine quality which is inherent in every part she acts.

There could be no more fascinating reading than Walter Wellman's account of his preparation for a voyage to the Pole in a flying machine to be made in July. Wellman's article is to be printed in June and July. It catches the imagination like a dream of the far distant future. Just conceive it—a vast cigar shaped balloon, nearly two hundred feet long, whizzing through the air, suspended from it by threads that look finer than spun silk, is a long steel car. In it, as it hovers hundreds of feet above the earth, you can see four tiny figures—the crew—pushing this lever and that, dropping the lead, taking observations and shifting ballast, doing the hundred things the complicated machine requires.

"The Fight of the Copper Kings," C. P. Connolly's amazing story of Montana, is to reach its climax in July with the narration of the sensational struggle for the Minnie Healy mine. In July, also, Carl Schurz' "Reminiscences" reach their climax in the "High Tide of the Rebellion" at Gettysburg. The whole panorama of Gettysburg stretched before General Schurz' eyes, and no spectator of the battle was better fitted than he to become its historian. Georgine Milmine's "Life of Mary Baker G. Eddy and History of Christian Science" also continues with new phases of

this remarkable woman and her cult.

The fiction for the summer promises to be a better feast than McClure's have ever before given. There are to be stories by three new writers, Mary S. Watts, Will Adams, and Lucy Pratt. There are also stories by such well known writers as Joseph Conrad, Henry C. Rowland, Willa Sibert Cather, Viola Roseboro. These stories will be illustrated by such artists as F. Walter Taylor, James Montgomery Flagg, Sigismund de Vanowsky, Arthur I. Kellar, F. D. Steele, Blumenschein and other successful illustrators.

Have sold my property, and will leave Ord about the 24th, all knowing themselves indebted to me please call at once and make settlement. Dr. Charles Milliken. 19-2.

A. J. Firkins is keeping up his record for winning out on any deal and is getting the better of his appendicitis attack. Yesterday he was up and about the house for a while and will soon be all right.

Clean Up the Streets and Alleys.

At this season of the year much sickness may be caused by allowing refuse to collect on the streets and alleys of the city and in a great manner visitors in the city base their opinion of its town to a great extent on its cleanliness, hence I would impress upon the people of Ord the necessity of cleaning up the alleys and streets, mowing the grass and otherwise making the city as presentable as possible. A strict compliance with this order will alone keep the marshal from calling on you at an early date.

A. M. Daniels, Mayor.

Notice to Contractors and Builders.

If you are in need of cement blocks for building I would be pleased to have you examine mine before buying. These blocks are manufactured under the latest system and allowed to harden in water.

John K. Jensen. tr.

Notice of Dissolution

Notice is hereby given that the firm heretofore existing under the name and style of McLain & Siler has been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the debts of said firm are to be paid by Mamie Siler, and all claims due to said firm to be the joint property of Sarah McLain and Mamie Siler, and to be paid at Mamie Siler's store. Dated at Ord, Nebraska, June 3, 1907.

Sarah McLain,
Mamie Siler.

Dissolution.

It is hereby mutually agreed and stipulated by and between Sarah McLain and Mamie Siler, being the only members of the firm of McLain & Siler, of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, heretofore doing a general merchandise business at Ord, Nebraska, that said firm be and the same is hereby dissolved.

Done at Ord, Nebraska, this 3rd day of June, 1907.

Sarah McLain,
Mamie Siler.

Witnesses: R. L. Staple,
E. P. Clements.

Bungled Flattery.

When Sir Edwin Landseer, the world famous painter of animals, visited the royal court at Lisbon, the old king of Portugal greeted him with the salutation: "Ah, Sir Edwin, I am glad to see you! I am so fond of beasts!"

But for bungled flattery this does not begin to compare with the remark of an unlucky admirer of the great French actress, Mme. St. Denis. Her performance of Zara had just been greeted with enthusiastic applause, and as she stepped from the stage she said, "To act that well a woman should be young and handsome." "Ah, no, madame!" exclaimed the unfortunate man in his anxiety to pay the highest compliment possible. "You are convincing proof to the contrary!"

Ungrateful.

A lawyer brought a suit against a rich corporation for a man of good standing in the community. In the course of his argument he declared in a loud voice for the purpose of gaining the sympathy of the jury: "Gentlemen of the jury, who are the parties to this important litigation? Why, on the one side there is a powerful corporation, with an overflowing treasury, and on the other side there is my poor, simple, uneducated client." "Did you win your suit?" inquired a friend of the plaintiff a few days after. "Yes," was the reply, "I won my suit, but I shall never employ that lawyer again. He called me a fool, and the jury believed it."

CONJUNCTIVITIS.

Causes and Treatment of This Ailment of the Eyes.

Conjunctivitis is an inflammation of the conjunctiva, or mucous membrane covering the front surface of the eyeball and lining the lids.

It may be of any degree of severity and due to many causes, varying from the mildest form of irritation up through pink eye to the most violent inflammation, resulting sometimes, through extension to the deeper structures, in destruction of the eye.

In the simple form of acute conjunctivitis the eyes are bloodshot, the membrane lining the lids is red, the edges of the lids are reddened and swollen, and there is a sticky, more or less yellow, secretion, which quickly dries and gums the lids together. The eyes burn and smart and are very sensitive to the light. There is often a feeling as if a hair or a grain of sand were in the eye.

Bacteria of some sort are almost always to be found on microscopic examination of the secretion, but it does not follow that conjunctivitis necessarily results from contagion. Bacteria are almost always present in the folds of the conjunctiva and await a lowered resistance of the membranes, resulting perhaps from dazzling light, irritation from dust or cinders or eye strain in order to take on renewed growth and excite the membrane to disease.

Recurring attacks of conjunctivitis, accompanied perhaps with an occasional sty, almost surely result from eye strain and are to be prevented only by the wearing of proper glasses.

A mild attack of acute conjunctivitis will usually get well of itself in the course of a few days, but if neglected it might go on to a more severe form of inflammation, causing suffering and serious inconvenience, and it may be even endangering the sight.

The subject of this trouble should stay in a room, not dark, but with the light dimmed a little, and if he is obliged to go out he should wear colored glasses while the inflammation lasts. The eyes should never be bandaged.

The utmost cleanliness should be observed. The eyes should be bathed several times daily in boiled water containing a little table salt or in a solution of boric acid. If the lids are hot and swollen much, relief may be obtained by the application of small squares of linen kept while not in use on a lump of ice and frequently changed when they begin to grow warm.

This treatment will usually suffice for the ordinary case of conjunctivitis, but if a cure does not take place in a day or two the physician should be consulted, for delays in eye troubles may be dangerous.—Youth's Companion.

Wanted the Clocks Wound.

A woman who had put her furniture in storage surprised the warehouse superintendent by making a queer request.

"Here are six clocks," she said. "I didn't pack them up because I want them to be kept running all the time. Will you see that they are wound regularly? Nothing spoils a good clock so effectually as uselessness. The works get clogged with dust when lying idle and seldom run well afterward. If you will set these clocks out on a bench and send somebody in to wind them every week, I'll be much obliged."

Even to a warehouse manager who had been asked to perform many a strange task in his time that seemed a peculiar stipulation, but he promised to see that the clocks were wound.—New York Press.

Some Temperature.

The Quaker's habit of calm sometimes deceives onlookers as to his real feelings. There was an occasion on which Mrs. Abigail Gray's peaceful countenance aroused resentment in the heart of her niece, one of "the world's people."

"I don't see how you could sit there, Aunt Abigail, and hear that man talk and never look as if you cared," she said tearfully, referring to a late interview with an unprincipled shopkeeper. "There I was boiling, and not even so much as one of your cap ruffles stirred."

"If there could have been seen far enough below the cap ruffles," replied Mrs. Gray sedately, "they would have seen that I was boiling also, but without steam, my child."

The Scallop.

The scallop can anchor itself as well as any ship. It never fails to drop its anchor on the approach of rough weather. The scallop lying in its bed of shoal water, foresees a storm in true sailor fashion and at once puts out a tough and elastic little cable from a point near its hinge. This cable it fastens firmly to the nearest rock. It is then secure in the vilest weather. He who wades through scallop haunted shoals as a storm approaches may see the tiny shellfish mooring themselves on all sides with silent bustle.

Ord Market Top-Prices

- Wheat, spring 78c, winter 70c.
- Barley 20c.
- Rye, 55c.
- Oats, 38c.
- Corn, 42c.
- Popcorn, \$1.80
- Potatoes, 80c
- Butter, 17c.
- Eggs, 11c
- Hens, 7 1/2c.
- Hogs, \$3.80

Death to Dandelions

Thistles, Plantains and other noxious weeds.

We guarantee to clear your lawn of DANDELIONS or any other of the above named unsightly weeds by KILLING them.

Who would not be glad to have a pretty lawn FREE of the above weeds?

Then try us.

BAILEY & DETWEILER

THIRST PROOF ANIMALS.

Some That Beat the Camel in Getting Along Without Water.

From our childhood picture book days nearly every one of us has cherished the idea that the camel was the beast above all others that could exist for extended periods without drinking. And so few of us have any idea that there are other beasts of the earth quite as capable as the humped quadruped of going for days and weeks without water.

This treatment will usually suffice for the ordinary case of conjunctivitis, but if a cure does not take place in a day or two the physician should be consulted, for delays in eye troubles may be dangerous.—Youth's Companion.

Peccaries in the desert of Sonora live in little dry hills, where there is no natural water, for long periods. They cannot possibly find water in fact for months at a time. The only moisture they can obtain comes from roots and the fruits of cacti.

But the most extraordinary case is that of the pocket mouse, one of the common rodents of the desert. This little creature, by the way, has a genuine fur lined pocket on the outside of its cheek. When it is hungry it takes food from this pocket with its paw, just as a man would pull a sandwich from his pocket.

It is said that one of these mice has been kept for three years with no other food than the mixed bird seed of commerce. During this period it had not a taste of either water or green food. Other experiments in this direction have shown, in fact, that these mice in captivity refuse such treats, not seeming to know that water is good to drink.

The bird seed put before the mouse referred to, contained not more than 10 per cent of moisture, which is less than is necessary for digestion. Stuff so dry as this cannot even be swallowed until it is moistened by saliva, yet this remarkable mouse gave nothing but his time to the interests of science. He suffered nothing in health or spirits during his captivity.—New York Herald.

An Iconoclast.

A story comes from England about a certain colonel in the Royal Horse artillery who had the reputation of lacking imagination, with a care for nothing but his beloved Egypt with some friends and naturally went to see the pyramids.

"So these are the pyramids, eh?" he said as he gazed stolidly at them.

"Yes," said an enthusiastic friend. "Are they not wonderful, stupendous?"

"Oh, yes," granted the colonel, "I suppose they're all right in their way."

"I should say they are," returned his friend. "Think of their standing for all these thousands of years!"

"Humph!" said the unimpressed soldier. "Give me a couple of batteries and I'll guarantee to knock them to pieces inside a week."—Canadian Courier.

Try a Want Add in The Quiz

Ord Church and Lodge Directory

RATES: \$15.00 per 1000, \$3.00 per year. Additional lines 50 cents per year.

ORD LODGE NO. 103
A. F. & A. M.
Meetings held on Wednesday or before the full moon of each month. T. A. Waters, W. M.
J. F. Colby, Secretary.

DORIC CHAPTER NO. 20
O. R. A. M.
Constitution first Tuesday of each month. John C. Work, H. P. F. Colby, Secretary.

MIZPAH CHAPTER ORDEE OF EASTERN STAR, ORD LODGE NO. 20
Regular meetings first and third Friday of each month.

Insurance

The St. Paul is ready to furnish insurance on growing crops against hail losses.

Fire, lightning and wind-storm losses are fully covered by policies in the St. Paul or the Home, of New York, the largest American company, at \$2.50 per \$100.00 for five-year term.

Let me look after your insurance for you.

J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

Have Your Law Work Done Right

Wills
Deeds
Contracts
Leases
Settlement of Estates
Collections
Legal Advice
Law Suits
Farm Loans
Real Estate

Herman E. Oleson

Attorney and Counselor at Law
ORD, NEBRASKA
Office in Court House
Office phone No. 2, res. No. 40.

The Medicine That Does Good

is the one compounded from pure drugs and in strict accordance with the doctor's orders. Physicians like to have us put up their prescriptions because they know by experience that the remedies they prescribe will be as they desire them and that they will do the work expected of them.

Prescription Compounding

is our particular specialty and our prescription department is splendidly equipped to facilitate the work. Only drugs of highest purity are ever used and all work is done by expert prescriptionists. There's no extra charge for our exceptionally fine service; prices are as low here as elsewhere.

THE CITY PHARMACY

Mamie Siler's new building. Ord, Nebraska. Phone 63.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Anton Koupal will take his vacation from the People's Store next week.

All the regular clerks get a ten-day vacation gratis at the People's Store.

The ladies aid of the G. A. R. will meet at the home of Mrs. Agnes Pratt Friday, June 21. All are invited.

Wanted immediately a girl for general house work in a small family. Apply at the Quiz office.

Bring your produce to Frank Mallory and get highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank.

Will and Charlie Siler, with their families, went to Hastings Wednesday in Mamie's auto to sell their corn.

Take your eggs to Frank Mallory, you know him, and get the highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank.

Mrs. W. C. Parsons returned last Saturday evening from Lincoln whither she went several weeks ago to undergo an operation in one of the Lincoln hospitals.

Dr. Milliken has sold his house and practice to a lady osteopath who will take possession soon. The doctor and his wife will go to Kirksville, Mo. the latter part of the month and by early winter will go to California for further rest.

Charley Masin has moved into his new cement building east of the square and a Quiz man dropped in to inspect his plant one day the first of the week. Charley has about \$2500 invested in machinery and material for the conducting of the soft drink business and has one of the cleanest and neatest shops we ever stepped into.

Mrs. Jarusha M. Dye, widow of the late Thomas C. Dye, died at the home of her son, Bert Dye, Tuesday evening. The good lady came back from Oregon last December sick with dropsy and has been steadily failing since then. We are unable at this writing to get definite data as to her life, but she was past 60 years old. She leaves four children, all of whom were at her bedside at the time of death. The children are, Mrs. Clint Thompson, Bert and Clarence Dye and Mrs. Stansbie of Oregon.

George White came home from his studies at the Omaha Dental college for his summer vacation one day last week. Saturday evening he went up to Burwell to take charge of Dr. Holsen's practice while Holsen is taking a little vacation. George still has another year in the Omaha school before he can hang out his shingle as a full fledged dentist.

There was quite a little party of Ord folks that started for Lexington to attend the annual district meeting of the Epworth League Tuesday morning. The party was composed of Mr. and Mrs. Whited, A. C. Johnson, Leita Turner, Lelia Moorman, Delpha Taylor, Fred Kemp, and Rev. Medlin. They all expect to be back in Ord the latter part of the week.

Some time ago Jud Rogers bought of Bailey and Sons the old Lloyd building and was planning to move it to the lot near Blessing Brother's live stock office. But now he has sold it to A. C. Johnson and company in his deal with the latter for the china store stock. Mr. Johnson will devote his time to piano and organ business in the building as soon as moved.

At the prayer meeting at the Methodist church next Thursday night W. C. Wentworth will read an interesting letter from a native preacher of India who writes English and is the author of the letter. It will be worth your while to hear it.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

Bashie Tulley returned from her studies at the state university last Saturday evening.

Milford Stacy has been quite sick for the past ten days but at this writing is improving slowly.

Arcadia is making preparations to celebrate the fourth of July with their usual vigorous manner.

Bring your produce to Frank Mallory and get highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank.

There was one hour change in the Burlington passenger train time south bound, Monday. This train now leaves Ord at 8:15.

A travelling show outfit struck town Tuesday and has been gathering in the nickels and dimes of the sightseers since that time.

Mrs. E. R. Fohgt and her four bright little children called on us the other day just to see the printing shop. The older boy has decided to be a printer when he gets a little older.

There will be preaching at the Baptist church next Sunday morning at eleven and likewise in the evening at eight o'clock. Rev. Alden of Lincoln will occupy the pulpit at these times.

Allie Pirece is in the city for a few days visiting relatives and friends. Allie has been laid up with a serious sick, spell and will now spend a few weeks in search of better health by breathing Valley county air.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers. Gusto breakfast food, 7 1/2 cents a package. 15 cent coffee at 12 1/2 cents. 20 cent coffee at 17 1/2 cents. Table pears, 2 cans for 25 cents. Plenty of rock salt now on hand. Everything in groceries. Phones 31.

Charley Brown has just completed putting in a new cement walk in front of his place in the western part of the city and is now anxious that the city do their part in seeing to it that some of the other walks near to his are likewise improved.

Editor Cooley does not seem to worry much because of his losing of the Arcadia postoffice plumb but consoles himself by thinking of the worse things that might have happened. Why, he might have been fired out of the Arcadia baseball team and then there would have really been some cause for worryment.

John Jensen has his house moving outfit at work this week moving the old restaurant building off the Bailey lot in order to make room for the Baileys' big addition. The old restaurant building has been purchased by A. C. Johnson and will be moved to a lot he recently purchased of Judd Rogers north of the Stover grocery store. The building will then be repaired and Mr. Johnson will use it to store and show his pianos in.

Among the names of those prominently mentioned for the postoffice appointment at Arcadia is that of O. A. Montieth. Mr. Montieth has on his petition the endorsement of more than 250 of the patrons of the Arcadia office and his appointment will undoubtedly be made in response to this request. He is a business man with the necessary qualifications for the discharge of the duties and will give the Arcadia postoffice the personal attention it needs.

A little over six weeks remains for the contestants in the Quiz piano contest to increase their vote and get in on one of those valuable prizes. While one or two of the candidates have made a fair canvas of their immediate neighborhood as yet a complete canvas of the county has not been made. Many new names have been added to the list during the past month but we of course have room for many more before the contest closes. Miss Minnie Donnell of Arcadia has made the largest gain during the past week and from the manner in which she has taken up the work it would not surprise us greatly if she would make the head ones in the contest sit up and take notice before the third of August.

A June Wedding.

Last night at the W. L. D. Auble home in Mira Valley the oldest daughter, Myrnie of that estimable household was given away in marriage to Mr. John Louis Schwaner.

The happy event was witnessed by as many of the relatives and intimate friends of the family as could be comfortably cared for in this large home.

The time set for the marriage ceremony was 8:00 in the evening, but on account of the lateness of the train on which some prominent guests were to arrive the ceremony was postponed till 9:00. But this was nothing serious, when we remember that the contracting parties had waited eight years already.

But the interim of waiting was happily filled in by members of the Auble family giving the guests a treat of music. All kinds of instruments were used in these productions and interchangeably by the various members. If a player happened to lay his instrument down for a minute he or she would pick up anything that was loose and the music would go on again. As soon as the last guest had arrived the bride and groom supported by Mr. George Schwaner and Miss Pearl Fuson, but unaccompanied by a wedding march, for that was too suggesting of solemnity, took their places in a corner of the room where appropriate decorations had been made, and were joined in marriage vows by the brief ceremony of the Methodist church, Rev. P. C. Stire of Randolph, Ia., officiating. Congratulations then followed. The notable thing about these was the appearance of the Maple Leaf club in a body, all of whom kissed both the bride and groom, and we blush to say (so did George) some of them kissed the groom's attendant.

A bounteous supper then followed and near its close the jollity was hushed by the strains of sweet music from without. The voices proved to be those of some of the musical friends of the families who had driven out from Ord to offer a happy tribute in serenade.

A word as to Mr. and Mrs. Lou Schwaner. They are both young people of the highest order, raised among us and known to all as among the best the land affords. Mrs. Schwaner was educated in our schools and in others abroad and has among her qualities that of sweet, uneffected gentleness. The groom is one of our clean boys who has grown up into a good business of his own acquiring.

Among the guests were Rev. P. C. Stire of Randolph, Iowa, an uncle of the bride, Mrs. Jay Laverty and children of South Omaha, Mrs. H. M. Sidle and son of Lincoln, and George Schwaner of Wood River.

In a long article in the Champion this week Editor Cooley explains or tries to, to his readers how he came to lose his job as postmaster at Arcadia. Summing the whole matter up in a few words as possible Cooley thinks that because of his non-support of Norris Brown caused him to get his walking papers. We cannot believe that even Cooley believes this kind of a talk that he is putting up. We cannot believe that Norris Brown's election ever hung in the balance to the extent that he worried over Cooley's support. If all the reports be true of the manner in which Cooley conducted the Arcadia office, that have come to the Quiz shop, we really marvel at his being able to hold the office as long as he has. Arcadians tell the Quiz that too much baseball and not enough attention to his official duties is, alone the cause of Cooley losing his job. Cooley, of course, thinks he was a great thorn in Norris Brown's side, but we have our doubts as to Brown's knowledge of the existence of the great Arcadia politician.

Postal occasionally come from Ora Taylor telling briefly of his whereabouts with the Campbell Brothers show. At last accounts he was in Minnesota but would soon be in North Dakota and later in Montana. He declares that he is enjoying himself and promises to stay with the aggregation for the season.

10% Discount 10%

Get Ready for the Fourth at a Small Cost

From now until the Fourth of July we will give a ten per cent. discount on all our Clothing, Wash Goods, Gents', Ladies' and Children's Ox-fords, Slippers and Canvas shoes, Ladies' ready-to-wear Skirts, Parasols, Fans and Handbags.

Another big arrival of 5c and 10c goods this week.

Watch our BARGAINS, it means a GREAT MONEY SAVER to you.

The PEOPLE'S STORE

MAMIE SILER, Proprietor

Produce counts same as cash on the big discounts.

Money to lend! Honnold & Davis.

Mrs. Frank Vopat went to Humbolt Thursday morning to visit a sister for a few days.

Fred Coe came home from Lincoln wher. he has been attending the state university last Saturday evening.

Take your eggs to Frank Mallory, you know him, and get the highest price in cash. One block east of Ord State Bank.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

Acting for the Governor during his absence governor Hopewell has issued the annual proclamation setting aside Friday, June 14 as flag day.

Ed. Beranek and Henry Reithardt came out from Omaha last Saturday evening and will spend a few days visiting their relatives and friends in Ord.

Manager Ward of the I. X. L. base ball team announces that at the fair grounds next Saturday, June 15, they will play the Epworth Leaguers. A snappy game is promised.

What's the matter with the Farmers' telephone line, which Davis and Crawford have been bragging about so much. Seven of their Spingdale subscribers pulled off last week and are on the Independent line now. And there will be more to follow.

Jud Rogers has bought the stock of china and other things owned by A. C. Johnson & Co. and will open up as soon as possible. The first thing he has to deal with is the moving on the north wall of the old building where the stock now is. The building stands on the Bailey lot 11 inches and will have to be cut down in width enough to vacate the 11 inches, as the Baileys will need it in their extension. Until this is done Mr. Rogers will not attempt to do business.

Tuesday night Rev. C. A. Arnold delivered his lecture recounting his trip to the Holy Land at the Presbyterian church under the auspices of the ladies of that church. The house was well filled to hear him and he made the event well worth the cost of admission. The theme is an interesting one anyway, but he made it specially so by his happy way of recounting his experiences. Numerous funny stories added to his illustrations and caused his auditors to laugh frequently. But the real strength of his discourse was his description of the old Biblical scenes and the people who now live there. This is his first visit to Ord for some years and his return accompanied by his wife was a great pleasure to Ord people as well as to them. The interest in the event was made more intense by the solo by Mrs. J. M. Hussey, and the song by the Presbyterian ladies quartet.

Burk's Big "Uncle Tom's Cabin Company" the largest organization of its kind in America will exhibit at Ord, Monday, June 17. On this occasion the famous old play will be presented in as new and elaborate form as modern thought and stage invention will permit, and doubtless the big pavillion theatre will be filled to its utmost capacity during their performance here. The principal characters in this grand old play will be interpreted by a very competent cast of lady and gentleman. Artists have been selected especially for their ability to give a correct interpretation of Uncle Tom, Topsy, Claire and little Eva, the balance of the cast are exceptionally good, a contingent of vaudeville artists consisting of jubilee singers, buck and wing dancers, hoop rollers, etc., are introduced throughout the play making it the strongest production of this popular drama ever presented to the public. A pack of Siberian blood hounds, horses, ponies, donkeys and an unusually gorgeous transformation scene are also among the many features of this grand spectacular production.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

The county board is in session, as a board of equalization, this week.

Mrs. A. M. Robbins went to Lincoln last week for a visit with her boys. They are not coming home this summer, intending to go to Wisconsin to sell Chautauqua desks all vacation.

There will be an ice cream social at the home of Mrs. Hugh McEachran Friday evening, June 14, given by the ladies aid society of the Midvale Sunday school. You are earnestly invited.

Yesterday afternoon Joe Warwick sustained a terrible accident while polishing discs on his emery wheel. He held the whirling thing, as he had done a thousand times before but by some means which he does not understand, the disc, whirling at a lively rate, touched his leg and made an ugly gash in the thick of his thigh. The stricken man was promptly removed to his home and Dr. Miller sent to attend him. Chloroform had to be administered before the wound could be properly dressed. While the injury is now under control it was a close call for Mr. Warwick and is a serious disaster to him in every way. It will keep him from work at this busy season for several weeks at least and will be a trying ordeal for him to languish in bed and about the house so long.

The big crane has been erected for the purpose of excavating the earth from the cistern at the gas plant. It handles dirt at a lively rate.

LOUP VALLEY CHAUTAUQUA

Ord, Nebraska, July 13-21, 1907

GET YOUR TICKET NOW!

Think of eighteen superb, high-grade entertainments for a fraction over 10 cts. a number.

- Senator J. W. Dolliver, one of the greatest orators in America.
- Congressman Adam Bede, the humorist of the House.
- Congressman Camp Clark, the Missouri wit and philosopher.
- Rev. Mgr. J. Henry Tihen, member of the Papal Council, the most eloquent catholic prelate in the world.
- Dr. James Montgomery, the return date man.
- Dr. Otterbien Smith, lecturer extraordinary.
- Dr. Phil Baird, a great platform favorite.
- Caveney, the cartoonist.
- Eldridge, the man of many faces.
- The American Vitagraph Company, the moving picture experts.
- The Royal Hungarian Orchestra.
- The William Dixie Singers.
- The New Wesleyans, and many others.

Important Announcement!

Owing to the desire of the management to provide for the thousands of purchasers of single admission tickets upon special days, only six hundred season tickets, in addition to the five hundred already sold will be issued. You must secure your season tickets now.

Adult season ticket - - - \$2.00
Children under 14 years - - - 1.25

Send all orders to

MASON M. EATON, Ord, Nebraska

Orders may also be left or telephoned to the office of Honnold & Davis.

SUNSHINE WASHER

It runs so easy

Accident proof

Durable in construction

Easy to operate



It washes cleanly

Ball bearings

Adjustable dasher

Increased power

Investigate fully this new and improved machine before buying. Pleased to show you the many advantages of this washer

COME IN AND TRY IT. PRICE \$10.00

We pay Cash for cream, eggs, butter and chickens

The Baileys' Department Store

Ord's Best Trading Place

FEARS NO TROUBLE

RELATIONS WITH JAPAN IN NO SENSE CRITICAL.

UNITED STATES RESTS EASY

Declines With Thanks Good Offices of France—Notified in Good Spirit They Are Not Needed.

One of the immediate results of the Franco-Japanese entente, which is on the point of being signed, has been the tender by France of her good offices to the United States in case she can be of service in promoting a complete understanding between the United States and Japan, covering their respective interests in the far east. France believes that the United States should become a party to the series of ententes recently arrived at between the powers guaranteeing the status quo in the far east, as the best means of avoiding possible future complications and misunderstandings, and has formally communicated to the United States government her readiness, now or in the future, to further negotiations in that direction.

While the American government admits receiving the French tender of good offices to promote a stable understanding between the United States and Japan, the practical use to which such tender can be put is not regarded as apparent at the present time. The French representations, however, have been received in the same cordial spirit in which they were extended.

The Franco-Japanese treaty, a compact in the nature of an alliance, is regarded in Washington as entirely outside the scope of American diplomacy, precluded by the firmly fixed policy of the United States against alliances.

TEACHER BOLDLY ABDUCTED.

Sensational Kidnaping of Nun by Two Men at Duluth.

Sister Borromea, a teacher at the St. Clements Catholic school, Duluth, Minn., was kidnaped in a most sensational manner by two men, who, driving rapidly away in a closed carriage, escaped.

The screams and entreaties of the nun, as she was carried bodily into the street by her abductors, attracted several hundred students of the school and persons in the neighborhood, and before the carriage was half a block away a howling mob was in pursuit. They were soon distanced, however, and abandoning the chase, they turned to the police for aid.

The abduction was marked by a degree of desperation and boldness seldom equaled. Sister Borromea was sitting at her desk when the two men entered, and advanced toward her at a rapid pace. As they approached her the sister bowed courteously and called the heaviest of the two "father" in her salutation. Without a moment's warning they seized the teacher, one taking her by the arms and the other by her lower limbs and carried her to the door. The sister screamed and fought desperately, but she was powerless in the hands of her abductors. Without once pausing they bore her to the street and thrust her into a hack.

Nebraska Boy Loses Life.

Mourning by the Chicago girl who was to have become his wife, had he lived to finish his student course at the college of medicine and surgery, Dallas Burns, who met a tragic death under the wheels of an electric car at West Twelfth and Lincoln streets, Chicago, was taken back to the home of his parents in Elgin, Neb., to be buried. The student was working his way through school and at the completion of his course one year from now he was to have been married to Miss Bessie Carpenter, the pretty daughter of Dr. J. H. Carpenter, 762 West Twelfth boulevard.

May Get New Water System.

While the San Francisco federated water committee was in executive session discussing the pressing need of an increased water supply, messages were received in this city from James D. Phelan, at Washington to the effect that he had practically concluded negotiations with the federal authorities by which San Francisco would be enabled to secure possession of the vast Hatch Hetchy system.

Torpedo Boat Injured.

The commander in chief of the Atlantic fleet has reported to the navy department by wireless that the torpedo boat destroyer Hopkins broke a propeller strut off Hog Island light and is now in tow of the Whipple bound for the Norfolk navy yard, where she will be docked as soon as possible.

Report on Rural Delivery.

The report on the operations of the rural mail delivery service up to June 1, just made public shows that since May 1 there has been an increase of 177 in the number of routes, there being 37,741 routes now in operation, which are served by 36,566 regular carriers. All these routes are served daily except 643, on which service is rendered tri-weekly. There are now pending 1,465 petitions, 241 of which have been favorably acted upon and service ordered established.

Declares the Law Is Legal.

Attorney General Hadley of Missouri gave an opinion to the state insurance department, holding that the law prohibiting an insurance company paying any officer a greater salary than \$50,000, from doing business in Missouri, is constitutional.

Will Resume River Traffic.

The river steamboats City of Chester and Tennessee were sold to the Kansas City Transportation company and will at once be put into operation on the Missouri river to run between St. Louis and Kansas City.

REAR MONUMENT TO DAVIS.

Confederate Veterans Unveil Memorial to Leader of Lost Cause.

A memorial to Jefferson Davis was unveiled at Richmond, Va., as the crowning feature of the annual reunion of the confederate veterans. The ceremony was made the occasion for a grand military pageant in which every veteran in gray who was physically able participated with an enthusiasm which defied their years. The drawing "aside" of the veil which draped the figure representing the veterans' beloved leader and the first gun of the presidential salute which immediately followed was the signal for an outburst of cheering which was swollen to thunderous applause by the sons and daughters of the veterans.

The event was a fitting close to what is universally recognized as probably the last "great" gathering of the confederate veterans. The unveiling of the monument was the fruition of eighteen years of patient and loving effort, and every man who wore the southern uniform had in his heart a desire to be present. A devotion which knows no equal in American history is responsible for its building. It was a work the south had to do without help. There was no united nation to bear the expense. Love and sacrifice were the masons who piled the stones and spread the mortar that cemented them into an enduring memorial.

William J. Bryan and Mrs. Bryan attended the ceremony as the guests of the United Confederate veterans. They rode in the parade in the carriage of Governor Swanson and Mrs. Swanson, and were given a continuous ovation en route. As they approached the monument itself the carriages were swallowed up by the multitude and the distinguished visitors were momentarily lost to view, but the crowd renewed the demonstration as Mr. Bryan was again seen on the platform. He had no official part in the program, but the reception accorded him showed that he holds a warm place in the esteem of the veterans in gray.

CONVENTION OF GRAIN MEN.

Meeting Called for Chicago to Act on Export Rules.

The grain committee of the New Orleans board of trade announced at New Orleans that it has issued a call for a convention of grain men from American export ports to meet in Chicago, June 17. The object is to meet complaints from Europe about poor quality of some American grain shipments by enforcing better grain-inspection rules at export cities. The New Orleans board has been in correspondence with other exchanges and announces the plan is favored by New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Newport News, Norfolk, Galveston and Port Arthur.

CLAIM RIGHT TO REGULATE.

Suits to Enjoin 2-Cent Fares Reflection on State Rights.

A meeting of governors, attorneys general and other officials of states likely to be affected by the rate litigation now before the federal district court may be held in St. Paul, Minn., shortly. Attorney General Young is considering the advisability of sending out a general call. The suits to enjoin putting the 2-cent fares and lower freight rates into effect, Mr. Young says, are nothing less than an attack on states' rights, and are important enough to warrant general co-operation, especially on the part of states which have just passed rate regulating laws.

It means, he asserts, that if the railroads win, other interests, interstate in nature, will invoke the aid of the same decision.

John A. Kasson Is Injured.

John A. Kasson of Iowa, famous as a diplomat and lawyer, fell in Washington, D. C., and fractured his arm, and after being carried to his home was reported in a serious condition. He is eighty-five years old. Mr. Kasson is the former reciprocity commissioner of this government, former member of congress, former member of the American-Canadian joint high commission and has held many other high offices and is a member of numerous clubs.

Huge Icebergs Sighted.

The cruisers Denver and Cleveland, en route to join the second division of the American Pacific fleet in Chinese waters, arrived at Gibraltar and reported having sighted ten icebergs May 22 in latitude 41 and longitude 97. The icebergs covered about six miles of water.

Find Ties on the Track.

An attempt to wreck the early morning Southern Pacific train between San Jose and San Francisco was thwarted by the discovery of a large pile of ties on the track near Santa Clara. Two tramps have been arrested on suspicion.

Linemen Quit Work.

All the linemen in the employ of the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph company, San Francisco, quit work in sympathy with the strike of the girl operators, who have been out on strike for over three weeks to force a recognition of their union. Two hundred men are affected.

John Mitchell Is Better.

John Mitchell, president of the united mine workers of America, after five weeks in a hospital following an operation, is considerably better.

Marble Workers' Union.

The sixth annual convention of the marble workers' union of the United States opened in Boston with delegates in attendance from Minneapolis, Washington, Los Angeles, Milwaukee, Toronto, San Francisco and many other American and Canadian cities.

Will Inspect Army Posts.

Major General J. Franklin Bell, chief of staff of the army, has arranged to make a thorough personal inspection of the principal army posts in the west with a view to increasing the efficiency of the service.

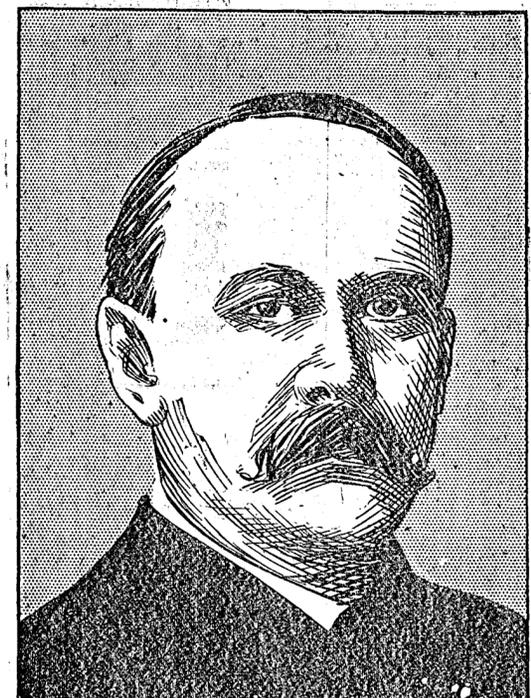
FIRST WITNESSES

Taking Testimony in the Haywood Case at Boise, Idaho, Begins.

ORCHARD TELLS HIS STORY

He Claims that Through It All He Was Directed and Paid By Officers of Western Federation of Miners.

Boise, Idaho, June 5.—Through James H. Hawley, senior of the group of prosecutors, the state of Idaho Tuesday made the opening statement against William D. Haywood whom it charges with the murder of Frank Steunenberg, and began the presenta-



JUDGE FREMONT WOOD, Presiding at the Haywood Trial in Boise.

tion of the testimony by which it hopes to prove the indictment laid against him.

The opening statement was a broad, sweeping arraignment of the leaders of the Federation of Miners who were charged with plotting wholesale murder and hiring assassins, all in a giant conspiracy of vengeance upon those who obstructed their way, to destroy opposition by terrorism, to control the political destinies of the communities covered by their organization, and to perpetuate their own power within the organization.

It charged a widespread conspiracy in inception from the north Idaho disturbance 15 years ago, reaching down to the murder of Frank Steunenberg, and whose murdered victims, by bullet and bomb, numbered scores. Hawley declared that wherever in the mining sections of the coast states there had been left a trail of blood to mark its operations. Of the hired assassins he cried: "To them murder became a trade and assassins a means of living."

Boise, June 6.—A well groomed, stockily built man, dressed in a gray sack suit and apparently as composed as any of his hearers, the man known as Harry Orchard, a self-confessed, many times murderer, took the witness stand in the district court of Ada county at 9:45 o'clock Wednesday morning. He is the principal witness against W. D. Haywood, charged with the murder of former Gov. Steunenberg, and who is, by Orchard's story, connected with many fearful crimes.

An undertaking by the special prosecutors for the state that they would by later proof and connection legitimize his testimony opened the way like a flood-gate to the whole diabolical story and throughout the entire day Orchard went on from crime recital to crime recital, each succeeding one seemingly more revolting than those that had come before.

Orchard confessed that as a member of the mob that wrecked the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mill in the Coeur d'Alene he lighted one of the fuses that carried fire to the giant explosion, confessing that he set the death trap in the Vindicator mine at Cripple Creek that blew out the lives

Will Execute 12 in Guatemala.

Mexico City, June 6.—According to a telegram received in this city Wednesday night 12 of the 19 men condemned to death by court martial proceedings because of an alleged attempt on the life of President Cabrera of Guatemala will be executed. Eleven of these men are Guatemalans. One of the Mexicans accused, Jose Mendose, was exonerated. The other Mexican implicated, Nazari Mendose, was sentenced to 15 years imprisonment.

To Examine Steel Rails.

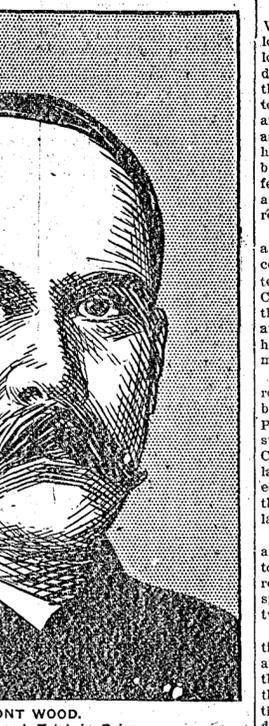
New York, June 6.—It is announced that in the near future representatives of the leading railroads and steel manufacturing companies in this country will begin an exhaustive joint examination into the quality of steel rails now being furnished

Y. M. C. A. Secretary Dead.

New York, June 6.—Erskine Uhl, secretary of the international committee of the Y. M. C. A., died in a hospital here Tuesday following an operation.

of Superintendent McCormick and Foreman Beck; confessed that because he had not been paid for his first attempt at violence in the Vindicator mine he had been treacherous to his associates by warning the managers of the Florence and Cripple Creek railway that there was a plot to blow up their trains confessed that he cruelly fired three charges of buckshot into the body of Detective Lyte Gregory of Denver, killing him instantly; confessed that for days he stalked Governor Peabody about Denver waiting a chance to kill him; confessed that he and Steve Adams set and discharged the mine under the depot at Independence that instantly killed fourteen men and confessed that falling in an attempt to poison Fred Bradley of San Francisco, he blew him and his house up with a bomb of gelatine.

Boise, Idaho, June 7.—Harry Orchard crowned his admissions of grave crimes Thursday when continuing his



SKETCHES OF DEFENDANT IN GREAT CONSPIRACY CASE TAKEN IN COURT.

in detailing his hunt for Gov. Steunenberg he said: I finally located Gov. Steunenberg on Christmas night, 1905, and taking the sawed-off pump shotgun Pettibone had given me, I went out to his house. I heard the governor coming and tried to get the two parts of the gun together, but

had not succeeded before he passed into the house. I then went down town again.

"The next time I saw the governor he was sitting in the Saratoga hotel. I went up to my room and get the bomb and hurried out to the Steunenberg house and planted the bomb by the gate. I then started back to the hotel and when about two blocks away I met Steunenberg on his way home. I ran as fast as I could toward the hotel, but had not reached it when the explosion occurred.

"I went to my room to do up some acid and giant caps and things in a package. As I was doing so a giant cap in my pocket exploded and tore one side of my coat out. I was afraid everybody in the hotel had heard the explosion. I waited a while, but there was no indication that any one had heard what had occurred in my room. I went down stairs and remained at the hotel until Monday, when I was arrested."

Are All Joint Routes.

Washington, June 6.—In a decision announced Wednesday, the Interstate Commerce Commission holds that practically all of the railroads in the United States are united as part routes over which through rates exist, even when no joint rate has been established. The decision deals with the movement of 10,000,000 pounds of sugar held in storage at Omaha, which was taken into that city before the existing tariff out of Omaha and to the east, went into effect.

An Ice House Burned.

Omaha, Neb., June 7.—The big ice house of the Swift Packing company at 14th and Manderson streets, containing 8,000 tons of ice, was totally destroyed by fire late Wednesday. The loss is about \$75,000. The cause of the fire is not known.

Engineers Will Buy Canal Supplies.

Washington, June 7.—Indications are that the vacancy in the isthmian canal commission, caused by the early retirement of Purchasing Agent Ross has not been filled. Secretary Taft is considering a proposition which is believed to be strongly supported by Col. Goethals, the president of the commission to transfer to Gen. Mackenzie, chief of engineers, the responsibility for the purchase of all materials save food and hospital supplies, needed for the prosecution of the canal work.

French Seamen Return to Work.

Paris, June 7.—The seamen at practically all the ports of France Thursday morning obeyed the order of the national committee at Marseilles and returned to work.

with sawed off shot guns and infernal machines, as weapons the witness went on in the same quiet offhand manner that marked his demeanor



Harry Orchard.

Wednesday. His voice dropped to lower keys as the pitiful story of the long hunt for Steunenberg narrowed down to the last day and he told of the race from the hotel to the home to beat his victim with the death trap and the meeting in the evening gloom as the victim walked unconsciously to his doom. Through it all he winced his face and that was when the defense made him name his six sisters and his one brother and give their residences in Ontario and New York.

The defense fought the story with a multiplicity of objections and succeeded in heading off an attempt to tell the story of the murder of Arthur Collins and temporarily shutting out the contents of a telegram received and a telegram sent by Orchard after his arrest. But for the rest the state managed to get in its story intact.

The state Thursday began its corroboration of Orchard's confession tale by producing the lead casting of the Peabody bomb. Orchard identified it, swore that he brought it from Canyon City to Denver and then on to Wallace, where he gave it to a man named Cunningham. It was thrown into the river and the state promises to later prove its recovery.

There was a game precaution and the same armed guards Thursday to protect Orchard and the same courtroom scenes except that among the spectators the women to men were as two to one.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

Orchard finished his direct examination at 2:35 o'clock and the cross examination had only reached town to the Coeur d'Alene days of 1899 when the court rose. The cross examination was continued at 9 o'clock Friday.

OIL CAR BLOWN UP

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION OF GASOLINE AT REDDICK, ILL.

THREE PERSONS KILLED

Curiosity Leads Them to Approach Train, Bodies Blown to Atoms and Fragments are Blown Hundreds of Yards.

Three persons were killed at Reddick, Ill., by an explosion of a car loaded with gasoline. One of the men killed was Fred Hatting a barber of Reddick. The men, together with several other persons, were watching three freight cars burn that had become ignited from a hot box on one of the trucks. As the train neared the junction of the Chicago, Indiana & Southern railroad and the Wabash railroad, the car with the hot box was derailed. Two other cars loaded with oil were also dragged into the ditch and caught fire. Right next to these cars was another car loaded with gasoline which caught fire from sparks from the burning cars. A fearful explosion followed, which nearly broke all the windows in the village and demolished the chimneys of houses for miles around.

The three men killed, who were standing close to the gasoline car at the time were blown to atoms and the fragments of their bodies scattered for a hundred yards around.

Several other freight cars composing the train were burned up before they could be removed after the explosion.

The dead: F. W. HATTING, barber, Reddick, Ill. JOHN FRAZEE, Danville, Ill. AUSTIN STOCKTON, Danville, Ill.

Ten persons were injured more or less by the burning oil scattered in all directions by the explosion. Hal Dowell of Danville, the most seriously hurt, is not expected to live. The other nine injured are residents of Reddick and were able to walk to their homes unassisted. Sixteen cars in all were destroyed.

OBLIGED TO LOWER FLAGS

Confederate Veterans not Allowed to Enter Capitol Armed.

One hundred confederates from Tennessee carrying the stars and bars were denied admission to the United States capitol until they had lowered their flag and disarmed. The old soldiers came to Washington from Richmond and after visiting the white house marched down Pennsylvania avenue to the capitol. The capitol police informed them that they would be allowed admission to the capitol only as private citizens, and not as an organized body. Congressman John Wesley Gaines of Tennessee, who accompanied the veterans, entered protest.

The police insisted, however, that the veterans break ranks and disarm before entering the building. Finally this was done and the old soldiers were shown through the capitol.

The delegation was composed of Company A of Memphis and Company B and cavalry troop B of Nashville.

MANY CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Four Thousand Reported Killed in Chinese Earthquake.

The steamer Shawmut, arriving at Victoria, B. C., brought news of disastrous loss of life following an earthquake at Hsing Kiang, China. A telegram received from Peking by the Nishi Shimbun at Tokio shortly before the Shawmut sailed reported that 4,000 persons were crushed to death, a vast number of houses destroyed and many persons left starving. The empress dowager has telegraphed urgent instructions to the local governors to take measures to relieve the distress.

Knockout for Low Fares.

The supreme court of Ohio in a decision in the suit of the city of Cleveland against William Reynolds, gave a great victory for the Cleveland Consolidated Railways company and a blow at low fares. The case was brought in the circuit court of Cuyahoga county and involved the validity of the street car franchises on Erie and Central avenues. The circuit court upheld the validity of the franchises of the Consolidated company and the supreme court sustained the circuit court, thus invalidating the low fare franchises.

Fatalities in a Collision.

At Birmingham, Ala., a street car ran into a train loaded with pots full of molten metal at 1:30 o'clock, which set the car on fire and entirely consumed it. Several persons are said to have been burned to death.

Passenger Train Derailed.

A Chicago Great Western passenger train, westbound, was derailed six miles west of Dubuque, Ia. Five persons were injured. Spreading rails are supposed to have caused the mishap.

Will Entertain Mark Twain.

Mark Twain has accepted the invitation of the Pilgrims society of London to entertain him at luncheon June 25. Mr. Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland will preside and many notable persons will be present.

Edna May Is Married.

Edna May, the American actress, was married in London at the registry office at Windsor to Oscar Lewysohn, son of Adolph Lewysohn of New York, in the presence of a few relatives and intimate friends. The honeymoon will be spent in a motoring tour on the continent.

Passed Over Mayor's Veto.

By a vote of 116 to 11 the New York assembly re-passed over Mayor McClellan's veto the public utilities bill. It now goes to the senate.

FOUR ARE DROWNED IN LAKE

Tragic Ending of a Joyous Fishing Party in Holt County.

A fishing party had a sad and tragic ending at Wunder's lake, eight miles southeast of Page, the first station east of O'Neill, Neb., on the Great Northern railway, June 6. Four persons were drowned by a boat capsizing. The dead: CLINTON SAMSON, aged forty-four years. MORRIS SAMSON, aged twenty months. MRS. BLANCHE TRACY, aged thirty years. MISS ALICE DUNN, aged twenty years.

A party of about thirty people living in the vicinity of Page went to the lake in the forenoon to spend the day fishing. The accident happened about noon, when a boatload of six persons started out on the lake and went down only about twenty feet from the bank. Two of the party, Mrs. Samson, wife of the man drowned, and H. W. Tracy, husband of one of the women, were gotten out by the aid of fish poles. The bodies of the drowned were fished out with hooks and lines shortly after they sank.

A physician was summoned from Ewing and every effort made to resuscitate them, but of no avail. The water is about eighteen feet deep where the boat capsized. The bodies were taken to their homes some three or four miles northeast of Page, and Coroner Flynn summoned from O'Neill. An inquest was held, the jury finding that the drowning was accidental, caused by the boat being too heavily loaded.

TUCKER SENT TO JAIL.

Judge Hook Finds Him Guilty of Contempt of Court.

Judge W. C. Hook, of the United States circuit court at Leavenworth, Kan., sentenced H. H. Tucker, Jr. the indicted secretary of the Uncle Same Oil company, to serve three months in the Leavenworth county jail for contempt of court, the contempt being a sensational affidavit filed by Tucker alleging a conspiracy between Federal Judges Pollock, McPherson and Phillips and the Standard Oil company to drive the Uncle Sam company out of business. Judge Hook delivered a terrific arraignment of Albert L. Wilson of Kansas City, who prepared the affidavit. He said the only purpose of filing the affidavit was to create a sensation in the papers and influence public sentiment. Hook declared there was no precedent for such an affidavit and the clerk of the court was criticised for placing it on file. It was stricken from the files by order of Judge Hook.

GOES OVER AN EMBANKMENT.

Fifty-seven People Injured in a Wreck in Tennessee.

Going at a speed of between twenty and thirty miles an hour, Southern passenger train No. 2, leaving Nashville at 10:30 a. m., plunged off a fifteen foot embankment at Black Branch, near Lebanon, Tenn., and thirty-three miles east of Nashville, injuring some fifty-seven people out of a cargo of sixty souls. The injured nearly all are residents of Tennessee. The injuries of only three were serious. It was stated that a spreading rail was the cause of the wreck.

FURNITURE DEALERS CAUGHT.

Nearly Two Hundred Indicted at Portland, Ore.

In the United States district court at Portland, Ore., indictments were returned against 180 furniture dealers in Oregon, Washington, Idaho and California for alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. The list includes every manufacturer and jobber in the states named and a large number of retail dealers.

Increase in Dividends.

The directors of the American Smelting and Refining company in New York voted to increase the quarterly dividend on the common stock to 2 per cent. This is an increase of one-fourth of 1 per cent per quarter, and if continued will place the common stock on an 8 per cent dividend basis as compared with 7 per cent in the past.

Turks Blow Up Boat.

A Turkish sailing vessel, loaded with contraband ammunition, and bound for Tripoli, was blown up in the vicinity of Port Zariiss. Her entire crew, as well as eighty fishermen who were alongside at the time, were drowned. The vessel had on board a number of rifles and 500 barrels of powder. It is believed the captain fired the vessel to avoid capture.

Kills Man and Himself.

At Ft. Smith, Ark., Leake McLean shot and killed Joseph Jefferys and then committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid. McLean was under bond for trial on a charge of attempting to kill Jefferys, who had married McLean's divorced wife.

Raspberry Growing.
By L. O. Williams, University Place.

Though not so popular as the strawberry, there is still an unsatisfied demand for the home grown raspberry on our local markets. Missouri and Kansas seemed to have the advantage of us in the readiness with which this berry is grown, and we have come to depend quite largely on these and other neighboring states for our supply.

There is no good reason, however, why eastern Nebraska should not grow more of this fruit, enough at least to supply the demand in our natural season. There will be the berries coming from farther south for the early supply, that will not compete with our home grown berries. There is a good field here, however, for commercial raspberry growing and also for more general planting of this fruit in the family fruit garden. One of the chief difficulties in the way of success with this fruit has been the tendency to winter injury of the bushes, and another cause is its being subject to drouth so that the berries cannot fill out to a marketable size. Both of these troubles may be largely overcome by the selection, first, of our hardiest and strong growing varieties; second, by the choice of a good deep, loamy, but well drained soil and third, by the practice of good tillage supplemented by one of mulch.

Taking up the question of varieties, I would say first, stick to the black caps closely, and their hybrids, the purple varieties. The reds are too much subject to both drouth and winter killing under our natural conditions to warrant their commercial growing. Those who have a special taste for the soft mild flavored red berries can gratify their ambition for growing this berry if they will select first a well sheltered location, one well protected by windbreaks, and then give good protection to the bushes over winter, covering partly with earth and then with straw. The blackcaps are more reliable both as to hardiness and in bearing habits—three or four times as many berries may be grown per acre from them as from the reds.

Among the blacks we have numerous varieties from which to select answering to different soils and seasons. The following varieties are recommended by our state horticultural society as adapted to most of our eastern fruit districts: Kansas and Palmer for early, Ohio and Cumberland for medium, Gregg and Nemaha for late, with Cardinal for late purple.

My choice out of this list would be this trio named in the order of their season: Kansas, Cumberland and Cardinal. These three cover the season from earliest to latest and are specially fitted for the wants of the family garden or the home market. The Kansas and Cumberland are true blackcaps and may be grown on a large scale for shipping to distant markets. The Cardinal is a purple berry partaking of the nature of the red varieties in texture and flavor and is too soft to bear shipping or carrying long distances to market.

The bushes of the Cardinal, like all the purples, follow the style of the blackcaps both as to manner of growth and propagation. It is an extra strong grower, standing up in the berry patch like Saul of Tarsus, weeks. Its flavor is a rich subacid—much like the reds in texture but more rich and juicy. It is a fine berry also for canning.

The Cumberland—While we reconsidering the individual merits of certain varieties we should make special mention also of the Cumberland. It is taking the lead among berry growers as the most productive and strong growing blackcap for eastern Nebraska.

The berry is the largest of its class as the bush will stand our winters—and summers also—as the best and hardiest of the blacks.

I have picked a quart to the bush for its first crop—the second season from planting—and it will produce a gallon to

the bush when in full bearing. An enthusiastic berry grower once told me that one bush of the Cardinal if it was trellised and given all the room it needed would furnish a family of three or four persons all the berries they would use on the table during its ripening season.

This statement would depend, of course, very much on the appetites of this family for berries. The season of the Cardinal is both late and long, extending for a period of about three head and shoulders above its companions, the blackcaps.

It excels many varieties of the blackcaps also in hardiness, coming through our most severe winters quite unharmed. In productivity also, it has no equal among its neighbors.

There are many failures in getting raspberry plants to grow due largely to a lack of knowledge of the habits of the bush. They are propagated by "tipping" which means that the ends of the young canes, as they reach maturity in the latter part of August or early in September, will take root at their tip ends when covered with a little earth. These newly formed plants or "tips" as they are often called, are taken up in the late fall or spring and set out into new fields.

As they are removed they are cut loose from the parent bush, and for convenience in handling them a section of the old cane is left attached merely as a handle.

The life of the new plant, however, lies in the root and its crown. At this crown (the junction of the old stem with the root) and, will be found a sprout—sometimes several of them—which must be made the basis of the new bush. Growth will often start from the old stem, or handle attached, and many amateur growers will look to this stem to make the new bush. This is a mistaken idea—the cause of many failures. The tips as they are planted out must be set so the crown will be two or three inches below the surface of the ground. Cover it lightly with soil so that this crown can push its new sprouts above ground, but press the earth firmly about the roots. Any growth that comes from the old stem should be discouraged. This stem in fact may better

be cut entirely away except that it serves as a guide to the location of the real plant or crown at its base. Many inexperienced planters will plunge the root (crown and all) down so deeply in the ground that this crown cannot find its way up. The planter, meanwhile is looking to the old stem for the coming bush and thus his work and watching is in vain. The new bush must start from the crown.

The more common way among commercial growers is to plant in rows six feet apart and three feet apart in the rows. This allows, eighteen square feet to each plant—requiring 2,400 plants per acre.

In the family garden where they are tended by the hoe altogether or by mulching, the bushes may be planted 3 1/2 or 4 feet each way. With such strong growing bushes as the Cardinal more space is required for each bush—4x8 feet being about right for commercial plantations.

When to plant is the concluding question. I have planted in the late fall after the young tips were well rooted with good results. In such plantings I cover the tips over deeply with earth or mulch and then remove the extra covering at starting time in the spring. In the spring I have planted both early and late, but where the plants are taken up from one field and removed to a near by place I prefer to wait until the tips are well started. The new growth may be up 6 or 8 inches high, and still be transplanted with perfect safety if the spade is used for digging and the earth clinging to the roots.

By removing these new tips thus, after the growth is well started, the planter can see at once where the crown of the plant lies, and can more readily determine the depth at which they should be set. A little more care is necessary for this late setting so as to avoid the breaking of the new sprouts, but they will, by careful handling, make a better growth and a better stand be secured than from the very early planting. The present season when the young growth has been cut back so frequently or held in check so long by the repeated freezes, the planting season may be prolonged with safety up to the first of June. Those who have neglected planting either may still take advantage of this late season for starting a plantation of both these desirable berries.

PALINDROMES.

Words and Phrases That Spell the Same Backward and Forward.

"There are in the English language certain words and sometimes whole sentences of which the letters composing them, taken either in direct or in reverse order, read the same. Such combinations are called palindromes, a name derived from two Greek words meaning to run again—that is, the letters run or read backward as well as forward.

"When the first man met the first woman—whose name, Eve, by the way, is a palindrome—he may have introduced himself to her thus: 'Madam, I'm Adam.' In this supposed case I assume that he spoke English and not a garden of Edenish dialect, and if my supposition be correct he made use of a palindromic expression.

"Among the simple words of this kind or instances of whole sentences are deed, defied, gog, Hannah, level, minim, redder, nun, repaper, revolver, rotator, sexes, shabs and tat. 'Was it a cat I saw?' is palindromic. "Barring the spelling the following sentence may be given: 'Lewd did I live & evil I did dwell.' Another example is, 'Deserts I desire not, so long no lost one rise distressed.' It is said that Napoleon was once asked whether he could have invaded England, when he replied, 'Able was I ere I saw Elba.' This is a good specimen of a palindrome, but of course the reply was never made, as he would have answered in French. Here is one in Latin, 'Subi dura a rudibus.' 'Endure hard things from the rude.'

"The following list of five words furnishes a remarkable combination of letters. With one exception they are all Latin words in good repute, and the letters are capable of many regular transformations:

**S A T O R
R E P O
T E N E T
O P E R A
R O T A S**

"The first letter of each word, read downward from the top of the list, spells the first word, and the second letter of each word, read in the same way, spells the second word, and so on through the list. Beginning at the top each word, read backward, spells the corresponding word in the list under it—that is, the top word spells the bottom word, the second word from the top spells the second word from the bottom, and so on. Again, beginning at the bottom of the list, the last letter of each word, read upward, spells the word at the top, and in the same way the second letter of each word spells the second word from the top, and so on through the list again."

Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, May 10, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Edward Sanders of Burwell Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17816 made August 13, 1902, for the west 1/4 northeast 1/4 and southeast 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 9, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on June 22, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Jacob Osantowski of Burwell, Nebraska. Nat D. Maxfield of Burwell, Nebraska. Clarence Jeffries of Burwell, Nebraska. John Dinnell of Burwell, Nebraska. Chas. F. Shedd, Register.



June Specials

OPENING OF HUNTLEY LANDS:

33,000 acres Government irrigated land near Billings, Montana, opened by Lottery system, June 24th; cheap excursion rates to register for these rich irrigated lands. Finest prizes yet offered by the Government. Cost approximately \$30.00 an acre, divided into ten yearly payments. Get details.

TO PACIFIC COAST:

Special low round trip California rates June 8th to 15th; June 22nd to July 5th. Also to Portland, Seattle and Spokane June 20th to July 15th. Daily low rate Coast tours commencing June 1st. Slightly higher via Shasta route.

GOOD CHANCES EASTWARD:

Daily low Jamestown Exposition rates with side trips available for New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Atlantic Coast resorts. Also July 8th to 9th very cheap to Saratoga with side trips to New York, also July 11th to 13th to Philadelphia.

BIG HORN BASIN:

We run personally conducted honeysuckers' excursions June 4th and 18th, under guidance of D. Clem Deaver, General Agent Land-seekers' Information Bureau. Round trip \$20.00.

Call or write for details
J. W. MOORHOUSE,
Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.
L. W. WARELY, G. P. A.,
Omaha, Nebraska

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL

of Chicago,
Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy,
Electric and General Medicine.

Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on

Friday, July 5



Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases,
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Gout, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co.,
Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill.
Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

We want your HOGS!

We have made arrangements with the trade at Portland, Oregon, to handle all of the

Light Hogs

we can ship them, and are now in the market for light hogs for western shipment. Call us up by phone or stop at our office and let us quote you top prices.

Blessing Bros.

Farmers' phone 25. Bell phone 42

Kansas Land

Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth land, from \$7 to \$12 per acre

One-fourth cash, the balance on four years' time.

Newbecker Land Co.,
GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

SEE HONNOLD & DAVIS FOR

Real Estate Insurance and 5% Loans

Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.

See our line of Fence Posts

A Straw Hat

wouldn't go bad now. We have an extra large line to select from, and are closing out the bulk of them at cheap prices.

We have just received a line of Ladies' White Duck Hats—just the thing for warm weather. All prices and all shapes.

Frank Dworak

First National Bank

Ord, Nebraska

Capital \$70,000.00
Surplus and Profits 50,000.00

We take this means of calling your attention to our bank and its management, trusting we may receive your favorable consideration, when you have any banking business to transact.

A review of our history since organization, we think is sufficient guarantee that your interests will be safely guarded.

Our continued and rapid increase in business and number of depositors, is taken by us as an indication that we are pleasing the public with our business methods.

We will be pleased to have you deposit your money with us and we will take pleasure in extending you the advantages consistent with sound banking.

Peter Mortensen, President
E. M. Williams, Cashier

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D.
Office over post office, Phone 116
ORD - NEBRASKA

C. J. MILLER, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Office and residence phone 41
ORD, NEBRASKA

R. L. STAPLE,
Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor.
Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds.
ORD, NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS
...Undertaking...
Licensed Embalmer.
Residence Phone 74. ORD, NEB
Store Phone 82.

DR. GEO. W. TAYLOR
Dentist
Office over First National Bank
Office Phone 24. Residence Phone 274

Dr. F. D. HALDEMAN,
Physician & Surgeon,
Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 158,
ORD, NEBRASKA

CLEMENS BROS.,
Lawyers.
Office in Misko Block,
North Side of Square.
ORD, NEBRASKA

M. M. Newbecker, M. D.
Office Phone 83 Res. Phone 94
ORD, NEBRASKA

A. M. ROBBINS
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE
Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties.
ORD, NEBRASKA

C. D. BUNDY, M. D.
Successor to
Chester A. Brink
Calls answered night and day
Office and resident phone 46

\$51.85

to **California** and return

This is your opportunity to make the trip to San Francisco and Los Angeles, at this remarkable low rate.

EVERY DAY

June 8 to 15, and June 22 to July 5

round-trip tickets will be on sale to above points. These tickets are good in either Pullman palace or tourist sleeping cars and offer all the advantages of the

Through Train Service

VIA

UNION PACIFIC

For full information inquire of

F. R. FRICK



Health Hints for Women

Present Pace Too Fast for Average Woman's Physique—Famous German Authority Advises Daily Ten Minute Bath—Two-Mile Walk Every Day Should Keep One in Condition—“Red” Meat Only Twice a Week—Little Nourishment in Bread and Potatoes—Drink Two Quarts of Water a Day.

(Miss Elizabeth G. Jordan, editor of Harper's Bazar, formerly held a prominent position on the staff of a New York newspaper. She is the author of a number of popular books including "Tales of the Cloister" and "May Iverson, Her Book." She was born in Milwaukee.)

In reading from month to month the great mass of material on the subject of women which appears in the various periodicals the writer of this paper has been struck by one extraordinary fact. The topic of health—most important to women and of vital interest to them—is rarely touched upon. Women's achievements in every line of art and industry are admirably set forth. Experts advise them along the lines of their professions and ambitions, but rarely does a great doctor lift his voice in the friendly warning so many of them need.

Every one knows that the ideal physical life is the life lived out of doors in the sunshine and fresh air. But women who work need a compromise between this ideal system and the dull routine into which they so readily fall. Every woman needs to know, not "What is the best hygienic system for me to follow?" but, "What is the best system to which I can adapt my daily life, with its exacting in the way of indoor confinement and sedentary occupations? How can I get myself and keep myself in such condition that nerves and body are more than equal to the strain I must put upon them?" For women should have more than the power to endure grimly. They should have the robust health, the cool and steady nerves that give zest to mere physical existence.

To begin, then, with the morning bath—the function with which every woman should begin her day as regularly as she leaves her bed. More nonsense has been written about the bath than about any other hygienic topic. Women have been advised to take ice-cold baths, cold sprays, hot plunges and cold packs. Again, some doctors have protested against the bath habit, urging women to confine themselves to one bath a week and thus avoid the drain on the vitality which a daily bath entails. In answer to all this hear the words of one of the greatest physicians in Germany when a distinguished American woman consulted him:

"Madam," said he, after the history of her nervous breakdown had been modestly related, "you do not bathe enough. Do not be indignant; the falling is a national one. The Americans talk a great deal about their baths, but they do not take them daily. Every human being who is up and about should get into a bathtub once a day and stay there ten minutes. Take your bath in the morning, immediately after rising. Have the temperature of the water 98 degrees exactly—neither more nor less. This is the normal temperature of the blood. See that the temperature of the room is the same. Never get into a cold bath on rising. Cold baths have killed thousands. Lie in your bath of 98 degrees; get down into the tub; immerse the body thoroughly; the warm water on the surface of the body has an excellent effect on the mucous membrane throughout. Then, little by little, lower the temperature and finish your bath with a cold rubbing down, if you wish. The blood called to the surface of the body by the warm water is then ready for the shock. It is not ready for that when you first awake."

Marital Happiness. Those are the three important elements necessary to happiness in marriage, says Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

Wanted a Continuance. A western senator, generally esteemed as one of the ablest lawyers at the north end of the capitol, enjoys telling of an experience of his early days at the bar in Chicago which showed that he did not then enjoy the reputation he now holds.

"I was retained by an old Irishwoman," says the senator, "to defend her only boy, charged with housebreaking. Shortly after the beginning of legal proceedings against the boy, I received a message from the old lady to meet her on a pressing business. When we met, she rushed up to me, and in an excited voice exclaimed: "I want ye to get a continuance for me by."

"Very well, madam," was my reply; "I will do so, if I can; but it will be necessary to present to the court some grounds for a remand. What shall I say?" "Sure," responded the old lady, "ye can just tell the court that I want a continuance till I can get a better lawyer for the boy."—Sunday Magazine.

"That advice," said the American woman to the writer, "cost me over \$1,500, and it was worth it. Pass it on to others for what it will be to them. I was under that physician's charge six weeks. I went to him a wreck and came away cured. He gave me no medicine. His remedy was that daily bath, followed by a gentle massage. I now take both as regularly as I eat my breakfast and I attribute my perfect health to them."

The question of exercise is of the utmost importance. A walk of two miles a day in the fresh air should keep one in the good condition, with the additional moving about that is done in the usual routine. If, for any reason, this walk is not practicable, the windows should be thrown wide open and one should practice faithfully for at least ten minutes night and morning the ordinary calisthenic exercises with which every one is more or less familiar. Special attention should be given to breathing exercises—drawing in ten or 20 long, deep breaths and exhaling them again slowly.

Every one realizes the value of this as an aid to health. We all know that to flush the lungs with pure air is as necessary as to bathe the body. Yet not one woman in 20,000 makes a habit of the exercise. One need not make elaborate preparations for it. It should be done immediately after arising, before putting on corsets, and in a room which has been freshly aired, but it can also be done at any time during the day and in any place where the air is pure and the seeker after health is free from curious and interested observation.

With baths, proper clothing, fresh air and exercise comes the problem of food—a most vital one and bearing more than any other on the general health of the individual. Here again eminent authorities fiercely disagree. But out of the smoke of battle one big truth is rising—the general acknowledgment by the best physicians that we all eat too much meat. In recent years one of England's greatest specialists has expressed the theory that the alarming increase of cancer in that country is due in large part to the increased consumption of meat. In cases of gout, rheumatism and kindred diseases arising from the presence of uric acid in the system, meat is stricken from the patient's dietary as a recognized factor in the cause. According to the new theories, no one should eat meat more than once a day. "Red" meat—roast beef, steak, chops, steaks, should not be indulged in more than twice a week. All kinds of fish and game may be eaten, especially the white meat of chicken and turkey. The dark meat is rich and not especially wholesome.

Another good old friend that must go, according to the twentieth-century verdict, is bread. Fresh bread has always been an abomination in the doctor's sight. Now even stale white bread is relegated to the background. A number of the best physicians advocate eating bread which has been baked in the oven and then toasted. Toasting alone is no longer sufficient. As this injures the complexion, it will not be popular among women. Nevertheless, as there is little nourishment in white bread and it simply a tax on the digestive organs, thoughtful men and women are eliminating it from the daily menu and substituting crackers or the various health breads. Potatoes share the unpopularity of bread. Like it, they contain little nourishment and make special demands on the digestive apparatus.

Eliminating bread, meat and potatoes from the daily menu seems like a sweeping revolution. But it is surprising to see how much that is good and nourishing is left. And one of the pleasant discoveries in life is the revelation to each individual of how easy it is to change and modify the diet. A few weeks of accidental abstention and the victory is won for all time. One loses surprisingly soon a taste for dishes that were once thought indispensable.

The whole matter can perhaps be summed up in the words of a woman, who is in great demand as a physical trainer for eastern society women. "As to diet," she says, "no meat, no bread, no potatoes, no coffee, tea, alcohol or sweets."

"Two quarts of hot water every day."

"Eight hours of sleep for every one; more in certain cases where the individual must decide."

"A tub bath every day."

"Fresh air in the living and sleeping rooms."

And she should add, an optimistic spirit and a contented mind. But perhaps she made the omission wisely. For what more natural than a sound mind in a sound body? And what more easy than to be optimistic when mind and soul are well and the strings in one's harp of life are in tune with nature's orchestra?

AN OLD EDITOR
Found \$2000 Worth of Food.

The editor of a paper out in Okla. said: "Yes, it is true when I got hold of Grape-Nuts food, it was worth more than a \$2000 doctor bill to me, for it made me a well man. I have gained 25 pounds in weight, my strength has returned tenfold, my brain power has been given back to me, and that is an absolute essential, for I am an editor and have been for 35 years."

"My pen shall always be ready to speak a good word for this powerful nutritive food. I had of course often read the advertisements regarding Grape-Nuts, but never thought to apply the food to my own use, until, in my extremity and sickness the thought came to me that it might fit my case. The statements in regard to the food are absolutely correct, as I have proven in my own case. One very fortunate thing about the food is that while it is the most scientifically made and highly nourishing, concentrated food I have ever known, it has so delicious a taste that it wins and holds friends." "There's a Reason." Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

68, BUT PERFECTLY WELL.

The Happy Experience of a New Castle, Pa., Woman.

Mrs. John Mansell, 614 So. Jefferson St., New Castle, Pa., says: "For years I was running down with kidney trouble without knowing what it was, and finally got so bad I was given up. The urinary passages were painful, sometimes so painful, and again very profuse. My limbs, feet and ankles bloated dreadfully, and sometimes my whole body. My heart palpitated and I had smothering spells. A week's treatment with Doan's Kidney Pills helped me, and a few boxes cured me. At 63 I am strong and well."

Sold by all dealers, 50 cents a box, Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

WOULD GATHER THEM ALL IN.

Minister's Methods Likely to Attract Large Congregation.

A resident of Hudson, Wis., was deploring the resignation of Senator Spooner. "The senate can't afford to lose a mind like that," he said. "I know the man well. He practiced law in this town for 15 years or thereabouts. He won every case he set his hand to. It was no surprise to us Hudsonites to find that John C. Spooner was the finest legal mind in the senate. When he had a case on, we used to go in droves to hear him plead."

"I remember to this day a story that he once told in court in a case where he was showing how, with a good motive, one might still do a lot of harm."

"He said that two aged Scotch ministers sat talking one day over their church warden's pipes. "Last Sabbath," said the younger of the two old men, "only three folk came to my kirk, and since it was an awful cold, snaw, stormy mornin', I just took them over to the manse, read a chapter, gied them a prayer, and then, to ward off the rheumatism, a guid stiff glass of the best whisky."

"The other minister smiled. "Aweel," he said, "ye will have a fine congregation, my brither, the next stormy day."

CHOICE OF TWO EVILS.

Request That Was by No Means a Compliment for Papa.

A New York scientist, the father of a large and growing family, has his troubles. One evening his youngest was holding forth in her best style. The mother could do nothing with the child, so the man of science went to the rescue. "I think I can quiet little Flora," he said. "There's no use humming to her in that silly way. What she wants is real music. The fact that I used to sing in the Glee club at Yale and sang well, too, may make a difference."

Accordingly, the professor took the child and, striding up and down the room, sang in his best manner. He had not finished the second verse of his song, when a ring was heard. The door was opened, and there stood a girl of 14, who said:

"I'm one of the family that's just moved into the flat next to yours. There's a sick person with us, and he says, if it's all the same to you, would you mind letting the baby cry instead of singing to it?"—Success.

Corporations Oust Miners.

The Klondike proper—that is, that portion of the Yukon territory in the vicinity of Dawson—as far as the individual miner is concerned, is on a rapid decline owing to the immense area of ground being acquired by dredging companies. One company alone has purchased nearly all the placer ground on the three principal creeks, namely: Bonanza, Eldorado and Hunker, and has bonded considerably more on Dominion and other creeks for various reasons. Where formerly hundreds of miners were working for wages or working their own ground, thus creating a demand for provisions, clothing, machinery, hardware, etc., and the transportation from Dawson to the different mining operations, now dredges are either operating or in course of construction. Consular Reports.

Wants the Rod Restored.

The Shanghai Times editor says: The jail has been well administered, but is fuller than it should be, due, I fear, to the abolition of the cangue and bamboo. The ordinary criminal has no great objection to repeated short visits to the jail, but shrinks from a reputation of corporal punishment. Punishment with the bamboo is in vogue throughout China, and here only has it by special edict been abolished. We deprecate the Chinese authorities making this settlement a field for experiment, and will press for the reintroduction of this salutary method of punishment.

AN OLD EDITOR

Found \$2000 Worth of Food.

The editor of a paper out in Okla. said: "Yes, it is true when I got hold of Grape-Nuts food, it was worth more than a \$2000 doctor bill to me, for it made me a well man. I have gained 25 pounds in weight, my strength has returned tenfold, my brain power has been given back to me, and that is an absolute essential, for I am an editor and have been for 35 years."

"My pen shall always be ready to speak a good word for this powerful nutritive food. I had of course often read the advertisements regarding Grape-Nuts, but never thought to apply the food to my own use, until, in my extremity and sickness the thought came to me that it might fit my case. The statements in regard to the food are absolutely correct, as I have proven in my own case. One very fortunate thing about the food is that while it is the most scientifically made and highly nourishing, concentrated food I have ever known, it has so delicious a taste that it wins and holds friends." "There's a Reason." Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

PAT SET ONLY ONE LIMIT.

Would Quit When He Was Done With All Things Earthly.

A rich man out in the suburbs who owns a large place has among his many people employed to keep it in shape an Irishman of whom he is particularly fond on account of his unobtrusive wit, says Harper's Weekly. This Irishman is something of a hard drinker, and, as his income is limited, he is more particular as regards the quantity than the quality of his liquors. The other day the employer, who had been awaiting a good opportunity, remarked in a kind tone, as the closing sentence of a friendly lecture:

"Now, Pat, how long do you think you can keep on drinking this cheap whiskey?" To which Pat instantly replied: "All my life, if it doesn't kill me."

EZEMA COVERED BABY.

Worst Case Doctors Ever Saw—Suffered Untold Misery—Perfect Cure by Cuticura Remedies.

"My son, who is now twenty-two years of age, when four months old began to have eczema on his face, spreading quite rapidly, until he was nearly covered. The eczema was something terrible, and the doctors said it was the worst case they ever saw. At times his whole body and face were covered, all but his feet. I used many kinds of patent medicines, to no avail. A friend teased me to try Cuticura. At last I decided to try Cuticura when my boy was three years and four months old, having had eczema all that time and suffering untold misery. I began to use all three of the Cuticura Remedies. He was better in two months; in six months he was well. Mrs. R. L. Risley, Plimpton, N. H., Oct. 24, 1905."

Wonderful Engineering Work.

The admirable accuracy of the work of civil engineers of the best class is shown in the wonderfully slight deviation of the great Simpson tunnel from the calculations of the men who planned it and executed the work. The tunnel is 12 1/2 miles long. It proved 31 inches longer than it was expected to be. When the two headings came together in the depths of the mountain their levels were less than 3/4 inches apart.

With a smooth iron and Defiance Starch, you can launder your shirt waist just as well at home as the steam laundry can; it will have the proper stiffness and finish, there will be less wear and tear of the goods, and it will be a positive pleasure to use a Starch that does not stick to the iron.

Amendment Not Accepted.

Mrs. Jagaway—I wish I knew where my husband was. Mrs. Kawler—You mean, I presume, that you wish you knew where your husband is? Mrs. Jagaway—No, I don't. I know where he is. He's up in his room, sleeping off a headache.

Flow's This?

We offer our standard Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly capable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is sold by all druggists and dealers. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Bibulous.

"He has his faults, of course," said the friend, "but he is an ambitious poet. He would servey the muses all his life."

"Very likely," replied the critic. "But he makes the mistake of supposing that Bacchus is one of the muses." By following the directions, which are plainly printed on each package of Defiance Starch, Men's Collars and Cuffs can be made just as stiff as desired, with either gloss or domestic finish. Try it, 16 oz. for 10c, sold by all good grocers.

Whole Outfit in Harmony.

"You've seen that new dress of mine," said Miss Dowdy, "now that I want to get a hat to match what would you suggest?" "Why not get a slouch?" remarked Miss Knox.

It Cures While You Walk.

Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for hot, sweating, callous, and swollen, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Same Species.

"Did you ship that load of elephants' ears to the forist on the suburban express?" "No; I thought it would be more in order to send them on the trunk line."

WON FURLOUGH FOR JEEMS.

Artless Appeal That Touched the Heart of Jefferson Davis.

Humor lightens everything, even grim war. Jefferson Davis, with all the weight of a losing cause on his shoulders, could yet spare time to appreciate and respond to an artless appeal. The incident is related by Capt. Sutherland. Among the numerous papers received by the confederate president, the following figured up one day:

"Dear Mr. President—I want you to let Jeems C. of Co. out, 5th South Carolina Regiment, come home and get married. Jeems is willin', but Jeems' Capt'n he ain't willin'. Now when we all are willin' 'cept Jeems' Capt'n, I think you might let up and let Jeems come. I'll make him go straight back when he's done got married and fight hard as ever."

"Your affectionate friend," and so forth. Mrs. Davis, telling the story, adds that Mr. Davis wrote his directions in regard to the matter on the back of the letter. They were:

"Let Jeems go."—Youth's Companion.

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

The Business Instinct.

A party of tourists were visiting the ancient landmarks of England, according to a writer in the New Orleans Times-Democrat, and their guide was supplying them with valuable historic facts.

"This tower," he remarked, "goes back to William the Conqueror."

"Why, what's the matter?" inquired one of his listeners. "Isn't it satisfactory?"

What He Would Have Done.

Wilhelm—Well, old man, I haven't seen you for an age. And how do you find matrimony suits you? Johann (sighing)—It's an expensive joy, if I have only known what I had to pay in milliners' bills! Wilhelm—You would have remained single, eh? Johann—No, I would have married the milliner.—Lustige Blatter.

Levis' Single Binder straight 5c.

Many smokers prefer them to 10c cigars. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Some men try to convince you that they are good by boasting of how bad they used to be.

600 DROPS CASTORIA

ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT. Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic. NOT NARCOTIC. Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP. For Simile Signature of Dr. J. C. FLETCHER NEW YORK. 35 DROPS FOR 35 CENTS. Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 NUBBART STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 NUBBART STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Improve Your Baking

K C Baking Powder will do it! Get a can. Try it for your favorite cake. If it doesn't raise better, more evenly, higher, —if it isn't daintier, more delicate in flavor, —we return your money. Everybody agrees K C has no equal.



KC BAKING POWDER
The United States Pure Food Law insures its purity.

5 reasons for eating

Quaker Wheat Berries

The newest thing in cereal foods
Whole grains of wheat puffed and baked

- 1 Flavor—in it, not sprayed on it
- 2 Takes less cream, tastes better with less
- 3 All the strength of whole wheat
- 4 Economy—10¢ for 2 quarts, 1¢ a dish
- 5 Wholesome, the more the better for children

Large package 10 cents

The Quaker Oats Company

Remember, when you buy oatmeal that the family packages of Quaker Oats contain the largest and best assortment of dishes for your table—fine American china

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Is acknowledged to be the most successful remedy in the country for those painful ailments peculiar to women.

For more than 30 years it has been curing Female Complaints, such as Inflammation, and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and consequent Spinal Weakness, Backache, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life. Records show that it has cured more cases of Female Ills than any other remedy known.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound dissolves and expels Tumors at an early stage of development. Dragging Sensations causing pain, weight, and headache are relieved and permanently cured by its use. It corrects Irregularities or Painful Functions, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility; also, Dizziness, Faintness, Extreme Lassitude. "Don't care and want to be left alone" feeling, Irritability, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Flatulency, Melancholia or the "Blues." These are sure indications of female weakness or some organic derangement.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a most excellent remedy.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. for advice. She is the Mrs. Pinkham who has been advising sick women free of charge for more than twenty years, and before that she assisted her mother-in-law Lydia E. Pinkham in advising. Thus she is well qualified to guide sick women back to health. Her advice is free and always helpful.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

MINNESOTA-HEALTH AND INDEPENDENCE

Why not sell where you are. Bank some of your profits for income and take up a new home, and start the boys too. Fine water; beautiful lakes; quick, fertile soil, fine climate. 35,000 acres. Farm any size. Title absolute. Investigate anywhere before buying. Write for maps and truthful representations. Address ROGER C. SPOONER, Pres. Donald L. & L. Co., Bemidji, Minn.

FARMS THAT GROW U. S. NAVY

"NO. 1 HARD" WHEAT

Sixty-three Pounds to the Bushel (to the Bushel). Are situated in the Canadian West where Home-Steeds of 160 acres can be obtained free by every settler willing and able to comply with the Homestead Regulations. During the present year a large portion of

New Wheat Growing Territory

HAS BEEN MADE ACCESSIBLE TO MARKETS BY THE RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION that has been pushed forward so vigorously by the three great railway companies.

For literature and particulars address SUPER-INTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or the following authorized Canadian Government Agent: W. V. BENNETT, 801 New York Life Building, Omaha, Nebraska.

DAISY FLY KILLER

For killing flies, mosquitoes, and other insects. Sold by all dealers. Price 10c per bottle. 100 for \$1.00. W. V. Bennett, Omaha, Neb.

DEFIANCE STARCH

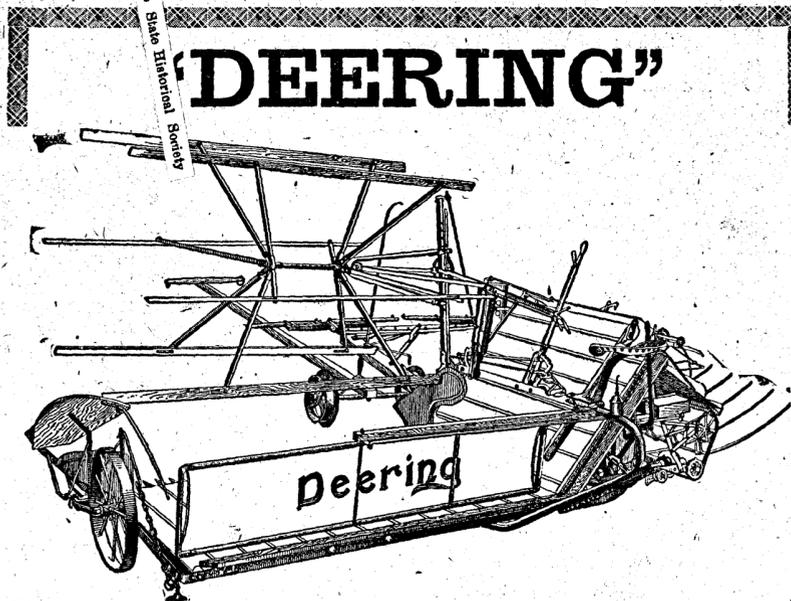
16 ounces to the package. Other starches only 12 ounces—same price and quality. Thompson's Eye Water

THE ORD QUIZ.

Established April 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Thursday, June 20, 1907.

Vol. 6, No. 20



When you see "Deering" on Machinery or Twine you know it is the BEST.

Remember ours is the only place in Ord that you can buy the DEERING BINDER, MOWER, STACKER and the DEERING BINDER TWINE. Just received a car load of Deering twine direct from the mills.

See the MIDLAND STACKER before you buy

A "MALLEABLE" Steel Range will make the wire happy.

The name "MALLEABLE" stands for the best made.

Wm H Moses' service on board 34 25
 V H Earnest, one day and mileage as Talsman jury 2 10
 Earnest Bros., alfalfa seed, nails 38 37
 J H Eyerly, 2 teams used by Sutton 4 50
 H M Davis, supplies & printing 57 23
 George K. Fish, refunding poll tax 3 00
 T E Flakus, election services 4 00
 D O Franzen, jury services 19 00
 N S Fisher, " 12 50
 J W Gregory, services on board 47 30
 W B Green, assessing Independent twp 90 80
 J D Green, jury services, \$17.40 allowed 15 60
 H Gudmundsen, judge and sheriff fees in criminal cases 24 00
 Raymond Gass, plumbing in court house 7 00
 H Gudmundsen, posts criminal case 6 05
 H Gudmundsen, express and stamps 3 00
 H C Hagemeler, assessing Yale twp 67 70
 Hammond & Stephens Co., supplies 47 15
 O O Hawthorne, jury services 4 50
 O H Hagemeler, asst. county surveyor 7 75
 O H Hagemeler services, board 31 90
 H D Henck, committing prisoners to jail 1 00
 E L Johnson, services, bailiff 12 00
 E L Johnson, attending dist. court 9 days 18 00
 J T Johnson, supplies 14 90
 O L Kokes, assessing Michigan twp 92 60
 Tom Kaputka, witness, Adam Maslonka case 3 40
 Klapp & Bartlett Co., supplies 1 75
 John Kokes, assessing Noble twp 87 40
 Albert Strathdee, assessing Arcadia twp 155 40
 G W Sheppard, election service 4 00
 L H Sheppard, refunding poll tax 3 00
 Rudolph Sorensen, Nebr State Board of Health 7 60
 S J Shirley, assessing Ord twp 220 00
 A Sutton, sheriff, arrest of prisoners 17 50
 A Sutton, sheriff, serving road notices 21 75
 A Sutton, sheriff, board prisoners and jailors fees 136 75
 Frank Stewart, guarding prisoners 2 00
 Rudolph Sorensen, services as clerk board of insanity 14 50
 Fred Strathdee, salary 1907 450 00
 A Sutton, salary April and May 166 66
 O O Rowell, services on board 18 80
 A Sutton, attendance at court 30 00
 Frank Trump, assessing Davis Creek twp 84 80
 W V Toops, refunding poll tax rejected 3 00
 W E Waterman, jury services 5 80
 Rhoda Weaver, refunding taxes 5 31
 W O Waters, election services 4 00
 J S Wheeler, jury services 11 80
 H Westover, services on bd. of insanity 9 00
 Alvin Woody, assisting surveyor 3 25
 A Sutton, boarding prisoners 2 00
 N M Cruikshank, labor on Arcadia bridge 6 00
 Canton Bridge Co., bridge work 1161 50
 referred to full board 1161 50
 Cornell Bros, paint river bridge 57 70
 H T McClellan, bridge work 9 00
 E L Morgan, painting river bridge, laid over 107 20
 G W Scott, work on bridge 9 00
 The claims for hunting and capturing burglars were referred to full board.
 W. H. Moses, Signed Com. C. C. Rowell, M. E. McClellan.
 On motion the report was adopted and warrants ordered drawn for the several claimants.
 On motion the claim of E. L. Morgan for \$107.20 was laid over. The claim of Ord Drainage company for \$25 referred to the county attorney for investigation.
 Claim of Canton Bridge Co., due July 1, \$1161.50, laid over.
 On motion claims for capturing burglars were allowed on general fund as follows:
 W F Adamek \$ 6 00
 Jake Cernik 2 00
 Aug Eisele 2 00
 J H Eyerly 6 00
 George Hise 3 00 2 00
 John Kokes 4 00
 Jchn H Luke 6 00
 John Mach 5 00
 Henry M Mattley 10 00 6 00
 T Rockhold 4 00
 Frank M Norman 6 00
 B Sorensen 5 00
 John W Simpkins 6 00
 O E Wozniak 3 00 2 00
 On motion Dr. C. D. Bundy was appointed coroner to fill unexpired term of Dr. Brink.
 The report of committee on official bonds was read as follows:
 June 14, 1907.
 To the honorable board of supervisors.
 Gentlemen:—Your committee on official bonds would report

the following bonds approved:
 J. A. Braden, township clerk, Yale township.
 Benson Aldrich, overseer district number 32.
 C. D. Bundy, coroner.
 George Smith, overseer district number 21.
 Frank Jaruesek, overseer district number 7.
 Jake Peterson, overseer district number 17.
 Louis Bremer, treasurer Enterprise township.
 R. N. Bee, constable North Loup township.
 Jonh O'Conner, overseer district number 15.
 J. W. Vancleave, justice of the peace Liberty township.
 T. J. Thompson, overseer district number 24.
 John Boettger, clerk of Davis Creek township.
 F. B. Robbins, soldiers' relief commission.
 Respectfully,
 J. W. Gregory,
 O. H. Hagemier,
 E. H. Stacy.

On motion the report was adopted.
 On motion, the county treasurer was instructed to transfer the following sums of money to the general fund. Road district fund \$184.54, county road fund \$1548.19.
 The following report was made by Mr. McClellan:
 Ord, Nebr., June 13, 1907
 To honorable board of supervisors of Valley county.
 Gentlemen:—I beg leave to report the disposition of the old lumber from the bridge across Mira Creek on the north line of section 6-18-13 as follows: 43 plank were used on floor of bridge across Mira Creek on section 33-18-13. Four 4x12, 30 feet long and one 4x12, 20 feet long were used to repair bridge across McDowell canyon on north line section 14-18-13. I sold twenty 3x12, 16, nine 2x12-14 and one 4x12-30 to Paddock Bros. for \$8.50 which I turned over to the county treasurer. I have four 4x12-30, seven 3x12-20, four 4x12-15, seven pieces cedar piling about 11 feet long and four truss rods in my possession good enough to be used in repair work. I would recommend that the four 4x12-30 with truss rods be placed in bridge across Messenger creek to strengthen same.
 Respectfully submitted,
 M. E. McClellan.
 On motion the report was adopted.
 On motion Mr. McClellan was instructed to re-plank the Burgess bridge near North Loup when he deems it necessary.
 On motion the chairman was authorized to purchase floor planks for bridges from Burke & Clements, at \$30.50 per thousand.
 On motion the board adjourned sine die.
 Rudolph Sorensen, County Clerk.

If You Appreciate Promptness and good, reliable work, you will bring me your watch and clock. No matter how small the job, it will receive our prompt attention at a reasonable charge.

PARKIN S
 In the New Quiz Building.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Having sold our stock of China, Glassware, Toys and Notions to J. C. Rogers, we want to thank our many customers for their valued patronage, and ask for your continued patronage in behalf of Mr. Rogers.
 We still retain our music business, and after Monday, June 17, you will find us located in the building being moved just north of Stover's.
 Our aim is to devote our entire time to our Piano and Organ business, Owing to the fact that our piano business has required so much time, we deemed it best to dispose of our other stock.
 We will carry a complete stock of music goods, and give our very low prices as heretofore.
 We will be pleased to meet all of our old customers and many new ones.

A. C. JOHNSON & CO.

LOUP VALLEY CHAUTAUQUA

Ord, Nebraska, July 13-21, 1907
GET YOUR TICKET NOW!
 Think of eighteen superb, high-grade entertainments for a fraction over 10 cts. a number.

Senator J. W. Dolliver, one of the greatest orators in America.
 Congressman Adam Bede, the humorist of the House.
 Congressman Camp Clark, the Missouri wit and philosopher,
 Rev. Mgr. J. Henry Thien, member of the Papal Council, the most eloquent catholic prelate in the world.
 Dr. James Montgomery, the return data man.
 Dr. Otterbien Smith, lecturer extraordinary.
 Dr. Phil Baird, a great platform favorite.
 Caveney, the cartoonist.
 Eldridge, the man of many faces.
 The American Vitagraph Company, the moving picture experts
 The Royal Hungarian Orchestra.
 The William Dixie Singers.
 The New Wesleyans, and many others.

Important Announcement!
 Owing to the desire of the management to provide for the thousands of purchasers of single admission tickets upon special days, only six hundred season tickets, in addition to the five hundred already sold will be issued. You must secure your season tickets now.
 Adult season ticket - - - \$2.00
 Children under 14 years - - - 1.25
 Send all orders to
MASON M. EATON, Ord, Nebraska
 Orders may also be left or telephoned to the office of Honnold & Davis.

How the Contestants are Coming

| Name | Res. | Votes |
|----------------|-------------|---------|
| ROXY AUBLE | Mira Valley | 257,500 |
| ADDIE HAUGHT | Springdale | 193,000 |
| MINNIE DONNELL | Arcadia | 53,500 |
| ADA DRAFER | No. Loup | 31,000 |
| BESSIE GRAY | Elyria | 10,500 |
| ANNA SLAVACEK | Elyria | 3,000 |

First Prize: A beautiful Hamilton Piano, purchased from A. C. Johnson & Co. and now on exhibit at their store.
Second Prize: A fine Gold Watch, from the stock of Geo. A. Parkins. The Parkins store only handles good ones, and this is one of the best.
Third Prize: A fine Dress Pattern. Your choice from the Mamie Siler big stock.
Fourth Prize: A dozen of the Mutter studio's best \$5.00 photographs. They are good ones.
Two Special Prizes: We want new subscribers and as a special inducement to contestants to secure them we will give to the one securing the largest number of new subscribers their choice of a Fifty-Dollar International Correspondence School certificate or Ten Dollars in Gold; the person getting the second largest number of new subscribers to have prize left after first prize winner's selection.

SUPERVISORS IN SESSION.
Adjourned January Meeting.
 Ord, Nebr., June 14, 1907.
 The board met at 9 o'clock a. m. Roll called; all members were present.
 Upon motion the county surveyor was instructed to survey the following roads:
 John F. C. Pederson road in Michigan township, also to perpetuate the old survey near Mr. Nels Jorgensen, on road number 140, where the road seems to be in dispute. Also the Martin Zimmerman road in Springdale township.
 In the matter of the application of Abraham Rowan for admission to the Nebraska Soldier's and Sailors' Home, at Grand Island, Nebr., the county board of this county, after due inquiry find that all the foregoing statements are true to the best of our knowledge and belief; that the above named applicant is known to us to be the identical person mentioned, that he has no property of record in this county, and that he is without means to support himself, except his pension.
 On motion the above application was granted.
 The resignation and report of Mr. N. K. Redlon on the Soldiers' Relief Commission was read.
 On motion the same was accepted, and Mr. F. B. Robbins was appointed to fill the vacancy of Mr. Redlon.
 On motion the sheriff's salary was fixed at \$1000 per annum and the mileage earned according to statute.
 On motion of Mr. McClellan, the minutes of the March 19, 1907 meeting were made to show that the signers of the O. Manchester road were resident electors, residing within 5 miles of the said road.

The following request was filed and read, signed by 40 electors, asking to reconsider the action taken on the O. Manchester road, as follows:
 To the Board of Supervisors of Valley County, Nebraska:—
 The undersigned electors ask that a public road purported to be established on March 19, 1907, commencing at the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of section 35 in township 17, north of range 18 west of the sixth principal meridian in Valley county, Nebraska running thence south on the half section line as near as practicable to the south line of said section be vacated. We live within five miles of said road.
 Further we state that we are signers on the petition for said road and understand that said road was ordered to be established on March 19, 1907, but not opened.
 We, therefore, ask that the board of supervisors in Valley county, Nebraska reconsider their action in regard to the establishment of said road and reject the petition and order said road not located, and that our names may be cancelled from said petition, and the road disallowed providing the damages allowed to Oliver Olson be returned to the county and his appeal dismissed.
 Signed by G. E. Manchester and thirty-nine others.
 The request was discussed at length, and the following motion by Mr. McClellan was made:
 Moved and seconded that the request of G. E. Manchester and others to reconsider the action on the O. Manchester road be rejected. The yeas and nays were called. Moses, nay; McClellan, Gregory, Hagemeler, Stacy and Bremer yes; Rowell being absent and not voting.
 The report of the committee

on claims was read as follows:
 General Fund Claims Allowed.
 A O O P, taxes, ref'd to full board \$ 55 03
 S J W Brown, hanging jail door 50
 L R Bright, salary, postage and express 88 50
 Burke & Clements, mose 8 40
 J A Braden, assisting surveyor 4 00
 J H Bradt, drayage 1 00
 Dr. Brink, services on insanity board 11 00
 Dr. Brink, medical services to prisoner 7 50
 Daniel Brennehan, jury services 15 00
 L R Bright, salary and postage 90 00
 L R Bright, salary 89 25
 J G Bremer, services on board 42 00
 Charles Cochran, witness Adam Maslonka case 3 00
 G G Clement, assessing Enterprise township 56 60
 J W Carcooski, services 4 00
 Chas Dalby, assessing Liberty township 83 60
 F J Dworak, overcharge on 1905 levy, laid over 8 10
 A M Daniels' lawn seats and anchor posts 43 75
 E E Davis, jury services 19 60
 Elmer King, assessing Springdale township 66 60
 Tom Kaputka, witness Adam Maslonka case, rejected 3 40
 Klapp & Bartlett Co., supplies 23 00
 John Luke, labor, court yard 3 00
 G A Lutz, jury May 1907 14 00
 A H Meyer assessing Elyria twp 111 80
 J E Morse, jury services 12 00
 B O Moore, jury services 4 00
 J W Milligan, jury services 4 10
 M E McClellan, services on board 68 50
 N K Redlon, disbursing relief fund 3 00
 Nebr. School Supply House, supplies, rejected 12 50
 Dr. M. Newbecker, witness Dell Chapman 2 00
 Ord Drainage Co., use of sewer, referred to full board 25 00
 Jacob Osenowski, assessing Euraka township 96 80
 Andrew Purcell, jury services 4 10
 O M Parker, supplies for county superintendent, rejected 5 43
 O M Parker, supplies, Co Supt Mrs Norman Parks, refunding taxes 10 65
 J W Pocock, jury services 6 20
 O H Potter, labor on court yard 8 10
 Chas G Ross, assessing Vinton township 3 00
 W H Rood, assessing North Loup township 84 60
 John Rybin, assessing Geranium township 167 00
 94 80

The Ord Quiz

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
ORD, NEBRASKA

A New Typhoid Terror.

Although the discovery of new sources of danger to health, new carriers of disease germs, should be an encouragement to the scientific worker as tending toward the more accurate application of preventive measures, the knowledge that the typhoid infection is being carried about in scores of supposedly healthy persons will prove rather alarming. To the medical profession it is well known, of course, that the typhoid bacillus sometimes persists for years in certain portions of the human anatomy, and that it is always to be found for a time during convalescence, but the possibility that healthy and apparently robust individuals may be carriers of the deadly germs, and that the arrest and isolation of such "carriers" may come to be a part of the public campaign against the disease, is a comparatively recent aspect of the question. The discovery of this added danger should serve to emphasize the importance of scrupulous care in ascertaining the health and antecedents of household servants, says Philadelphia Ledger. In a particular case that led to the discovery of one aggravated instance of typhoid "carrier" six persons in a single family developed the disease within a few days after the arrival of a new cook. After every other possible source of contamination had been investigated and found guiltless, an inquiry as to the cook revealed the startling fact that during the five years previous at least 26 cases of typhoid were associated with her service in seven different families. She was detained, and a bacteriological examination revealed her to be a chronic typhoid fever producer.

Recreation for Working People.

Turning from the more substantial features of industrial betterment to what may be called its lighter, though not less important side, there are all sorts of opportunities for recreation. A large factory or department store has a social life all its own; there are clubs, athletic, social, literary and musical. The sensible outdoor life of the English leads to open-air match games, tennis, bowling, cricket and swimming for the men, croquet and tennis for the women. Compulsory gymnastic exercises are given in the company's time by physical directors. Where there is a piano in the recreation rooms a dance or concert brightens the noon hour, says Mary R. Cranston, in the Reader. Picnics and vacation camping parties in summer take the place of dances and match games in winter. The saloons have found a powerful rival in the latter, for practice at noon leaves little time and less inclination for beer or other stimulants. Dublin, Ireland, Pittsburg and New York may boast the distinction of roof gardens for employees. It is queer that roofs are not more frequently used in cities where it is so difficult to make any kind of improvement without great expense. For very little the roof of the average factory could be made a joy forever and a great safeguard by keeping young people from idling in the streets at noon.

A Hindoo editor has gone to jail for printing a large section of his mind in his paper. If the British government insists on making a popular hero out of this editor doubtless he can stand it. A jail sentence is nothing, says Chicago Daily News, if the populace outside is standing around shouting for the prisoner and during lulls is making faces at the British government. That editor may get his name in history long after the impetuous official who caused his arrest has been forgotten. This may be some consolation to him. Then again he may get better grub in jail than he was able to rustle outside. On the whole, the British government has done him a great kindness, but that isn't saying that he appreciates it.

The glass eye crop comes from Thuringia. As Newfounders are fishermen, or as Cubans are tobacco growers, so the typical Thuringian is a maker of glass eyes. Almost every Thuringian house is a little eye factory. Four men sit at a table, each with a gas jet before him, and the eyes are blown from plates and molded into shape by hand. The colors are traced in with small needles, and as no set rule is observed in the coloring, no two eyes are exactly alike.

It has been decreed by the manufacturers of those articles of feminine attire that next year skirts shall be worn longer and so loose-fitting as to hide all suggestions of curves. Maybe so, but history goes to prove that it all depends.

Miss Robb, who has died in Edinburgh at the age of 94, has been a naval pensioner for 93 years. She was the posthumous child of Capt. Robb of the royal navy, and was put on the state pension roll at birth.

When the new racetrack is established in the air doubtless the enterprising gentlemen who affect checkered suits will build a commodious balloon and establish a poolroom on high beyond the three-mile limit to make books on the races.

The city council of Lexington, Ky., has passed an ordinance forbidding dogs to sleep all day and bark all night. As the penalty for violation is death, the regulation is not as fish

FAILED IN SMALL THINGS.

Congressman Evidently Was No Hero to His Wife.

There is a certain congressman who, whatever authority he may hold in the councils of state, is of comparatively minor importance in his own household. Indeed, it has been unkindly intimated that his wife is "the who thing" in their establishment. Representative and Mrs. Blank had been to Baltimore one afternoon. When they left the train at Washington, on their return, Mrs. Blank discovered that her umbrella, which had been entrusted to the care of her husband, was missing. "Where's my umbrella?" she demanded. "I'm afraid I've forgotten it, my dear," meekly answered the congressman. "It must still be in the train." "In the train?" snorted the lady. "And to think that the affairs of the nation are entrusted to a man who doesn't know enough to take care of a woman's umbrella!"—Success Magazine.

PURIFIED LIFE INSURANCE.

Benefits from New Law, Which Reforms Substantially Unchanged.

Through the influence of Gov. Hughes, the New York Legislature decided to make no radical changes in the new insurance law. It was pointed out by Gov. Hughes that the New York law has already accomplished widespread reforms, with proportionate benefits to policyholders, and that it should be given a thorough trial before any amendments were seriously considered. It is estimated that the cost of the mismanagement of the past did not average more than 20 cents to each policyholder, while the benefits to present and future policyholders will amount to many times more and be cumulative besides. The speed of the big companies and the excessive cost of securing new business was the most extravagant evil of the old managements. Under the new regime the cost of new business has already been greatly reduced, along with other economies. The showing made by the Equitable Life Assurance Society in its report for 1906 was a strong argument against meddling with the new law. In the Equitable alone there was a saving of over \$2,000,000 in expenses, besides an increase in the income from the Society's assets amounting to as much more. The ratios of the Equitable's total expenses to its total income was 19.42% in 1904, 17.98% in 1905, and only 14.48% in 1906. The dividends paid to Equitable policyholders in 1906 amounted to \$7,259,734, which was an increase of more than 9% over 1905. While the Equitable made a better showing than any other big company, all reported radical economies and under such conditions the Legislature wisely decided to leave the law substantially as it stands.

Forgetting Something.

When the train that conveyed President Roosevelt through Virginia on his last trip south stopped at Charlottesville, a negro approached the president's car and passed aboard a big basketful of fine fruit, to which was attached the card of a prominent grower. In course of time the orchardist received a letter of acknowledgment from the White House expressing the president's appreciation of the gift and complimenting the donor upon his fruit. The recipient of the letter was, of course, greatly pleased, and, feeling sure that his head gardener would be much interested in the letter, he read it to him. The darky who served in the capacity mentioned listened gravely, but his only comment was: "He doan say nothin' 'bout sendin' back de basket, do he?"—Success Magazine.

The Camera Flend's Wanderlust.

As the sun day by day ascends the heavens and the actinic value of his light increases, rhapsodizes the editor of the American Amateur Photographer, there seizes us once more the fervor of the enthusiast. From the high shelf down comes the camera, the plate holders are loaded, and we tramp across the green fields looking for pictures—or pretending to. For half the cause of our wandering has naught to do with the box and we carry with us. The primitive instinct for change the ancestral wanderlust, it is, that has seized us and driven us forth to nature.

Not Partial to Nursing.

Not long ago a young Irishman was seeking work in western Illinois, and among those to whom he applied was a farmer near Cairo. The farmer was attracted by the Celt's frank, cheery manner, and while he was not in need of help, he asked, after a pause: "Can you cradle?" "Cradle!" repeated the Irishman "Sure, I can! But, sir," he added, persuasively, "couldn't ye give me a job out-of-dures?"—Harper's Weekly.

WENT TO TEA

And It Wound Her Bobbin.

Tea drinking frequently affects people as badly as coffee. A lady in Salisbury, Md., says that she was compelled to abandon the use of coffee a good many years ago, because it threatened to ruin her health and that she went over to tea drinking, but finally she had dyspepsia so bad that she had lost twenty-five pounds and no food seemed to agree with her. She further says: "As this time I was induced to take up the famous food drink, Postum, and was so much pleased with the results that I have never been without it since. I commenced to improve at once, regained my twenty-five pounds of flesh and went some beyond my usual weight. 'I know Postum to be good, pure, and healthful, and there never was an article, and never will be, I believe, that does so surely take the place of coffee, as Postum Food Coffee. The beauty of it all is that it is satisfying and wonderfully nourishing. I feel as if I could not sing its praises too loud.' Read 'The Road to Wellville,' in pkgs. 'There's a Reason'.

NEBRASKA NEWS

TWO OF THE LEADING BANKS OF LINCOLN CONSOLIDATE.

TRANSFER HAS TAKEN PLACE

First National Bank Purchases the Columbia National, and Becomes One of the Strong Institutions of the Missouri Valley.

The First National bank of Lincoln has bought the Columbia National bank. The transfer took place last week. The consolidation of the two banks follows the retirement of Dr. P. L. Hall as cashier of the Columbia. The stock of the latter bank has been purchased and the transfer of the business was finally arranged June 13. The transfer did not come as a surprise to financial circles of the city, where it has been known for some time that a deal of some kind was being consummated. Some time ago it was said that some stock of the Columbia had been purchased for \$2, while money dealers figured its actual value, from the statements made, at from \$1.70 to \$1.85. It was understood that Dr. Hall parted with his stock in the Columbia at \$1.80. It is probable that the directors of the First National will be increased in size to take on some of the directors of the Columbia National. Will B. Ryons, assistant cashier at the Columbia, will hold a similar position with the First National from now on. S. H. Burnham, president of the First National bank, said: "This is a consolidation of the Columbia National bank with the First National. The First National has purchased the stock and the good will of the Columbia National, which will hereafter be known as the First National bank. "This will make one of the largest and strongest banks in this section of the country, and puts the bank in a position to extend greater accommodations to its patrons than either of the banks could before. It will have a capital and surplus of nearly \$600,000 and deposits of nearly \$6,000,000. It is the intention of the First National to increase its capital to one million dollars just as rapidly as the requirements of business demand."

ASKS FOR A RECEIVER.

Duncan McCuag Files Suit in Nebraska City Against Caster Co.

Duncan A. McCuag, of Nebraska City, filed a suit in the district court against the Faultless Caster company and all of its stockholders. He claims to own \$4,550 in stock in the company and asks that it be being run at a loss and asks for a receiver. He says that the company has not been paying judgment for the full amount of his holdings in the company. There has been trouble among the stockholders since early in the winter, when B. H. Noelting and his friends removed Mr. McCuag as manager of the plant against the wish and the backing which he had among the other stockholders. The Otoe County National bank then filed a suit against the company asking judgment for the amount due them from the concern and the suit is still pending in the district court. Mr. Noelting was the patentee of the caster and was only going fairly well when his company was formed so as to enable them to enlarge the plant and manufacture the goods on a larger scale. The industry is one that employs a large number of people and this litigation may result in closing it.

ALUMNI MEET AND REJOICE.

Deside to Educate People As to Needs of University.

Over five hundred alumni of the University of Nebraska from all over the United States, attended the reunion and alumni day exercises held last week at the state farm. The feature of the afternoon was the address made by Paul F. Clarke of the class of '87, on "The Historical Development of American Corporations." This followed the business session of the association and was well attended. Officers for the coming year were elected in the business session. They will be: President, E. P. Brown; vice president, N. Z. Snell; second vice president, Miss Lucy Green; secretary and treasurer, E. H. Clark; chairman of the committee on arrangements, O. J. Fee.

Waterton Man Drowned.

A special from Waterton, Neb., says that J. W. Stubbs, living one and a half miles northwest of that place was accidentally drowned in Wood River. Stubbs left home about 2 o'clock to go fishing, and about 4 o'clock his body was discovered in the river by two of T. J. Quall's boys, who gave the alarm. The body was recovered by T. J. Quall and Sam Veal, who reside near there. Coroner Norcross of Miller was notified and arrived soon thereafter and held an inquest. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death by drowning. The dead man was subject to epileptic fits and it is supposed that he had fallen into the water during an epileptic attack.

Jailed for Fishing.

Arthur Frenchy, a young colored man, was given a thirty day jail sentence for fishing in the private lake of George Abbott at Outlook Falls City. He had in his possession when captured by Abbott more than fifty fish, mostly crappies and sun fish. Mr. Abbott has considerable trouble in keeping out poachers and in the future intends to enforce the law against them. Several years ago his lakes were dynamited and thousands of fish killed.

Leg Nearly Cut Off.

While polishing discs on an emery wheel at Ord Joseph Warwick, a blacksmith allowed the sharpened implement to slip, striking him in the leg and very nearly severed the leg from the body. It was feared that the man would bleed to death before a physician could be summoned. He will recover from the injury but it will be several months before he can resume his labors.

Kicks on Convict Hubby.

Mrs. Eva Yocum of Greenwood has filed a petition in the district court at Plattsmouth asking for a divorce from her husband, Charles F. Yocum. She bases her petition on the ground that Yocum is now serving a term in the Iowa state penitentiary, and she declares that she does not wish to remain the wife of a convict. Yocum was arrested at Plattsmouth last December, having in his possession a horse and buggy which he had stolen near Boone, Ia.

Eighteen Months for Bundy.

Judge Redick in the district court at Tekamah overruled the motion for a new trial filed by the attorneys for Bruce Bundy, who was last month found guilty of manslaughter, and sentenced Bundy to eighteen months in the state penitentiary. In a fight April 4, of the present year, Bundy killed Herbert E. Austin, his neighbor and former boon companion.

The water bond proposition at Weston failed to carry by three votes—sixty-five for and thirty against.

MR. BRYAN'S RETURNS.

Valuation of the Real and Personal Property of the Great Commoner.

According to the returns of the assessor of Lancaster county, William Jennings Bryan's home farm at Fairview is listed at \$5,080, one tract being assessed at \$4,830, and another at \$250, for assessment purposes. Mr. Bryan's personal schedule shows the following personal property, the figures given being the actual values: Notes and secured papers, \$1,000; firearms (5), \$150; typewriters (1), \$25; pictures and engravings, \$1,000; billiard table, \$85; piano, \$500; agricultural implements, \$100; diamonds, \$300; household effects (furniture and library), \$3,500; scales, \$5; corn sheller, \$5; three dogs, \$25; harness and saddles, \$200; watches and clocks, \$300; carriages and wagons (6), \$600; horses (6), \$700; cattle (18), \$1,000; hogs (5), \$100; jewelry (business), \$120; poultry, \$100; gold and silver plated ware, \$300; value of other property, not listed, \$5; total, \$10,100; assessed valuation total, \$2,020.

The Commoner is assessed separately. Under the name of the Commoner, the following property is listed: Notes and securities, \$4,000; safes (2), \$220; typewriters (10), \$180; book accounts, \$10,200; stock, \$4,000; machinery, \$300; office fixtures, \$800; other property not listed, \$300; total valuation, \$20,000; assessed valuation, \$4,000.

FOUND DAUGHTER KEEPING "BACH."

A Lincoln lady who recently visited the extreme western part of Nebraska to see her daughter, who has been engaged in teaching school in that locality, was greatly shocked to find that the young lady had been "baching" in the schoolhouse, instead of boarding in a private family as the mother had supposed. It was explained to her, however, that this was no uncommon occurrence in the west. The accommodations among the ranchers for taking boarders are not the best, and the plan of having the teacher "bach" is the best way out of it. The school board is considered, furnishing a cook stove which does double duty in heating the school room and preparing the meals of the teacher. The only additional necessity is a pair of bed springs which can be laid on the floor at night and leaned up against the wall with a "blackboard" attached during the day time. After all, the plan might not seem so bad to the matron, but it is rather a sudden change for a Lincoln high school graduate.

The General Thayer Monument.

The contract for the construction and erection of a monument in memory of General John M. Thayer has been awarded to Kimball Bros., of the capital city, and they now have the work well under way. The monument is to be paid for by the state, the last legislature having appropriated \$125,000 for that purpose. The contractors will place the monument for \$1,235. It is to be of granite, undressed faces. The base is to be six feet square, the second base four and one-half feet square, and the upright square at the bottom and three feet two inches square at the top, with a point on top. The height from top to bottom of base will be ten feet and ten inches. On one face will be a bronze tablet bearing a large profile of General Thayer and an inscription, and on the other side will be a G. A. R. emblem in bronze. According to the terms of the contract the monument is to be in place by September 1, 1907. Unwilling services will be held, but the time will not be set until it is definitely known when the monument will be ready.

Passes Returned.

The Missouri Pacific railroad, by its vice president, C. S. Clarke, of St. Louis, has filed with the railway commission a list of names of men who have returned their passes. The railroad company asks that the names be taken from the list of pass holders formerly filed with the board for the reason that the passes have been returned and cancelled. Those who have parted with their Missouri Pacific passes are W. P. McCreary of Hastings, T. S. Allen of Lincoln, Edgar Ferneau of Auburn, H. H. Mauck of Nelson, F. H. Stubbs and G. W. Stubbs of Superior.

Cities Cannot License Autos.

The automobile owners are supposed to have got in their fine work in the last legislature. It was proposed to pass a bill providing for an annual license fee of \$1 to be paid to the state, instead of the one fee of \$1 good for all time. Such a bill was passed, but it includes a provision prohibiting cities and towns from passing ordinances for motor vehicles or collecting license fees if the owner of such vehicle has paid his annual fee of \$1 to the state. In Omaha where large carry-all motors are run to convey passengers for hire, an ordinance has been passed imposing a fee of \$25 a year and a less amount for smaller vehicles of the same kind. If the state law is found to prohibit all this, the spectacle will be presented of cities collecting an annual license fee from drays, hacks and other horse drawn vehicles, but without power to collect any license fee from any kind of a motor vehicle. Secretary of State Junkin has given no interpretation of the law, but has forwarded a copy of the law to the license officer of Omaha.

CAPITAL CITY CHAT

NEWSPAPER MEN TO COME INTO THE LIME LIGHT.

PASSES MUST BE LISTED

Railway Commission Requests Union Pacific Road to Report on All Newspaper Contracts in Force in the State of Nebraska.

Editors of newspapers holding contracts with the Union Pacific railroad to exchange advertising for transportation are now to come in for a share of the publicity which has up to this time been monopolized in a large degree by doctors and lawyers. A letter has been written from the office of the state railway commission to General Manager A. L. Mohler advising him that the Union Pacific has not yet fully complied with the terms of the recent order relating to pass lists and asking him to report on all newspaper contracts which the road has in force in Nebraska. No other line has been served with like notice, for the reason that the railway commission has no knowledge that any of them are making contracts with the newspapers. "If there is any one who knows that they are and who so apprises the commission, submitting some basis of fact on which to proceed, it will call for the contracts and names of the signers. The railway board has such information relative to the Union Pacific. In fact there has been no effort by the management to conceal the fact that it is still giving transportation to newspapers who will publish its announcements on that basis, but for some reason General Manager Mohler did not include this class of contracts in his report."

To Enforce Primary Law.

Secretary of State Junkin is having blanks printed to be placed in the hands of candidates or their friends, who desire their names printed on the primary ballot to be voted Tuesday, September 3. The blanks will be mailed to county clerks before July 1. One of the blanks will be an application form for candidates themselves who are willing to say they were furnished to fit the case when a candidate lets his friends do all the hustling. If the aspirant for office himself makes a written request in legal form, he can get his name on the ballot without any other formality than the payment of a filing fee. If he is unwilling to do this, it will require an application bearing the signatures of twenty-five voters and also the filing fee before the name can be placed on the ticket. In that contingency, too, the prospective candidate must file an affidavit that if elected he will serve. The state will supply a blank form for this also.

State Fees Increasing.

Owing to the new laws governing filings in the office of the secretary of state, Secretary Junkin is able to report a large increase in receipts for the first six months over the same period last year. His semi-annual report contains the following statement: For affixing great seal and forwarding notarial commission \$68.00 For filing articles of incorporation, etc. 10,804.45 For making transcripts and certificates 428.40 For labels and trade marks 4.50 For motor vehicle licenses 366.00 For filing certificates of agents 61.15 From all other sources72 Total \$12,373.72 For the same period of time one year ago the receipts of the office were \$6,315.52, showing a net increase of \$6,058.20 for the first half of 1907.

Fusion at Primaries.

The direct primary law permits fusion at primary elections and Secretary of State Junkin has so informed County Superintendent Frank J. Mundy of Furnas county, who asks whether a candidate can have his name printed on more than one ticket at a primary. Mr. Mundy is a fusionist and desires to run both as a democratic and populist candidate. Twenty-five electors of the party with which a candidate affiliates must sign a candidate's application for a place on the ballot. The word "affiliate" has puzzled some of the candidates. The Furnas county superintendent will be apprised that if the required number of electors belonging to any party shall petition to have the name of any candidate printed on its ballot there is nothing in the law to prevent this being done. This will permit fusion in the primaries.

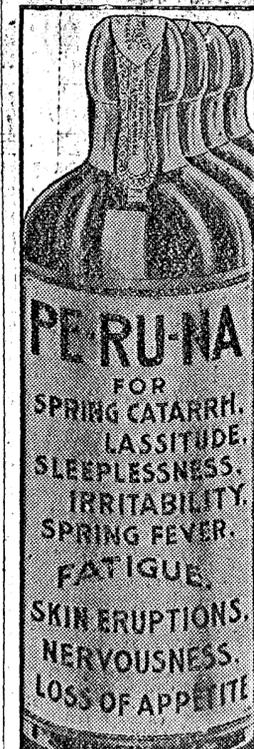
Commission in Limestone.

Representative Harrison of Otoe county, chairman of the house committee on railroads, was in Lincoln last week and incidentally called at the office of the state board of transportation when representatives of a corporation were asking the board to set aside a law passed by the legislature. "The eyes of the people are on the railway commission," said Mr. Harrison after the hearing, "and if the work of the legislature is to go for naught the electors will send back another set of men to the legislature with a little more stringent instructions as to legislation."

Nebraska Well Off.

An incident showing how well off the state of Nebraska is, compared to counties or cities and towns, happened when the state treasurer was asked to figure up the interest due to the state from Douglas county the first of July. He found that Douglas county will owe the state nearly \$20,000 interest on county bonds bought by the state as an investment for the school fund. Lancaster county may not be far behind in its bonded debt, and hardly a town of any size in the state but has more indebtedness than the state of Nebraska. There is no bonded debt for the state to pay, its only indebtedness being outstanding warrants amounting to not much more than \$1,000,000, and with the state law requiring a levy of one mill on the dollar annually to pay this off, and the ample resources it has in an assessed valuation of \$313,000,000, being one-fifth the actual value of the assessable property, it will be seen that the state debt is small.

HEALTH NOTES FOR JUNE.



PERUNA
FOR
SPRING CATARRH,
LASSITUDE,
SLEEPLESSNESS,
IRRITABILITY,
SPRING FEVER,
FATIGUE,
SKIN ERUPTIONS,
NERVOUSNESS,
LOSS OF APPETITE.

Spring Catarrh is a well defined Spring disease. The usual symptoms are given above. A Bottle of Peruna taken in time will promptly arrest the course of the disease known as Spring Catarrh.

Paint Buying Made Safe

White Lead and Linseed Oil need no argument, no advertising to make in themselves as the best and most economical paint yet known to man. The difficulty has been for the buyer to be always sure of the purity of the white lead and oil. We have registered the trade mark of the Dutch Boy painter to be the final proof of quality, genuineness and purity to paint buyers everywhere. When this trade mark appears on the keg, you can be sure that the contents is Pure White Lead made by the Old Dutch Process.

SEND FOR BOOK

"A Talk on Paint" gives valuable information on the paint subject. Free upon request.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY

In whichever of the following cities is nearest you:
New York, Boston, Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Detroit, Little Rock, Pittsburg, National Lead & Oil Co.

Libby's Food Products

Libby's Vienna Sausage
unequaled for their delicious taste. They are put up in most convenient form for ready serving, requiring only a few minutes preparation. They have a fine flavor and freshness which will please every one. Will please every one. Drop a tin of Libby's Vienna Sausage in boiling water until heated (about 15 minutes) and serve as taken from the tin on a small plate garnished with lettuce leaves. Ask your grocer for Libby's and insist upon getting Libby's.
Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Positively cured by these Little Liver Pills. They also relieve Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Stomach Troubles, Headache, Dizziness, Pimples, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear

Fac-Simile Signature
Refuse Substitutes.

By following the directions, which are plainly printed on each package of Defiance Starch, Men's Collars and Cuffs can be made just as stiff as desired, with either gloss or domestic finish. Try it, 16 oz. for 10c, sold by all good grocers.

The Ord Quiz

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. O. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If unpaid year after year, \$2.

Advertising Rates.

| | | | |
|------------------------------|------|------|--------|
| Less than 5 inches, per inch | 1 wk | 1 mo | 1 year |
| 5 to 10 inches, per inch | 20 | 50 | 5.00 |
| 10 to 15 inches, per inch | 30 | 75 | 7.50 |
| 15 to 20 inches, per inch | 40 | 1.00 | 10.00 |
| 20 to 25 inches, per inch | 50 | 1.25 | 12.50 |

A month is four insertions.
Want locals 5 cents a line.
Regular locals 10 cents a line.
Black locals 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin or end at any time. Notices to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All subscriptions are received with the express understanding that the subscription may continue until the subscriber notifies the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

Equalization Meeting.

Ord, Nebr., June 11, 1907.

The board of equalization met at their office in the court house in accordance with law. All members present.

The following committees were appointed:

Committee on equalization of personal property: Hagemeier, Rowell, McClellan.

Committee on complaints and township levies: Moses, Stacy, Gregory.

Committee on county and other levies: Gregory, Moses, Hagemeier.

Committee on equalization of real estate: Rowell, Stacy, McClellan.

On motion the board adjourned for committee work, until called by the chairman.

At 6 o'clock the board was called together.

Comes now Mr. Clason and says that six head of horses owned by him are assessed too high.

Comes now Thomas Sorenson and complains that he has been erroneously assessed on oats and wheat in Vinton township, which he did not have.

On motion, above complaints were referred to the committee on complaints.

On motion the board adjourned until 9 o'clock, June 12, 1907.

June 12, 1907, at 9 o'clock, board met, all members present. Committee work continued.

On motion, board called together at 6 o'clock and adjourned until 9 o'clock, June 13, 1907.

June 13, 1907, at 9 o'clock; roll called, all members present. Report of committee on complaints was as follows:

On examination of complaint of Mr. Clason, the committee finds that a value of \$35 each to be a just valuation.

The complaint of Thomas Sorenson, on wheat and oats being erroneously assessed in Vinton township, we have investigated and upon the request of Mr. Peter Mortensen, administrator of the estate of Hans C. Sorenson, the assessment was changed from Thomas Sorenson to Hans C. Sorenson estate.

Respectfully submitted,
J. W. Gregory,
Wm. H. Moses,
E. H. Stacy.

On motion the report was adopted as read.

The report of committee on equalization of personal property was as follows:

Ord, Nebr., June 11, 1907.

To the honorable board of supervisors:

Your committee on equalization of personal property would recommend the following changes:

Noble, horses raised 10 per cent, mules no change, cattle raised 10 per cent, hogs no change.

Elyria, horses no change, mules raised ten per cent, cattle raised 10 per cent, hogs no change.

Eureka, horses raised 10 per cent, mules no change, cattle raised 10 per cent, hogs no change.

Granitum, horses no change, mules no change, cattle raised ten per cent, hogs no change.

Michigan, horses no change, mules raised ten per cent, cattle raised ten per cent, hogs no change.

Ord City, horses no change, mules no change, cattle raised ten per cent, hogs no change.

Springdale, horses no change, mules no change, cattle raised ten per cent, hogs no change.

North Loup, horses no change, mules no change, cattle raised 10 per cent, hogs no change.

Enterprise, horses no change, mules no change, cattle raised 10 per cent, hogs no change.

Vinton, horses no change, mules no change, cattle raised 10 per cent, hogs no change.

change, cattle raised 10 per cent, hogs no change.

Liberty, horses raised 10 per cent, mules no change, cattle raised 10 per cent, hogs no change.

Arcadia, horses no change, mules no change, cattle raised 10 per cent, hogs no change.

Yale, horses lowered 15 per cent, mules no change, cattle raised ten per cent, hogs no change.

Davis Creek, horses raised 10 per cent, mules raised 10 per cent, cattle raised 10 per cent, hogs raised 20 per cent.

Independent, horses no change, mules lowered 10 per cent, cattle raised 5 per cent, hogs raised 20 per cent.

O. H. Hagemeier,
C. C. Rowell,
M. E. McClellan.

On motion, the report was adopted as read.

On motion the board of equalization adjourned to July 8, 1907, at 10 a. m.

Rudolph Sorenson,
Clerk.

Pleasant Valley Wedding.

The Easterbrook home at Pleasant Valley, Nebr., was the scene of a very pleasant wedding ceremony June 12, 1907, when their daughter, Ida, was united in holy wedlock to Charles C. Smith of Ord, by Rev. F. J. Schank of Merna, Nebraska. Miss Hallie Brush and Evet Smith, both of Ord, were maid of honor and best man, respectively, and Miss Ella Foster of Loup City, and Mr. Arthur Easterbrook, of Pleasant Valley, were bridesmaid and groomsmen, respectively.

There were seventy-five relatives and friends present. The bride and groom were the recipients of many useful and ornamental presents.

The bride has been one of Valley county's most successful school teachers during the past five or six years. The groom is a student at Wesleyan University, where he is preparing for the M. E. ministry.

They will visit for a time with relatives and friends, after which they will make their home at University Place, Nebraska.

Their many relatives and friends extend to them their congratulations, best wishes and success in all their undertakings.

Rosevale News.

M. A. Swanson and family called at Nelson's last Sunday.

There were no church services Sunday on account of the storm.

Lottie Woods has returned to Rosevale after an absence of a few days.

Lulu Alderman of Burwell is the guest of Ora Turner this week.

Axil Hansen's house was struck by lightning last Saturday evening while the family was eating supper. The bolt entered at one corner of the room and went out the opposite corner.

Jonh Wittsche started to shell corn Monday morning but thought it was a little damp.

The Rosevale baseball boys practiced on their home ground Saturday.

Some of the farmers say that corn is damaged by hail.

We understand that cream goes to Ord twice a week now, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Where are you going to celebrate the Fourth? How would the quiet and shade of Rosevale suit you? If nothing happens the camp meetings will be going on at that time. We might join forces and go to some near by grove and have a little picnic of our own. Let us try and see what we can do.

Arcadia Happenings.

Mrs. Frank Thompson is here visiting her daughter, Mrs. Grace Hooper.

Norm Parks of Ord was here visiting friends last week.

The fire crackers are limited to three inches this year in Arcadia.

Rev. Shanks and wife are here visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Sawyer.

Quite a number of Arcadia people attended the Smith-Easterbrook wedding last week.

Alfred Hatsings and family returned from Ashland where they have been visiting. The boys' band of which Mr. Hatsings is the leader, went to the depot to meet them.

Otto Rettenmeyer returned from his visit at Lincoln Friday

evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Gray of Harvard, Nebr. are visiting with their son, Harley Gray of Arcadia.

Guy Lutz, Edna Lutz, Rev. Matthews and Lula Pickett attended the Epworth League convention at Lexington, Nebraska.

M. W. McMichael's cow was truck by lightning last week.

Mr. Pierson of Polk county was visiting Mr. Edgehill of Lee's Park.

Alice Jones has returned from Weeping Water where she has been visiting friends.

Leo Hawley returned Saturday evening from Nebraska City where he has been attending school.

Minnie Donnel and Inez Fries returned from Lincoln last week where they have been attending school.

Elyria Items.

B. Cornwell and wife, Eustice Mattley and wife, went over to Ericson on a fishing trip last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Smith of Arcadia were visiting friends in Elyria last Sunday.

W. W. Ward shipped two cars of cattle to Omaha last week.

Ed. Johnson shipped a car of hogs from this place last week.

B. Cornwell started to Teax on a visit Tuesday.

Mr. Dietz has the foundation laid for his new house and will commence building right away.

Tom Zulkoski is building an addition to his implement house this week.

The Farmers' Telephone company are erecting their line this week. George Hise has the contract for putting up the poles and wire.

Ida Items.

Another convenience for the farmers was added to the list last week when Mr. Fullerton of Elyria started his weekly trips through the valley with his meat wagon.

Mr. and Mrs. Meyres entertained the Sharp and Craig families, Maude Jackson and Martin Kruser last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Goodenow visited at Sargent the last of the week, returning home Sunday.

Mrs. Scott Spragg visited Mrs. Brechbill the first of the week.

Mrs. Grunkemeyer visited at Mrs. Butts' Monday.

Mr. Meyers shelled corn for Brechbill's Monday.

A. O. U. W. and D. of B. Attention! The Memorial services of the A. O. U. W. and the D. of B. orders will be held Sunday June 23, 1907, at 11 a. m. in the Christian church.

Brother M. M. Eaton will deliver the sermon. All members are requested to meet at the hall at 10 a. m. and go in a body to the church. All friends of the orders are invited to attend the services.

By order of the committee.

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans.

ORD STATE BANK

Advertised Letters.

List of Letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord, Nebr., for the week ending tomorrow.

Mrs. Eliza Jacobsen.
Frank Martos.
Mr. C. C. Rashaw.
Miss Jensure Peterson.
Harry Reeder.
Mrs. Addie Thomson.
Merrie Smith.

Letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised."

A. M. COONROD Postmaster.

Notice of Dissolution

Notice is hereby given that the firm heretofore existing under the name and style of McLain & Siler has been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the debts of said firm are to be paid by Mamie Siler, and all claims due to said firm to be the joint property of Sarah McLain and Mamie Siler, and to be paid at Mamie Siler's store.

Dated at Ord, Nebraska, June 8, 1907.

Sarah McLain,
Mamie Siler.

Bradt-Peterson.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Peterson, yesterday was a scene of festivity in honor of the wedding of their daughter, Myrtle, to Archie Bradt.

From the gate to the porch rows of Japanese lanterns on either side of the walk were suspended making a bright reception for the coming guests. Between the pillars of the porch was artistically arranged an arch of pink and white flowers through which the guests entered. They were received here and directed to the fruit bowl which was in a bower formed by the porch ramblers and vines.

In the interior of the house the same color scheme of pink and white was carried out in bouquets of peonies and roses. This scheme of color was especially noticeable in the marriage bower formed in one corner of the parlor by draped lace curtains, festooned with pink flowers and white tissue bells. The background of the bower was made effective by a huge bunch of pink peonies.

At eight thirty music played by Miss Carrie Smith ushered in the bride and groom who took their places under the bower. Rev. M. M. Eaton, pastor of the Christian church, performed a simple but solemn ceremony.

Immediate relatives were first to offer congratulations, then friends and then the members of the Maple Leaf club, each kissing the bride and because of their sisterly relation to the bride as a member of their club, each congratulated the groom in the same manner. This did not embarrass the groom or evoke anything but a smile on the face of the bride.

The bride was indeed a very beautiful one. She was becomingly attired in a gown of delicate gray oline, trimmed in gray chiffon and pink silk.

After congratulations, the guests left the parlor to examine the presents which were in a room adjoining. The gifts consisted of furniture, cut glass, china, silver and linen. It was a remarkable coincidence that there was no duplicate among the gifts.

Mrs. Peterson then seated the guests to a bountiful repast. The bride and groom sat at the head of the table, somewhat sheltered from the gaze of their guests by the roses that adorned the table. This did not hinder the conversation however, for all were in the spirit of the occasion.

Bride's cake was given to the guests by the bride herself before their departure.

This newly married couple have grown up in the vicinity of Ord and are very favorably known. We are safe in saying that their acquaintances and friends are concerned for their future happiness and success.

Ord Market Top-Prices

Wheat, spring 70 1/2, winter 70 1/2.
Barley 23c.
Rye, 58c.
Oats, 32c.
Corn, 32c.
Popcorn, \$1.80
Potatoes, \$1
Butter, 15c.
Eggs, 9c
Hens, 7 1/2c.
Hogs, \$5.25

Dissolution.

It is hereby mutually agreed and stipulated by and between Sarah McLain and Mamie Siler, being the only members of the firm of McLain & Siler, of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, heretofore doing a general merchandise business at Ord, Nebraska, that said firm be and the same is hereby dissolved.

Done at Ord, Nebraska, this 8rd day of June, 1907.

Sarah McLain,
Mamie Siler.

Witnesses: R. L. Staple,
E. P. Clements.

Valiant Indeed.

During an invasion panic which spread through England when some French colonels addressed their emperor, Napoleon III, in very fiery terms a certain Yorkshire colonel of volunteers distinguished himself by the following utterance at a local banquet, "Gentlemen, on behalf of my comrades I can assure you that if Napoleon's colonels should land at Spurn the First East York rifles will not be the last to flee," a declaration that remained as a joke against the regiment for many years.

MORE LOCAL.

Will sell my household effects at public auction on the square on Saturday, June 22. Dr. Chas. Milliken.

Have sold my property, and will leave Ord about the 24th, all knowing themselves indebted to me please call at once and make settlement. Dr. Charles Milliken. 19-2.

At the Baptist church Sunday at 3:00 o'clock Rev. E. C. Foss will deliver a sermon in the Danish language. All are cordially invited to attend this service.

The W. C. T. U. and the ladies of the Methodist Foreign Missionary Society will hold a joint meeting at the home of the president of the latter society, Mrs. F. D. Haldeman, next Thursday June 27.

The Presbyterian Westminster Class Union and the C. E. society will give a novel lawn fete Wednesday June 26, on the church lawn. Strawberries and ice cream will be among the refreshments.

Preaching services in the Baptist church Sunday at eleven o'clock in the forenoon and eight o'clock in the evening, Rev. Alden of Lincoln will occupy the pulpit. Sunday school and young people's meeting as usual.

There was an exciting game of base ball out at the base ball park last Thursday afternoon, Springdale and North Loup being the contestants. The North Loup boys turned out to be a little the strongest aggregation, and carried off the honors by a score of 6 to 5.

Prof. Delzell of Lexington, one of the promoters of the Loup Valley Chautauqua was in the city a couple of days the first of the week looking to the disposing of the tickets, putting up the advertising matter and attending to other duties in connection with the meeting. He tells us that he meets with encouragement on every hand and that he predicts that the Loup Valley Chautauqua will meet with even greater success than some meetings of a similar nature that are held in towns considerably larger.

School News

A sufficient number of the new school laws for 1907 have been received for each district to have one. Directors may call and get the same.

Transfers from one district to another for school purposes the ensuing year should be made before the annual school meeting which is to be held June 24. Parties may transfer where they are more than one and one-half miles from the school house in their own district, and at least one-half mile nearer to the school house in an adjoining district.

A correct interpretation of rule 15 in bulletin number 3, dated May 1, 1907, makes it necessary for all teachers to be re-examined in all subjects in which their grades are lower than 80 per cent, but an average of 75 with no standing below 65 is still sufficient for a second grade certificate. "With Credit" and "With Honor" certificates will be renewed without examination for those teachers who are doing the required amount of professional work.

Some New School Laws.

Normal training in high schools: H. R. 247, appropriation \$50,000, provides for normal training in the junior and senior years in from sixty to seventy of the strongest high schools accredited to the University of Nebraska and employing at least two teachers exclusive of the city superintendent who shall give their entire time to instruction in high school branches. The high schools qualifying for this work are to be designated by the state superintendent and are to be distributed by him among the sixty-seven representative districts of Nebraska, as nearly as well may be. The sum of \$700 for the biennium is to be paid from the appropriation to each high school district in which a class of not less than ten is organized and instructed in accordance with the provisions of the law. Every scholar admitted to such class shall continue under such instruction not less than eighteen weeks in order to be counted in such class. The course of study shall consist of a review of at least nine weeks in each of the following subjects: Reading, grammar, arithmetic, and geography; a study of American history for one semester, and seventy-two periods of professional training. A course in elementary agriculture must be given in case it is not included in the regular high school course of study.

State Normal Entrance Requirements: This law provides that no pupil shall be admitted to our state normal schools who does not possess at least a two years' high school education, or its equivalent, as outlined in the Nebraska High School Manual. This does not apply to our junior normals or to the attendance at the summer term of other normals.

Remember dates for institute, July 15th to 19th.

The approximate one-fifth valuation of the taxable property of districts, being the valuation upon which the levy is made, is given by district as follows:

| | | | |
|--------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Dist 1 | \$113,554 | Dist 33 | \$2,689 |
| 2 | 20,649 | 34 | 20,657 |
| 3 | 34,505 | 35 | 24,446 |
| 4 | 27,978 | 36 | 26,114 |
| 5 | 327,051 | 37 | 35,359 |
| 6 | 44,451 | 38 | 22,013 |
| 7 | 17,920 | 39 | 9,462 |
| 8 | 27,287 | 40 | 38,976 |
| 9 | 24,011 | 41 | 23,457 |
| 10 | 24,631 | 42 | 29,403 |
| 11 | 17,773 | 43 | 19,902 |
| 12 | 17,134 | 44 | 5,946 |
| 13 | 17,571 | 45 | 19,869 |
| 14 | 28,885 | 46 | 19,638 |
| 15 | 32,486 | 47 | 28,576 |
| 16 | 17,836 | 48 | 12,182 |
| 17 | 41,760 | 49 | 13,458 |
| 18 | 28,663 | 50 | 11,344 |
| 19 | 20,874 | 51 | 24,917 |
| 20 | 13,111 | 52 | 25,485 |
| 21 | 95,495 | 53 | 15,875 |
| 22 | 11,113 | 54 | 23,900 |
| 23 | 29,858 | 55 | 21,195 |
| 24 | 21,358 | 56 | 13,030 |
| 25 | 22,363 | 57 | 30,635 |
| 26 | 21,672 | 58 | 11,805 |
| 27 | 17,618 | 59 | 17,692 |
| 28 | 32,449 | 60 | 14,834 |
| 29 | 29,880 | 61 | 6,447 |
| 30 | 28,881 | 62 | 21,388 |
| 31 | 28,185 | 63 | 24,006 |
| 32 | 31,773 | 64 | 12,580 |

Surf Bathing.

The oft repeated warning to surf bathers, and particularly to those who dive, to protect their ears from the water by cotton plugs, etc., is not generally heeded, to judge by the damage often traced to its neglect, says a medical journal. They who have lost the membrana need to be especially careful and to give up diving. The tympanum is readily protected by the cotton plugs firmly introduced, but in diving even then the air in the nasal fossae, accessory sinuses and naso pharynx is compressed and partially escapes by the eustachian tubes, and in consequence the water enters so far and high in the nasal fossae as to painfully irritate the pituitary membrane and leads to protracted congestion.

Kept Him Posted.

Some years ago a railway porter wrote to Admiral Beresford of the British navy saying, "Our home has been blessed with twins, and I write to ask your lordship if you will ask the Princess of Wales if we may call the little girl Princess of Wales Brown and the little boy Lord Charles Beresford Brown." Lord Charles procured the necessary permission from the princess and sent it, together with his own. A month later came the following from the same man: "My lord, I am happy to inform you that Lord Charles Beresford Brown is well and hearty and that Princess of Wales Brown died this morning."

A Compliment.

The heavy villain of the barnstorming aggregation stalked into the workshop of the village editor. "What did you mean by referring to me as a 'misfit' in your write-up of the performance last night?" he roared.

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST
BY HARRY LEON WILSON

CHAPTER XXXIII.

A Revelation Concerning the True Order of Marriage.

While matters of theology and consanguinity were being debated in Box canyon, the little bent man down in the first house to the left, in his struggle to free himself, was tightening the meshes of his fate about him. In his hurried mind he had formed one great resolution. He believed that a revelation had come to him. It seemed to press upon him as the culmination of all the days of his distress. He could see now that he had felt it years before, when he first met the wife of Elder Tench, the gaunt, gray woman, tottering along the dusty road, and again when he had found the imbecile boy turning upon his tormentors. A hundred times it had quickened within him. And it had gained in force steadily, until to-day, when it was overwhelming him. Now that his flesh was wasted, it seemed that his spirit could see far.

His great discovery was that the revelation upon celestial marriage given Joseph Smith, had been "from beneath"—a trick of Satan to corrupt them. Not only did it flatly contradict earlier revelations, but the very Book of Mormon itself declared again and again that polygamy was wickedness. Joseph had been duped by the powers of darkness, and all Israel had sinned in consequence. Upon the golden plates delivered to him, concerning the divine source of which there could be no doubt, this order of marriage had been repeatedly condemned and forbidden. But as to the revelation which sanctioned it there could rightly be doubt; for had not Joseph himself once warned them that "some revelations are from God, some from men, and some from the devil." Either the Book of Mormon was not inspired, or the revelation was not from God, since they were fatally in opposition.

It came to him with the effect of a blinding light, yet seemed to endow him with a new vigor, so that he felt strong and eager to be up, to spread his truth abroad. Some remnant of that old fire of inspiration flamed up within him as he lay on the hard bed in his little room, with the summer scents floating in and the out-of-doors sounds—a woman's voice calling a child afar off, the lowing of cattle, the rhythmic whetting of a scythe-blade, the echoing stroke of an ax, the mellow fluting of a robin—all coming to him a little muted, as if he were no longer in the world.

He raised upon his elbow, glowing with the flush of old memories when his heart had been perfect with the Lord; when he had wrought miracles in the face of the people; when he had besought Heaven fearlessly for signs of its favor; when he had dreamed of being a pillar of fire to his people in their march across the desert, and another Lion of the Lord to fight their just battles. The little bent man of sorrows had again become the Lute of the Holy Ghost.

He remembered the day was Saturday, and he began at once to tell the phrases in which he would tell his revelation on the morrow. He knew that this must be done tactfully, in spite of his divine source. It would be a momentous thing to the people and to the priesthood. It was conceivable, indeed, that members of the latter might dispute it and argue with him, or even denounce him for a heretic. But only at first; the thing was too simply true to be long questioned. In any event, his duty was plain; with righteousness as the guide of his loins he must go forth on the morrow and magnify his office in the sight of Heaven.

When Prudence came softly in to him, like a cool breath of fragrance from the canyon, he smiled up to her with a fullness of delight she had never seen in his face before.

"There was a new light in her own eyes, new decisions presaged, a new desire imperfectly suppressed. He stroked her hand as she sat beside him on the bed, wondering if she had at last learned her own secret. But she became grave and was diverted from her own affairs when she observed him more closely.

"Why, you're sick—you're burning up with fever! You must be covered up at once and have sage tea."

He laughed at her, a free, full laugh, such as she had never heard from him in all the years.

"It's no fever, child. It's new life come to me. I'm strong again. My face burns, but it must be the fire of health. I have a work given to me—God has not wholly put me aside."

"But I believe you are sick. Your hands are so hot, and your eyes look so unnatural. You must let me—"

"Now, now—haven't I learned to tell sickness from the glow of a holy purpose?"

"You're sure you are well?"

"Better than for 15 years."

She let herself be convinced for the moment.

"Then please tell me something. Must a man who comes into our faith, if he is baptized rightly, also marry more than one wife if he is to be saved? Can't he be sure of his glory with one if he loves her—oh, very, very much?"

He was moved at first to answer her out of the fullness of his heart, telling her of the wonderful new revelation. But there came the impulse to guard it jealously in his own breast a little longer, to glory secretly in it; half-fearful, too, that some virtue would go out of it should he impart it too soon to another.

"Why do you want to know?"

"Ruel Follett would join our church if he didn't have to marry more than

one wife. If he loved some one very much, I'm afraid he would find it hard to marry another girl—oh, he simply couldn't—no matter how pretty she was. He never could do it." Here she pulled one of the ribbons from her broad hat. She gave a little exclamation of relief as if she had really meant to detach it.

"Tell him to wait till to-morrow. I shall speak of it in meeting then. It will be all right—all right, dear. Everything will be all right!"

"Only I am sure you are sick, in spite of what you say. I know how to prove it, too—can you eat?"

"I'm too busy thinking of great things to be hungry."

"There—you would be hungry if you were well."

"I can't tell you how well I am, and

instead of being so well," said Prudence, "it's hard to eat a thing all day."

"Well, he never did overeat himself. That I know of," said the bishop. "Not eating ain't any sign with him. Now it would be with me. I never believed in fasting the flesh. The Spirit of the Lord ain't ever so close to me as after I've had a good meal of victuals—meat and potatoes and plenty of good soap and a couple of pieces of pie. Then I can unbutton my vest and jest set and set and hear the promptings of the Lord God of Hosts. I know some men ain't that way, but then's the time when I beautifully my inheritance in Zion the purties. And I'm mighty glad Brother Joe can't turn out to-morrow. Of course you heard the news."

"What news, Brother Seth?"

"Brother Brigham gets here at 11 o'clock from New Harmony."

"Brother Brigham coming?"

"We're getting the bowery ready down to the square to-night so's to have services out of doors."

"He's coming to-morrow?" The words came both from Prudence and her father.

"Of course he's coming. Ben Hadley brought word over. They'll have a turkey dinner at Bell Wardle's house, and then services at two."

The flushed little man with the revelation felt himself grow suddenly cold. He had thought it would be easy to launch his new truth in Amalona and let the news be carried to Brigham. To get up in the very presence of him, in the full gaze of those cold blue eyes, was another matter.

"But it's early for him. He doesn't usually come until after conference, after it's got cooler."

The bishop took on the air of a man who does not care to tell quite all that he knows.

"Yes; I suspicion some one's been sending tales to him about a certain

young woman's carryings on down here."

He looked sharply at Prudence, who looked at the ground, and felt grateful for the dusk. Follett looked hard at them both, and was plainly interested. The bishop spoke again.

"I ain't got no license to say so, but having done that young woman proud by engaging himself to marry her, he might 'a' got annoyed if any one had 'a' told him she was being waited on by a handsome young Gentle, gallivantin' off to canyons day after day—holding hands, too, more than once. Oh, I ain't saying anything. Young blood is young blood; mine ain't always been old, and I never blamed the young, but, of course, the needs of the Kingdom is a different matter. Well, I'll have to be getting along now. We're going to put up some of the people at our house, and I've got to fix to bed mother down in the wagon-box again. I reckon. I'll say you'll be with us to-morrow, then, Brother Joel!"

The little bent man's voice had lost much of its life.

"Yes, Brother Seth, if I am able."

"Well, I hope you are." He arose and looked at the sky. "Looks as if we might have some falling weather. They say it's been moisting quite a bit up Cedar way. Well—good night, an'!"

When he was gone the matter of his visit was not referred to. With some

as for food—our Elder Brother has been feeding me all day with the breath of truth. Such wonderful new things the Lord has shown me!"

"But, you must not get up. Lie still and we will nurse you."

He refused the food she brought him, and refused Loren's sage tea. He was not to be calmed into treating as sickness the first real happiness he had felt for years. He lay still until his little room grew shadowy in the dusk, filled with a great reviving hope that the Lord had raised a new prophet to lead Israel out of bondage.

As the night fell, however, the shadows of the room began to trouble him as of old, and he found himself growing hotter and hotter until he burned and gasped, and the room seemed about to stifle him. He arose from the bed, wondering that his feet should be so heavy and clumsy, and his knees so weak, when he felt otherwise so strong. His head, too, felt large, and there rang in his ears a singing of incessant quick beats. He made his way to the door, where he heard the voices of Prudence and Follett. It was good to feel the cool night air upon his hot face, and he reassured Prudence, who chided him for leaving his bed.

"When you hear me discourse to-morrow you will see how wrong you were about my being sick," he said. But she saw that he supported himself carefully from the doorway along the wall to the near-by chair, and that he sank into it with every sign of weakness. His eyes, however, were aglow with his secret, and he sat nodding his head over it in a lively way. "Brigham was right," he said, "when he declared that any of us might receive revelations from on high; even the least of us—only we are apt to be deaf to the whispered words until the Lord has scourged us. I have been deaf a long time, but my ears are at last unstopped—who is it coming, dear?"

A tall figure, vague in the dusk, was walking briskly up the path that led in from the road. It proved to be the Wild Ram of the Mountains, freshened by the look of rectitude that the razor gave to his face each Saturday night.

"Evening, Brother Rae—evening, you young folks. Thank you, I will take a chair. You feeling a bit more able than usual, Brother Rae?"

"Much better, Brother Seth. I shall be at the meeting to-morrow."

"Glad to hear it, that's right good—you ain't been out for so long. And we want to have a rousing time, too."

"Only we're afraid he has a fever,

CHAPTER XXXIV.

A Procession, a Pursuit and a Capture.

Follett awoke to find himself superfluous. The women were rushing excitedly through their housework in order to be at hand when the procession of Brigham and his suite should march in. Of Joel Rae he caught but a glimpse through the door of his little room, the face flushed that had a long time been fallow and bloodless. When the door had closed he could hear the voice now strong again. He seemed to be, as during the night, rehearsing something he meant to say. And later it was plain that he prayed, though he heard nothing more than the high pleading of the voice.

Follett would not have minded these things, but Prudence was gone, and no one could tell him where. From Christina, of the rock-bound speech, he blasted the items that she was wearing "a dress all new" and "a red ribboned hat." Loren, too, knew all her willingness of speech, knew nothing definite.

"All I know is she fixed herself up like she was going to an evening ball or party. I wish to the lands I'd kep' my complexion the way she does horn. And she had on her best lawn that her pa got her in Salt Lake, the one with the little blue figures in it. She does look sweeter than honey on a rag in a store dress, and that Leghorn hat with the red bow, though what she wanted to start so early for I don't know. The procession can't be along yet, but she might have gone down to march with them, or to help decorate the bowery. I know when I was her age I was always a great hand for getting ready long before any one else, when my mother was making a company for me, putting up my waterfalls and curling my beau-catchers on a hot pipestem. But, land! I ain't no more time to talk with you."

Down the main road he hesitated. To the right he could see where the green mouth of the canyon invited; and to the left lay the village, where Prudence doubtless was. He would find her and bring her away. For Follett was determined to toe the mark himself now.

In the one street of Amalona there was the usual Sabbath hush; but above this was an air of dignified festivity. The village in its Sunday best attire, with here and there a suit of store goods, was holding its breath. In the bowery a few workers, under the supervision of Bishop Wright, were adding the last touches of decoration. It was a spot of pleasant green in the dusty square—a roof of spruce boughs, with evergreens and flowers garnishing the posts, and a bank of flowers and fruit back of the speaker's stand.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Revenue Officer's Argument Cogent and Ail-Convincing.

Miss Dorothea Klumpke, the astronomer, was talking about the difficulties and intricacies that astronomy presents to the lay mind.

"For instance," she said, "there is the well-known case of the meteorite that fell on a Vermont farm in '96. It was a valuable meteorite, and the landlady at once stepped up and claimed it. 'All minerals and metals on the land belong to me,' he said. 'That's in the lease.'"

"But the tenant demurred. 'This meteorite,' he said, 'was on the farm, you must remember, when the lease was drawn up.'"

"The landlady perceived the justice of that claim. He thought a moment. Then he said, decisively: 'I claim her as fying game.'"

"The tenant was ready for him. 'She's got neither wings nor feathers,'

he said. "Therefore, as ground game, she's mine."

"They continued their argument, and in the heat of it a revenue officer arriving with a truck proceeded to put the meteorite aboard. 'I claim her for the government,' he said, 'as an article introduced into the country without payment of duty.'"

Fellow Passengers.

"Pardon me, your necktie has been sticking out for some time. I refrained from telling you sooner because those young ladies seemed so much amused."

Farmer: "Thankie; an' the oil from that lamp has been dropping on this light overcoat o' yours for the last ten minutes, but every one seemed so tickled that I hated to spoil the fun."

—London Mirror.

Cause and Cause.

Let a man have his own way about everything and anybody can get along with him.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

The Dawning of a New Era

By Susa Young Gates

Daughter of Brigham Young Describes Recent Awakening of Cultured Women in Europe and America—Professional Women the First to Grasp New Opportunities—Humanitarian Efforts in England Hindered by the "Patronizing Method"—Difficulties Encountered by French Women—The Mother the Ideal Woman in Germany—All Striving for Betterment of Society.

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Miss Susa Young Gates, daughter of Brigham Young, is one of the leading women of the west, and is widely known as a writer and lecturer. She has had a prominent part in the work of the International Council of Women. For years she was the editor and publisher of the "Women's Journal of Salt Lake City." She is a trustee of Brigham Young University, and for a long period was a member of its faculty. She is also a member of the board of the Utah State Agricultural college. Her fiftieth birthday was recently celebrated by a great gathering of leading citizens of Utah.

It is impossible that any intelligent person should be ignorant of the fact that women of all classes and in every civilized country have become a force in the history of nations.

The most progressive are wide awake to the tremendous possibilities for themselves as a sex and as individuals. But this is not all. Women of every class and color are abating the sleep out of their eyes and trying to catch a hint of the glorious social scheme which paints the dawn of this new era for womanhood.

To know how the cultured women of the world are interesting themselves in humanitarian development, one must ask each country of Europe the separate question, while the United States has an answer peculiar to itself and its conditions.

In the United States the intellectual women are, as a rule, found rather among the professional classes than among the wealthy and social sets. For the strong and intellectual founders of this nation left to their descendants besides the rich inheritance of energy, integrity, and a love for the beautiful. The daughters and the granddaughters of these great parents have reached out into professional life with the purpose not only of getting money with which to cultivate their native gifts, but as well to make their lives of service to humanity. True, many of these energetic mental pioneers have married into wealth, and their daughters are now certain of the ultra-cultured minority.

When 50 years ago the American woman discovered herself, she first came out so strongly on political and other unpopular questions that she antagonized almost everybody. Then, as she advanced in her methods of preparing the fruit of the tree of knowledge appetizing, the more courageous among her sex advanced to meet her and dared the terrible opprobrium of "cerulean hose" and "strong minds." At length even the society woman felt the thrill of life pulsating deliciously along her brain nerves, and she said: "I will awake and arise and put on some mental garments of my own; not the bloomers nor waistless sacking of my sisters in the reform movement, but a dashing, purple lined, elderdown trimmed royal robe of knowledge, with shall emmate culture as sandalwood perfume a closed box." All this was to be achieved by the society lady with the greatest expenditure of money and the least outlay of mental effort. Hence arose circles, societies and clubs, which ventured out upon the sea of knowledge in silken barges, touching at every known port of Egyptian prehistoric culture and the folk songs of the negro. The result for the glad voyagers was a delightfully incongruous collection of mental curios from every nation and clime.

On the other hand, the professional

woman, whose ranks were more and more crowded with the bright, the eager, the progressive and the broad-minded women, addressed one question to the future: "What is there I can do, singly or combined with my sister women, to help this stunted old world to grow healthy, strong and beautiful?" And the answer is found in the millions of faithful workers in the great reform movements of the day.

A woman is a woman wherever you find her. When the woman with a club found there were other gates to progress besides the one that led from her own selfish domain she declared for all sorts of humanitarian interests, except, perchance, such as would bring her into close contact with the great unwashed multitude. She is still broad enough to make wealth perse her little black ball is quite ready to be dropped at the name of any one whose religion, social standing or color might make her an undesirable addition to the aristocratic club.

Specifically, the cultured women of America, in their organized movements, are showing the excellent taste which is expected of the American woman. Movements are enthusiastically going forward for the betterment of sanitary laws in public and in home life; for civic reform such as is possible for women to grapple with in their present development; for the study of the home life; and of the science of bettering conditions within these four dear walls; for reform in temperance; for better conditions for the pauper and the prison inmate; for the study of the child in its relation to home life; and, most aggressive of all, to secure, universally, the ballot for women. These are the lines along which the cultured women of America are moving forward toward the millennium of universal peace and good will.

In Great Britain there is equal enthusiasm and strenuous effort among the women of the nobility, as well as among the professional classes and the laboring, but in that country the lines between classes are very sharply drawn. "Noblesse oblige" is emblazoned on every public or reform movement. The so-called "lower classes"—which, by the way, are all the classes not endowed with titles—are looked upon by the properly trained aristocrat as his or her wards and proteges. The nobler the woman the better is her sense of duty toward all who were not born with prefixes to their names. With a beautiful spirituality, she devotes herself most unselfishly and grandly to the dispensation of the cloud of abuses which is fostered by a monarchical form of government. It is nearly impossible for the American woman to understand the point of view of the English woman, unless she summers and winters on the rain-soaked island which rules so much of the world.

It must be confessed, too, that as long as the professional and working English woman remains in her own country she is quite content to accept all the lovely favors showered upon her by her noble patronesses; but woe to her if she should venture to spend a few years in the United States! Ninety-nine chances to one she will become a more pronounced American than any woman born under the folds of the stars and stripes. The British woman has grown up with the sentiment of patronizing or being patronized interwoven with every fiber of her being, and therefore she shapes all her plans and all her work to give or to win favors. Headed by a number of high-born dames, the woman's club idea has taken solid root in the soil of the British Isles. Besides, there are numerous guilds and unions formed for every conceivable purpose, but every one of them is dominated by the aristocratic idea of ownership. The English peevishness of to-day counts it very fashionable to be cultured and humanitarian. She gives money and gifts to humanity; she gives her wealth; she imparts of her strength and vitality; she devotes her time; she graces many functions held in the lower walks of life with the sunshine of her awe-inspiring presence; she gives jewels and decorations, fancy work and favors. But there is one thing which she holds jealously sacred to her own class and its aristocratic traditions, and that is her august self. In short, the women of the British peerage, a happy majority of them, are doing all that is possible for aristocratic women to do for the uplifting and betterment of their own race and their own people, and they are very sensibly aided by the professional women and the higher working classes. It is not possible for the British mind to grasp the true significance of internationalism, except it be the internationalism which strengthens British interests and augments British power; this sort of internationalism is the only sort which is really acceptable to the British mind, male or female.

The Scandinavian women who are moving forward toward the betterment of the world come from the professional classes solely. The so-called

upper classes of women in Denmark are far more narrow and conservative than their British cousins across the way. But it must be confessed that the Danish women, particularly those who are engaged in the work of the International Council of Women, seem to have less subservency and awe for the traditional aristocracy than do even the same class in England. In Sweden much of the reform work done by the women is centered upon nursing, particularly in the Red Cross class of nursing, and moral reform. But both Norwegian and Swedish women are knocking loudly at the doors of their respective governments for the elective franchise for women, and with more or less success.

The conditions in Austria are much the same as those in Scandinavia, with the further complications that the organized council movement must necessarily deal with the problem of federated states together with their varied conditions and phases of life.

Independent little Holland has a great many broad-minded and progressive women who have developed strong socialistic tendencies. It would have surprised Susan B. Anthony if she had known during the last years of her life how ardently she was loved in the European countries. Her name was one to conjure with, and her presence at any great gathering, such as the quinquennial of the International Council of Women, held in 1904 in Berlin, would have been esteemed by European women as of more worth than the presence of any reigning queen.

In France there is a condition peculiar to that country. There exists so great an antipathy between Protestants and Catholics that many questions of public moment are hampered by sectarian prejudices. And to this the loose moral status of some of the brilliant women of the French republic, and the consequent antagonism that exists between them and the conservative descendants of the aristocratic cultured classes and who have a problem, unique in its character; for so popular has it become in France for women to hold conventions and congresses, that women of the most questionable type use this weapon as a means of adding to their popularity and social influence. Notwithstanding all this, there is a multitude of devoted women workers in France, separated as they may be by prejudice or by caste, who are moving grandly forward in the interests of women and humanity.

The German aristocracy has no idea of humanitarian work beyond that which has for its ideal the domesticity of the individual family life. The old style German marries that his wife may rear sons for the German army or for German commerce. If she accomplishes that, nothing more, either here or hereafter, will be required of her. But the German professional women who have had to go into the arena of life to win bread or a laurel wreath have learned that not man alone owes a duty to the state besides that which he owes to his own hearthstone, but that woman, as well, may broaden her interests and individualize her life by acknowledging a debt to the state and to the world. If she have children, sufficient unto her strength will be her duty in the home; but if she have none—and how many thousands there are who have none—why cannot she devote her energy and strength to some great and good cause?

This is the thought that grows apace throughout all the European countries. With all her limitations and restrictions, the European woman, when she does come out of her traditional environment and offers a friendly, helping hand to the reform of the world, is a strong, noble and beautiful character—perhaps stronger, perhaps nobler, because the fight she wages is keener and more deadly than her own tender sensibilities than her struggle endured by us in America. If a man longs for drink but without holds his appetite, he is more surely temperate than the one who knows no desire; and the swimmer is stronger who battles with a strong current. Thus, indeed, the European woman may be greater in her greatness and stronger in her strength, notwithstanding all her traditional limitations, than would be her sister in America. We may not sympathize with the European point of view as to the classification of society, nor may we agree with Europeans in their patronizing methods of dealing with their sister women; but we cannot withhold our admiration and esteem when we see their unselfish devotion to principle as they understand it.

Milk and Death.

The British milkmaid is phlegmatic, but about the milk question shows a callousness which can only come from willful ignorance. It must be realized that the milk question is one literally of life and death.—British Medical Journal.

Test of Greatness.

The greatest living American may be a man who does not care a whit whether anybody knows it or not.—Dallas News.

WORN BY DUTCH WOMEN.

The Intricacies of Feminine Dress in Holland.

The women's costume in Holland, declares a writer in Scribner's, is a trifle too complex for verbal description, as feminine belongings usually are, but the white lace cap which covers the head from the eyebrows to the nape of neck and from ear to ear, curving out in rounded wings on each side of the cheeks, is always a conspicuous and inevitable portion of a woman's attire. It may possibly be that on Sunday this cap is a trifle whiter or stiffer or daintier than on week days, but the difference is not very apparent.

The ladies assure us there is a vast difference in the quality of the net and the amount of hand work employed, but the lens made no special note of that. In shape and outline the camera finds great distinction between these caps and those of Katwyk or Marken of Bois le Duc, but between Sunday and Monday caps in Volendam it records none whatever. For the

rest of the costume feminine Holland asks, above all things, apparently, a very fat, narrow chest surmounting enormous hips, and Volendam is no exception to this fashion rule. The invariable black "best waist" of the elder women is usually brightened by a square yoke of lighter color and material, and the dark apron or overskirt is topped by six inches or more of gay plaid or bright-colored band, worn over an underskirt of doubling, striped or black material and uncountable petticoats. About the throat a collar formed of many rows of heavy, dark-red coral beads is fastened by huge silver clasps, and the number of rows, the size and quality of the beads, are matter for feminine pride. Long hair is not the glory of woman in Holland, save, perhaps, at Marken. It is usually hidden, and at Volendam is cut quite close and entirely covered by a tight-fitting thick black cap concealed beneath the snowy white lace. The younger girls, from the tiniest toddler to the young meisele old enough to wed, wear dresses and caps the exact counterpart of their grave mothers, no less full of skirt or nar-

row of chest, but much gayer in color. A group of tiny maidens in a stiff breeze resembles nothing more than a swarm of butterflies.

The Hot Water Cure.

The virtues of the hot water application are recognized to such an extent that hot-water bags are made in a great variety of shapes and sizes. The latest designs are made to fit around the joints such as the knee, ankle and elbow. They are very effective in the treatment of myalgia, arthritis, rheumatism and similar affections.

English Yeomanry Dying Out.

There is a popular song which praises this country as the home of the yeoman—"no other land can boast them;" as a matter of fact, they have been dying out in the last 150 years; they were the small owner class, whom many people would like to recreate.—Yorkshire Post.

Sayings of Childhood.

When Mary is happy she says: "It is no weather in my heart."—Chicago Tribune.

Settled Case Right There

Revenue Officer's Argument Cogent and Ail-Convincing.

Miss Dorothea Klumpke, the astronomer, was talking about the difficulties and intricacies that astronomy presents to the lay mind.

"For instance," she said, "there is the well-known case of the meteorite that fell on a Vermont farm in '96. It was a valuable meteorite, and the landlady at once stepped up and claimed it. 'All minerals and metals on the land belong to me,' he said. 'That's in the lease.'"

"But the tenant demurred. 'This meteorite,' he said, 'was on the farm, you must remember, when the lease was drawn up.'"

"The landlady perceived the justice of that claim. He thought a moment. Then he said, decisively: 'I claim her as fying game.'"

"The tenant was ready for him. 'She's got neither wings nor feathers,'

he said. "Therefore, as ground game, she's mine."

"They continued their argument, and in the heat of it a revenue officer arriving with a truck proceeded to put the meteorite aboard. 'I claim her for the government,' he said, 'as an article introduced into the country without payment of duty.'"

Fellow Passengers.

"Pardon me, your necktie has been sticking out for some time. I refrained from telling you sooner because those young ladies seemed so much amused."

Farmer: "Thankie; an' the oil from that lamp has been dropping on this light overcoat o' yours for the last ten minutes, but every one seemed so tickled that I hated to spoil the fun."

—London Mirror.

Cause and Cause.

Let a man have his own way about everything and anybody can get along with him.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

A Procession, a Pursuit and a Capture.

Follett awoke to find himself superfluous. The women were rushing excitedly through their housework in order to be at hand when the procession of Brigham and his suite should march in. Of Joel Rae he caught but a glimpse through the door of his little room, the face flushed that had a long time been fallow and bloodless. When the door had closed he could hear the voice now strong again. He seemed to be, as during the night, rehearsing something he meant to say. And later it was plain that he prayed, though he heard nothing more than the high pleading of the voice.

Follett would not have minded these things, but Prudence was gone, and no one could tell him where. From Christina, of the rock-bound speech, he blasted the items that she was wearing "a dress all new" and "a red ribboned hat." Loren, too, knew all her willingness of speech, knew nothing definite.

"All I know is she fixed herself up like she was going to an evening ball or party. I wish to the lands I'd kep' my complexion the way she does horn. And she had on her best lawn that her pa got her in Salt Lake, the one with the little blue figures in it. She does look sweeter than honey on a rag in a store dress, and that Leghorn hat with the red bow, though what she wanted to start so early for I don't know. The procession can't be along yet, but she might have gone down to march with them, or to help decorate the bowery. I know when I was her age I was always a great hand for getting ready long before any one else, when my mother was making a company for me, putting up my waterfalls and curling my beau-catchers on a hot pipestem. But, land! I ain't no more time to talk with you."

Down the main road he hesitated. To the right he could see where the green mouth of the canyon invited; and to the left lay the village, where Prudence doubtless was. He would find her and bring her away. For Follett was determined to toe the mark himself now.

In the one street of Amalona there was the usual Sabbath hush; but above this was an air of dignified festivity. The village in its Sunday best attire, with here and there a suit of store goods, was holding its breath. In the bowery a few workers, under the supervision of Bishop Wright, were adding the last touches of decoration. It was a spot of pleasant green in the dusty square—a roof of spruce boughs, with evergreens and flowers garnishing the posts, and a bank of flowers and fruit back of the speaker's stand.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

CHAPTER XXXIV.

A Procession, a Pursuit and a Capture.

Follett awoke to find himself superfluous. The women were rushing excitedly through their housework in order to be at hand when the procession of Brigham and his suite should march in. Of Joel Rae he caught but a glimpse through the door of his little room, the face flushed that had a long time been fallow and bloodless. When the door had closed he could hear the voice now strong again. He seemed to be, as during the night, rehearsing something he meant to say. And later it was plain that he prayed, though he heard nothing more than the high pleading of the voice.

Follett would not have minded these things, but Prudence was gone, and no one could tell him where. From Christina, of the rock-bound speech, he blasted the items that she was wearing "a dress all new" and "a red ribboned hat." Loren, too, knew all her willingness of speech, knew nothing definite.

"All I know is she fixed herself up like she was going to an evening ball or party. I wish to the lands I'd kep' my complexion the way she does horn. And she had on her best lawn that her pa got her in Salt Lake, the one with the little blue figures in it. She does look sweeter than honey on a rag in a store dress, and that Leghorn hat with the red bow, though what she wanted to start so early for I don't know. The procession can't be along yet, but she might have gone down to march with them, or to help decorate the bowery. I know when I was her age I was always a great hand for getting ready long before any one else, when my mother was making a company for me, putting up my waterfalls and curling my beau-catchers on a hot pipestem. But, land! I ain't no more time to talk with you."

Down the main road he hesitated. To the right he could see where the green mouth of the canyon invited; and to the left lay the village, where Prudence doubtless was. He would find her and bring her away. For Follett was determined to toe the mark himself now.

In the one street of Amalona there was the usual Sabbath hush; but above this was an air of dignified festivity. The village in its Sunday best attire, with here and there a suit of store goods, was holding its breath. In the bowery a few workers, under the supervision of Bishop Wright, were adding the last touches of decoration. It was a spot of pleasant green in the dusty square—a roof of spruce boughs, with evergreens and flowers garnishing the posts, and a bank of flowers and fruit back of the speaker's stand.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

WORN BY DUTCH WOMEN.

The Intricacies of Feminine Dress in Holland.

The women's costume in Holland, declares a writer in Scribner's, is a trifle too complex for verbal description, as feminine belongings usually are, but the white lace cap which covers the head from the eyebrows to the nape of neck and from ear to ear, curving out in rounded wings on each side of the cheeks, is always a conspicuous and inevitable portion of a woman's attire. It may possibly be that on Sunday this cap is a trifle whiter or stiffer or daintier than on week days, but the difference is not very apparent.

The ladies assure us there is a vast difference in the quality of the net and the amount of hand work employed, but the lens made no special note of that. In shape and outline the camera finds great distinction between these caps and those of Katwyk or Marken of Bois le Duc, but between Sunday and Monday caps in Volendam it records none whatever. For the

rest of the costume feminine Holland asks, above all things, apparently, a very fat, narrow chest surmounting enormous hips, and Volendam is no exception to this fashion rule. The invariable black "best waist" of the elder women is usually brightened by a square yoke of lighter color and material, and the dark apron or overskirt is topped by six inches or more of gay plaid or bright-colored band, worn over an underskirt of doubling, striped or black material and uncountable petticoats. About the throat a collar formed of many rows of heavy, dark-red coral beads is fastened by huge silver clasps, and the number of rows, the size and quality of the beads, are matter for feminine pride. Long hair is not the glory of woman in Holland, save, perhaps, at Marken. It is usually hidden, and at Volendam is cut quite close and entirely covered by a tight-fitting thick black cap concealed beneath the snowy white lace. The younger girls, from the tiniest toddler to the young meisele old enough to wed, wear dresses and caps the exact counterpart of their grave mothers, no less full of skirt or nar-

row of chest, but much gayer in color. A group of tiny maidens in a stiff breeze resembles nothing more than a swarm of butterflies.

The Hot Water Cure.

The virtues of the hot water application are recognized to such an extent that hot-water bags are made in a great variety of shapes and sizes. The latest designs are made to fit around the joints such as the knee, ankle and elbow. They are very effective in the treatment of myalgia, arthritis, rheumatism and similar affections.

English Yeomanry Dying Out.

There is a popular song which praises this country as the home of the yeoman—"no other land can boast them;" as a matter of fact, they have been dying out in the last 150 years; they were the small owner class, whom many people would like to recreate.—Yorkshire Post.

Sayings of Childhood.

When Mary is happy she says: "It is no weather in my heart."—Chicago Tribune.

Settled Case Right There

Revenue Officer's Argument Cogent and Ail-Convincing.

Miss Dorothea Klumpke, the astronomer, was talking about the difficulties and intricacies that astronomy presents to the lay mind.

"For instance," she said, "there is the well-known case of the meteorite that fell on a Vermont farm in '96. It was a valuable meteorite, and the landlady at once stepped up and claimed it. 'All minerals and metals on the land belong to me,' he said. 'That's in the lease.'"

"But the tenant demurred. 'This meteorite,' he said, 'was on the farm, you must remember, when the lease was drawn up.'"

"The landlady perceived the justice of that claim. He thought a moment. Then he said, decisively: 'I claim her as fying game.'"

"The tenant was ready for him. 'She's got neither wings nor feathers,'

he said. "Therefore, as ground game, she's mine."

"They continued their argument, and in the heat of it a revenue officer arriving with a truck proceeded to put the meteorite aboard. 'I claim her for the government,' he said, 'as an article introduced into the country without payment of duty.'"

Fellow Passengers.

"Pardon me, your necktie has been sticking out for some time. I refrained from telling you sooner because those young ladies seemed so much amused."

Farmer: "Thankie; an' the oil from that lamp has been dropping on this light overcoat o' yours for the last ten minutes, but every one seemed so tickled that I hated to spoil the fun."

—London Mirror.

Cause and Cause.

Let a man have his own way about everything and anybody can get along with him.

WORN BY DUTCH WOMEN.

The Intricacies of Feminine Dress in Holland.

The women's costume in Holland, declares a writer in Scribner's, is a trifle too complex for verbal description, as feminine belongings usually are, but the white lace cap which covers the head from the eyebrows to the nape of neck and from ear to ear, curving out in rounded wings on each side of the cheeks, is always a conspicuous and inevitable portion of a woman's attire. It may possibly be that on Sunday this cap is a trifle whiter or stiffer or daintier than on week days, but the difference is not very apparent.

The ladies assure us there is a vast difference in the quality of the net and the amount of hand work employed, but the lens made no special note of that. In shape and outline the camera finds great distinction between these caps and those of Katwyk or Marken of Bois le Duc, but between Sunday and Monday caps in Volendam it records none whatever. For the

rest of the costume feminine Holland asks, above all things, apparently, a very fat, narrow chest surmounting enormous hips, and Volendam is no exception to this fashion rule. The invariable black "best waist" of the elder women is usually brightened by a square yoke of lighter color and material, and the dark apron or overskirt is topped by six inches or more of gay plaid or bright-colored band, worn over an underskirt of doubling, striped or black material and uncountable petticoats. About the throat a collar formed of many rows of heavy, dark-red coral beads is fastened by huge silver clasps, and the number of rows, the size and quality of the beads, are matter for feminine pride. Long hair is not the glory of woman in Holland, save, perhaps, at Marken. It is usually hidden, and at Volendam is cut quite close and entirely covered by a tight-fitting thick black cap concealed beneath the snowy white lace. The younger girls, from the tiniest toddler to the young meisele old enough to wed, wear dresses and caps the exact counterpart of their grave mothers, no less full of skirt or nar-

row of chest, but much gayer in color. A group of tiny maidens in a stiff breeze resembles nothing more than a swarm of butterflies.

The Hot Water Cure.

The virtues of the hot water application are recognized to such an extent that hot-water bags are made in a great variety of shapes and sizes. The latest designs are made to fit around the joints such as the knee, ankle and elbow. They are very effective in the treatment of myalgia, arthritis, rheumatism and similar affections.

English Yeomanry Dying Out.

There is a popular song which praises this country as the home of the yeoman—"no other land can boast them;" as a matter of fact, they have been dying out in the last 150 years; they were the small owner class, whom many people would like to recreate.—Yorkshire Post.

Sayings of Childhood.

When Mary is happy she says: "It is no weather in my heart."—Chicago Tribune.



CHAPTER XXXIV.

A Procession, a Pursuit and a Capture.

Follett awoke to find himself superfluous. The women were rushing excitedly through their housework in order to be at hand when the procession of Brigham and his suite should march in. Of Joel Rae he caught but a glimpse through the door of his little room, the face flushed that had a long time been fallow and bloodless. When the door had closed he could hear the voice now strong again. He seemed to be, as during the night, rehearsing something he meant to say. And later it was plain that he prayed, though he heard nothing more than the high pleading of the voice.

Follett would not have minded these things, but Prudence was gone, and no one could tell him where. From Christina, of the rock-bound speech, he blasted the items that she was wearing "a dress all new" and "a red ribboned hat." Loren, too, knew all her willingness of speech, knew nothing definite.

"All I know is she fixed herself up like she was going to an evening ball or party. I wish to the lands I'd kep' my complexion the way she does horn. And she had on her best lawn that her pa got her in Salt Lake, the one with the little blue figures in it. She does look sweeter than honey on a rag in a store dress, and that Leghorn hat with the red bow, though what she wanted to start so early for I don't know. The procession can't

Directions

For Barb Wire Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Stabs or other Flesh Wounds—Apply the oil 2 or 3 times a day, over injured surface. Use feathers, band, brush or cloth. Do not rub as that will irritate.

For Old Sores—Apply the oil 2 or 3 times a day. Do not rub or injure old sores.

For Swellings, Bruises, External Inflammations, Sprains, Muscular Rheumatism, Etc.—Apply 3 or 4 times a day, rubbing gently five or ten minutes.

For injuries made by Rusty Nails—Apply the oil at once and repeat 3 times a day letting it soak in well each time.

By following the above directions you will find the results are convincing and very satisfactory.

GOLDEN PINE Healing Oil

Cures
Barb Wire Cuts
Bruises
Swellings, Burns
Scalds
Muscular Rheumatism
Sprains, all Flesh Wounds
Injuries by Rusty Nails, Etc.

Purifies the wound or sore, prevents taking cold, is soothing and heals rapidly.

Made and sold only by
O. P. LUCE, Ph. G.
Druggist and Chemist.
Ord, Nebr.

This Oil, for human use, is unsurpassed. It does not contain any injurious ingredients.

For Cuts, Bruises, Scatches, Burns, Scalds, Sores, Sprains, Injuries made by Rusty Nails, all Flesh Wounds, Muscular Rheumatism, Etc., follow directions given on other panel.

You will find it a very mild but wonderful healer.

This Oil is guaranteed to do just what I claim for it and to give perfect satisfaction. Where it fails to do this your money is cheerfully refunded.

Signed,
O. P. LUCE, Ph. G.

Price \$1.00

COUPON

This oil heals rapidly without a scab. Keeps the wound clean and pure and heals from the bottom up thus preventing and avoiding scars. Clip out this coupon and bring to my drug store with 75 cents and you will receive a \$1.00 bottle absolutely guaranteed.

The CITY PHARMACY
O. P. LUCE, Ph. G. Mgr.

It will be remembered that Miss Grace Calhoun left here three years ago to enter St. Luke's hospital, of Denver, Colorado, with the intention of taking a three-years' course in that hospital, and eventually becoming a trained nurse. Many thought that Grace would soon be back to Ord, for those who know any thing about the amount of work one is called on to go through to become a competent nurse in any of our large hospitals, with practically no remuneration, it would be very natural if one would become discouraged and give it up. But they were mistaken, for Miss Calhoun graduated this week with honor to herself and the hospital from which she received her training, and is now in a position to earn wages that are hard to beat.

Such a celebration as Grand Island will have on the 4th—that of the fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of the county by white men—is not a frequent occurrence and from appearances the people of Grand Island and Hall county are determined to do full honor to their pioneer residents and to all who, even in later years, withstood the hardships of pioneer life, and to have a full glad day of it. Such an event is worthy of a two or three days' celebration but, it is said that when the general committee took up the question of the time of celebration, the farmer members of the same were unanimously of the opinion that, the celebration falling in harvest time, only one day should be devoted, and that that day should be made a good, big one.

The Quiz subscription list is growing at a good rate these days. Every week several new names are added to the list. It is the aim of the Quiz this year to cross the two thousand mark and at this writing everything bids fair for the realization of our ambition. Remember that while the present piano contest is on and until August 3 you can get this paper and the Nebraska Farmer at the same price, \$1.50, as was formerly charged for the Quiz alone. This is an exceptional value as the farmer alone would cost you \$1.00 per year if subscribed for separate from the Quiz. Get your name in today and take advantage of this offer.

Monday morning we saw the following persons aboard the U. P. for Hastings to represent this vicinity at the Sunday school convention: Mrs. Geisler, Mrs. O. P. Cromwell, Stella Ragan, Grace Work, Evet Smith, John Haskell, Lena Nay, Ethel Newbecker, Alice Armstrong, H. D. Strong, Miss Rathbun, Myrtle Milligan, Wilmore Gray, Mrs. Botts, Miss Aldrich, Addie Haught. There were probably others but they escaped us. These go to Hastings to attend the district convention and represent the various schools of this vicinity. The convention lasted till last night.

Cass Cornell is walking around the streets with tears in his eyes this week and all because he can not go to the National Hardware Dealer's Association soon to convene in Boston. At the recent state meeting Cass was elected as a Nebraska delegate but at this season the firm is rushed in the implement business and he can not possibly find time to spar in the meeting as much as he would like to.

Bids will be secured by the undersigned on or before June 25 on behalf of the local management of the Loup Valley chautauqua association for the following concessions: During time serving regular meals, lunch stand, cigars and confectionary, peanut and popcorn, candy machines, bathing privileges etc. Bids must be in writing and subject to the rules of the association. The management reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address all communications to M. M. Eaton, Ord, Nebr.

Our big 10 per cent. Discount Sale has been a Great Success

—Remember now is the Time to—

Get Ready for the Fourth at a Small Cost

From now until the Fourth of July we will give a ten per cent. discount on all our Clothing, Wash Goods, Gents', Ladies' and Children's Ox-fords, Slippers and Canvas shoes, Ladies' ready-to-wear Skirts, Parasols, Fans and Handbags.

Another big arrival of 5c and 10c goods this week.

Watch our BARGAINS, it means a GREAT MONEY SAVER to you.

The PEOPLE'S STORE

MAMIE SILER, Proprietor

Produce counts same as cash on the big discounts.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Fackler & Finley, the grocers, carry full lines of canned meats, peanut butter and bulk pickles, olives etc.

The ladies of the Presbyterian Aid Society will meet at the Nels Johnson home next Wednesday, June 26.

Last Friday night the Misses Ruth Williams and Winifred and Cosa Haskell returned to Ord for a summer vacation.

Rains are coming along all right now days, and people are bragging on the crop prospects so far along in the season.

Floyd Robbins did not take much vacation, coming home last week and returning again this week Monday morning to University Place, where he will take up summer work. He is doing this to enable him to keep along with his class and still keep up many hours of music.

One morning the first of the week Rev. E. A. Russell dropped into the Quiz shop to show us a sample of strawberries from his own raising. If the balance of the patch is half as good as the samples shown us the Reverend has a berry patch of which he may well be proud.

Mrs. Lewis and three of her boys will depart to day for Kippen, Idaho, for a short sojourn and then they will go on to Oregon for a longer stay. Charles, however, expects to make a permanent stay at Kippen.

Don't fail to read the add of the City Pharmacy this week and save the coupon.

Otto Murschel went to Chicago Saturday morning to shoot blue rocks in the grand American handicap tournament and to enjoy a few days vacation.

C. E. Trump and family came up to Ord last Saturday night. Ed. could not stop longer than over Sunday and hurried back to Bradshaw Monday morning, but his wife will visit here for three weeks or more. Ed. says that crops are looking fine in his part of the country.

The Danish Lutheran people have leased the Episcopal church for a year and will hold their first services there the last Sunday in June, being the 30th. Pastor R. Ravn of Marquett will preach the sermon, the services being at one o'clock in the afternoon.

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE

to buy Goods for less than they are worth. These things are seasonable, and are alright in every way. If you buy now you save just that much. In order to move the Goods and do it quickly we cut the price and cut it deep, so if you have any use for these things at all we know you will not pass them up.

Clean-up No. 1.

Some nice Wool Dress Goods in black and colors. All the way from 1 to 15 yards in a piece. Regular prices from 68c to \$1.00 a yard, and you can now take what you want for just **one-half the marked price.**

Clean-up No. 2.

Some nice Summer Wash Dress Goods. About 200 yards to sell in this way. You will attend the Chautauqua and will want a nice, cool dress to wear. Now is your chance to buy it for just **one-half the regular marked price.**

Clean-up No. 3.

Some Women's Dress Skirts in blacks, blues, browns and fancy mixtures. First-class skirts in every way, but just having one or two of a kind we are going to let you have them for **one-third less than they are marked.**

Clean-up No. 4.

Men's Hats. About 40 in the lot. None worth less than \$1.50 and from that up to \$2.00 and you can **take your choice for \$1.00.** A \$2.00 hat for \$1.00 is a pretty good deal for you, isn't it? It's worth looking after.

Clean-up No. 5.

Men's Hats—better ones. About 32 in this lot. None worth less than \$2.25 and from that up to \$2.88. Splendid shapes and good values at the marked prices, but in order to turn them into money and do it quickly you are going to **buy these good Hats for just \$1.50.**

Clean-up No. 6.

Shoes and Slippers, mostly children's. Some white ones, too. They are all good styles, and especially in children's you can get most any size. You can make a saving of **just one-half if you buy a pair of these.**

Do you pay CASH? Yes, we pay CASH for cream, butter, eggs, and chickens.

The Baileys' Dept. Store

Ord's Biggest, Busiest and Best Trading Place.

Ice cream, 25 cents a quart at Luse's fountain.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

Smoke Sincerity, Quotation and Tycoon at the City Pharmacy.

Be sure and go to the celebration in Waterman's grove on the Fourth.

Fanny Sutton went to Loup City Wednesday morning to visit a sister for a few days.

J. D. Tedro went to Beatrice Monday morning over the U. P. for a few days sojourn there.

We now have the baby chick food, just what the baby chicks need. Fackler & Finley the grocers.

Don't forget the Ladies Aid of the G. A. R. to be given at the home of Mrs. Agnes Pratt on Friday, June 21.

The streets were crowded Wednesday evening by town and country folks turning out to listen to the band concert.

Dr. Barnes, eye specialist, of Omaha, will be at the Hotel Ord Thursday the 27th. Remember the date and come as early as convenient.

This kind of weather is making the farmers go some. The rain has stopped work some and has given the weeds a good start. Then alfalfa is demanding attention now and altogether the farmers are busy enough.

Mrs. Tully and daughter, Bashie, left Monday morning for a visit to the southeast part of the union. They went by way of Jamestown, where they will of course visit the exposition.

The Midvale people are going to celebrate the Fourth in Mr. Waterman's grove. The stand will be under the auspices of the Y. P. C. U. and the proceeds will be used to help build the parsonage. Every one is cordially invited to come and have a good time.

Clarence Coe handed us a nice Havana smoke Wednesday morning and informed us that he was the father of a new baby girl. The news of the arrival came in Tuesday evening, the mother being at DeWitt, Nebraska. On news of this nature Clarence can well afford to be generous with his friends.

Sheriff Sutton went to Lincoln Tuesday morning in response to a message stating that Mrs. Sutton's condition was considered critical by her physicians. Quiz readers will remember that Mrs. Sutton was taken to the Lincoln sanatorium about a week ago but since going there she has shown no signs of improvement and it is now feared that she will never be any better. The Quiz hopes that her condition may not be as bad as reported and that she may yet be able to return to her folks in this city.

A jolly crowd of Burwell ladies over forty in number, boarded the Burlington freight and went down to Goodenows to spend the day, each one taking with them a basket full of good things to eat. The Goodenows were expecting Mrs. Baynon as she phoned them she would go down Wednesday on the freight. They were down to the crossing to meet her and were overwhelmed with surprise when the crowd got off the train. They were escorted to the house and made welcome by the Goodenow ladies who are noted for their hospitality. Besides the Burwell ladies the neighbor ladies were there, making about seventy-five. After chatting a few minutes and all trying to talk at once like so many children, they began to make preparations for dinner. Tables were spread under the trees and loaded with everything one could wish for. After dinner they spent the afternoon in social conversation, games and various other amusements. They all had a fine time and the day will be a long remembered one.—Burwell Tribune.

Tuesday morning promptly at half past five the Maple Leaf girls in rubber boot, regalia started for the Peterson home on the hill to shower Miss Myrtle Peterson with hand embroidered linens. Myrtle, not dreaming of the plot was indulging in a quiet morning sleep and was certainly surprised when the girls rushed upstairs and into her room and threw linens so rapidly at her, that she could scarcely get her breath. Such merriment as was indulged in the next fifteen or twenty minutes we will not endeavor to describe. But the sumptuous breakfast which Mrs. Peterson so hastily prepared we must mention as being one of the best we have ever been privileged to partake of. The coffee—why some of the strictly temperate girls were guilty of asking for a second cup. After breakfast all were ready to load in the wagon, with which Mr. Peterson was waiting at the gate. As the wagon rolled away the girls sang "Cheer up, Myrtle," but no need for she was perfectly happy and stood at the gate waving farewell.

John Beran dropped into this shop Tuesday noon long enough to say good bye and to tell us that he was on his way to Old Mexico for a brief trip. He was to accompany the Senator Currie party, and expects to look over the mining interests of the country quite thoroughly before returning to Ord.

Notice to Contractors and Builders. If you are in need of cement blocks for building I would be pleased to have you examine mine before buying. These blocks are manufactured under the latest system and allowed to harden in water.

John K. Jensen. tt.

Money to lend! Honnold & Davis.

For potato bugs use Paris green at Luse's Pharmacy.

Rev. J. M. Bates will preach at the Episcopal church on Friday evening of this week.

Tomorrow night services will be held at the Episcopal church, Rev. J. M. Bates officiating.

Be sure you have your eyes looked after while Dr. Barnes is at the Hotel Ord, Thursday the 27th.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

Mrs. Frank Lloyd and children are in the city this week visiting for a few days with the Will Timm folks and other friends in the vicinity.

Mrs. Vincent Kokes departed Wednesday morning for Excelsior Springs, Missouri, where she goes for medical treatment and in search of better health.

We had hardly began to think about its getting dry when a nice little shower of an inch and a half visited this section of the country last Sunday night.

County Assessor Fred Strathdee and Norm Parks, of the Quiz office, were transacting business and greeting friends in Arcadia last Saturday and Sunday.

H. M. Davis and Joe Barta departed Tuesday noon for a couple of weeks recreation. They started toward Colorado and will spend a greater part of the time looking over that state.

W. S. Waters returned from Idaho Saturday evening where he has been engaged in the mining business for the past three or four months. James Coby went out to the same country at the time Mr. Waters left and he is still there working in a mine and expects to remain there the rest of the summer at least.

Uncle Tom and Little Eva struck bad luck in Ord Monday in the shape of a heavy rain-storm that came up about the time that the company arrived in the city. The rain did not deter the organization from giving the parade as advertised even though the rain was coming down at a lively gait while the parade was going on. There was too much moisture in the air for them to attempt to give a performance in the evening and they loaded their tents and started on their way to a land where the wet was not so plentiful at an early hour Tuesday morning.

Important Notice.
300 children's season tickets for the Loup Valley Chautauqua, for children under fourteen years of age go on sale Monday morning at 9 o'clock. Price of ticket for entire season, \$1.25. These tickets may be secured of Marson M. Eaton or orders may be left at the office of Honnold & Davis.

DISREGARD LAW

MISSOURI RAILROADS REFUSE TO LOWER RATES.

THEY IGNORE INJUNCTION

Federal and State Courts in a Mix-up Which Causes Confusion, and Roads Taking Advantage of Situation.

A St. Louis, June 14 dispatch says: A temporary restraining order against seven railroads centering in St. Louis was obtained today from Circuit Judge Reynolds by Attorney General Hadley as a part of the movement instituted by him to compel the railroads of Missouri to obey the 2-cent rate passenger fare law and the maximum freight rate statute, both of which went into effect today. The action in St. Louis was simultaneous with a similar action in Kansas City, where Assistant Attorney General Renshaw obtained a temporary order against other roads of Missouri. Eighteen roads are concerned in the matter.

The order issued by Judge Reynolds here is directed against the Wabash, Iron Mountain, Cotton Belt, Missouri Pacific, St. Louis, Kansas City & Colorado, Missouri, Kansas & Texas and St. Louis and Hannibal roads. The railroad representatives are cited to appear before Judge Reynolds on June 24 to show cause why the injunction issued should not be made permanent. Notwithstanding the injunction, tickets were sold today at the usual 3-cent rate at the union station and at the city ticket offices. Ticket agents said they had no instructions to deviate from the usual 3-cent fare rate. Many purchasers of tickets demanded receipts, hoping they might obtain rebates, if the 2-cent rate law is eventually upheld by the courts and made operative.

When Attorney General Hadley learned today that the railroads through Attorney Frank Hagerman obtained an injunction from Federal Judge McPherson at Kansas City, prohibiting the state officials from enforcing the 2-cent rate and maximum freight laws he declared they had violated an agreement with him not to file application for an injunction until today. He stated that he had no official knowledge of what action the railroad companies had taken before Judge McPherson.

SUSPENDING ALL BUSINESS.

Wine-Growers of France Determined to Have Their Way.

Forty more French municipal councils have sent into Paris their resignations in accordance with the plans of the central committee of the wine growers' organization at Argeliers, but up to the present this involves hardly more than 10 per cent of the municipalities of the four federated departments," as the disaffected areas is described in the south. The only municipal offices open in the protesting communes are those where births, marriages and deaths are registered. "Declarations" regarding such events are taken, but with the explanation that it is done unofficially. Many proposed marriages are hung up, as there is no one who can legally perform the ceremony.

The resigning mayors continue to wall up the doors of the town halls with bricks or stones, in some cases placing small cannon on top of the buildings with printed notices giving warning of the danger of approaching them. Some of the towns have resolved to suppress all amusements and not to observe any holidays, not even the great national holiday, July 14, the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille, until satisfaction is obtained by the wine growers.

DECLARE SCHMITZ GUILTY.

Jury in Trial for Extortion Return a Unanimous Verdict.

A jury of twelve peers has declared Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz, of San Francisco, guilty of the crime of extortion as charged against him by the O'Leary grand jury. The jury was out just one hour and thirty-five minutes. They selected Charles E. Capp forman and at once proceeded to an informal ballot. This was cast verbally and stood eleven for conviction, one for acquittal, Juror Burns, a shoemaker, casting the dissenting vote.

Then the twelve men began a discussion of the evidence, which lasted for nearly an hour. At the end of that time, the first formal ballot was cast. It was a written ballot and was unanimous for conviction.

Murderer Takes Poison.

At Ironton, Mo., Charles Shafer, who killed his wife and his eleven-year-old son and wounded his mother-in-law, was found dead later near his mother's home. He had taken poison.

Work of the Red Cross.

Addressing the International Red Cross conference, Baron Ozawa, vice president of the Red Cross society of Japan, said the Japanese ambulance corps during the Russo-Japanese war had to deal with 622,638 cases and the number they succeeded in hostile camps and on hostile ships raised the number to far above one million. This was all done on less than \$2,500,000. They had no women nurses. The small cost was due entirely to the strict centralization of the Japanese system.

Denies Right to Regulate.

In its answer to the case filed with the interstate commerce commission by a citizen of St. Paul, the Pullman company denies the right of the commission to regulate its rates, and attacks the constitutionality of the railway rate law.

Chile Has an Earthquake.

A severe earthquake was experienced at Valparaiso, Chile. Several buildings and the railroad bridge there were destroyed and five persons were killed.

THEY ROUT THE INVADERS.

Salvadoran Troops Turn Back Revolutionists.

According to a cablegram, the Salvadoran army has defeated the invasion force which captured the port of Acacajuta, and has driven them back to the coast. One of the leaders of the invading army was John Molsant, a former resident of San Francisco and an American citizen. He is reported to have been captured by the forces of President Figueroa. The cablegram follows:

"Revolutionary forces under Rivas defeated in an attack on Sonsonata and driven back to Acacajuta. Juan Molsant reported among the captured. FIGUEROA."

It is reported on good authority that troops are ready to invade Salvador from three sides. According to this information Generals Toledo and Alfara are on the Honduran border ready to strike.

There appears little doubt that the latest revolutionary outbreak in Salvador will soon develop actual warfare between Salvador and Nicaragua, although within a fortnight the governments of both countries solemnly ratified the peace treaty of Amapala, obligating themselves to preserve the peace. The Salvadoran minister at Washington received a cablegram from President Figueroa, reciting the attack on Acacajuta by forces of Nicaragua. The minister hoped the Washington government would intervene, but there is little foundation for this hope, because, discouraged at the failure of the various Central American leaders to maintain in good faith the agreements they have made, that state department here and that in Mexico have concluded to abstain, for a time at least, from any interference in Central American affairs, except that the state department will request the navy department to return some of the smaller cruisers and gunboats to the scene to look after foreign interests.

SUIT AGAINST COAL ROADS.

Anthracite Carriers Made Defendants at Philadelphia.

The suit of the United States against the anthracite coal-carrying railroads, which are charged with carrying on a monopoly in the production, transportation and sale of hard coal has been filed in the United States circuit court in Philadelphia. The defendants are the following companies:

Reading, Philadelphia & Reading Lehigh Valley, Lackawanna, Central of New Jersey, Erie, Susquehanna, Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron, Lehigh Valley Coal, Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal, Hillside Coal and Iron company, New York, Susquehanna & Western Coal company and the Temple Iron company.

After filing of the bill of complaint by District Attorney Thompson the machinery was put in motion to have the papers served upon the defendants.

ACCUSE HIM OF KIDNAPPING

Nebraska Man, With 12-Year-Old Girl, Arrested in Wisconsin.

A Prairie Du Chien, Wis., June 12 dispatch says: James Beebe, aged twenty-three, was traced from Scott's Bluff, Neb., to Blue River, Wis., by a mark on his trunk and arrested on a farm fourteen miles from the village by Sheriff Stowell on the charge of kidnapping Pansie Schoonmaker, a girl of thirteen, whom he gave as his wife. Requisition papers are being secured and Sheriff Vesterbell, of Geneseo, Neb., will return with them. They passed through this city a week ago, when Sheriff Stowell saw the trunk and followed it by a mark furnished by Nebraska authorities.

NO MORE EXCURSION RATES.

Western Passenger Association Lays Down a Flat Rule.

At a special meeting in Chicago of the executive committee of the western passenger association, all applications for reduced fares were refused. This includes conventions of all kinds, camp meetings, Sunday school excursions and merchants' conventions. The maximum and minimum passenger rates in all western states passing a 2-cent bill will be the best rate that can be secured. All western roads were represented and the so-called weak weak lines stated they would confine their rates to the regular schedule.

Killed by Regular Shot.

While painting his target board at Enid, Okla., A. O. Harris, proprietor of a shooting gallery, was accidentally shot and fatally wounded by a young woman. The young woman had requested Harris to paint the targets before she shot. While he was at the targets she was examining one of his rifles and it was discharged. The bullet struck Harris in the neck and he died several hours later.

Fines for Furniture Men.

Proprietors of twenty furniture houses appeared before Judge Wolverton, in the federal court at Portland, Ore., and entered pleas of guilty to the indictment returned by the recent federal grand jury charging them with conspiracy to monopolize trade. A fine of \$25 was imposed upon each of the defendants.

Eight Prisoners Executed.

Eight political prisoners were executed at Riga, Russia, for participation in the recent disorders in the central prison, which was the subject of an interpellation in the lower house of parliament regarding the tortures inflicted on prisoners at Riga.

Father Kills Daughter.

At Indianapolis Robert Jolly killed his daughter, Gladys, nine years of age by forcing carbolic acid down her throat.

Goes Over Embankment.

A southbound passenger train from Chicago on the Monon railroad was derailed near Green Castle, Ind. The engine, baggage and mail cars went over a twenty-five foot embankment.

Collapse of a Big Swing.

The large electric swing at Electric Park, the new amusement resort at Forty-sixth street and Lydia avenue Kansas City, fell to the ground with a crash injuring eight persons, one seriously, when the outer span, sixty feet high, which supports the cars, snapped at the base and fell over.

HE HAS FINISHED

Cross-Examination of Harry Orchard at Haywood Trial Completed After Six Days.

ONLY ONCE HE FALTERED

The Remarkable Witness Continued Cool and Self Possessed to the Last in the Face of Strong Attack.

Boise, Idaho, June 11.—Into the further cross-examination of Harry Orchard Monday counsel for William D. Haywood repeatedly threw the suggestion of a great counter conspiracy, formulated and carried out by the enemies of the Western Federation of Miners and indicated a determination to construct their main line of defense on that field. They carried Orchard by slow steps and through the minutest details from the dynamiting of the Independence station down to the attempt on the life of Fred Bradley and his family, and in addition to a series of particular attacks on the credibility of the witness and the general prob-

ADA COUNTY COURTHOUSE.



Building at Boise, Idaho, where William D. Haywood is now being tried for conspiracy in connection with the murder of ex-Governor Stuenkelberg. Cross between windows in first floor shows cell of accused man.

ability of his stories, and preparing the way for their own testimony in rebuttal, they sought to show that Orchard has a mania for boasting of the commission of crimes non-existent except in his own mind and that he is testifying under the control and suggestion of Detective McPherson. Passing them to the dynamiting of the Independence station, he first crime with which the testimony of Orchard directly connects Haywood, Moyer and Padon; they endeavored to show that Orchard in springing the mine had purposely sought to spare the on coming train and the union men who were expected to on-train and that the whole plot was engineered by agents of the mine owners and railway managers, who wanted a comparatively harmless "outrage" to injure the union miners who were on strike.

Boise, Idaho, June 12.—The attack of the Haywood defense on the testimony of Harry Orchard goes on un-remittingly and the witness will probably be confined on the stand for two full days. Orchard withstands the strain with remarkable fortitude and at the end of six days shows no indication of mental or physical flagging. This day began with the story of the dynamiting of Fred Bradley in San Francisco and the defense made a long and determined effort to expose several features of it to doubt, improbability and future discrediting and to vitiate it all by revealing the hand of the Pinkertons.

Orchard who confesses that he hesitated at no crime and took a hundred desperate chances in those he committed, made an interesting contribution to the psychological study of his personality when he called himself a coward. He said he was too cowardly to openly kill Judge Gabbert; said that he regarded all his acts as cowardly.

Boise, Idaho, June 13.—The cross examination of Harry Orchard Wednesday was carried over the attempt on the life of Gov. Peabody at Canon City and the events immediately succeeding, including the Goddard and Gabbert dynamite plots, and follows the usual methods designed to confuse and discredit the

An Illinois Slayer Dead.

Bloomington, Ill., June 13.—Thomas Baldwin, slayer of four people, died in the county jail here early Wednesday from nervous collapse, aged 53. February 28 at Arrowsmith he shot Mrs. Sim Eiseaman and daughter, Cora, and Thomas Kennedy and wife. He was then out on bail charged with criminal assault on the Eiseaman girl. He killed the girl and those who were witnesses against him. He became a nervous wreck immediately after arrest necessitating the postponement of the trial.

Bodies Not Found.

Norfolk, Va., June 13.—The eleven men of the navy who sailed forth from Discovery pier exposition grounds in the early morning of Tuesday on the return trip of their steam launch to the battleship Minnesota, have been given up as lost. All day long and until late Wednesday night the search and dredging instituted by the naval authorities for any signs of the ill-fated launch and its occupants has progressed but the bodies of the victims of the catastrophe have not been found.

witness. Attorney Richardson again suggested that Orchard was being coached by Detective McPherson and counsel for the prosecution and provoked the sharpest wrangle that the attorney and witness have had in their long contest.

Just before the noon recess the monotony of the examination, was broken by Orchard's description of his attempts to kill Sherman Bell in Denver. For some 12 nights he was at Bell's residence waiting an opportunity to shoot him. More than once Bell's life was saved by the barking of small dogs.

Orchard said Pettibone asked him to get a position as life insurance solicitor before going to Canon City. He got letters of recommendation from several persons, among them Mr. Hawkins, a law partner of Attorney Richardson, who has conducted the cross examination of Orchard. Haywood later told Orchard he had made a mistake in getting a letter from Hawkins, for if anything happened in Canon City it might involve the attorney who had been representing the federation.

Boise, Idaho, June 14.—The men who are battling to save the life of William D. Haywood and the good name of the Western Federation of Miners made their greatest assault

AGREE TO CONTEST

TWO-CENT FARES TO BE FOUGHT IN FIVE STATES.

NEBRASKA AMONG THE REST

Illinois, Iowa, Missouri and Arkansas Likewise. Presidents of Western Railroads Reach Decision at Chicago.

Western railroad presidents at a conference in Chicago decided to contest the 2-cent passenger fare laws in at least five states—Illinois, Nebraska, Missouri, Iowa and Arkansas. Following this decision the passenger representatives of all western roads agreed not to grant any reduced rates for any occasion until the 2-cent fight shall have been concluded. The passenger men were presented with a letter written by Secretary Moseley of the interstate commerce commission to the central passenger association stating that the proposed plan for putting national educational association rates into effect is illegal and cannot be tolerated. Officers of the association will endeavor to have the ruling changed, as they declare that the life of the organization depends upon it.

In pursuance of the decision of the railroads to fight the 2-cent laws and not to grant reduced rates, the Chicago commercial association and the St. Louis merchants' association and similar organizations will hold that rates for merchants' meetings are no longer available. This decision will also cut off clergymen, charity workers, state conventions, sisters of charity and all who enjoyed cheap rate privileges, for fares will be placed upon a strict 2-cent fare basis.

DEATH OF SENATOR.

John T. Morgan of Alabama Succumbs Suddenly.

United States Senator John Tyler Morgan of Alabama died in Washington June 11.

Senator Morgan had been in bad health for a number of years, but had more or less regularly attended the sessions of congress. He suffered from angina pectoris, which was the cause of his death. At his death he was 63 years of age. He was born in Alabama, where the funeral will take place.

Mr. Morgan has held a number of offices besides that of senator, including membership in the Hawaiian laws commission and arbitrator on the Bering sea fisheries. His chief active interest in the senate in recent years has been in connection with the isthmian canal commission.

MIDSHIPMEN ARE DROWNED.

Six of Uncle Sam's Bright Sailor Boys Lost on Launch.

The loss at one time of six bright young midshipmen, fresh from the academy at Annapolis, a young marine officer very recently appointed, and a boatswain and four enlisted men attached to the battleship Minnesota—twelve men altogether as reported, briefly to the navy department June 11 was one of the most severe blows that has fallen upon the personnel of the navy since the Spanish war, in the estimation of the officials.

DECIDE TO FIGHT LIBERALS.

Irish Parliamentary Party Has a Grievance.

At a meeting of the Irish parliamentary party in London it was decided to fight the government both in the house and in the constituencies in order to punish the liberals for failing to give Ireland a broader measure of home rule than was contained in the rejected Irish council bill.

Haskell Claims Nomination.

C. N. Haskell of Oklahoma City claims to have been nominated for governor of the new state of Oklahoma at the recent democratic primary by a majority of 13,000 while Lee Cruce's managers said it would require the official count to determine the winner. Both sides charged fraud. It is generally believed that when all the counties have reported it will be found that Haskell has won by a safe margin.

Refuse to Suspend Duties.

The French customs commission has unanimously decided against a proposal to temporarily suspend the duties on wheat and flour owing to the rise in prices of bread.

After Umbrella Trust.

Acting upon instructions from Washington, United States District Attorney Thompson at Philadelphia, will present information to the federal grand jury and ask that indictments be found against members of the so-called umbrella trust. Conspiracy for fixing prices is alleged.

Will Propose a Monopoly.

Juarez, the French socialist leader, will shortly propose in the chamber of deputies, in the name of the socialist party, that a state monopoly of alcohol and sugar be established from July 1.

Asks for Recognition.

Dr. Angel Ugaret, minister of the new government of Honduras, has arrived in New Orleans enroute to Washington. His purpose is to obtain recognition of the new government and to urge that Nicaraguan troops be withdrawn from Honduras on the ground that their presence retards the return of normal conditions.

Getting into society is like getting into a new pair of shoes. They look pretty, but when you are in they may hurt your feet.

WHEAT ACREAGE MUCH LESS.

Decrease Over a Million for Whole Country.

The crop reporting board of the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture finds, from the reports of the correspondents and agents of the bureau as follows:

Preliminary returns on the acreage of spring wheat show an acre of about 16,464,000 acres, a decrease of 1,242,000 acres, or 7.0 per cent as compared with the final estimates of the acreage sown last year (17,706,000). The average condition of spring wheat on June 1, was 83.7 as compared with 92.7 on June 1, 1905, and a ten year average of 83.3.

The acreage condition of winter wheat on June 1 was 77.4 as compared with 82.9 on May 1, 1907; 82.7 on June 1, 1906; 85.5 on June 1, 1905, and a ten year average of 81.1.

The total area reported in oats is about 31,491,000 acres, an increase of 532,000 acres, or 1.7 per cent as compared with the final estimate of the area sown last year (30,959,000).

The average condition of oats on June 1, 1906, 92.9 at the corresponding date in 1905 and a ten year average of 89.7.

The acreage reported as under barley is less than that finally estimated as sown last year, about 171,000 acres 2.7 per cent.

TWO MILE A MINUTE GAIT.

Remarkable Speed Maintained by Christie in New Machine.

A speed of over two miles a minute over Long Island roads was made Monday by a car which Walter Christie will drive in the Grand Prix race in France next month. The trial was the last of several which have been made in the past few days.

In general design the car is similar to one driven by Christie in the Vanderbilt cup race, but it has several improvements. The trial was made over a measured course in Nassau county. Several times the mile was covered in a fraction over 30 seconds. When the car had been tested out it was sent away to a flying start and crossed the finish line inside of half a minute.

LEAVENWORTH IS DRY TOWN.

Saloons Closed for First Time in Eighteen Years.

The saloons of Leavenworth county were closed June 10 for the first time in eighteen years as a result of the warning of the sheriff backed up by Attorney General Fred S. Jackson, that no joints would be tolerated in the future. Up to last week there were close to 125 saloons in Leavenworth city alone.

Peking-To-Paris Race.

Three French, one Dutch and one Italian motor car started from Peking, China, in the Peking-to-Paris race. They were given an enthusiastic send-off by the foreign residents, including the American, Austrian and French ministers. A French band played selections. The Chinese were much astonished, as this was the first time motor cars had been seen in Peking.

Cannot Escape Liability.

Attorney General Hadley of Missouri has rendered an opinion in response to an inquiry from Secretary of State Swager, holding that a foreign corporation which has an agent or branch office in Missouri is doing business in the state. He holds that such a corporation cannot enforce collection for goods unless it takes out a state license, and that it cannot escape liability by claiming exemption under the "drummer" law.

Missouri Roads Will Fight.

The railroads of Missouri will fight the 2-cent fare law in the federal courts. Frank Hagerman of Kansas City, representing eighteen railroads, has served notice on Attorney General Hadley of Missouri that he will ask the federal court to enjoin the enforcement of the 2-cent fare law.

Threat Made to Strike.

At Chicago the packing house teamsters' union notified the packers at the Union stockyards that if they do not offer an advance in teamsters' wages by June 15 a strike will result. The teamsters demand an advance of 4 cents an hour, but they believe an agreement will be reached without a strike.

Passed Over Mayor's Veto.

The New York assembly by a vote of eighty-two to seventeen, repassed over the veto of Acting Mayor McGowan of New York, Assemblyman Prentice's bill providing for a judicial recount and canvass of the ballots cast at the mayoralty election of 1905 in New York City.

Kuroki is Appreciative.

General Kuroki telegraphed the navy department thanking the secretary for the courtesies extended him while in this country. The dispatch is dated at Seattle and reads as follows:

"His Excellency, the Secretary of the Navy: I have the honor to express my warmest thanks for the courtesy and kindness you so generously extended while in your country. I leave your beautiful soil tomorrow morning with most pleasant memories. GENERAL KUROKI."

Terrorist Shoots Himself.

A terrorist named Chernau, alleged to be implicated in the recent plot against the life of Emperor Nicholas, shot himself twice in an attempt to commit suicide in a suburb of St. Petersburg.

Killed in an Accident.

Edward Fox, the American minister to Ecuador, has reported to the state department the death by accident on the 8th instant of Henry Townes Forester of Pasadena, Cal., an employee of the American Trading company.

AT A WAYSIDE HOSTELRY.

Darky Servitor Most Obnoxious Under the Circumstances.

A traveling man stopped recently at a little country hamlet some miles from a Texas city to sell a merchant a bill of goods. There was only one hotel in the place, and this had an unfavorable reputation. He had only one night to stay, however, so he concluded to make the best of a bad bargain.

He went to his room early, and, feeling the need of some hot water to remove the stains of his journey, cast his eye about the wall for an electric button, which, of course, was conspicuous by its absence.

He happened to think that he had seen a negro porter below, and, sticking his head out of the door, he yelled lustily:

"Hey, you black rascal, come up here!"

"Yas'r, yas'r, I's comin'" was the quick response, and a moment later the old darkey appeared before the drummer, bowing obsequiously, cap in hand.

"I want some hot water, and I want it quick," said the drummer.

"I's pow'ful sorry, boss, pow'ful sorry," replied the negro, his voice trembling. "We ain't got no hot watah, but I kin hot yuh some."

BLACK, ITCHING SPOTS ON FACE.

Physician Called It Eczema in Worst Form—Patient Despaired of Cure—Cuticura Remedies Cured Her.

"About four years ago I was afflicted with black splotches all over my face and a few covering my body, which produced a severe itching irritation, and which caused me a great deal of suffering, to such an extent that I was forced to call in two of the leading physicians of the city. After a thorough examination of the dreaded complaint they announced it to be skin eczema in the worst form. Their treatment did me no good. Finally I became despondent and decided to discontinue their services. My husband purchased a single set of the Cuticura Remedies, which entirely stopped the breaking out. I continued the use of the Cuticura Remedies for six months, and after that every splotch was entirely gone. I have not felt a symptom of the eczema since, which was three years ago. Mrs. Lizzie E. Sledge, 540 Jones Ave., Selma, Ala., Oct. 28, 1905."

GOOD IDEA FOR MATCHES.

Double Enders Popular Among Smokers in Mexico.

"Mexico may be behind us in some things, but she has us lashed to the wheel when it comes to making matches," said a man just in from the land of the Montezumas as he handed out a wax lucifer with a head on each end.

"I saw nothing but double ended matches while I was away, and I can tell you that they save one's record with the Recording Angel. If you dig down in your pocket and find one match the chances are that you are sure of a light, because if one end goes out the other is left. These old time matches, just revived, that sputter brilliant sparks may be all right when it comes to pleasing the baby, but the fellow who puts on the market a double ended match will find a ready demand."

His Idea of a Good Time.

The retired contractor sighed as he got into his dress suit and thought of the elaborate dinner and the opera that were to come.

"Some day," he said, "I'll get real des'pit, an' then do you know what I'll do?"

"Something terrible, no doubt," replied his ambitious wife.

"I suppose it wouldn't look well in print," he admitted, "but I can't help that. What I'll do will be to throw away these high-priced cigars, put on some old clothes, go out an' come in by the back way an' smoke a quart of cut-up chewin' tobacco in the cool pipe while I'm talkin' things over with the coachman in the barn."—The Bohemian.

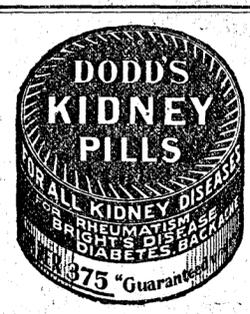
Text Somewhat Apropos.

The Rev. J. B. Hammill, the eloquent preacher of the Hanson Place Methodist Episcopal church, Brooklyn, was preaching at Sayville, L. I., from the text "Look well to your foundations." After repeating the text he leaned heavily on the pulpit desk, which gave way and plunged over the altar rail, nearly hitting the laymen in the front seat and scattering the Bible and the preacher's notes among the holders of the pews. The aged preacher barely escaped a tumble over the altar with the heavy desk.

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

The Web of Life.

Life is the daily web of character we unconsciously weave. Our thoughts, imaginations, purpose, motives, love, will, are the under threads; and the passing moment is the shuttle, swiftly, ceaselessly, relentlessly, weaving those threads into a web; and that web is life.—S. D. Gordon.



Directions

For Barb Wire Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Stabs or other Flesh Wounds—Apply the oil 2 or 3 times a day, over injured surface. Use feathers, hand, brush or cloth. Do not rub as that will irritate.

For Old Sores—Apply the oil 2 or 3 times a day. Do not rub or injure old sores.

For Swellings, Bruises, External Inflammations, Sprains, Muscular Rheumatism, Etc.—Apply 3 or 4 times a day, rubbing gently five or ten minutes.

For injuries made by Rusty Nails—Apply the oil at once and repeat 3 times a day letting it soak in well each time.

By following the above directions you will find the results are convincing and very satisfactory.

GOLDEN PINE

Healing Oil

Cures
Barb Wire Cuts
Bruises
Swellings, Burns
Scalds
Muscular Rheumatism
Sprains, all Flesh Wounds
Injuries by Rusty Nails, Etc.

Purifies the wound or sore, prevents taking cold, is soothing and heals rapidly.

Made and sold only by
O. P. LUSE, Ph. G.
Druggist and Chemist.
Ord, Nebr.

This Oil, for human use, is unsurpassed. It does not contain any injurious ingredients.

For Cuts, Bruises, Scalds, Burns, Scalds, Sores, Sprains, Injuries made by Rusty Nails, all Flesh Wounds, Muscular Rheumatism, Etc., follow directions given on other panel.

You will find it a very mild but wonderful healer.

This Oil is guaranteed to do just what I claim for it and to give perfect satisfaction. Where it fails to do this your money is cheerfully refunded.

Signed,
O. P. LUSE, Ph. G.

Price \$1.00

COUPON

This oil heals rapidly without a scab. Keeps the wound clean and pure and heals from the bottom up thus preventing and avoiding scars. Clip out this coupon and bring to my drug store with 75 cents and you will receive a \$1.00 bottle absolutely guaranteed.

The CITY PHARMACY

O. P. LUSE, Ph. G. Mgr.

It will be remembered that Miss Grace Calhoun left here three years ago to enter St. Luke's hospital, of Denver, Colorado, with the intention of taking a three-years' course in that hospital, and eventually becoming a trained nurse. Many thought that Grace would soon be back to Ord, for those who know any thing about the amount of work one is called on to go through to become a competent nurse in any of our large hospitals, with practically no remuneration, it would be very natural if one would become discouraged and give it up. But they were mistaken, for Miss Calhoun graduated this week with honor to herself and the hospital from which she received her training, and is now in a position to earn wages that are hard to beat.

Such a celebration as Grand Island will have on the 4th—that of the fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of the county by white men—is not a frequent occurrence and from appearances the people of Grand Island and Hall county are determined to do full honor to their pioneer residents and to all who, even in later years, withstood the hardships of pioneer life, and to have a full glad day of it. Such an event is worthy of a two or three days' celebration but, it is said that when the general committee took up the question of the time of celebration, the farmer members of the same were unanimously of the opinion that, the celebration falling in harvest time, only one day should be devoted, and that that day should be made a good, big one.

The Quiz subscription list is growing at a good rate these days. Every week several new names are added to the list. It is the aim of the Quiz this year to cross the two thousand mark and at this writing everything bids fair for the realization of our ambition. Remember that while the present piano contest is on and until August 3 you can get this paper and the Nebraska Farmer at the same price, \$1.50, as was formerly charged for the Quiz alone. This is an exceptional value as the farmer alone would cost you \$1.00 per year if subscribed for separate from the Quiz. Get your name in today and take advantage of this offer.

Monday morning we saw the following persons aboard the U. P. for Hastings to represent this vicinity at the Sunday school convention: Mrs. Geisler, Mrs. O. P. Cromwell, Stella Ragan, Grace Work, Evet Smith, John Haskell, Lena Nay, Ethel Newbecker, Alice Armstrong, H. D. Strong, Miss Rathbun, Myrtle Milligan, Wilmore Gray, Mrs. Botts, Miss Aldrich, Addie Haught. There were probably others but they escaped us. These go to Hastings to attend the district convention and represent the various schools of this vicinity. The convention lasted till last night.

Cass Cornell is walking around the streets with tears in his eyes this week and all because he can not go to the National Hardware Dealer's Association soon to convene in Boston. At the recent state meeting Cass was elected as a Nebraska delegate but at this season the firm is rushed in the implement business and he can not possibly find time to spar in the meeting as much as he would like to.

Bids will be secured by the undersigned on or before June 25 on behalf of the local management of the Loup Valley chautauqua association for the following concessions: During time serving regular meals, lunch stand, cigars and confectionary, peanut and popcorn, candy machines, bathing privileges etc. Bids must be in writing and subject to the rules of the association. The management reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address all communications to M. M. Eaton, Ord, Nebr.

Our big 10 per cent. Discount Sale has been a Great Success

—Remember now is the Time to—

Get Ready for the Fourth at a Small Cost

From now until the Fourth of July we will give a ten per cent. discount on all our Clothing, Wash Goods, Gents', Ladies' and Children's Oxfords, Slippers and Canvas shoes, Ladies' ready-to-wear Skirts, Parasols, Fans and Handbags.

Another big arrival of 5c and 10c goods this week.

Watch our BARGAINS, it means a GREAT MONEY SAVER to you.

The PEOPLE'S STORE

MAMIE SILER, Proprietor

Produce counts same as cash on the big discounts.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. O. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Fackler & Finley, the grocers, carry full lines of canned meats, peanut butter and bulk pickles, olives etc.

The ladies of the Presbyterian Aid Society will meet at the Nels Johnson home next Wednesday, June 26.

Last Friday night the Misses Ruth Williams and Winifred and Cosa Haskell returned to Ord for a summer vacation.

Rains are coming along all right now days, and people are bragging on the crop prospects so far along in the season.

Floyd Robbins did not take much vacation, coming home last week and returning again this week Monday morning to University Place, where he will take up summer work. He is doing this to enable him to keep along with his class and still keep up many hours of music.

One morning the first of the week Rev. E. A. Russell dropped into the Quiz shop to show us a sample of strawberries from his own raising. If the balance of the patch is half as good as the samples shown us the Reverend has a berry patch of which he may well be proud.

Mrs. Lewis and three of her boys will depart to day for Kippen, Idaho, for a short sojourn and then they will go on to Oregon for a longer stay. Charles, however, expects to make a permanent stay at Kippen.

Don't fail to read the add of the City Pharmacy this week and save the coupon.

Otto Murschel went to Chicago Saturday morning to shoot blue rocks in the grand American handicap tournament and to enjoy a few days vacation.

C. E. Trump and family came up to Ord last Saturday night. Ed. could not stop longer than over Sunday and hurried back to Bradshaw Monday morning, but his wife will visit here for three weeks or more. Ed. says that crops are looking fine in his part of the country.

The Danish Lutheran people have leased the Episcopal church for a year and will hold their first services there the last Sunday in June, being the 30th. Pastor R. Ravn of Marquett will preach the sermon, the services being at one o'clock in the afternoon.

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE

to buy Goods for less than they are worth. These things are reasonable, and are alright in every way. If you buy now you save just that much. In order to move the Goods and do it quickly we cut the price and cut it deep, so if you have any use for these things at all we know you will not pass them up.

Clean-up No. 1.

Some nice Wool Dress Goods in black and colors. All the way from 1 to 15 yards in a piece. Regular prices from 68c to \$1.00 a yard, and you can now take what you want for just **one-half the marked price.**

Clean-up No. 2.

Some nice Summer Wash Dress Goods. About 200 yards to sell in this way. You will attend the Chautauqua and will want a nice, cool dress to wear. Now is your chance to buy it for just **one-half the regular marked price.**

Clean-up No. 3.

Some Women's Dress Skirts in blacks, blues, browns and fancy mixtures. First-class skirts in every way, but just having one or two of a kind we are going to let you have them for **one-third less than they are marked.**

Clean-up No. 4.

Men's Hats. About 40 in the lot. None worth less than \$1.50 and from that up to \$2.00 and you can **take your choice for \$1.00.** A \$2.00 hat for \$1.00 is a pretty good deal for you, isn't it? It's worth looking after.

Clean-up No. 5.

Men's Hats—better ones. About 32 in this lot. None worth less than \$2.25 and from that up to \$2.88. Splendid shapes and good values at the marked prices, but in order to turn them into money and do it quickly you are going to **buy these good Hats for just \$1.50.**

Clean-up No. 6.

Shoes and Slippers, mostly children's. Some white ones, too. They are all good styles, and especially in children's you can get most any size. You can make a saving of **just one-half if you buy a pair of these.**

Do you pay CASH? Yes, we pay CASH for cream, butter, eggs, and chickens.

The Baileys' Dept. Store

Ord's Biggest, Busiest and Best Trading Place.

Ice cream, 25 cents a quart at Luse's fountain.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

Smoke Sincerity, Quotation and Tycoon at the City Pharmacy.

Be sure and go to the celebration in Waterman's grove on the Fourth.

Fanny Sutton went to Loup City Wednesday morning to visit a sister for a few days.

J. D. Tedro went to Beatrice Monday morning over the U. P. for a few days sojourn there.

We now have the baby chick food, just what the baby chicks need. Fackler & Finley the grocers.

Don't forget the Ladies Aid of the G. A. R. to be given at the home of Mrs. Agnes Pratt on Friday, June 21.

The streets were crowded Wednesday evening by town and country folks turning out to listen to the band concert.

Dr. Barnes, eye specialist, of Omaha, will be at the Hotel Ord Thursday the 27th. Remember the date and come as early as convenient.

This kind of weather is making the farmers go some. The rain has stopped work some and has given the weeds a good start. Then alfalfa is demanding attention now and altogether the farmers are busy enough.

Mrs. Tully and daughter, Bashie, left Monday morning for a visit to the southeast part of the union. They went by way of Jamestown, where they will of course visit the exposition.

The Midvale people are going to celebrate the Fourth in Mr. Waterman's grove. The stand will be under the auspices of the Y. P. C. U. and the proceeds will be used to help build the parsonage. Every one is cordially invited to come and have a good time.

Clarence Coe handed us a nice Havana smoke Wednesday morning and informed us that he was the father of a new baby girl. The news of the arrival came in Tuesday evening, the mother being at DeWitt, Nebraska. On news of this nature Clarence can well afford to be generous with his friends.

Sheriff Sutton went to Lincoln Tuesday morning in response to a message stating that Mrs. Sutton's condition was considered critical by her physicians. Quiz readers will remember that Mrs. Sutton was taken to the Lincoln sanitarium about a week ago but since going there she has shown no signs of improvement and it is now feared that she will never be any better. The Quiz hopes that her condition may not be as bad as reported and that she may yet be able to return to her folks in this city.

A jolly crowd of Burwell ladies over forty in number, boarded the Burlington freight and went down to Goodenows to spend the day, each one taking with them a basket full of good things to eat. The Goodenows were expecting Mrs. Beynon as she phoned them she would go down Wednesday on the freight. They were down to the crossing to meet her and were overwhelmed with surprise when the crowd got off the train. They were escorted to the house and made welcome by the Goodenow ladies who are noted for their hospitality. Besides the Burwell ladies the neighbor ladies were there, making about seventy-five. After chatting a few minutes and all trying to talk at once like so many children, they began to make preparations for dinner. Tables were spread under the trees and loaded with everything one could wish for. After dinner they spent the afternoon in social conversation, games and various other amusements. They all had a fine time and the day will be a long remembered one,—Burwell Tribune.

Tuesday morning promptly at half past five the Maple Leaf girls in rubber boot, regalia started for the Peterson home on the hill to shower Miss Myrtle Peterson with hand embroidered linens. Myrtle, not dreaming of the plot was indulging in a quiet morning sleep and was certainly surprised when the girls rushed upstairs and into her room and threw linens so rapidly at her, that she could scarcely get her breath. Such merriment as was indulged in the next fifteen or twenty minutes we will not endeavor to describe. But the sumptuous breakfast which Mrs. Peterson so hastily prepared we must mention as being one of the best we have ever been privileged to partake of. The coffee—why some of the strictly temperate girls were guilty of asking for a second cup. After breakfast all were ready to load in the wagon, with which Mr. Peterson was waiting at the gate. As the wagon rolled away the girls sang "Cheer up, Myrtle," but no need for she was perfectly happy and stood at the gate waving farewell.

John Beran dropped into this shop Tuesday noon long enough to say good bye and to tell us that he was on his way to Old Mexico for a brief trip. He was to accompany the Senator Currie party, and expects to look over the mining interests of the country quite thoroughly before returning to Ord.

Notice to Contractors and Builders. If you are in need of cement blocks for building I would be pleased to have you examine mine before buying. These blocks are manufactured under the latest system and allowed to harden in water.

John K. Jensen, Jr.

Money to lend! Honnold & Davis.

For potato bugs use Paris green at Luse's Pharmacy.

Rev. J. M. Bates will preach at the Episcopal church on Friday evening of this week.

Tomorrow night services will be held at the Episcopal church, Rev. J. M. Bates officiating.

Be sure you have your eyes looked after while Dr. Barnes is at the Hotel Ord, Thursday the 27th.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

Mrs. Frank Lloyd and children are in the city this week visiting for a few days with the Will Timm folks and other friends in the vicinity.

Mrs. Vincent Kokes departed Wednesday morning for Excelsior Springs, Missouri, where she goes for medical treatment and in search of better health.

We had hardly began to think about its getting dry when a nice little shower of an inch and a half visited this section of the country last Sunday night.

County Assessor Fred Strathdee and Norm Parks, of the Quiz office, were transacting business and greeting friends in Arcadia last Saturday and Sunday.

H. M. Davis and Joe Barta departed Tuesday noon for a couple of weeks recreation. They started toward Colorado and will spend a greater part of the time looking over that state.

W. S. Waters returned from Idaho Saturday evening where he has been engaged in the mining business for the past three or four months. James Coby went out to the same country at the time Mr. Waters left and he is still there working in a mine and expects to remain there the rest of the summer at least.

Uncle Tom and Little Eva struck bad luck in Ord Monday in the shape of a heavy rain-storm that came up about the time that the company arrived in the city. The rain did not deter the organization from giving the parade as advertised even though the rain was coming down at a lively gait while the parade was going on. There was too much moisture in the air for them to attempt to give a performance in the evening and they loaded their tents and started on their way to a land where the wet was not so plentiful at an early hour Tuesday morning.

Important Notice.
300 children's season tickets for the Loup Valley Chautauqua, for children under fourteen years of age go on sale Monday morning at 9 o'clock. Price of ticket for entire season, \$1.25. These tickets may be secured of Marson M. Eaton or orders may be left at the office of Honnold & Davis.

THE PRESIDENT TO EDITORS

Roosevelt Delivers a Notable Address at Jamestown, Va.

Speaks Before the Delegates to the National Editorial Association—Touches Upon Important National Questions.

Jamestown, Va.—The following is the address of President Roosevelt before the National Editorial Association at the exposition here:

It is of course a mere truism to say that no other body of our countrymen wield as extensive an influence as those who write for the daily press and for the periodicals. It is also a truism to say that such power implies the gravest responsibility and that the editor should hold himself accountable, and should be held by others accountable, precisely as if he occupied any other position of public trust. I do not intend to dwell upon your duties to-day, save that I shall permit myself to point out one matter where it seems to me that the need of the people is vital. It is essential that the man in public life and the man who writes in the public press shall both of them, if they are really good servants of the people, be intent upon the welfare of the nation and not upon the welfare of the individual or the welfare of the party.

So much for what I have to say to you in your capacity of molders and guides of public thought. In addition I want to speak to you of two great movements in our public life which I feel must necessarily occupy no inconspicuous part of the time of our public men in the near future. One of these is the question of, in certain ways, reshaping our system of taxation so as to make it bear more heavily on those most capable of supporting it, and on those who are the question of utilizing the natural resources of the nation in the way that will be of most benefit to the nation as a whole.

Need of Foresight.

In utilizing and conserving the natural resources of the nation the one characteristic more essential than any other is foresight. Unfortunately, foresight is not usually the strong point of our young and vigorous people, and it is obviously not a marked characteristic of us in the United States. Yet assuredly it should be the growing nation with a future which takes the long look ahead; and no other nation is growing so rapidly as ours or has a future so full of promise. No other nation enjoys so wonderful a measure of present prosperity which can be righteously treated as an earnest of future success, and for no other are the rewards of foresight so great, so certain, and so easily foretold.

The conservation of our natural resources and their proper use constitute the fundamental problem which underlies almost every other problem of our national life. Unless we maintain an adequate material basis for our civilization, we can not maintain the conditions in which we take so great and just a pride; and to waste and destroy our natural resources means to undermine this material basis. During the last five years efforts have been made in several new directions in the government service to get our people to look ahead, to exercise foresight, and to substitute a planned and orderly development of our resources in the place of a haphazard striving for immediate profit. This effort has been made through several agencies.

In 1902 the reclamation service began to develop the larger opportunities of the western half of our country for irrigation. The work includes all the waters from the great plains through the Rocky mountains to the Pacific slope. It has been conducted with the clear and definite purpose of utilizing the valuable water resources of the public land for the greatest good for the greatest number in the long run. In other words, for the purpose of putting upon the permanent home makers who will use and develop it for themselves and for their children and children's children. There has been opposition, of course, to this work of the reclamation service; for we have been obliged to antagonize certain men whose interest it was to exploit for their own temporary personal profit natural resources which ought to be developed through use, so as to be conserved for the permanent common advantage of the people as a whole. But there will be no halt in the work of preserving the waters which head in the Rocky mountain region so as to make them of most use to the people for whom the policy is essential to our national welfare.

Operations of Land Laws.

The public lands of the United States should be utilized in similar fashion. Our present public land laws were passed when there was a vast surplus of vacant public land. The chief desire was to secure settlers on the land, and the chief attention was paid to exactly how the lands were disposed of in detail. In consequence, lax execution of the laws became the rule both in the office and in the public mind, and land frauds were common and little noted. This was especially true when a system originally devised for the fertile and well-watered regions of the middle west was applied to the dryer regions of the great plains and to the mountains and the Pacific coast. In these regions the system lent itself to fraud, and much land passed out of the hands of the government without passing into the hands of the home maker. The department of the interior and the department of justice joined in prosecuting the offenders against the law; but both the law and its administration were defective and needed to be changed. Three years ago a public lands commission was appointed to scrutinize the law and the facts and to recommend a remedy. Their examination specifically showed the existence of great frauds upon the public domain, and their recommendations for changes in the law were made with the design of conserving the natural resources of every part of the public land by putting a premium upon the use of unrestricted grazing on the open range; a system of using the natural forage on the public domain which would not be intended to dwell upon the small home maker could not utilize the land, it was provided that the government should keep control of it so that the government forest were with a few wealthy men. Congress has not yet acted upon these recommendations, except for the repeal of the iniquitous Forest Reserve Act, which has been replaced by a more just and proper, so essential to our national welfare, that I believe they will surely ultimately be adopted.

Preserve Mineral Resources.

The mineral fuels of the eastern United States have recently passed into the hands of large private owners, and those of the west are rapidly following. This should not be, for such mineral resources are a peculiar degree to the whole people. Under private control there is much waste from the shortsighted methods of working, and the complete depletion is often made for a greater immediate profit. The mineral fuels under our present conditions are as essential to our prosperity as the forests which always have been and are now being depleted. The mineral fuels should be conserved, and the difference between them should remain in the hands of the government to protect the people against unjust or extortionate prices so far as the public interest is concerned. What has been accomplished in the regulation of the great oil fields of the Indian territory offers a striking example of the good results which may be attained. Last summer, accordingly, I withdrew most of the coal-bearing public lands temporarily from disposal, and asked for the legislation which would permit the public interest in the conservation of the mineral fuels; that is, for the power to keep the fee in the government, and to regulate the production and the sale of the mineral fuels. No such legislation was passed, but I still hope that we shall ultimately get it.

Prevention of Frauds.

For several years we have been doing everything in our power to prevent fraud upon the public land. What can be done under the present laws is now being done through the joint action of the interior department and the department of justice. But fully to accomplish the prevention of fraud there is need of further legislation and especially of a sufficient appropriation to permit the department of the interior to examine certain classes of entries on the ground before they pass into private ownership. The appropriation asked for last winter, if granted, would have put an end to the squandering of the public domain, while it would have prevented the fraud which has been the result of individual settlers by holding up their claims. However, the appropriation was not given us, and in consequence it is not possible to secure the public interest in the natural resources of the public land from fraud, waste and encroachment.

So much for what we are trying to do in utilizing our public lands for the public; in securing the use of the water, the forage, the coal and the timber for the public. In a similar manner, I have an adviser, and the man first to suggest to me the courses which have actually proved so beneficial, was Mr. Gifford Pinchot, the first chief of the inland waters commission. Mr. Pinchot also suggested to me a movement supplementary to all of these movements, one which will itself lead the way in the general movement, which he represents and with which he is actively identified, for the conservation of all our natural resources. This was the conservation and comparative development of the inland waters of the United States to meet the demands of them for public attention, and to force to the use of our waterways for transportation. But it is obvious that this is only one of their many uses, and that a planned and orderly development is desirable except by taking into account all the services they are capable of rendering. It was upon this ground that the inland waterways bill was recently introduced. Their duty is to propose a comprehensive plan for the improvement and utilization of those great waterways which are the great potential highways of the country. Their duty is also to bring together the points of view of all users of streams, and to submit a general plan for the development and conservation of the

most natural resources of the waterways of the United States. I clearly if it is impossible for the waterways commission to accomplish its great task without considering the general plan for the conservation and use of all other natural resources, and I have asked that it do so. Here, then, for the first time, the orderly development of planned conservatory use of all our natural resources is presented as a single problem. One by one the individual tasks in this great problem have already been undertaken, and by one in practical fashion the methods of dealing with them were worked out. National irrigation has proved itself a success by its actual work, and actual experience has shown that the national forests will fulfill the larger purpose for which they were created. All who have thoughtfully considered the subject have come to see that the solution of the public lands question lies with the home maker, with the settler who lives on his land, and with the government control of the mineral fuels and the public grazing lands is necessary and inevitable. Each of these conclusions represented the work of vast importance which would confer large benefits upon the nation, but which stood by itself. They are connected together into one great functional problem—the conservation of all our natural resources. Upon the wise solution of this, much of our future obviously depends. Every such question of the public interest of railway rates and the control of corporations are in reality subsidiary to the primal problem of the preservation in the interests of the whole people of the resources that nature has given us. If we fail to solve this problem, no skill in solving the others will in the end avail us very greatly.

Now as to the matter of taxation. Most great civilized countries have an income tax and an inheritance tax. In my judgment, both are a part of our system of federal taxation. I speak diffidently about the income tax because one scheme for an income tax was declared unconstitutional by the supreme court by a five to four vote; and in addition it is a difficult tax to administer in its practical workings, and great care would have to be exercised to see that it was not evaded by the very man whom it is most desirable to have taxed, for if so evaded it would of course be worse than no tax at all. The inheritance tax, on the other hand, is the tax which bears heavily upon the honest as compared with the dishonest man. Nevertheless, a grant of the public land of the type which would be a desirable permanent feature of federal taxation, and I still hope that one may be devised which the supreme court will declare constitutional.

Inheritance Tax.

In my judgment, however, the inheritance tax is both a far better method of taxation, and far more important for the purpose I have in view, than the purpose of having the swollen fortunes of the country bear in proportion to their size a constantly increasing burden of taxation. The inheritance tax is levied solely because of the protection given the owners by the public. They are a constant source of care and anxiety to the public and it is manifestly just that they should be forced to pay heavily for the protection given them. It is, of course, elementary that the nation has the absolute right to tax the terms upon which any man shall receive a bequest or devise from another. We have repeatedly placed such laws on our own statute books, and they have repeatedly been declared constitutional by the courts. I believe that the tax should contain the progressive principle. With the individual receiver, whether by gift, bequest, or devise, in life or in death, should, after a certain amount is reached, be increasingly taxed, and the rate of taxation should be increased in proportion to the remoteness of blood of the man receiving from the man giving or devising. The principle of the inheritance tax of inheritance has not only been authoritatively recognized by the legislation of congress, but it is now unequivocally adopted in the leading civilized nations of the world—in, for instance, Great Britain, France and Germany. Switzerland led off with the imposition of high progressive taxes. Great Britain was the first of the great nations to follow suit, and within the last few years both France and Germany have adopted the same method. Great Britain all estates worth \$5,000 or less are practically exempt from death duties, while the increase is \$5,000,000 in value and passes to a distant kinsman or stranger in blood the government receives nearly 18 per cent. In France, under the present system, 80 per cent of an inheritance exceeds \$1,000,000 pays over 20 per cent to the state if it passes to a distant relative, and five per cent if it passes to a direct heir. In Germany very small inheritances are exempt, but the tax is so sharply progressive that an inheritance net in agricultural or forest lands which exceeds \$50,000, if it goes to distant relatives, is taxed at the rate of about 25 per cent. The German law is of special interest, because it makes the tax progressive to the individual states of the empire, and a portion of the proceeds and permitting the states to impose the tax on those imposed by the imperial government. In the United States the national government has more than once imposed inheritance taxes on laws for those imposed by the states, and in the last instance about one-half of the states levied such taxes concurrently with the national government, making a combined maximum rate, in some cases as high as 25 per cent; and, as a matter of fact, several states have adopted the national law as still in force and unrepented. The French law has one feature which is to be heartily commended. The progressive principle is so applied that each higher rate is imposed only on the excess above the amount subject to the next lower rate. This plan is peculiarly adapted to the working out of the theory of using the inheritance tax for the purpose of limiting the size of inheritable fortunes, since the progressive increase in the rates, according to this mode, may be carried to its logical conclusion in a maximum rate of nearly 100 per cent for the amount in excess of a specified sum, without being confiscatory as to the rest of the inheritance; for each increase in rate would apply only to the amount above a certain maximum.

Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, these being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Defiance Starch and you will be pleasantly surprised at its improved appearance of your work.

Quaker Wit.

A Quaker riding in a carriage with a fashionable woman decked with a profusion of jewelry, as a substitute, perhaps, for her scantiness of clothes, heard her complaining of the cold. Shivering in her lace bonnet and shawl, she exclaimed, "What shall I do to get warm?" "I really don't know," replied the Quaker solemnly, "unless thou put on another breastpin."—Sunday Magazine.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical profession. It is a catarrh cure, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting in the natural process of the body to get rid of the disease. It is a cure for all cases of Catarrh of the Bladder, Prostate, Uterus, etc. Address E. J. CHERNEY & CO., Toledo, O. Send all Druggists, 25c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Campaign Against Rats.

The French admiralty is preparing a campaign against the rat, which swarms in seaport towns and undoubtedly spread the infection of various devastating diseases in their passage from one country to another on board ship. It is announced that it will soon be compulsory for every vessel entering a French harbor from certain other ports to have all its rats exterminated.

Give Defiance Starch a fair trial—try it for both hot and cold starching, and if you don't think you do better work, in less time and at smaller cost, return it and your grocer will give you back your money.

Willing to Reason. "Of course," declared the pretty widow, "I am inconsolable." "Naturally." "However, as you know, I was never a fanatic on any point."

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease. A certain cure for swollen, sweating, hot, aching feet. At all Druggists, 25c. Do not accept no substitute. Trial Package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Let a man overcome anger by love; let him overcome evil by good, the greedy by liberality, the liar by truth.—Buddha.

Don't Sneez Your Head Off. Krause's Cold Capsules will cure you almost instantly. At all Druggists, 25c.

Our deeds are letters that we forge ourselves.—George Elliot.

Smokers appreciate the quality value of Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

To the man outside every love looks like a first love.

World's Finest Cigars.

The best cigars manufactured come from Cuba, the tobacco for which is cultivated in the famous Vuelta de Abajo district, west of Havana. This favored spot is on the banks of a river, the nature of the soil being such that in no other part of the world can leaves of such excellence be produced.

Beggar Alone Spoke English.

People make a great mistake as to the prevalence of English in the continent, says a "Journal." In my walk to Chamber's "Journal." In my walk to Rome, a journey of some 900 miles, I only once met a man on the road who could speak English, and he was the only man who begged of me.

Amusement for Travelers.

Games of chess and checkers for travelers on long journeys have been introduced by the English Midland Railway company. There is no charge made by the company, and when the game is finished the conductor collects the pieces.

SUFFERED TORTURES.

Racked with Pain, Day and Night, for Years.

Wm. H. Walter, engineer, of Chatsworth, Ill., writes: "Kidney disease was lurking in my system for years. I had torturing pain in the side and back and the urine was dark and full of sediment. I was racked with pain day and night, could not sleep or eat well, and finally became crippled and bent over with rheumatism. Doan's Kidney Pills brought quick relief, and in time, cured me. Though I lost 40 pounds, I now weigh 200, more than ever before."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sarcasm.

The hatch-faced female surveyed the tramp at her back door, then she sniffed the air suspiciously. "You want something to eat?" she sneered. "I smell liquor!" "Hain't got any on me." "Strange. I detect a distinct odor of liquor." "Ain't got a drop," the tramp protested. "Are you sure you haven't a bottle concealed in your pocket?" "Aw, take me word for it. If I had I'd oblige yer an' produce. I never wuz stuppey at sharin' de booze." Thereupon he faded away gracefully.

The Lie According to Mr. Dooley.

"A lie may be as simple as th' truth. Th' fact iv th' matter is th' th' rale truth is niver simple. What we call th' rale an' pass round iv'm hand to hand is on'y a kind iv' cr'imination. I haven't anny' question that I take in many iv' thim over me intellection bar ivry day, an' pass out a few. Some iv' th' counterfeits has as much precious metal in thim as th' rale goods, on'y they don't bear th' government stamp."—From Dissertations by Mr. Dooley.

Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, these being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Defiance Starch and you will be pleasantly surprised at its improved appearance of your work.

A Poke at Her.

Miss Knox—"I don't like her. She's forever talking about herself." Miss Wise (pointedly)—"Well, that's better than talking about some one else."—Philadelphia Ledger.

A generous mind does not feel as belonging to itself alone, but to the whole human race. We are born to serve our fellow-creatures.—S. S. Smiles.

Lewis' Single Binder—the famous straight 5c cigar, always best quality. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Men who make good use of their time have none to spare.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children's teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, quiets the pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Wisely and slowly; they stumble that run fast.—Shakespeare.

HE ALSO WAS A COLLECTOR.

Cleveland Artist Came Back with a Counter Proposition.

A local newspaper artist got a letter one day from a man over in Indiana who said he was making a collection of sketches, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. "I have drawings from well known newspaper artists in nearly every state in the union," the Indiana man wrote, "but I have none from Ohio. I have seen some of your work and I think it is good. If you will send me some little sketch for my collection I shall have it framed."

The artist noticed from the letter-head that the Indiana man was connected with a bank in one of the small towns in the state of literature. That gave him a hunch, and he wrote back as follows:

"I am making a collection of ten dollar bills. I haven't secured specimens from every state in the union, but I have a few tens and a few twenties, and I am particularly anxious to have a ten dollar bill from Indiana. I notice that you are employed in a place where ten dollar bills are kept, and if you send me one for my collection I shall be glad to have it framed."

Would Take What They Had. A gentleman purchased at a post office a large quantity of stamped envelopes, newspaper wrappers and other postal requisites.

Finding them somewhat difficult to carry, he asked one of the counter clerks if he could supply him with a small quantity of string.

"We are not permitted by the department to supply string," was the reply.

"Then give me a bit of red tape," was the sarcastic retort.

The string was supplied.

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Whew! "Really—er—I'm afraid you overheard what I—er—said about you," stammered the gossip who had been caught redhanded. "Perhaps I—er—was a bit too severe."

"Oh, no," replied the other woman, "you weren't nearly as severe as you would have been if you knew what I think of you."

Mica Axle Grease. Best lubricant for axles in the world—long wearing and very adhesive. Makes a heavy load draw like a light one. Saves half the wear on wagon and team, and increases the earning capacity of your outfit. Ask your dealer for Mica Axle Grease.

STANDARD OIL CO. INCORPORATED.

DEFIANCE Gold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 15 oz. pkg. 10c.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. Dose: One Teaspoonful for Infants and Children. Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

WORKING WOMEN, WHAT THEY SHOULD KNOW

Mrs. Sadie Abbott, of Jeannette, Pa., writes: "I suffered severely with pain every month and also a pain in my left side. My doctor prescribed for me but did me no good. I finally discovered Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I wrote you in regard to my condition. I followed your advice and am a perfectly well woman. My pains have all disappeared and I cannot recommend your medicine too highly."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Women for the most part spend their lives at home and it is these women who are willing and ambitious that their homes shall be kept neat and tidy, who do their own cooking, sweeping, dusting and often washing, ironing and sewing for the entire family, who call for our sympathy.

Truly the work of such a woman is "never done" and it is only wonder that she breaks down at the end of a few years, the back begins to ache, there is a displacement, inflammation or ulceration of the abdominal organs, a female weakness is brought on, and the struggle of that wife and mother to continue her duties is pitiful.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, is the exact medicine a woman needs whose strength is overtaxed. It keeps the feminine organs in a strong and healthy condition. In preparing for childbirth and recuperating therefrom it is most efficient. It carries a woman safely through the change of life and in making her strong and well assists her to be a good wife and mother.

Mrs. Sadie Abbott, of Jeannette, Pa., writes: "I suffered severely with pain every month and also a pain in my left side. My doctor prescribed for me but did me no good. I finally discovered Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I wrote you in regard to my condition. I followed your advice and am a perfectly well woman. My pains have all disappeared and I cannot recommend your medicine too highly."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Why not sell where you are. Bank some of your profits for income and take up a new home, and start the boys too. Fine water; beautiful lakes; fertile, fertile soil, fine climate. 35,000 acres. Farm any size. Title absolute. Investigate anywhere before buying. Write for maps and truthful representations. Address: ROGER C. SPOONER, Pres. Donald L. & L. Co., Bemidji, Minn.

MINNESOTA-HEALTH AND INDEPENDENCE

Why not sell where you are. Bank some of your profits for income and take up a new home, and start the boys too. Fine water; beautiful lakes; fertile, fertile soil, fine climate. 35,000 acres. Farm any size. Title absolute. Investigate anywhere before buying. Write for maps and truthful representations. Address: ROGER C. SPOONER, Pres. Donald L. & L. Co., Bemidji, Minn.

MISSOURI RIVER TERMINALS (Council Bluffs to Kansas City, Inclusive) VIA UNION PACIFIC

Tickets on sale June 20 to July 12, 1907. Also tickets one way through California on sale same dates at slightly higher rates.

INQUIRE OF E. L. LOMAX, G. P. A., OMAHA, NEB.

DEFIANCE Gold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 15 oz. pkg. 10c.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. Dose: One Teaspoonful for Infants and Children. Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

WORKING WOMEN, WHAT THEY SHOULD KNOW

Mrs. Sadie Abbott, of Jeannette, Pa., writes: "I suffered severely with pain every month and also a pain in my left side. My doctor prescribed for me but did me no good. I finally discovered Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I wrote you in regard to my condition. I followed your advice and am a perfectly well woman. My pains have all disappeared and I cannot recommend your medicine too highly."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Women for the most part spend their lives at home and it is these women who are willing and ambitious that their homes shall be kept neat and tidy, who do their own cooking, sweeping, dusting and often washing, ironing and sewing for the entire family, who call for our sympathy.

Truly the work of such a woman is "never done" and it is only wonder that she breaks down at the end of a few years, the back begins to ache, there is a displacement, inflammation or ulceration of the abdominal organs, a female weakness is brought on, and the struggle of that wife and mother to continue her duties is pitiful.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, is the exact medicine a woman needs whose strength is overtaxed. It keeps the feminine organs in a strong and healthy condition. In preparing for childbirth and recuperating therefrom it is most efficient. It carries a woman safely through the change of life and in making her strong and well assists her to be a good wife and mother.

Mrs. Sadie Abbott, of Jeannette, Pa., writes: "I suffered severely with pain every month and also a pain in my left side. My doctor prescribed for me but did me no good. I finally discovered Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I wrote you in regard to my condition. I followed your advice and am a perfectly well woman. My pains have all disappeared and I cannot recommend your medicine too highly."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Why not sell where you are. Bank some of your profits for income and take up a new home, and start the boys too. Fine water; beautiful lakes; fertile, fertile soil, fine climate. 35,000 acres. Farm any size. Title absolute. Investigate anywhere before buying. Write for maps and truthful representations. Address: ROGER C. SPOONER, Pres. Donald L. & L. Co., Bemidji, Minn.

MINNESOTA-HEALTH AND INDEPENDENCE

Why not sell where you are. Bank some of your profits for income and take up a new home, and start the boys too. Fine water; beautiful lakes; fertile, fertile soil, fine climate. 35,000 acres. Farm any size. Title absolute. Investigate anywhere before buying. Write for maps and truthful representations. Address: ROGER C. SPOONER, Pres. Donald L. & L. Co., Bemidji, Minn.

MISSOURI RIVER TERMINALS (Council Bluffs to Kansas City, Inclusive) VIA UNION PACIFIC

Tickets on sale June 20 to July 12, 1907. Also tickets one way through California on sale same dates at slightly higher rates.

INQUIRE OF E. L. LOMAX, G. P. A., OMAHA, NEB.

DEFIANCE Gold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 15 oz. pkg. 10c.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. Dose: One Teaspoonful for Infants and Children. Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Watson. NEW YORK. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

WORKING WOMEN, WHAT THEY SHOULD KNOW

Mrs. Sadie Abbott, of Jeannette, Pa., writes: "I suffered severely with pain every month and also a pain in my left side. My doctor prescribed for me but did me no good. I finally discovered Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I wrote you in regard to my condition. I followed your advice and am a perfectly well woman. My pains have all disappeared and I cannot recommend your medicine too highly."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Women for the most part spend their lives at home and it is these women who are willing and ambitious that their homes shall be kept neat and tidy, who do their own cooking, sweeping, dusting and often washing, ironing and sewing for the entire family, who call for our sympathy.

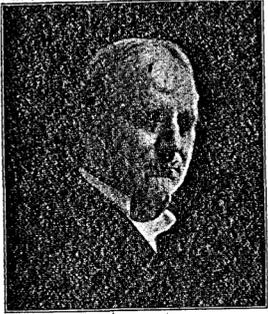
Truly the work of such a woman is "never done" and it is only wonder that she breaks down at the end of a few years, the back begins to ache, there is a displacement, inflammation or ulceration of the abdominal organs, a female weakness is brought on, and the struggle of that wife and mother to continue her duties is pitiful.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, is the exact medicine a woman needs whose strength is overtaxed. It keeps the feminine organs in a strong and healthy condition. In preparing for childbirth and recuperating therefrom it is most efficient. It carries a woman safely through the change of life and in making her strong and well assists her to be a good wife and mother.

Mrs. Sadie Abbott, of Jeannette, Pa., writes: "I suffered severely with pain every month and also a pain in my left side. My doctor prescribed for me but did me no good. I finally discovered Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I wrote you in regard to my condition. I followed your advice and am a perfectly well woman. My pains have all disappeared and I cannot recommend your medicine too highly."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Two Noted Speakers that will be at the Chautauqua



Hon. Champ Clark
of Missouri



Senator J. P. Dolliver
of Iowa

Remarkable Cures by Dr. Caldwell

Help for the sick, Particularly for those Who do not Delay.

Often a Few Weeks of Neglect Allows Diseases to Reach a State Where They can not be Cured.

Dr. Caldwell heals, not by Osteopathy, by Hypnotism, nor by Divine Healing, but by a system of natural science in combination with the most true and reliable remedies of the age. She is a woman that cures the sick because she understands the nature, cause and condition of circumstances which bring disease about. Her discoveries are those made from personal experience and from long continued practice in her profession. A woman far beyond the average doctor, a woman who is capable, or otherwise she could not be "successful." Dr. Caldwell, as a practicing physician, is successful, and she is one of the greatest diagnosticians of chronic diseases of the age. Is it not reasonable to believe that if one is successful in one branch of science that woman is certainly capable of being successful in other branches? Analyze the matters yourself. Do not allow your thoughts and your opinions to be influenced by others who are not interested. One does not know how to appreciate health until they have lost it.

Dr. Caldwell has studied her profession both at home and abroad, and after a thorough and painstaking investigation, has succeeded in curing the diseases of her specialty when other physicians had failed. Why not? Some of these people were blind, some were lame, some deaf, some paralytic, scarcely able to move, others afflicted with Bright's disease, consumption, cancer, others with kidney troubles, dyspepsia, insomnia and the thousand and one symptoms of those dreadful maladies. It is claimed by her friends that she can tell the disease of a patient without asking him a question. This is perhaps true, for since she is so learned in her profession and so experienced in treating diseases, why shouldn't she know the exact cause and true reasons of symptoms which produce disease? For years she has been visiting professionally the largest cities of the United States. Her opinions are quickly made, and if a cure can be made then and there she tells them, and if it cannot be made she is equally honest and tells them so. We know that she has cured thousands of cases of disease. We doubt if there is one hundredth of one per cent of the cases that she fails to cure. We publish by permission the names of a few of her recent cures:

Mrs. Sloan, Akron, Nebr., cured of consumption and nervous trouble. The treatment she took improved her at once, and she was soon cured of all her ailments.

C. A. Lundeen, Grand Island, Nebr., was troubled with muscular rheumatism and dyspepsia.

Those troubles soon disappeared. Mrs. R. McBeth, Hader, Neb., cured of female and nervous troubles, was told by doctors operation would be necessary. Cured in four months treatment.

Mrs. J. Dobbins of North Platte, writes, "she had been doctored for years without relief for kidney trouble, female and general debility."

Mr. Michael McCabe, North Platte, cured of cancer of the face with two injections.

Oscar Emmitt, Columbus, Neb., cured of what other doctors called incurable blood disease.

Mrs. Ella Johnson, Grand Island, Nebr., cured of chronic eye trouble and catarrah.

Mrs. Connelly, Akron, Nebr., cured of cancer.

Mrs. E. Zurig, Bluevale, Neb., cured of female trouble, diabetes and stomach trouble.

S. E. Fuller, York, Nebr., cured of stomach and bowel trouble and kidney trouble.

Miss DeBore, Waco, Nebr., cured of skin disease of years standing, had been treated by many doctors.

Mrs. Oscar Lange, Tekamah, Nebr., cured of --- and other female trouble.

Louie Herper, Columbus, Neb., cured of Bright's disease, heart trouble and nervousness.

Mrs. J. Jorgensen, Cozad, had suffered many years from nervous disease, loss of vitality and general weakness. She now feels healthy and like a new woman.

Mrs. Makon, Wayne, Nebr., cured of chronic rheumatism, swollen limbs, heart trouble, headache and general debility. Had almost given up hope, when she heard of Dr. Caldwell, her treatment soon cured her and she is now thankful.

Mr. Charles Schell, Pender, cured of rheumatism, almost had consumption.

Mr. Nulph Wyndure, Beaver, Nebr., cured of gall stones of liver.

Joe Carlson, Ft. Wayne, Ind., cured of large cancer of breast.

W. H. Larsen, 65 Nesbit St., Newark, N. J. says: "Dr. Caldwell, after suffering for 30 years I have found no treatment equal to yours. I write you these few lines to speak of the excellency of your treatment and I think it due you."

Mrs. J. H. Somnera, Craig, Nebr., cured of female trouble, general weakness and loss of flesh. Cured in three months. Mrs. Somners had doctored with many doctors.

S. J. Blessen, Platte Centre, Nebr., cured of stomach trouble of long standing, nervous debility; was treated by many doctors.

Nebraska's most popular specialist, Dr. O. Caldwell, registered graduate of the Kentucky School of Medicine, will make her next visit to Ord, Friday, July 5.

WANT COLUMN

WANTED—A girl for general work at the Domestic Kitchen. 20ft.

LOST—Bank account book. Please leave at the First National Bank. Mrs. H. F. Lewis. 23 1/2

FOUND—Lady left umbrella in Misko meat market. Pay for this notice and get the same.

WANTED—Young girl to assist in in house work. Mrs. Menzel 292 1/2

FOR RENT—Six room cottage. Mrs. C. A. Munn 20

FOR RENT—A Kimball organ a double office desk and an office book case. Mrs. C. A. Munn 20

FOR RENT—Old Scott house and barn. See Alvin Hill. 19-ft.

FOR RENT small house close in. See The Quiz.

FOR SALE OR RENT—6 room house two blocks from square. W. O. Wentworth. 11.

FOR SALE—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vinton Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 24

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-ft.

THOROUGHbred POLAND-CHINA sows and pigs for sale. See Daniel Burke if interested.

HOGS—Will be in Elyria every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

LOST—Scott Collie dog, golden sable color, blind in both eyes, responds to the name of Dick. Notify R. C. Williams and receive reward.

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 62.

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

FOR SALE: Good plastering sand, easy to get at in the east part of town. K. Hundtofte. 13-3-pd.

FOUND—Glasses in case on street of Ord. Left at Quiz office. C. F. Moorman

"Footprints on the Sand To-Day."

a masterful discussion of present social and political conditions, by the
Rev. Monsignore J. HENRY TIHEN
At CHAUTAUQUA

\$51.85

to

California

and return

This is your opportunity to make the trip to San Francisco and Los Angeles, at this remarkable low rate.

EVERY DAY

June 8 to 15, and June 22 to July 5

round-trip tickets will be on sale to above points. These tickets are good in either Pullman palace or tourist sleeping cars and offer all the advantages of the

Through Train Service VIA UNION PACIFIC

For full information inquire of
F. R. FRICK

CHAUTAQUA

"Nothing Like It"—"Missouri Jim" Was "Shown." Down in the cabin belt of the Ozark Mountains in southern Missouri where the biggest crops are children and dogs, lived a young fellow named Jim. Drinking, fighting and working were Jim's chief qualifications. He was short on learning and long on good nature except when moonshine whiskey stirred up the demon within. Where children are so plentiful, work so scarce and wages so low, enterprising fellows like Jim naturally push up north to get work among the farmers.

Jim got a job near a little city of 1,700 inhabitants that for several years sustained a successful Chautauqua. Jim heard the folks talking about the Chautauqua. He could not make out for the life of him, whether "the Chautauqua" was flesh, fish or fowl. He was too proud to reveal his ignorance by asking. So Jim just registered a vow—slightly sulphuric—that he would find out what that Chautauqua was anyhow.

Opening day found him in the city, full of curiosity, and determined that no one should know that he didn't know. He saw the crowds going across the river. Jim followed, paid his 25c and began to investigate in Jim's own peculiar way. He saw eighty tents with people in them, and he wondered if people living in tents was Chautauqua, but said never a word. He saw the crowds begin to gather in the big tents. Full of wonderment Jim followed.

The Rev. Dr. Green of Chicago was "opening Chautauqua." Jim listened. He says he "never heard nuthin' like it."

Not knowing that he could buy a season ticket Jim went every day and paid his 25c admission. He just kept listening and soaking in things he had never heard nor dreamed of in the mountain "deestricks" of his bringing.

At the end of ten days, even if Jim didn't know what Chautauqua was he did know it was something he wanted, and every year for six years he has been there at the opening and the closing.

Jim is bolder now. He goes right up and shakes hands with all the talent. It is a big thing to have shaken the hand of Mr. Bryan, Dr. McArthur or Sam Jones.

Meanwhile Jim has quit fighting and drinking, but continues to work on the farm. He has joined the church in the city and is president of the Christian Endeavor society. He is engaged to marry the daughter of the farmer he began working for. She is a school teacher. Jim thinks she is the finest girl in all the country, and he knows he never could have got her if it hadn't been for what the Chautauqua did for him.

Jim says, "There's nuthin' like it." Legal Notice.

Land office at Lincoln, Nebraska, May 10, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Sanders of Burwell Nebraska, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17316 made August 13, 1902, for the west 1/2 northeast 1/4 and southeast 1/4 northeast 1/4, section 9, township 20 n, range 16 w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen, county judge, at Ord, Nebraska, on June 22, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz: Jacob Osanowski of Burwell, Nebraska. Nat D. Maxfield of Burwell, Nebraska. Clarence Jeffries of Burwell, Nebraska. John Dinnell of Burwell, Nebraska. Chas. F. Shedd, Register.

13



June Specials

OPENING OF HUNTLEY LANDS:

33,000 acres Government irrigated land near Billings, Montana, opened by lottery system, June 22nd; cheap excursion rates to register for these rich irrigated lands. Finest prizes yet offered by the Government. Cost approximately \$30.00 an acre, divided into ten yearly payments. Get details.

TO PACIFIC COAST:

Specially low round trip California rates June 8th to 15th; June 22nd to July 5th. Also to Portland, Seattle and Spokane June 20th to July 12th. Daily low rate Coast tours commencing June 1st. Slightly higher via Shasta route.

GOOD CHANCES EASTWARD:

Daily low Jamestown Exposition rates with side trips available for New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Atlantic Coast resorts. Also July 5th to 6th very cheap to Saratoga with side trips to New York, also July 11th to 13th to Philadelphia.

BIG HORN BASIN:

We run personally conducted home-seekers' excursions June 4th and 18th, under guidance of D. Clem Deaver, General Agent Land-seekers' Information Bureau. Round trip \$20.00.

Call or write for details
J. W. MOORHOUSE,
Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.
L. W. WARELY, G. P. A.,
Omaha, Nebraska.

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL
of Chicago,

Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.

Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on

Friday, July 5



Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Colic, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co.,
Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill.
Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

Ord Church and Lodge Directory

RATES—Six lines or less, \$3.00 per year. Additional lines 50 cents per year.

ORD LODGE NO. 103
A. F. & A. M.
Meetings held on Wednesday on or before the full moon of each month. T. A. Waters, W. M.
J. F. Colby, Secretary.

ORD CHAPTER NO. 20
R. A. M.
Conventions first Tuesday of each month. John C. Work, H. P. J. Colby, Secretary.

MIZPAH CHAPTER ORDER OF EASTERN STAR, ORD LODGE NO. 28.
Regular meetings first and third Fridays of each month.

Kansas Land

Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth land, from \$7 to \$12 per acre

One-fourth cash, the balance on four years' time.

Newbecker Land Co.,
GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

SEE
HONNOLD & DAVIS
FOR

Real Estate
Insurance
and 5% Loans

Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.

See our line of Fence Posts

A Straw Hat

wouldn't go bad now. We have an extra large line to select from, and are closing out the bulk of them at cheap prices. We have just received a line of Ladies' White Duck Hats—just the thing for warm weather. All prices and all shapes.

Frank Dworak

First National Bank

Ord, Nebraska

Capital \$70,000.00 Surplus and Profits 50,000.00

We will be pleased to call your attention to the fact that our management, trusting we may receive your favorable consideration, when you have any banking business to transact.

A review of our history since organization, we think is sufficient guarantee that your interests will be safely guarded.

Our continued and rapid increase in business and number of depositors, is taken by us as an indication that we are pleasing the public with our business methods.

We will be pleased to have you deposit your money with us and we will take pleasure in extending you the advantages consistent with sound banking.

Peter Mortensen, President
E. M. Williams, Cashier

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D.
Office over post office.
Phone 116
ORD, NEBRASKA

C. J. MILLER, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Office and residence phone 41
Office in new Misko block.
Ord, Nebraska.

R. L. STAPLE,
Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor.
Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds.
National Bank Building.
ORD, NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS
...Undertaking...
Licensed Embalmer.
Residence Phone 74. ORD, NEB.
Store Phone 82.

DR. GEO. TAYLOR
Dentist
Office over First National Bank
Office Phone 24. Residence Phone 274

Dr. F. D. HALDEFIAN,
Physician & Surgeon,
Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 108
ORD, NEBRASKA

CLEMENTS BROS.,
Lawyers.
Office in Misko Block,
North Side of Square.
ORD, NEBRASKA
Office Phone 83 Res. Phone 94

M. M. Newbecker, M. D.
Day and Night Calls.
NEBRASKA

M. ROBBINS
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE.
Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties.
ORD, NEBRASKA

C. D. BUNDY, M. D.
Successor to
Chester A. Brink
Calls answered night and day
Office and resident phone 46

The Quiz and the Nebraska Farmer one year for \$1.50.

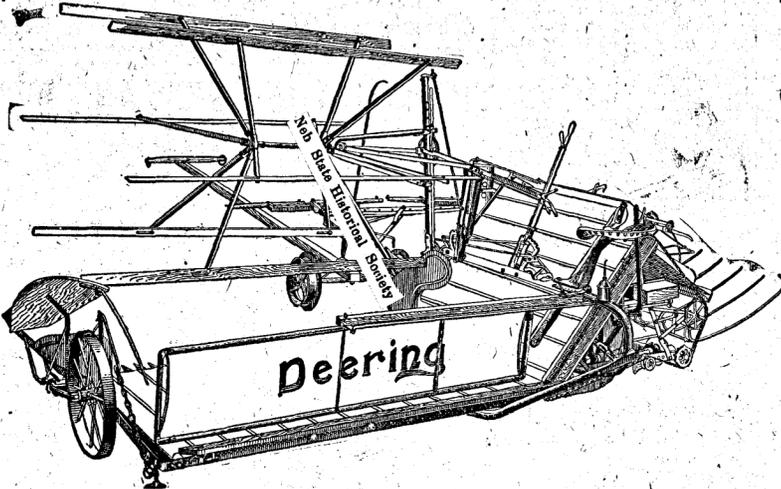
THE ORD QUIZ.

Established April 6, 1882.

Ord, Valley County, Nebraska, Thursday, June 27, 1907.

Vol. 6, No. 21

"DEERING"



When you see "Deering" on Machinery or Twine you know it is the BEST.

Remember ours is the only place in Ord that you can buy the DEERING BINDER, MOWER, STACKER and the DEERING BINDER TWINE. Just received a car load of Deering twine direct from the mills.

See the MIDLAND STACKER before you buy



His Opinion of the Direct Primary. Thomas, Okla., June 21, 1907. Editor Quiz:—

Since Nebraska is to try the direct primary this fall a few observations that I have made here may be of some interest to your readers.

Formerly I was in favor of the direct primary system as a state wide measure but now I believe that I will limit it to counties, at the most.

As the constitutional convention of this territory that framed a proposed constitution to be voted upon this fall, the democrats were greatly in the majority and one of the many provisions they placed in the proposed constitution was a provision for wide primaries. As the time came for the nomination of the various candidates for offices created by the constitution they decided to adopt the proposed primary system, I suppose to show their faith in their works, accordingly a call was issued and date set for the primary which was held on the 8th of this month. Various candidates came out in all parts of the territory and a vigorous campaign was waged for several weeks and especially for the last two.

There were three candidates for the governorship, two with unlimited means and one, the best and cleanest man, probably, had no especial means. As the same fact shows all through the result I take, the governorship as an example. None of the candidates were known especially more than is usually the case in contests for office, but they each set about building up a gigantic press bureau, offices were maintained and the mails were flooded with literature of all kinds, we heard little of Doyle the poor man, but plenty of the other two. Soon it became apparent that the battle between Cruce and Haskell, the contesting candidates, that the victory lay to the one that was the shrewdest and could influence the most votes. All sorts of defamatory matter was circulated and the people had no means of knowing which was right.

I happened to be in Guthrie and Oklahoma City some four or five days after the primary and both sides were still claiming the result, and during my stay there it became apparent that Haskell had a majority by a small number, then it was alleged by Cruce's friends that just prior to the primary, literature was sent out to the outlying counties that Haskell was a temperance man and secretly the temperance men were lined up for him, at the same time the other element was also lined up for him, with the result that what I believe to be the shrewdest, yet most undesirable men of the three was nominated. All sorts of charges were in the air, and are still, and one knows not what to attribute it to. At the headquarters of one of the candidates, one of the men there who was in a position to know told us that more than a million dollars had been spent in conducting this campaign. What do you think of that for a primary to nominate the candidates for one ticket. Doyle the cleanest man of the three had scarcely enough votes to know he was a candidate, simply because he had not the money to put up for advertising and sending henchmen out into the various counties.

The county treasurer of this county was a candidate for state treasurer, a man of sterling worth and well qualified for the position, but being a poor man he had to give way to the man of means. Manifestly greater opportunity is for fraud than in the convention system, not alone in the matter of ballot box stuffing, but because the various voting precincts are so far apart that it is impossible for a candidate to

know by several days what is going on especially just to the primary. Greater deals are hatched up and put through than in the lobby system, for there, there are a few only and when the truth is brought to light a chance is given if but a moment to correct the evil.

In county or city matters where the candidates are personally known to each voter, the primary system may prove satisfactory but where it is state wide and the voter must rely upon the newspapers and information he gets the best he can, then the man with the money is able to bring the pressure to bear and you have the corporate and money interests always in the saddle.

Give us the representative form of government, let us select good men to attend a convention, let them understand the will of the people and above all give us the influence of a clean newspaper fight, uninfluenced with the man of thousands and you will have better and more desirable officers every time.

This is but the repetition of history and may it not be a fact that the very interests, the monied influence, that we have been able to control has been the father of the thought that agitated the minds of our people to pass this direct primary system.

Let our people watch the result this fall with care and if we made a mistake, which I believe we have, let the first opportunity not slip by without an attempt to remedy it.

Very truly yours,
Arthur R. Honnold.

The Infant Terrible.

A Washington heights mother had just sought to punish her youthful son, and the son, to escape, had crawled under a bed, when a woman friend called at the apartment.

"What a lovely place you have here!" the caller remarked. "So pretty and so bright and clean! You must give more personal attention to things than I do."

"At this moment the small boy crawled out, scolding safely."

"Say, mamma," was his greeting. "I don't get under any more beds in this house. Look at me. I guess when you sweep you never sweep under there. The dirt's an inch thick."

The caller looked off into space, and the mother exclaimed enthusiastically:

"Oh, let me show you my hat, my dear!"—New York Globe.

Why He Didn't Resign.

Sir William Wightman held office in the old court of queen's bench in London far beyond the prescribed time, and at last, on the eve of the "long vacation," he took a sort of farewell of his brother judges. However, when "the morrow of All Saints" came around he turned up smiling at Westminster hall. "Why, Brother Wightman," said Sir Alexander Cockburn, "you told us that you intended to send in your resignation to the lord chancellor before the end of August." "So I did," said Sir William, "but when I went home and told my wife she said, 'Why, William, what on earth do you think that we can do with your messing about the house all day?' So, you see, I was obliged to come down to court again."

Mr. Man

A nice CHAIN FOB will make you look better--give you that down-to-date look. Then, if you appreciate NICE THINGS, you will enjoy looking over my stock. Anyway call and get acquainted.

PARKINS

The Rt. Rev. Monsignore **Tihen**

Chancellor of the Diocese of Wichita, with a powerful lecture,

"Footprints on the Sand, To-Day,"
At CHAUTAUQUA

"Footprints on the Sand To-Day."

a masterful discussion of present social and political conditions, by the

Rt. Rev. Monsignore **J. HENRY TIHEN**
At CHAUTAUQUA

The Humorist of the House **Bede**
LECTURES ON
"Civilization, Its Cause and Cure"
At Chautauqua

"Civilization, Its Cause & Cure"
What Caused Civilization?
What Is Civilization?
Does It Need Curing?
Hear Bede AT CHAUTAUQUA

ANNOUNCEMENT

Having sold our stock of China, Glassware, Toys and Notions to J. C. Rogers, we want to thank our many customers for their valued patronage, and ask for your continued patronage in behalf of Mr. Rogers.

We still retain our music business, and, after Monday, June 17, you will find us located in the building being moved just north of Stover's.

Our aim is to devote our entire time to our Piano and Organ business.

Owing to the fact that our piano business has required so much time, we deemed it best to dispose of our other stock.

We will carry a complete stock of music goods, and give our very low prices as heretofore.

We will be pleased to meet all of our old customers and many new ones.

A. C. JOHNSON & CO.

How the Contestants are Coming

| Name | Res. | Votes |
|----------------|-------------|---------|
| ROXY AUBLE | Mira Valley | 265,000 |
| ADDIE HAUGHT | Springdale | 193,000 |
| MINNIE DONNELL | Arcadia | 53,500 |
| ADA DRAPER | No. Loup | 43,000 |
| BESSIE GRAY | Elyria | 10,500 |
| ANNA SLAVACEK | Elyria | 3,000 |
| ANNA SORESEN | Elyria | 1,500 |

First Prize: A beautiful Hamilton Piano, purchased from A. C. Johnson & Co. and now on exhibit at their store.

Second Prize: A fine Gold Watch, from the stock of Geo. A. Parkins. The Parkins store only handles good ones, and this is one of the best.

Third Prize: A fine Dress Pattern. Your choice from the Mamie Siler big stock.

Fourth Prize: A dozen of the Mutter studio's best \$5.00 photographs. They are good ones.

Two Special Prizes: We want new subscribers and as a special inducement to contestants to secure them we will give to the one securing the largest number of new subscribers their choice of a Fifty-Dollar International Correspondence School certificate or Ten Dollars in Gold; the person getting the second largest number of new subscribers to have prize left after first prize winner's selection.

Herny Lindquist and Henry Mattley were in Ord last Saturday.

Tuesday from Waco, Nebraska, where he had been on the sad mission of burying his mother who died at that place.

Mr. Casler has the Jacques elevator all repaired and is now ready for the crop of grain that is growing. Mr. Casler expects to make a visit to Wisconsin before harvest.

Important Notice.

300 children's season tickets for the Loup Valley Chautauqua, for children under fourteen years of age go on sale Monday morning at 9 o'clock. Price of ticket for entire season, \$1.25.

These tickets may be secured of Marson M. Eaton or orders may be left at the office of Honnold and Davis.

A Bracelet

will make the young lady or Mrs. happy this season. Something from our stock will surely please you.

Thirty-five patterns to select from

ranging in price from

\$9.00 down to \$1.75

Pleased to have you call.

PARKIN S

In the New Quiz Building.

Thinks Oklahoma all Right.

Enid, Oklahoma, June 22, 1907.

Friend Haskell:—I have been informed that it was reported in Ord that I was dissatisfied with my location here at Enid. This is a great mistake. I never saw a country where everything grows so rapidly as here. I am well pleased with my investments here.

I could make good money by turning all my investments now but have no desire to do so. I thought I might possibly have been able to get good land a little cheaper by going into the Indian Territory. I took a trip through that country and came home thoroughly convinced that I settled in the right place. The land in Indian Territory is only good in small patches and is not much cheaper than here.

We have fine water here and that is something I did not find in many places in the Territory. The land here lays fine and is nearly all good as is most of the Cherokee strip. Enid is not much higher than around small towns so I think this the best place to invest.

Alfalfa grows fine here, has been cut twice and will soon be ready to cut again. After all the reports of the greenbug there are some pretty good wheat fields yet which are now being harvested. It will make from 8 to 20 bushels per acre. Corn is looking fine. Will have plenty of fruit, early apricots and blackberries and peaches of the early variety are now plentiful.

We have had lots of rain so far and as for climate I do not see as it is any warmer than in Nebraska. Now to convince you of my statements I would advise you to talk with Ed. Money or D. H. Buss, who visited us recently.

Yours truly,
Ward Van Wie.

Real Estate Transfers.

Chas. Milliken to Lena C. Corhill, wd \$4500, s2 lots 5 and 6 blk 44 Ord.

Ida Miller to Wilhelmina Sanders, wd \$1, part 9-20-16.

Peter Mortensen to A. J. Firkins, wd \$15, all lot 33 div E Ord cemetery.

Lela B. Green to Stella P. Lutz, wd \$1, se4 se4 2-17-13.

Stella P. Lutz to Lela B. Green, wd \$1, se4 se4 2-17-13.

Judson Rogers to John H. Carson, wd \$12,800, s2 23 18-15, 320 acres.

Marvin S. Parker to H. C. White, wd \$200, part lot 7 blk 3 R. R. add to Arcadia.

Judson Rogers to Amos C. Johnson, wd \$1150, part lot 1 blk 12 Ord.

F. B. Robbins to V. W. Robbins, wd \$125, lot 11 suburban add to North Loup.

Peter Jansen to Peter Mortensen, wd \$575, n2 sw4 28-20-16.

M. B. Goodenow to First National Bank, wd \$1, part lot 4 blk 29 Ord.

Chas. J. Larsen to Eustice Smallwood, wd \$500, lots 1-2-3 4-5-6-23-24 blk 9 1st add to Arcadia.

Charles Bals to Prudence Desrui, wd \$20,000, all sec 34 and w2 35-19-16.

Elyria Items.

Mr. and Mrs. Wiegard went over to Arcadia on Saturday returning Tuesday.

Joe Bartoshot and Charles Augustine arrived home from Kansas last Saturday where they have been for a couple of months breaking sod on a farm which Charley has bought down there.

Elsie Mosier and Blanche Johnson were in Ord last Saturday.

Victoria Treban of Denver, Colorado is visiting at home for a few days.

Mr. Dodge and son Willie were in Ord Monday.

James Kouch returned home

College Morals.

Some years ago the president of a American university, in conferring the doctor's degree on a professor who was also a great administrative officer, attributed the professor's power among the undergraduates to his faith in the predominance of good in young men. This is in pleasant contrast to the recent utterance of the head of another American university, which implied that a low state of morals exists in our institutions of learning, and imputed to the governing officers of some of those institutions indifference to the ethical well-being of the students. Young men are not saints. College faculties cannot be police officers. It is not necessary that they should be. But no one who has attended any American college can believe that his alma mater is an unsafe place for most young men. The variety of physical and intellectual interests abundantly engages youthful energy and does not leave much for dissipation. To one student who passes the night in rioting are hundreds who come in healthily tired from the field, read an hour or two, and go to bed. If a young man is not safe in college he is not safe anywhere, even a block away from home, says Youth's Companion. The tone of college life is distinctly high compared with most environments in which a young man might find himself. The increasing number of poor men working their way through college establishes a tone of industry which the few ruffians and idlers are not numerous enough to dispel. Unfortunately, when a college man does misbehave, his ill deed, even if it be not grave enough to give notoriety to a young man not in college, is printed in the newspapers, which contrive to give the name of the college a conspicuous place. Careful parents shake their heads, and without reason conclude that the business life is more sobering than life in college. This unfair view is damaging to the whole system of higher education, the endeavor of which in our country is to invite youth and strength into the educated life.

Reaction in China.

The reform movement in China has in some inexplicable way been checked, and the reactionary element is in the ascendancy at the court. A month ago, says the Independent, Yuan Shihkai, the enterprising viceroy of the province of Chi-li, had the only army that amounts to anything in China, and his proteges were filling the offices of the newly established administrative bureaus. He secured for a Yale graduate, Tang Shao-yi, the important post of governor of the province of Mukden, in Manchuria, the first time a foreign-educated Chinese had been placed in such a position. Shih Chao-shi, a graduate of Cornell, was appointed chief adviser on railroad affairs. There were numerous other similar appointments to government positions at Peking and in the provinces, all of them Chinese instead of Manchus, often Manchus, and most of them educated abroad. Now Teen Chun-hsuan, one of the most prominent of the reactionaries, has the favor of the empress dowager, and the recent appointees are being removed. Better treatment is in store for cattle in transit on the railroads. The long contest in congress last winter ended, in spite of vigorous opposition of the humane societies, in an extension; from 28 hours to 36 hours, of the time during which cattle may be kept without food and water. But the humane societies determined that the new law should at least be enforced. The old one had not. So vigorously has the department of agriculture pushed its work that convictions against the railroads have been secured at the rate of 20 a day. Of 400 cases already sent to the department of justice, only four have been lost, and the maximum penalty of \$500 has been exacted in every case.

Oldest Known Human Being.

The oldest living human being of authentic record is Mrs. Mary Wood, of Hillsboro, Ore., a few miles west of Portland. Mrs. Wood is 120 years old. She was born in Knoxville, Tenn., May 20, 1787, which the records at Knoxville still show. When she was 65 years old she rode the entire distance across the continent from her old home in Tennessee to her present home in Oregon.

Wifely Consolation.

One of the physicians at a popular winter health resort was looking over his books one day, comparing his list of patients. "I had a great many more patients last year than I have this," he remarked to his wife. "I wonder where they have all gone to?" "Well, never mind dear," she replied, "you know all we can do is to hope for the best."

DOCTOR'S FOOD TALK

Selection of Food One of the Most Important Acts in Life.

A Mass. doctor says: "Our health and physical and mental happiness are so largely under our personal control that the proper selection of food should be, and is one of the most important acts in life. "On this subject, I may say that I know of no food equal in digestibility, and more powerful in point of nutrition, than the modern Grape-Nuts, four heaping teaspoons of which is sufficient for the cereal part of a meal, and experience demonstrates that the user is perfectly nourished from one meal to another. "I am convinced that the extensive and general use of high class foods of this character would increase the term of human life, add to the sum total of happiness and very considerably improve society in general. I am free to mention the food, for I personally know of its value."

Grape-Nuts food can be used by babies in arms, or adults. It is ready cooked, can be served instantly, either cold with cream, or with hot water or hot milk poured over. All sorts of puddings and fancy dishes can be made with Grape-Nuts. The food is concentrated and very economical, for four heaping teaspoons are sufficient for the cereal part of a meal. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

A London tradesman greatly prizes a check drawn by King Edward VII, which he has in his possession. Most any old tradesman over here would like to have one.

EXAMPLE OF TRUE CHIVALRY.

Modern Lover Proves Himself Equal to Heroes of the Past.

There was a moment of profound silence. He was the first to speak. "You are richer than I am," he faltered, with emotion. She bowed her head, replying nothing. But now the true nobility of his character manifested itself. "Yet for all that I am no better than you are!" he cried, and folded her to his breast. And when, her conscience accusing her, she tried to tell him that not only her father but four of her uncles were Pittsburgh millionaires, he sealed her lips with kisses, and would hear nothing.—Puck.

THE REORGANIZED NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The new Board of Trustees of the New York Life Insurance Company, chosen by the policyholders under the Armstrong laws, has taken charge of the company's affairs and has begun the work of reorganization.

In choosing the principal officers of the company, the Board has adhered to the idea that a life insurance company should be managed by life insurance men. The new president is Darwin P. Kingsley, a college bred man of good New England stock, who has been in the company's service in a variety of capacities for a period of nearly twenty years. In the parlance of life insurance, he "began with the rate book" and has advanced step by step up to his present position.

The first vice president of the company is Thomas A. Buckner, who has served the company for more than a quarter of a century,—indeed has never had any other business connection. Associated with these men are others long trained in the company's service, each an expert in his own department of work. Wm. E. Ingersoll, who has for many years had charge of the company's great business in Europe, is one of the second vice presidents, and will continue at the head of the company's office in Paris.

Rufus W. Weeks, who has been in the company's service for nearly forty years, ranks next to Mr. Buckner as vice president, and continuous as chief actuary of the company.

The policyholders have expressed their belief in this company in no uncertain terms. The upheaval in life insurance within the last two years has resulted in a great deal of misunderstanding and policyholders, alarmed on matters which were not very clear to them, have been disposed to give up their contracts at a heavy sacrifice. This has not been true in the New York Life to any great extent. The company had \$2,000,000,000 insurance on its books when the life insurance investigation began, and while the laws of the State of New York now do not permit any company to write over \$150,000,000 a year (which is about one-half the New York Life formerly did), the company's outstanding business still exceeds \$2,000,000,000.

Policyholders generally will be still further reassured by this action of the Board, as it places at the head of the company to protect their interests men of thorough training and unexceptionable character.

Home, Sweet Home.

The wife of a naval officer attached to the academy at Annapolis has in her employ an Irish servant, who recently gave evidence of nostalgia. "You ought to be contented and not pine for your old home, Bridget," said the lady of the house. "You are earning good wages, your work is light, everyone is kind to you, and you have lots of friends here." "Yis, mum," sadly replied Bridget; "but it's not the place where I be that makes me so homesick; it is the place where I don't be."

Union Pacific Man Victim of Horrible Accident.

Daniel Scott, an employe of the Union Pacific railroad, was instantly killed and his body cut in twain by falling between the cars while engaged at work at the coal chutes at North Platte. Mr. Scott was standing on the chutes while the cars were being shifted and the presumption is that, thinking the cars were placed in proper position, he stepped upon one to begin his work, when, either for the purpose of getting slack to remove the coupling pin or to push the cars further back, he was jarred from the platform and fell head foremost across the track. The deceased was a highly respected citizen of this city and an old employe of the railroad. He was about fifty years of age and left a wife and daughter. The accident was a great shock to the community and general sorrow and sympathy is manifested.

JUDGE IRVINE IS PROMOTED

Former Nebraskan Dean of College of Law of Cornell.

The board of trustees of Cornell university have appointed Judge Frank Irvine dean of the college of law to succeed Dean Ernest Huffcutt, who committed suicide last month on the Hudson river. Judge Irvine is a graduate of Cornell University and the National University. He received his degree from the latter institution in 1883. At one time he was judge of the Fourth judicial district of Nebraska. Since 1901 he has been professor of practice and products at Cornell, and for several years he has been active in athletics as head of the Cornell athletic association.

Bodies All Removed.

The work of digging up the dead bodies from the old Fort Niobrara burying ground has been completed and they are now on their way to Fort Leavenworth to be reburied there. The contract which was in the hands of Mr. Meade of Chadron called for the removal of about 150 bodies.

Child Dies of Typhoid.

Typhoid fever with complications caused the death of Maud Macy, the 13-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Macy of Beatrice.

The Blue Hill Reservoir.

Work has been commenced on the reservoir for the Blue Hill water works system. The bids that were submitted to the board were deemed too high and the council has taken the matter into its hands and will hire the work done by day labor.

The board of health of Nebraska City has received a milk tester and has given notice that all milk offered in the city in the future is to be tested and if not up to the standard will be condemned.

NEBRASKA NEWS

SCOTTS BLUFF MEN SECURE DIS-SOLUTION OF INJUNCTION.

The temporary injunction granted by Judge Vandevanter of the federal court in the matter of the Tristate Land company against Clinton D. Baker and thirty-two other farmers and former incorporators of the Farmers' Ditch company of Scotts Bluff county was dissolved June 21 by Judge W. H. Munger of the United States district court at Omaha upon the motion of the attorneys for the farmers.

FARMERS WIN OUT IN COURT

Strenuously Object to Movement of Tri-State Land Company and Demand Rights in Case of Irrigation Ditch.

The case involves irrigation matters in the North Platte country. The defendants are among the pioneer projectors of irrigation in that section and incorporators of the Farmers' Ditch company of Scotts Bluff county, a ditch of about thirteen miles in length. The company, by its articles of incorporation, secured to the stockholders perpetual water rights. A mortgage was given to complete the work and a few years later the mortgage was foreclosed and bought in by Rogers Walker, subject to the perpetual water rights of the incorporators. Walker subsequently sold the property to the Tristate Land company subject to the original conditions of perpetual water rights to the original builders of the ditch. The Tristate Land company proceeded at once to close the ditch for the ostensible purpose of enlarging and extending it. To this proceeding the farmers strenuously objected and threatened to use force in keeping the ditch open if the Tristate Land company persisted in closing it.

The trouble threatened to become serious and the Tristate Land company made an application for a temporary injunction restraining the farmers from interfering with the work of enlargement. This application for an injunction was made before Judge Carland in the United States courts during the illness of Judge W. H. Munger and the application was denied. Subsequently the Tristate Land people secured a temporary restraining order from Judge Willis Vandevanter and the work of enlarging the canal proceeded and the water was shut off during this period, much to the disgust and inconvenience of the farmers. The matter was set for hearing before Judge Munger at Lincoln in the case of several of the defendants, but before it came to trial the injunction was withdrawn at the request of the Tristate Land company and also the Burlington railroad, as regards several of the defendants who compromised their difficulties with the Tristate Land company.

Water Bonds Defeated.

The election for water works bonds at Benedict resulted in the rejection of the proposition by the narrow margin of two votes, fifty-eight being cast in favor of it and thirty-two against. A two-thirds majority was necessary to carry the proposition, which called for the issuance of bonds in the sum of \$6,000.

He Passed a Check.

A man giving the name of R. J. Harris, went into Henry Collamore's restaurant at Utica, and asked if he could cash a check on the Utica bank, saying he had money there. Collamore cashed the check for \$18 and later found there was no money to Harris' account. Harris in the meantime proceeded to celebrate and was arrested.

Leonard Taylor Loses Foot.

C. E. Taylor, of Nebraska City, was called to Aurora, Neb., to attend the bedside of his son, Leonard Taylor, who had his foot cut off by a train. The young man was in the service of the Burlington and had been working for them but a short time, having been previously running as an express messenger out of Lincoln.

Want Co-Operative Elevator.

The farmers in the vicinity of Cedar Creek, near Plattsmouth, have started a movement for organizing a co-operative elevator company. About sixty-five farmers are interested in the project and about \$5,000 in stock has already been sold. A meeting will be held in the near future, at which time officers will be elected and an organization effected.

Want \$16,000 Bonds.

The Tecumseh city council has called the special election to vote on a \$16,000 bonding proposition for a new electric lighting plant for July 9.

G. C. Fuller Electrocuted.

While cleaning out a grate at the power house of the Lincoln Traction company G. C. Fuller, a young man employed about the shops was electrocuted. He was about thirty years old and had been in Lincoln only five months.

Drowned at Valentine.

Clyde Black, eighteen years old, a boy who has been living six miles north of Valentine, drowned while swimming in the mill pond. The boy was endeavoring to swim across the dam, which is about a quarter of a mile wide. He became exhausted within sixty feet of the other side. The boy was recovered.

Foot Was Badly Crushed.

Walter Cummings, a switchman in the Burlington yards at Plattsmouth, caught his foot while attempting to make a quick coupling, with the result that the member was badly crushed and had to be amputated. Cummings was twenty-one years old.

A strange negro was asleep on one of the sidetracks of the Missouri Pacific at Nebraska City and a freight train pushed on some cars on the siding and the negro had a foot crushed. He claims his home is at Kansas City.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

Gathering at Hastings Proved to Be Largest Ever Held.

The largest and most enthusiastic state Sunday school convention in the history of the middle west was held last week at Hastings. Had it not been for the fact that quite a number of those who came to attend the first two days of the convention returned to their homes early it would have been absolutely impossible to find accommodations for the later arrivals. As it was, it was found necessary for many people who had promised to furnish quarters for two persons to take double and even triple that number. The following persons were declared elected officers of the state organization for the ensuing year: President, George Wallace of Omaha; recording secretary, H. Lomax of Broken Bow; statistical secretary, Paul Dietrich of Red Cloud; treasurer, E. C. Babcock of Omaha; home department, Mrs. C. L. Jones of Hastings; teacher training, W. R. Jackson of University Place; temperance, Rev. Allog Palmer of Silver Creek; primary secretary, Miss Mamie Haines of Lincoln.

Nebraska City Boy Drowned.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Winton of Nebraska City received a telegram from Clayburne, Texas, stating that their son, Herbert, was missing from a Y. M. C. A. camp some twenty-five miles from that place. The parents got ready to leave to assist in the search, but received another message stating that the boy's body had been found in a river near the camp, where he had fallen in and drowned. The body was ordered shipped to Nebraska City for burial. The deceased was twenty-one years of age and had been working on a railroad near Clayburne.

Used Gasoline For Water.

A distressing accident occurred here in the Alma laundry recently. A workman named Fred Dillman was replenishing a gasoline tank, and had filled a pail for that purpose when he discovered that something was on fire in the drying room. Settling down the pail he began trying to put out the fire. A companion coming to his assistance picked up the pail of gasoline, supposing it to be water, and dashed it upon the fire. It burst into flame, completely enveloping young Dillman.

Lightning Strikes Church.

During a thunder storm lightning struck the Catholic church at Falls City and damaged the tower as well as throwing down plastering from the ceiling in a number of places. The bolt followed an electric light wire from the church to the parsonage and tore the ceiling down in the office and put out all the electric lights. Rev. Father Bex was in the room and was very much frightened, although not injured by the shock.

The Woods in Old Violins.

The old masters used such care in the selection of the woods for their instruments that, having found a piece of wood of proper fiber and vibrational powers, they treasured every fragment, no matter how small, and rather than waste even a particle of such a strip, they frequently constructed the backs and bellies of patches so delicately put together that "the seams are only discoverable by microscope, so perfect is the cabinet work." It was never the aim of the old masters to "marry" the back of hard sycamore, which produces the quick vibrations, and the bellow of soft wood, producing the slower sound waves, in such a manner as to give the mellow but reedy timbre of the perfect instrument, says a writer in The Circle. Anatomically, a violin made by an old master is a miracle of construction; it can be taken to pieces, patched together, repaired indefinitely, and is almost indestructible. Repairing has been the means of exposing many clever forgeries. The inside of a violin made by Stradivari, Guarnerius, or other old masters, is as perfectly finished inside as outside, and the clumsy interior work of a forgery betrays an imitation at once.

Practicing on Ministers.

"I counted seven girls taking down my sermon in shorthand this morning," said a suburban minister. "I am getting tired of this business of turning church into school. It is a desecration of the Sabbath and of the sanctuary, and it gets worse year by year."

"When the thing first began, I admit that I was flattered. I thought the solitary shorthand writer in my front pew was a reporter. I took unusual pains that morning, and I searched all the newspapers the next day. In vain, of course. The shorthand writer was merely a student of stenography, using me to practice on."

Students of stenography should practice on actors and on lecturers, but not that would cost money. Nothing suits them but ministers, and every Sunday, all over our land, young men and women, with their pads and fountain pens, go to church solely to improve their shorthand."

All Sound But the Hull.

The energy of some men seems unconquerable. As the body weakens it burns all the brighter, fretted only by its narrow confines and inadequate service. Of such a nature was John Quincy Adams. Mr. Seward in his "Autobiography" quotes a comment made on him by an old captain which is most apt in its technical expression. "Mr. Adams is a great man," but he is getting old," remarked someone who had just listened to an oration by the ex-president.

The response of a steamboat captain with whom Mrs. Adams had traveled, expressed the popular feeling. "Yes, perhaps, but oh, if you could only take the engine out of the old Adams and put it into a new hull!" —Youth's Companion.

Lucky for Politicians.

But what a merciful thing for politicians it is that the general public is afflicted with extraordinary shortness of memory!—Free Press, Singapore.

Dangerous Baltic Sea.

The wreck record of the Baltic sea is greater than that of any other part of the world. The average is one a day throughout the year.

BLAMED POOR PUSS

INDIGNANT DINER JUMPED AT CONCLUSIONS.

Crimalkin, Victim of Facetious Waiter's Joke Gave Acrobatic Display For Amusement of Patrons of Restaurant.

A little German restaurant run in connection with a bar in East Twentieth street has a frolicsome waiter who habitually provides much amusement for the patrons, says the New York Press. A few nights ago the Maltese cat belonging to the house was sitting on the knee of a man who was eating his dinner, with his face buried behind a newspaper. It was too peaceful a scene for the waiter to let continue.

From his pocket he drew a huge rubber band, and winked at the patrons at nearby tables. All paused to watch what would follow, for the waiter's prowess as a marksman with rubber bands was well known. One evening he had won a bet that he could put on a gas jet across the room at his first shot with a rubber band.

Directly opposite where the man sat with the cat on his knee was a door leading into the room reserved for the restaurant's women patrons. Emile—that's the waiter's name—took up a position in the other room that would enable him to dodge out of sight as soon as he let drive. The eagerly expectant neighbors of the unsuspecting victim of the coming "joke" could not see him shoot, but they observed the results.

The thick rubber band suddenly caught poor puss square in the jaw, and with a fearsome howl of fright and pain she leaped into the air and came down a hissing, spitting, clawing ball of animated fur plump upon the newspaper the quiet diner was holding before his face. In its abrupt agility his leap fully equaled the cat's. His chair went over behind him, and the little round table all but went over in front of him, his glass of beer upsetting and rolling to the floor.

From his breast the cat recoiled, so to speak, to the top of the table, and knocked off a dish or two in her frenzied scramble to get to the floor and escape. The commotion caused all the patrons at the far ends of the room to stand up, and the proprietor came hurrying over from behind the bar. It was then that Emile walked out from the kitchen as innocently as you please.

"What's the matter, Mr. Zimmerman?" he asked with an air of great surprise. "Matter!" exclaimed the indignant diner. "Why the plaguesy cat had a fit!"

The Woods in Old Violins.

The old masters used such care in the selection of the woods for their instruments that, having found a piece of wood of proper fiber and vibrational powers, they treasured every fragment, no matter how small, and rather than waste even a particle of such a strip, they frequently constructed the backs and bellies of patches so delicately put together that "the seams are only discoverable by microscope, so perfect is the cabinet work." It was never the aim of the old masters to "marry" the back of hard sycamore, which produces the quick vibrations, and the bellow of soft wood, producing the slower sound waves, in such a manner as to give the mellow but reedy timbre of the perfect instrument, says a writer in The Circle. Anatomically, a violin made by an old master is a miracle of construction; it can be taken to pieces, patched together, repaired indefinitely, and is almost indestructible. Repairing has been the means of exposing many clever forgeries. The inside of a violin made by Stradivari, Guarnerius, or other old masters, is as perfectly finished inside as outside, and the clumsy interior work of a forgery betrays an imitation at once.

Practicing on Ministers.

"I counted seven girls taking down my sermon in shorthand this morning," said a suburban minister. "I am getting tired of this business of turning church into school. It is a desecration of the Sabbath and of the sanctuary, and it gets worse year by year."

"When the thing first began, I admit that I was flattered. I thought the solitary shorthand writer in my front pew was a reporter. I took unusual pains that morning, and I searched all the newspapers the next day. In vain, of course. The shorthand writer was merely a student of stenography, using me to practice on."

Students of stenography should practice on actors and on lecturers, but not that would cost money. Nothing suits them but ministers, and every Sunday, all over our land, young men and women, with their pads and fountain pens, go to church solely to improve their shorthand."

All Sound But the Hull.

The energy of some men seems unconquerable. As the body weakens it burns all the brighter, fretted only by its narrow confines and inadequate service. Of such a nature was John Quincy Adams. Mr. Seward in his "Autobiography" quotes a comment made on him by an old captain which is most apt in its technical expression. "Mr. Adams is a great man," but he is getting old," remarked someone who had just listened to an oration by the ex-president.

The response of a steamboat captain with whom Mrs. Adams had traveled, expressed the popular feeling. "Yes, perhaps, but oh, if you could only take the engine out of the old Adams and put it into a new hull!" —Youth's Companion.

Lucky for Politicians.

But what a merciful thing for politicians it is that the general public is afflicted with extraordinary shortness of memory!—Free Press, Singapore.

Dangerous Baltic Sea.

The wreck record of the Baltic sea is greater than that of any other part of the world. The average is one a day throughout the year.

CELEBRATE 4-JULY-4 AT CAPITAL BEACH LINCOLN, NEB. Fireworks Band Concerts Bathing Balloon Ascension Boating Vaudeville Theatre

THE STORY OF BUCK AND BRIDE

"Oh, say, grandpa," said Dickie, and his head was buried so deeply in a big old trunk in the barn that only a pair of sprawly legs and two long feet hanging on to a nail in the floor with the toes, and a dusty trouser seat could be seen. "Oh, say, grandpa, here's two of the dandiest pairs of cows' horns with little brass balls on them. Only three of them look as if they had been broken off. Can I have 'em, grandpa? I asked first." "Can't I have one pair, grandpa?" begged a voice from another corner, then a red-faced boy appeared. "Let me see them," said grandpa. "Why, they are old Buck's and Bride's horns. No, I guess I'll keep them a little while longer. Upon my word, I'd forgotten about them." "But boys, I can tell you a real good story about them," he added. "When was grandpa? Now, will you?" And Dickie swept off a clean place on a bench with the sleeve of his coat. "Well, suppose we wait until after supper. That'll be a good time and I can think about it a little." So in the early evening—the time for story-telling—grandpa sat down before the fireplace with a boy on each side of him. Each had a stick and a jack-knife, sitting. "Well, to begin at the beginning," said grandpa, "when I was a little boy we didn't have as many horses in our part of the country as there are now. But we used oxen, which are just as strong and sometimes as swift as horses. Though usually they are slow. I guess you have not seen them very often. They are fastened together by a wooden yoke and driven by a rein sometimes, but oftener controlled by a person merely speaking and cracking a whip. "Father gave me a pair of young ones, black and white, and said I was to train them. I was much pleased and made up my mind that they would be the best team in the country. I named them 'Buck and Bride.' I was always gentle and never abused them, and soon they grew to love me and would do anything I told them to. "One day I took them to be shod. An ox, you know, has a split hoof, like a cow, and so each foot must have two shoes. That makes eight shoes to an ox, doesn't it? I must tell you how they shoe oxen, as it is very different from shoeing a horse. The ox is first led into a frame about three feet wide, which is built of strong timber, with a floor in it. Two heavy poles push up on each side of the ox's shoulders, holding him firm; then two more just back of his horns, and these hold his head and shoulders perfectly still. Two broad leather bands, fastened loosely to poles as high as the ox's back, are next passed under his body, and hook on the other side to another pole. These poles are turned around, shortening the bands until the ox is raised off his feet. The feet are then roped back, hoof upwards to other poles, and tied tightly so they cannot move. The blacksmith is then able to nail the shoes on quickly, without being bothered by the animal's struggles. "Buck and Bride could go so much better after they had been shod, as they did not slip in going over the rough roads. Ice and melting snow made it very slippery, and one had to drive with great care. "One day, along in April, father was chopping with a very sharp ax, and it slipped and cut a gash in his leg. The blood spouted high and we both knew that he had cut an artery. Together we managed to bind it up above the wound and stop the blood flowing, but father was dreadfully weak. "You must get me down to Dr. Mead's right away," he said. So I managed to partly carry him to the sleigh and wrap a blanket around him. He held the stick with which we had twisted the bandages around his leg, and I drove. We started pretty fast, but I had good control of the oxen, so I didn't care. But just at a turning point in the road I heard a—" IF A MAN WOULD SUCCEED. "He must not live on past successes. "He must not mistake egotism for originality. "He must be able to forget himself in his work. "He must ever set himself more difficult undertakings. "He must understand that every business has its trials. "He must be more willing to grant favors than to ask for them. "He must know that struggle is the most valuable part of success. "He must know that the most fortunate of men have their trials. "He must learn to solve difficult problems quickly and still cautiously. "He must know that his two hands have been given him so that he may work, noise and looked back. Father was lying with his eyes shut and the blood was pouring from his leg. I rapped the reins. I was so frightened I did not know what I was doing and sprang to his side. In a minute I had the bandage tight, but I had to hold it. The oxen were running very fast now, and the reins were dragging. I dared not leave father a second and could not have got them, anyway. I called to Buck and Bride; they tried to slacken, but could not. Father and I were in a sweat. The road was narrow and very steep. I was terrified. The oxen were beyond their own control now. We were near a turn in the road. They switched to one side suddenly and struck a small tree. It snapped off and on we went. Another curve and so sharply did we turn that the sled partly slipped over the side, but only for a second. On it went, the oxen taking great leaps, unable to help themselves a bit. "I had all I could do to hang on and hold father. We were approaching the road and the further side was a tall fence. On we flew, scarcely touching the ground, swerving from side to side, until at last we reached the road and jumped across it into the fence. There was a quick stop, then on again, but slower. I called loudly to the oxen and they then slackened up and stopped. Both were tired out and could scarcely stand or breathe. But I grabbed the reins and jumped back into the sleigh. I then managed to turn around and drive back to the road by sometimes kneeling on the reins and turning with one hand and by calling to them. Father was still in a faint. I drove right to the doctor's and knocked on the door. The doctor and I carried father in. "Just in time," said the doctor. "He's pretty far gone." "Well, we took him home and put him to bed. I unbarred the oxen and it wasn't till then that I saw both of Buck's horns and one of Bride's horns broken off. I went back to the fence and found them. Good, faithful animals! They had done their best in coming down the hill without any guiding and had lost their pretty horns. I felt awfully bad because they did not look near so fine. I gave them a good supper and let them rest for two or three days. The other one of Bride's horns we sawed off. "Father got well again in a few weeks and we were soon hauling wood again. But we could never get Buck and Bride to climb that mountain as long as they lived. They would go any place on level ground, but stopped and would not go a step up a hill. Father did not try to make them do it, as he said they had earned the right to do as they wished about it. We had them for many years and finally they died of old age. "Those horns are the ones which were broken off in our wild ride down the mountain. You may have them, boys, but take good care of them for the sake of my two good old oxen." —Marion A. Long, in Detroit Free Press. "Bigger Than He Looked. "Dear me, Tom, you eat a good deal for a little fellow!" remarked Uncle John to his nephew. "I spects I spects so little inside as I look outside," was Tom's ingenious explanation. "Gulls as Letter Carriers. "Successful experiments have been made in Toulon to use gulls in place of carrier pigeons. They have this advantage—that, unlike pigeons, they are always ready to fly, even in the fiercest storm. "MAXIMS FROM MEXICO. "There's no gain without pain. "To the hungry no bread is dry. "He who has little has little to fear. "Flies cannot enter a closed mouth. "It is good fishing in troubled waters. "No evil will endure a hundred years. "THINGS NOT TO FEAR. "Don't be afraid to think before you act. "Don't be afraid to make your goods known. "Don't be afraid to tell the truth, it is a part of your honor. "Don't be afraid of experience. He is the best teacher. "Don't be afraid to admit when you are in the wrong. "Don't be afraid to fight against odds. Most things worth having are hard to get. "Don't be afraid of censure. We all need toning down as well as toning up. "Don't be afraid to use your time to advantage. It is given you for that purpose. "Don't be afraid of rivals. Things may be crowded below, but there is always room on top.

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST
BY HARRY LEON WILSON

CHAPTER XXXIV.—Continued.

But Prudence was not there, and he wondered with dismay if she had joined the rest of the village and gone out to meet the prophet. He had seen the last of them going along the dusty road to the north, men and women and little children, hot, excited, and eager. It did not seem like her to be among them, and yet except for those before him working about the bowery, and a few mothers with children in arms, the town was apparently deserted.

But even as he waited he heard the wailing alarm of a bygones, and saw a scurrying of backs in the dusty haze far up the road. The Wild Ram of the Mountains gave a few hurried commands for the very final touches, called off his force from the now complete bowery, and a solitary Gentle was for the moment left to greet the oncoming procession.

Presently, however, from the dark interiors of the log houses came the mothers with babies, a few aged steeplechairs, and such of the remaining housewives as could leave for a little time the dinners they were cooking. They made but a thin line along the little street, and followed at once that Prudence was not among them. He must wait and see if she marched in the approaching procession.

Already the mounted escort was coming into view, four abreast, captained by Elder Wardle, who, with a sash of red and gold slanted across his breast, was riding nervously, as his seat could be kept only by the most skillful horsemanship, a white mule that he was known to treat with fearless disrespect on days that were not great. Behind the martial Wardle was Peter Peterson, Peter Long Peterson, and Peter Long Peterson, the most martial looking men in Amalton after their leader; and then came a few more fours of proudly mounted Saints.

After this escort, separated by an interval that would let the dust settle a little, came the body of the procession. First a carriage containing the prophet, portly, strong-faced, easy of manner, as became a giant who felt kindly in his might. By his side was his wife, Amelia, the reigning favorite, who could play the piano and sing "Fair Bingen on the Rhine" with a dash that was said to be superb. Behind this float of honor came other carriages bearing the prophet's counselors, the apostles, chief bishops, bishops generally, elders, priests and deacons, each taking precedence near the prophet's carriage by seniority of rank or ordination. Along the line of carriages were outriders, bearing proudly aloft the banners upon which suitable devices were printed:

"God Bless Brigham Young!"
"Hail to Zion's Chief!"
"The Lion of the Lord."

"Welcome to our Mouthpiece of God!"

Behind the last carriage came the citizens in procession, each detachment with its banner. The elderly brethren stepped briskly under "Fathers in Israel"; the elderly sisters gazed proudly aloft to "Mothers in Israel." Then came a company of young men whose banner announced them as "Defenders of Zion." They were followed by a company of maidens led by Matilda Wright, striving to be not too much elated, and whose banner bore the inscription, "Daughters of Zion."

At the last came the children, openly set up by the occasion, and big-eyed with importance, the boy who carried their banner, "The Hope of Israel," going with wonderful rigidity, casting not so much as an eye either to right or left.

But Prudence had not been in this triumphal column, nor was she among any of the women who stood with children in their arms, or who rushed to the doors with sleeves rolled up and a long spoon or fork in their hands.

Then all at once a great inspiration came to Follett. When the last dusty little white-dressed girl had trudged solemnly by, and the head of the procession was already winding down the lane that led to Elder Wardle's place, he called himself a fool and turned back. He walked like a man who has suddenly remembered that which he should not have forgotten. And yet he had remembered nothing at all. He had only thought of a possibility, but one that became more plausible with every step; especially when he reached the Rae house and found it deserted. Whenever he thought of his stupidity, which was every score of steps, he would break into a little trot that made the willows along the creek on his left run into a yellowish green blur.

He was breathing hard by the time he had made the last ascent and stood in the cool shade of the comforting pines. He waited until his pulse became slower, wiping his forehead with the blue neckerchief which Prudence had suggested that she liked to see him wear in place of the one of scarlet. When he had cooled and calmed himself a little, he stepped lightly on. Around the big rock he went, over the "down timber" beyond it, up over the rise down which the waters tumbled, and then sharply to the right where their nook was, a call to her already on his lips.

But she was not there. He could see the place at a glance. Nothing below met his eye but the straight red trunks of the pines and the brown carpet beneath them. A Jay posed his deep shining blue on a cluster of scarlet sumac, and, cocking his crested head, screamed at him mockingly. The canyon's cool breeze fanned him and the pine-tops sighed and sang. At first he was disheartened; but then

his eyes caught a gleam of white and red under the pines, touched to movement by a low-swinging breeze.

It was her hat swaying where she had hung it on a broken bough of the tree she liked to lean against. And there was her book; not the Book of Mormon, but a secular, frivolous thing called "Leaflets of Memory, an Illustrated Annual for the Year 1847." It was lying on its face, open at the sentimental tale of "Anastasia." He put it down where she had left it. The canyon was narrow and she would hardly leave the waterside for the steep trail. She would be at the upper cascade or in the little park above it, or somewhere between. He crossed the stream, and there in the damp sand was the print of a small heel where she had made a long step from the last stone. He began to hurry again, clambering recklessly over boulders, or through the underbrush where the sides of the stream were steep. When the upper cascade came in sight his heart leaped, for there he caught the fleeting shimmer of a skirt and the gleam of a dark head.

He hurried on, and after a moment's climb had her in full view, standing on the ledge below which the big trout



"I Never Would Have Given You Up— I'm Never Going To."

lay. There he saw her turn so that he would have sworn she looked at him. It seemed impossible that she had not seen him; but to his surprise she at once started up the stream, swiftly footing over the rough way, now a little step, now a free leap, grasping a willow to pull herself up an incline, then disappearing around a clump of cedars.

He redoubled his speed over the rocks. When she next came into view, still far ahead, he shouted long and loud. It was almost certain that she must hear; and yet she made no sign. She seemed even to speed ahead the faster for his hail.

Again he sprang forward to cover the distance between them, and again he shouted when the next view of her showed that he was gaining. This time he was sure she heard; but she did not look back, and she very plainly increased her speed.

For an instant he stood aghast at this discovery; then he laughed.

"Well if you want a race, you'll get it!"

He was off again along the rough bed of the stream. He shouted no more, but slowly increased the gain he had made upon her. Instead of losing time by climbing up over the bank, he splashed through the water at two places where the little stream was wide and shallow. Then at last he saw that he was closing in upon her. Soon he was near enough to see that she also knew it.

At that moment an extended course of marveling at the ways of woman. For now she had reached the edge of the little open park, and was placidly seating herself on a fallen tree in the grove of quaking aspens. He could not understand this change of manner. And when he reached the opening she again astounded him by greeting him with every manifestation of surprise, from the first nervous start to the pushing up of her dark brows.

"Why," she began, "how did you ever think of coming here?"

But he had twice hurried fruitlessly this hot morning and he was not again to be baffled. As he advanced toward her, she regarded him with some apprehension until he stopped a safe six feet away. She had noted certain lines of determination in his face.

"Now what's the use of pretending? what did you run for?"

"I—run!"

"Again the scurrying black brows went up in frank surprise.

"Yes,—you run!"

He took a threatening step forward, and the brows promptly fell to a serious intentness of his face.

"What did you do it for?"

She stood up. "What did I do it for?—what did I do it for?"

But his eyes were searching her and she had to lower her own. Then she looked up again, and laughed nervously.

"I—I don't know—I couldn't help it." Again she laughed. "And why did you run? how did you think of coming here?"

"I'll tell you how, now I've caught you." He started toward her, but she was quickly backing away into the opening of the little park, still laughing.

"Look out for that blow-down back of you!" he called. In the second that she halted to turn and discover his trick he had caught her by the arm.

"There—I caught you fair—now what did you run for?"

"I couldn't help it." Her face was crimson. His own was pale under the tan. They could hear the beating of both their hearts. But with his capture made so boldly he was dumb, knowing not what to say.

The faintest pulling of the imprisoned arm aroused him.

"I'd a followed you till Christmas come if you'd kept on. Clear over the divide and over the whole creation. I never would have given you up. I'm never going to."

He caught her other wrist and sought to draw her to him.

With head down she came, slowly, yielding yet resisting, with little shudders of terror that was yet a strange delight, with eyes that dared give him but one quick little look, half pleading and half fear. But then after a few tense seconds her struggles were all

over—she marry you for eternity, don't they? That's for ever—only it isn't long enough, even so—not for me."

"I thought you were never coming."

"But you said—he saw the futility of it, however, and kissed her instead.

"I was afraid of you all this summer," he said.

"I was afraid of you, too."

"You got over it yesterday all right."

"How?"

"You kissed me."

"Never—what an awful thing to say!"

"But you did—twice—don't you remember?"

"Oh, well, it doesn't matter. If I did it wasn't at all like—like—"

"Like that?"

"No—I didn't think anything about it."

"And now you'll never leave me, and I'll never leave you."

"They sat on the fallen tree."

"And to think of that old—"

"Oh, don't talk of it. That's why I ran off here—so I couldn't hear anything about it until he went away."

"Why didn't you tell me you were coming?"

"I didn't think you were so stupid."

"How was I to know where you were coming?"

But now she was reminded of something.

"Tell me one thing—did you ever know a little short, fat girl, a blonde that you liked very much?"

"Never!"

"Then what did you talk so much about her for yesterday if you didn't? You'd speak of her every time."

"I didn't think you were so stupid."

"Well, I can't see—"

"You don't need to—we'll call it even."

And so the talk went until the sun had fallen for an hour and they knew it was time to go below.

"We will go to the meeting together," she said, "and then father shall tell Brigham—tell him—"

"That you're going to marry me. Why don't you say it?"

"That I'm going to marry you, and be your only wife." She nestled under his arm again, and eternity—that's the way your church puts it."

Then, not knowing it, they took their last walk down the pine-needle glade. Many times he picked her lightly up to carry her over rough places and to lurch to put her down,—having, in truth, to be bribed thereto.

CHAPTER XXXV.

The Rise and Fall of a Bent Little Prophet.

Down in the village the various dinners of ceremony to the visiting officials were over. An hour had followed of decent rest and informal chat between the visitors and their hosts, touching impartially on matters of general interest; on irrigation, the gift of tongues, the season's crop of peaches, the pouring out of the Spirit abroad, the best mixture of sheep-dip; on many matters not unpleasant to the practical-minded DeWey reigning over them.

Then the entire populace of Amalton, in its Sunday best of "valley tan" or store-goods, flocked to the little square and sat expectantly on the benches under the green roof of the bowery, ready to absorb the droppings of the sanctuary.

In due time came Brigham, strolling between Elder Wardle and Bishop Wright, bland, affable, and benignant. On the platform about him sat his counselors, the more distinguished of his suite, and the local dignitaries of the Church.

Among these came the little bent man with an unwonted color in his face, coming in absorbed in thought, shaking hands even with Brigham with something of abstraction in his manner. Prudence and Follett came late, finding seats at the back next to a generous row of the Mrs. Seth Wright.

When they had settled into their seats, the Wild Ram of the Mountains arose and invoked a blessing on those present and upon those who had gone behind the veil; adding a petition that Brigham be increased in his basket and in his store, in wives, flocks, and herds, and in the gifts of the Holy Spirit.

They sang another hymn, and when that was done, the little bent man arose and came hesitatingly forward to the balze-covered table that served as a pulpit. As "President of the Stake" it was his office to welcome the visitors, and this he did.

There were whisperings in the audience when his appearance was noted. It was the first time he had been seen by many of them in weeks. They whispered that he was falling.

The words of official welcome spoken, he began his discourse; but in a timid, shuffling manner so unlike his old self that still others whispered of his evident illness. Inside he purged with his purpose, but, with all his resolves, the presence of Brigham left him unnerved. He began by referring to their many adventures since the day when they had first knelt to entreat the mercy of God upon the land. Then he spoke of revelations.

"You must all have had revelations, because they have come even to me. Perhaps you were deaf to the voice, as I have been. Perhaps you have trusted too readily in some revelation that came years ago, supposedly from God—in truth, from the Devil. Perhaps you have been deaf to later revelations meant to warn you of the other's falseness."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Settled by the Waiter

All Doubt About the Pineapple Forever Set at Rest.

William C. Whitney, Jr., who has spent a year in Indian Territory learning practical mining at Quapaw, described at a dinner party in New York a "Quapaw" restaurant.

"At this restaurant one evening," he said in his description of the end, "two miners near me got into a botanical argument about the pineapple, one claiming that it was a fruit and the other that it was a vegetable.

"In the midst of their argument the waiter entered in his shirt-sleeves and looked about to see what was the cause of the loud talking.

"The miners decided to let the waiter settle their argument, and accordingly one of them said:

"'Pete, what is a pineapple? Is it a fruit or a vegetable?'"

"The waiter, flicking the ashes from his cigar, smiled at the two men with pity.

"'It's neither, genits,' he said. 'It's an extra.'"

GENTLE IN HIS CRITICISM.

World Would Be Better For More Men Like Ephraim Farlowes.

The shortcomings of his neighbors never troubled Ephraim Farlowe. He found so many excuses for them that it seemed in the end as if none but the most ill-natured person would presume to mention them in a spirit of criticism.

On his farm Mr. Farlowe employed the same rose-colored glasses which made the views of life so pleasant to his gentle eyes.

"Kind of a roving critter, she is," he said one day, referring to a cow which had wandered from pasture and led him to a chase of several miles. "Seems like a variety; but I tell ye, it beats all what an eye she's got for sightly spots to locate. Where I found her 'twas so pretty, I declare I felt to praise her for leading me up there."

There was a hen which would have tried the patience of any ordinary farmer beyond the endurance limit, but Mr. Farlowe found a good deal to admire in her.

"She's got ambition beyond any other hen I ever saw," he remarked one day, as he followed the hen's hasty exit from the parlor. "Stands to reason there's something out of the common in a hen that'll start in to lay an egg in my 'n day hat. Course I had to shoo her out of it, but I do know as I blame her any."

One day the cow which had such an eye for sightly spots kicked violently while Mr. Farlowe was milking her, sent the pail flying so that all the milk was spilled, and overturned the stool.

"I declare," said Mr. Farlowe, after a moment's silent contemplation of the rule his favorite had wrought, "I don't know but that I shall have to give in that she is kind of thoughtless, now an' again."—Youth's Companion.

PEDDLING A BLACK BEAR.

Maine Sailor Offers One That Can Churn and Is House Broken.

Three sailors walked into the office of Director Smith of the Central Park menagerie yesterday and wanted to know what was the market price for black bears, says the New York Sun.

The spokesman introduced himself as Moses Nash, able seaman of the good schooner Mary E. Pennell, which hails from Edison, Me., and is now lying in Whale's Creek, Brooklyn. The A. B. said he had a fine black bear one year and four months old which he would like to sell.

"Is it a tame one?" the director asked.

"Tame? Gosh all hemlock! He's the tamest and smartest bear in the whole state of Maine. Why, I leave him home to keep marm company, he's that companionable, when I go to sea. And intelligent! Why, marm gets him to churn the butter for her every Monday when she's getting ready to go to Harrington. He just loves to work the machine and he gets a good drink of buttermilk for doing it."

The director asked how he got this very intelligent bear. Nash explained that he had raised it on a bottle from the time it was an hour or so old.

Nash said the bear was as gentle as a house dog and would make a fine pet. He didn't like to part with him, but he needed the money.

Mr. Smith said he had a full supply of bears and couldn't make a dicker, and the Maine sailors went away disappointed.

Charlie Remembered Her.

A young woman of social prominence and respectability was to unite with the church in her home town and desired the ordinance of baptism by immersion in water, desiring the primitive custom of going to the river.

Among the number that gathered to witness the baptism was a little boy friend, Charlie, about four years old. The proceedings were entirely new to the child, and he looked on with strange curiosity as the candidate was led into the river. The spring freshets had made the river somewhat turbulent, and it was with difficulty that the minister maintained his footing. During the following week the young woman called at the home of his family, and after the usual greetings said to the little boy as she extended her hand:

"Come here, Charlie, and see me. You do not know who I am, do you?" she continued.

"Yes, indeed, I do," said the boy. "You is that woman that went in swimmin' with the minister on Sunday."—Judge's Library.

Sufficient Reason.

Quer excuses are not infrequently offered to account for the lateness of the trains on a certain railroad running into this city, but the limit was reached the other day.

The train was a local from Yonkers, stopping at every station on the line, and at nearly as many points where no station was to be seen. Finally, after having lost 32 minutes en route, the train rolled with much deliberation into New York—the station that is. As the passengers filed out in conditions of mind varying from those of hopeless despair and resignation to those of impatience and even, we regret to say, of profanity, a mild-looking little man ventured to ask the conductor what had caused the delay.

The conductor spat judiciously and vouchsafed an explanation that to his mind was apparently eminently conclusive and satisfactory.

"We were running behind an express train," he said.—New York Times.

Sandwiched!

At a five o'clock tea in a handsome home the one man present sat between two very talkative young girls.

They plied him with tea and talk till his brain was well nigh reeling with surfeit of both when a merciful matron came to the rescue:

"Come with me," she said; "I want you to know some more of these lovely girls here."

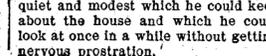
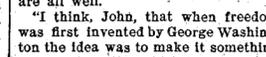
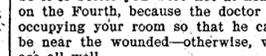
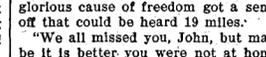
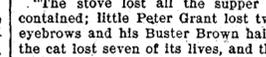
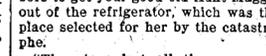
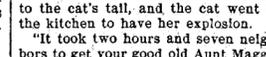
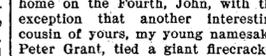
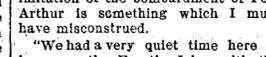
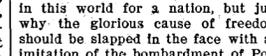
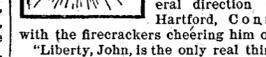
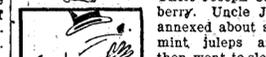
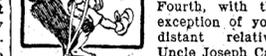
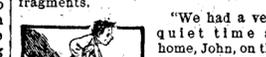
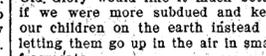
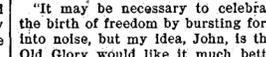
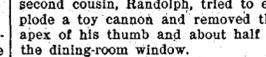
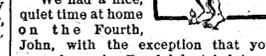
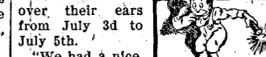
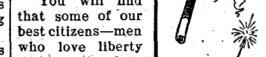
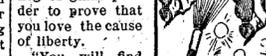
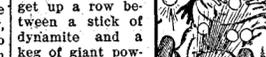
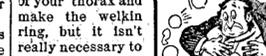
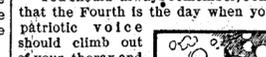
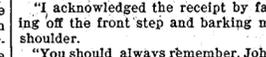
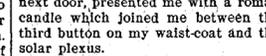
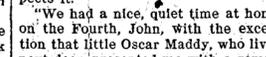
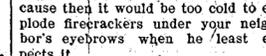
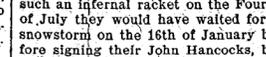
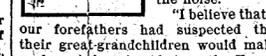
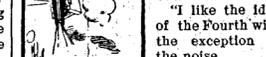
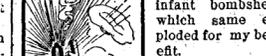
"Oh, you can't take him," said both girls at once, "we've just made a sandwich here with him between us."

"A sandwich—with the tongue on the outside," said the sandwiched young man.



UNCLE PETER'S FOURTH

BY GEORGE V. HOBART.



But George forgot to leave full instructions, and nowadays when the birthday of freedom rolls around the impulsive American public wakes up at daylight, shoves up the window and begins to hurl torpedoes at the house next door, because a noise in the air is worth two noises on the quiet.

"We had a very quiet Fourth at the exception of your second cousin, Hector, who patriotically attached himself to a hot-air balloon, and when last seen was hovering over Erie, Pa., and making signs for his parents not to wait supper for him."

"Most of our neighbors for miles in every direction have sons and daughters missing, but what could they expect when a child will try to put a pound of powder in four inches of gaspipe and then light the result with a match?"

"I believe that if our forefathers had suspected that their great-grandchildren would make such an infernal racket on the Fourth of July they would have waited for a snowstorm on the 16th of January before signing their John Hancock, because then it would be too cold to explode firecrackers under your neighbors' eyebrows when he least expects it."

"We had a nice, quiet time at home on the Fourth, John, with the exception that little Oscar Maddy, who lives next door, presented me with a roman candle which joined me between the chin button on my waist-coat and the solar plexus."

"I acknowledged the receipt by falling off the front step and barking my shoulder."

"You should always remember, John, that the Fourth is the day when your patriotic voice should climb out of your thorax and make the welkin ring, but it isn't really necessary to get up a row between a stick of dynamite and a keg of giant powder to prove that you love the cause of liberty."

"You will find that some of our best citizens—men who love liberty with an everlasting love—are hiding in the cellar with both hands over their ears from July 3d to July 5th."

"We had a nice, quiet time at home on the Fourth, John, with the exception that your second cousin, Randolph, tried to explode a toy cannon and removed the apex of his thumb and about half of the dining-room window."

"It may be necessary to celebrate the birth of freedom by bursting forth into noise, but my idea, John, is that Old Joe would like it much better if we were more subdued and kept our children on the earth instead of letting them go up in the air in small fragments."

"We had a very quiet time at home, John, on the Fourth, with the exception of your distant relative, Uncle Joseph Carberry. Uncle Joe annexed about six mint juleps and then went to sleep on the front porch with five packs of firecrackers in his coat pocket."

"Of the spirit of liberty, your interesting cousin, Randolph, set fire to your uncle's pocket, and when last seen your Uncle

The Ord Quiz

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. O. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If prepaid year ahead, \$1.00

Advertising Rates.

| | 1 Wk | 1 Mo | 1 Year |
|------------------------------|------|------|--------|
| Less than 5 inches, per inch | 25 | 75 | 6.00 |
| 5 to 10 inches, per inch | 30 | 90 | 6.50 |
| 10 to 15 inches, per inch | 35 | 105 | 7.00 |
| 15 to 20 inches, per inch | 40 | 120 | 7.50 |
| 20 to 25 inches, per inch | 45 | 135 | 8.00 |
| 25 to 30 inches, per inch | 50 | 150 | 8.50 |
| 30 to 35 inches, per inch | 55 | 165 | 9.00 |
| 35 to 40 inches, per inch | 60 | 180 | 9.50 |
| 40 to 45 inches, per inch | 65 | 195 | 10.00 |
| 45 to 50 inches, per inch | 70 | 210 | 10.50 |
| 50 to 55 inches, per inch | 75 | 225 | 11.00 |
| 55 to 60 inches, per inch | 80 | 240 | 11.50 |
| 60 to 65 inches, per inch | 85 | 255 | 12.00 |
| 65 to 70 inches, per inch | 90 | 270 | 12.50 |
| 70 to 75 inches, per inch | 95 | 285 | 13.00 |
| 75 to 80 inches, per inch | 100 | 300 | 13.50 |
| 80 to 85 inches, per inch | 105 | 315 | 14.00 |
| 85 to 90 inches, per inch | 110 | 330 | 14.50 |
| 90 to 95 inches, per inch | 115 | 345 | 15.00 |
| 95 to 100 inches, per inch | 120 | 360 | 15.50 |

A month is four insertions.
Want locals 5 cents a line.
Regular locals 10 cents a line.
Black locals 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin or end at any time. Notice to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All enclosures are received with the express understanding that the subscription may continue until the subscriber notifies the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

Battleships Getting Cheap.

Everything in the commodity line has apparently increased in price except the cost of battleships. Meat is at an almost indigestible price, (t) Japs have cornered the camphor market, elbow-length gloves cost nearly as much as an automobile, wheat and flour are rising without yeast, and yet the bargain-seeker may go out and get a battleship of the Dreadnaught pattern—positively the latest style, warranted not to rip, ravel or run down at the best—at about 33 per cent off list price. At least that was the experience of Uncle Sam when he opened bids a few days ago, for the construction of two battleships of the Dreadnaught type. Congress had placed a \$8,000,000 maximum on these vessels, exclusive of armor and armament, but when the bids were opened it was found that the lowest bids were less than \$4,000,000.

No explanation of this remarkable incident is offered. It is the only authenticated case on record in which government contractors offered to do a job for less than the amount authorized by the congressional appropriation. There has been no decrease in the cost of materials—the trusts look to that—and wages are higher than ever before. The bids are a tacit confession that the shipbuilders have been making an awful amount of profit in the construction of ships like the Oregon, which is less than half the size or efficiency of the fighters called for in the present contract and which cost about \$4,000,000. At any rate, now is the time to buy yourself a battle ship cheap.—Omaha Bee.

School News.

The number of applications made for admission to the high school this year from Valley county is seventy-seven. It is very probable that about fifty-four non-resident pupils will attend the Ord high school the coming year. Thirty-five eighth grade pupils from the grammar room, together with about twenty from the country will make a ninth grade of fifty-five for the city high school.

Some new school laws:

In the last paragraph of section 4a, Subdivision V., relative to transfer of pupils to adjoining districts, we find the following: Provided, further, that the parents or guardians of the pupils so transferred shall have the right to vote in the district to which such pupils are transferred on all school matters except issuing bonds.

Section 1, Subdivision X. of the new laws limits the time of holding county institutes to the months of June, July and August. Teachers' attention is called at this time to the reading of the above named section and the one following: For the purpose of allowing teachers an opportunity to improve themselves in the art of teaching and to promote uniform methods of instruction in the public schools of the state, county teachers' institute shall be organized and conducted annually, during the months of July and August, by superintendents.

Duty to attend institute. It shall be the duty of every teacher in the public schools of the state to attend the county teachers' institute in the month of August, in the county in which he or she is employed, at the time and place designated by the superintendent of the county.

Notice of Dissolution. Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Eva M. Fuson and Bessie M. Schwaner, under the firm name and style of Fuson & Schwaner, and with the principal place of business at Ord, Nebraska, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will be conducted hereafter by Eva M. Fuson.

Dated at Ord, Nebraska, June 26, 1907.
Bessie M. Schwaner,
Eva M. Fuson.

Witness: R. L. Staple, 21-41

one week for the purpose of comparing notes, planning and outlining the work of the current or coming school year and to study methods of school work and the science of art and teaching.

Valley county institute for 1907 will convene July 15 and continue for one week. All teachers expecting to teach in this county the coming year will be required to attend unless actually doing work in some approved normal school, but the institute fee will be collected from all for the purpose mentioned in section 1 above.

School directors are again reminded that annual reports are to be made not later than ten days after the annual school meeting just held.

A change in the Compulsory Educational Law now makes it necessary that in city and metropolitan city school districts every person residing within such school district who has legal or actual charge or control of any child of children or youth not less than seven nor more than sixteen years of age shall cause such child or children or youth to attend the public day school for the full period of each school year in which the public day schools of such school district are in session.

Ida Itans. Mr. Goodenow who has been visiting the M. B. Goodenow family, returned to his home in eastern Iowa last Friday morning. It was his first visit and he is greatly pleased with Valley county.

James Craig visited at Mr. Brownell's Sunday afternoon.

The Meyers and Craig young people attended the dance at Elmer Kent's last Saturday night.

Mrs. Goodenow, Maude Jackson and Mrs. Butts visited at Mr. Draver's Tuesday.

Bayard Janes and Alta Alderman spent Sunday with Ethel Meyers.

J. M. Craig sold a load of hogs in Burwell last Monday.

The farmers in this vicinity are beginning to harvest their first crop of alfalfa.

Mr. Barker, a former acquaintance, is spending a few days at the Craig home.

Mrs. Brechbill spent Wednesday at Burwell, assisting the M. E. ladies with work at the church.

Arcadia Happenings.

The annual school meeting was held in the school house Monday evening. C. H. Downing and D. M. Goddard were re-elected for three years.

Cement sidewalks seem to be the order of the day. Parl Rounds is putting in about 200 feet, George Hastings 300 feet and Ed. Fuller has caught the fever and will put some in front of his residence.

Dudley Goddard and wife drove to Ord Tuesday morning.

Charles Rettenmeyer has accepted a position in his father's store.

G. W. Thompson is moving his butcher shop over on the other side of the street.

The boys of Arcadia have been catching a good many channel cat fish this spring.

James Landers returned from Omaha one evening last week.

There was a ball game last week between the married and single men of Arcadia. The score stood seven to one in favor of the single men.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson of Polk county are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Earl Holcom this week.

Mrs. Henry Nelson is spending a few days with Mrs. L. B. Swaynie.

Dr. Lee is going to install a new lighting plant in his residence in east Arcadia.

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Eva M. Fuson and Bessie M. Schwaner, under the firm name and style of Fuson & Schwaner, and with the principal place of business at Ord, Nebraska, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will be conducted hereafter by Eva M. Fuson.

Dated at Ord, Nebraska, June 26, 1907.
Bessie M. Schwaner,
Eva M. Fuson.

Witness: R. L. Staple, 21-41

Electric Plant will Stop.

On Wednesday the managers of the Loup Valley Electric Company filed a formal notice with the city officials that on August 1 they would discontinue the electric light service to their patrons in this city. They also notified each of their patrons of their intention to quit.

While we do not wish to criticize the acts of individuals, we believe the corporation should be held responsible. The city has a five year contract with the company, and the company should be held to that contract. The consumers of light current have expended a good many thousand dollars in fitting up their buildings; all of our church buildings and halls have been equipped for lighting, and the loss to these will be considerable. If the company could show that it is losing money by operating the plant, it would be a different proposition. But this can not be urged because the business now conducted by the company is taxing to the utmost the carrying capacity of the wires, while a number of persons who have been anxious to have lights put in their houses have been unable to get them because the managers claimed they could not supply them.

The above is a part of an article in the St. Paul Phonograph-Press of June 21. The electric plant at St. Paul is owned by the same company as owns the Ord plant. At that place the company has no competitor and is not compelled thereby to give morning service. Still the plant does not pay and for that reason the plant will be suspended.

It will be observed that the company will quit in spite of the fact that it has a five-year contract with the city of St. Paul to furnish lights. We have not seen this contract, but presume it is the same as the one made with this city, which in no way binds the electric light people, though it ties up the city for five years. If this be the case the Phonograph's demand, that the electric light company be made to live up to its contract is ludicrous enough.

Of course we do not know what the electric company's plans are as to Ord, but it is evident that if the St. Paul plant is not paying neither is the Ord plant, from which the Ord light users may draw their own conclusions.

Farm Loans.

We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans.

ORD STATE BANK



260 season tickets for adults and 240 season tickets for children for the Loup Valley Chautauqua still remain unsold but are going out at the rate of 40 per day. They will soon be gone. Get your season tickets now.

Season Tickets 2.00
Under 14 years 1.25

Tickets may be had at the office of Honnold & Davis.

MORE LOCAL.

Remember the chautauqua meeting at Honnold & Davis's office tomorrow evening.

Ole Nielson returned to Valley county last night and will put in the vacation selling a reference bible in Valley county.

John Perry and wife and daughter, Musa Perry Milford arrived in the city Wednesday evening from from Shawnee, Oklahoma, and are spending a few days visiting Ord friends.

Today Dr. Miller cut off the index finger of a child of Mr. Cole, who works on the B. & M. section. Some time ago the child got the finger mashed in a dray, and when efforts to save the member failed, it was decided best to take part of the finger off. The boy lost a little more than the first joint of the index finger of his right hand.

The Ord Light & Fuel Company are completing today their big cistern which will be used by the gas holder for the new plant. The storage capacity will be about 10,000 feet of gas. The advantages of the storage feature of the new plant will be very great both from the point of view of the company as well as the consumers. A practically steady quality of gas will be insured and immunity from danger of the supply being suddenly suspended are among the chief advantages. Then the new process will enable the company to cut the price of gas very materially and still have a margin of profit is an advantage which all will appreciate. The contractors who are putting in the new plant promise to have it in readiness for the 15th of July or sooner. If so the price of gas will be reduced on August 1 to \$2.00 per thousand and the expectation is to make a still further cut of 25 or 50 cents soon thereafter, provided the demand is sufficient to warrant the reductions.

Mr. Honnold's observations as to the state-wide primary law as printed today meets with the theories of the Quiz on the operation of such a law. It looked to us from a distance that so wide an application of the primary election principle would be dangerous in the extreme and tend to nominate the worst men for office. Anyway our idea as expressed during the sitting of the legislature was that the thing to do was to make the law apply to nothing further than county officers and smaller districts. Then if the thing proved promising let the experiment be made for larger fields. We are fearing that the experiences of Oklahoma will be repeated numerous over Nebraska before the law can be amended. The danger then will be that the law will be repealed rather than amended and reduced to the smaller circuit of application.

Chautauqua Meeting.

The stockholders of the chautauqua association are called to meet at the office of Honnold & Davis Friday evening June 28, at 8:00 o'clock sharp. Several attempts have been had to get a representative meeting, but for one reason or another they have failed. Very important business is now before the association and this meeting must be disposed of. Among other things is the letting of concessions. Come out and give the matter your attention add don't forget it.

W. W. Haskell, Secretary.

Dissolution.

It is hereby mutually agreed and stipulated by and between Sarah McLain and Mamie Siler, being the only members of the firm of McLain & Siler, of Ord, Valley county, Nebraska, heretofore doing a general merchandise business at Ord, Nebraska, that said firm be and the same is hereby dissolved.

Done at Ord, Nebraska, this 3rd day or June, 1907.

Sarah McLain,
Mamie Siler.

Witnesses: R. L. Staple,
E. P. Clements.

Notice to Contractors and Builders.

If you are in need of cement blocks for building I would be pleased to have you examine mine before buying. These blocks are manufactured under the latest system and allowed to harden in water.

John K. Jensen, Jr.

HOW JOSEPH DID IT.

Chamberlain's Remarkable Machine in Birmingham.

He Made Municipal Ownership There His Stepping Stone to Great Political Power—The City, Which Was Pleased at First, is Now Paying the Bills For His Success—Nineteenfold Increase of Municipal Debt in a Little More Than Thirty Years.

By INQUIRER. Advocates of municipal ownership almost invariably instance what has been done in Birmingham, where Joseph Chamberlain, "the father of British municipal ownership," started the movement, as the strongest possible support of their argument.

There is no doubt that Birmingham is in a much better condition now than it was in 1870, when Chamberlain began his work there, but at a cost which even Birmingham is finding an enormously heavy burden—a burden it would not now be saddled with had its policy been more liberal toward the companies which desired, but were not allowed, to introduce the utilities which under Chamberlain's inspiration and direction the city introduced for itself.

Some idea of the magnitude of Birmingham's present burden may be gained from the growth of its debt. When Chamberlain began in the early seventies the city owed in round numbers \$4,000,000. Its present debt, after thirty odd years of municipal ownership, according to the latest available figures, is more than \$75,000,000, or almost nineteen times as much, and it is still rising. This is the greatest increase of debt reported in the same time by any city in the world, and it has been accompanied by a corresponding increase in the rate of local taxation instead of a reduction, as would have been the result if the industries were really profitable.

It has been the cry of many municipal ownership advocates that the utilities owned and operated by the cities would in time make such large profits that they would wipe out practically all municipal debt. The fact that it has increased instead of decreased in all cities introducing municipal ownership, in Birmingham more than in any other, is responsible for the present hostile attitude of the majority of the British voters to a continuance of M. O. policy.

Joseph Chamberlain has been one of the strongest men in British public life for nearly forty years, and his influence has been for good in some directions, but he is unquestionably responsible for the terrific burden of local taxes and debt under which his country is now groaning, as well as for England's lack of electrical development, both as to lighting and trolleys, in comparison with almost every other country.

He began preparing for his municipal ownership campaign in 1870, five years before he was elected mayor, and made it the stepping stone for his remarkable career in British national politics. He found it a particularly potent help in building up a local machine whose grip upon Birmingham has been and is today stronger than Tammany's on New York or the celebrated "organization" on Philadelphia.

Chamberlain's first step was to get himself elected to the city council. He was building up the machine screw business at the time. As it developed it gradually swallowed up all competitors until its employees numbered more than any other class of employees there. They lived in every section of the city, and they all voted as Chamberlain directed. Then he enlisted in the municipal ownership cause four or five of the strongest nonconformist ministers in Birmingham. Practically all of those who sat under the preaching of these ministers also voted as Chamberlain directed.

By the time he was chosen mayor in 1876 the council was strongly in the majority for municipal ownership or anything else that Chamberlain desired. In the first year of his administration the waterworks were taken over. The gas works followed a year later, and the third year municipal "housing of the working classes" was begun.

The number of city employees was enormously increased by these additions to the city's activities, and of course they all voted as Chamberlain directed. This made it possible for him to go to parliament as a Liberal at the expiration of his majority term and to elect the other two members to which the city was entitled, John Bright and the Hon. Mr. Dixon.

These three men studied the political situation in Birmingham as it was never studied before in any British city. They saw to it that the army of city employees was so distributed that the Liberals always in favor of municipal ownership, had a majority in every part of the city, so that no Conservative candidate for parliament could possibly win a seat. They gerrymandered the city so that as it grew and was entitled to more seats they were foredoomed to be filled by Liberals.

Every newspaper, every judge, every official of any consequence, was brought under control, and there was no hesitation in cracking the party whip. "Vote as you are told" was the openly uttered slogan of public speakers in many campaigns, and thousands of city employees, other thousands of small tradesmen who lived by city employees' purchases and, in fact, the vast majority of all the voters obeyed the injunction to the letter.

For more than twenty years Cham-

berlain controlled Birmingham's parliamentary delegation absolutely, and when he turned Liberal Unionist he was able to take the vote of the entire city with him. The power of his local machine was amazingly greater than that of any other similar political organization in all history.

Birmingham's municipal enterprise pleased the people until the plants began to wear out. Till then it appeared that they really did turn in large sums "for the relief of the rates," but the renewals of the plants, particularly the waterworks, cost enormous sums, and the result, in the shape of the city's present enormous debt, is now causing consternation among the taxpayers.

Arthur Chamberlain, Joseph Chamberlain's brother, never was in favor of municipal ownership. He predicted the result years ago and was subject to much criticism therefor, yet he never wavered in his opposition to the later extensions of the city's municipal activity, making strenuous but unavailing efforts a few years ago to prevent the laying down of a municipal trolley system.

COMPANY'S SERVICE BETTER.

Instructive Comparison of Chattanooga's Waterworks With Atlanta's.

A very interesting comparison of the municipal waterworks of Atlanta, Ga., and the private waterworks of Chattanooga, Tenn., appeared in a recent issue of the Chattanooga News. As the two cities are approximately the same size, the comparison is a very fair one. During 1906 the city of Atlanta was charged \$171,740 for the water supplied for city purposes—hydrants, flushing the sewers, public buildings, etc. After deducting the city taxes paid by the Chattanooga Water company the cost to the city of Chattanooga for all public uses was \$3,730. Moreover, the Chattanooga Water company paid \$9,793 in state and county taxes, which of course reduced by so much the amount of state and county taxes paid by the taxpayers of Chattanooga. It is therefore fair to say that the city of Chattanooga got its public supply for nothing and received a bonus from the company of \$6,063, making a difference in favor of private service of \$177,803.

While the rates to private consumers in Atlanta are apparently less than those in Chattanooga, a careful analysis of the different rates shows that they are practically the same. On the other hand, all water served in Chattanooga is filtered, while the Atlanta plant is so inadequate that on several occasions recently unfiltered water has had to be pumped into the city mains.

M. O. BRIBERY IN ENGLAND.

Some of the Charges Proved in the Investigation at West Ham.

Those who believe there is no graft in English municipal government would find instructive reading in the investigation that is now in progress in West Ham. H. E. Bond, who had the contract for furnishing coal to one of the borough institutions, pleaded guilty to the charge of obtaining a check for \$15,000 by false pretenses in January, 1906, and attempting to obtain further moneys three months later. He made a voluntary statement to the effect that in connection with the management of this institution there were widespread corruption and bribery. It was brought out that the men occupying positions on the board having charge of the institution were "persons in a small way of business, who put themselves forward to administer thousands of pounds and yet had no real or substantial stake in the district over which they were selected to administer such funds." These men had all been recipients of substantial bribes. One of the elements of profit named was that coal less in weight than that involved was delivered, and the books of the institution were manipulated accordingly.

Any One Can See This.

Thirteen years ago Marshall, Minn., installed an electric light plant at a cost of \$40,000. The time has come when it must be entirely renewed or abandoned, but the bonds have not been paid, there is no sinking fund, and no allowance has been made for depreciation. The Marshall Messenger comments as follows:

"While we are not prepared at the moment to advocate private ownership of public utilities, we can only admit what is patent to every intelligent person—that no city council will conduct a public power plant with the same business sagacity as will private owners who are looking for profitable investment."

Twelve Years Is Enough.

The Harvard (Ill.) municipal electric light plant, which has been in operation since 1895, has been sold to a private company for \$1,425 on a forty year franchise. The following explanation of this action was given by a prominent citizen: "The reason for selling was that the plant had deteriorated. The service had been very bad, and the people were not disposed to put money into a new outfit. Recent administrations let the plant run down, and the Joyce & Condon offer seemed to be a chance for relief, and it was taken."

A Burned Child Dreads Fire.

Some years ago Herington, Kan., had an electric light plant which it operated until the loss amounted to about \$3 per capita. Then it retired from the business. Now a proposition is on foot to bond the town for \$43,000 to build light and water plants, but, as the Herington Sun says: "Public ownership in Herington has been a dismal failure in the past, and many people are afraid to try it again on that account."

The Humorist of the House
Bede
LECTURES ON
"Civilization, Its Cause and Cure"
At Chautauqua

"Civilization, Its Cause & Cure"
What Caused Civilization?
What Is Civilization?
Does It Need Curing?
Hear Bede AT CHAUTAUQUA

"Footprints on the Sand To-Day."
a masterful discussion of present social and political conditions, by the
Rt. Rev. Monsignore
J. HENRY TIHEN
At CHAUTAUQUA

We want your
HOGS!
We have made arrangements with the trade at Portland, Oregon, to handle all of the
Light Hogs
we can ship them, and are now in the market for light hogs for western shipment. Call us up by phone or stop at our office and let us quote you top prices.

Blessing Bros.
Farmers' phone 25. Bell phone 42

Prof. J. N. D. Auble
Magnetic Healer
GRADUATE OF WELTHER SCHOOL OF HEALING OF NEVADA, MISSOURI
A few of the diseases treated: appendicitis, cancer, cross eyes, curvature of the spine, typhoid fever, heart trouble, insomnia, liquor habit, ovarian tumors, paralysis, spinal meningitis, asthma, constipation, croup, headache, hip joint disease, kidney trouble, locomotor ataxia, pneumonia, rheumatism.
Consultation Free.
OFFICE AT RESIDENCE
Two blocks east of square
Ord, - - Nebraska

Insurance
The St. Paul is ready to furnish insurance on growing crops against hail losses.
Fire, lightning and wind-storm losses are fully covered by policies in the St. Paul or the Home, of New York, the largest American company, at \$2.50 per \$100.00 for five-year term.
Let me look after your insurance for you.
J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

Have Your Law Work Done Right
Wills
Deeds
Contracts
Leases
Settlement of Estates
Collections
Legal Advice
Law Suits
Farm Loans
Real Estate

Herman E. Oleson
Attorney and Counselor at Law
ORD, NEBRASKA
Office in Court House
Office phone No. 2, res. No. 40

Quiz Want Adds Bring Results

Directions

For Barb Wire Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Stabs or other Flesh Wounds—Apply the oil 2 or 3 times a day over injured surface. Use feathers, hand, brush or cloth. Do not rub as that will irritate.

For Old Sores—Apply the oil 2 or 3 times a day. Do not rub or injure old sores.

For Swellings, Bruises, External Inflammations, Sprains, Muscular Rheumatism, Etc.—Apply 3 or 4 times a day, rubbing gently five or ten minutes.

For injuries made by Rusty Nails—Apply the oil at once and repeat 3 times a day, letting it soak in well each time.

By following the above directions you will find the results are convincing and very satisfactory.

GOLDEN PINE Healing Oil

Cures
Barb Wire Cuts
Bruises
Swellings, Burns
Scalds
Muscular Rheumatism
Sprains, all Flesh Wounds
Injuries by Rusty Nails, Etc.

Purifies the wound or sore, prevents taking cold, is soothing and heals rapidly.

Made and sold only by
O. P. LUSE, Ph. G.
Druggist and Chemist.
Ord, Nebr.

This Oil, for human use, is unsurpassed. It does not contain any injurious ingredients.

For Cuts, Bruises, Scratches, Burns, Scalds, Sores, Sprains, Injuries made by Rusty Nails, all Flesh Wounds, Muscular Rheumatism, Etc., follow directions given on other panel.

You will find it a very mild, but wonderful healer.

This Oil is guaranteed to do just what I claim for it and to give perfect satisfaction. Where it fails to do this your money is cheerfully refunded.

Signed,
O. P. LUSE, Ph. G.

Price \$1.00

COUPON

This oil heals rapidly without a scab. Keeps the wound clean and pure and heals from the bottom up thus preventing and avoiding scars. Clip out this coupon and bring to my drug store with 75 cents and you will receive a \$1.00 bottle absolutely guaranteed.

The CITY PHARMACY
O. P. LUSE, Ph. G. Mgr.

Where are you going to spend the Fourth? This question does not bother you a bit for you have long ago made up your mind that the only place to celebrate is at Midvale in Waterman's grove. Everybody will be at Midvale, it is there that you will meet your old friends and neighbors that you have not seen for years. At Midvale there will be plenty of good things to eat and good things to look at and you could not have half so good a time at any other place. At Midvale the eagle will scream a little the loudest, at Midvale the lemonade will be a little the reddest, at Midvale the girls will be a little the sweetest, at Midvale the boys will spend their money the freest. You cannot afford to miss it. Neither can I, so I will meet you at Midvale. If you cannot come in your automobile drive your horseless carriage and if the locomotive power of that vehicle is lame, better walk than miss all of the good things that are going to happen at Midvale on the Fourth.

The passenger coaches on the Union Pacific passenger train were well filled when the train pulled out Tuesday morning, the cause for the extra load being the old settler's picnic which was advertised for Stewart's grove at North Loup on that day. While a rush of work prevented any of the Quiz force from attending personally we learn from those present that the affair was one of the most successful that has ever been given by the organization. Old settlers from all parts of the county were present and the program as advertised was carried out in full. The greater part of the day was spent in visiting and story telling the trials and pleasures that the pioneers experienced during the early days furnishing abundant topic for conversation. We were unable to get a list of the officers elected for the ensuing year but will publish the same as soon as their names can be learned.

Ord will not celebrate the Fourth this year but North Loup, Burwell, Comstock and Greeley will each see to it that the eagle screams in the customary manner hence there will be no excuse for Ord folks going far to celebrate. Greeley and North Loup will probably get the majority of Ord celebrators as the train service to these points is much better than to Burwell and Comstock, with probably the largest bunch going to North Loup.

Another little shower Monday evening freshened up things in this part of the country. Down in Lancaster county the same little shower, however, was not so small and aside from flooding the country a heavy wind which accompanied it blew down several buildings, and broke plate glass windows in Lincoln. The loss the city reports is better than twenty thousand dollars.

Judge Staple is getting his business affairs in shape so that he can take a few weeks vacation at an early date. If he does not change his plans he will take advantage of the excursion rates to Seattle and the Pacific coast about the tenth of July. Mrs. Staple expects to accompany him on the outing.

The programs for the chautauqua are now ready for distribution and an attempt has been made to put one in every household in the city. If you have not yet received one remember that you have one coming and stop at this office and your wants will be supplied.

J. H. Capron and family returned Monday from Lincoln where they made the trip several days ago in their auto. They report a very pleasant outing stopping over at Central City for a visit of a day or so.

The usual number of June weddings are reported in the marriage record in Judge Gudmundsen's office, on Monday licenses were issued to John Tacy and Katrina Tulucha and Louis Penas and Josie Vouch, all gave their residence as Valley county.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

Last Chance

before the Fourth

to buy your new Suit, Ladies' Dress Skirts, all kinds of Low Shoes, Canvas Shoes, Slippers, Straw Hats Parasols—white and fancy colors—AT A TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT.

A new arrival of fancy mid-summer laces and embroideries, in all-overs, insertions, and embroideries and laces to match.

Some Special Prices in the Grocery Department this week.

Always made Welcome, Whether you Purchase or not.

The PEOPLE'S STORE
MAMIE SILER, Proprietor

Highest prices paid for produce; potatoes wanted bad.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Smoke Sincerity, Quotation and Tycoon at the City Pharmacy.

The Quiz wants a correspondent in every community where it is not now represented.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers, carry full lines of canned meats, peanut butter and bulk pickles, olives etc.

Mary Beran went to Clarkson Thursday morning to spend a few weeks visiting her sisters at that place.

Ed. Mitchell was in the city a few days the first of the week looking after business affairs in this vicinity.

Service will be held at the Danish Lutheran church on Sunday next, June 30, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon by Rev. A. Larsen.

Edith Rawles was up from St. Paul a couple of days last week. She returned to her work in the St. Paul business college Monday morning.

For five per cent hail insurance see McNutt & Blessing.

The Ord gun club boys are making preparations to enjoy the Fourth at their club grounds east of the city. Several interesting matches will be pulled off during the day.

The Arion orchestra went to Burwell Wednesday evening to furnish music for a big social function. The Arions are gradually earning a reputation that brings them plenty of opportunity for furnishing music at points outside of Ord.

There is little change in the Quiz voting contest as the publishing of the votes on another page will show, but this does not mean that no work is being done by the contestants as the returns along toward the closing weeks of the contest will show. There is but a little over four weeks for the contestants to secure votes and it is the one that puts in the most hard work during this time that will secure the fine Hamilton piano and it would not surprise us greatly if some of the tail enders in the contest at the present time would give the leaders a close rub before the contest closes, a new beginner even at this late day that would make a thorough canvas of the county during the coming few weeks would see her name well up to the top of the list on closing day.

Otto Murschel returned from Chicago Monday evening where he had been to attend the big clay bird shoot recently held in that city. Otto only entered one event in the contest, the Grand American Handicap, but his fellow shooters were too fast for him and he failed to get in on any of the prize money. There were about five hundred entries in this contest, composed of crack shots from every state in the Union hence it was no disgrace to be beat when travelling in so fast company.

Considerable improvement has been made around the Union Pacific depot during the past few weeks. The old high platform has been taken away and the ground ballasted with gravel. All of the depots on the main line have been fitted up in this manner and for some time the company has been putting in the ballast as fast as the old platforms wear out.

On last Friday County Judge Gudmundsen issued marriage license to Chas. F. Bartlett of Havelock and Sarah E. Webb, of Valley county.

Rev. Fox of North Loup was in the city between trains Wednesday.

Don't fail to read the add of the City Pharmacy this week and save the coupon.

Rev. Eaton went to Arcadia Wednesday morning to talk chautauqua to the good people of that part of the county.

Mr. and Mrs. Sears of Cotesfield were in Ord a few days last week the guests of County Treasurer Brown and family.

The painters and paper hangers are greatly improving the interior appearance of the Parkins jewelry store this week.

Steve Parks has resigned his position with the Bailey Department Store and is spending a few days visiting his brother Harold in Sargent.

The Dr. Milliken household goods were sold at public auction on the square last Saturday afternoon. Before starting on his Missouri trip the doctor is spending a few days fishing on the Cedar river.

Judge Hanna is in the city this week holding the adjourned session of the district court. Tuesday was given over to trying cases before the court the jury having been cited to appear for duty Wednesday morning.

Fred Bell was out looking over the telephone line in the western part of the county one day recently with the result that he decided to run the line on west from the Bohemian church about four miles. This will bring service to a large number of farmers who have thus far been without telephone connections.

Work on the cellar for the new Bailey Department store addition is being pushed with vigor. The cellar under the new addition will run the entire length of the building and be nine feet deep, this requires of course the removal of a vast pile of dirt. The dirt is being used to fill in some of the streets of the city.

Through oversight last week the Quiz failed to make mention of the death of O. W. Yeager, of Longmont, Colorado, formerly a prominent business man of Ord. Mr. Yeager died at the family residence in that city on Wednesday, June 12, of Bright's disease of the kidneys. The Yeagers had many friends in this vicinity who hear of his demise with sincere regret.

B. F. Hallock met with quite a serious accident last Thursday afternoon. He was hauling dirt in the northern part of town and was returning across the Union Pacific railroad tracks with an empty wagon when the freight train which was doing some switching about the yards backed into his wagon and injured him quite seriously. He was at once taken to his home and has been confined to his bed since that time. It is feared that he has sustained some internal injuries as a result of the accident.

Hurrah for the Fourth

The Midvale People Invite

you to celebrate the Fourth with them, in MR. WATERMAN'S GROVE. An arranged program will be given at eleven o'clock a. m. A good hour will then be taken for refreshments, after which the old as well as the young will enjoy a turn at athletic sports. These will be followed by a rousing base ball game. A stand will be on the grounds all day to furnish ice cream, lemonade, candy, fruit, etc., the proceeds of which will go to the parsonage fund.

Come one, come all, and Enjoy the Fun! Celebrate in the good old way!

Money to lend! Honnold & Davis.

Geo. P. Emig is in the city today.

I. W. McGrew and wife, of Burwell, were in the city between trains Wednesday.

Peter Petersop has gone to work for the Draper ice company.

Mrs. Crow has returned to Ord again and is of course greeted kindly by her many friends.

Helena Peterson returned to St. Paul Monday morning after a weeks visit with her brother and sister in this city.

Report comes to Ord that Joe Comarad, the young Ord boy who went with the Uncle Tom's Cabin company met with a serious accident, having one of his feet cut off, at some town near Sioux City.

Today noon H. D. Coe and family return again to the west, where they will resume their residence. Mr. Coe's health has been good since coming back to Nebraska, but for fear that this may not be permanent and because he has a fine prospect for business in the west he will go back and make his home there for the present at least.

Fackler & Finley the grocers feel that those who are not present users of our uncolored, sun cured Japan tea, should become acquainted with its merits. A trial is all we ask and allow you to determine whether its equality and flavor is not all we claim. Chautauqua visitors are invited to call and we will try and make your visit pleasant and comfortable.

The Ladies of the G. A. R. aid society very agreeably surprised Mrs. Cynthia Fales Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Fales has been sick for some time and unable to be about and the G. A. R. ladies not only cheered her up by the visit but they carried along a score or more of well filled baskets of good things to eat which were of course very acceptable. It is the little acts of kindness of this sort that has won for the G. A. R. ladies warm spot in the heart of the sick and needy.

Notice

The Degree of Honor Trip Around the World, Tuesday night, July 2. Meet at the A. O. U. W. hall at 8:30 o'clock. Admission 25 cents. Everybody come.

Advertised Letters.

List of Letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Ord Nebr., for the week ending tomorrow.

Mrs. Mary Fleischer.
Mrs. Tilla Burger.

Letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Parties claiming any of the above please say they were "advertised."

A. M. COONROD Postmaster.

Ice cream, 25 cents a quart at Luse's fountain.

Arcadia has given up its idea of celebrating the Fourth.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

E. J. Clements came up from Lincoln the first of the week to look after matters in the district court.

Bear in mind the dates of the Loup Valley Chautauqua and invite your friends to visit you on that date.

Rev. Eaton went to North Loup Monday noon to do a little advertising for the chautauqua at the old settler's picnic.

Have you purchased your tickets for the chautauqua? If unable to buy them of anyone else drop into the Quiz shop and we will see that your wants are satisfied.

Joe Warwick is again able to be about town by the aid of crutches, but it will be several days yet before he will be in condition to return to his labors in the shop.

A social affair of considerable importance was an eight o'clock breakfast given by Mrs. A. M. Daniels one day last week. The affair was given in honor of Mrs. Frank Lloyd of York.

The first alfalfa crop has been harvested and in most instances is larger than in previous years. Good weather at the harvest time was a great factor in making the first crop a valuable one.

Mrs. Wm. Timm entertained a party of ladies with an afternoon tea Tuesday. The affair was given in honor of Mrs. Frank Lloyd, who is visiting in the city.

Everybody lay aside Saturday evening's work and come and eat chicken pie with Division No. 1 of the Methodist Aid Society at Mr. C. W. Barnes's home Saturday evening, June 29.

Wanted, at once five hundred handsome young ladies to spend the Fourth of July at the Waterman grove in Midvale. Applicants apply at the grove on the morning of July Fourth.

Arthur Clements went to Omaha Wednesday morning where he expects to remain the greater part of the summer. From that metropolitan center he will conduct the city end of the Clements & Stacy land business. He will of course visit Ord occasionally but his intentions are to remain in Omaha the greater part of the time.

Editor Cooley has turned his newspaper over to the base ball editor and has gone into the business of travelling about the country writing up and getting out boom editions for newspapers. This business is right in Cooley's line for if there is anything that takes lots of gall it is a business of this nature, but then we are satisfied that Cooley has the required amount to make the business a success.

From Comstock comes a story that will be quite amusing to the friends of George Steel a one time Ord resident. As the story goes George is something of a practical joker and when a six-foot Boston boy with an alfalfa appearance recently settled in Comstock, with some of his other friends George thought it a good opportunity to show the Boston boy how to hunt snipe with a lantern. The Boston boy was willing, a team secured and the boys drove several miles into the country, the team was tied in a convenient place and the Boston boy left to hold the sack while the rest of the crowd ambled off to drive up the snipe. No sooner were they out of sight, however, than the Boston boy dropped the sack and hiked for the buggy got in and drove home leaving his joke loving companions a nice little walk of several miles to town on foot. Now George's friends are having considerable fun at his expense and he threatens to move back to Ord again if they do not leave him alone.

Word comes to Sheriff Sutton from the hospital in Lincoln that Mrs. Sutton's condition is not improved and that they have little hopes of her recovery. The first of the week they thought that there was a change for the better but later she suffered a relapse and at the present time is very poorly.

Rev. Eaton delivered a special sermon at the Christian church last Sunday morning, it being a memorial service of the A. O. U. W. and the D. of H. The members of the two societies met at the Workman hall and marched in a body to attend the services.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Wintermantle, of Prairie du Sac, Wis., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Rahlmeyer for a few days. Mr. Wintermantle is a brother of Mrs. Rahlmeyer.

Dr. Newbecker returned from Chicago last Saturday evening where she had been taking a post graduate course in one of the big medical institutions of that city.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

A. J. Firkins is so far recovering from his appendicitis attack as to be able to get around and look after business some.

The front of the First National Bank building is to be treated with a new coat of paint at an early date.

The Presbyterian church people gave a lawn social on the church lawn Wednesday evening.

A five-pound daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Warwick Monday noon.

I. A. Manchester was transacting business on the streets of Ord Wednesday.

For potato bugs use Paris green at Luse's Pharmacy.

CAPITAL CITY CHAT

JUDGE J. A. WILLIAMS ON STATE CONTROL.

SPEAKS AT PALMYRA, NEB.

Advocates State Control of Inter-State Business, and Favors Local Distance Rates Similar to the Iowa System.

Judge J. A. Williams, one of the three members of the Nebraska Railway commission, recently spoke at Palmyra, Neb., on the question of railroad regulation. In part, Mr. Williams said:

"It is becoming the settled conviction of the thinking citizens of this country that the railroad business must be more and more regulated by the people if justice is to be done. There must be more rigid regulation of interstate traffic by the congress of the United States and regulation of the interstate traffic, that is, traffic that begins and ends within the state by the people through their legislature and bodies to which the legislature delegates powers, as for example, the railroad commissions. The railroad company is a creature of the state. Having been created by the state it is naturally and rightfully under the control of the state. If it is created for a public service, and so that it may be able to serve the most people it is given the right to have land condemned through which to run its tracks. Being given such an extraordinary right it is bound to treat all people alike and treat them all fairly and justly. It is bound to serve the poor man as faithfully as it serves the rich man and to be as thoughtful of the safety and rights of an orphan child as it is of the safety and rights of the most prominent man in the state.

"We are going to try to see to it that the managers of these public service corporations shall be made to understand that in defying law they are no better than the ignorant, bloody-handed anarchist, and that from a moral standpoint they are held to a vastly greater responsibility to the people than are the vicious villains who place obstructions on the tracks and blow up honest men.

"We want to see to it that all communities shall be treated alike so far as it can possibly be done and that the different lines of railroads in this state shall provide mutual connections so that the greatest number of people can be served with the least delay and the least cost consistent with just and reasonable compensation for the service rendered. A great many people believe that there is no good reason why Nebraska should not have an adjustment of local distance rates similar to the adjustment reached in Iowa, Illinois and other states. And as a complete refutation of the statement that the local distance rate system of that state may be said to have from 1890 to 1900 the population of Iowa increased 16 per cent while during the same period Nebraska increased only 7.1 per cent. And furthermore a good many people are beginning to think that the people of one town should have the same rate for the same distance and same material as any other town in the state.

"We want men and women with character so strong and reliable that the pen of the libeller can not be made sharp enough or long enough to reach the heart of their life. We want men and women so truly encased with public confidence that the tongue of the slanderer can not be found keen enough or long enough to reach them where they live. I think we have now in all departments and we must always try to men who are representatives of the people, men who are so strong and independent that they can look the flatterer in the eye and shame him from his wicked folly; who are so strong and independent that they can look upon a million or a billion dollars as nothing more than a heap of rubbish when interposed between them and duty. Until a man can do that, admit the calls or jeers of a million men, and until he can stand alone for duty against all the devils of earth and hell, if need be, he is not yet fit for public office.

"I think that there is a good deal of misapprehension as to what our great president thinks in regard to the part general government should take in the regulation of our railroad affairs. In his Memorial Day address I fall to find any warrant for the belief that he intends to urge the assumption by congress of the control of the transportation business in the states. A great many most excellent citizens seem to think that that is what the president is tending towards. Notwithstanding the fact that the railroad magnates are trying to make it appear that the president is with them in their efforts to take control of the railroads from the states of the Union still we do not believe for a moment that the president contemplates any such revolutionary movement.

"The history of every state that has had a strong and loyal commission under a vigorous law enacted by the people in the interest of all the people shows that for correcting abuses, securing justice to rich and poor alike, and for restraining the arrogance of great bodies of capitalists, unhampered by a soul, there has never been devised anything like the executive body known as the state railway commission—the body that should stand always between power on one hand and weakness on the other and, from the vantage ground of independence as the representative of all the people, hand out justice to both. With no ambition except to serve the public it should be able to stand like adamant in the presence of personal threats or danger and stand unmoved as the mountain in the presence of influences that would foster faithless conduct. It should stand always for a square deal between the greatest corporation and the humblest citizen. If a corporation shows a disposition to do right, it should be given credit for its stand. If corporations or citizens do wrong the law should be enforced.

Ruling by McBrien.
Replying to an inquiry of Miss Myrtle Knapp, from a school district in Gosper county, State Superintendent J. L. McBrien has held officially that the legal limit of twenty-five mills for school levy does not render ineffective the new high school free attendance act of the state in a district where the maximum rate tax will not support the school at home and pay the tuition of pupils residing there, but attending elsewhere.

Interest on State Funds.
Treasurer Brian says he has enough banks on the list which will accept state funds at 3 per cent interest to take care of all the state funds. Many applications have come from state and national banks that are not now depositories but none will be accepted until all of the present depositories announce whether or not they care to stand the raise on the interest rate. All of the Omaha banks, with the exception of the Brandeis bank, which has \$15,000 of state funds, have refused to stand the increase.

STRONG EVIDENCE

Four Letters Were Placed Before the Jury Sustaining Orchard's Previous Testimony.

HE WAS FURNISHED COUNSEL

Without His Request Orchard Was, Within a Few Days After Steunenberg Murder Provided With An Attorney.

Boise, Idaho, June 16.—The prosecution in the Steunenberg murder case won its fight for the admission of the contents of the telegram Steve Awams sent from Ogden to the defendant, Haywood, at Denver, in June, 1903, and Detective Pender of Ogden, was permitted to testify to the contents Saturday morning. The message was an appeal from Adams to Haywood for money.

The state then produced and secured the admission of six drafts sent by Haywood to Jack Simpkins at various times in 1904, 1905 and 1906.

One was sent just before and one just after the Steunenberg murder, and the purpose for which they were introduced was to show the relations of Haywood and Simpkins who aided Harry Orchard on the first attempt to kill Steunenberg.

The state next produced the fragments of the pistol and device by which the infernal machine placed in the Vindicator mine was set off, and this led to a general digression into the whole story of the Cripple Creek strike of 1903-4, in which the defense sought to show violence and incitement to violence by agents and officers of the Mine Owners' associations and high handed justice by the militia after martial law was declared.

The defense has already announced that they will have between 150 and 200 witnesses. Subpoenas have not been asked for these and it is therefore probable that it will be shown that they have come forward voluntarily to testify for Haywood. That this will be done is almost certain from the questions asked the state's witnesses to show that they were brought to Boise on subpoenas in most instances and served by the Pinkerton offices. The witnesses, it is understood, will be chiefly in contradiction of Orchard by alibi as to the whereabouts of Haywood or Moyer or Pettibone and even of Orchard himself.

Both sides were busy all day Sunday in preparation for the continuance of the struggle. Haywood was visited at the court house by his relatives and counsel and Orchard was brought from the penitentiary to Mr. Hawley's office during the afternoon. For some time he was in consultation with counsel for the state. Orchard may go on the stand again this week.

Boise, Idaho, June 19.—The prosecution in the Steunenberg murder trial offered one of its most important pieces of evidence against William D. Haywood Tuesday, when, recalling Harry Orchard for re-direct examination, it introduced and secured the admission of four letters tending to show that Haywood, during the fall of 1905, when Orchard swears he was engaged on various crimes for the federal leaders, had participated in a plan to deceive Mrs. Orchard, the second wife of Cripple Creek, as to the whereabouts of her husband.

Over a variety of protests from the defense, Orchard was allowed to testify that early in the summer of 1905 he Haywood told him that Mrs. Orchard was writing him for information as to Orchard's whereabouts. Orchard swore that he proposed that he should write his wife a series of letters that were to be falsely dated and delivered to Mrs. Orchard by agents of the federal.

STRIKE HAS BEGUN

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WALK OUT AT SAN FRANCISCO.

BOTH COMPANIES AFFECTED

Declination to Arbitrate Precipitates the Crisis—President of Union Says It Will Be a Finish Fight.

San Francisco has another strike. The telegraph operators employed by the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies left their keys Friday and walked out of the offices.

Both the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies have offices located close together in the Ferry building. Since the fire the main relay office of the Western Union has been at West Oakland, where about 150 men and women are employed. In the San Francisco office about twenty operators are employed and at outside branch offices about twenty more.

The Postal company has about sixty operators in its main San Francisco office. The employees of both companies, with the exception of one in each office stopped work at the signal.

The operators in San Francisco and Oakland were dissatisfied with the letter from President Clowry of the Western Union and decided that their demands for a 25 per cent in wages should be granted.

President Small of the Commercial Telegraphers' union arrived in San Francisco and after considering the situation ordered the strike unless the increase was granted. Both the Western Union and Postal officials declined to grant the increase or to consult with the union. They expressed their willingness to consider and act upon any advances presented by their employees as individuals, but this has not satisfied the men and the walkout resulted.

BIDS ON BIG SHIPS.
Awards Made for two American Dreadnaughts.
The Newport News Shipbuilding company of Newport, Va., with one bid at \$3,987,000 and the Fore River Shipbuilding of Quincy, Mass., with a bid at \$4,377,000, were the successful bidders for building the big 20,000 ton battleships.

The bidding brought together the largest company of shipbuilders and others interested in naval construction that has been seen in the navy department for many months. The bidding was necessarily complex, the builders availing themselves of the department's permission to submit all sorts of combination and alternative plans. These included straight bids on the battleship of the standard type, with reciprocating engine designed by the navy department; original bidders' designs and combinations of the department's hull plans with turbine engine, some with and some without separate cruising turbines.

Flat 2-Cent Fare Favored.
It was announced in Topeka that the Kansas board of railroad commissioners had practically decided to issue an order putting a flat 2-cent passenger fare into effect. It is stated that some of the commissioners had taken the matter up with the railroad officials in an informal manner, and that it was found that the railroads are dissatisfied with the mileage book plan and probably would not fight the order.

TAFT IN LEAVENWORTH.

The Secretary of War Non-Committal Regarding Story of Withdrawal From Presidential Race.

Leavenworth, Kan., June 20.—Secretary Taft was met at the station here by General Hall, commandant of the post, and escorted to the latter's residence where breakfast was served. The programme of the day included a general inspection of the military service school buildings and the barracks and buildings of the post, and a dress review of all the troops now assembled here.

When Wm. H. Taft, secretary of war arrived here Wednesday morning, his attention was called by an Associated Press correspondent to a story printed in the Kansas City papers from the Washington Times, to the effect that the secretary may retire from the presidential race, it being intimated that he is not physically equipped for a long presidential campaign, and citing his illness at St. Paul as giving color to the rumor. The story bore this caption: "Taft Not To Run."

Secretary Taft declined absolutely to discuss the matter and dismissed it by saying, laughingly: "You just let that question mark stand." The secretary looked to be in perfect health and said that he never felt better in his life. He spent the greater part of the day at the fort, departing late in the afternoon for Ottawa, Kansas, where he will deliver an address at the State Chautauqua assembly.

Kansas Endeavors Meet.
Kansas City, Kan., June 20.—More than 1,500 Christian Endeavors, led by a chorus of 100 singers, joined in song in the First Presbyterian church, here Tuesday night. It was the opening session of the 20th annual convention of the Kansas association. Almost every one of the 300 societies in the state, having a combined membership of over 15,000, was represented by delegates.

Revenue Collections.
The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue shows that for May, 1907, the receipts were \$25,535,761, an increase over May, 1906, of \$2,039,078. The receipts for the eleven months of the fiscal year are \$248,539,673, an increase of \$19,745,616 over 1906.

Changes City Government.
By an overwhelming majority the citizens of Des Moines adopted what is known as the Des Moines plan of government, a modification of the commission form of government adopted some years ago in Galveston, Tex. The new plan provides for an elimination of the ward system and the election by the city as a whole of five commissioners, all of whom shall give their entire time to city affairs, one as mayor and the other four as heads of departments. All other officers are made appointive.

Will Go to the President.
Failing to secure any recognition at the hands of the state department, Senator Ugarte, representing the provisional government of President Davila, of Honduras, will seek an interview with President Roosevelt.

Fire At San Francisco.
Five destroyed a number of business places on Van Ness avenue near Sacramento street, San Francisco. The flames spread and caused a loss that is variously estimated at from \$150,000 to \$250,000.

TWO-CENT FARES IN MISSOURI

Will Be Tried For Three Months Before a Court Trial.

MAYOR SCHMITZ IN JAIL

Acting Mayor Gallagher, Appointed by the Board of Supervisors, Not Anxious to Take Hold of Reins of Government.

Missouri's 2-cent passenger fare act went into effect at 6 a. m. on Wednesday, June 19, and will be given a three months' trial. If, at the end of that time, it is found to be unremunerative its enforcement can then be fought in the courts by the railroads. The state officials are temporarily enjoined from enforcing the maximum freight rate law and this case will be argued later in the federal court.

Judge Smith McPherson, in the United States district court at Kansas City, after handing down an opinion maintaining the court's jurisdiction in the premises, ordered the promulgation of the above stated facts, which had been agreed to by the attorneys for the state and the eighteen Missouri railroads involved.

The court, in its decision, had suggested that the 2-cent fare should be first given a practical trial before injunction proceedings preventing its enforcement be considered.

Herbert S. Hadley, attorney general, said, regarding the 2-cent bill: "If, at the end of three months the railroads want to litigate the reasonableness of these rates the question of the jurisdiction of the state and federal courts to determine the question will be fought out and the state has lost none of its rights or advantages. The injunction suit which I have brought against the companies on the passenger rates in the state court will stand.

"As the reasonableness of the freight rate law can be more speedily heard and determined by the federal court on account of the fact that practically all the testimony necessary to the determination has been already taken on the stand, it will be heard and decided in that court. The state is in the better position to win the case under the act of 1907 than it was under the law of 1905. I feel that the order made is both a moral and a substantial victory for the state."

Judge McPherson, in his opinion, said the national government is above state dictation. Centralization was the dictate of the opinion, the judge holding the federal court has, and will maintain jurisdiction and the state cannot override the government.

FIND BODIES OF MIDSHIPMEN.
Three Victims of the Launch Disaster Recovered.
Clad in full naval uniforms and with faces and hands fearfully mutilated, the bodies of Midshipman P. H. Field of Virginia, class of 1906; W. H. Stevenson, North Carolina, class of 1906, and F. P. Holcomb of Delaware, class of 1907, were found in Chesapeake bay. The bodies, after being examined and identified, were taken by the naval tug Potomac to the naval hospital at Portsmouth. The bodies of four of the eleven men drowned in the Minnesota's launch a week ago have been found. The one discovered in the launch was that of a fireman, G. W. Westfall. The bodies of three midshipment and four seamen are still missing and the launches and tugs are still searching the lower bay and roads for them.

On account of the fact that the bodies found had drifted ten or twelve miles from the scene of the tragedy gives rise to a fear that all of them will never be found.

NO MAYOR IN SIGHT

SAN FRANCISCO IN SOMEWHAT OF A QUANDARY.

MAYOR SCHMITZ IN JAIL

Acting Mayor Gallagher, Appointed by the Board of Supervisors, Not Anxious to Take Hold of Reins of Government.

Supervisor James L. Gallagher, who was appointed by the San Francisco board of supervisors as acting mayor in place of Mayor Schmitz, who is confined in the county jail awaiting sentence for the crime of extortion, will be, by the bribery graft prosecution, retained in that office until Schmitz has perfected his appeal from last week's conviction. This statement was made to the Associated Press by District Attorney Langdon. He further said:

"The members of the prosecution have not even discussed with each other the name of any man to succeed Gallagher as emergency mayor for the remainder of the year. We have not gone that far yet. We are proceeding carefully and with due regard to the seriousness of the situation. I am not ready to answer with a detailed plan the questions: "Will we sweep out of office the entire Schmitz administration?" But I will say this: We have shaped up and are now filing in the body of a policy whose one and only subject is prompt and efficient relief for the public, and we shall carry forward that policy. We do not fear any counter moves by the mayor's counsel. We are fully advised of the law and have entire confidence in the legality of the step we have already caused to be taken—the appointment of an acting mayor—and the legality of the further steps we purpose taking when Mr. Schmitz has perfected his appeal."

In the meantime, Mayor Schmitz has sent a letter to the board rebuking that body for its act, and warned it that any recognition of Gallagher as acting mayor will result in trouble for the city.

SMOKE THE PIPE OF PEACE.
Ambassador Bryce Meets Quannah Parker, the Comanche Chief.
James Bryce, British ambassador, and his party left Guthrie, Okla., for Arkansas City, Kas., on the way east, after spending a night in Guthrie as the guest of Governor Frantz and Mrs. Frantz.

Mr. Bryce smoked the peace pipe with Quannah Parker, the Comanche chief, and watched the Indians in their villages. Mr. Bryce was quoted as making further comment upon the Oklahoma constitution.

"Your proposed constitution," said he, "seems to have a great many experimental ingredients in it. Some of its provisions have been tried and some are now in use in Switzerland, which I regard as the greatest democracy on earth."

FAILS FOR A LARGE AMOUNT.
Philadelphia Mills Company May Go Into Bankruptcy.
The Millbourne Mills company, Philadelphia, has failed for \$751,000. James W. Bayard, counsel for the estate of William Sellers, John Sellers and other creditors of the company, have filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States circuit court. Application for a receiver will be made. The four mill has been in operation since 1757. It is said the trouble is due to mismanagement, the books, it is alleged, not having been audited for fifteen years.

Fatal Wreck on Santa Fe.
Eighteen passengers were injured, three fatally, in a wreck of eastbound passenger train No. 8 on the Santa Fe near Bar, Colo.

COLONEL HOGELAND DEAD.

Famous for Many Years as a Worker Among Newsboys.

TAKE REFUGE IN CELLARS.

New Uim, Minn., Fears Repetition of Tornado of 1881.

Col. Alexander Hogeland of Louisville, Ky., the newsboys' friend, and father of the curfew law, and who was formerly a resident of Lincoln, Neb., was found dead in bed in his room at the Murray hotel at Omaha, with a gas jet turned on and the windows and transom closed. His death, however is believed to have been accidental. Of late he had become very infirm. Relatives of Colonel Hogeland had written the Murray hotel management, where the colonel always stopped when in Omaha, to take good care of him on account of his old age and enfeebled condition, and adding, too, that he had a weak heart. Colonel Hogeland's wife at Louisville was notified. The coroner has taken charge of the body.

A complaint was filed in the department of justice against the United States Shoe Machine company of Boston, alleging violation of the Sherman anti-trust act. It is asserted that this company controls practically all the shoe-making machinery and leases it to manufacturers and that under its contracts it is agreed that only machines furnished by the company shall be used.

A severe storm at New Uim, Minn., wrecked several buildings. Many small buildings were razed by the wind. So far as learned no lives were lost and none sustained serious injuries. A tornado demolished New Uim in 1881, and hundreds of people sought shelter in tornado cellars from fear. The storm was accompanied by a terrific rainfall which caused the Minnesota and Cottonwood rivers to rise rapidly. The tracks of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad two miles north of New Uim were washed out and a freight train ran into the washout and was wrecked.

Kills Wife and Himself.
At Detroit, Mich., William Roulo, a carpenter, cut his wife's throat and slashed his own with the same razor. Both died where they fell, in a bed room where their two children were sleeping. The pair had quarreled bitterly during the past six months and Mrs. Roulo had applied for a divorce. When the two children, aged seven and five years, wakened in the morning they found the bodies on the floor and called the neighbors.

Bad Fire From Gasoline Stove.
A fire in the cottage of A. S. James and wife at North Platte, Neb., was caused by the explosion of a gasoline stove. Mrs. James was confined to her bed by sickness. The fire reached her and burned her severely from head to foot. Mr. James, who is an employe of the Union Pacific railway, working at nights, was also asleep and was badly burned. Both were carried to the nearby home of a physician and cared for. Mrs. James' injuries may prove fatal.

Will Stay in California.
President Benjamin Ide Wheeler is telegraphed from the east to the regents of the University of California his declination of the presidency of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, with a salary of \$15,000 per annum. As president of the University of California his salary is \$10,000.

New Head For Exposition.
The directors of the Jamestown exposition company at a meeting accepted the resignation of Governor W. B. Cottrill, practically made James Barr director general with full powers.

NERVOUS COLLAPSE

IS OFTEN PREVENTED BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Taken When the First Warning Symptoms Are Noticed, Much Needless Suffering May Be Saved.

Are you troubled with pallor, loss of spirits, waves of heat passing over the body, shortness of breath after slight exertion, a peculiar skipping of the heart beat, poor digestion, cold extremities or a feeling of weight and fullness? Do not make the mistake of thinking that these are diseases in themselves and be satisfied with temporary relief.

This is the way the nerves give warning that they are breaking down. It simply means that the blood has become impure and cannot carry enough nourishment to the nerves to keep them healthy and able to do their work.

But, when you sometimes give the needed relief. The tonic treatment by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, however, prevents the final breakdown of the nerves and the more serious diseases which follow, because the pills act directly upon the impure blood, making it rich, red and pure.

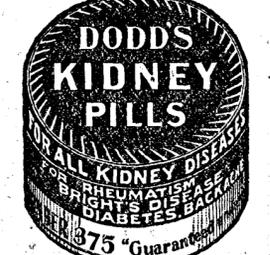
Mrs. E. C. Bradley, of 103 Parsells avenue, Rochester, N. Y., says: "I was never very healthy and some years ago, when in a run-down condition, I suffered a nervous shock, caused by a misfortune to a friend. It was so great that I was unfitted for work."

"I was just weak, low-spirited and nervous. I could hardly walk and could not bear the least noise. My appetite was poor and I did not care for food. I couldn't sleep well and once for two weeks got scarcely an hour's sleep. I had severe headaches most of the time and pains in the back and spine."

"I was treated by two doctors, being under the care of one of them for six months. I got no relief and then I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I soon began to feel better and the improvement was general. My appetite became hearty and my sleep better. The headaches all left and also the pains in my back. A few more boxes entirely cured me and I was able to go back to work. I felt splendid and as though I had never been sick."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are invaluable in such diseases as rheumatism, after-effects of the grip and fevers, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance and even partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.



Paper Pails for Milk.
Paper pails are the latest sanitary device for the delivery of pure milk in London and other large English towns. They are used only once. They are made of pulp and are sterilized by a heat of 500 degrees Fahrenheit.

Country of Little Moisture.
Twenty minutes of rain in a year is sometimes all that southern Egypt gets, and there is no dew in that country.

NORTHWEST AND RETURN
Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Bellingham, Everett, Vancouver, Victoria, and New Westminster.
One Fare or \$50.00
For the round trip from
Missouri River Terminals
(Council Bluffs to Kansas City, inclusive)
VIA
UNION PACIFIC
Tickets on sale June 20 to July 12, 1907. Also tickets one way through California on sale same dates at slightly higher rates.
Inquire of
E. L. LOMAX, G. P. A.,
Omaha, Neb.

KG BAKING POWDER
Stands for:
Quality Economy Purity
In providing the family's meals, don't be satisfied with anything but the best. K C is guaranteed perfection at a moderate price. It makes everything better.
Try and see.
Guaranteed under all Pure Food Laws.
Jaques Mfg. Co., Chicago.

MINNESOTA-HEALTH AND INDEPENDENCE
Why not sell where you are. Bank some of your profits for income and take up a new home, and start the boys too. Fine water, beautiful lakes; quick, fertile soil, fine climate. 35,000 acres. Farm any size. Title absolute. Investigate anywhere before buying. Write for maps and truthful representations. Address
ROGER C. SPAONER, Pres. Donald L. & L. Co., Bemidji, Minn.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.
DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.
This signature is on every box.
For FREE Trial Package, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Historic Island for Sale.
Raasay Island, in the Inner Hebrides, which lies between the mainland of Scotland and the Isle of Skye, has fallen to a purchaser at the upset price of \$225,000 placed upon it. Its name is the Scandinavian for "the place of the roe deer," and the shootings, with the mansion house and grounds at the southern end constitute the chief value of the island. Near the northern end are the ruins of Broch's castle, the residence of its ancient lords, the MacLeods. In Coltic lore Raasay has a place and in English literature it is mentioned in Samuel Johnson's "Journey to the Western Islands of Scotland."

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Just the Size.
"I understand dat dere will be several bogus animals on de stage," said the long and lanky tramp as he read the sign "Supes Wanted."
"Yes," replied the short and stout wayfarer, "I am going to play de head of de elephant and me fat pardner is going to play de hind leg."
"Hm! Then I suppose dere is no chance for a tall, thin supe like me?"
"Oh, yes, pard, you could play de neck of de giraffe."

FRANK J. CHENEY, Notary Public.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 25th day of December, A. D. 1888.
A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hair's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free of cost. Sold by HALL'S CATERARRH CURE CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

But, They Had Not.
At a political meeting the chairman asked at the end of the candidate's speech whether "any gentleman has any question to ask?"
Some one rose and propounded an inquiry mildly critical of the prevailing political belief. A politician behind raised a club and struck him to the floor. The chairman looked round and asked quietly: "Any other gentleman a question to ask?"

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Defiance Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

Advanced.
"Hiram," said Mrs. Kornkob to her husband, who was reading the Weekly Scriber, "they say that Jones man who has taken the farm next to ours is mighty intellectual."
"I guess he is," replied Farmer Kornkob. "He knows four different almanacs by heart."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Give Defiance Starch a fair trial—try it for both hot and cold starching, and if you don't think you do better work, in less time and at smaller cost, return it and your grocer will give you back your money.

Temperature and Water.
At sea level water boils at 212 degrees, F.; at a height of 10,000 feet at 193 degrees, F. When Darwin crossed the Andes in 1835 he boiled potatoes for three hours without making them soft.

Does Your Head Ache?
If so, get a box of Krause's Headache Capsules of your Druggist. 25c. Norman Lichly Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

Coming events that are calculated to separate people from their coin are always heralded by an advance agent.

Lewis' Single Binder Cigar has a rich taste. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Many a sweetheart turns out to be a bitter disappointment as a wife.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

HAS EYES ON WHITE HOUSE



Jesse R. Grant, son of Gen. U. S. Grant, is being mentioned as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for president of the United States. He is not only willing to accept the nomination, but is ready to come out openly and make a frank and determined effort to get it. This statement has been made with Mr. Grant's knowledge and consent by persons who are in close touch with him and thoroughly cognizant with his political plans. Those who know Mr. Grant personally believe that if he could get the nomination he would make a strong candidate for the Democrats, because they think he would be able to unite the factions of the party. The conservative elements of the Democracy, his friends say, ought to have more faith in him than in any other candidate so far mentioned.

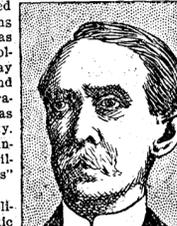
As the son of Gen. Grant he is regarded by his friends as certain to get a large vote from federal veterans in the north whom no other candidate could entice from the Republican ranks. His friends say that Mr. Grant will not consent to be the picked candidate of any small coterie of politicians. They point out that he has never been embarrassingly identified with any faction of the party. Friends of other candidates, however, do not regard Mr. Grant's claims very seriously, as they say that no man can be elected on account of the popularity of his father.

Mr. Grant is a resident of New York City where he lives the simple life. He devotes his mornings to doing nothing in particular, as he has nothing to do. Every afternoon finds him in the Manhattan club, a Democratic stronghold. Here he smokes till dinner time. "I'm a splendid loafer," he says, "and with a good cigar I can stare at the wall quite contentedly for hours."

When he gets tired loafing in town he loafs by a stream, with rod and reel. Jesse Grant is not without opinions. He favors tariff revision, he trusts trustless, he believes in restricting immigration, closing the gates to all but agriculturalists; he sees no danger in great fortunes and thinks the average American citizen is the best informed man in the world.

LEADING LEGAL LIGHT

Uriah M. Rose, one of the most distinguished figures in the large delegation of noted Americans to the Hague international peace conference, has been for many years regarded as the most scholarly lawyer in America. The man who is to-day a world-famed authority on international law and a powerful advocate of the new code of arbitration for settling the disputes of nations, was born 73 years ago in the backwoods of Kentucky. At the age of 19, when Abraham Lincoln was winning fame as a lawyer, young Rose began his brilliant career before the bar of the "Blue Grass" state.



While he has always been prominent in politics and a member of the national Democratic central committee for years, he has studiously refused public office. For the past quarter of a century he has been in the foremost rank of the Arkansas bar and reckoned as one of the leading legal lights of the nation, serving for three years as president of the American Bar association. Judge Rose has been a great traveler and observer of international conditions. He has contributed to the law journals many articles on American and European jurisprudence, particularly noteworthy among these being his papers on "Controversies of Modern Continental Jurists."

Judge Rose is a fine French scholar, a fact of considerable importance and usefulness to the delegation, as much of the conferences will be conducted in French.

PICTURESQUE ADMIRAL RETIRES

Command of the New York navy yard in Brooklyn was the other day relinquished by Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coghlan to Rear Admiral C. F. Goodrich. Rear Admiral Goodrich was formerly a member of the Endicott board of fortifications, president of the navy institute and commander in chief of the Pacific fleet.

Admiral Coghlan retires from active service. He declared that he had his life to go over again he would reenter the United States navy; that it is the finest organization of its kind in the world, and that it holds out greater inducements to the young men of this country than does the navy of any other nation. Admiral Coghlan thinks that our navy should be made bigger and stronger.

"Peace in perpetuity, about which so much is being said just now, may be possible, but it is not reasonably probable. Be prepared to whip or be willing to get whipped is the position in which every great nation stands to-day. Let us keep peace while we have it. The only way to do this is to keep building battleships and adding to the numerical strength of the navy."

Admiral Coghlan thinks the United States ought to have the most powerful navy afloat. He was loud in his praise of the United States Naval academy and also of the men who are now enlisting in the navy. These bluejackets come largely from farms, he said, and they are selected with extreme care as to their physical fitness. Moreover, their mental fitness is on a much higher plane.

Admiral Coghlan's retirement removed from the service one of the most picturesque figures in the navy. He commanded the Raleigh in the battle of Manila and his subsequent recitation at a banquet of the satirical "Hoch der Kaiser" became an international episode.

AMERICAN BAYREUTH PLANNED

Mme. Lillian Nordica will establish on the Hudson, near New York, a Bayreuth in America. With a part of her great fortune the noted singer will erect the Lillian Nordica Festival house, which will be to this country what the famous operatic institution founded by Richard Wagner, and now maintained by his widow, is to Europe.



The site for the institution was purchased recently for \$100,000, and Mme. Nordica expects that the opera house will be ready for its formal dedication one year from next summer.

An American institute of music, where American young men and women who aspire to operatic honors will be taught by the foremost teachers in the world, is included in the plans of the famous singer. In a statement in which she announced her plans, Mme. Nordica said:

"Call my object philanthropic or what you may, but the idea of founding here in my own country an American Bayreuth has been my life's ambition. All the years I have been singing I have dreamed of such an institution. Now I am able financially to start this great project, which I know will be an institution which after I am dead will continue to grow and enlighten the people of this country, who are now awakening to the benefits to be derived from a musical education such as was not dreamed of ten years ago."

"In this plan of mine I am assured of the hearty cooperation of men and women of wealth. The latter years of my life I hope to give entirely to seeing this great institution grow until it can have no rival."

"The buildings that will be a part of the American Institute of Music alone will cover four acres. They will be erected close to the Lillian Nordica Festival house. In connection with the institute there will be dormitories and houses where the students at little expense will be able to live while pursuing their musical studies."

"Europe will contribute teachers, and they will be paid for their services more than they can hope to earn abroad."

"The Lillian Nordica Festival house will be in every way an exact reproduction of the theater erected by Richard Wagner. The Wagner opera will be given there in the summer with the greatest artists in the world."

For Proper Rest. To get rest one must let one's muscles go to sleep. While activity is necessary to beauty, the body must have plenty of rest to make up for the wear and tear of human life and the inroads of time. When you rest, try to get the muscles of your face under control. Don't wrinkle the forehead or compress the lips. To rest the head is very important. Comb the hair differently occasionally. Dress the neck comfortably. Have three pairs of shoes, so that your feet will never be tired and twinging. Don't overdo, don't rush. Take things quietly. These rules are the very best ones known for keeping young. Later-day women seem to have lost the art of resting. Their lives are quite too exciting to be productive of beauty or its preservation.

Law of Evolution.
The law of evolution works in language as well as in other things. Twenty thousand words have been added to the English language in the department of biology alone since Darwin's discoveries.

LITTLE CAUSE FOR WORRY.

More or Less Glittering Bait Held Out to Cow Punchers.

Over in the Salmon river meadows country, in Idaho, ranged a wild and woolly bunch of long-haired cow punchers, whose knowledge of the world was confined mainly to trips after cattle into surrounding counties. Into this reckless but verdant community there came the smooth-tongued representative of a wild west show, who hired several riders at a high salary to do a hair-raising act, the chief feature being that they should appear to be thrown from their horses and dragged by the foot.

After they had practiced in a corral for a while one of them loosened himself and rising from the dirt, disheveled and dazed, inquired:

"Say, mister, ain't this rather dangerous? We might get killed."
"That's all right," chirped the show's representative cheerfully. "Your salary will go on just the same."—Lippincott's Magazine.

THOUGHT CHILD WOULD DIE.

Whole Body Covered with Cuban Itch—Cuticura Remedies Cured at Cost of Seventy-Five Cents.

"My little boy, when only an infant of three months, caught the Cuban Itch. Sores broke out from his head to the bottom of his feet. He would itch and claw himself and cry all the time. He could not sleep day or night, and a light dress is all he could wear. I called one of our best doctors to treat him, but he seemed to get worse. He suffered so terribly that my husband said he believed he would have to die. I had given up hope when a lady friend told me to try the Cuticura Remedies. I used the Cuticura Soap and applied the Cuticura Ointment and he at once fell into a sleep, and he slept with ease for the first time since two months. After three applications the sores began to dry up, and in just two weeks from the day I commenced to use the Cuticura Remedies my baby was entirely well. The treatment only cost me 75c, and I would have gladly paid \$100 if I could not have got it cheaper. I feel safe in saying that the Cuticura Remedies saved his life. He is now a boy of five years. Mrs. Zana Miller, Union City, R. F. D. No. 1, Branch Co., Mich., May 17, 1906."

A Spider That Fishes.
Prof. Berg, in Buenos Ayres, has discovered a spider which practices fishing at times. In shallow places it spins between stones a two-winged, conical net, on which it runs in the water and captures small fish, tadpoles, etc. That it understands its work well is shown by the numerous shriveled skins of little creatures that lie about in the web net.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it is the signature of *Wm. L. Child*.

Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Napoleon's Famous War Horse.
Marengo, the famous war charger of Napoleon, is said to have been the greatest horse known to modern history. The emperor rode Marengo for the last time in the battle of Mount St. Jean, where the horse received his seventh wound. The steed died at the age of 36 years.

Smokers have to call for Lewis' Single Binder cigar to get it. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

It is easier to prevent ill habits than to break them.—Motto on Plato's Ring.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, relieves the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A lawsuit is the thief of time and money.

NATURE PROVIDES FOR SICK WOMEN

a more potent remedy in the roots and herbs of the field than was ever produced from drugs.

In the good old-fashioned days of our grandmothers few drugs were used in medicines and Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., in her study of books and herbs all sick women to write her for advice. She gave to the women of the world a remedy for their peculiar ills more potent and efficacious than any combination of drugs.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is an honest, tried and true remedy of unquestionable therapeutic value. During its record of more than thirty years, its long list of actual cures of those serious ills peculiar to women, entitles Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to the respect and confidence of every fair minded person and every thinking woman.

When women are troubled with irregular or painful functions, weakness, displacements, ulceration or inflammation, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion or nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

No other remedy in the country has such a record of cures of female ills, and thousands of women residing in every part of the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable compound and what it has done for them.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. For twenty-five years she has been advising sick women free of charge. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and as her assistant for years before her decease advised under her immediate direction. Address, Lynn, Mass.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER

destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home. It is a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it is the signature of *Wm. L. Child*.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR BUSINESS

WHITMORE BUSINESS COLLEGE

Book-keeping, Shorthand and Business Courses. Day or evening session. Pleasant work for young men and women. Write A. R. Whitmore, Pres., St. Joseph For Particulars and Catalogue.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

W. N. U., LINCOLN, NO. 26, 1907.

Whenever you buy oatmeal always buy

Quaker Oats

It's the best oatmeal made; and in the 25c family package, in addition to the oatmeal, you get a beautiful piece of American china.

There is a nice assortment of cups and saucers, plates, bowls, etc.; an easy way to furnish your table.

The Quaker Oats Company
CHICAGO

Quaker Wheat Berries are the newest thing in cereal foods—delicious.

This Is What Catches Me!
16oz.—One-Third More Starch.

FULL POUND
for **10c**

No premiums, but one-third more starch than you get of other brands. Try it now, for hot or cold starching it is equal and will not

Remarkable Cures by Dr. Caldwell

Help for the sick, Particularly for those Who do not Delay.

Often a Few Weeks of Neglect Allows Diseases to Reach a State Where They can not be Cured.

Dr. Caldwell heals, not by Osteopathy, by Hypnotism, nor by Divine Healing, but by a system of natural science in combination with the most true and reliable remedies of the age. She is a woman that cures the sick because she understands the nature, cause and condition of circumstances which bring disease about. Her discoveries are those made from personal experience and from long continued practice in her profession. A woman far beyond the average doctor, a woman who is capable, or otherwise she could not be "successful." Dr. Caldwell, as a practicing physician, is successful, and she is one of the greatest diagnosticians of chronic diseases of the age. Is it not reasonable to believe that if one is successful in one branch of science that woman is certainly capable of being successful in other branches? Analyze the matters yourself. Do not allow your thoughts and your opinions to be influenced by others who are not interested. One does not know how to appreciate health until they have lost it.

Dr. Caldwell has studied her profession both at home and abroad, and after a thorough and painstaking investigation, has succeeded in curing the diseases of her specialty when other physicians had failed. Why not? Some of these people were blind, some were lame, some deaf, some paralytic, scarcely able to move, others afflicted with Bright's disease, consumption, cancer, others with Kidney troubles, dyspepsia, isomnia and the thousand and one symptoms of those dreadful maladies. It is claimed by her friends that she can tell the disease of a patient without asking him a question. This is perhaps true, for since she is so learned in her profession and so experienced in treating diseases, why shouldn't she know the exact cause and true reasons of symptoms which produce disease? For years she has been visiting professionally the largest cities of the United States. Her opinions are quickly made, and if a cure can be made then and there she tells them, and if it cannot be made she is equally honest and tells them so. We know that she has cured thousands of cases of disease. We doubt if there is one hundredth of one per cent of the cases that she fails to cure. We publish by permission the names of a few of her recent cures:

Mrs. Sloan, Akron, Nebr., cured of consumption and nervous trouble. The treatment she took improved her at once, and she was soon cured of all her ailments.

C. A. Lundeen, Grand Island, Nebr., was troubled with muscular rheumatism and dyspepsia.

Those troubles soon disappeared. Mrs. R. McBeth, Hader, Neb., cured of female and nervous troubles, was told by doctors operation would be necessary. Cured in four months treatment.

Mrs. J. Dobbins of North Platte, writes, "she had been doctored for years without relief for kidney trouble, female and general debility."

Mr. Michael McCabe, North Platte, cured of cancer of the face with two injections.

Oscar Emmitt, Columbus, Neb., cured of what other doctors called incurable blood disease.

Mrs. Ella Johnson, Grand Island, Nebr., cured of chronic eye trouble and catarrah.

Mrs. Connelly, Akron, Nebr., cured of cancer.

Mrs. E. Zurig, Bluevale, Neb., cured of female trouble, diabetes and stomach trouble.

S. E. Fuller, York, Nebr., cured of stomach and bowel trouble and kidney trouble.

Miss DeBore, Waco, Nebr., cured of skin disease of years standing, had been treated by many doctors.

Mrs. Oscar Lange, Tekamah, Nebr., cured of — — — and other female trouble.

Louie Herper, Columbus, Neb., cured of Bright's disease, heart trouble and nervousness.

Mrs. J. Jorgensen, Cozad, had suffered many years from nervous disease, loss of vitality and general weakness. She now feels healthy and like a new woman.

Mrs. Makon, Wayne, Nebr., cured of chronic rheumatism, swollen limbs, heart trouble, headache and general debility. Had almost given up hope, when she heard of Dr. Caldwell, her treatment soon cured her and she is now thankful.

Mr. Charles Schell, Pender, cured of rheumatism, almost had consumption.

Mr. Nulph Wyndure, Beaver, Nebr., cured of gall stones of liver.

Joe Carlson, Ft. Wayne, Ind., cured of large cancer of breast.

W. H. Larsen, 65 Nesbit St., Newark, N. J. says: "Dr. Caldwell, after suffering for 30 years I have found no treatment equal to yours. I write you these few lines to speak of the excellency of your treatment and I think it due you.

Mrs. J. H. Somner, Craig, Nebr., cured of female trouble, general weakness and loss of flesh. Cured in three months. Mrs. Somners had doctored with many doctors.

S. J. Blessen, Platte Centre, Nebr., cured of stomach trouble of long standing, nervous debility, was treated by many doctors. Nebraska's most popular specialist, Dr. O. Caldwell, registered graduate of the Kentucky School of Medicine, will make her next visit to Ord, Friday, July 5.

WANT COLUMN

FOR RENT—Small cottage close to the square. Equipped with city water. Enquire at Quiz office.

WANTED—A girl for general work at the Domestic Kitchen. 201f

LOST—Bank account book. Please leave at the First National Bank. Mrs. H. F. Lewis. 20 2f

FOUND—Lady left umbrellas in Misko meat market. Pay for this notice and get the same.

WANTED—Young girl to assist in in house work. Mrs. Menzel 2021pd

FOR SALE—Good Laporte \$150, rubber tired buggy at a bargain. G. R. Gard.

FOR SALE—Three thoroughbred Hereford bulls. Guy Clement.

FOR RENT—Six room cottage. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 20

FOR SALE—A Kimball organ, a double office desk and an office book case. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 20-

FOR RENT—Old Scott house and barn. See Alvin Hill. 19-1f.

FOR RENT small house close in. See The Quiz.

FOR SALE OR RENT—6 room house two blocks from square. W. C. Wentworth. 1f.

FOR SALE—\$1500 will buy my old home in Ord, consisting of 1 block of ground, 8-room house, good barn, city water, some trees. See Vincent Kokes. John Kokes, owner. 24f

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-1f.

THOROUGHbred POLAND-CHINA sow and pigs for sale. See Daniel Burke if interested.

HOGS—Will be in Elyria every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

LOST—Scotch Collie dog, golden sable color, blind in both eyes, responds to the name of Dick. Notify R. C. Williams and receive reward.

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52-

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

FOR SALE: Good plastering sand, easy to get at in the east part of town. K. Hundtote. 18-3-pd.

FOUND—Glasses in case on street of Ord. Left at Quiz office. C. F. Moorman

Notice of Dissolution

Notice is hereby given that the firm heretofore existing under the name and style of McLain & Siler has been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the debts of said firm are to be paid by Mamie Siler, and all claims due to said firm to be paid at Mamie Siler's store. Dated at Ord, Nebraska, June 3, 1907.

Sarah McLain,
Mamie Siler.

Burlington Route

June Specials

OPENING OF HVNTLEY LANDS:

33,000 acres Government irrigated land near Billings, Montana, opened by lottery system, June 26th; cheap excursion rates to register for these rich irrigated lands. Finest prizes yet offered by the Government. Cost approximately \$30.00 an acre, divided into ten yearly payments. Get details.

TO PACIFIC COAST:

Special low round trip California rates June 8th to 15th; June 22nd to July 5th. Also to Portland, Seattle and Spokane June 20th to July 12th. Daily low rate Coast tours commencing June 1st. Slightly higher via Sitka route.

GOOD CHANCES EASTWASD:

Daily low Jamestown Exposition rates with side trips available for New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Atlantic Coast resorts. Also July 3rd to 6th very cheap to Saratoga with side trips to New York, also July 11th to 13th to Philadelphia.

BIG HORN BASIN:

We run personally conducted homeseekers' excursions June 4th and 18th, under guidance of D. Clem Deaver, General Agent Land-seekers' Information Bureau. Round trip \$20.00.

Call or write for details

J. W. MOORHOUSE,
Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.

L. W. WAKELY, G. P. A.,
Omaha, Nebraska

Ord Market Top-Prices

Wheat, spring 70c, winter 70c.
Barley 43c.
Rye, 53c.
Oats, 33c.
Corn, 37c.
Popcorn, \$1.00
Potatoes, \$1
Butter, 15c.
Eggs, 9c
Hens, 7c.
Hogs, \$5.25

HISTORY SHORT CUTS.

Three Times Three Brothers on the French Throne.

When I was at school my teacher, who was quite a remarkable historian, called my attention to a somewhat curious coincidence in the history of France, which was of much assistance to me afterward in placing various personages and events, says a writer in St. Nicholas. Perhaps the boys and girls of the present day have already made this discovery, but lest they have not I am going to tell them what my teacher told me.

It is simply this: That since France became a kingdom by itself, under Hugh Capet, three brothers have ruled in succession at three different times, and after each of these groups of royal brothers a family with a new name has come upon the throne.

The first time this trio of brothers occurred was in 1314, when at the death of Philip IV., called "le Bel," his son, Louis X., named by the people "Hutin" on account of his quarrelsome disposition, became king. In two years he was followed by his brother, Philip V., who reigned but six years, and then came the third brother, Charles IV.

These three were the last of the direct Capetian line and were succeeded by the first Valois king, their cousin, Philip VI.

The next group of three brothers ended the reign of the Valois family. They were the sons of Henry II., who died in 1559, and their mother was Queen Catherine de' Medici. The first was Francis II., who was king only a year and who is remembered more because he was the first husband of Mary, queen of Scots, than for any other reason. The second was Charles IX. These two brothers had both been very young, boys of fifteen and ten, when they were made kings. The third, Henry III., had grown up before his turn came, but he was certainly no better than his brothers. He was killed by Jacques Clement, a monk, in 1589, and Henry of Navarre, the first Bourbon king, came to the throne under the title of Henry IV.

The three brothers came again after nearly 200 years, when in 1774 Louis XV. died, leaving three grandsons. The first of these to rule was the unfortunate Louis XVI. You all know of his queen, Marie Antoinette, and how he and his wife were both beheaded, and their poor little son, the dauphin, who would have been Louis XVII. had he come to the throne, died of hard treatment in prison, and the two brothers, who were to be kings later, had to keep away in exile. It was a long time, and they were old men before they were crowned, because France went through many changes, first as a republic and then under the directory, then under Napoleon Bonaparte as first consul and afterward emperor. But the battle of Waterloo was fought, and Napoleon was sent to St. Helena, and the two remaining brothers, first Louis XVIII. and then Charles X., had their short reigns. And so ended the straight line of Bourbons, for after them came Louis Philippe of the house of Orleans, who no longer called himself king of France, but "king of the French."

Expert Opinion.

Physicians as a class are supposed to be indifferent to poetry. They have other and more important things to think of.

"What do you think of my poems?" inquired the young man.

"They betray an astonishing ignorance of anatomy," replied his medical friend.

"But they're not supposed to be scientific, you know."

"That may be the case, but it affords no excuse for your saying they 'spring from an aching heart' when it is so apparent that they proceed from a deranged liver."

Almost a Lie.

"Good boidig," said the boarder with a bad cold.

"What?" cried the other boarders in surprise and also in unison as they desisted from their burned oatmeal.

Clearing his throat and blowing his nose vigorously, the boarder with the bad cold explained somewhat wearily that he had merely attempted to pass the time of day.

Whereupon the other boarders apologized, saying:

"We thought you said 'good boarding.'"

A Hungarian Bull.

It is a mistake to suppose that only Irish members in the British house of commons perpetrate bulls. It was a representative in the Hungarian diet who when hated Austria tried to interfere in local Magyar affairs declaimed passionately, "Gentlemen, the apple of discord has been thrown into our midst, and if it be not nipped in the bud it will burst into a conflagration that will deluge the world."

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL of Chicago, Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.

Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on Friday, July 5



Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of curable nature, Early Consumption, Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, Irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Gout, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co., Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill. Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

Ord Church and Lodge Directory

RATES—Six lines or less, \$3.00 per year. Additional lines 50 cents per year.

ORD LODGE NO. 103 A. F. & M. Meetings held on Wednesday or on before the full moon of each month. T. A. Waters, W. M. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

ORD CHAPTER NO. 50 R. A. M. Convocation first Tuesday of each month. John C. Work, H. F. F. Colby, Secretary.

MIZPAH CHAPTER ORDER OF EASTERN STAR, ORD LODGE NO. 59. Regular meetings first and third Fridays of each month.

Kansas Land

Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth land, from \$7 to \$12 per acre

One-fourth cash, the balance on four years' time.

Newbecker Land Co., GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

SEE HONNOLD & DAVIS FOR Real Estate Insurance and 5% Loans

Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.

See our line of Fence Posts

A Straw Hat

wouldn't go bad now. We have an extra large line to select from, and are closing out the bulk of them at cheap prices.

We have just received a line of Ladies' White Duck Hats—just the thing for warm weather. All prices and all shapes.

Frank Dworak

First National Bank Ord, Nebraska

Capital \$70,000.00 Surplus and Profits 50,000.00

We take this means of calling your attention to our bank and its management, trusting we may receive your favorable consideration, when you have any banking business to transact.

A review of our history since organization, we think is sufficient guarantee that your interests will be safely guarded.

Our continued and rapid increase in business and number of depositors, is taken by us as an indication that we are pleasing the public with our business methods.

We will be pleased to have you deposit your money with us and we will take pleasure in extending you the advantages consistent with sound banking.

Peter Mortensen, President E. M. Williams, Cashier

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D. Office over post office, Phone 116. ORD, NEBRASKA

Dr. F. D. HALDEMAN, Physician & Surgeon, Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 108. ORD, NEBRASKA

C. J. MILLER, M. D. Office and residence phone 41. Ord, Nebraska.

R. L. STAPLE, Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor. Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds. First National Bank Building. ORD, NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS Undertaking... Licensed Embalmer. Residence Phone 74. Store Phone 82. ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. TAYLOR Dentist Office over First National Bank Office Phone 24. Residence Phone 274

A. M. ROBBINS ATTORNEY AT LAW. NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties. ORD, NEBRASKA

C. D. BUNDY, M. D. Successor to Chester A. Brink Calls answered night and day Office and resident phone 48

The Quiz and the Nebraska Farmer one year for \$1.50.

CALIFORNIA AND RETURN

San Francisco or Los Angeles. Tickets on sale June 22 to July 5, 1907.

One Fare, or \$51.85 For the round trip

FROM ORD

Also rate of \$64.05 in effect same dates to California one way through Portland,

Via UNION PACIFIC

Short Line Fast Trains No Delays

reads over this line.

tel.

The Ord Quiz

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

ORD, NEBRASKA

The Case of Central America.

As the preservation of peace by the Central American republics seems impossible, it has been suggested that the United States and Mexico unite in a protectorate over them after they have been combined into a single federation. Mexico and the United States already exercise an informal oversight over affairs in Central America. A little more than a year ago this country practically forced two of the warring republics to come to terms. This spring American warships patrolled the coasts of Honduras, Nicaragua and Salvador, protecting the property of foreigners so effectively that they seriously interfered with the activity of the contending armies. The Mexican government has lately struck a hard blow at revolutions by demanding that Guatemala surrender the Guatemalans responsible for the murder in Mexico of a former Guatemalan president. If Mexico insists that murder is murder even when done in the name of Central American revolution, the revolutionists will take thought before they rise in arms. There is a growing determination in the minds of Mexicans and Americans, says Youth's Companion, that if the Central Americans will not conduct themselves properly, force must be used. Whether the outcome will be a federation and a formal protectorate it is useless to prophesy. Several previous attempts at federation have failed. All the republics have agreed that arbitration is the proper way to settle disputes, and a formal treaty providing for arbitration has been concluded. But when a dispute arises, the republics disregard the treaty and rush to arms. As the business of the world draws more closely to the Caribbean sea some way will be found to make the countries bordering it safe for the residence of business men.

Prince Louis of Orleans, regarded by the monarchists of Brazil as heir to Dom Pedro's throne, was not allowed to land in Rio de Janeiro, when the ship on which he was sailing to Paraguar entered the harbor. The Brazilian authorities regard as still in force the decree of banishment against Dom Pedro's family, passed by the provisional government immediately after the overthrow of the empire in 1889. Prince Louis is the second son of the former crown prince of Brazil and the French prince, Gascon of Orleans. He was born in Brazil and the monarchists rally round him rather than his crippled elder brother, the prince to whom the crown has been offered in his cause, but interest to statesmen in America. But the prospect of a royalist rising in Brazil, still more of its success, is remote indeed.

Railway accidents have been usually ascribed to insufficient equipment. Prof. F. H. Dixon, in an article in the Atlantic Monthly, concludes that the fault is not mechanical but human. It is not the failure or the of the block signal that causes trouble, nor would the installation of automatic stops and other devices cure the evil. "The fundamental weakness of American railroading from the standpoint of safety is the widespread and almost universal lack of discipline." This conclusion accords with the experience of the race. Disciplined armies poorly equipped have triumphed over armies well equipped and provisioned, but lacking in discipline. It is likely, however, that railroad employees will point out at once that the lack of discipline begins in the poor generalship of the managers who demand impossible things of their soldiers.

The wide interest in American genealogy is responsible for the publication by the government of the census returns of 1790 in the states in existence at that time. This census consisted of an enumeration of the population and was the original documents as preserved in the census office in a collection of oddly assorted volumes, the marshals having been obliged to furnish their own blanks. Because the names of heads of families were included in this compilation the books have been in great demand by people tracing their ancestry, and it is for the benefit of these that publication is being made. When completed the pamphlets will be for sale.

Dr. Thomas J. See, the astronomer, who is visiting his home at Monticory City, Mo., says in an interview that the leakage of the ocean bed causes earthquakes. Perhaps Dr. See can suggest a method for patching up the holes in the sea.

The Kaiser boxed the ears of his cousin, Prince Frederick Henry of Prussia, and then ordered him to leave Germany. The Kaiser evidently believes in the effective, old-fashioned sort of chastisement.

Most persons employed in the Venetian glass industry begin to lose their sight when they are between 40 and 50 years of age, and in a short time become blind. This blindness is caused by the excessive heat and glare from the furnaces.

A Baltimore young woman has been sentenced to five years hard labor for raising a bank note. By the end of that time she'll realize that the only way to raise bank notes is by hard labor.

BATHING IN THE DEAD SEA.

By No Means a Pleasure, According to One Traveler.

"No sooner has one plunged into the water than one is whirled about like a writhed cork," says Rev. Haskett Smith of bathing in the Dead sea. "In the effort to regain one's footing and to get back to shore one's feet and shins are barked by the jagged stones and pebbles, and when at length one does emerge from its treacherous bosom, with the lower limbs bleeding and raw, one becomes aware of a horrible tingling and burning sensation in eyes, ears, nostrils, mouth and almost every pore of the skin, from the brine and bitumen which have penetrated everywhere. "Unless great care is taken the bather in the Dead sea is liable to an eruption, which breaks out all over his body, and which is commonly known as the 'Dead sea rash.' The best antidote to this is to hurry across as quickly as possible to the river Jordan and take a second plunge therein. The soft and muddy waters of that sacred but dirty stream will effectually remove the salt that has incrustated the body."

INSURANCE INVESTMENTS.

How One Company's Assets Are Distributed in the South and West.

In connection with its withdrawal from Texas, along with many other companies, rather than to submit to the new law which requires that 75% of the reserves on Texas policies shall be invested in securities of that state, which securities shall be deposited in the state and subjected to heavy taxation, in addition to the large tax now imposed on life insurance premiums, the Equitable Life Assurance Society has made public the distribution of its assets, at the end of the second year of the new management. The Equitable now has \$10,958,000 invested in Texas, which is twice as much as the new law requires, but the management decided that to submit to the additional taxation would be an injustice to its policyholders. In other states, which impose no such penalty on the thrift of their citizens.

The Equitable's report shows that more than 37% of its total reserves are now invested in the southern and western states, while only 35% of its total insurance is carried in these states. Its investments are distributed as follows: Ala., \$3,099,000; Ark., \$974,000; Cal., \$4,038,000; Fla., \$1,420,000; Ga., \$4,048,000; Idaho, \$5,197,000; Ill., \$12,617,000; Ind. Ter., \$443,000; Iud., \$8,838,000; Iowa, \$3,630,000; Kansas, \$11,637,000; Ky., \$2,631,000; La., \$3,054,000; Md., \$2,207,000; Mich., \$6,009,000; Minn., \$2,065,000; Miss., \$767,000; Mo., \$8,197,000; Mont., \$1,890,000; Neb., \$7,528,000; Nev., \$640,000; New Mex., \$1,376,000; N. C., \$1,649,000; N. D., \$27,000; Ore., \$1,153,000; Okla., \$1,006,000; Ohio, \$1,153,000; S. C., \$275,000; S. D., \$1,305,000; Tenn., \$1,309,000; Utah, \$2,134,000; Va., \$6,592,000; Wash., \$1,202,000; W. Va., \$5,523,000; Wis., \$3,342,000; Wyo., \$3,367,000.

Is the Sailor's Friend. Sixty thousand sailors look to H. A. Hanbury for advice and for protection. Mr. Hanbury is the United States shipping commissioner for the port of New York. He is the sailors' judge and jury. The men who sign on foreign craft now must appear before him for their papers instead of going to the consuls of the various countries. He decides all disputed questions between the men and their sailing masters. Many of the abuses of these men that formerly were common, such as compelling them to buy their outfits from the ship owners or captains, have been done away with under Mr. Hanbury's rule. His office is on the Battery park, New York, where he easily can reach all the ships leaving that port.

New Automatic Rifle. The self-loading or automatic musket is now being seriously considered as the infantry arm of the future. The equipment of the great armies of the world with an improved rifle is hardly completed when the mechanics begin work on a new weapon. At the recent examinations of the German War Academy the automatic rifle was one of the themes for discussion. The piece now on trial has a magazine holding ten cartridges; the recoil is utilized to load and cock. Consequently the soldier can remain quietly in position, never removing his eye from the target, and fire his ten shots.—New York Sun.

Some men are unable to distinguish between good advice and a mild insult.

COFFEE COMPLEXION.

Many Ladies Have Poor Complexions from Coffee.

"Coffee caused dark colored blotches on my face and body. I had been drinking it for a long while and these blotches gradually appeared, until finally they became permanent and were about as dark as coffee itself. "I formerly had as fine a complexion as one could ask for. "When I became convinced that coffee was the cause of my trouble, I changed and took to using Postum Food Coffee, and as I made it well, according to directions, I liked it very much, and have since that time used it in place of coffee. "I am thankful to say I am not nervous any more, as I was when I was drinking coffee, and my complexion is now as fair and good as it was years ago. It is very plain that coffee caused the trouble."

Most bad complexions are caused by some disturbance of the stomach and coffee is the greatest disturber of digestion known. Almost any woman can have a fair complexion if she will leave off coffee and use Postum Food Coffee and nutritious, healthy food in proper quantity. Postum furnishes certain elements from the natural grains from the field that Nature uses to rebuild the nervous system and when that is in good condition, one can depend upon a good complexion as well as a good healthy body. "There's a Reason." Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

NEBRASKA NEWS

BANKS OF THE STATE MAKE A SPLENDID SHOWING.

DEPOSITS ARE AT HIGH TIDE

A Material Increase, and Times Good—A General Resume of the Week's Important Happenings.

An increase of \$11,938,000 in deposits in state banks in the past year is the high water mark as shown by the report of the state banking board for the quarter ending May 25. It shows a total of \$65,302,409 in deposits and \$52,943,388 in loans. The reserve is 34 per cent, while the law requires only 15 per cent.

The increase in deposits since May 10, 1906, which is the nearest date available for comparison with a year ago, is \$11,938,000, while loans and discounts have grown \$8,548,000 in the same period. A growth of \$5 in the number of banks and \$769,000 in the amount of capital stock has been registered within the annum. There are now 602 state banks in Nebraska with a combined capital slightly in excess of \$10,000,000.

The best previous statements ever made by the Nebraska banks was on February 25, last. Since then the capital has increased by \$315,000, the deposits by \$1,700,000 and the loans by \$409,000.

In addition to the exhibit furnished by the foregoing figures, the good condition of the state banks is further indicated by the item of surplus, which runs a little over \$2,000,000.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Loans and discounts | \$52,943,388.00 |
| Overdrafts | 532,643.81 |
| Bonds, stocks, securities, etc. | 1,065,135.09 |
| Due from national, state and private banks and bankers | 18,743,995.13 |
| Banking house, furniture and fixtures | 1,933,979.61 |
| Other real estate | 192,344.63 |
| Current expenses and taxes paid | 580,028.72 |
| Premiums on U. S. and other bonds and securities | 6,090.42 |
| Other assets | 64,068.51 |
| Cash | 3,224,273.93 |
| Total | \$79,485,947.85 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Capital stock paid in | \$10,013,140.00 |
| Surplus fund | 2,000,255.79 |
| Undivided profits | 2,037,138.52 |
| Dividends unpaid | 5,198.04 |
| General deposits | 65,302,409.86 |
| Notes and bills redimpted | 21,648.14 |
| Bills payable | 106,157.50 |
| Total | \$79,485,947.85 |

Reserve 34 per cent
Legal requirement 15 per cent

Babe Found in Outhouse.

The other day the little son of John Muhl, residing in the eastern part of Grand Island, was about to go into an outhouse, he discovered a little infant. He ran into the house and frantically told about the discovery. Investigation by the parents substantiated the report of the boy. It was believed that the infant was dead. The chief of police was hastily summoned, and upon finding the little one made a closer inspection, ascertaining that the babe was alive and well and pulling away lustily at a nipple adjusted to a bottle. It was warmly blanketed, but was immediately taken into the house and cared for under the direction of the police until a home could be found for it. A woman's tracks led through the garden and it is apparent that the child was left there early in the morning. The officers have no clue so far, but expect soon to ascertain to whom the child really belongs.

Run Over by a Cultivator.

Olaf Windraw, a farmer living southeast of Silver Creek, was seriously injured in the cornfield. While he was hitching his team to a cultivator, the horses became frightened and ran away, breaking two of his ribs, badly injuring one of his lungs and running a cultivator shovel into his thigh.

Building at Bladen.

Bladen is to have a few more new brick buildings this year. L. E. Spencer has broken ground and commenced work on a new brick just north of the general store of J. Kropp. The building will be pushed along as rapidly as possible.

Died in Colorado.

Mrs. Esther E. Grimm, wife of Attorney J. H. Grimm of Wilber, died at Colorado Springs, where she went about a week ago with the hope of benefiting her health. She had been suffering from an ailment of asthmatic nature for some time. Mrs. Grimm came with her husband from Iowa to Saline county in 1876. A few years later they moved to Wilber, which has since been their home. She left a husband, three sons and three daughters.

Macaroni Plant for Alliance.

A milling plant for macaroni wheat is an enterprise that will probably be launched in Alliance in the near future. Mr. Emerson, from the south-eastern part of the state, was there the other day and has already interested Alliance business men to such an extent that \$6,000 worth of stock has been subscribed. It is proposed to build a mill at a cost of \$30,000. T. J. Majors of Peru will put in \$10,000, Mr. Emerson \$10,000 and the people of Alliance \$10,000.

HIS FOOT CUT OFF.

Harry Harpster Caught in a Dough Mixer.

Harry Harpster, a young baker employed at Gus Wessley's bakery at 123 South Eleventh street, Lincoln, accidentally caught his foot in the cogs of a dough mixer and it was severed from the leg just above the ankle. The machine was run by electricity and it was while he was trying to turn off the power preparatory to mixing his evening's batch of dough that his trousers became entangled in the cog wheels at the end of the mixer and drew his leg between them, cutting his foot off. A doctor was summoned at once and upon his arrival the young man was taken immediately to St. Elizabeth's hospital, where his leg was dressed.

Crop Prospects in Jefferson.

If the present weather continues, farmers expect the wheat harvest to begin in Jefferson county within a very few days. The prospects were never better for a big yield of wheat of good quality. John P. Thiessen, representative from that district, who lives at Jansen, says that most of the fields in his neighborhood, and in fact practically all the wheat he has examined, will run close to twenty-five bushels to the acre on an average. He does not consider the outlook for an oat crop very promising, but believes if the present conditions continue the corn yield will be big. Mr. Thiessen is considered an authority on agricultural prospects in this neighborhood.

Alliance Times Celebrates.

The Semi-Weekly Times was twenty years old last week and Editor H. J. Ellis gave considerable space to the history of the paper as well as Alliance. The Times is the oldest paper in the county, having been county seat of Box Butte county, by Harry B. Feiz, the outfit having been freighted across the country from Hay Springs. The coming of the Burlington made it apparent that Nonpartisan would never have a railroad and the Times was moved to Grand Lake, which was a temporary town just east of the present town of Alliance. The present editor became connected with the paper in 1888 as foreman and associate editor and in 1902, when the big fire changed the map of Alliance, he became sole owner.

Bad Fire at Fremont.

By a fire at Fremont the "annex" to Gumpert's department store, consisting of the bake shops and storage rooms, was damaged to the extent of \$5,000. Mr. Gumpert had just unloaded two carloads of sugar into the warehouse. There were six hundred sacks of the product in the building, immediately under the roof, where the fire raged hottest. All of the sugar was damaged, entailing a loss alone of nearly \$3,000.

Thinks Line Will Be Built.

Hon. A. A. Kearney of Stanton was in Columbus recently and said that preliminaries with reference to the newly projected line of railway from Yankton to Galveston have progressed sufficiently so that it may be stated with reasonable certainty the road will be built. The route has been thoroughly canvassed and investigated and the people along the line have exhibited great interest.

Alleged Burglars Sentenced.

D. M. Morgan and George Conroy, who, after separate trials, were found guilty of burglariously entering the farm home of Meyer Hansen near Friend and stealing a quantity of wearing apparel and other articles while the family were at church, were sentenced by Judge Hurd at Wilber to three years each at hard labor in the penitentiary.

Bad Storm at Geneva.

Reports of the storm near Geneva are coming in slowly on account of the crippled condition of the telephone lines. Scores of windmills were wrecked and small buildings turned over. Many larger buildings were moved off foundations. The wind did some damage to crops in the north-eastern part of Fillmore county.

All Tickets Sold.

It has been announced that the management of the Wahoo Chautauqua which will begin July 9 had sold all the season tickets guaranteed by the Commercial club of Wahoo and that every detail was being looked after to make the program a success.

Costly Blaze in Print Shop.

A fire in the Daily Press office, Nebraska City, injured the plant to the extent of \$1,200. It was covered by insurance. The paper had just been sold by E. A. Brown, for years the owner, but possession had not been turned over.

Sturdevant Appointed.

Branley E. Sturdevant has been appointed register of the land office at O'Neill. Mr. Sturdevant lives at Atkinson, near O'Neill. The appointment comes through the recommendation of Senators Burkett and Brown. The office is a senatorial appointment, but owing to the fact that Congressman Kindred lives in that part of the country, the senators extended him the invitation to name the next man to be recommended, with the result that Mr. Sturdevant's name was sent in.

Bubbles in a Blaze.

The automobile barn of J. A. Mastin at Auburn burned and two automobiles were consumed. One was a new machine valued at \$2,000, while the other was an old one. The old machine had been run during the evening by some of the boys of the family and it is thought was not properly taken care of when stored away in the barn, and that the building caught fire from the automobile. Five barrels of gasoline were in the building when the fire was discovered, but were not ignited.

CALLED JUDGMENT OF GOD.

Thief's Death at Hands of Child Whose Parents He Had Robbed.

The New York Sunday World's correspondent in Budapest sends the following account of a recent tragedy in the village of Kaposvar, Hungary. James Verga, a stock farmer, sold some oxen for 900 crowns and concealed the money in his house. Forenez Gal, a neighbor of the village, knew of this transaction and determined to get the money. He watched the house until he saw Verga and his wife leave it. Then he entered and had no difficulty in finding the money, which he pocketed.

As he was about to leave he noticed sitting in a corner, staring silently and intently at him, the Vargas six-year-old daughter. Realizing that she had watched his theft, he determined to get rid of this witness against him. He threw a rope over a beam in the ceiling and tied a noose in one end of it. Picking up the little girl, he tried to persuade her to put her head into the noose, saying it was a nice game.

"How?" she asked, the robber, laughing.

Gal put down the little girl, drew up a chair, stood upon it and put his head through the noose.

"Like this," he said, again laughing, as if it was all a game he was playing with the girl.

The child pulled the chair away suddenly; the robber fell, his neck in the noose and was strangled to death. The child watched her victim's death struggles until they ceased, then went outside to await for her parents. When they returned she took them to the room where the dead thief still dangled and told them in great glee what had taken place. The 900 crowns were found in the pockets of the robber and the six-year-old child is now the heroine of the village, where the event is called a "judgment of God."

New Orleans Cities of the Dead.

New Orleans has several miniature cities within its boundaries, and they are the cities of the dead," said Louis W. Le Blanc of the Crescent City. "I mean," he explained, "that every cemetery in New Orleans is a miniature city. They are built above the ground and laid out in streets, just as the larger city. Every tomb is of marble and some of the tombs are miniature. In them are buried many men who won fame under the dominion of Spain and France. In them, too, are to be found inscriptions that tell of sweet Creole romances, such as that of Jeanne Laclede, the popular singer of nearly a century ago, who died of a broken heart. Certain days are set apart, according to the old French Catholic custom for visiting these miniature cities, and on these days they are crowded all day long. As they were built so long ago they are now in the center of the city and at night low weird indeed. Long ago it was found necessary to build the cemeteries above the ground, because of the fact that the city itself is below the level of the Mississippi river."

Common Nest for Cat and Hen.

Bowdoinham cats are noted for their sagacity, but it remains for the intelligent feline owned by Mrs. Samuel Donnell of that town to cap the climax. "Our cat has taken a strange place to rear her last kittens," Mrs. Donnell told the Journal Friday. "Her children were born in a hen's nest and ever since she has persisted in keeping them there. The queer part of it is the philosophical way in which the hen goes to take the matter. "When she wants to lay an egg she pecks at the kittens, who are too small to resent it, and if the mother is near she pushes them gently from the nest. Just as soon as the hen has laid her egg the cat grabs the kittens and puffs them in the nest again and it is no unusual thing for the cat, kittens, eggs and hen to be all together in one glorious mixup."—Kennebec Journal.

Baby's Share of Blame.

She had been fitted for two gowns, the total cost of which was nearly \$600. "Now," she said to the saleswoman, "I want you to do me a favor." "Certainly," was the prompt response. The customer colored deeply. "I want you to make out the bill partly for gowns for me and partly for baby dresses and a baby's cloak." The saleswoman was used to the whims of fashionable women, but this was something she was a little slow in comprehending. The customer explained.

"You see," she said, "my husband is very fond of our baby, and if he sees that the bill is partly for dresses for her—well, he won't mind so much."

The Chameleon Goshawk.

I know no bird which passes through so many changes of plumage and color of eyes as the goshawk. A young one which I have mounted is about the size of a small hen and is covered with white down; his eyes are pale blue. I colored the eyes exactly from life. When fully grown, the first plumage is dark brown above, and the eyes are pale yellow. No one would be likely to suspect this being a goshawk who had seen only adult birds. Later it changes to the dark slaty blue of the adult, and the eye, after passing through all the intermediate changes in color from slaty yellow, orange yellow and pink, finally assumes the deep rich red of the adult. I know no other hawk (adds Manly Hardy, writing in Forest and Stream) so handsome as the goshawk.

Variety in Mountain Ranges.

The mountain ranges of Europe lie east and west, and those of America north and south.

Good Rule for All Investors.

The small investor must keep a sharp lookout on every detail concerning his real estate holdings.—Boston Globe.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE.

STARTED "NATURE FAKE" CRUSADE



John Burroughs, poet, naturalist and scientist, is America's grand old man among nature lovers. He has spent a long lifetime in woods and fields and every wild creature, animal, bird and insect, has found in him a friend. It was John Burroughs who first protested against the "nature fakes" of Rev. W. J. Long and other "naturalists." Long replied vigorously to the charges, so vigorously as to arouse the ire of Burroughs' intimate friend, Theodore Roosevelt, and draw down upon himself the denunciation of the president of the United States.

When President Roosevelt announced that he would take a vacation trip to Yellowstone park, a great news agency sent broadcast the news that the president had chosen Mr. Burroughs as a field comrade in order that the writer-scientist might teach him the ways of the wild animal folk of the Rockies. "That was rich," said John Burroughs, "Mr. Roosevelt knows more of the natural history of the west than four John Burroughses rolled into one. He will teach me, I trust. He certainly is capable."

John Burroughs is a poet, though the greater part of his writings is in prose. His prose has in it the very essence of poetry at all times save when the poet forsakes poetic thought and takes up the ever severe science. Mr. Burroughs is an exact scientist. Can turn from a scientific analysis which involves the splitting of a hair, or a feather, or a leaf, and the making of the layman's head to swim with Latin terms, to pen something like this on the beauty of the marsh marigold: "Like fixed and heaped up sunshine there beneath the alders, or beyond in the freshening fields." He can tell the mystic in terms to his liking the pitch and compass of a bird's song. John Burroughs lives in a beautiful country home in West Park, N. Y. In a secluded corner of his large estate is a cottage, "Slabside," which he built himself. Here he spends his summers, hearing the songs of the birds and catching the voice of nature in the sigh of the wind in the trees.

DEMOCRATIC "DARK HORSE"

Jacob McGavock Dickinson, who is being enthusiastically boomed by the Iroquois Democratic club of Chicago for the Democratic nomination for president in opposition to William J. Bryan, fits the description given by Col. Henry Waterson, of Louisville, of the "dark horse" which he claims can unite the Democracy and win the victory.

Mr. Dickinson's first claim on the presidency, in Col. Waterson's list of requirements, is his handsome mustache. Next, he lives in that charmed territory, "north of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi." The thousands of voters who have never before heard of Mr. Dickinson will agree with the Kentucky colonel that he has not taken such a prominent part in political affairs as to antagonize any Democratic faction. Mr. Dickinson was born in Mississippi and graduated from the University of Tennessee. He should therefore be acceptable to southerners. As general counsel for the Illinois Central railroad, the conservatives can find no fault with him.

The only chance for defeat, according to "Marse Henry" lies in his proviso that Mr. Bryan must support the "dark horse." Mr. Dickinson's friends are anxiously awaiting word as to how the Nebraskan regards the Chicago lawyer's candidacy.

Mr. Dickinson, while not classed as an orator, is a convincing speaker. He was conspicuous in 1903 as counsel for the United States before the tribunal that settled the Alaskan boundary question. By special commission he served for several terms on the supreme bench of Tennessee and in 1895-7 he was assistant attorney-general of the United States.

UPLIFTER OF HUMANITY

Prof. Felix Adler is the founder, head and dominating figure in the society for ethical culture and a world leader in the movement for the betterment of the conditions of the poor. Society owes much to this wonderfully gifted man, and men of all creeds and races subscribe to many of his ethical doctrines, although none may know what are his religious beliefs.

As to whether he believes in the immortality of the soul, if man has a soul, no one knows, because Prof. Adler concerns himself alone with improving the moral and physical living conditions of his fellow-men, and in his lectures and writings strives to show them the way of being better citizens without reference to the creeds or dogmas to which they may subscribe. Prof. Adler lectures at Columbia university on political and social ethics and he writes much on the same subjects. As a lecturer he has been widely heard from the platform throughout this country and abroad. No one has done more toward the elimination of the abuses of child labor in the factories of the United States than Prof. Adler, and when the national child labor committee was organized a few years ago he was made chairman of it. Prof. Adler is now in his fifty-sixth year, having been born in Alzey, Germany, August 13, 1851, the son of Rabbi Samuel Adler. Members of the synagogue over which his father presided raised a fund of \$10,000 for the purpose of educating Felix at the best European universities, with the object of taking his father's place in the synagogue, but when the young man returned to his home he announced that he could not reconcile his views with any recognized religion, and he came to this country, where he began lecturing and writing on ethical culture, earned and paid back the \$10,000 it had cost the congregation of the synagogue to educate him, and continued to pursue his own way.

That way has proven so successful and beneficial to his fellow citizens of this country that Columbia college was proud to offer him a lectureship, and now many eminent citizens, Jews and Christians alike, gratefully acknowledge the value of his services to the uplift of humanity.

TO PROBE PANAMA FOODS

Miss Gertrude Beeks, secretary of the welfare department of the Civic Federation, has gone to Panama to investigate the housing, food and amusements of the laborers in the canal zone. This is regarded as being one of the most important commissions ever awarded to a woman by the government. Secretary Taft gave her the appointment, and the errand has the sanction and support of President Roosevelt.

While this is the first important federal commission which Miss Beeks has had, she has traveled from one end of the country to the other in the interest of welfare work. Last fall she took up the question of child labor in southern cotton mills, and as a result her investigations formed the basis of the main topic for discussion at the annual meeting of the National Civic Federation recently held in New York. "Welfare Work for Government Employees" is the latest department in the work of the Civic Federation, and for this purpose a national committee, of which Secretary Taft is chairman, has just been created. John C. W. Beckham, governor of Kentucky, is first vice chairman; George W. Guttridge, mayor of Pittsburg, second vice chairman; William R. Wilcox, postmaster of New York, third vice chairman, and Miss Beeks secretary.

TOO MUCH OF A GOOD THING.

Steady Diet of Salmon Palled on Popular Novelist. "I remember coming down one morning in the Highlands, and seeing on the table only a huge salmon and a pot of mustard. "Is there nothing else for breakfast?" I asked my host. "Nothing else," cried he. "Why, there's salmon enough there for a dozen." "I know," said I; "but I don't like salmon." "Well, then," said he, "pitch into the mustard." When Traveling. There is no question but that the simplest traveling costume is the better. Indeed it is hard to get a smarter model than the severe fitted, three-quarter tailor coat with full skirt just clearing the ground.

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST
BY HARRY LEON WILSON

CHAPTER XXXV.—Continued.

He was still uneasy, hesitating, fearful; but he saw interest here and there in the faces before him. Even Brigham, though usually a speaker, was looking mildly curious.

"You remember the revelation that came to Joseph in an early day when there was trouble in raising money to print the Book of Mormon.—Some revelations are from God, some from man, and some from the Devil." Recalling the many chastenings God has put upon us, may we not have failed to test all our other revelations by this one?

"Deep within he was angry at himself, for he was not speaking with words of fire as he had meant to; he was feeling a shameful cowardice. In the presence of the Prophet, he had seen himself once more the Lute of the Holy Ghost, strong and moving; but now he was a poor, low-spoken, hesitating rambler. Nervously he went on, skirting about the edge of his truth as long as he dared, but feeling at last that he must plunge into its icy depths.

"In short, brethren, the Book of Mormon denounces and forbids our plural marriages."

Even this astounding declaration he made without warmth, in tones so low that many did not hear him. Those on the platform heard, however, and began to view his obvious physical weakness in a new light. Yet he continued, gaining a little in force.

"The declarations on the subject in the Book of Mormon are so worded that we cannot fail to read them as denouncing and forbidding the practice of the Old Testament patriarchs in this matter of the family life."

In rapid succession he cited the passages to which he referred, those concerning David and Solomon and Noah and Ripkallah, who "did not do that which was right in the sight of the Lord, for he did have many wives."

There were murmurings and rustlings among the people now, and on his right he heard Brigham stirring ominously in his chair; but he nerved himself to keep on his feet, feeling he had that to say which should make them hail him as a new prophet when they understood.

"But besides these warnings against the sin there are many early revelations to Joseph himself condemning it."

He cited several of these, feeling the amazement and the airm grow about him.

"And now against these plain words, given at many times in many places, written on the golden plates in letters that cannot be or brought to Joseph by the angel of the Lord, we have only the one revelation on celestial marriage. Read it now in the light of these other revelations and see if it does not too plainly convict itself of having been counterfeited to Joseph by an evil spirit. Such, brethren, has been the revelation that the Lord has given to me again and again until it burns within me, and I must cry it out to you. Try to receive it from me."

There was commotion among the people in front, chairs were moved at his side, and a low voice called to him to sit down. He heard this voice through the ringing that had been in his ears for many days. Like the beating of a sea against him, and he felt the strength go suddenly from his knees.

He stumbled weakly back to his chair and sank into it with head bowed, feeling, rather than seeing, the figure of Brigham rise from his seat and step forward with deliberate, unruffled majesty.

As the Prophet faced his people they became quite silent, so that the robin's caque could be heard in the Pittfegrow peach trees across the street. He poured a glass of water from the pitcher on the table, and drank it slowly.

Then, leaning a little forward, resting both his big cushiony hands on the green of the table, the Lion of the Lord began to roar—very softly at first. Slowly the words came, in tones scarce audible, marked indeed almost by the hesitation of the first speaker. But then a difference showed; gradually the tone increased in volume, the words came faster, fluency succeeding hesitation, and now his voice was high and searching, while his easy, masterful gestures laid their old spell upon the people.

"It does not occupy my feelings to curse any individual," he had begun, awkwardly; "in fact, I feel to render all thanks and praise for the discourse to which we have just listened, but I couldn't help saying to myself, 'Oh, dear, Granny! what a long tall our puss has got!'"

An uneasy titter came from the packed square of faces in front of him. He went on with rising power:

"But it is foretold in the Book of Mormon that the Lord will remove the bitter branches, and it's a good thing to find out where the bitter branches are. We can remove them ourselves. We can't expect the Lord to do all our dirty work. Now hear if once more, you that need to hear it—

"And damn all such poor pussiness as smiles and whines and rejects it! We don't want that scrubby brood here!—Listen, I say. The celestial order of marriage is necessary for our exaltation to the fulness of the Lord's glory in the world eternal! Where much is given much is required. Understand me,—those that reject polygamy will be damned. Hear it now once for all. I will give you to know that God, our Father, has many wives, and so has Jesus Christ, our Elder Brother. Our God and Father in heaven is a being of tabernacle, or, in other words, He has a body of parts the same as you and I have. And that God and Father of ours was Adam."

Again there was a stirring below as if a wind swept the people, and the little man in his chair, cowered for shame of himself, had reached to a seat that he had thrilled to strongly with it. It had promised to master others as if had mastered him, and now he was shamed by the one true Lion of the Lord.

"Hear it now," continued Brigham. "When God, our Father Adam, came into the garden of Eden, he came into it with a celestial body, and brought one of his wives with him.—Eve. He made and organized this world. He is Michael, the Archangel, the Ancient of Days, about whom holy men have written and spoken. He is our Father and our God, and the only God with whom we have to do. I could tell you much more about this; but were I to tell you the whole truth, blasphemy would be nothing to it. In the estimation of the superstitious and over-righteous of mankind. But I will tell you this, that Jesus, our Elder Brother, was begotten in the flesh by the same character that was in the garden of Eden, and who is our Father in Heaven."

"He turned and went to his seat with a last threatening gesture, amid many little sounds of people relaxing from strained positions."

But then, before another could arise, a wonder came upon them. The little man stood up and came quickly forward, a strange new life in his step, a new confidence in his bearing, a curious glow of new strength in his face. Even his stoop had straightened for the moment. For, as he had listened

to Brigham's last words, the picture of his vision in the desert had come back,—the cross in the sky, the crucified Savior upon it, the head in death-ganglions fallen over upon the shoulder. And then before his eyes had come page after page of the New Testament with a wash of blood across two of them. He felt the new life he had prayed for pouring into his veins, and with it a fierce anger. The one on the cross who had been more than man, who had sacrificed and loved infinitely, was not thus to be assailed. A panorama of wrong—wrong thinking and wrong doing—extended before his clearing gaze. For once he seemed to see truth in a vision and to feel the power to utter it.

There was silence again as he stood in front of the little table, the faces before him frozen into wonder that he should have either the power of the temerity to answer Brigham. He spoke, and his voice was again rough with force, and high and fearless, a voice many of them recalled from the days when he had not been weak.

"Now I see what we have done. Listen, brethren, for God has not before so plainly said it to any man, and I know my time is short among you. We have gone back to the ages of Hebrew barbarism for our God—to the God of Battles worshipped by a heathen people—a God who loved the reek of blood and the smell of burning flesh. But you shall not—"

He turned squarely and fiercely to the face of Brigham.

"You shall not confuse that bloody God of Battles with the true Christ, nor yet with the true God of Love that the Christ came to tell us of. Once I believed in Him. I was taught to by your preta. War seemed a righteous thing, for we had been grievously put upon, and I believed the God of Israel should avenge our wrongs as He had avenged those of His older Zion. And hear me now—so long as I believed this, I was no coward; while you, sir—"

A long forefinger was pointed straight at the amazed Brigham.

"While you, sir, were a craven, contemptible in your cowardice. I would have fought in Echo canyon to the end, because I believed. But you did not believe, and so you were afraid to fight. And for your cowardice and your wretched lusts your name among all but your ignorant dupes shall become a hissing and a scorn. For mark it well, unless you forsake that heathen God of Battles and preach the divine Christ of the New Testament, you shall come to hold only the ignorant, and them only by keeping them ignorant."

The commotion among the people in front was now all but a panic. On the platform the sires of Israel whispered one to another, while Brigham gazed as if fascinated, driven to admiration for the speaker's power and audacity. For the feverish, fleeting moment, Joel Rae was that veritable Lion of

the Lord he had prayed to be putting upon the people his spell of the old days. Heads were again strained up and forward, and, amazed, horror was on most of the faces. Far back, Prudence trembled, feeling that she must be away at once, until she felt the firm grasp of Follett's hand. The speaker went on, having turned again to the front.

"Instead of a church you shall become a justly hated and despised as a people, who foul their homes and dishonor beyond forgiveness the names of wife and mother. Then your punishment shall come upon you as it has already come for this and for other sins. Even now the Gentile is upon us, and mark, this truth that God has but now given me to know: we have never been persecuted as a church, but always as a political body hostile to the government of this nation. Even so, you had no faith. Believing as I believed, I would have fought that nation and died a thousand bloody deaths rather than submit. But you had no faith, and you were so low that you let yourselves be ruled by a coward—and I tell you God hates a coward."

He stopped, waiting as if he were not done, but the spell was broken. The life, indeed, had in the later moments been slowly dying from his words; and, as they lost their fire, scattered voices of protest had been heard; then voices in warning from behind him, and the sound of two or three rising and pushing back their chairs.

The little bent man tried again to smile, hoping for a friendly glance, perhaps a hand-clasp without words from some one of them. Seeing that he was shunned, he stepped down off the platform at the side, twisting his hat in his long, thin hands in embarrassment. A moment he stood so, turning to look back at the group of priests and Elders around the Prophet, seeking for any sign, even for a glance that should be not unkind. The little man smiled still lighter his face, but no friendly look came from the others. Seeing only the backs turned toward him, he at length straightened out his crumpled hat, still smiling, and slowly put it on his head; as he turned away, he pulled the hat farther over his eyes, and then he was off along the dusty street, looking to neither side, still with the little smile that made his face gentle.

But when he had come to the end of the street and was on the road up the hill, the smile died. He seemed all at once to shrink and stoop and fade,—no longer a Lion of the Lord, but a poor, white-faced, horrified little man who had meant in his heart to give a great revelation, and who had succeeded only in uttering blasphemy to the very face of God's prophet.

From below, the little groups of excited people along the street looked up and saw his thin, bent figure alone in the fading sunlight, tolling resolutely upward.

Other groups back in the square talked among themselves, not a few in whispers. A listener among them might have heard such expressions as, "He'll be blood-atoned sure!"—"They'll make a breach upon him!"—"They'll accomplish his deace!"—"He'll be sent over the rim of the basin right quick!" One indignant Saint, with a talent for euphemism, was heard to say, "Brigham will have his spirit disembodied!"

To the priests and Elders on the platform Elder Wardle was saying, "The trouble with him was he was alone, led the horses to the spring below. It was almost gone now, only the feeblest trickle of a rivulet remaining. The once green meadows had behaved, indeed, as if a curse were put upon them. Hardly had grass grown or water run through it since the day that Israel wrought here. When he had tied the horses he heard Prudence calling him."

"I'm afraid he's delirious," she said, when he reached her side. "He keeps hearing cries and shots, and sees a woman's hair waving before him, and he's afraid of something back of him. What can we do?"

At the foot of the cross the little man was again sounding his endless prayer.

"Bow me, bend me, break me, for I have been soul-proud. Burn me out—"

"He knelt by his side, trying to soothe him."

"Father—it's all right—it's Prudence. But at her name he uttered a cry with such terror in it that she shuddered and was still. Then he began to mutter incoherently, and she heard her own name repeated many times."

"If that awful beating would only stop," she said to Follett, who had only brought water in the curled brim of his hat. She tried to have the little man drink. He swallowed some of the water from the hat brim, shivering as he did so.

"We ought to have a fire," she said. Follett began to gather twigs and sage brush, and presently had a blaze in front of them.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

CHAPTER XXXVI.

The Little Bent Man at the Foot of the Cross.

It was dusk when they rode down the hill together. They followed the

What She Asked Him

They were sitting close together in the gathering twilight, so close together that she tickled his cheek with her eyelashes.

"And do you really love me?" she whispered, while her heart stood still to await his answer.

"I do," he averred. He had returned the same reply about 3,000 times during the previous two years, so it was probable he had come to believe it.

"Do you love me truly?" "Truly, dear."

"More than you do now?" "Yes, sweetheart."

"Oh, you false brute!" she sobbed. "I knew you couldn't love me much now else how could you love me more when we're married? Oh, it's cruel, cruel!"

"But darling—" he urged. But she would not have any buts. She went straight away and left him, without saying good night, and it cost him two boxes of chocolates and a new gold charm for her chain before she would allow him to apologize and admit he was in the wrong.

Poor Man.

She knew not her first husband's worth. In fact, she used to doubt it. But now she doesn't; in fact, she tells all about it.—Houston Post.

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST
BY HARRY LEON WILSON

CHAPTER XXXVI.—Continued.

In the light of the fire the little man could see their faces, and he became suddenly coherent, smiling at them in the old way.

"Why have you come so far in the night?" he asked Prudence, taking one of her cool hands between his own that burned.

"But, you poor little father! Why have you come, when you should be home in bed? You are burning with fever."

"Yes, yes, dear, but it's over now. This is the end, I came here—to be here—I came to say my last prayer in the night. And they will come to find me here. You must go before they come."

"Who will find you?"

"They from the church. I didn't mean to do it, but when I was on my feet something forced it out of me. I knew what they would do, but I was ready to die, and I hoped I could awaken some of them."

"But no one shall hurt you."

"Don't tempt me to stay any longer, dear, even if they would let me. Oh, you don't know, you don't know—and that devil's drumming over there to madden me as on that other night. But it's just—my God, how just."

"Come away, then. Ruel will find your horse, and we'll ride home."

"It's too late—don't ask me to leave my bell now. It would only follow me. It was this way that night—the night before—the beating got into my blood and hammered on my brain till I didn't know. Prudence, I must tell you—everything—"

He glanced at Follett appealingly, as he had looked at the others when he left the platform that day, beseeching some expressions of friendliness.

"Yes, I must tell you—everything." But his face lighted as Follett interrupted him.

"You tell her," said Follett, doggedly, "how you saved her that day and kept her like your own and brought her up to be a good woman—that's what you tell her." The gratitude in the little man's eyes had grown with each word.

"Yes, yes, dear, I have loved you like my own little child, but your father and mother were killed here that day—and I found you and loved you—such a dear, forlorn little girl—will you hate me now?" he broke off anxiously. She had both his hands in her own.

"But why, how could I hate you? You are my dear little sorry father—all I've known. I shall always love you."

"That will be good to take with me," he said, smiling again. "It's all I've got to take—it's all I've had since the day I found you. You are good," he said, turning to Follett.

"Oh, shucks!" answered Follett. A smile of rare contentment played over the little man's face.

In the silence that followed, the funeral drum came booming in upon them over the ridge, and once they saw an Indian from the encampment standing on top of the hill to look down at their fire. Then the little man spoke again.

"You will go with him," he said to Prudence. "He will take you out of here and back to your mother's people."

"She's going to marry me," said Follett. The little man smiled at this.

"It is right—the Gentile has come to take you away. The Lord is cupping in His vengeance. I felt it must be so when I saw you together."

After this he was so quiet for a time that they thought he was sleeping. But presently he grew restless again, and said to Follett:

"I want you to have me buried here. Up there to the north, 300 yards from here on the right, is a dwarf cedar standing alone. Straight over the ridge from that and half-way down the other side is another cedar growing at the foot of a ledge. Below that ledge is a grave. There are stones piled flat, and a cross cut in the one toward the cedar. Make a grave beside that one, and put me in it—just as I am. Remember that—unconfined. It must be that way, remember. There's a little book here in this pocket. Let it stay with me—but surely unconfined, remember, as—as the rest of the fire were."

"But, father, why talk so? You are going home with us."

"There, dear, it's all right, and you'll feel kind about me always when you remember me?"

"Don't—don't talk so."

"If that beating would only stay out of my brain—the thing is crawling behind me again! Oh, no, not yet—not yet! Say this with me, dear: 'The Lord is my Shepherd; I shall not want.'"

"He'd like it, and it's what we want—all simple," he said.

In the light of the fire they stood with hands joined, and the little man, too, got to his feet, helping himself up by the cairn against which he had been leaning.

Then, with the uncaring beats of the funeral drum in their ears, he made them man and wife.

"Do you, Ruel, take Prudence by the right hand to receive her unto yourself to be your lawful and wedded wife, and you to be her lawful and wedded husband for time and eternity—"

Thus far he had followed the formula of his church, but now he departed from it with something like defiance coming up in his voice.

"—with a covenant and promise on your part that you will cleave to her

ments; 'but their blood is not upon you.' Then after a little: 'See, it is a prophying light over there. Now they will soon be here. They will know where I had to come, and they will have a spade.' He seemed to be fainting in his last weakness.

Another hour they sat silently beside him. Slowly the dark over the eastern hill lightened to a gray. Then the gray paled until a flush of pink was there, and they could see about them in the chill of the morning.

Then came a silence that startled them all. The drum had stopped and the night-long vibrations ceased from their ears.

They looked toward the little man with relief, for the drumming had tortured him. But his breathing was shallow and irregular now, and from time to time they could hear a rattle in his throat. His eyes, when he opened them, were looking far off.

He was turning restlessly and muttering again. She took his hands and found them cold and moist.

"His fever must have broken," she said, hopefully. The little man opened his eyes to look up at her, and spoke though absent, and not as if he saw her.

"They will have a spade with them when they come, never fear. And the spot must not be forgotten—300 yards north of the dwarf cedar, then straight over the ridge, and half-way down, to the other cedar below the sandstone—and unconfined, with the book here in this pocket where I have it. 'Thou preparest a table before me in the presence of mine enemies: 'Thou anointest my head with oil; my cup

and to none other, so help you God, taking never another, wife in spite of promise or threat of any priesthood whatsoever, cleaving unto her and her alone with singleness of heart!'"

He started up in terror of something that seemed to be behind him, but fell back, and a moment later was rambling off through some sermon of the bygone year.

Slowly, then, the little man faded—the wistful light of it dying for the last time. The tired head fell suddenly back and the wan lips closed over lifeless eyes.

From the look of rest on the still face it was as if, in his years of service and sacrifice, the little man had learned how to forgive his own sin in the flash of those last heart-beats when his soul had rushed out to welcome Death.

Prudence had arisen before the end came. Follett was glad she did not see the eyes glaze nor the head drop. Then he sprang quickly up and put his arm about Prudence.

"Come, sit here close by the fire, dear—now, around this side. It's all over now."

"Oh! Oh! My poor, sorry little father—he was so good to me!" She threw herself on the ground, sobbing.

Follett spread a saddle blanket over the huddled figure at the foot of the cross. Then he went back to take her in his arms and give her such comfort as he could.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Few Women Faint Nowadays

Sex much More Robust Than It Was a Few Years Ago.

Athletics and a more sane system of living have put an end to fainting by women. That is the opinion of an eminent physician who, as a young man, used to visit a score of "fainting ladies," as he laughingly puts it, each day.

"Not many years ago it was the fashion for a woman to scream and drop down into a dead faint at the least provocation," said the doctor, "but now women are ashamed to faint. It is too kitchensh. All women want to appear strong even if they are naturally weak. And as a sex they are considerably more robust and more fascinating than they were a few years back."

The reason for it is that woman go in for more outdoor life and recreation than did their mothers or their grandmothers. They may partake of more highly seasoned food and eat more than is good for them at times, but they lead a more athletic life and for that reason do not have to faint, legitimately or otherwise, no matter what the shock may be. We are going to have a stronger race in consequence. For every woman who faints over a sudden shock there are scores who are satisfied to scream and let it go at that. Fainting women are exceptions these days."

The Ord Quiz

W. W. BASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. O. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, NEBRASKA.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, if paid in reasonable time, \$1.50
If unpaid year after year, \$2.

Advertising Rates.

| | Wk | Mo | Year |
|-----------------------------|-----|------|--------|
| Less than 5 inches per inch | .25 | .75 | \$1.00 |
| 5 to 10 inches per inch | .30 | .90 | \$1.20 |
| 11 to 15 inches per inch | .35 | 1.05 | \$1.40 |
| 16 to 20 inches per inch | .40 | 1.20 | \$1.60 |
| 21 to 25 inches per inch | .45 | 1.35 | \$1.80 |
| 26 to 30 inches per inch | .50 | 1.50 | \$2.00 |

A month is four insertions.
Want locals 5 cents a line.
Regular Locals 10 cents a line.
Black locals 15 cents a line.

Subscriptions may begin or end at any time.
Notice to stop this paper will be promptly obeyed. All subscriptions are received with the express understanding that the subscription may continue until the subscriber notifies the publisher of his desire to terminate the subscription.

A Wide-Open Chautauqua.
At a small meeting of Chautauqua promoters last Friday night the question of allowing the stands to sell their wares on Sunday was brought up and the majority favored a wide-open day.

This action of the meeting came as a pretty hard jolt to the public when it was known. The general opinion had prevailed, and with good reason, that of course the common respect of the Sabbath would be observed by an organization of a public nature and especially by one sailing under the name of Chautauqua.

Some of those who were active in the support have suddenly lost interest.

This action of the management seems to us to be very unwise. No possible gain is to be had by reason of it. Surely no one is going to the chautauqua for the purpose of buying a sack of peanuts or a glass of lemonade. If that is all they want they can get them cheaper without attending the chautauqua. On the other hand the management has alienated from the society some of its most active support.

But there are graver and weightier objections to the wide-open policy than that of expediency.

In the first place it is a plain violation of the laws of the state to run such things on Sunday. The management by its action places its sanction on the violation of the law.

In the second place the moral sentiment of the community is against a wide-open Sunday. While the public sense of morality might not make vigorous protest when a man opens his own store on Sunday, the same sentiment will make itself hard when the parties themselves are made a party to Sunday desecration. There is a marked difference between the two forms. When a man opens his own store no one is held in any way responsible for it, but himself, but when a public institution in which we all have a voice and vote and for which we are all jointly responsible does the same there is abundant reason for a public protest.

In the third place it is an outrage to name an institution of this kind a chautauqua and then prostitute it to Sunday desecration. Were the thing called a picnic, a street fair or a resort it would be by no means so insulting as to run in an immoral practice under the great name and reputation of chautauqua.

To these observations might be added the fact that such a course was not demanded by any exigency of the case nor by anyone seeking a concession. To adopt a Sunday opening policy was, therefore, uncalled for and wholly unnecessary.

Another meeting of these interested in the Chautauqua will be held Friday night. If you have any concern in the matter come out to that meeting and vote, or else forever after hold your peace. Anyone interested in the chautauqua is entitled to a vote.

Notice to the Public.

I now have my new office and hospital building completed and equipped, and I will be pleased to have everybody call and look it over. Respectfully,
Dr. R. A. Billings.

CHAUTAQUA Tickets FREE

From now until JULY 14

We will give away ABSOLUTELY FREE

A \$2.00 Season Ticket to any one buying from us at one time \$20.00 worth of goods—groceries excepted.

A \$1.25 Children's Season ticket to any one buying from us at one time \$12.50 worth of goods—groceries excepted.

This Chautauqua Assembly is going to be a great treat and you will surely want to take it in. Now here is your chance to see and hear it all without it costing you a cent. You buy the Goods just as cheap and get the tickets extra as the price of them comes out of us—not you. Of course this reduces our profits but we want to do all we can to make this, Ord's first Chautauqua a grand big success. Now in order to stimulate buying at this time we are holding

"CLEAN-UP" AND "CLEARING" SALES

in several departments. We find we have too many Goods in some lines and some short lots and odds and ends in other lines and we take these Goods and put prices on them that moves them quickly. Here are some of them. Read this and then come in and look them over. If you can use the Goods at all we know you will buy as they are bargains in every sense of the word.

| | | | |
|--|--|--|---|
| <p>Wool Dress Goods About 200 yards, regular prices 78 cents to \$1.50 a yard. You can buy them for just one-half price.</p> | <p>Dress Skirts About thirty in this lot, different colors and sizes. All seasonable ready to put on and wear right now. You can buy them for ONE-THIRD LESS than they are marked.</p> | <p>Men's Dress Shirts About 50 in this lot. Come in sizes 14 to 17. Regular prices 50 cents to 75 cents. You can have these for 39 cents.</p> | <p>Make our Store your headquarters while attending the Chautauqua. Come right in and make yourself at home</p> |
| <p>Sum'er Wash Dress Goods About 200 yards ranging in price from 18 cents to 60 cents a yard and you can now buy them for one-half the price.</p> | <p>Men's Shirts About thirty-six regular \$1 values to clean up now at 68 cents. If you buy now you save 32 cents.</p> | <p>Men's Hats About 40 in this lot, worth from \$1.50 to \$2.00. Your choice now for an even \$1.00.</p> | |
| <p>Men's Hats About 40 to sell for \$1.50. None worth less than \$2.25 and from that up to \$3.00. They are good styles and good colors.</p> | <p>Men's and Boy's Suits About thirty-eight in the lot. Dress up now while you can buy one of these nice suits for ONE-THIRD OFF the regular marked price. This means a \$15 suit for \$10.</p> | <p>Slippers Mostly childrens but a few for boys, men and women. They go at one-half the marked price.</p> | |
| | | <p>Quality goods and a square deal in every transaction. All kinds of goods carried under one roof and everything sold at popular prices. A visit from you is earnestly solicited.</p> | |

The Bailey's Department Store

Ord's Biggest, Busiest and Best Trading Place

MORE LOCAL

If you follow the crowd you will probably land in Burwell or North Loup today.

Mrs. Cass Cornell was at home to a number of her friends at an early breakfast Tuesday morning.

Will Timm sent his candy floss machine to Burwell Tuesday evening to be on hand to help gather in the nickles at the big celebration in that town on the Fourth.

F. R. Frick expects to leave today or tomorrow for a couple of weeks visit with relatives and friends in the east. The greater part of the time he will spend with his parents in Otis, Ind., and a few days with a sister in Chicago.

Mr. Blake, one of the men employed on the new gas plant, lost a part of a finger yesterday afternoon. He was helping in setting the center pole of the gas tank when the thing came down on the great finger of his right hand, taking a part of the

member off. He thinks that he will have to lose the first joint. At any rate it will keep him from work for a while. He and his wife just arrived here a few days ago to push the work along.

Quite a serious accident befell little Kittie Work, the six year old daughter of J. C. Work, one morning the first of the week. With a number of other children of her age she was swinging in a hammock in the yard of one of the neighbors when she fell out, striking her elbow on a stone and causing a severe fracture of the bone. A physician was summoned and the broken bone put back in place but the fracture is a serious one and it is quite probable that she will never have the free use of her arm again, and at any rate it will be several weeks before she will again have any use of that member.

Will Bannister went to Grand Island Wednesday morning.

Two furnished rooms to rent. Enquire at the Quiz office. 1t-pd.

Washington Letter.

Lovers of the big trees of the west are highly pleased with the action of Secretary Garfield in withdrawing from all forms of entry certain lands in Oregon. These lands surround Hultnonah Falls and include the Siskiyou big trees. It is intended to create national parks for the protection both of the Falls and of the trees. However, if the Interior department has withdrawn lands in Oregon, it is throwing open to settlement a much greater tract in Alaska. This tract, which is about 2,980,000 acres in extent, was withdrawn on June 30, 1903, for the proposed Horton Day National Forest. While it will become subject to settlement on September 30 and to entry on October 31, this year, it scarcely is probable that there will be a wild rush on the part of agriculturists. The land is situated on the north shore of Horton Sound, north of St. Michael, and about fifty miles south of the Arctic Circle. So far as can be learned, it is an ideal place for the cultivation of

icles and chilblains.

According to the plans of the Navy Department, the cruiser Charleston will be present at the Fourth of July celebration at Portland, Oregon, and will then proceed to Astoria to participate in the festivities there on July 14, when Vice President Fairbanks will be present and deliver an address. There has been a decided shake-up in the naval establishment, and two big battleships, the Indiana and the Iowa, have been taken out of commission and have gone to join the Texas. It is reported that three of the older cruisers also will be placed on the Pacific coast. A scarcity of officers and men in the navy at the present time is worrying the department. By reason of this scarcity the vessels are badly hampered and it is feared unless there is a change for the better in the number of enlistments that several other vessels will have to be retired.

A new plan for connecting the Mississippi with the South Atlantic is now attracting attention. Lewis H. Haupt, a well-known engineer, would construct a ship canal reaching from Cairo, Illinois, to Brunswick, Georgia. He asserts that this route is only 1308 miles long and that it would be the shortest and most practicable connection obtainable between the Mississippi Valley and the Atlantic coast. Mr. Haupt would utilize a number of the rivers of the south, and thinks that the entire canal could be constructed for \$40,000,000. He is confident that it would pay for itself within thirty years. There is not the slightest question of the value of a waterway connection between the Middle West and the south. Both sections would benefit by it to a great degree. It would have a direct effect on railroad rates—something that the National Rivers and Harbors congress long has pointed out. This organization, however, is not advocating any especial scheme, but is devoting its efforts to

furthering the general cause of national waterway betterments. Captain J. F. Ellison of Cincinnati, Ohio is striving to bring this about by increasing the membership, which already is large and to be found in every state in the Union.

Then THE THEN

Chancellor of the Diocese of Wichita, with a powerful lecture,

"Footprints on the Sand, To-Day,"

At CHAUTAUQUA

Bede The Humorist of the House

LECTURES ON "Civilization, Its Cause and Cure"

At Chautauqua

CAPITAL CITY CHAT

RAILROAD AUDITORS CONFER WITH COMMISSION.

AS TO FORM OF REPORT

Are Willing to Conform to Commission's Request as Near as They Can, But Unable to Do So in Some Things.

Auditors Discuss Report.

Representatives of the auditing department of the various railroads doing business in Nebraska met with the state railway commission last week and discussed the form of the annual report to be filed with the commission. In several respects the report as outlined in the commission law is different from the report usually made by the railroads. The discussion was entirely informal and some of the information called for in the law the railroad men said they would not be able to give in full under their present system of bookkeeping. They all agreed, however, to do the best they could and in the event the information was not as complete as demanded by the law, a satisfactory explanation would be all that is necessary. One of the items the railroad men objected to was the filing of an itemized statement of the salaries paid to the officers. In the first place they wanted a ruling on who were considered railroad officers and it was agreed that the list should include the general officers and those officers who were directly concerned with the Nebraska business of the roads. The railroad men said they would furnish this information to the best of their ability.

The commission gave the railroad men to understand it had no authority to change the law and therefore the annual report would have to conform to the state law, notwithstanding some of the information asked for may be superfluous. Among the railroad men present were L. A. Robinson, Lyman Sholes, George MacRae and A. Stuckling of the Omaha, J. O. Clifford and S. F. Miller of the Northwestern, H. J. Stirling, Edson Rich and R. J. Clancy of the Union Pacific, J. O. Phipps, A. R. Talbot, H. B. Bingham and Bailey Waggener of the Missouri Pacific.

Oil Inspector Allen Reports.

State Oil Inspector A. B. Allen has completed his first report. It is for the month of May and shows that the receipts of his department aggregated \$2,160.45, including \$207.85 received from his predecessor in office. The expenses of the department were \$801.59. Mr. Allen paid to the state treasurer \$588.86 and has on hand a balance of \$800. He intends to retain a balance for the purpose of paying the salaries and expenses of deputy inspectors the first of each month. The salaries are due the first of each month and as the fees of the office cannot be collected until about the middle of the month, Mr. Allen will keep a balance on hand and not compel the deputies to wait for two weeks for what is due them.

Objects of Reducing Rates.

The Lincoln Traction Company, which the city of Lincoln is attempting to make sell six tickets for 25 cents has filed its answer with the State Railway Commission, saying, to enforce such a demand would be contrary to the citizens Street Railway company mentioned by the city as having a lower rate, the traction company says, is operated at a loss and its officers have announced publicly it does not intend to operate a street car system for gain, but expect to sell its road to the city when it gets it completed. The traction company says also, it is selling tickets now cheaper than 90 per cent of the street railway companies in the country covering anything like the same territory.

Lane in Lincoln.

The attorney general has notified District Attorney Goss that the salary of Assistant District Attorney A. W. Lane from July 1 will be increased from \$1,500 to \$2,000 per year and that Mr. Lane's official domicile will be at Lincoln. This is made necessary by the new judicial district law, which provides for a division of the Nebraska federal district, and it is necessary that the assistant district attorney should have his office in Lincoln to be in closer touch with the federal business in that part of the district. He will come to Omaha only when the volume of business here may be such as to require his presence to assist the district attorney.

Commission May Fight.

Nobody need suppose that the state railroad commission intends to quit in its fight as soon as the Union Pacific reaches out for a federal court club. It is intimated at the state house that the members of the board are getting a good deal interested and are ready to start in to do some fighting on their own account without waiting very long for an opening. If the state begins doing something sensational nobody need be surprised. Something of the kind seems to be on the books.

Grand Officers' Instructor.

The war department has issued an order directing Capt. Marcus D. Cronin to report for duty at Lincoln as instructor of the school for national guard officers which opens July 8.

Sheldon Visits in Beatrice.

Governor Sheldon went to Beatrice last week. Dr. Johnson, superintendent of the state school for the feeble-minded, is to be an applicant for re-appointment and it is rumored that some of the business men of Beatrice have protested against his selection.

Railroads Pay Grain Dealers.

The elevation charge which railroads pay to terminal grain elevators and which Norris Brown alleged in his suit against the Nebraska grain dealers' association was an indirect way of paying a rebate to the big elevators, is still being paid according to schedules or rates received by the state railway commission. The schedules were forwarded by the interstate commerce commission. The tariffs of the Burlington road show that company allows elevators three-fourths of a cent per hundred. Formerly only Omaha and South Omaha were the towns favored by an elevation charge. In the suit of the state against the grain dealers in the supreme court it was charged that this practice was unlawful.

One of the new Burlington tariffs allows the elevation rebate only to Omaha, Council Bluffs, Kansas City and Rulo, the last named point being a small station on the Missouri river in Richardson county, where the Burlington has a bridge. It has been effective since June 19. Another tariff, which does not go into force until July 19, will extend the same privilege to Lincoln, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Nebraska City, Fremont and Missouri Valley.

The Northwestern road, has taken similar action by announcing a three-fourths cent elevation allowance at Omaha, South Omaha and Council Bluffs, effective June 20, and granting the same concession to Fremont and Missouri Valley after July 18. In line with this course the news that the Rock Island will allow one-half cent on grain handled at Omaha, South Omaha or Council Bluffs, but not elsewhere.

Banks Will Accept State Funds.

State Treasurer Brian says he has enough applications from banks on file to provide for all the state funds that he is likely to have during the year. His notice that state depositories must pay the state 3 per cent interest instead of 2 per cent after July 1 has caused all of the Omaha depositories to refuse to keep the funds at the new rate. The First National bank is the only depository in Lincoln that has refused. The depositories at Hastings and Fremont do not intend to pay the advanced rate of interest. Notwithstanding this action on the part of several strong banks, the treasurer has enough applications on file to satisfy him. The board of state officers that approves bonds of depositories will not approve any new bonds before the first of July.

The action of banks refusing to pay 3 per cent interest on state deposits is greatly in contrast to the practices in former years when banks were glad to get the money at any price. During recent years the banks have shown that they cared very little about handling state funds, but still the state has never been at a loss to find enough banks to take care of the funds. Next year an amendment will be submitted to the constitution providing for an enlarged field of investment of state funds, including any investment the legislature may see fit to approve.

Charge of Discrimination.

The Hastings Independent Telephone company has complained against the Nebraska Telephone company to the state railway commission, accusing it of discriminating in the rates charged in that town. Manager Lyman wrote the commission that the Nebraska company, in defiance of the orders of the commission, was furnishing telephones to ministers at reduced rates and to the city library free of charge. Mr. Lyman desired to know if the commission had notified the Nebraska company as it had his company regarding the charges to be made. He said he had written the commission regarding allowing ministers to have telephones at reduced rates and the commission told him to follow the law, which does not permit this. His company raised the rates, he said, and the ministers ordered their phones taken out and are using the Nebraska 'phones at the reduced rates. The commission will investigate the matter.

M. P. Joins In.

The Missouri Pacific railroad has joined with the Union Pacific and the Rock Island in attacking the authority of the state courts in the injunction suits of the state to compel these railroads to observe the laws enacted by the last legislature imposing a 2-cent passenger rate, and establishing a maximum freight rate subject to the action and change of the railroad commission created by the same legislature. The Missouri Pacific came into the federal court and filed a transcript of the proceedings before the supreme court to date, an answer to the suit filed by the attorney general in the state court, and a cross-bill in which the legislative acts are attacked and an injunction asked for restraining the state from enforcing the enactments.

New Grain Firm Incorporates.

Articles of incorporation have been filed for the Wilson Grain company of York. The incorporators are F. C. Wilson, H. R. Hatfield, and C. A. Adlington. F. C. Wilson is state representative from Custer county. The principal place of transaction of business is York, and the general nature of the business is to buy and sell on commission, and otherwise, all kinds of grain, hay, seed and grain products and to own, lease and operate warehouses and elevators. The capital is \$30,000.

Wilson for Health Inspector.

The long drawn out fight for the position of state health inspector was settled when Dr. W. H. Wilson, a member of the state senate from Table Rock was chosen for the place. He received the votes of Attorney-General Thompson and Superintendent McBrien, while Governor Sheldon voted for Dr. Towne of Omaha. The selection came on the first ballot, Mr. Thompson changing to Dr. Wilson, and Governor Sheldon to Dr. Towne. The position pays \$1,800 a year and expenses.

OIL RUNNING WILD

WELLS FLOODING THE LAND IN INDIAN TERRITORY.

DERRICKS ARE BLOWN DOWN

Terrific Storm in Heart of The Glenn Pool—Three Reported Killed at Sapulpa, Where the Wind Was the Fiercest.

A terrific storm, in the nature of a tornado, followed by a cloudburst, swept the oil fields of northern Indian territory. Three persons are reported killed at Sapulpa, in the heart of the Glenn oil pool, where the storm was fiercest. Frank Roper is known to be dead and two others are said to have been found whose names are not known. Water rushed down the streets of Sapulpa over a foot in depth. Plate glass was broken throughout the town and the roof torn from the hotel.

Over 150 derricks are reported down in the Glenn pool and it is said all the oil derricks in the Osage nation have been swept away. Fifty derricks are reported down at Turley, I. T. At Maize, I. T., houses were overturned and brick buildings demolished. Muskogee suffered no serious loss. The general loss throughout the oil fields will be enormous, but at present cannot be estimated. Many wells are running wild, the oil flooding the land.

A conservative estimate places the number of rigs blown down in the Glenn pool at one-third the total. The combination of oil and gas well at Sapulpa was struck by lightning and the fire cannot be brought under control. One building of the Creek Orphans' home was struck and destroyed. The total loss by the storm is estimated at \$500,000.

LOTTERY FOR LAND.

Drawings at Billings for Irrigated Homes.

America's first reclamation project enterprise furnished by the government of the United States was formally opened June 26, when the drawing for the irrigated lands of the Huntley district was commenced. The lands consist of approximately thirty-three thousand acres, all of which will be irrigated and are a portion of the ceded tract of the Crow reservation which was thrown open to settlement. Those present from outside the state were James R. Garfield, secretary of the interior; S. H. Newall, chief of the reclamation service; C. H. Davis, chief of engineering of the reclamation service; Clifford Pinchot, chief of the forest reserve division; R. Billinger, commissioner of the general land office; J. Savage, chief engineer of the reclamation department of the northwest.

The two Montana senators, Dixon and Carter, and all the state officials and thousands of citizens from all parts of the United States attended.

A list of 5,401 names was placed in the big troughlike receptacle and mixed thoroughly by Judge Wittens, who has charge of the drawing and, who explained the manner of procedure, after which Secretary Garfield made a brief speech congratulating the citizens of the northwest on being able to bring about a realization of so important an event.

FLOOD INVADES A CEMETERY.

Bodies Washed Out of Ancient Mexican Burial Ground. The report has reached El Paso, Texas, that the old church at Seneca, on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande river below El Paso has been wrecked by high waters and that some bodies in the ancient cemetery were washed out. The church was built in the sixteenth century. It is reported also that the Mexican town of Guadalupe near San Antonio, in Socorro county, New Mexico, has been washed away. All buildings in both towns were of adobe and were ready to crumble into the water. No loss of life is reported.

Delay in the Re-count.

Corporation Counsel Ellison obtained from Justice Almet F. Jenks, in the appellate division of the supreme court in Brooklyn, a writ of prohibition forbidding justices of the supreme court from acting under the new recount bill. The order was returnable June 27, at which time argument designed to test the constitutionality of the law began. Clarence J. Shearn, representing William R. Hearst, made an application to Justice Maddox in Brooklyn, for the appointment of commissioners to begin the recount of the last mayoralty vote in New York city.

Income of Yale University.

Announcement has been made by President Hadley of Yale that the gifts and pledges and endowment during the past two years, exclusive of the legacies, amounted to \$3,000,000. Of this amount, \$2,800,000 was the direct result of the endowment movement started by the university two years ago, \$1,760,000 having been already paid and \$225,000 of the total being conditional upon the securing of further gifts.

Speaks for New Alliance.

The Milan, Italy Secolo has come out in open support of the new triple alliance, that of Great Britain France and Spain, which the paper refers to as the nucleus of the future "United States of Europe," and then severely criticizes Italy for clinging to Germany.

Duke of Abruzzi Sails.

After receiving the degree of doctor of laws at Harvard, Prince Louis of Savoy, duke of Abruzzi, left the city.

FAST LIMITED IS DITCHED.

Crack Train of Union Pacific Nearly Thrown Into River.

One of the worst and yet most fortunate wrecks that has happened on the Union Pacific for a long time occurred a little over a mile east of North Platte, Neb. The Los Angeles limited, in charge of Conductor John B. Foster, with Millard Hostler as engineer, going west, was ditched just a few yards after leaving the Platte river bridge. The accident was caused by a broken tire on the baggage car. That no one was killed seems almost incredible, as the baggage car first left the track three hundred and forty yards on the bridge, but the train remained intact until all the cars had crossed the river. Had it not been for the guard rail it is impossible to imagine the greatness of the calamity, for with some fifty passengers on board and the river high and swift, many if not all would have met with death.

Practically the entire train was derailed, two sleepers being turned completely over and one only prevented from rolling down a steep embankment by striking a strongly buttressed telegraph pole. The baggage and observation cars are in a badly twisted condition. For a hundred yards the track is torn up. Only one person, a lady from Los Angeles, was injured, and she not seriously.

FIGHTS DEATH UNDER FLOOR.

Gas Workman at Kearney is Nearly Asphyxiated.

Hugh Craven, an employe of the Kearney, Neb., gas company, had a narrow escape from death by either fire or asphyxiation. A gas connection was being made under the kitchen of N. P. McDonald's residence and Craven was working under the floor where he found that the gas was escaping. He lighted a match to find the leak. The gas ignited and set fire to the floor of the kitchen near the range. A fire alarm was turned in and in a short time the fire was extinguished, but the workman could nowhere be found. Mrs. McDonald contended that he was under the house and a hole was cut in the foundation. The man was found near the wall, where he had been over come by the gas, and with some difficulty he was taken out. A doctor was called and by vigorous work he was brought to consciousness, though when he was taken out he had all the appearance of being dead. Craven was taken to a hospital and it is thought he will recover.

MONARCHY IS THREATENED.

Throne of King Carlos in Danger of Being Swept Away.

A correspondent of the London Tribune says, in a letter mailed from Lisbon, Portugal, that King Carlos' throne is in imminent danger of being swept away by the rush of a great democratic wave, swollen suddenly to dangerous proportions by the act of despotism which he permitted on May 1. The people do not forget, the correspondent says, that last year the king condemned Premier Hibelro's attempt to dissolve the cortes, and they contrast this attitude toward a conservative premier with the curious, illogical license he has given to Premier Franco. The general feeling of the country is one of advanced liberalism, and a repetition of autocratic bungling can only have one result today in Portugal, the writer says, namely, the deposition of the king and the establishment of a republic.

OFFERS HIMSELF SACRIFICE.

Negro Preacher Willing to Go on Gallows for Brother.

John Beeman, a negro preacher of Montgomery, Ala., applied, to be allowed to die on the gallows for his brother David, the date of execution being July 26. The preacher says he will go to heaven and his brother, being a bad man, might not. His sacrifice would have a tendency to convert his brother and both would thus get to heaven. The offer of the negro has caused a wave of sympathy for both and a petition is being circulated asking the governor to commute the sentence.

CAN NOW BE PUT TO A VOTE.

Injunction Against Oklahoma Constitution Dissolved.

The Oklahoma supreme court dissolved the injunction issued by District Judge Ponceast restraining the constitutional convention from submitting to a vote of the people the constitution drawn for the proposed new state of Oklahoma. The convention doubtless will now be called together immediately and a new date for the election set.

First Bale of New Cotton.

The first bale of new cotton to arrive at New York was sold at auction in front of the cotton exchange. The price was 40 cents per pound.

Fort to Be Abandoned.

As a preliminary step to the gradual abandonment of Fort Assiniboine, Montana, Captain Boniface of the Second cavalry was relieved of duty as constructing quartermaster at Fort Assiniboine and directed to turn over the property for which he is accountable to Lieut. Howard G. Daniels.

Have Strong Earth Shock.

A strong earth shock, lasting three seconds, was felt in the federal districts at 1:15 a. m. yesterday. No damage was done.

Temper of Troops is Bad.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says: Disquieting reports are coming from Krassnoye-Selo, where a dozen regiments are camping. The temper of the troops is bad, and every day there are misunderstandings, but up to the present no open outbreaks.

Venezuela Cabinet Resigns.

The Venezuelan cabinet resigned owing to the action of congress in condemning the policy of the minister of finance. The heads of the department are transacting the government business.

NO ESCAPE FOR HIM

ROCKEFELLER MUST APPEAR IN A CHICAGO COURT.

JUDGE LANDIS IS INSISTENT

Judge Stands by His Order for Serving of Subpoena—Attorney Miller, for the Standard Oil Company, Makes Vain Plea.

Judge Landis, in the United States district court at Chicago, refused to withdraw the subpoena issued for John A. Rockefeller, although John S. Miller, attorney for the Standard Oil company, urgently requested him to do so. Mr. Miller informed the court that Mr. Rockefeller, although president of the Standard Oil company of Indiana, was not possessed of the information regarding the financial condition of the Standard Oil company desired by the court. He also informed the court that Mr. Rockefeller was an old man, who had many business cares, and that no advantage could be had to any person by bringing him in to the court.

The appeal of the attorney did not appeal to Judge Landis, he promptly refused to recall the subpoena, and in addition, directed that subpoenas be issued for the vice president and secretary-treasurer of the Union Tank Line.

Mr. Miller, in making his request, said he would furnish other men better qualified to give the financial resources and holdings of the companies than those for whom subpoenas had been issued. He said Mr. Rockefeller had so little to do with the business that he would be useless to bring him to Chicago to testify.

"It is inconceivable that the president of one company does not know whether or not it owns another company," said Judge Landis. "I want to know whether the Standard Oil company of New Jersey owns the Standard Oil company of Indiana, the defendant in this case. I want this information and all that I have asked for and I intend to have it if such a thing is possible. This court makes no distinction against either a wealthy or poor man. I want Mr. Rockefeller here to learn that one thing from him and other things that he may be able to tell."

WILL NOT HIDE THE CAUSE.

Union Pacific Makes Public Wreck Investigation Reports.

Causes of wrecks on the Union Pacific are hereafter to be officially announced to the public by a board of inquiry and the board which conducts the investigation is to include one or more leading citizens of the community in which the accident occurs in order to give the public confidence in the findings of the board. The accident to the Los Angeles limited, No. 7, at North Platte, was investigated by a board composed of officials of the Union Pacific and also Charles McDonald, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Nebraska. The board found that the accident was caused by a loose tire on a wheel of the baggage car which resulted in bolts shearing off and the tire slipping from the wheel. This wheel had been inspected at the last terminal and found to be all right. Citizen members of the board are not expected to have technical or practical knowledge of railroading or the cause of accidents, but they will be present at the investigation and join in the report which is furnished to the public.

PLANS FOR AN INQUIRY.

Light to Be Turned on the Telegraph Companies.

In accordance with the instructions of President Roosevelt, Commissioner of Corporations Herbert Knox Smith is arranging for an immediate investigation of the relations between the telegraph companies of the United States. This investigation will be conducted in such a manner as to avoid giving any company or official the privilege of immunity from prosecution in case a violation of the law should be discovered. The investigation will determine the nature and extent of the agreements existing between the telegraph companies, the rate of wages paid to employes, the operating expenses and such other data as will be useful to the department of justice in determining whether to institute legal proceedings, and to congress should that body desire to have the government exercise control over the telegraphic service.

Another Missouri Hanging.

John King, a negro who was convicted of having shot and killed Hallie Douglas, his sweetheart, on November 18, 1905, was hanged in the jail at St. Louis.

Four Hundred Chinese Burn.

A horrible holocaust is reported in mail advices from Hong Kong, where 500 Chinese of the audience of a Chinese theater and ten of the actors were burned to death when the native theater was destroyed by fire. The flames spread rapidly and the building collapsed, blocking the entrance with debris. The origin of the fire is said to have been due to the lighting of explosives concealed under the floor of the theater, the fire following the explosion.

An Ohio Execution.

James Cornelius, the Canton, O., wife murderer, who was reprieved three times by Governor Harris, was electrocuted in the annex at the penitentiary. Cornelius killed his wife on September 17, 1906, by crushing her skull with a window weight. She had sued for a divorce.

Fire in Arizona Town.

Fire destroyed the entire school section of Morenci, Arizona. The loss aggregates \$100,000. Twenty-seven buildings were wiped out.

A HIGH WIND DOES DAMAGE.

Heavy Gale Hits Lincoln and Lancaster County Hard.

Thousands of dollars of damage was done in Lincoln Monday evening by a violent wind and rain storm which occurred about 7:30 o'clock. Half a dozen plate glass store windows were blown in and goods damaged in the show windows, signs were demodified all over the city, trees broken and blown down, covering the sidewalks, and part of the front of the old Grand Army block, between N. and O on South Twelfth was blown out. The new vaudeville theater at Capital Beach, which had just been completed at a cost of \$6,000, and was to have been opened within an hour, was totally demolished. According to the report only one person was hurt, and he only slightly.

The storm came directly from the west. The day has been very hot and a thunder storm was threatening all afternoon. At 7 o'clock the clouds in the west did not indicate that the storm would come for several hours. The clouds rose quickly, however, and at 7:30 the first gust of wind from the approaching storm filled the air with dust. The velocity of the wind increased at once to a hurricane.

BANK MEN BREAK A VAULT.

Use Dynamite to Blow Open Safe at Bloomfield.

After spending nearly a week in an effort to open the new safe of the Citizens National bank, Bloomfield, Neb., it was removed to the street by the officials of the bank and blown open with dynamite. The vault was provided with a screw combination which failed to work. An expert was sent for but he also was unsuccessful in working the combination. The expert removed the brass combination and bolts before placing the dynamite in the lock. It was found that expansion, evidently resulting from the high temperature, was responsible for the trouble.

SHOOTING AT FULLERTON.

Accidental Discharge of Rifle Kills Young Man.

Bruce Boucher, seventeen-year-old son of Stephen Boucher, a farmer living near Fullerton, Neb., accidentally shot and killed himself. He was taking a rifle from a small closet when the gun was discharged, the ball entering the young man's forehead, instantly killing him.

Killed by Revolving Shaft.

Humboldt, Neb., citizens were shocked beyond measure to learn of the tragic death of Henry Davis, who for a quarter of a century has been night engineer at the Cooper & Linn mills and electric light plant. Shortly before 6 o'clock the day engineer, Will Loncke, came in to assume his duties and found his aged co-worker lying face downward on the cement floor of the engine room with life extinct. Two gashes cut on the scalp and the position in which the body was found would indicate that Mr. Davis was stooping to pick up an oil can when a revolving shaft struck him on the head and killed him.

Gold Going to Europe.

The engagement of gold for shipment to Europe which has been in progress for two weeks or more was continued when Goldman, Sachs & Co. engaged \$1,000,000 gold for export to Paris. Helderbach, Ickleheimer & Co., and Lazard Freres each engaged \$1,000,000 in gold for shipment to Paris. This makes the total gold shipped and engaged in this export movement \$23,150,000.

Treasury Buying Bonds.

The treasury department has completed the purchase of \$25,000,000 in 4 per cent bonds, maturing on July 1, 1907, under the order of the secretary of the treasury issued last April. It is understood that no more 4 per cent bonds will be purchased at this time, but that those bonds remaining unredemmed will be taken up when offered and paid for on and after July 2 next.

Hugh Kirkman Released.

Hugh Kirkman, former lieutenant in the United States army, was discharged from the United States penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., his sentence of three years for embezzlement having been commuted by President Roosevelt. Ex-Captain George W. Kirkman, serving a sentence of five years at the prison, will be discharged in October.

Gift From Mrs. Sage.

The medical board of the New York city hospital formally accepted Mrs. Russell Sage's gift of \$300,000 for the formation of an adjunct to the city hospital on Blackwell's Island to be known as the Russell Sage Institute of pathology.

Obaldia Acting President.

General Obaldia, the minister of Panama to the United States, was sworn in as acting president of Panama before the national assembly. President Amador is off on a six months leave of absence.

Banker in Penitentiary.

Charles King, a banker of Yankton, S. D., has been taken to the United States penitentiary at Leavenworth to serve five years for violation of the banking laws.

The News in Brief.

John Johnson, wife murderer, sent to Sing Sing from Yonkers, N. Y., was electrocuted. Two contacts were given.

Revenue officers raided an illicit still in Stocks county, North Carolina, and had a fight with moonshiners, capturing thirty-five.

At Omaha, Neb., Fred Carlson a ditch digger, was buried beneath several feet of earth by a cave-in of a sewer ditch. Comrades were three hours getting to him, but he was dead.

Joseph Motocovic, a Sygan, Pa., coal

MRS. DE PASSE

OF NEW YORK CITY

"I Consulted Several Physicians, but they Did Me No Good. Peruna and Man-in helped Me!"



MRS. ALINA DEPASSE.
Mrs. Alina DePasse, 776 E. 165th St., New York, N. Y., writes:

"It gives me pleasure to testify to the curative qualities of Peruna and Man-in."

"I was afflicted for over seven years with catarrh of the head, throat and digestive organs. I consulted many physicians, but they did me no good. One day I happened to read some testimonials in your Peruna Almanac. I decided to try Peruna and Man-in. I bought a bottle of each, and after taking them for a week I noticed a change for the better. So I kept it up, and after using twelve bottles I was perfectly cured."

"I also gave the medicine to my children and they had the same beneficial result. I would never be without these remedies in the house."

"I highly recommend Peruna and Man-in to all my friends, and in fact to everybody."

Miss Mildred Grey, 110 Weimar St., Appleton, Wis., writes:

"It gives me pleasure to recommend Peruna for catarrh of the stomach. I had this disease for a number of years, and could not enjoy a mouthful of food that I ate. It was indeed a great relief when I hit upon Peruna, and obtained decided results from the first. I took six bottles before I felt entirely cured of my trouble, but I had an aggravated case."

Pure White Lead is the Natural Paint Pigment

Numerous compounds are being offered to take the place of white lead as a paint, but no real substitute for it has yet been found. Pure White Lead has a peculiar property of amalgamating with the wood upon which it is used—added to this it has an elasticity which permits the paint to follow the natural expansion and contraction of the wood. Pure White Lead (with its full natural tenacity and elasticity, unimpaired by adulterants), alone fulfills all the requirements of the ideal paint. Every keg which bears the Dutch Boy trade mark is positively guaranteed to be absolutely Pure White Lead made by the Old Dutch Process.

SEND FOR BOOK

"A Talk on Paint," gives valuable information on the subject. Sent free upon request.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY

In whichever of the following cities is nearest you:
New York, Boston, Buffalo, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia (John T. Lewis & Son Co.), Pittsburgh (National Lead & Oil Co.)

Libby's Food Products

Libby's Corned Beef

is a mild cured and perfectly cooked corned beef, and carefully packed in Libby's Great White Kitchens. It is prepared as carefully as you would make it in your own kitchen.

It has the characteristic and delicious flavor of the right kind of corned beef.

For Quick Serving—Libby's Corned Beef, cut into thin slices, arranged on a platter and garnished with Libby's Chow Chow makes a tempting dish for luncheon, dinner or supper.

Ask your gro

There are two Kinds of Ice Cream Sodas

ONE KIND

is made without regard to quality or healthfulness—like boarding house hash: its ingredients are hard to determine. This kind suits people who are indifferent to quality. But we don't serve this kind. The other kind is

OUR KIND

Its richness proves what its base is: pure, fresh, separated country cream. The fineness of the ice cream shows that pains are taken in the freezing of it. You can't mistake the flavor of our kind of ice cream sodas; they are true fruit. You get full value in each glass. Discriminating people who appreciate a good thing, will walk blocks for it. Drink our kind.

Try Both and Draw Conclusions

THE CITY PHARMACY

Mamie Siler's new building. Ord, Nebraska. Phone 63.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. C. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

This is the Fourth. Where are you going to celebrate?

Smoke Sincerity, Quotation and Tycoon at the City Pharmacy.

D. H. Duss and daughter went to Hastings Monday morning for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Marks of North Loup spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Rahlmeyer.

The Quiz wants a correspondent in every community where it is not now represented.

In the district court last week a \$2500 judgement of Lashmett against John Prall was revived.

Mrs. Mayo, after spending a week in Ord, returned to her home in Greeley last Saturday morning.

Fackler & Finley, the grocers, carry full lines of canned meats, peanut butter and bulk pickles, olives etc.

Miss Hattie Dworak went to Schuyler Monday morning for a two weeks' visit with relatives at that place.

Claude Davis is spending today in Lincoln celebrating with old friends. He will return home tomorrow.

The Misses Mary and Winnie Waters went to Aurora last Saturday on a visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. J. E. Cramer who has been living in Kansas for long time came up to Valley county to visit relatives and friends last Friday evening.

For five per cent hail insurance, see McNutt & Blessing.

Mrs. Bresley came down from Burwell last Saturday for a visit with her people. Her sister, Mrs. James Bradt, being indisposed was the immediate cause of the visit.

Ora Taylor writes to his people that he is homesick and will come home when the show gets nearer Ord than it was then. He figured that he would be back in about a fortnight from that time.

Last Friday was the birthday of Mrs. Harry Bailey and a party was given in her honor. Among the guests was Mrs. William Freeman of Cushing, who came up on the evening passenger to attend the function.

A souvenir edition of the Grand Island Independent comes to the Quiz exchange desk this week. The paper is a very creditable affair and shows the wonderful advancement that Grand Island has made during the past few years.

Rev. M. A. Wimberley returned home last Saturday evening and will be around here for a few days anyway. His health is greatly improved, but for fear of a relapse he will probably not go back to preaching for a year or so. He anticipates a hard time in refraining from entering the conference again next fall.

Now is the time to clean up the streets and alleys and get things in condition for the chautauqua. The management tells us that there will be many strangers in the city during the chautauqua and every citizen should see to it that the town takes on as pleasing an appearance as possible. Many from other towns will come early in the session and stay all the week. Let us show them all that Ord is the cleanest city of its size or any other size so far as that is concerned in the state.

Another change in the newspaper history of the county went into effect Monday. On that date H. O. Cooley bowed himself out from the active control of the Arcadia Champion and the plant goes under lease to his recent partner, J. A. Burgett. The friendly scraps between the Champion and the Quiz will now probably end till we find out what kind of stuff Mr. Burgett is made of. Anyway good luck to the Champion and to Mr. Cooley in his new vocation.

Things are moving along rapidly at the gas plant. The new plant will be in working order in about two weeks. About \$7000 are being expended in this improvement, but if the results are as favorable as they are elsewhere it will be money well spent. The change is coming in none too early a date, for it is now practically impossible to get the high-grade gasoline such as the present plant uses, and a change was a necessity.

Anthony Rokes came up to Ord Saturday night and Monday morning was off again. Since his sick spell he has been looking forward to rest and recreation and a few weeks ago sold his drug store and now he and his wife will take it easy for the balance of the year anyway. He is feeling pretty well but intends to take all precautions for a complete recovery before he butts into hard work again.

Last Sunday night a child of Mr. and Mrs. Jake Beehrle upset some scalding-hot milk onto its face and hands and was very severely burned. Medical aid was at once summoned and the sufferer relieved as best as possible. The doctor reports that he thinks the child will escape scars as a result of the accident, but will not soon be over the effects.

L. W. Wimberly and family, consisting of wife, son and daughter, arrived in the city Tuesday evening on a visit with the Wimberleys. The elders are both teaching in the Cozad schools and being re-elected will teach in the same schools again. They will spend the Fourth here or hereabouts.

F. G. Peterson returned recently from a two weeks visit to Iowa with his three small children. He intended to take them as far as old Kentucky to see their grandmother, but finally cut the visit short to the vicinity of Des Moines.

The Ord band will go to Grand Island Thursday morning to help in the big celebration at that place. The boys had several tempting offers but as the Grand Island bid was the best they decided to go there.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

Don't fail to read the add of the City Pharmacy this week and save the coupon.

Norm and Mrs. N. H. Parks were among the many others who are spending today in North Loup.

Bird Ratliff went to Lincoln to resume her duties as stenographer with the American Order of Protection Monday morning.

Our store will close over evening at eight o'clock, except on band concert night and Saturday night. Milford & Son. 9tf

Victoria Wisda came over from Sargent last Saturday evening and will continue her vacation until after the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. Wintermantle left for Wisconsin Monday forenoon, and will go by the way of Minneapolis and St. Paul and visit relatives.

Sunday was a day to make one feel that earth was a paradise. Just enough breeze to make the cool air impressive, and still warm enough to demand a roll on the lawn.

Dick Canfield came in from Lincoln last week where he has been working for the past few months. Dick expects to remain in Ord for the present, at least.

At 4:00 o'clock Monday morning the father of Mrs. S. S. Brown died at Brainard, Nebraska, and Mr. Brown took the train that morning for the place to attend the funeral. Mrs. Brown has been there for some weeks. The remains were taken to Highland Station, Kansas, for burial.

The Scotia Telephone exchange has been sold to parties in that vicinity and the exchange is now connected with the Greeley and Ord Independent lines and the Nebraska Telephone company. This cuts Scotia off from the proposed connection with North Loup and the Farmers' Mutual of Ord.

Among the relatives who came to the funeral of Mrs. Sutton were Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ogden, the latter a sister of Mr. Sutton. Mr. Ogden returned to Chapman, where he is in business, Monday morning, but his wife remained a few days longer. Yesterday she and Mr. Sutton drove to Loup City where they will visit relatives for a few days and from there she will return to her home.

Howard Wimberley is having a very bad time still with rheumatism. He is so bad that he can hardly move and in consequence of the probability that he cannot work for a year or so he has sold his interest in the crop to his father. Howard will move to Ord where he will have less to worry about. The condition of the man is a great misfortune indeed.

The Quiz was in error last week when it announced the arrival of the John Perry family. Mr. and Mrs. Perry and their granddaughter Alberta arrived as stated but their daughter Musa was not in the party as stated by us. Having recently been united in marriage to one of the prominent business men of Shawnee, Musa and husband are now taking a wedding trip in the west.

If you are going to offer any special premiums at the Loup Valley Fair this fall and desire them published in the premium list they must be handed in to this office not later than next Saturday as the forms for the list will positively close on that date. Advertisers desiring space in the book will also see that their copy is in this office as soon as possible in order to insure its publication.

New hay is coming into market now in plentiful manner. The prospect now is that there will not be as great a stringency in hay this year as last. The insufficiency of hay was a serious drawback to cattle feeders last winter.

Joe Warwick has discarded his crutches and now walks about with his two legs. He will be back at the forge again soon and pretty likely back to the emery wheel too.

The race in the Quiz piano contest is going fast and furious and during the next three weeks there will be some tall hustling done to see who will become the possessor of that fine Hamilton piano. But a few votes separate the two leaders and with a third and fourth candidate in the race that is liable to jump into either second or first place any minute. Many of the Quiz readers are watching the contest with much interest and probably many of them will respond to the last call of the contestants at the close of the contest. The girl that does the hardest hustling for this handsome piano will be the one who will get it and it will give the editor of this paper great pleasure to turn it over to the young lady who has the staying powers to hustle for it.

On Wednesday June 26th, Charles T. Barlett and Susan E. Webb were united in marriage at the home of the brides parents 7 miles northwest of Arcadia at high noon by Rev. W. E. Matthews. There were present at the ceremony only the immediate family. After the wedding the friends sat down to a bountiful repast. The bride and groom will visit at Havelock, Nebr., going from there to Ottawa, Ill., then to Chenton, Ia., returning, July 15th to Havelock, Neb., where Mr. Barlett will resume work in the machine shop at that place. Both parties are well known and highly respected and will be followed by the best wishes of their many friends.—Arcadia Champion.

If there is one city ordinance above all others that would prove beneficial to Ord it is one that would prevent the pasting of advertising matter and marking upon the sidewalks in the city. Ord has a fine system of cement walks and to with see these walks smeared over advertising matter is certainly disgusting to the public eye. Along with this ordinance it might be well to shut down on spitting on the sidewalks as have other towns and cities of any size.

A very pleasant reception was given by Mr. and Mrs. E. Rahlmeyer Friday evening, June 28, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Wintermantle of Prairie du Sac, Wisconsin. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. R. Wheeler, Mr. and Mrs. A. Spelts, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Williams, the Messrs. Roy Snyder, John Smith, Koelling, Harry and Fred Cook, Wm. Heckler, John Boettger, E. Lee, Misses Elsie Koelling and Kate Lee. Refreshments were served and a jolly time reported.

People who lived here years ago will remember Chester Haskell, son of Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Haskell, who went to Texas about fifteen years ago with his parents. A card from him notifies us that he has just completed a civil engineer course in the Texas state university and has been appointed by the government to a job on the Panama canal. He sails for that place from New York on July 3, and will doubtless be on the job for some time if he likes it.

Fackler & Finley the grocers feel that those who are not present users of our uncolored, sun cured Japan tea, should become acquainted with its merits. A trial is all we ask and allow you to determine whether its equality and favor is not all we claim. Chautauqua visitors are invited to call and we will try and make your visit pleasant and comfortable.

John Wimberley and John Reagle and their families returned last week from their trip south. They went as far as into Oklahoma a little way. The trip proved to be a pleasant one to all concerned.

A. C. Johnson is getting his new piano store fixed up in pretty nice shape and will soon have a show room for the display of his pianos that is a big improvement over his former quarters.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

Tad Trout, a former Ord boy was in the city visiting friends a couple of days recently.

Ice cream, 25 cents a quart at Luse's fountain.

See J. W. Carkoski for livery and feed at Pascoe's barn.

Dr. Holson was in the city for a few hours last Saturday.

You are having a big time if you are celebrating at Midvale.

He promises his Ord friends to come up and visit them occasionally.

If you did not go to Grand Island the Fourth you did not miss anything.

E. N. Mitchell was in the city over Sunday looking after the affairs of his company.

We close at 8:00 p. m. except Saturday nights and band concert nights. Milford & Son. 22-9

Fred Witt returned Wednesday noon from Lincoln, where he has been the last few weeks.

Abe Rowan went to Grand Island one day recently where he will enter the Soldier's home.

Mrs. Bert Temple came up from North Loup Tuesday evening, returning Wednesday morning.

Marriage license was issued on the 28th to Lee Schuyler and Barbary Maseh, both of Garfield county.

Bear in mind the dates of the Loup Valley Chautauqua and invite your friends to visit you on that date.

The general aid society of the Methodist church will be held at the home of Mrs. Van Slyke, Wednesday afternoon next week.

Our store will close every evening at eight o'clock, except on band concert night and Saturday night. Milford & Son. 9tf

Joe Barta returned from his trip to the west Monday night, but his companion, H. M. Davis, did not show up till the next day.

Mr. Klement has moved his tailoring establishment to his house vacating the rooms he has been having in the Woodbury building.

Wednesday morning Mrs. C. E. Rasset and sister, Miss Poor, went to Grand Island to spend a few days visiting with relatives in that city.

No band concert last Wednesday evening by reason of several members of the band being out of the city but they gave the best one that has been given thus far this season last night.

A springdale farmer dropped into the Quiz shop one day the first of the week to tell us that the corn out in his part of the country was coming along at the rate of three or four inches per day. This is the kind of crop prospects that we like to tell about.

Earl Stacy is in the city visiting for a few days. He tells us that he has disposed of his jewelry store at Burwell and is now looking for a new location. In a few days he expects to go out west and will probably locate there. Earl worked up a good business in Burwell and while he does not like leaving this part of the country he thinks that he will enjoy better health in the west.

Ord Excites Them to Play Ball.

Since the brilliant game of ball played by the Burwell nine against Ord last week, interest in the national game has taken the people by storm. If the finances can be provided for, a schedule of good games is booked for the season. George Wirth, manager of the Hub, has kindly proposed to donate the profits of the ice cream and soda fountain department of his store for one day as a benefit to the team, the team to select any day they may see fit. The offer is certainly a generous one and will no doubt be accepted by the team. Others also express a desire to assist in getting a series of good games.—Burwell Tribune.

Estray Notice.

Taken up as an stray on the Harry Hughes place in the big bend in Valley county, Nebraska, one bay horse weight about 900 pounds, white hind foot on left side and branded. Owner can have same by paying cost of care and advertising.

Nels Larsen.

Teachers' Institute.

The annual session of the Valley county Institute will be held at Ord, July 15 to 19 inclusive, beginning each morning at 8:00 and closing each day at 12:00. The outcom has been to begin a little later than this in the morning and then have a short afternoon session, but by referring to the program it will be seen that it is possible for each teacher to be present at as many as six recitations each day of from 30 to 40 minutes each. This will give teachers an opportunity to hear the excellent lectures at the chautauqua grounds in the afternoons and evenings of the same days, and since practically all of the chautauqua program will be given in the afternoon and evening, it is thought that the two may work together in perfect harmony and the dates have been fixed with this end in view. All teachers expecting to do school work in Valley county the coming year will be required to attend the institute except those who are attending summer school, and the enrollment fee is \$1.00. This fee will be collected from each one, those attending summer schools not excepted.

L. R. Bright, superintendent.

Stockholders' Meeting.

A meeting of the stockholders in the Loup Valley Chautauqua was held at the office of Honnold & Davis last Friday night for the purpose of letting concessions and doing other business necessary for the coming chautauqua. The following concessions were granted: W. F. Adamek, soft drinks and fruit; W. T. Draper, ice cream; Will Timm popcorn, peanuts and candy floss machine. No bids were received for dining hall, bath house, or lunch counter. These will be let later.

It was decided after a rather spirited debate, to permit the booths to run wide open on Sunday the same as any other day.

It was decided not to permit the sale of cigars and tobacco on the grounds.

The next meeting will be Friday night at the same place.

For potato bugs use Paris green at Luse's Pharmacy.

Adam Smith departed Monday morning for Colorado where he will spend a few weeks recreating.

You can now make the trip from Ord via the Union Pacific, to Central City, David City, and Beatrice without change of cars. F. R. Frick, Agent.

Mrs. Walter Johnson went to Davis Creek Wednesday morning. She will visit in that part of the country until after the Fourth.

Only one thing can prevent your crop from being all you could desire, and that is a hail storm. Insure against hail through Honnold & Davis.

Mrs. Sutton Laid to Rest.

Martha Ann Dick was born near Beardstown, Illinois, December 5, 1848, and passed away at Lincoln, Nebraska, June 29, 1907. She was married to Alonzo Sutton, January 19, 1871. To this union were born six children, two sons and four daughters, one son dying in infancy. When a young lady she united with the Baptist church of which she was always a faithful member.

The death of Mrs. Alonzo Sutton is a distressing bereavement to the husband and family. The husband and wife were born in the same neighborhood and went to school together, and later were married, so that they had been companions practically all their lives. Until the fatal illness seized her she had been in good health so that the thought of separation was never brought to their minds as is often the case. When he took his wife to Lincoln a few weeks ago it was with the hope that recovery was possible, and not till a few days before death came was it made plain to him that his life's companion must shortly pass away.

After a week or so following their arrival at the hospital the doctor decided that her ailment was softening of the brain due to a tumor forming on that member. This was known to be inevitably fatal and as best he could the husband reconciled himself to his fate and made arrangements accordingly.

The body was brought home Saturday night and the burial was had from the Baptist church, Rev. E. A. Russell officiating.

The deceased was held in highest esteem by all who knew her. Eight years ago the family moved to Valley county and for the past few years have lived in Ord, where a wide circle of friendships were formed. Friends did everything possible that friendship and esteem would prompt on such an occasion. Flowers in abundance were brought in and the grave decorated beautifully.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to extend our most heartfelt thanks to all who so kindly extend their sympathy and help in our great bereavement. We especially want to thank the Degree of Honor for the beautiful floral offerings and wish to say that we all are deeply grateful for the kindness shown us.

A. Sutton and family.

Ord Market Top-Prices

Wheat, spring 72c, winter 72c.
Barley 43c.
Rye, 50c.
Oats, 35c.
Corn, 37c.
Popcorn, \$1.50
Potatoes,
Butter, 14c.
Eggs, 10c
Hens, 7c.
Hogs, \$5.25

How the Contestants are Coming

| Name | Res. | Votes |
|-----------------|-------------|---------|
| ROXY AUBLE | Mira Valley | 269,000 |
| ADDIE HAUGHT | Springdale | 222,500 |
| MINNIE DONNELL | Arcadia | 92,500 |
| ADA DRAPER | No. Loup | 43,000 |
| BESSIE GRAY | Elyria | 10,500 |
| ANNA SLAVACEK | Elyria | 3,000 |
| ANNA SORESENSEN | Elyria | 1,500 |

First Prize: A beautiful Hamilton Piano, purchased from A. C. Johnson & Co. and now on exhibit at their store.

Second Prize: A fine Gold Watch, from the stock of Geo. A. Parkins. The Parkins store only handles good ones, and this is one of the best.

Third Prize: A fine Dress Pattern. Your choice from the Mamie Siler big stock.

Fourth Prize: A dozen of the Mutter studio's best \$5.00 photographs. They are good ones.

Two Special Prizes: We want new subscribers and as a special inducement to contestants to secure them we will give to the one securing the largest number of new subscribers their choice of a Fifty-Dollar International Correspondence School certificate or Ten Dollars in Gold; the person getting the second largest number of new subscribers to have prize left after first prize winner's selection.



Beware of Tainted Bargains

By Mrs. Maud Nathan
Bargain Hunting an Expensive Recreation—Bargains Legitimate and Otherwise—Sweat Shop Clothing Often Physically Tainted—Morally Tainted Bargains Even More Dangerous—Smuggling Goods Encourages Unscrupulous Merchants—Lace Made at Cost of Poor Woman's Eyesight—Purchasers Should Demand a Guaranty—The Perils of Tenement-Made Baby Underwear.

(Mrs. Frederick Nathan is one of the best examples in the United States of the busy woman of leisure. Her time is given for the most part to practical charities. As president of the Consumers' League of New York city she has been able to achieve far-reaching results, the benefits of which go to the poor and the needy. Mrs. Nathan is a graceful writer and interesting lecturer on subjects relating to reform by women. She was one of the original presidents of the Women's Municipal League, a director of the Congress on Liberal Religion of the Southern Library fund and of the Jewish Council of Women.)

The word bargain to the average woman is very much like the word cocktail to the average man. It tickles the palate; it awakens pleasant anticipations. The woman who is offered a bargain and the man who is offered a cocktail both hope to get something at the expense of some one else. They may be getting something they do not require, perchance what is not good for them; but the temptation to avail themselves of the opportunity, in either case, is hard to resist.

The habitual bargain seeker is apt to come to grief as the habitual tippler. Just as the too frequent cocktail impairs the digestive system so the abnormal appetite for the bargain weakens the moral constitution. There is a glamour that impairs the vision, so that the defects of the bargain cannot be estimated and renders the bargain hunter oblivious of the old maxim, "penny wise and pound foolish." Who does not know the shopper who refuses to buy rennaissance centerpieces at the counter for \$2.75, but who, seeing the same articles at a bargain table the following week surrounded by a crowd of eager buyers, rushes to secure one at \$2.83?

She feels a triumphant thrill at having clutched and retained the very one that her neighbor was endeavoring to secure. She glows with pride when she finds that there are no more of that design; the one she grasped in such a frenzied manner is duplicated. She admires her own perspicacity; it was well worth giving up a quarter of an hour in order to feel that to the victor belongs the spoils. Who had not met the woman who shows with pride the bargain she has obtained at a reduction of 12 cents, but who, in order to obtain it, was jostled and pushed about at a bargain counter for fully half an hour, and then, finding it too late to reach home in time for luncheon, has gone to a restaurant and expended thrice the amount saved? This type of woman, however, probably derives more than her money's worth of pleasure from the mere act of procuring a bargain. And the recreation is harmless enough if the bargain is not a "tainted" one.

There need be no antipathy to the word bargain in itself; some bargains are wise. There need be no denunciation of all bargains. Some from the ethical point of view no woman should countenance; but any thoughtful person must concede that there are many that are legitimate. In this class we may place (1) articles that are sold cheap because they have been manufactured in modern factories with the assistance of the most modern inventions and therefore at low cost; (2) those sold cheap because manufacturers have obtained advanced conditions in very large quantities; (3) those where the manufacturer or merchant is overstocked; (4) those which are no longer fashionable or novel; (5) those

SPOILS OF AN OLD CASKET.

Carefully Hidden Dowry of a Mohammedan Bride.
A true fairy tale concerning an oriental casket sold by an antiquary to a Parisian amateur is related by the correspondent of the London Telegraph.

The casket is of a beautiful artistic workmanship of olive wood, with incrustations. It was evidently a wedding present, such as it is the custom to give to a bride in Mohammedan countries.

There is a perfume of rose leaves, a delicate far away fragrance of the distant east, when the cover is lifted. The antiquary bought it at a general sale long ago and offered it to purchasers amid Louis XVI. clocks, old ribbons and out of date decorations. A lover of quaint antiques, M. Maurice, saw the casket and bought it. At it had been knocked about a good deal in its long journey it stood in need of repairs and M. Maurice gave it to an expert workman to restore. The workman tapped it and was surprised to notice a metallic

Unappreciated Heroics.
It is a strange thing that the ad-

sole at a low price as a method of advertisement. Any chopper, however conscientious, could take advantage of an opportunity to obtain a bargain that would fall in one of the above classes.
In the category of "illegitimate" bargains come (1) articles sold cheap because given out to be made under the contract system of work—a system, which reduces the profits of the workers to almost nothing in order to place money in the pockets of contractors and subcontractors; (2) articles sold at a low price because made in sweatshops, where amid unwholesome surroundings the workers are compelled to toil 14 and 16 hours a day—poor folk who must pay the rent of the workrooms, pay for the lighting and heating of them, for the machinery and tools and for the delivery of goods; (3) articles sold cheap because children under legal age have been employed, or the factory laws have been violated, or because the workers have not received a fair living wage for their work or have been in some other way imposed upon for selfish and avaricious purposes.
Dangers lurk in many so-called bargains, such as cheap wall paper that exudes arsenic, cheap plumbing that causes illness, cheap medicine that does not cure. There is, however, a large class of intelligent and well-to-do shoppers who entirely ignore the dangers lurking in another class of bargains. I know a mother who so carefully guarded her child that she had never allowed her to ride in a street car nor play in the park with other children, nor go to any school, lest she might contract some contagion. Yet this same careful mother had purchased a cheap cloak ready made, at a well-known establishment, where only the "custom-made" clothing was made in the firm's own workrooms, the rest being purchased from manufacturers who shirked all responsibility by giving their work out to be done under the contract system. The child died from scarlet fever. Where caught? No one knows. But another case came under my personal observation, where investigation was possible. A woman bought a shirt waist at a bargain counter a few years ago and shortly after wearing it noticed a peculiar rash on her neck, which proved to be the well-known skin disease, which the physicians found difficult to cure. Her husband made a search and discovered that the shirt waist had been made in a dirty sweatshop by a young girl who for years had been a victim of this disease. These bargains were indeed costly to the purchasers, and the foolishness of buying sweatshop bargains, physically tainted, becomes at once apparent.

It is conceded that tuberculosis is infectious; it is an established fact that many of the tenement houses in that quarter of New York city known as the "east side" are filled with tuberculosis germs; are filled with germs that have been taken by way of experiment from different houses at random. There are about 104,000 people in the entire state of New York employed in the garment-making industry, and of this number about 80,000 work in this crowded tenement-house district. Men, women and children in the last stages of consumption work until they are too weak to sit up, and the garments made in these infected hovels are distributed all over the country. Is there any wonder that one-seventh of the entire number of deaths is due to tuberculosis? Persons living in Kalamazoo, Richmond or Savannah are just as likely to buy these germs with their garments as though they purchased them in New York.

However harmful the results may be from buying physically tainted bargains, those that are morally tainted ultimately cost more to the community, if not immediately to the individual. The consequences are much farther reaching and more difficult to overcome. Would one buy stolen goods knowingly, however cheap they might be? Some would refrain, no doubt, for fear of the legal penalty involved, but the consciences of the majority of people would rebel from the idea of thus encouraging robbery. Yet how many would refrain from buying goods that are cheap because part of the time or wages or health of helpless working girls has been practically stolen in order to sell the articles at a low figure? Most people's consciences are rather elastic in regard to buying smuggled goods or even to personal smuggling. Many who would scorn to swindle an individual boast of their ability to swindle a large group of individuals representing the national government. Usually the people who enjoy cheating the government out of its dues are first to rush to its representatives for protection.
It may be pertinent to ask those who consider smuggled goods "bargains" whether they take into consideration the fact that they may be called upon to pay extra taxes for the building of workhouses, reformatories and penitentiaries should factories shut down; whether they realize that to help build up the business of unscrupulous merchants they actually help wreck the business of their high-

principled competitors, and thus lower all business standards; whether they appreciate that they must contribute toward defraying the cost of extra detective service for the customs office, made imperative by smugglers. In short, can they call any goods "bargains" when the cost is official bribery and corruption, a cost so great that it cannot be measured in dollars and cents?
The output of any industry carried on under conditions that make for degradation and misery and undermine physical health or moral character are costly to the community, however cheap the product may be when put upon the market. Sound physical health, morality, energy, a high standard of civic character, aesthetic or artistic taste, are what enrich and enable a community. Industry alone cannot do it, else would some of our mining towns or stone-quarrying villages or lumber districts be typical of our highest civilization. The fact is that if miners, stone quarriers or lumbermen are kept at work from early dawn until evening on such a pittance that their homes are mere hovels, if they have no places of recreation save the saloon and the gambling den, it is not likely that they will be inspired by noble thoughts or be moved to perform heroic deeds. Wait: Whitman summed it all up: "A great city is that which has the greatest men and women; if it be a few ragged huts it is still the greatest city in the world."

It will be asked how can we distinguish between tainted and wholesome bargains? Many women, realizing the evils that underlie the bargain system, have satisfied their consciences by refusing to purchase goods that are sold below the market price. They delude themselves into believing that if they pay a high price for their purchases they are supplying their wants according to a high ethical standard. The fallacy of this line of action is most apparent. Some of the most costly garments have been wrought out of the most tragic elements in life; some of the very cheapest have been made from start to finish under the very best possible conditions. High-priced hand-made lace made at the cost of the eyesight of some wretched, underpaid woman is a tainted bargain to be spurned by all self-respecting women, while cheap Nottingham lace, machine-made in model factories, under the most wholesome conditions, could, if viewed in the proper light, be worn with pride by a duchess.

The purchaser must demand a guaranty that the article offered for sale has been made under proper conditions. We do not buy real estate without searching the title; we do not buy cutlery without looking for the name of the manufacturer as a pledge that the steel is well tempered. When we buy china we look for the mark to guide us in selecting the ware. Let us take the same means of ascertaining whether the garments we buy are made in bright, well-ventilated sanitary factories or in dark, dirty, disease-infected hovels. There are a considerable number of manufacturers of women's white underwear using the label of the National Consumers' League, a label that is only given to those manufacturers who have all their work done on their own premises and given after the factories have been inspected and the executive committee of the league is convinced that the conditions are perfectly satisfactory.

There is never a supply of anything until there is a demand. The consumers, who make the demand for articles, actually create the supply. Every one who purchases a garment that has been made in a sweatshop is helping to swell the output of such goods. The sweatshop system of work is most degrading and has dragged the garment-making industry down to a shockingly low level. When the consumer insists upon maintaining the right to know how the articles purchased are made, then the merchant will be forced to demand of the manufacturer a guaranty of his responsibility.
"Even a cheap Bible" may be a "tainted bargain" if the book is sold cheap because the workers have not been paid a fair wage for the printing and binding. There is a standard of morality for spending money just as there is one for earning money.

Ideal Friendship.
Of all intellectual friendships, none are so beautiful as those which subsist between old and ripe men and their younger brethren in science, literature or art. It is by these private friendships, even more than by public performance, that the tradition of sound thinking and great doing is perpetuated from age to age.—Philip Gilbert Hamerton.

Wanted Particulars.
As an example of what men in the railroad business have to endure, a conductor relates that while he was passing through a coach a few days ago a woman stopped him and asked how far they were from Weldon. He replied that they were about 55 miles from Weldon. She then asked: "This side or the other side?"
He wrote it this way: "I am a great admirer of your father; he is one of nature's noblemen and should be looked up to." The compositor in his agency set it up thus: "I am a great admirer of your father; he is one of urinate's noblemen and should be looked up, too."

Disorder Makes Trouble.
It is astonishing how all of us are generally cumbered up with the thousand and one hindrances and duties which are not such, but which, nevertheless, wind us about with their spider thread and fetter the movement of our wings. It is the lack of order which makes us slaves; the confusion of to-day discounts the freedom of tomorrow.

ONE MAN'S EXPERIENCE IN WESTERN CANADA.

There Are Thousands of Opportunities in the Land of Opportunity.

To the Editor.
Dear Sir:
The following experience of an Illinois man who went to Western Canada six years ago is but one of the thousands of letters that could be reproduced, showing how prosperity follows the settler on the fertile lands of Western Canada. This letter was written to the Chicago agent of the Government of the Dominion of Canada and is dated at Everts, Alberta, April 18, 1907:
"It is six years the 5th of this month since I and family landed in Red Deer, family sick and only \$75 in my pocket. Bought a \$12 lot, built a 12x14 shack and went to work as a carpenter. Next May sold for \$400 (had added 16x18 building to shack). Purchased two lots at \$70 each and built a 23x28 two story building and sold for \$950. Filled on a quarter section 33 miles N. W. of Red Deer and have spent three years on it and am well pleased. Quarter all fenced and cross fenced, wire and rail, 2 1/2 miles of fence. House 29x21 feet on stone foundation. Last year was my first attempt to raise grain, 1/4 acres of fall wheat, yield good, but was frosted August 2nd, was out August 16th and made good pig feed. Had 1 1/2 acres fall rye that I think could not be beat. A farmer from Dakota cut it for me; he said he never saw such heavy grain anywhere. Straw was 7 feet high. I had 4 acres of 2 rowed barley on fall breaking that did not do so well, yet it ripened and gave me all the feed I need for stock and seed for this spring. I did not have grain threshed, so can't give yield, but the wheat would have gone at least 25 bu. to the acre. Have a log stable 18x35 feet, broad roof and two smaller buildings for pigs and chickens.

"I have lived in Harvey, Ills., and know something about it. I have been hungry there and though able and willing to work could get none to do. One Saturday evening found me without any supper to eat to get it with a friend, surmising my situation, gave me a dollar, which was thankfully accepted and later paid back. Wife and I are thankful we came here. We were living near Mt. Vernon, Ills., as perhaps you remember visiting me there and getting me headed for the Canadian Northwest, and a happy day it has proved for me. I have not grown rich, but I am prospering. I would not take \$3,000 for my quarter now. The past winter has been a hard one, but I worked outside the coldest day (52 below) all day and did not suffer. We are getting a school started now that is badly needed.

"Our P. O., Everts, is about 15 miles; there is another office 6 miles, but it is not convenient to us. Wife and I would not exchange our home here for anything Illinois has to offer.

"Yours truly,
(Sd.) E. EMBERLEY."
TOO YOUNG FOR A STICK.
Why Boy Would Have Nothing to Do with His Lemonade.
"It was at a children's treat in the country," said the Settlement worker with pink cheeks and unbounded enthusiasm, "and lemonade and edibles were being supplied to a collection of small children who looked, for the most part, like babies and were as sophisticated as I don't know what to say. As I walked around to see that everyone was getting enough to eat and drink, I came to one infant whose mug of lemonade had not been touched. I observed that there was a little twig from one of the trees floating on the top, but they are not fastidious as a rule and it did not occur to me that he objected to the proof that he was playing under real trees.
"Why don't you drink the lemonade, little brother?" said I. "Isn't it sweet and nice? Don't you like it?"
He wriggled a bit and rubbed his ear on his shoulder in a delightful state of embarrassment, and then with a knowing twinkle he said: "I guess, teacher, I'm too little to drink lemonade wid a stick in it."—N. Y. Times.

TWO TERRIBLE YEARS.
The Untold Agonies of Neglected Kidney Troubles.
Mrs. James French, 65 Weir Street, Taunton, Mass., says: "When I began using Doan's Kidney Pills I was so run down and miserable that I could hardly endure it. Terrible pains in the back attacked me frequently and the kidney secretions were much disordered. I was a nervous wreck and Doan's Kidney Pills brought my first relief and six boxes have so thoroughly cured and regulated my kidneys that there has been no return of my old trouble." Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

New in Wall Paper.
A new design in fancy wall paper patterns comes from Kansas City; also a way to utilize cancelled checks. A firm has had all its offices papered with old checks, placed neatly edge to edge. The face figures of the checks vary from \$30,000 to \$1,000, and the total for one room is \$3,000,000. As a gilt moulding runs around the edges of each check-panel, the general effect is rather pleasing.

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Defiance Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

Grass is green, but an encounter with a grass widow is apt to render a man color blind.

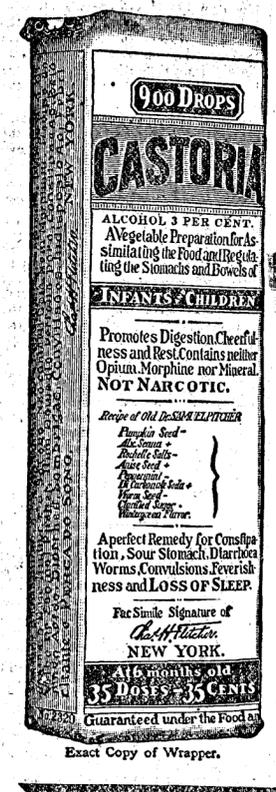
No Headache in the Morning.
Krause's Headache Capsules for over-indulgence in food or drink. Druggists, 25c. Norman Litchy Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

Success is merely a matter of doing the right thing at the right time.
Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c. You prefer the extra good, our dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A bundle of conceit, Cordelia, is a woman who is wrapped up in herself.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!
We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.



Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."
Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."
Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."
Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."
Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."
Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."
Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency, and merits."
Dr. Norman M. Geer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "During the last twelve years I have frequently recommended your Castoria as one of the best preparations of the kind, being safe in the hands of parents and very effective in relieving children's disorders, while the ease with which such a pleasant preparation can be administered is a great advantage."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

HAPPENED AT BAD TIME.

Minister's Fall Significant in View of Previous Words.
In a small church in one of the pliant towns of Pennsylvania was a pulpit both antique and unique. It was about the size and shape of a flour barrel, was elevated from the floor about four feet and was fastened to the wall. The ascent was by narrow winding steps.
A minister from a neighboring town, a man of great vigor and vehemence, preached there one Sunday. While preaching he bent forward and shouted out with great force the words of his text:
"The righteous shall stand, but the wicked shall fall."
As these words escaped from his lips, the pulpit broke from its fastening, and he fell out and rolled over on the floor before his congregation. In an instant he was on his feet again and said:
"Brethren, I am not hurt, and I don't mind the fall much, but I do hate the connection."
ELEVEN YEARS OF ECZEMA.
Hands Cracked and Bleeding—Nail Came Off of Finger—Cuticura Remedies Brought Prompt Relief.
"I had eczema on my hands for about eleven years. The hands cracked open in many places and bled. One of my fingers was so bad that the nail came off. I had tried so many remedies, and they all had failed to cure me. I had seen three doctors, but got no relief. Finally I got a cake of Cuticura Soap, a box of Cuticura Ointment and two bottles of Cuticura Resolvent Pills. Of course I keep Cuticura Soap all the time for my hands, but the one cake of Soap and half a box of Cuticura Ointment cured them. I recommend the Cuticura Remedies to all suffering with eczema. Mrs. Eliza A. Wiley, R. F. D. No. 2, Liscomb, Ia., Oct. 18, 1906."

Conclusive.
"Do you regard this prevalence of high prices as a sign of prosperity?"
"Certainly," answered Mr. Dustin Stax; "the fact that people can afford to pay them is a conclusive sign of prosperity."—Washington Star.

That an article may be good as well as cheap, and give entire satisfaction, is proven by the extraordinary sale of Defiance Starch, each package containing one-third more Starch than can be had of any other brand for the same money.
Premier Writes for Papers.
Premier Campbell-Bannerman, of England, is the exact opposite of his predecessor, Balfour, in one thing. The latter said that while he was in office he never read the newspapers. The present prime minister not only reads them but writes for them.

No Headache in the Morning.
Krause's Headache Capsules for over-indulgence in food or drink. Druggists, 25c. Norman Litchy Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

Success is merely a matter of doing the right thing at the right time.
Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c. You prefer the extra good, our dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A bundle of conceit, Cordelia, is a woman who is wrapped up in herself.

USE THE BEST FAULTLESS STARCH FOR LAUNDRY WORK

FOR SHIRTS COLLARS CUFFS AND FINE LINEN

England's Debt to France.
One of the chief debts to France is that she nourishes our ideas, transforms them, makes them her own, just as she transplanted and transmitted the flower of the Renaissance in an earlier day. With all our national vanity we never dispute the parentage. It is only territory and diplomatic prestige and commerce about which we quarrel with our "sweet enemy."—London Academy.
Utter Silence.
"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "is it true that money talks?"
"I suppose so."
"You must be very fond of silence. After losing your money at the races you go to the ball game and lose your voice."

Shake Into Your Shoes
Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, sweating feet. Makes new shoes easy. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe Stores. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A maid thinks she is necessary to a man's happiness, a widow thinks a man is necessary to her happiness, and a man—well, no matter what he thinks.
Lewis' Single Binder costs more than other 5c binders. Smokers know why. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

It doesn't take a man long to find out how different married life is from what he thought it was going to be.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Those who are fancy free are free to fancy what they please.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
THE KIDNEY DIET
BRILLIANTLY EFFECTIVE
DIABETES, BACON
\$1.75 "Guaranteed"

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Possitively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, and all the ailments that regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
Wm. Carter
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

FREE
To convince any woman that Paxtine Antiseptic will improve her health and do all we claim for it, we will send her absolutely free a large trial box of Paxtine with book of instructions and genuine testimonials. Send your name and address on a postal card.

PAXTINE
cleanses and heals in mucous membrane affections, such as nasal catarrh, pelvic catarrh and inflammation caused by feminine ill's sore eyes, sore throat and mouth. Direct local treatment. Its curative power over these troubles is extraordinary and gives immediate relief. Thousands of women are using and recommending it every day. 50 cents a box. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO TRY IT. THE H. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

POSITIVE CURE FOR SORE SHOULDERS ON HORSES & MULES
At very small expense you can cure your work horses' sore shoulders, sore necks or sore backs and not lose a single day's work. Security Sall Salve will do it, and after the first application he will be out of pain. This is also good policy for he will surely do more work without running down. If your stock gets cut from bark wry, or anything else, be sure and use Security Antiseptic healer. It will cure a cut very quickly. Dealers everywhere. Security Remedy Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS Electrotypes
IN GREAT VARIETY FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST PRICES BY
A. N. KELLOGG NEWS PAPER CO.
73 W. Adams Street, CHICAGO

READERS of this paper desiring to buy any of the advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.
Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c. You prefer the extra good, our dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

W. N. U., LINCOLN, NO. 27, 1907.

Remarkable Cures by Dr. Caldwell

Help for the sick, Particularly for those Who do not Delay.

Often a Few Weeks of Neglect Allows Diseases to Reach a State Where They can not be Cured.

Dr. Caldwell heals, not by Osteopathy, by Hypnotism, nor by Divine Healing, but by a system of natural science in combination with the most true and reliable remedies of the age. She is a woman that cures the sick because she understands the nature, cause and condition of circumstances which bring disease about. Her discoveries are those made from personal experience and from long continued practice in her profession. A woman far beyond the average doctor, a woman who is capable, or otherwise she could not be "successful." Dr. Caldwell, as a practicing physician, is successful, and she is one of the greatest diagnosticians of chronic diseases of the age. Is it not reasonable to believe that if one is successful in one branch of science that woman is certainly capable of being successful in other branches? Analyze the matters yourself. Do not allow your thoughts and your opinions to be influenced by others who are not interested. One does not know how to appreciate health until they have lost it.

Dr. Caldwell has studied her profession both at home and abroad, and after a thorough and painstaking investigation, has succeeded in curing the diseases of her specialty when other physicians had failed. Why not? Some of these people were blind, some were lame, some deaf, some paralytic, scarcely able to move, others afflicted with Bright's disease, consumption, cancer, others with kidney troubles, dyspepsia, insomnia and the thousand and one symptoms of those dreadful maladies. It is claimed by her friends that she can tell the disease of a patient without asking him a question. This is perhaps true, for since she is so learned in her profession and so experienced in treating diseases, why shouldn't she know the exact cause and true reasons of symptoms which produce disease? For years she has been visiting professionally the largest cities of the United States. Her opinions are quickly made, and if a cure can be made then and there she tells them, and if it cannot be made she is equally honest and tells them so. We know that she has cured thousands of cases of disease. We doubt if there is one hundredth of one per cent of the cases that she fails to cure. We publish by permission the names of a few of her recent cures:

Mrs. Sloan, Akron, Neb., cured of consumption and nervous trouble. The treatment she took improved her at once, and she was soon cured of all her ailments.

C. A. Lundeen, Grand Island, Neb., was troubled with muscular rheumatism and dyspepsia.

Those troubles soon disappeared. Mrs. R. McBeth, Hader, Neb., cured of female and nervous troubles, was told by doctors operation would be necessary. Cured in four months treatment. Mrs. J. Dobbins of North Platte, writes, "she had been doctored for years without relief for kidney trouble, female and general debility."

Mr. Michael McCabe, North Platte, cured of cancer of the face with two injections.

Oscar Emmitt, Columbus, Neb., cured of what other doctors called incurable blood disease.

Mrs. Ella Johnson, Grand Island, Neb., cured of chronic eye trouble and catarrh.

Mrs. Connelly, Akron, Neb., cured of cancer.

Mrs. E. Zurig, Bluevale, Neb., cured of female trouble, diabetes and stomach trouble.

S. E. Fuller, York, Neb., cured of stomach and bowel trouble and kidney trouble.

Miss DeBore, Waco, Neb., cured of skin disease of years standing, had been treated by many doctors.

Mrs. Oscar Lange, Tekamah, Neb., cured of ——— and other female trouble.

Louie Herper, Columbus, Neb., cured of Bright's disease, heart trouble and nervousness.

Mrs. J. Jorgensen, Cozad, had suffered many years from nervous disease, loss of vitality and general weakness. She now feels healthy and like a new woman.

Mrs. Makon, Wayne, Neb., cured of chronic rheumatism, swollen limbs, heart trouble, headache and general debility. Had almost given up hope, when she heard of Dr. Caldwell, her treatment soon cured her and she is now thankful.

Mr. Charles Schell, Pender, cured of rheumatism, almost had consumption.

Mr. Nulph Wyndure, Beaver, Neb., cured of gall stones of liver.

Joe Carlson, Ft. Wayne, Ind., cured of large cancer of breast.

W. H. Larsen, 65 Nesbit St., Newark, N. J. says: "Dr. Caldwell, after suffering for 30 years I have found no treatment equal to yours. I write you these few lines to speak of the excellency of your treatment and I think it due you."

Mrs. J. H. Somnera, Craig, Neb., cured of female trouble, general weakness and loss of flesh. Cured in three months. Mrs. Somnera had doctored with many doctors.

S. J. Blessen, Platte Centre, Neb., cured of stomach trouble of long standing, nervous debility; was treated by many doctors. Nebraska's most popular specialist, Dr. O. Caldwell, registered graduate of the Kentucky School of Medicine; will make her next visit to Ord, Friday, July 5.

WANT COLUMN

WANTED—200 more farmers to make money by feeding hogs. O. P. Cromwell.

WANTED—A load of oaks at the Park jewelry store.

STRAYED or STOLEN—Black and white full grown pointer dog answers to the name of Sport. When last seen had on name strap for collar and city tag No. 28. Suitable reward will be paid for information regarding his whereabouts. W. A. Harding.

FOR SALE—House and two lots Anna L. Marks. 22ft.

FOR RENT—Small cottage close to the square. Equipped with city water. Enquire at Quiz office.

WANTED—A girl for general work at the Domestic Kitchen. 20ft.

FOUND—Lady left umbrella in Misko meat market. Pay for this notice and get the same.

FOR SALE—Good Laporte \$150, rubber tired buggy at a bargain. G. R. Gard.

FOR SALE—Three thoroughbred Hereford bulls. Guy Clement.

FOR RENT—Six room cottage. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 20

FOR SALE—A Kimball organ, a double office desk and an office book case. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 20

FOR RENT—Old Scott house and barn. See Alvin Hill. 19-ft.

FOR RENT small house close in. See The Quiz.

FOR SALE OR RENT—6 room house two blocks from square. W. C. Wentworth. 11.

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Munn. 4-ft.

HOGS—Will be in Elyria every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See us then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

PASTURE for rent. See Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co. 52.

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

FOR SALE: Good plastering sand, easy to get at in the east part of town. K. Hundtote. 18-3-pd.

FOUND—Glasses in case on street of Ord. Left at Quiz office. C. F. Moorman.

Ladd office at Lincoln, Neb., June 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that George C. Swainie of Arcadia, Neb., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17802 made, May 26, 1902, for the 1/2 NW 1/4, section 15, township 17n, range 16w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen county judge, at Ord, Neb., on August 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz: Dudley M. Goddard of Arcadia, Neb. Jacob L. Gordon of Arcadia, Neb. Henry Nelson of Arcadia, Neb. Miles R. Buck of Arcadia, Neb. Chas. T. Sheedd, Register.

Notice of Dissolution. Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Eva M. Fuson and Bessie M. Schwaner, under the firm name and style of Fuson & Schwaner, and with the principal place of business at Ord, Nebraska, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will be conducted hereafter by Eva M. Fuson. Dated at Ord, Nebraska, June 26, 1907. Bessie M. Schwaner, Eva M. Fuson.

Witness: R. L. Staple. 21-4t.

Burlington Route

June Specials

OPENING OF HUNTLEY LANDS:

33,000 acres Government irrigated land near Billings, Montana, opened by lottery system, June 20th; cheap excursion rates to register for these rich irrigated lands. Finest prizes yet offered by the Government. Cost approximately \$30.00 an acre, divided into ten yearly payments. Get details.

TO PACIFIC COAST:

Specially low round trip California rates June 8th to 15th; June 22nd to July 5th. Also to Portland, Seattle and Spokane June 20th to July 12th. Daily low rate Coast tours commencing June 1st. Slightly higher via Shasta route.

GOOD CHANCES EASTWARD:

Daily low Jamestown Exposition rates with side trips available for New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Atlantic Coast resorts. Also July 3rd to 6th very cheap to Saratoga with side trips to New York, also July 11th to 13th to Philadelphia.

BIG HORN BASIN:

We run personally conducted homeseekers' excursions June 4th and 18th, under guidance of D. Clem Deaver, General Agent Land-seekers' Information Bureau. Round trip \$20.00.

Call or write for details

J. W. MOORHOUSE, Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.

L. W. WARELY, G. P. A., Omaha, Nebraska

Getting Ready to Sell Out. According to the Enterprise of Montpelier, O., the municipal light and waterworks of that village are in bad shape and will require a large expenditure to put them in serviceable condition. The lighting plant is only twelve years old and cost \$18,000. The sale of the plants is under consideration. The citizens of Sleepy Eye, Minn., are waking up to the costliness of municipal ownership and are discussing the sale of the light and water plants. The former began its operations in 1896 and is bonded to the amount of \$15,000. The Dispatch of that place says of the situation: "How to put the plant in condition to furnish the service that it ought to furnish at a reasonable cost is a problem that has not yet been solved. The old plant with its heavy operating expenses and its large repair bill is not likely to serve the desired purpose, and the council recently decided that a new plant was out of the question."

Dilemma of Nashville, Ark. The Nashville municipal light plant has become a burden to the city, and the council is now considering the advisability of selling it. The company from which the plant was purchased is demanding the remainder of the purchase money and threatening to sell the property unless the payment is met. There is no money with which to meet this payment, as all the revenues of the city have been swallowed up in the attempt to operate and pay for the plant, and the only thing remaining to be done is to either allow the company from which the plant was purchased to foreclose its lien or accept an offer made by a citizen of the town for the plant.—Nashville News.

Big Jobs Need Big Men. The verdict of the Chicago voters encourages the hope that American cities are turning away from the notion that men of merely general intelligence can successfully manage special enterprises of immense complication and difficulty.—Harry G. Selfridge in Chicago News.

An Interesting Periodical. The citizens of Paris have a publication issued every month devoted solely to complaints against the municipal telephone service.—San Francisco News-Letter.

We want your **HOGS!**

We have made arrangements with the trade at Portland, Oregon, to handle all of the

Light Hogs we can ship them, and are now in the market for light hogs for western shipment. Call us up by phone or stop at our office and let us quote you top prices.

Blessing Bros. Farmers' phone 25. Bell phone 42

Prof. J. N. D. Auble Magnetic Healer

GRADUATE OF WELTNER SCHOOL OF HEALING OF NEVADA, MISSOURI

A few of the diseases treated: appendicitis, cancer, cross eyes, curvature of the spine, typhoid fever, heart trouble, insomnia, liquor habit, ovarian tumors, paralysis, splint meningitis, asthma, constipation, croup, headache, hip joint disease, kidney trouble, locomotor ataxia, pneumonia, rheumatism.

Consultation Free. OFFICE AT RESIDENCE Two blocks east of square Ord, - - Nebraska

Insurance

The St. Paul is ready to furnish insurance on growing crops against hail losses.

Fire, lightning and wind-storm losses are fully covered by policies in the St. Paul or the Home, of New York, the largest American company, at \$2.50 per \$100.00 for five-year term.

Let me look after your insurance for you.

J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

Kansas Land

Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth-land, from \$7 to \$12 per acre

One-fourth cash, the balance on four years' time.

Newbecker Land Co., GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

SEE **HONNOLD & DAVIS** FOR **Real Estate Insurance and 5% Loans**

Have Your Law Work Done Right

Wills Deeds Contracts Leases Settlement of Estates Collections Legal Advice Law Suits Farm Loans Real Estate

Herman E. Oleson Attorney and Counselor at Law ORD, NEBRASKA

Office in Court House, Office phone No. 2, res. No. 40.

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL of Chicago,

Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.

Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on **Friday, July 5**



Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Constipation, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, Irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Goures, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co., Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill. Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

Ord Church and Lodge Directory

RATES: Six lines of less, \$3.00 per year. Additional line 50 cents per year.

ORD LODGE NO. 103 A. F. & A. M. Meetings held on Wednesday or before the full moon of each month. T. A. Waters, W. M. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

ORD CHAPTER NO. 50 R. A. M. Convention first of each month. John C. Work, H. P. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

MIZPAH CHAPTER ORDER OF EASTERN STAR, ORD LODGE NO. 53. Regular meetings first and third Fridays of each month.

Peter Mortensen, President

E. M. Williams, Cashier

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D. Office over post office, Phone 116

C. J. MILLER, M. D. Office and residence phone 41 Office in new Misko block

R. L. STAPLE, Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor. Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds. National Bank Building, ORD, NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS Undertaking... Licensed Embalmer. Residence Phone 74. Store Phone 82. ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. TAYLOR Dentist Office over First National Bank Office Phone 24. Residence Phone 274

Dr. F. D. HALDEMAN, Physician & Surgeon, Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 158

CLEMENTS BROS., Lawyers. Office in Misko Block. North Side of Square. ORD, NEBRASKA

M. M. Newbecker, M. D. Office Phone 83 Res. Phone 94

Day and Night Calls. ORD, NEBRASKA

A. M. ROBBINS ATTORNEY AT LAW NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE Attention given to legal business in adjoining counties. ORD, NEBRASKA

C. D. BUNDY, M. D. Successor to Chester A. Brink Calls answered night and day Office and resident phone 46

Koupal & Barstow Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.

See our line of Fence Posts

A Straw Hat

wouldn't go bad now. We have an extra large line to select from, and are closing out the bulk of them at cheap prices.

We have just received a line of Ladies' White Duck Hats—just the thing for warm weather. All prices and all shapes.

Frank Dworak

First National Bank

Ord, Nebraska

Capital \$70,000.00 Surplus and Profits 50,000.00

We take this means of calling your attention to our bank and its management, trusting we may receive your favorable consideration, when you have any banking business to transact.

A review of our history since organization, we think is sufficient guarantee that your interests will be safely guarded.

Our continued and rapid increase in business and number of depositors, is taken by us as an indication that we are pleasing the public with our business methods.

We will be pleased to have you deposit your money with us and we will take pleasure in extending you the advantages consistent with sound banking.

Peter Mortensen, President **E. M. Williams, Cashier**

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D. Office over post office, Phone 116

C. J. MILLER, M. D. Office and residence phone 41 Office in new Misko block

R. L. STAPLE, Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor. Real Estate, Insurance of all kinds. National Bank Building, ORD, NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS Undertaking... Licensed Embalmer. Residence Phone 74. Store Phone 82. ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. TAYLOR Dentist Office over First National Bank Office Phone 24. Residence Phone 274

Dr. F. D. HALDEMAN, Physician & Surgeon, Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 158

CLEMENTS BROS., Lawyers. Office in Misko Block. North Side of Square. ORD, NEBRASKA

M. M. Newbecker, M. D. Office Phone 83 Res. Phone 94

Day and Night Calls. ORD, NEBRASKA

A. M. ROBBINS ATTORNEY AT LAW NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE Attention given to legal business in adjoining counties. ORD, NEBRASKA

C. D. BUNDY, M. D. Successor to Chester A. Brink Calls answered night and day Office and resident phone 46

The Quiz and the Nebraska Farmer one year for \$1.50.

Special LOW RATES

\$15.70 To Colorado and Return Every day to September 30, 1907.

\$31.75 To Ogden or Salt Lake City and Return Every day to September 30, 1907.

\$41.40 To Spokane and Return June 20 to July 12, 1907.

\$51.20 To Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Everett, Bellingham, Vancouver, Victoria or New Westminster and Return. June 20 to July 12.

\$51.85 To San Francisco or Los Angeles and Return June 8 to 15 and 22 to July 5.

\$62.25 To Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles or San Diego and Return. Daily to Sept. 15.

\$64.05 Circuit Tour via San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland. June 8 to 15 and 20 to July 12, 1907.

\$75.75 Circuit Tour via San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland. Every Day to Sept. 15, 1907.

Also very low round-trip rates, June 1 to September 15, to many other Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho and British Columbia Points.

Union Pacific Inquire of **F. R. Frick**

The Ord Quiz

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

ORD, NEBRASKA

American Architecture.

If architecture is "frozen music," American architecture has been a melody of "Yankee Doodle," "The Arkansas Traveler," and "ragtime." After the colonial period, which gave us fine specimens of public and private buildings, there followed two generations of bad building, the result of sudden growth. Taste had little place in a country working night and day to erect necessary shelter. That America is advancing in all the arts is to be expected. The outlook for architecture is especially hopeful. A committee appointed by the American Institute of Architects has reported that, "on the whole, architecture is being taught in America with a broader view, and in certain respects more effectively, than in any other country." There are reasons why this good teaching will count in practice, thinks Youth's Companion. The architect differs from other artists in that his practical studio is millions of dollars' worth of materials. That studio, the means of developing the art, is afforded by the amount, diversity and costliness of American building. There is a general improvement in taste and increased respect for expert opinion. Rich builders, individuals and corporations, losing much of the arrogance which money breeds toward all forms of service, show disposition to give the architect free hand to work out his ideas, and not merely produce as a hireling what the patron orders. We may look in another generation not only for great art in public buildings and costly dwellings, but for the reaction of great things on little, for the disappearance of the salmon-pink dwelling beneath the jigsaw porch of which the American has erstwhile been proud to sit. Finally, since architecture, dependent on native material and landscape, is an indigenous art, it invites the architect, preeminently among artists, to create original, native types. The future may produce buildings of distinctively American beauty.

American Expansion.

Evidence accumulates that the United States is expanding in influence and that American devices are abroad in the world. Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, is a competent witness. In his baccalaureate sermon to Rutgers college students, in the course of an allusion to the growing power of democracy, he said that during a recent visit to England he stopped at a hotel in London where he rode up and down stairs in an American elevator, ate rolls made of American flour, dictated correspondence to an stenographer who wrote on an American typewriter machine, and heard all London talking about the American president. He could have amplified the statement and gone into detail showing how American appliances, productions and ideas enter into the everyday life of the English people and to greater or less extent into that of many other nations, but his presentation of the matter will carry a significance not to be lost. The American impress, says Troy Times, is being stamped all over the earth, and this means positive if not obtrusive furtherance of democratic ideas.

Somebody who has been reading "Wilhelm Meister" discovers that the servant question existed in Goethe's time, and quotes Therese as saying to her guest invited to dinner: "My cook has just run away at a most inopportune time. My man has mangled his hand and I had to prepare all myself. Nothing bothers one nowadays more than servants. No one will serve, not even themselves." The difference in this twentieth century is that the Thereses do not know how to act as substitutes for the missing cook, or if they do know, refuse to act. They prefer to "go out to their meals."

A tragedy was consummated the other day in St. Petersburg, when the sword of honor which the people of France were to have given to Gen. Stossel was presented to the St. Petersburg Museum of War Relics. The man, so short a time ago "the heroic defender of Port Arthur," but now discredited by court martial, and branded as a coward and traitor, was not present at the ceremony, says the Youth's Companion, and the dedicatory inscription which recited his courage and skill had been changed to a complimentary reference to the Russian army.

Model tenements do pay, says the New York World. They yield a fair return to investors, they afford pleasure and comfort to tenants, they exert an influence elevating to the moral and physical average of the community. Why do not more rich men build them?

A Lynn, Mass., preacher urges the women of his congregation to keep on their hats in church, which shows that he knows one good way of solving the empty pew problem.

The New England physician who is advocating death at birth for deformed children as a means for the improvement of the human race seems to overlook the fact that Cupid was born blind. Just think of the love and romance the world would have missed had Cupid been chloroformed.

One Point of View.

It was the desire of a teacher in a negro school to impress upon the minds of the youths the benefits derived at Tuskegee and other seats of learning for the ambitious negro. One day, in closing a brilliant discourse on this subject, in which Booker T. Washington was set forth as a criterion, she said to one little boy who had evidently heard not a word of her talk: "Now Thastus, give the name of the greatest negro?"

The answer was surprisingly forthcoming—"Joe Gans!"

LIFE INSURANCE, A SACRED TRUST.

Responsibilities of Officers and Directors.

Evidently President Kingsley of the New York Life Insurance company has learned the great lesson of the times with respect to the responsibility and duty of directors of corporations. Speaking to the new board of trustees, on the occasion of his election to the presidency, he emphasized the fact that "life insurance is more than a private business; that life insurance trustees are public servants, charged at once with the obligations of public service and with the responsibilities that attach to a going trust business which at the same time must be administered as a trust."

He also realizes that similar responsibilities rest upon the officers of the company. "I understand," he says, "your anxiety in selecting the men who are day by day to carry this trust for you, who are to discharge this trust in your behalf, who are to administer for the benefit of the people involved the multitudinous and exacting details to which it is impossible for you to give personal attention. My long connection with the New York Life—covering nearly twenty years—my service in about every branch of the company's working organization, gives me, as I believe, a profound appreciation, not merely of the heavy burden you have placed on my shoulders, but of the standards of efficiency, the standards of faith, the standards of integrity, which must be maintained at all times by the man who serves you and the policyholders in this high office."

Best of all, perhaps, he feels that profits are cheap, and that the public will be satisfied with nothing short of performance. "My thanks, therefore," he continues, "for an honor which outranks any distinction within the reach of my ambition, cannot be expressed in words; they must be read out of the record I make day by day."

REHEARSAL IN A CAR.

Professional Entertainer Was Almost Too Successful.

"The other night, coming home in the car," said the professional entertainer, "I began to wonder if I could bring tears to my own eyes as I do to the eyes of the other people. I tried. I thought of all the wrongs I had committed, and felt sorry for people I had wronged. I thought of all the mistakes I had made that other people had profited by and pretty soon the tears began to gather in my eyes and roll down my cheeks. "I forgot there were other people in the car who might notice me. Soon a woman got up from across the car and came to me. "I see, sir," said she, "that you are in some trouble. Can I do anything to help you?" "Lord bless you, no, madam. I told her, hastily wiping away my tears, I am a professional entertainer and was practicing on myself. That's all."

"Soap Bubble" Hanging from a Reed.

Our life is but a soap bubble hanging from a reed; it is formed, expands to its full size, clothes itself with the loveliest colors of the prism, and even escapes at moments from the law of gravitation; but soon the black speck appears in it and the globe of emerald and gold vanishes into space, leaving behind it nothing but a simple drop of turbid water. All the poets have made this comparison, it is so striking and so true. To appear, to shine, to disappear; to be born, to suffer and to die; is it not the whole sum of life, for a butterfly, for a nation, for a star?—Henry Frederic Adrien.

The Terrible Mafia.

Neither the Naples Camorra, the Paris Apaches, nor the Black Hand of America is the most powerful and terrible secret society in the whole world, in spite of the harrowing details of their ghastly work. The palm must go to the Mafia, which flourishes in Italy, and has done so for more than 300 years. This society, which works so swiftly and silently, yet so surely, was founded in Sicily for protection against the injustice of foreign rulers.—London "P. T. O."

COULDN'T KEEP IT.

Kept It Hid from the Children.

"We cannot keep Grape-Nuts food in the house. It goes so fast I have to hide it, because the children love it so. It is just the food I have been looking for ever so long; something that I do not have to stop to prepare and still is nourishing."

Grape-Nuts is the most scientifically made food on the market. It is perfectly and completely cooked at the factory and can be served at an instant's notice, either with rich cream, or with hot milk if a hot dish is desired. When milk or water is used, a little sugar should be added, but when cold cream is used alone the natural grape-sugar, which can be seen glistening on the granules, is sufficiently sweet to satisfy the palate. This grape-sugar is not poured over the granules, as some people think, but exudes from the granules in the process of manufacture, when the starch of the grains is changed from starch to grape-sugar by the process of manufacture. This, in effect, is the first act of digestion; therefore, Grape-Nuts food is pre-digested and is most perfectly assimilated by the very weakest stomach. "There's a Reason."

Made at the pure food factories of the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little health classic, "The Road to Wellville," in pgs.

NEBRASKA NEWS

FREMONT PLACATES PRESIDENT.

W. H. CLEMMONS.

COLLEGE WILL STAY THERE

City Council Agrees to Close Up the Street Asked for, and Commercial Club Will Pay the \$2,400 Damages.

The Platte avenue closing controversy, at Fremont, has been settled and the street has been closed by ordinance. It will be dedicated to President and Mrs. W. H. Clemmons, of Fremont college. The ordinance was passed by the city council at a special meeting. At the meeting the report of the special citizens' committee was heard. The report said that an agreement had been reached by which the property owners who thought they were damaged should be recompensed. They were to receive \$2,400 and the Fremont Commercial club has agreed to pay that amount to them. The ordinance passed by unanimous vote. Only six members of the council, however, were present.

President Clemmons had asked to have the street closed in order that he might have room for a large science hall which he will erect. Mr. Clemmons says he has other additions in contemplation for the school. He is not altogether pleased with the working of certain sections of the ordinance. The ordinance provides that the property shall revert to the city in case it is not used for school purposes, and for legal reasons Mr. Clemmons would have preferred not to have had it contain that.

FRANK BRINK OUT OF ASYLUM

Slayer of His Sweetheart Is Declared "Not to Be Insane."

Frank Brink, the Ponca young man recently tried for the murder of his former sweetheart on the eve of her marriage to another man, and acquitted on the ground of insanity, has been released from the state insane hospital at Norfolk, just three months to a day after his entrance to the institution. Officials at the institution declare that Brink has not been insane at any time during the three months that he has been an inmate of the hospital. He was discharged and sent home free.

Horse Killed by Guy Wire.

While Mr. Junglauss, a deliveryman for a Grand Island grocery, was delivering wares at the home of Rev. Mr. Gregory, the horse, a fine family animal, reached over a nearby guy wire and fell. Mr. Junglauss, Rev. Gregory and A. Darling tried to move it and were all shocked by an electric current. The horse was killed. The men, able to break away, were not injured. The guy wire, reaching from a pole to the ground, had been charged through a neglected Western Union wire, which, becoming loose from the pole system, crossed one of the electric wires and became charged, in turn charging the guy wire. It is regarded as fortunate in the respect that children had been playing in the vicinity all day and had not touched the same, the condition becoming known before any person came in contact with the wire.

Child Kicked to Death.

The eleven-year-old daughter of David Glese, a well-to-do German farmer, who lives five miles northeast of Culbertson, was dragged and kicked to death by a horse she was leading. The father was cutting wheat and had instructed the child to bring him a fresh horse at noon and some oats in a sack as feed for the team he had been using. The little girl had wrapped the rope halter of the horse about her right arm, after leaving the house, and had attempted to carry the sack of oats with both arms. This frightened the horse, a big, powerful animal, and he started to run. The harder he pulled the tighter the rope drew on the arm of the helpless child, and when stopped at the end of a forty rod run the body was beaten and kicked to a pulp and was almost naked. Dr. A. Townsend of Culbertson was telephoned for and gave what aid he could, but the little sufferer died in an hour after being carried to the house.

Falls Dead at Telephone.

Mrs. A. C. Stuckenholz fell dead at her home in Auburn, aged about forty years. She had just turned away from the telephone, where she had been ordering the bus for a visitor, when she complained of feeling badly, and immediately expired. She left two daughters, aged thirteen and sixteen years.

Coal Heavers Strike at Auburn.

The Missouri Pacific officials have refused to furnish shade to the men working at the coal shutes and as a result the men have refused to work. Their places have been filled by colored men, who are inexperienced and consequently cannot begin to furnish enough coal for the trains, which delays the freight trains and is a serious inconvenience. The colored men manage to keep the passenger trains coaled, which taxes their capacity to the utmost.

Ordered to Service.

Past Midshipman Bratton, who graduated last month from the Annapolis naval academy, has been ordered to service on the Rhode Island, of the North Atlantic squadron. He will report for duty July 8. Bratton is a Hastings boy.

Farley Elected.

The Cass county commissioners elected George L. Farley to succeed J. W. Gamble as county superintendent on the sixth ballot. The first five ballots gave Farley, Opp and Gaines each one vote.

DOUBLE CELEBRATION IN HALL.

Fourth of July and Fiftieth Anniversary of White Settlement. Grand Island and Hall county celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of that vicinity July 4. Elaborate preparations had been made in decorations, a fitting program of speaking and music and the accompanying sports and fireworks and the day was a propitious one. The rareness of such a celebration, the interest it awakens among all the older families within a radius of 100 miles, and the local pride that is stirred, combined with the general purposes of celebrating this day, resulted in the assembling of the greatest crowd ever seen in the city. It was not a mere arrangement that the fiftieth anniversary of the approach of white men to this section was observed on that day, for it was fifty years ago to the date that a colony of white men, mostly Germans, came out from Davenport, Iowa, to stake out a settlement and town here with the hope that it would some day become the future capital of the United States. It was about the time that people began to feel that, some day, in the not distant future, railroads would be built to the Pacific, the west would rapidly develop, and it would be absolutely necessary to locate the capital more centrally. A company of bankers and congressmen were back of the colony, but the colonists remained on and eight of the original settlers still survive and live in Hall county while two others—one from Loup City and one from Saginaw, Michigan, the latter being the first sheriff, were present to join in the festivities.

COUNTIES MAY COMPETE.

State Fair Offers \$2,500 in Cash for Agricultural Exhibits. All of the good agricultural counties in Nebraska are interested in the county collective exhibit to be held at the state fair at Lincoln the first week in September. Counties may enter agricultural exhibits in competition for cash prizes which aggregate \$2,500. Secretary Mellor of the state board of agriculture has printed premium lists containing a complete description of the terms on which counties must enter this contest. The state board has made material changes in the plan of competition and counties will now enter by districts. William James of Dorchester is superintendent of the exhibit, which will be class O.

Exhibits in this class are limited to county agricultural societies, exhibiting in the name of the society, provided, that in counties in which there is no organized agricultural society, one or more individuals may compete in the name of the county.

Aged Farmer Kills Self.

Austyn Nutt, a farmer, seventy-seven years old, living near Mt. Hope church, seven miles west of Ashland, was found dead hanging from the limb of a tree in a grove on his farm. Since the death of his wife, two years ago, the old gentleman has been gradually losing his mind, due to poor health. It is believed that he committed the deed after worrying over financial losses.

Ashland Store Collapses.

Without warning the west wall and the roof on the rear end of S. L. Sear's store at Ashland collapsed. There was no high wind or other disturbance at the time and Mr. Sear is unable to account for the disaster, unless it was due to the intense heat. The only occupants of the store at the time were Bert Service, a clerk, and Dr. C. C. Whistler. Both escaped unharmed.

May Die From Her Burns.

Miss Ferny Adamson, daughter of A. J. Adamson, Auburn, may not live because of injuries received as a result of a fire which totally destroyed the residence of B. Melott. The loss was over \$4,500, and only partially covered by insurance. Miss Adamson was seriously burned by falling embers which caught in her thin clothing.

Hurt in a Runaway.

A valuable horse belonging to Charles Hacker became frightened at the steam roller which has been used to work the roads at Auburn and ran away, throwing Mr. Hacker and Frank Forbes out of the buggy, injuring both. The horse ran several blocks into a barbed wire fence, demolishing the buggy and cutting itself.

Dies From Encounter With Bull.

E. E. Greer of Cambridge, who was injured about three months ago by being hooked by a vicious bull has died from the effects. Mr. Greer was taken to a hospital in Omaha, where he remained until he was brought home. The funeral was held from the Greer home. The deceased left a widow and children.

River Cutting Banks.

At Plattsmouth the Burlington road is experiencing considerable trouble with the Missouri river. The high water is cutting the banks on the east side. The road has resorted to riprapping to protect its roadbed.

Killed By Mower.

C. E. Tizell, a prosperous farmer and prominent stockman of Jefferson county, was killed by being run over with a mowing machine. One side of his head was crushed in and he never recovered.

Investigating Coal Prospects.

John H. Rackerby, a mining engineer, together with a coal expert from Iowa, were at Republican City recently investigating the coal prospects. They found indications on the farm of S. O. Baker, and will return to assist in the work of development.

Johnson to Stay.

At the request of Governor Sheldon, Dr. Johnson will remain at the head of the institute for feeble-minded youth, at Beatrice, until his successor is appointed. Dr. Johnson resigned some months ago, to take effect July 1.

IRISH CHURCH BELLS

THE EARLIEST ONES WEIGHED ONLY A FEW OUNCES.

First Adopted About the Time of St. Patrick in the Fifth Century—Were Made of Hammered Iron.

It was about the time of St. Patrick, in the fifth century, that bells began to be adopted in the Christian church, though their use in other directions was long anterior to Christianity, as Mr. Lazard records has found some in the palace of Nimrod. The first Christian bells, like St. Patrick's, weighed only a few ounces, and from that they gradually increased till the greatest weight was reached at Moscow with 188 tons, of beautiful enriched work, a strange contrast to humble "Clog-an-eadahehta Petra," or "bell of Patrick's well," sometimes referred to as the bell of Armagh, with its diminutive dimensions of six inches deep, made of thin sheets of hammered iron, bent into a four-sided form, fastened with rivets and brazed or bronzed. This bell is also one of the most authentic and the oldest Irish relic of Christian metal work that has descended to us, and is mentioned in the "Annals" under the date of 552.

Such as this were the bells of the early apostles of Ireland, but the age was a progressive one, and advancing art soon claimed the bells to work on, and the hammered iron gave way to bronze castings, more skillful workmanship and to more perfect resonance. We are fortunate enough to have on loan the finest example in the Bangor bell of what the craft of bell making had advanced to by the time the tenth century had dawned. For 500 years the iron bell of Patrick had done its duty, and now it had to be laid by.

The same story applies to many other famous bells of Ireland and their shrines, but the church loved these ancient bells, and their associations rendered them most precious relics. They must be preserved, and the far famous gold workers of Ireland came to the rescue and brought the national art, then in the zenith of its perfection, to bear on the "cases" to hold them called "shrines" and by far the most beautiful of all was that for the bell of the great patron saint of Ireland.

The early church builders and artificers of Ireland were skillful and bold and fearless in their creations; with an independence of thought, they struck out original lines to work on. We see it in the stone-roofed churches, the stately round towers, the great crosses—a model of one, the finest cross on earth, stands near the case containing the bells—and by the preservation of the bells themselves we see in the reliquaries or shrines another master thought, repeated elsewhere, and these remain a purely Irish characteristic. A few found a resting place in Scotland, but a great authority says "they are attributed to Irish saints, and we naturally turn to Ireland in search of the parent group."

The "shrine" was made to inclose the rude iron bell. This fine example of the goldsmith's work must have been executed between the years 1091 and 1105, when Donell McAuley, whose name is given in the inscription, filled the see of Armagh. The shrine is made of brass, on which the ornamented parts are fastened down with rivets. The front is adorned with silver gilt plating, and knot work in golden filigree. The silver work is partly covered with scrolls, some in silhouette and some in bas-relief. It is also decorated with gems and crystals, and on the sides are animal forms, elongated and twisted into interlaced scrolls. Since the original shrine was made, in 1091, it has never been lost sight of, but has been handed down from custodian to custodian, generally of the same family.

A PHILADELPHIA IDEA.

How an Ingenious Student Avoided a Tardy Mark.

A certain student at the Central high school hit upon a brilliant idea to escape punishment for lateness. It is an established rule at the institution to detain all pupils one hour after regular dismissal for each case of lateness, and if the same student is late three times in one month he is liable to suspension for one day, unless he is able to furnish a reasonable excuse. A suspension carries with it a forfeiture of exemptions in four and sometimes five studies. The student in question, through some unavoidable delay, was late twice in one month. While going to school one morning, the car in which he rode was held up for about 15 minutes at Washington avenue by the freight trains. Fearing suspension through his chronic lateness the student tore a leaf from his notebook and asked his fellow passengers to affix their signatures to a note, which declared that he was detained by the railroad cars. He arrived at school several minutes late, but on presentation of his note, signed with 20 names, he was excused by the professors.—Philadelphia Record.

Made a Hit With Women.

Two men who had been friends for years went into the restaurant business about the same time. Both ran clean, unpretentious, moderate-priced houses. One made a success, the other didn't. "I succeeded," said the lucky one, "because I made a special appeal to women. I always prepared dishes and set my table in such a way that they could get points on good housekeeping. At every meal I got some fancy dish that women would be sure to like, and if they wished it I gave them the recipe. In a little while I got the name of being a good fellow. "You ought to eat at Blank's," said one woman to another. "They'll make you a present of a first-class cook book if you eat there often enough." "And that settled it. With the women on my side success was assured."

PRIVILEGES OF A GENTLEMAN.

Youngster Probably Will Change Ideas in Course of Time.

There is a small boy in this town, says the Baltimore American, who is the son of a rather distinguished lawyer, who has decided opinions on what constitutes true aristocracy. One day recently a friend called upon his mother, and while waiting for the mistress, was entertained by the small boy. "What are you going to do when you grow up?" was the stereotyped question she propounded in the effort to start the conversation. "Oh, I am going to smoke." "Yes?" "And chew." "Oh!" "And gamble." "Indeed!" "And swear." "Really!" "And drink corn whisky." "And why are you going to do such things?" asked the visitor aghast. "Oh, all southern gentlemen do them."

The Royal Road.

Struggling Author—Why, De Poesy, how prosperous you look! Was your last book of poems a success?

De Poesy—No, can't say that it was. "Published a popular novel, perhaps?" "No."

"Ah, then you have written a play. I have always held that play writing, while not the highest form of art, was nevertheless—"

"I have written no play." "You haven't? Where did these fine clothes come from? How did you pay for that handsome turnout?"

"I have abandoned literature and am peddling clams."—N. Y. Weekly.

Flow of Artesian Well.

To calculate the rate of flow of an artesian well a simple plan is to lower a bottle of aniline fluid to a depth of say 500 feet and then electrically explode a cap to burst the bottle. The time required for the fluid to appear at the surface gives an accurate gauge as to the velocity of flow. It is claimed that this method gives results as accurate as a weir. The diameter of the pipe being known, the rate of flow readily follows.

Earned His Tip.

The porter in the barber shop had just finished polishing the funny man's shoes when the latter said: "John, I'm in a quandary and need your advice. Will you please give me your deductions concerning molecular necrosis?"

But John didn't turn a hair, whatever that means. "Yes, sah," he replied suavely. "It's an infinitesimal affinity, sah."

Wanted an Excuse.

"What do you take when you're coming down with a cold?" "Who object?" "Certainly not. She doesn't want me to be sick?" "One more question."

"Well?" "What's the easiest way to start a cold."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Parental Advice.

"Father, I am thinking of getting married."

"All right, my son, but remember that love is not everything. Take care to select a wife who will support you in the style to which you have always been accustomed, or you run the risk of being very unhappy and may be of help to go to work yourself."

Chance Not to Be Missed.

One day the office boy went to the editor of the Soaring Eagle and said: "There is a tramp at the door, and he says he has had nothing to eat for six days." "Fetch him in," said the editor. "If we can find out how he does it we can run the paper for another week!"

Much Money Redeemed.

The amount of money which the government is called upon to redeem in the course of the year reaches an almost fabulous amount. In 1904, for instance, it totaled \$312,000,000. This redemption is either for the purpose of securing clean, fresh notes or to get change of some other denomination.

Jumpers.

"I want to look at some of your jumpers," said the workman, entering the department store.

"Frog department, sixth floor, center aisle," replied the floorwalker, tapping his teeth with his pencil.—Yonkers Statesman.

Buyers are Esteemed; good mea dress are deemed.—Chinese.

MADE A NEW FASHION.

Good Joke Played in Old Days on "Would-Be Fashionable."

Old Camden, in his "Remains," tells a good story of a trick played by a knight upon a would-be fashionable shoemaker. Sir Phillip Calthrop purged John Drakes, the shoemaker of Norwich in the time of King Henry VIII, of the fraud "invented" for the people's sake by the shoemaker. This knight bought much fine French tawny cloth and should make him a gown, and sent it to the tailor to be made. John Drakes, a shoemaker, coming to this tailor's and seeing the knight's gown cloth lying there, bid the tailor buy cloth of the same price and pattern and make it of the same fashion as the knight's. Not long after the knight, coming in to the tailor to be measured for his gown, and perceiving the like cloth lying there, asked whose it was. "John Drakes," the shoemaker, who will have it made of the self-same fashion that yours is made of. "Then make mine as full of cuts as the shears will make it!" John Drakes had no time to go for his gown till Christmas day, when he meant to wear it. Perceiving the same to be full of cuts, he began to swear at the tailor. "I have done naught but what you bid me," quoth the tailor, "for as Sir Phillip Calthrop's garment is, even so have I made yours." "By my lather!" quoth John Drakes, "I will never wear gentlemen's fashions again!"—London T. P.'s Weekly.

Sad Disappointment.

A verdant-looking old fellow recently entered the office of a downtown woman's exchange, and after a moment's hesitation inquired of the lady in charge: "Is this here the Woman's Exchange?" "It is," replied the lady. "Well," continued the countryman, somewhat sheepishly, "I'd like to swap off my old woman for 'most anybody you happen to have on hand."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Careful Public Guardian.

One of the pillars of the city ordinances is a traffic policeman stationed at Fourth avenue and Twenty-third street. He loses no opportunity of making war on persons who drop banana peels in the street. He punishes upon an offender and orders him to pick up the slippery menace to life and limb and to carry it to a receptacle for waste on the sidewalk. —New York Herald.

Were He a Bird.

With an ugly sneer he tossed aside the bread which she had made with her own hands. "If I were only an ostrich!" he began. But the young woman cut him short. "Yes, if you only were," she snapped, "then I might get at least a few decent feathers for that old hat I've worn since my wedding day."

To prevent that tired feeling on ironing day—Use Defiance Starch—saves time—saves labor—saves annoyance—will not stick to the iron. The big 16 oz. package for 10c, at your grocer's.

Proving the Point.

She—A woman ought to get credit for being just as logical and ready to give a reason as a man. He—Why? She—Oh, because!

Strong Part.

Footie Lighte—Has your sister a strong part in the new piece? Miss Sue Brette—Why, yes; she has to carry around one of those heavy spears!

Defiance Starch—Never sticks to the iron—no blotches—no blisters, makes ironing easy and does not injure the goods.

It is scarcity of their remarks that makes some women remarkable.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

TRADE MARK
DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR RHEUMATISM, BRUISES, BURNS, GRAVEL, DIABETES, BACKACHE, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, MIGRAINE, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY TRACT.
"375" Guaranteed

DEFIANCE STARCH

never sticks to the iron

TIRE AND SICK YET MUST WORK

"Man may work from sun to sun but woman's work is never done." In order to keep the home neat and pretty, the children well dressed and tidy, women outside and often suffer in silence, drifting along from bad to worse, knowing well that they ought to have help to overcome the pains and aches which daily make life a burden.

Let these women that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, comes as a blessing. When the spirits are depressed, the head and back aches, there are dragging-down pains, nervousness, sleeplessness, and reluctance to go anywhere, these are only symptoms which unless heeded, are soon followed by the worst forms of Female Complaints.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound keeps the feminine organism in a strong and healthy condition. It cures Inflammation, Ulceration, displacements, and organic troubles. In preparing for child-birth and to carry women safely through the Change of Life it is most efficient.

Mrs. Augustus Lyon, of East Earl, Pa., writes:—Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—For a long time I suffered from female troubles and had all kinds of aches and pains in the lower part of back and sides. I could not sleep and had no appetite. Since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and following the advice which you gave me I feel like a new woman and I cannot praise your medicine too highly.

Mrs. AUG. LYON

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound keeps the feminine organism in a strong and healthy condition. It cures Inflammation, Ulceration, displacements, and organic troubles. In preparing for child-birth and to carry women safely through the Change of Life it is most efficient.

Mrs. Augustus Lyon, of East Earl, Pa., writes:—Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—For a long time I suffered from female troubles

Quiz

Editor and Owner.
City Editor.

NEBRASKA.

Postoffice at Ord as second class mail matter.

DESCRIPTION RATES.
Sold in reasonable time, \$1.50
paid year after year, \$2.

Advertising Rates.

| Wk. | Mo. | Year |
|-----|-----|-------|
| 10 | 35 | 5.00 |
| 20 | 70 | 10.00 |
| 30 | 100 | 15.00 |
| 40 | 130 | 20.00 |

10 inch insertions,
Locals 5 cents a line.
Locals 10 cents a line
15 cents a line.

Advertisements may begin or end at any time.
This paper will be promptly
stopped if not accompanied with the
understanding that the subscription
will continue until the subscriber notifies the
editor of his desire to terminate the sub-

Forgot One Wife.

Adam Smith and Annie R. Surman, both of Ord, Nebraska. The marriage license didn't get all much, but the couple did after they were pronounced man and wife by the accommodating Rev. Thomas A. Uzzell at the court house yesterday. "This is my third wedding," said the groom, a well-to-do farmer whose 67 years did not make him. "This is my third wedding," he repeated with a twinkle in his eye, "but the best."

"You see," he said, "this time I'm very seriously, 'the first I just married was the heart of my boyhood and, though we have waited a long while because of the circumstances surrounding our lives, just couldn't wait any longer, that we are free to do as we please," interrupted the little girl. "I am 60 years of age now. Some people think I am too old to marry, but I don't think makes any difference when to persons have cared for each other a life time."

Then the aged groom told the story of the love between him and his bride, while the latter nodded approval. "We were engaged to be married about forty-five years ago," he said, "but on account of her fits we were never together much of the time. At last I told me right out that they did not want me for a son-in-law, and the same year their daughter is married to a man whom they had chosen for her."

"Well, after that I was pretty well, and finally got married myself. My first wife was a good woman and I was very happy until about sixteen years ago, when she died. I thought I was having lots of trouble then but it did not begin until after I had been married the second time. My second wife was much younger than I was and we did not get along very well together. You see, I was rather settled and she wasn't. We quarrelled a good deal of the day and some of the night, and at last agreed that it was best for us both to be divorced. That was granted in Nebraska about the first of this year."

"You see how it was after that. I knew that the husband of my old sweetheart was dead, and so after thinking it over decided that she would make a good wife. And you will won't you," he asked turning to her. For answer the little old lady smiled.—Denver Post.

Arcadia News.

Parl Round made a trip to Sargent on Friday evening. Last week a swarm of bees took up quarters under the house of Henry Nelson. They seem to have come to stay as they began business at once.

Winnie McMichael received injuries while fixing a wagon Tuesday. The wagon fell on him while he was under it putting on some repairs.

H. O. Cooley has had a new croquet ground made in front of his residence.

An inch and a half of rain fell here Friday evening.

Robert Pinkerton's sister was here visiting him last week.

The Boys' Band played at the ball game Tuesday.

The owner of Ord drove

Fierce Hail Storm.

Doubtless the worst hail storm that has visited this community since the terrible storm of August 5, 1885, struck this county last Saturday night at about 10:00 in the evening.

After other threatening clouds had gathered in the north and disappeared, an innocent looking cloud crept up on us from the north and soon began to pelt the earth with monster hailstones. The ground was at least half covered with them when the storm was over.

Great damage was done here in Ord to gardens and to windows, but this loss is nothing as compared to the loss of some of our farmers.

It appears that the storm became violent in the region of Turtle Creek, and gradually increased in fury and extent as it swept down the valley.

Its general course was in a straight line from Ord to North Loup and Scotia. This brought it into the hills southeast of Ord, so that the valley was not so badly hurt in the region of the Bend as were the crops in the hills, but at North Loup and especially at Scotia things were pretty effectually destroyed. In much of this region the loss of crops is complete. From there on the storm kept on its general course through Central City and farther, doing great havoc all the way.

Probably this is the worst hail storm in point of extent that has ever visited the Loup region.

The first impressions, however, as to the losses in the vicinity of Ord were overdrawn, or at least the corn crop is coming out amazingly and will not be as nearly a total loss as some feared, though many fields are doubtless total losses. At best it was a disastrous affair.

Ida Items.

Mrs. G. W. Mickelwait and children of Ord came up Wednesday evening and spent the Fourth at Burwell with the Craig family.

Mrs. Kennedy returned home Sunday after spending a few days at the Goodenow home.

Mr. Meyers shipped a car of cattle to Omaha Monday.

Mrs. Bergrude spent Sunday at Goodenow's. Mrs. Norton drove over after her Monday.

Mr. Galford and Mrs. Wilson, brother and sister of Mrs. Sharp have been spending several days at the Sharp home.

Mr. Kent met with a very peculiar accident Friday. In some way his knife was open in his pocket and he fell on it, the blade going into his hip clear to the bone. He is under the doctor's care and we hope for no serious results.

Mrs. Brockus of Burwell visited Mrs. Goodenow Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Meyers visited at Craig's Sunday afternoon and evening.

Mrs. Hollingsworth Gone.

At her home on Sylvan Dell Street, Sullivan, Indiana, on Thursday evening at ten o'clock, June 27, Cora May Hollingsworth peacefully and quietly passed away.

She had been a patient sufferer for many weeks and death came as a release. With courage born of faith and hope she died without a murmur of fear. She was a faithful member of the church of Christ and daily lived a beautiful and Christ-like life. She leaves a husband and four children who were at her bedside at the last.

Her mother, Mrs. Amos Travis and two brothers, Fred and Frank, and one sister, Mrs. Myra Watson survive her.

Her body was laid to rest in the Price cemetery Saturday. Mr. George Wolf officiated at the services.

Mission Festival.

If God permits, the Danish Lutherans will hold a mission festival at the home of C. Holms, P. Mortensen's place, the 19th of July, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. Basket dinner at noon. The following ministers are expected to be present: Rev. J. E. Pederson, Danneberg; Rev. J. P. Heede, Council Bluffs; Rev. H. M. Hansen, Cordova; Rev. J. P. Jensen, Blair. All Scandinavians are cordially invited. J. A. Larsen, Pastor.

Specialist of Reputation

Years of Special Practice Affording Excellent Opportunities.

Some Facts Worth Mentioning

By Dr. Daldwell

Several years ago, while in private practice, I thought it wrong to advertise, simply because I had been told so and had not had experience enough to know better. After a while I discovered a valuable plan of treatment in certain diseases, and obtained a large number of patients, enough to fully test my plan and prove its success. I thereupon prepared a lengthy paper on the subject and read it before the state medical society. What was the result? A half a dozen members took the floor to say what the treatment had been for a hundred years back, and to claim that the old treatment, though unsuccessful, should be continued, notwithstanding the new treatment had been successful. I thought differently and continued to use the new method, and made remarkable cures of diseases that had been pronounced incurable. My business increased rapidly as each person that I cured told some friend, who came in turn and was cured. Each patient advised me a little. What then? In that large city there were not more than 400 cases of the kind. I cured every case that came to me and then had nothing to do except the ordinary business of a local physician. I knew there were hundreds and thousands of others elsewhere who might be cured if they only knew; and I advertised. Cured hundreds of others, and have advertised ever since. I have relieved many suffering, cured more patients, made more people happy, and done more good generally because I have told the people what I can do, and I shall go on with the good work as long as my strength will permit.

I advertise because I have something worth advertising. I have made myself competent by years of special study and experience, and by the expenditure of large sums of money. By advertising I place before the people the facts which enable them to know what I can do. I thereby reach thousands, who, given up by local physicians or unsuccessfully treated, give themselves up as incurable. I cure them and thereby enlarge my new field of usefulness. By no other way than advertising could these people know that they could be cured. Every thrifty and prosperous business in life, save those of law and medicine advertise freely. Lawyers do not, for they use in their business only what others have made for them years before. They only do what has been written. "Regular" doctors do not advertise for the same reason. They have nothing new, nothing which someone else has not written or told them of, they get their knowledge from the books. A man may read medicine till he is blind and then know nothing about it. To be successful he must apply his own mind.

Make his own researches, and do to that he must have room and opportunity. He must have cases, hundreds of them, and compare results. If he does not do this he is a machine without novelty, skill or ingenuity, still plowing with a wooden plow, still travelling on foot or horseback, and ingoring the advantages of steam, living but not learning. The same is true of a lady doctor.

Below you will find published the names and addresses of some of the recent cures that I have made. These people's afflictions were, under the ordinary physician's care, considered hopeless, and no prospects for a cure:

Sophia Kran, Albion, Nebr., cured of a bad skin disease.
Mrs. Lulu Towlesley, David City, Nebr., cured of female trouble and female weakness.
Mrs. C. W. Killian, Wakefield, Nebr., cured of a tumor and liver and stomach troubles.
Mrs. E. A. Studer, Wayne,

Nebr., cured of female and nervous troubles.

Mr. C. T. Muffley, Meadow Grove, Nebr., cured of heart trouble and bronchial and nervous troubles.

Mrs. C. Linn, Hoskins, Nebr., cured of ovarian trouble and bladder trouble.

F. J. Roh, Abia, Nebr., cured of bronchial trouble, enlarged liver and dropsy.

Mrs. Minnie Rudat, Columbus, Nebr., cured of skin disease and kidney trouble.

Mrs. D. W. Burr, David City, Nebr., cured of skin disease, nervousness and loss of appetite.

Mrs. Chas. Miller, Wayne, Nebr., cured of dropsy, kidney and liver troubles and nervousness. She had been troubled for years.

Mrs. C. W. Anderson, Norfolk, Nebr., cured of general debility, enlarged liver and pain in the chest.

Mrs. John Bauman, Benton, Nebr., cured of bladder trouble and constipation.

Mrs. S. P. Amick, Tekamah, Nebr., cured of tumor, womb trouble, loss of appetite and constipation. 23-3t.

For five per cent. wind and cyclone insurance see McNutt & Blessing.

Remember the Chautauqua commences Saturdays.

FOR SALE—A sixty-five dollar cabinet sewing machine, good as new. Will sell for eighteen dollars if taken soon. Inquire at office of Honnold & Davis. 23-2tpd.

On June 30 Lee Schuyler and Miss Jennie Barabry Mauh, both of Garfield county were married by Justice of the Peace Westover.

The state banking board has chartered the Commercial State bank of Arcadia, which has a capital stock of \$10,000. The incorporators are John Wall, Belle Wall, W. F. Greenlee and P. W. Round.

For the last time till the close of our piano contest the standing of the contestants will be published this week. Take a good look at the way the contestants stand for it will be the last till after Saturday, August 3. Meanwhile the ballot box will be locked and no one will have access to it till the day of the closing of the contest, when the final count will be made in the presence of all who wish to witness it. Keep moving to the end now.

On July 4 Miss Stella Ragan left for Council Bluffs on a visit, so she said to her people, and now it is learned that on the 6th she met William Petty there and at the Presbyterian church was married to him, from that place going to Pittsburg, Penn., to make their home. Mr. Petty is well known here, having lived here formerly and is a most excellent young man. His bride is one of Valley county's most excellent young ladies, and they both have the best wishes of this region.

It becomes the painful duty of the Quiz to again mention the misdoings of some of Ord's boys. Tuesday of this week Melvin Hather, son of F. G. Hather, aged 14 years, and Clifford Milligan, son of Sig. Milligan, aged 12 years were arrested for stealing from L. P. Sorensen, 2 watches, 5 pocket knives and 2 rings, all valued at the sum of \$5.35. The boys had the property on their persons and owned up to the theft. They will be brought before the county judge Saturday when sentence will be passed upon them.

H. O. Cooley is in the city today on his way to Burwell, to get up a special write-up of that town. He is now regularly in that business and has just sent a write-up of Sargent in to that printer, which promises to be a very catchy effort. Cooley is a facile writer and has all the requisite push and other qualities necessary to make this kind of an enterprise win out. The fact that he has begun right about home where he is known and will have to meet what he says is proof that he is doing the square thing. We are hoping that he will succeed in his venture, and feel sure that he will.

Polly and the Mistletoe

By OLIVE HARPER.

"I believe I will," said Polly Adams to a ridiculous Chinese doll that sat on the chimney staring fixedly before her. It was nearly midnight, and the house was still. The Christmas tree stood all decorated and the gifts hung upon it in the library, back of the parlor, and Polly had been sitting beside the fire in her pretty yellow elderdown pajamas. Pajamas were a bad that season among all her girl friends, and Polly always, as she said, "kept right along with the procession."

Polly was tired, for she had been busy all that day. They were not rich, and so much of the running devolved upon Polly, and the three boys were home from school, and they had two visitors to remain till New Year's. One of them was Archie—it is enough to call him just "Archie." So, while Polly braided the heavy mass of rich brown hair into one long loose plait, she glanced at the mistletoe and then at the spinelike face of the Chinese doll as she said:

"Now, Mrs. Li Hung Chang, what shall I do? Archie loves me. I know it from a dozen—yes, a thousand—



HE WRAPPED THE SHRINKING LITTLE FIGURE IN ITS FOLDS.

things, but he is so shy and timid. Minnie Blake is engaged, and so would I be if only Archie had the courage of a chipmunk," she hastily added as she thought of her bare feet and possible mice. "Now, if I could hang this mistletoe to the chandelier tonight in the excitement of seeing our gifts I could manage—I know I could—to get him under it beside me, and the boys would do the rest, and then—well, the ice would be broken. I will if you say so. Why don't you speak?"

Saying this, the dainty little beauty stamped her foot, now in its slipper, which jarred the room ever so slightly, and the doll did not stir. Polly laughed, half startled, but with new courage. She took the night light in one hand and the bunch of mistletoe in the other, with its grapping wires, and stole downstairs to the library door and on into the parlor, not noticing that the library door had shut to with the spring lock.

Polly did not wish to awaken any member of the family, so she did not switch on the lights. Her own night light but made the darkness visible. It was fearsome down here all alone in the dark, so she hurried and pushed the side table over into the middle of the room under the chandelier, with the mistletoe on it, and then brought a delicate, long legged, gold painted chair, on which she climbed timidly, listening all the while for a sound.

The chandelier was high and Polly not tall, so do her best, standing on her tiptoes, she could not reach the fixture. "I must get up on the table," she said to herself, "and I hope I'll not fall and break my neck and rouse the house."

Just as this very courageous little maiden stepped to the table with one foot, while the other was still resting on the insecure chair, there was the sound of a latchkey in the front door and then a blast of wintry wind and two voices in the hall. They were those of her oldest and most venerable brother Fred, and the other voice belonged to Archie Steadman. It was too much for Polly. It would be awful if Fred discovered her.

She tried to step down from her insecure perch, but the treacherous ornamental chair tilted, and Polly came down suddenly, striking her head against the table. She was too frightened to feel the hurt, for the noise was great enough to startle Fred into saying: "What's that? Burglars! I'll bet. Come on, Arch."

Saying that, Fred bounded forward and switched on the light and, seizing a heavy cane from the hatrack, sprang into the parlor. But Polly had managed to get on her feet and scamper to the library door, dropping one of her slippers as she went and leaving the lamp behind her; but, try as she might, she could not open the library door, and stood there pulling with a strength born of desperation, while Fred said: "Burglars! Here's the light. They're after the gifts on the tree. Come on!"

With his cane swinging like an Indian club, Fred sprang into the library, while Archie, with his umbrella, followed, and both advanced upon the burglars. They could hear the rattling of the doorknob, and Fred shouted: "He Remembered. Uncle Johnny Major was an absentminded southern gentleman. One day Mose opened the big gate when his master drove to church and was uncertain whether to close the gate or leave it open, so he cried out as Uncle Johnny drove through, 'Massa, mus' I shet de gate?' In the village church five miles away pastor and people were astonished when Uncle Johnny, halfway down the aisle, halted with sudden recollection, half turned and said, 'Yes, Mose, shut the gate!'"

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES SHIRK

That is One of the Reasons Municipal Operated Utilities Do Not Pay. Apropos of the decision of the West Ham town council to abolish its works department, the London Evening News says:

"As a matter of fact, municipal trading seldom, if ever, pays, for the simple reason that municipal employees are merely human and are subject to the weaknesses of human nature. One of those weaknesses is the desire to do the smallest possible amount of work for the largest possible salary, and through this is doubtless a very reprehensible and unsocial sentiment, there is no getting around the fact of its existence. If municipal employees were filled, as the Socialist leaders fondly imagine them to be, with a burning desire to labor manfully for the community and to give at least full money's worth for their wages, then municipal trading would be a howling success. Unfortunately the plain fact is that as soon as you get away from private enterprise and competition between man and man you find that people begin to 'slack,' and public departments become the abode of slackness."

Going Out of Business.

West Seattle, Wash., has sold its street railroad system. The action was taken by the common council and approved by the voters at an election. This leaves but one municipal street railway in operation in this country.

The Lakewood (O.) municipal electric light plant has been sold to the Cleveland Illuminating company, which has contracted to light the streets all night for less than half the amount the municipal lights cost on moonlight schedule.

Middletown, Pa., has abandoned its municipal electric light plant, for which it issued \$28,000 bonds at 5 per cent. The plant was not only unprofitable, but was becoming obsolete and would soon have required considerable expenditure for new machinery. It was also found that current could be bought cheaper than the city could produce it. The village of Beverly, O., has advertised for sale its electric light plant.

A CITY OFFICIAL'S OPINION.

Why Municipal Plants Are Operated at a Disadvantage.

Professor George F. Sever of Columbia university and for several years consulting engineer of the department of water supply, gas and electricity of New York city, was recently called upon by the Syracuse lighting commission to give expert advice as to the desirability of that city's embarking upon municipal ownership of its electric lighting. According to the Syracuse Post-Standard, Professor Sever expressed the opinion that the city could not produce lights at as low a cost as they are now furnished by the Syracuse Lighting company, and stated various reasons why municipal electric light plants are not conducted as effectively and economically as plants owned by public service corporations.

To quote: "He said that his investigation of the subject convinced him that the management of a municipal plant was hampered by the laws governing a municipality. The superintendent did not have the same advantages in making the improvements, some demanding immediate action, as when acting for a corporation. The length of time required for proceedings for an expenditure by a municipality, he said, might be dangerous to the success of the plant. He further stated that there appeared to be no incentive to highly efficient men to take charge of a municipal plant. He did not believe that a superintendent of a municipal plant would show the same interest in the management of the plant as if serving a corporation which gave him a large degree of power in making any changes deemed necessary. A city, he thought, would demand honesty and only a fair amount of technical skill of its superintendent, and chances for a change of administration would not promise the reward for efficient service that might be expected of a private company."

"The foolish man approached the wonderful goose that laid the golden eggs. 'Old bird,' ejaculated the foolish man, 'I think your time has come. Golden eggs are no longer popular. Why can't you lay gold bricks?' 'Because, master,' replied the goose, 'I don't belong to the bricklayers' union.'"

And then the ax fell!—Chicago News.

When She Listens. "Poor Henpeck! Every time he starts to say anything his wife stops him." "Not always. He has a habit of talking in his sleep, and when he does that she just listens breathlessly."—Philadelphia Press.

Yellowstone Park

Grand tourist resort of the people and one of the most beautiful parts of the American continent.

VERY LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES
To Yellowstone Park

have been put in effect this summer by the

Union Pacific

For Yellowstone Park literature and full information in regard to rates, route, etc., inquire of

F. R. Frick

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST
By HARRY LEON WILSON
AUTHOR OF "THE SPENDERS"
Copyright 1903 of Lippincott Publishing Company

CHAPTER XXXVII.

The Gentle Carries Off His Spoil.
Half an hour later they heard the sound of voices and wheels. Follett looked up and saw a light wagon with four men in it driving into the meadows from the south. The driver was Seth Wright; the man beside him he knew to be Bishop Snow, the one they called the Entablature of Truth. The two others he had seen in Amalon, but he did not know their names.

He got up and went forward when the wagon stopped, leaning casually on the wheel.

"He's already dead, but you can help me bury him as soon as I get my wife out of the way around that oak bush—I see you've brought along a spade."

The men in the wagon looked at each other, and then climbed slowly out.

"Now who could 'a' left that there spade in the wagon?" began the Wild Ram of the Mountains, a look of perplexity clouding his ingenious face.

The Entablature of Truth was less disposed for idle talk.

"Who did you say you'd get out of the way, young man?"

"My wife, Mrs. Ruel Follett."

"Meaning Prudence Rae?"

"Meaning her that was Prudence Rae."

"Oh!"

The ruddy-faced bishop scanned the horizon with a dreamy, speculative eye, turning at length to his companions.

"We better get to this burying," he said.

"Wait a minute," said Follett.

They saw him go to Prudence, raise her from the ground, put a saddle blanket over his arm, and lead her slowly up the road around a turn that took them beyond a clump of the oak brush.

"It won't do!" said Wright, with a meaning glance at Entablature of Truth, quite as if he had divined his thought.

"I'd like to know why not?" retorted this good man, aggressively.

"Because times has changed; this ain't '57."

"I'll almost do itself," insisted Snow. "What say, Gilnes?" and he turned to one of the others.

"Looks all right," answered the man addressed. "By heck! but that's a purty saddle he carries!"

"What say, Taggart?"

"For God's sake, no, Bishop! No—I got enough dead faces looking at me now from this place. I'm hanted into hell already, like he said he was yesterday. By God! I sometimes think I'll have my ears busted and my eyes put out to get away from the bloody things!"

"Hol' scared, are you? Well, I'll do it myself. You don't need to help."

"Better let well enough alone, Brother Warren!" interposed Wright.

"But it ain't well enough! Think of that girl going to a low cuss of a Gentle when Brigham wants her. Why, think of letting such a critter get away, even if Brigham didn't want her!"

"You know they got Brother Brigham under indictment for murder now, account of that Aiken party."

"What of it? He'll get off."

"That he will, but it's because he's Brigham. You ain't. You're just a south country bishop. Don't you know he'd throw you to the Gentile courts as a sop quicker'n a wink if he got a chance—just like he'll do with old John D. Lee, the minute George A. Peters out so that the chain will be broke between Lee and Brigham?"

"And maybe this cuss has got friends," suggested Gilnes.

"Who'd know 'em? The girl? Snow insisted. And Brother Brigham would fix her all right. Is the husband of faith to be spoiled?"

"Well, they got a rattled running through it now," said Wright, "and a telegraph, and a lot of golders. So don't you count on me, Brother Snow, at any stage of it now or afterwards. I got a pretty sizable family that would hate to lose me. Look out. Here he comes."

Follett now came up, speaking in a cheerful manner that nevertheless chilled even the enthusiasm of the good Bishop Snow.

"Now, gentlemen, just by way of friendly advice to you—like as not I'll be stepping in front of some of you in the next hour. But it isn't going to worry me any, and I'll tell you why. I'd feel awful sad for you all if anything was to happen to me—if the Indians got me, or I was took bad with a chill, or a jack-rabbit crept up and bit me to death, or anything. You see, there's a train of 25 big J. Murphy wagons will be along here over the San Bernardino trail. They are coming out of the way almost any time now, on purpose to pick me up. Fact is, my ears have been pricking up all morning to hear the old bull-whips crack. There were 31 men in the train when they went down, and there may be more coming back. It's a train of Ezra Calkins, my adopted father. You see, they know I've been here on special business, and I sent word the other day I was about due to finish it, and they wasn't to go through coming back without me. Well that bill outfit will stop for me—and they'll get me or get pay for me. That's their orders. And it isn't a train of women and babies, either. They're such an outrageous rough lot, quick-tempered and all that, that they wouldn't dare touch me. I had an accident—Mormon bibles topped off by the foot of Joe Smith. They'd go right out and make Amalon look like a whole

And though he suffered from some great sorrow and from sickness, he never complained. He wouldn't even admit he was sick, and he always tried to smile in that little way he had, so gentle. Poor, sorry little father!—and yesterday not one of them would be his friend. It broke my heart to see him there so wistful when they turned their backs on him. Poor little man! And see, here's another grave all grown around with sage and the stones worn smooth, but there's the cross he spoke of. Must be some one that he wanted to lie beside. Poor little sorry father! Oh, you will have to be so much to me!"

The train was under way again! In the box of the big wagon, on a spriny couch of spruce boughs and long bunch grass, Prudence lay at rest, hurt by her grief, yet soothed by her love, her thoughts in a whirl about her.

Follett, mounted on Dandy, rode beside her wagon.

"Better get some sleep yourself, Ruel," urged Steffins.

"Can't! I ain't sleepy. I'm too busy thinking about things, and I have to watch out for my little girl there. You can't tell what these cusses might do."

"There's 30 of us watching out for her now, young fellow."

"There'll be 31 [ill] we get out of this neighborhood, Lew."

He lifted up the wagon cover softly a little later, and found that she slept. As they rode on, Steffins questioned him.

"Did you make that surround you was going to make, Ruel?"

"No, Lew, I couldn't. Two of them was already under, and honest, I couldn't have got the other one any more than you could have shot your kid that day he up-ended the gravy dish in your lap."

"Hell!"

"That's right! I hope I never have to kill anyone, Lew, no matter how much I got a right to. I reckon it always leaves uneasy feelings in a man's mind."

Eight days later a tall, bronzed young man with yellow hair and quick blue eyes, in what an observant British tourist noted in his journal as "the not unpicturesque garb of a border ruffian," helped a dazed but very pretty young woman on to the rear platform of the Pullman car attached to the east-bound overland express at Ogden.

As they lingered on the platform before the train started they were hailed and loudly cheered, a crowd of the outlaws' companions, at least a score and a half of most respectable-looking wretches, unshaven, roughly dressed, heavily booted slouch-hats (they swung their hats in a drunken frenzy), and to this rough ovation the girl, though seemingly a person of some decency, waved her handkerchief and smiled repeatedly, though her face had seemed to be sad and there were tears in her eyes at that very moment.

At this response from the girl, the journal went on to say, the ruffians had redoubled their drunken pandemonium. And as the train pulled away, to the observant tourist's marked relief, the young outlaw on the platform had waved his own hat and shouted as a last message to one "Lew," that he "must not let Dandy get gandered up," nor forget "to tie him to grass."

Later, as the train shrieked its way through Echo canyon, the observant tourist, with his double-visored plaid cap well over his face, pretending to sleep overhead the same person across the aisle say to the girl:

"Now we're on our own property at last. For the next 60 hours we'll be riding across our own front yard—and there ain't any keys and passwords and grips here, either—just a plain Almighty God with no nonsense about Him."

Whereupon he had later added to the journal a note to the effect that Americans are not only quite as prone to vaunt and brag and tell big stories as other explorers had asserted, but that in the west, they were ready blasphemers.

Yet the couple minded not the observant tourist, and continued to enlarge and complicate his views of American life to the very bank of the Missouri. Unwittingly, however, for they knew him not nor saw him nor heard him, being occupied with the matter of themselves.

"You'll have to back me up when we get to Springfield," he said to her one late afternoon, when they neared the end of their exciting journey.

"I've heard that old Grandpa Carson is mighty peppery. He might take you away from me."

Her eyes came in from the brown rolling of the plain outside to light him with their love, and then, the lamps having not yet been lighted, the head of grass nestled suddenly on its pillow of brawn with only a tremulous sigh of security for answer.

This brought his arm quickly about her in a protecting clasp, plainly in the sidelong gaze of the now scandalized but not less observant tourist.

THE END.

Women Who Study the Stars

By Mary Proctor

Wives and Sisters of Astronomers Have Often Contributed Largely to Their Successes—Helpful and Patiently Exhibited by These Women—A Directory of the Heavens Containing Two Million Stars—Women Astronomers at American Colleges.

(Copyright by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Miss Mary Proctor, daughter of the late Prof. R. A. Proctor, the English astronomer and author, was educated in London and came to the United States in 1888. In 1893 she was invited by Mrs. Potter Palmer to give lectures on astronomy at the children's building of the world's fair. Her lectures were so successful that she became a public lecturer on astronomy, and since that time has lectured more than 600 times on astronomical subjects. She has written much on the science of astronomy and has published a book entitled "The Stars," which is used as a supplementary reader in the schools of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington and other cities.

Women astronomers are rare, but the few who have achieved success have well earned the laurels due to their untiring energy and perseverance. It is true that no important original contribution to observational astronomy has yet been made by a woman, and that independent investigators such as Hypatia or Mary Somerville are unusual, but with the increased educational advantages of our day, we may certainly look forward to original work from women in the near future. Their patience, persistency and enthusiasm, added to intellectual gifts, are specially suited to researches in practical astronomy, where the greatest accuracy is necessary, or to mathematical calculations which must be conducted for weeks or even months without an error.

The most recent example of a woman distinguished in scientific work is Sofia Kovalevsky, whose great success in the field of pure mathematics has won deserved recognition among scientists. Nevertheless, according to her biography printed at her own request, Sofia Kovalevsky seemed to take rather a gloomy view of science as a desirable pursuit for women. Her own final verdict was: "Happiness is not to be found in scientific labors, nor do they advance the cause of humanity. It is folly to waste one's youth in such pursuits. Scientific gifts are a veritable misfortune, and especially so to a woman, for they compel her to enter a field of action in which she can never find happiness."

These words seem to confirm the statement of Mme. de Staël: "For a woman glory is always built on wreckage. Nevertheless, it does not necessarily follow that a woman's happiness is wrecked if she has voluntarily chosen to devote her life and energy to scientific pursuits; that is, provided the work is enjoyable and she has the patience and ability to overcome the difficulties which naturally arise. Her enthusiasm continually urges her to make renewed efforts and enables her eventually to attain success."

However, woman's greatest work in the realm of science has been accomplished by means of her sympathy and encouraging influence, as in the case of Mme. Hevelius, Mme. Lepaute, Caroline Herschel and others. Mme. Lepaute rendered her husband valuable assistance in his astronomical observations, thus insuring his success despite the most trying circumstances. Together they constructed a catalogue containing the position of nearly 2,000 stars, the largest number included in any catalogue, made from observations without telescopes.

In the same way, Mme. Lepaute, who was married in 1748 to the famous clockmaker, Jean Andre Lepaute, a man of great scientific attainments, by means of her quiet but effective influence continually urged her husband to make greater exertions and renewed endeavors. She assisted him in making observations and calculations and the solution of astronomical problems. In fact she became so renowned as a computer that in 1757, when the astronomer Lalande engaged Clairaut to make certain difficult calculations required for the determination of a comet's return to perihelion, that able mathematician expressed the hopelessness of the task unless Mme. Lepaute should consent to assist him. She eagerly came to the rescue and they toiled faithfully together over the intricate problem for 18 months, their combined efforts being eventually rewarded with success. The comet made its reappearance in 1758, reaching perihelion in 1759, within the limiting date fixed by Clairaut and Mme. Lepaute. Clairaut was enthusiastic in praise of his assistant, describing her energy as surprising.

Probably the most notable instance of a woman contributing indirectly to the progress of astronomy, by her encouraging and valuable assistance, was shown by Caroline Herschel, sister of Sir William Herschel. She was born at Hanover, Germany, in 1750, and died there in 1848, after devoting the greater part of her life to helping her brother during his residence in England. Nevertheless it was only by sheer force of will and devoted affection that she learned enough of mathematics and methods of calculation to enable her to commit to writing the results of her brother's researches. It was he whom she loved and believed in and helped with all her heart and strength. She was jealous of every word said in her own praise, jealous lest it be just so much taken from the honor due to her brother. Such devoted assistance to him could not but be crowned with success for them both.

In reading the life of Caroline Herschel one finds something almost pathetic in the account of her unselfish efforts in her brother's behalf, and the discomforts she voluntarily endured for his sake—such as recording his observations on nights so cold that the ink would actually freeze on her pen. Her life of self-denial and unostentatious heroism may have been considered "wretched happiness" by the pessimistic Sofia Kovalevsky, but Caroline Herschel surely found true happiness in merging her interests and desires with those of her renowned brother.

As his assistant she was enabled to publish several catalogues of stars and nebulae, no small task when we consider that her memory and ability as a computer were so defective that she always kept with her a small multiplication table every ready for use. During the intervals when her services were not required she succeeded in discovering eight comets, concerning which a package entitled "Bills and Receipts of My Comets," found among her papers after her death, showed the personal interest she took in her celestial captives.

During our own time we have had several illustrations recalling the devotion and encouraging influence shown by Caroline Herschel. For example, the discovery of the two satellites of Mars in 1877 is due as much to Mrs. Asaph Hall as to her renowned husband. Wearied by ceaseless watching, discouraged by the lack of success in searching for that which he suspected but could not see, he was urged by his wife to return to his task each night until finally on August 11 his vigils and her confidence were doubly rewarded.

About the same time Mrs. David Gill born in Scotland in 1837, in 1879 she came to the United States and secured employment at Harvard Observatory as a temporary observer. She described her adventures in her entertaining book, "Six Months in Ascension," telling how night after night the sky above Garrison on the northwestern shore of the island, where her husband had located his heliometer, was overcast with clouds caused by trade winds blowing across Green mountain, and how, despite friendly advice and earnest entreaties, she persisted in a midnight tramp across the "clinker" to the western shore to prospect for a clearer sky—and found it.

Dr. Hermann S. Davis in his interesting account of "Woman Astronomers" remarks: "The adventure was a far more toilsome one than the bare mention of it would indicate. It required a bold heart and great enthusiasm for science to initiate and execute the undertaking, as I can affirm from personal experience in following the same route in daylight 12 years later." The result of the undertaking was most satisfactory and a continuous series of excellent observations for the determination of solar parallax has since been made at the location selected.

It may be interesting here to draw attention to the fact that the wife of Dr. Hermann S. Davis has followed the example set by Mrs. Asaph Hall and Mrs. David Gill by her continuous labor in assisting her husband with his work. She has also been at work upon the new reduction of Piazzi's catalogue of nearly 8,000 stars and has made many computations connected with the Rutherford photographic plates.

These plates were made more than 30 years ago by Rutherford, who had so far perfected his methods of stellar photography that he was able to secure excellent pictures of stars as far as the ninth magnitude. Thirty years ago Miss Ida C. Martin was Rutherford's assistant in the measurement of the plates made by him at that period. All the earlier contributions issued from the observatory of Columbia university, New York, based on the Rutherford plates, depend entirely on her methods.

The application of photography to astronomy, whereby star positions, spectra type, the variability of stars, etc., can be determined, has vastly increased woman's opportunity for work in this department of science, measuring photographic plates being a specialty for which she is admirably adapted, since patience, persistency and absolute accuracy are required.

The plates to be measured are crossed by a network of lines forming small squares impressed on the plate by a second exposure, independent of that to the sky, and developed along with the star images. Instead of measuring the position of one star with regard to another, we measure the position of all the stars with reference to the network of lines, technically termed *seau*. Each star is referred to the crosslines of the network in its immediate neighborhood, and the relation of the different parts of the *seau* is determined once for all.

The method may be compared with that by which a person finds his way in New York city, where the streets cross at right angles and are at nearly uniform distances apart. He knows how many blocks to pass going eastward and how many blocks to pass going north and when he comes to the particular block in which his friend lives there is a further subdivision into houses with numbers to guide him. On a star photograph the streets are the crosslines of the *seau* and the blocks are squares formed by them.

The place of a star in a particular block is all that need be measured by the micrometer and the simple knowledge of the place of the block completes the desired information.

In accordance with a plan adopted at a congress of astronomers which met at Paris in 1837, 13 observatories in various parts of the world combined together to make a series of photographs covering the entire sky. No fewer than 2,000,000 stars find a quired and most of these have now been finished. The further measurement of the pictures and the drawing up of a vast printed star catalogue are also well under way, and altogether no fewer than 2,000,000 stars will find a place in this our latest directory of the heavens. There is certainly no lack of material for women computer!

Prof. Edward C. Pickering of the Harvard Observatory, Cambridge, is carrying on independent work of the same kind in connection with the Arequipa observatory. About 2,000 photographs are taken of the southern heavens every year. They are of two kinds—spectrum and chart. The latter contain on their surface of eight by ten inches thousands of star points, the spectrum plates showing the spectrum of each star. Such a plate must be examined very carefully, if by any chance new stars are to be found, and the work is extremely tedious.

All the photographs sent to Harvard Observatory were examined by Mrs. Fleming, under whose supervision a number of women are constantly employed in assisting with this work. Mrs. Margaret Paton Fleming was born in Scotland in 1857. In 1879 she came to the United States and secured employment at Harvard Observatory as a computer. She is now in charge of the department for examination of the thousands of photographic plates taken with the Draper telescope. In this pursuit Mrs. Fleming has discovered a large number of variable stars and confirmed the discovery of several new stars. She has been ably assisted in her work by Misses A. C. Maury, L. D. Wells, E. F. Leland and M. C. Stevens, all of whom have succeeded in discovering new stars on their own account.

Among those engaged in this kind of photographic research, Miss Dorothy Klumpke has shown great ability. Born in San Francisco, she left there in her youth and became a student at the Observatory of Paris in 1887. On December 23, 1893, Miss Klumpke sustained her doctorate thesis before Darboux, Tisserand and Andoyer. At the conclusion of the examination she was successfully maintained before our faculty to obtain the degree of doctor of mathematical sciences. You worthily open the way and the faculty votes unanimously to declare you worthy of obtaining the degree of doctor."

San Francisco, Cal., also boasts another woman astronomer, namely, Miss Rose O'Hallaran, who for the past 20 years has quietly pursued her work in San Francisco. She devotes her energies to a study of the peculiarities of sun spots and variable stars, which are the most interesting objects in the world to this busy little woman astronomer, while her numerous observations of eclipses, meteors, variable stars, etc., frequently appear in scientific periodicals.

Raises Frogs for a Living.
A prominent resident of Shamokin, Pa., who owns a farm near Trevorton, thinks there is a greater demand for frogs than grain, dairy products or garden sauce and will devote his attention to frog raising on a large scale as fast as the necessary dams can be erected and the spawn can be procured.

Feminine Judgment.
Woman must learn not to pronounce judgment on men without having given reasonable consideration to the two sides of each case; for almost every woman conceives it to be her especial province to decide off-hand—according to her temporary and personal condition of mind—any matter that presents itself.—London Truth.

Hemp Millionaires of Yucatan.
The wealth of the mines of Mexico is proverbial, yet there are nearly as many millionaires in Merida, the capital of Yucatan, a state with practically no mineral resources, as there are in all Mexico combined. Henequen, or sisal hemp, as it is sometimes known, has made Merida and its people rich.

Meanness.
There are some people so mean that if they got a free seat in heaven they would sell it to a speculator.—Judge.

ALCOHOL IN MEDICINES.
Seventy-Five Per Cent of Doctors' Prescriptions Call for It.

Now that the National Pure Food and Drugs law is in effect all "patent" medicines in liquid form bear on the label a statement of the percentage of alcohol contained in them. The average amount of alcohol is said to be about ten per cent, some have more and some less, but that is about the average. Alcohol is everywhere recognized as a chemical necessity for the preservation of organic substance from deterioration, and from freezing and it is also required to dissolve substances not soluble in water.

But for the use of a small quantity of alcohol in most ready-to-use medicines those preparations which would likely be evaded or when their use became necessary. Alcohol is an indispensable reagent in the fluid extracts and tinctures which are exclusively used in all prescriptions written by physicians, and these tinctures and extracts contain from 20 to 90 per cent of alcohol. More than 75 per cent of all the liquid medicines prescribed by physicians contain alcohol in large proportions.

Charles A. Rapelye, a leading pharmacist of Hartford, Conn., some time ago examined 25 prescriptions representing a fair average of those written by physicians to be compounded, and none being for specialties. The average amount of alcohol in the whole number was 35 per cent; but of the 25 prescriptions five contained no alcohol, so that the average percentage of the remaining 20 which did contain alcohol was nearly 45 per cent; or more than four times the probable average alcoholic strength of "patent" medicines.

There is some difference of opinion as to whether it is or is not desirable as a stimulant in case of sickness, but there is no difference of opinion as to the necessity for its use as a solvent and preservative in most cases. The attention of the medical world has recently been called to a manifesto issued by prominent London physicians who, while deploring the evils from the use of alcoholic beverages, are convinced "of the correctness of the opinion so long and generally held, that in disease alcohol is a rapid and trustworthy restorative" and that in many cases it may be truly described as life-preserving, owing to its power to sustain cardiac and nervous energy, while protecting the nitrogenous tissues. This manifesto was published in *The Lancet*, and was issued and signed by T. J. McCull Anderson, M. D., Regius Professor of Medicine, University of Glasgow; Alfred B. Barrs, William H. Bennett, K. C. V. C., F. R. C. S.; James Crickworth-Browne; W. E. Dixon, Dyce Duckworth, M. D., L.L.D.; Thomas F. Fraser, M. D., F. R. S.; T. R. Glyn, W. R. Gomers, M. C., F. R. S.; W. D. Halliburton, M. D., L.L.D., D. F. R. C. P., F. R. S., Professor of Physiology, King's College London; Jonathan Hutchinson; Edmund Owen, L.L.D., F. R. C. S.; P. H. Pyc-Smith, Fred T. Robert, M. D., B. Sc., F. R. C. S.; Edgecombe Venning, F. R. C. S.

The Dyce Duckworth who signed this manifesto was for many years president of the Royal College of Physicians, London.

A MATTER OF LOGIC.
Remarkable Conclusion Arrived at by Child Mind.

Ever since Evelyn had acquired words enough to describe events her imagination had persisted in creeping in to the assistance of actual occurrences. By the time she had reached the dignity of six years and had finished kindergarten days, her mother felt that it was time to pin her down to facts, and the other day members of the family were informed accordingly.

Last Sunday Evelyn came home from Sabbath school greatly delighted with her lesson and at once proceeded to share her elation with the family. It was all about some celestial ceremony, "And," Evelyn declared, "the Lord raised his sceptre in his hand—a slight pause—'His left hand—'"

"How do you know it was his left hand?" interrupted her ten-year-old sister, intent on ethical reminder.

"Because Jesus was sitting on his right hand," came the answer promptly and with much dignity.

Accounted For.
Among the many stories told of the Scottish Judge, Lord Young, is one associated with an election in Edinburgh, when it was announced that Lord Wolmer had been returned by a majority of three votes. Later a correction made the majority 300, and gave the names of two lords of session who had voted for the successful candidate. Lord Young, "m'ked; That account."

HAD A CONSEQUENCE.
New Hand Discovered a Winner in This

He was a beginner and had begun to play at cards, but he was a winner in this. His pile of chips grew in proportions. Then there was a clash.

It was a jackpot. The opened and everbody stayed dealer drew two cards, the ace and the other players the Soon the dealer and he had the table to themselves, boosted each other until the three men put their elbows, table and began to take slow, less breaths of suspense, when there was about \$22 in the beginner's call.

"Full house," announced the er and showed his cards.

"You're—I've only a flush," the other, disgustedly, and tossed hand into the deck.

Soon the game was over. As party was about to disperse the no idly remarked:

"You know, there was a thing about that flush I held of big pot. The cards ran right row—it was a consecutive flush."

ALCOHOL IN MEDICINES.
Seventy-Five Per Cent of Doctors' Prescriptions Call for It.

Now that the National Pure Food and Drugs law is in effect all "patent" medicines in liquid form bear on the label a statement of the percentage of alcohol contained in them. The average amount of alcohol is said to be about ten per cent, some have more and some less, but that is about the average. Alcohol is everywhere recognized as a chemical necessity for the preservation of organic substance from deterioration, and from freezing and it is also required to dissolve substances not soluble in water.

But for the use of a small quantity of alcohol in most ready-to-use medicines those preparations which would likely be evaded or when their use became necessary. Alcohol is an indispensable reagent in the fluid extracts and tinctures which are exclusively used in all prescriptions written by physicians, and these tinctures and extracts contain from 20 to 90 per cent of alcohol. More than 75 per cent of all the liquid medicines prescribed by physicians contain alcohol in large proportions.

Charles A. Rapelye, a leading pharmacist of Hartford, Conn., some time ago examined 25 prescriptions representing a fair average of those written by physicians to be compounded, and none being for specialties. The average amount of alcohol in the whole number was 35 per cent; but of the 25 prescriptions five contained no alcohol, so that the average percentage of the remaining 20 which did contain alcohol was nearly 45 per cent; or more than four times the probable average alcoholic strength of "patent" medicines.

There is some difference of opinion as to whether it is or is not desirable as a stimulant in case of sickness, but there is no difference of opinion as to the necessity for its use as a solvent and preservative in most cases. The attention of the medical world has recently been called to a manifesto issued by prominent London physicians who, while deploring the evils from the use of alcoholic beverages, are convinced "of the correctness of the opinion so long and generally held, that in disease alcohol is a rapid and trustworthy restorative" and that in many cases it may be truly described as life-preserving, owing to its power to sustain cardiac and nervous energy, while protecting the nitrogenous tissues. This manifesto was published in *The Lancet*, and was issued and signed by T. J. McCull Anderson, M. D., Regius Professor of Medicine, University of Glasgow; Alfred B. Barrs, William H. Bennett, K. C. V. C., F. R. C. S.; James Crickworth-Browne; W. E. Dixon, Dyce Duckworth, M. D., L.L.D.; Thomas F. Fraser, M. D., F. R. S.; T. R. Glyn, W. R. Gomers, M. C., F. R. S.; W. D. Halliburton, M. D., L.L.D., D. F. R. C. P., F. R. S., Professor of Physiology, King's College London; Jonathan Hutchinson; Edmund Owen, L.L.D., F. R. C. S.; P. H. Pyc-Smith, Fred T. Robert, M. D., B. Sc., F. R. C. S.; Edgecombe Venning, F. R. C. S.

The Dyce Duckworth who signed this manifesto was for many years president of the Royal College of Physicians, London.

A MATTER OF LOGIC.
Remarkable Conclusion Arrived at by Child Mind.

Ever since Evelyn had acquired words enough to describe events her imagination had persisted in creeping in to the assistance of actual occurrences. By the time she had reached the dignity of six years and had finished kindergarten days, her mother felt that it was time to pin her down to facts, and the other day members of the family were informed accordingly.

Last Sunday Evelyn came home from Sabbath school greatly delighted with her lesson and at once proceeded to share her elation with the family. It was all about some celestial ceremony, "And," Evelyn declared, "the Lord raised his sceptre in his hand—a slight pause—'His left hand—'"

"How do you know it was his left hand?" interrupted her ten-year-old sister, intent on ethical reminder.

"Because Jesus was sitting on his right hand," came the answer promptly and with much dignity.

Accounted For.
Among the many stories told of the Scottish Judge, Lord Young, is one associated with an election in Edinburgh, when it was announced that Lord Wolmer had been returned by a majority of three votes. Later a correction made the majority 300, and gave the names of two lords of session who had voted for the successful candidate. Lord Young, "m'ked; That account."

Was Cut Out for a Diplomat

Quick Wit Extricated Young Man from Difficult Situation.

Most people take things lightly at the seashore, so that probably accounted for the fact that a certain young man found himself engaged to two charming girls at one and the same time while enjoying his vacation during the past summer.

One day he was seated, half dozing, on the deserted piazza of the hotel where all three of the interested parties were stopping when suddenly two little hands were clasped tightly over his eyes, and a sweet voice whispered, "Guess who?"

DE SOTO OAK DOOMED.

Parasite Has Attacked Florida's Giant Tree, Over 300 Years Old.

The famous great oak in the beautiful park surrounding the Tampa Bay Hotel, at Tampa, and which is known as the De Soto oak, for the reason that De Soto camped under it when first he landed on this coast, is being attacked by a parasite which has killed whole forests in Florida.

The parasite is in a sort of moss which blows off other trees with the wind. Whatever tree it lands on, there it sticks. It breeds very fast, and the moss it makes grows just as rapidly. Whenever it lands on a tree, the beginning of the end for the life of that tree is settled fact. Strangely enough, too, it produces a plant in the branches of the tree very much like a water lily in appearance. It blooms and produces a remarkable effect when the flowers are on. In time the moss hangs down in great confusion from every branch of the tree and all

over its trunk. The sap is sucked from the tree and its death is but a question of time.

The De Soto oak is going by the boards the same way. And it seems a great pity. It is a giant among all the great oaks of the universe. It is over 300 feet around at its base and well up its height, rears its head several hundred feet, and has gigantic branches reaching out, as straight as a chalk line, for a distance of over 50 feet. It is known to be over 300 years old. But it is an ill wind that blows nobody good. The stringy moss, not much wider than several strands of hair from a horse's mane or tail, is put through a cleaning process in Florida and is shipped north to factories, where it is used as a substitute for hair in the stuffing of sofas and mattresses for beds.

His Limit.
Little Forest had just started to school. His father was accosted on his way home one evening by a neighbor, who said: "So your little boy is a great fighter at school?" On arriving home the father summoned the

boy at once. "Forest, is it so that you fight with the boys at school?" "O, well, I fight everything to the Fourth grade!"

Feminine Judgment.
Woman must learn not to pronounce judgment on men without having given reasonable consideration to the two sides of each case; for almost every woman conceives it to be her especial province to decide off-hand—according to her temporary and personal condition of mind—any matter that presents itself.—London Truth.

Hemp Millionaires of Yucatan.
The wealth of the mines of Mexico is proverbial, yet there are nearly as many millionaires in Merida, the capital of Yucatan, a state with practically no mineral resources, as there are in all Mexico combined. Henequen, or sisal hemp, as it is sometimes known, has made Merida and its people rich.

Meanness.
There are some people so mean that if they got a free seat in heaven they would sell it to a speculator.—Judge.

For the Sick or Well

Our drug store is stocked to meet the needs of both those who are ill and those who are perfectly well.

For sick people we carry the kind of drugs, preparations and sick room supplies which meet the approval of the best physicians. Our prescription department is complete in every detail. It contains the most modern equipment and the service is expert.

For well people our magnificent soda fountain, with its delicious beverages, our superb line of pure, dainty confections, choice domestic and imported cigars, exquisite perfumes, etc., offer delights that can be had only where goods of equal quality are sold—and such a place is hard to find.

We would like to be your Druggists

The City Pharmacy
O. P. LUSE, Ph. G., Prop.

THE ORD QUIZ

W. W. HASKELL, Editor and Owner.
W. O. PARSONS, City Editor.

ORD, VALLEY COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

LOCAL NEWS

Teachers' institute next week. The county board was in session yesterday.

Smoke Sincerity, Quotation and Tycoon at the City Pharmacy.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Everett Lewin last Friday evening.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Dan Turner in Rosevale last Friday morning.

The Quiz wants a correspondent in every community where it is not now represented.

Arthur Honnold arrived in the city Saturday evening and will remain in Ord until after the Chautauqua.

Charley Halloway arrived in town from Norfolk Tuesday evening and will visit friends here for a few days.

Our store will close ever evening at eight o'clock, except on band concert night and Saturday night. Milford & Son.

George Stover and family departed early Monday morning for a few days fishing trip on the Sharp ranch on the Cedar.

The opening days of the chautauqua will be as good as the closing days. Every day is a good one and you will do well to be present at every session.

Only one thing can prevent your crop from being all you could desire, and that is a hail storm. Insure against hail through Honnold & Davis.

Fred Hallock returned from Omaha a few days ago and is visiting friends in Ord for a few days. He has finished his term of school in the Omaha engraving school and will either go in business for himself or accept one of several good offers he has received to go to work in Omaha.

Henry Marks came over from Calloway last Saturday evening and is spending a few days visiting relatives in Ord. Henry is still in the live stock business at his present location. Like most of the business folks in his vicinity he is a strong advocate of county division and thinks that it will not be many years before Custer county will be divided into four smaller counties.

Next Saturday is the opening of the chautauqua and you will miss a treat if you miss any part of it. The grounds are in fine condition and all things are being done to make it a success. The tents are being erected today and the concessionaries will doubtless be on hand tomorrow with their buildings and equipments ready to put the stacks in place Saturday.

Editor Hardesty of the Greeley Leader-Independent is giving away a piano and several other good prizes to the young ladies that do the hardest hustling for his paper during the next three months. Along with this announcement he tells us that the subscription price will be raised to one fifty per year at the close of the contest. Editor Hardesty has been running one of the few real good newspapers in the state at a dollar per and we predict that his increased subscription price will only serve to give his paper a better standing with the reading public.

In the trotting races at Scotia on the Fourth William's horse took first, a Loup City horse took second and Raymond Gass's colt took third. The latter is a late descendant of Sleepy Mag, the mare that was a leader of the sport in early days of Valley county who was owned by Raymond's father. In the pacing race Loup City horses took first and second and McNutt's stallion third. The two who lead him are old campaigners on the track, one of them having a record of 2:16.

The Fourth was a day to make red lemonade look good. Our people scattered to all parts where there were many attractions. Some went to the towns below here, some to the river and others hung up around home. The day was quiet enough and of a kind to make a lazy man want to hunt the shade. Grand Island was the chief attraction, but quite a number stopped off at Scotia to see the races, in which several Ord horses were entered.

D. B. Smith brought in a few samples of wheat heads last Saturday which promise to make that field a record breaker. The grain is on new ground and stands as high as his head and is very thick, too thick in fact. The best heads are six inches long and the berries are filling well. Now he is wanting someone to bring in something better. The thing that is worrying him now is how he will cut it with his binder.

The season of the year is at hand for folks to mention names for nominations for county offices this fall and along with several others we have heard the name of S. S. Brown quite favorably mentioned for the office of county assessor. Mr. Brown is certainly well qualified for the place and is a life long republican and is well deserving the position.

A carload of gas oil was received by the Ord Light and Fuel company Tuesday. This is one of the ingredients that will be used in the manufacture of gas by the new process as soon as the new plant is in shape. A carload of coke is shipped and will likewise be here shortly. This will meet all the demands of the situation, except the completion of the new plant, which is promised now in a few days.

A contract was made Tuesday between the Chautauqua people and the gas company to light the grounds and the big tabernacle for the time of the session. Others requiring light or gas stoves may be supplied also at regular rates in the city. If you are going to camp on the grounds you will find it to your convenience to have a small gas stove for the pleasure of camp life.

Ulric Sorensen tells us that he was unable to send up either of his balloons on the Fourth. At Burwell an attempt was made to inflate the big hot air bag but the wind was too strong and it came near to catching on fire. At North Loup the wind was too strong to attempt to fill the balloon at all.

The Ord folks at Grand Island celebrating the Fourth got back to Ord about four o'clock Friday morning. Grand Island tried to show all their visitors a good time but most of them returned home pretty well tired out.

F. R. Frick departed for Chicago on the morning of the Fourth where he will visit relatives for a few days. During his absence Irving Thelin, has charge of the company's affairs at this point.

A fresh clean stock of lawn hose at Honnold Bros.

White Rose and Crown gasoline at Fackler and Finley's.

See J. H. Capron for farm loans, at lowest rates, payable at Ord. Options if desired. Money ready when you are.

Lucile Hoagland, a friend of the Misses Kemp, arrived in the city Tuesday evening and will spend a couple of weeks visiting in the city.

The annual appeal for harvest hands from Kansas is heard again. It must be that the green bug failed to harvest some of the wheat in that state.

You can now make the trip from Ord via the Union Pacific, to Central City, David City, and Beatrice without change of cars. F. R. Frick, Agent.

The Billings Hospital, Ord, Valley county, Nebraska. For the care of surgical and confinement cases only. Dr. Robert A. Billings, manager.

The members of the Ord Gun club enjoyed an afternoon at the traps on the Fourth and some good scores were made by the club members. Otto Murschl carried off the honors with Ed. Watson a close second.

John Beran is back from his trip down in Old Mexico and tells us that he enjoyed a very pleasant vacation. While he tells us that the country down there looks good to him yet he thinks that he can be satisfied in Nebraska for a few years yet.

A gasoline stove in the Everett Lewin home caught fire Monday morning and for a minute it looked as if a big blaze would result. The blaze was soon under control, however, and the damage was small.

Our Strength

THE strength of our business lies in the fact that the variety and comprehensiveness of our line of Juvenile clothing enable us fully and completely to satisfy every buyer.

Our Juvenile clothing is stylish—but not so extreme that the most conservative parent would ever question its fitness.

Ours are high-grade goods—but not priced so as to be beyond the reach of those of modest means.

In both price and quality, our aim is to maintain our exclusive standard as retailers of reliable, worthy clothing which always gives the best possible service.

We can suit you at any price you can afford to pay.

The **Baileys' Dept. Store**
Ord's Best Store.

The opening session of the chautauqua will be Saturday evening at 7 p. m. The Ord Band will favor us with a concert. This will be followed by the presentation speech by the president, H. M. Davis. Mayor Daniels will then give the address of welcome, which will be responded to by the platform manager, Jas. E. Delzell, after which the Royal Hungarian Orchestra will give one of their celebrated musical entertainments. This will be supplemented by the moving pictures by the American Vitagraph company. An evening which you will enjoy. The best talent that can be secured will be with us. The Sunday morning sermon will be by Rev. Luther Ludden, a man who has been on the platform in every state in the union from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean. In the afternoon Rev. Sias will be with us, and in the evening The Scenes of the Life of Christ will be presented. The Royal Hungarian Orchestra will furnish the music for the day.

It is reported that among the possibilities for candidacy for the nomination for county superintendent on the republican ticket is that bright young man, G. H. Mann. The only thing that may be urged against him is his age, but he is far more developed and experienced than many an older man. He has been teaching in the Springdale school for some time and has made such an excellent record that the board voluntarily raised his salary for another year to \$85 a month—probably the highest wages paid by any county district in the county. He is a hustler and in every way qualified for the place. Sure it is that he will be hunting for something to do if he is elected, and will not be lying around for work to turn up. It is not at all probable that his school board will let him off, but this may be arranged if he decides to make the race.

For Chautauqua luncheons go to Fackler & Finley, the grocers. Fine assortment of fresh cookies, crackers, bread, also fine assortment of Heinezes' bulk and bottled pickles, sauces, olives, etc. Canned meats, canned fish, peanut butter, also California fresh fruits, peaches, plums, pears, oranges, lemons and bananas. Raspberries coming now. Run will be short. Get them for canning while you can. Phone 31. Fackler & Finley.

Jas. E. Delzell, manager for the chautauqua arrived in the city Monday and is at present putting his time in to pretty good advantage in making all arrangements for the successful carrying out of the program. Mr. Delzell is a rustler and the manner in which he goes about making his preparations matters will not be allowed to drag on the chautauqua grounds next week. He expects to remain in Ord until after the chautauqua.

J. A. Burgett the recently made editor of the Arcadia Champion has the sympathy of the Quiz force. In a game of base ball recently he fell heir to a broken arm which put him in bed and will keep him from plying his trade for several weeks. In the meantime the devil is getting out the Champion and is doing a mighty good job of it too.

We are in receipt of an invitation from Rev. Oscar Sweeney at Rialto, California, to attend the dedication services of the First Christian church at that place. The services were held last Sunday and were doubtless worth going a long way to witness. We could not go, but are glad to be remembered by friend Sweeney.

Notice to Contractors and Builders. If you are in need of cement blocks for building I would be pleased to have you examine mine before buying. These blocks are manufactured under the latest system and allowed to harden in water.

John K. Jensen. tt.

Farm Loans.
We have ready money to place on good real estate security and can arrange your loan without delay, and at the right rate. Come in and let us tell you about our 5 per cent optional loans.
ORD STATE BANK.

The People's Store

Also known by another name:

The People's Friend

WE WISH to remind you that we, on account of the Chautauqua, have made extra preparations for that very interesting and important event. We particularly and kindly invite visitors and all, to the inducements we hereby present: While our large, roomy store is always a cool place and very restful for tired visitors, we have attractions other than those above mentioned. In this Chautauqua we have another opportunity of advancing our reputation in making your (\$8) dollars reach out to the very limit. For example:

We will give 10% Discount on every line in the store,

no matter what, except sugar, salt and flour.

NOTICE: You are not bound down to \$20.00 or more to get the above discount, but on each and every (\$8) dollar you buy in cash or produce. We have just received a new line of MID-SUMMER GOODS for this occasion, that are exceptionally "CATCHY, CHICK and CHEAP." Call in and make our store your headquarters, and see us whether you want to purchase or not.

Respectfully,

The PEOPLE'S STORE

MAMIE SILER, Proprietor

Money to lend! Honnold & Davis.

Ira Scott is back to Ord, arriving the first of the week.

If you have any buildings to move call on John K. Jensen.

The Ord Band is doing good work dispensing music each Wednesday night.

W. E. Chapin went to Minden to enjoy his summer vacation Monday morning.

Alva Rockhold is in the city visiting for a few days. Alva is now employed in a barber shop in Gothenburg.

Helen Barstow came up from Lincoln last Saturday evening and will spend a few days visiting friends in Ord and vicinity.

A card from Mrs. H. F. Lewis says that she is in Kippen, Idaho, 3500 feet above the level of the sea, and is enjoying the visit very much.

Rev. L. C. Fons will deliver a sermon in the Danish language next Sunday at 3 o'clock at the Baptist church. Everybody is invited.

Coral Rogers and Orlando Waterman ran a foot race on the usual racing street of Ord last Saturday afternoon for a small stake. Rogers was a little too much for the boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason, who have been in the north part of the state for some time, returned home to Ord last week Friday and will make their home here again.

Tomorrow Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Robbins will depart for an extended trip through the west. They will visit at the homes of several of the relatives of Mr. Robbins.

The Y. P. C. U. of Midvale desire in this way to express their thanks and appreciation to Mr. Waterman for the use of his grove and his kind assistance in making their picnic a success. Ordered by a unanimous vote of the Midvale Y. P. C. U.

Along with other damage inflicted by the hail storm last Saturday we note the damage done to the roof of the big Bailey & Detweiler ware house. The building was covered with a patent roofing and the hail came with so much force that the roof was punctured like a sieve. Bailey & Detweiler say no more patent roofing material in theirs and the carpenters are covering the big roof with shingles this week.

Ed. McCall dropped into the city Monday evening and has spent a few days with friends here. Ed. is now engaged in the insurance business in Omaha and is doing well, though he purposes to resume law studies as soon as possible. On account of trouble with his eyes he was compelled to quit these studies some time ago, but has never lost his desire to go on with the work. He is being treated now for his eye troubles and being much benefited.



ADLER'S Collegian

Clothes are sold by us EXCLUSIVELY in this community. You can't get these famous garments in any other store in this town. The new patterns and styles for summer are remarkably beautiful, appealing to young men who appreciate nobby apparel. You may pay higher prices, even twice as much to some tailor, but you can't get better fitting or better looking clothes—it's a broad statement you may say but the clothes will stand for all we can say about them. Your size and pattern is waiting for you. \$15, \$18 and \$20.

The Baileys' Dept. Store
Ord's Best Store

Ice cream, 25 cents a quart Luse's fountain.

See J. W. Carkoski for land feed at Pascoe's barn.

Four and one-half per cent hail insurance at Honnold & Davis.

John Wall has been appointed postmaster of Arcadia and has appointed Mrs. Jameser as a deputy.

A telegram called Dickfield to Omaha Wednesday morning to accept a position with Barber Asphalt company.

Silas Portis of Fairbury is in Valley, or his son, B. expects to visit country for a couple of days.

Mary Clark returned Wednesday after visiting there for days. She was accompanied home by her sister Mrs.

The Grand Island baseball team proved to be too strong for the Arcadians and defeated them Tuesday by a score of 10-0. It was a good game though in fact about the best that has been played in this county year.

Wanted, every machine of engineer and separator to meet at the court house in on the afternoon of Wednesday, July 17, at 2 o'clock. Important business on W. P. Plummer, pt G. E. Arnold, secret.

How the Contestants are Coming

| Name | Res. | Vo |
|----------------|-------------|--------|
| ROXY AUBLE | Mira Valley | 31 |
| ADDIE HAUGHT | Springdale | 22 |
| MINNIE DONNELL | Arcadia | 97 |
| ADA DRAPER | No. Loup | 68 |
| BESSIE GRAY | Elyria | 10,500 |
| ANNA SLAVACEK | Elyria | 3,000 |
| ANNA SORENSEN | Elyria | 1,500 |

First Prize: A beautiful Hamilton Piano, purchased from A. C. Johnson & Co. and now on hand at their store.

Second Prize: A fine Gold Watch, from the stock of Geo. A. Parkins. The Parkins store only handles good ones, and this is one of the best.

Third Prize: A fine Dress Pattern. Your choice from the Mamie Siler big stock.

Fourth Prize: A dozen of the Mutter studio best \$5.00 photographs. They are good ones.

Two Special Prizes: We want new subscribers and as a special inducement to contestants to cure them we will give to the one securing largest number of new subscribers their choice of a Fifty-Dollar International Correspondence certificate or Ten Dollars in Gold; the getting the second largest number of subscribers to have prize left after first selection.

AT BOISE

(Story of Crime as Harry Orchard Goes on)

NEW THEORY ADVANCED

They Attempt to Show That the Explosion in the Vindicator Mine Was an Accident—More of Orchard's Threats.

Boise, Id., June 28.—A ruling made Thursday by Judge Wood, while Ed. Boyce, for years the leader of the Western Federation of Miners, and now a wealthy mine owner of the Coeur d'Alenes, was testifying in behalf of William D. Hayward, may materially limit the showing of the defense as to the existence of the counter-conspiracy against Hayward and his associates which it alleges.

James H. Hawley, for the state, objected to a general question as to the policy and practice of mine owners throughout the west in blacklisting union miners, and in the argument that followed, Clarence Darrow for the defense claimed the same latitude in proving counter-conspiracy that the state enjoined in showing a conspiracy.

Mr. Hawley contended that the state had directly shown the existence of a conspiracy by Harry Orchard and by so doing had laid the foundation for and made the connection of all the evidence subsequently offered on the subject. He said that the defense was trying to show a counter-conspiracy by proving various isolated instances, and certain general conditions none of which were connected with the case and for none of which a proper foundation had been laid.

Calling the court accepted in part the contention of the prosecution and the proof of the defense along with events in Colorado and the Alenes connected with the now established.

Boyce was the principal witness and his testimony was devoted to the history, purpose and work of the Western Federation of Miners. He denied the existence of an "inner circle" or that there ever been a conspiracy in violation of the law. He said that the importance of Boyce's cross-examination was the production of a rifle by him at the convention of the union held at Salt Lake City in which he said that every man would have a rifle club, every man a rifle, so that the federation had 25,000 strong in the ranks.

June 29.—The attorneys continue to discredit the establishment of the interest in Hercules day they attacked the witness that made it apparent than criminal; Thomas "non-unionist," who entered the mine as a timberman strike began swore that the 25 pounds of giant at the shaft of the eighth saw the powder the next shortly after 10 o'clock and minutes later Superintendent Beck and Foreman Beck came eighth level. They remained some time and left to go to the hotel where they were killed. The minutes later the powder was ad it is a reasonable inference McCormick and Beck took it with

am Easterly, who concluded his Friday morning, and D. C. who called Friday afternoon that they heard Orchestral to kill Stuenen.

On cross-examination the ordered them both and particularly, who received letters telephone message from Orchestral, for remaining quiet when a crime might be committedly contended that he did members lived at Caldwell

ed although he Hogan" was Harry k no steps immediately accept to consult the e federation because he former, and Copley as did not take Orchard they met in San Francisco told him of the Bradley

30.—The defense in the murder trial began Saturday with a further attack testimony of Harry Orchard, a presented testimony to show ck Simpkins was cruelly

ed Eugene. ly 2.—Count Constantino of the Italian diplomat is born in 1828, served as the war against Austria was secretary of C. at the congress of Paris 1856. Subsequently he was appointed minister of Sardinia and later of Italy at Paris, and September 4, 1870, was one of the small number of Tullieres for the protection of Eugene, whom he did not until she was safe out of Paris.

ka Springs, Ark., Bank Fails. Smith, Ark., July 2.—The City of Eureka Springs failed. M. Duncan, the president, a that the suspension was an unprecedented run and refection of creditors.

a Thirty-Day Fast. ls, July 2.—After fast 30, during which time water, Dr. I. J. of malted

CAPITAL CITY CHAT

ACTION IS NOW TAKEN AGAINST EXPRESS COMPANIES.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MOVES

Files Suit in Supreme Court to Restrain Them From Charging in Nebraska Rates Higher Than New Law Specifies.

Suit was filed in the supreme court July 5 against the express companies doing business in Nebraska to restrain them from charging in Nebraska any rate higher than 75 per cent of the rates in effect January 1, in conformity with the law enacted by the recent legislature, which went into effect on that day. The petition for an injunction was filed by Attorney General Thompson on behalf of the state and the defendants named were the Adams Express company, United States Express company, the Pacific Express company, the American Express company and the Wells-Fargo Express company. The moment the petitions were filed officers were sent out to secure service on agents of the companies. In the meantime, fearing the express companies would ask for a restraining order from the federal court, the members of the state railway commission were conspicuously absent from their offices this afternoon, so if a writ had been issued no service could be secured. At the close of business this afternoon none of the express companies had filed a schedule of rates as provided for in the new law, which the commission interpreted to mean the companies intended to ignore this particular piece of legislation. The bill contained this section:

Section 7, This act shall take effect on and after its passage and approval. By some this was interpreted to be the same as an emergency clause, but the legal department has never put such a construction upon it.

The petition, which is practically the same as those filed in the railroad cases, contains the following:

In violation of the statute of Nebraska, defendants in conducting its intrastate express business, and the interstate transportation of merchandise in the state of Nebraska, is charging, demanding, and receiving rates in excess of the charges fixed by said statute and is depriving the people of the state of Nebraska of their right to the reasonable and lawful rate and charges fixed in said act, and is exacting of the people of the state of Nebraska unlawful, exorbitant and unconscionable rates and charges complained of is irreparable and that the state of Nebraska and the people thereof are without any adequate remedy, except in a court of equity.

Individual citizens of the state of Nebraska, who intrust small articles of merchandise to the defendant for intrastate transportation in the state of Nebraska are unable to cope with the defendant in premises, and it is the duty of the state of Nebraska in a sovereign capacity to protect the people thereof from the unlawful and exorbitant rates and charges exacted by defendant.

Wherefore plaintiff prays that the defendants, its officers, agents, attorneys, servants and employes be enjoined from making or putting into effect any other or different intrastate rates or charges for the intrastate transportation of merchandise in the state of Nebraska than the rates and charges fixed in said act and from interfering with or attempting to change the rates and charges established by law for its services.

Mr. Ryder, Labor Commissioner. John J. Ryder of Omaha, the newly appointed labor commissioner called at the state house and was shown to his new quarters on the third floor where he will reside as labor commissioner by appointment from Governor Sheldon. Don C. Despain turned over the keys of the office and gave Mr. Ryder all the information at his command concerning the office. Mr. Ryder hopes to familiarize himself with the work required by law, and in addition to enforcing the law, throw in some labor for the benefit of the people of the state for good measure.

Session Laws Delivered. Two bound copies of the session laws have been delivered to Secretary of State Junkin and more will arrive soon. The law provides for the delivery of these books to the secretary of state by July 1. The contract was awarded to Jacob North & Co. of Lincoln, but that company assigned the contract to Woodruff-Collins company. The work was completed by Deputy Secretary of State A. Watt and H. H. Wheeler. The arrangement and the index is said to be the best the state ever had for such a book. It contains 682 pages.

No Reduction on Cement. The railroads which have filed their rate schedules with the state railway commission showing the 15 per cent reduction in accordance with the provisions of the Aldrich maximum freight rate law, which went into effect July 5, have placed another obstacle in the way of the enforcement of the law, by failing to reduce the rate on cement. The law provides for a reduction on lumber or building material. The railroads have interpreted this to mean lumber, or laths, shingles, etc. Had it meant brick, cement, etc., the word "and" would have been used.

Trouble for Bucket Shops. Reports that Lincoln bucket shop men are continuing business in spite of the Epperson law which was intended to suppress such operations, may be investigated and lead to a suit

Dr. Wilson Takes Charge. Dr. W. H. Wilson, recently appointed state health inspector, has opened up his office in the speaker's room at the state house and installed Miss Carlson as stenographer and clerk to the board to look after the vital statistics end of the business

Statistics on Farm Crops. The state labor bureau is receiving reports from county assessors on the acreage of corn and wheat and other products, but so few reports have come in so far that it is impossible to make any kind of an estimate of the acreage. The reports of shipments of surplus products from the railroad and express companies show a heavier shipment of wheat and oats and a lower shipment of corn last year than the year before. Only about half of these reports have been received, but these indicate as above.

Business Piling Up. Business is piling up so fast in the Lincoln division of the federal court that the officials are beginning to wonder how they are going to get away for the customary summer vacation.

The total fees collected by the secretary of state last month aggregated \$2,044.39, which is more than \$1,000 in excess of the fees received for the same month last year. It is estimated that under the new law increasing the fees that \$60,000 will be received during the biennium.

Much Gold for Shipment. Announcement has been made in New York of the engagement of \$1,000,000 in gold coin for shipment to Holland, \$500,000 by Goldman, Sachs & Co., and \$500,000 by Heidelberg, Ickelheimer & Co.

Wife-Slayer Sentenced. Charles Murray, who shot and killed his wife, Nellie Murray, October 3, 1906, because she refused to return home with him, was sentenced to twenty-five years in the penitentiary.

Father and Son Drowned. At Rochester, N. Y., Charles Beck, sixteen years old, attempted to swim the canal with his trousers on, but his strength deserted him and he called for help. His father, Lewis Beck, jumped in and succeeded in reaching the boy, but both were drowned.

Flour Mill Burned. The plant at Stafford, Kas., of the Larabee Flour Mills company, with a capacity of 1,000 barrels a day, was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$150,000.

Reaches Retirement Age. Rear Admiral George C. Reiter, chief of the lighthouse board, will be retired July 6 on account of age, but will continue his present duties until October.

Fund for Science Hall. Coe college, Cedar Rapids, Ia., completed a fund of \$280,000 including \$45,000 from Mr. Carnegie, for a science hall and \$50,000 from the general fund for endowment.

TO INVADE PACIFIC

FLOWER OF UNITED STATES NAVY TO MAKE LONG TRIP

NO MENACE IS INTENDED

Nothing in the Movement to Which Japan Can Take Exceptions—Will Not Encroach on Japanese Territory.

The government has decided to send a large fleet of warships to Pacific waters. Details of the vast movement of the Atlantic fleet to Pacific waters have been theoretically worked out weeks in advance by the naval general board. But these details are necessarily subject to constant change resulting from the withdrawal of battleships from active commission on account of having been declared antiquated or in need of repairs and the substitution of other ships just going into commission and fresh from the builders' hands. There is in the navy department at present scarcely any one authorized to afford any information as to the contemplated fleet movement, those able so to do being away on vacations.

The opinion of the officers on duty is that the route most feasible for the big ships is by way of the Straits of Magellan. The route across the Atlantic and through the Mediterranean and Suez canals is open to the objection that it would bring the big ships almost into Japanese waters and the movement might consequently be regarded as a menace, which Secretary Metcalf has stated has never been contemplated. The Suez route, too, is longer by 1,100 miles than the Magellan route. This, according to the best calculations, and allowing for short visits to ports not on the nearest sailing route is about 13,000 miles in length.

The battleship Oregon covered the distance from San Francisco to Jupiter Inlet, Fla., in 1898 in sixty-three days. But she was handicapped by the company of the little gunboat Marietta, which was scarcely able to make more than eight knots per hour, and also by the fact that as a precautionary measure the Oregon was sent around the West Indies, so sensibly lengthening her route. So the opinion now is that under ordinary cruising speed, which for the big battleships means about ten or twelve knots an hour, and allowing a reasonable time for coaling en route, the Atlantic fleet can make the passage from New York to San Francisco in less than sixty days.

LOSS OF A MILLION. Break in Levee Floods Lands in California. The Buena Vista lake levee near Bakersfield, Cal., has broken, flooding 30,000 acres of land belonging to Miller & Lux and the Tevis Land company and causing one million dollars' damage. The Sunset railway has been put out of commission, and the oil fields are cut off from communication with the city. The levee held back the waters of the Buena Vista lake, covering nineteen square miles and protected a body of reclaimed land extending for a distance of fifteen miles including the old bed of Kern lake, the property of the Kern County Land company and Miller & Lux. This land was covered with crops of growing grain. It will be days, perhaps weeks, before the waters find their level, and not until that time can the track of the Sunset railway be repaired so that traffic can be resumed. This means a cessation of shipments of oil from the Sunset district and also puts a stop to the active development work now in progress in that field.

CASUALTIES OF THE FOURTH. Thirty-seven Dead and 2,153 Injured in United States. Thirty-seven men, women and children are dead, and 2,153 are maimed, lacerated or burned as a result of excess of patriotism in the United States. The number of the dead does not include five drowned during the day.

The roster of the dead is four more than last year's mortality list. A year ago thirty-three persons were dead on the morning after the Fourth, not including five drowned.

Unfortunately, the death roll will increase day by day, and even the late days of August will witness additions to it. Tetanus, that germ aftermath of gunpowder wounds, claims its victims by scores, and even by hundreds, for weeks after the Fourth.

Rear Admiral Farquhar Dead. Rear Admiral von Heldrichs Farquhar, U. S. N., retired, died suddenly at the Hotel Thornhyke, Jamestown.

Plumbers on a Strike. Four hundred journeyman plumbers went on strike at St. Louis because the master plumbers refused to accede to a demand for an increase in wages from \$5 to \$6 a day. Nearly all the concerns in the city employing plumbers are affected.

South Dakota Woman Killed. While passing from their home to the barn, Mrs. Wallace, wife of T. B. Wallace, editor of the Colten (S. D.) Courier, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

Webb McNall Is Stricken. Webb McNall, who as state superintendent of insurance under Governor Leedy, gained much notoriety by ousting several insurance companies from Kansas, suffered a stroke of paralysis at his home in Gaylord, Kan. His condition is considered critical.

Reaches Retirement Age. Rear Admiral George C. Reiter, chief of the lighthouse board, will be retired July 6 on account of age, but will continue his present duties until October.

Fund for Science Hall. Coe college, Cedar Rapids, Ia., completed a fund of \$280,000 including \$45,000 from Mr. Carnegie, for a science hall and \$50,000 from the general fund for endowment.

NEW POLICY IS ADOPTED

Harriman Lines to Make Cause of Accidents Public.

NEW MARK A

WORLD'S RECORD BROKEN TOMOBILE RACE.

AN ITALIAN IS THE WINN. Nazzaro Comes out of Ruck Rid Like a Demon—Displaces Pride of France—Hope Centered in Duray, Who has Accident.

A Dieppe, France, July 2, dispatch says: The grand prix of the automobile club of France was won today by Felice Nazzaro, the Italian champion, against a field of thirty-eight entries. With coolness, nerve and endurance he guided his car at a killing pace and overhauled two of the men ahead of him, Lanca and Duray, covering the 477 miles of the course in six hours forty-six minutes and thirty-three seconds, or at an average of a mile in a fraction over fifty-one seconds. The fastest average time for a lap of the course was made by Duray, a French racer who covered the 4.77 miles at the astounding rate of a mile every 47 7/10th seconds. The average rate of speed maintained by the winner of the distance establishes a new world's record.

W. C. Christie, the only American participant driving an American machine, had trouble early in the race and did not figure among the leaders. Dieppe was crowded with visitors, and fully 50,000 people saw the start. The route was lined by spectators at all points of vantage, but owing to the excellent precautions taken, the entire course being patrolled by a total of 8,000 soldiers, there was no fatal accidents, and only one minor collision was recorded.

The race was one of the hardest fought and fastest automobile contests ever run.

BUSINESS BLOCK FALLS DOWN. Fifty-two Men Narrowly Escape at Cincinnati. Fifty-two men had a remarkable escape from death in the collapsing of a four-story business block on Main street, Cincinnati, only ten being injured and none of those dangerously. The accident was caused by the weakening of the foundations by the excavation being made at the corner of Ninth and Main streets for the new ten-story building of the Second National bank. The building that fell was occupied by the office furniture firm of Levy & White. Its outer wall fell into the excavation where the laborers were enjoying their mid-day meal. Forty laborers were employed on the job and most of them were seated around the excavation when the wall fell. In the wrecked building were a dozen other men, some of whom were shot but through the windows and wreckage into the streets.

That a number were not killed outright seemed little less than miraculous. However, the timbers in falling formed arches under which the men were safely housed.

Not until nearly two hours after the accident was it positively known that no one had been killed. Automobiles were ordered for service and soon carried to hospitals the ten men who were found to require the attention of surgeons.

Will Run Again for Mayor. Mayor Eugene Schmitz, who is awaiting sentence under conviction of extortion, in an interview at San Francisco, authorized the Associated Press to say that he will be a candidate for re-election to a fourth term, and that he has already begun the preliminary work of his campaign. He declared that he is confident of winning at the polls, and that nothing will prevent him from running, except the denial by the appellate and supreme courts of the appeal he is preparing to make for a new trial of the charge of which he stands convicted by a jury in the superior court.

Given Advance in Wages. Nearly 7,000 men employed on the street car lines and elevated roads of Chicago received an advance in wages July 1 of from 7 to 10 cents. All Union Traction employes on north and west sides of the city are included in the increase. The elevated men on four elevated systems also profit by the raise. The total number of carmen who have been the recipient of financial favors by the corporations since May 1, is 10,000.

Four Men Fatally Crushed. Two cars, heavily loaded with steel, becoming separated from a train at the steel works, Bethlehem, crashed into a shifting engine, fatally injuring Weston A. Gross, Harry J. Marsh, William Dorney and Rudolph Nuss, employes.

New Quartermaster General. President Roosevelt has appointed Gen. James B. Alishire to be quartermaster general of the army, with the rank of brigadier general, to succeed Charles F. Humphreys, who has retired.

Burglars Blow Open Safe. Burglars broke into the postoffice at Lyndon, Ill., and blew open the safe with dynamite. Considerable money was taken from the safe; also a large quantity of stamps.

Working Too Long Hours. Federal officers at Dallas, Tex., arrested Contractor D. C. McCord who is building Trinity river lock and dam on the charge of working his men more than eight hours a day, contrary to the federal statutes. The defendant gave bond and will fight the case.

Fund for Science Hall. Coe college, Cedar Rapids, Ia., completed a fund of \$280,000 including \$45,000 from Mr. Carnegie, for a science hall and \$50,000 from the general fund for endowment.

NEW POLICY IS ADOPTED

Harriman Lines to Make Cause of Accidents Public.

NEW MARK A

WORLD'S RECORD BROKEN TOMOBILE RACE.

AN ITALIAN IS THE WINN. Nazzaro Comes out of Ruck Rid Like a Demon—Displaces Pride of France—Hope Centered in Duray, Who has Accident.

A Dieppe, France, July 2, dispatch says: The grand prix of the automobile club of France was won today by Felice Nazzaro, the Italian champion, against a field of thirty-eight entries. With coolness, nerve and endurance he guided his car at a killing pace and overhauled two of the men ahead of him, Lanca and Duray, covering the 477 miles of the course in six hours forty-six minutes and thirty-three seconds, or at an average of a mile in a fraction over fifty-one seconds. The fastest average time for a lap of the course was made by Duray, a French racer who covered the 4.77 miles at the astounding rate of a mile every 47 7/10th seconds. The average rate of speed maintained by the winner of the distance establishes a new world's record.

W. C. Christie, the only American participant driving an American machine, had trouble early in the race and did not figure among the leaders. Dieppe was crowded with visitors, and fully 50,000 people saw the start. The route was lined by spectators at all points of vantage, but owing to the excellent precautions taken, the entire course being patrolled by a total of 8,000 soldiers, there was no fatal accidents, and only one minor collision was recorded.

The race was one of the hardest fought and fastest automobile contests ever run.

BUSINESS BLOCK FALLS DOWN. Fifty-two Men Narrowly Escape at Cincinnati. Fifty-two men had a remarkable escape from death in the collapsing of a four-story business block on Main street, Cincinnati, only ten being injured and none of those dangerously. The accident was caused by the weakening of the foundations by the excavation being made at the corner of Ninth and Main streets for the new ten-story building of the Second National bank. The building that fell was occupied by the office furniture firm of Levy & White. Its outer wall fell into the excavation where the laborers were enjoying their mid-day meal. Forty laborers were employed on the job and most of them were seated around the excavation when the wall fell. In the wrecked building were a dozen other men, some of whom were shot but through the windows and wreckage into the streets.

That a number were not killed outright seemed little less than miraculous. However, the timbers in falling formed arches under which the men were safely housed.

Not until nearly two hours after the accident was it positively known that no one had been killed. Automobiles were ordered for service and soon carried to hospitals the ten men who were found to require the attention of surgeons.

Will Run Again for Mayor. Mayor Eugene Schmitz, who is awaiting sentence under conviction of extortion, in an interview at San Francisco, authorized the Associated Press to say that he will be a candidate for re-election to a fourth term, and that he has already begun the preliminary work of his campaign. He declared that he is confident of winning at the polls, and that nothing will prevent him from running, except the denial by the appellate and supreme courts of the appeal he is preparing to make for a new trial of the charge of which he stands convicted by a jury in the superior court.

Given Advance in Wages. Nearly 7,000 men employed on the street car lines and elevated roads of Chicago received an advance in wages July 1 of from 7 to 10 cents. All Union Traction employes on north and west sides of the city are included in the increase. The elevated men on four elevated systems also profit by the raise. The total number of carmen who have been the recipient of financial favors by the corporations since May 1, is 10,000.

Four Men Fatally Crushed. Two cars, heavily loaded with steel, becoming separated from a train at the steel works, Bethlehem, crashed into a shifting engine, fatally injuring Weston A. Gross, Harry J. Marsh, William Dorney and Rudolph Nuss, employes.

New Quartermaster General. President Roosevelt has appointed Gen. James B. Alishire to be quartermaster general of the army, with the rank of brigadier general, to succeed Charles F. Humphreys, who has retired.

Burglars Blow Open Safe. Burglars broke into the postoffice at Lyndon, Ill., and blew open the safe with dynamite. Considerable money was taken from the safe; also a large quantity of stamps.

Working Too Long Hours. Federal officers at Dallas, Tex., arrested Contractor D. C. McCord who is building Trinity river lock and dam on the charge of working his men more than eight hours a day, contrary to the federal statutes. The defendant gave bond and will fight the case.

Fund for Science Hall. Coe college, Cedar Rapids, Ia., completed a fund of \$280,000 including \$45,000 from Mr. Carnegie, for a science hall and \$50,000 from the general fund for endowment.

TO INVADE PACIFIC

FLOWER OF UNITED STATES NAVY TO MAKE LONG TRIP

NO MENACE IS INTENDED

Nothing in the Movement to Which Japan Can Take Exceptions—Will Not Encroach on Japanese Territory.

The government has decided to send a large fleet of warships to Pacific waters. Details of the vast movement of the Atlantic fleet to Pacific waters have been theoretically worked out weeks in advance by the naval general board. But these details are necessarily subject to constant change resulting from the withdrawal of battleships from active commission on account of having been declared antiquated or in need of repairs and the substitution of other ships just going into commission and fresh from the builders' hands. There is in the navy department at present scarcely any one authorized to afford any information as to the contemplated fleet movement, those able so to do being away on vacations.

The opinion of the officers on duty is that the route most feasible for the big ships is by way of the Straits of Magellan. The route across the Atlantic and through the Mediterranean and Suez canals is open to the objection that it would bring the big ships almost into Japanese waters and the movement might consequently be regarded as a menace, which Secretary Metcalf has stated has never been contemplated. The Suez route, too, is longer by 1,100 miles than the Magellan route. This, according to the best calculations, and allowing for short visits to ports not on the nearest sailing route is about 13,000 miles in length.

The battleship Oregon covered the distance from San Francisco to Jupiter Inlet, Fla., in 1898 in sixty-three days. But she was handicapped by the company of the little gunboat Marietta, which was scarcely able to make more than eight knots per hour, and also by the fact that as a precautionary measure the Oregon was sent around the West Indies, so sensibly lengthening her route. So the opinion now is that under ordinary cruising speed, which for the big battleships means about ten or twelve knots an hour, and allowing a reasonable time for coaling en route, the Atlantic fleet can make the passage from New York to San Francisco in less than sixty days.

LOSS OF A MILLION. Break in Levee Floods Lands in California. The Buena Vista lake levee near Bakersfield, Cal., has broken, flooding 30,000 acres of land belonging to Miller & Lux and the Tevis Land company and causing one million dollars' damage. The Sunset railway has been put out of commission, and the oil fields are cut off from communication with the city. The levee held back the waters of the Buena Vista lake, covering nineteen square miles and protected a body of reclaimed land extending for a distance of fifteen miles including the old bed of Kern lake, the property of the Kern County Land company and Miller & Lux. This land was covered with crops of growing grain. It will be days, perhaps weeks, before the waters find their level, and not until that time can the track of the Sunset railway be repaired so that traffic can be resumed. This means a cessation of shipments of oil from the Sunset district and also puts a stop to the active development work now in progress in that field.

CASUALTIES OF THE FOURTH. Thirty-seven Dead and 2,153 Injured in United States. Thirty-seven men, women and children are dead, and 2,153 are maimed, lacerated or burned as a result of excess of patriotism in the United States. The number of the dead does not include five drowned during the day.

The roster of the dead is four more than last year's mortality list. A year ago thirty-three persons were dead on the morning after the Fourth, not including five drowned.

Unfortunately, the death roll will increase day by day, and even the late days of August will witness additions to it. Tetanus, that germ aftermath of gunpowder wounds, claims its victims by scores, and even by hundreds, for weeks after the Fourth.

Rear Admiral Farquhar Dead. Rear Admiral von Heldrichs Farquhar, U. S. N., retired, died suddenly at the Hotel Thornhyke, Jamestown.

Plumbers on a Strike. Four hundred journeyman plumbers went on strike at St. Louis because the master plumbers refused to accede to a demand for an increase in wages from \$5 to \$6 a day. Nearly all the concerns in the city employing plumbers are affected.

South Dakota Woman Killed. While passing from their home to the barn, Mrs. Wallace, wife of T. B. Wallace, editor of the Colten (S. D.) Courier, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

Webb McNall Is Stricken. Webb McNall, who as state superintendent of insurance under Governor Leedy, gained much notoriety by ousting several insurance companies from Kansas, suffered a stroke of paralysis at his home in Gaylord, Kan. His condition is considered critical.

Reaches Retirement Age. Rear Admiral George C. Reiter, chief of the lighthouse board, will be retired July 6 on account of age, but will continue his present duties until October.

Fund for Science Hall. Coe college, Cedar Rapids, Ia., completed a fund of \$280,000 including \$45,000 from Mr. Carnegie, for a science hall and \$50,000 from the general fund for endowment.

NEW POLICY IS ADOPTED

Harriman Lines to Make Cause of Accidents Public.

NEW MARK A

WORLD'S RECORD BROKEN TOMOBILE RACE.

AN ITALIAN IS THE WINN. Nazzaro Comes out of Ruck Rid Like a Demon—Displaces Pride of France—Hope Centered in Duray, Who has Accident.

A Dieppe, France, July 2, dispatch says: The grand prix of the automobile club of France was won today by Felice Nazzaro, the Italian champion, against a field of thirty-eight entries. With coolness, nerve and endurance he guided his car at a killing pace and overhauled two of the men ahead of him, Lanca and Duray, covering the 477 miles of the course in six hours forty-six minutes and thirty-three seconds, or at an average of a mile in a fraction over fifty-one seconds. The fastest average time for a lap of the course was made by Duray, a French racer who covered the 4.77 miles at the astounding rate of a mile every 47 7/10th seconds. The average rate of speed maintained by the winner of the distance establishes a new world's record.

W. C. Christie, the only American participant driving an American machine, had trouble early in the race and did not figure among the leaders. Dieppe was crowded with visitors, and fully 50,000 people saw the start. The route was lined by spectators at all points of vantage, but owing to the excellent precautions taken, the entire course being patrolled by a total of 8,000 soldiers, there was no fatal accidents, and only one minor collision was recorded.

The race was one of the hardest fought and fastest automobile contests ever run.

BUSINESS BLOCK FALLS DOWN. Fifty-two Men Narrowly Escape at Cincinnati. Fifty-two men had a remarkable escape from death in the collapsing of a four-story business block on Main street, Cincinnati, only ten being injured and none of those dangerously. The accident was caused by the weakening of the foundations by the excavation being made at the corner of Ninth and Main streets for the new ten-story building of the Second National bank. The building that fell was occupied by the office furniture firm of Levy & White. Its outer wall fell into the excavation where the laborers were enjoying their mid-day meal. Forty laborers were employed on the job and most of them were seated around the excavation when the wall fell. In the wrecked building were a dozen other men, some of whom were shot but through the windows and wreckage into the streets.

That a number were not killed outright seemed little less than miraculous. However, the timbers in falling formed arches under which the men were safely housed.

Not until nearly two hours after the accident was it positively known that no one had been killed. Automobiles were ordered for service and soon carried to hospitals the ten men who were found to require the attention of surgeons.

Will Run Again for Mayor. Mayor Eugene Schmitz, who is awaiting sentence under conviction of extortion, in an interview at San Francisco, authorized the Associated Press to say that he will be a candidate for re-election to a fourth term, and that he has already begun the preliminary work of his campaign. He declared that he is confident of winning at the polls, and that nothing will prevent him from running, except the denial by the appellate and supreme courts of the appeal he is preparing to make for a new trial of the charge of which he stands convicted by a jury in the superior court.

Given Advance in Wages. Nearly 7,000 men employed on the street car lines and elevated roads of Chicago received an advance in wages July 1 of from 7 to 10 cents. All Union Traction employes on north and west sides of the city are included in the increase. The elevated men on four elevated systems also profit by the raise. The total number of carmen who have been the recipient of financial favors by the corporations since May 1, is 10,000.

Four Men Fatally Crushed. Two cars, heavily loaded with steel, becoming separated from a train at the steel works, Bethlehem, crashed into a shifting engine, fatally injuring Weston A. Gross, Harry J. Marsh, William Dorney and Rudolph Nuss, employes.

New Quartermaster General. President Roosevelt has appointed Gen. James B. Alishire to be quartermaster general of the army, with the rank of brigadier general, to succeed Charles F. Humphreys, who has retired.

Burglars Blow Open Safe. Burglars broke into the postoffice at Lyndon, Ill., and blew open the safe with dynamite. Considerable money was taken from the safe; also a large quantity of stamps.

Working Too Long Hours. Federal officers at Dallas, Tex., arrested Contractor D. C. McCord who is building Trinity river lock and dam on the charge of working his men more than eight hours a day, contrary to the federal statutes. The defendant gave bond and will fight the case.

Fund for Science Hall. Coe college, Cedar Rapids, Ia., completed a fund of \$280,000 including \$45,000 from Mr. Carnegie, for a science hall and \$50,000 from the general fund for endowment.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE

BLIND MAN FOR SENATE



Judge T. P. Gore, the Democratic nominee for United States senator from Oklahoma, who is practically certain of election, will be the first blind man to occupy a seat in congress. "Oklahoma's Blind Orator," as he is known, is one of the most interesting characters in the new state. He has been sightless from boyhood, yet none of his fellow citizens have a higher intellect or better education. From the age of 11 until he was 16 his mother and sister instructed him by reading to him.

At 21 Gore was an enthusiastic populist. He started to stump the state of Mississippi, challenging congressmen, senators or whoever he met, to debates. His first speech of this kind is described by one who was a resident of the same county, Webster, at that time.

"Gore was rather green, so to speak, in appearance at that time; his trousers struck him half way between his ankles and knees, and his coat sleeves were midway between his hands and elbows. He had lived the greater portion of his life in a county through which until recent years no railroad had traversed, yet he was brilliant even at this age. The Democratic speaker who opposed Gore made the first talk, glorifying the party and ending with a quotation from the old hymn, 'We Have Landed Many Thousands and We Will Land Many More.' It was Gore's turn next and he took advantage of this last sentence of the Democrat to catch his audience. In a singing voice, imitating the tune by which the hymn is sung and by which it was known by every person in the immense audience, he repeated: 'We have landed many thousands and we will land many more.' 'Yes,' he said, 'but where have you landed them?' and then came the answer from the blind boy: 'In hell.' The words caught the crowd and he was cheered enthusiastically. He launched forth into a speech, skinning his opponents, and holding every man in his audience until the last words were uttered. Henceforward there were calls for Gore all over the state, and his popularity was a wonder."

Gore still retains his powers as an orator and during the recent campaign was considered the most eloquent man on the Oklahoma stump. He was elected to the territorial senate by a big majority. He is a learned lawyer, knows Latin and Greek like his alphabet, never lacks for classics to use in his speeches, and always is interesting.

LITTLE KNOWN MILLIONAIRE

Emigrant, coachman, multimillionaire! These are the three grades in the life of C. A. Smith, a Swede who lives at Minneapolis, Minn. Smith is only 54, and the next stage in his life will be given up to placing his descendants on a rock of fortune that will endure for centuries, perhaps.

The story of this sturdy, thrifty Swede is one of the most stories of fortune which the northwest loves to tell. Smith tumbled off an emigrant train in Minneapolis on June 28, 1867, at the age of 14. He was a strong boy, without a word of English, but in a day or two he went to work as a chore boy at the home of ex-Gov. Pillsbury. His native name was unpronounceable, so he became Smith.

Soon he was good enough to drive the coach. He went to school a little, and then entered Pillsbury's hardware store.

Finally Smith went into the store business himself, with Pillsbury as his partner. It was at Herman, Minn., and they sold grain, lumber and farm implements. Every year the young man was gaining business wisdom, putting more money away and becoming Americanized.

In a few years the country store was too small for his activities. He went back to Minneapolis, and the first of the C. A. Smith lumber mills started to cut logs in 1884. The business grew, and the mills with it, until they soon were the largest in the world.

In 1899 Mr. Smith bought out the Pillsbury interests in the business. Since then the big company has been composed of but one man, C. A. Smith, who says he believes he owns more standing timber to-day than any other man. Either Mr. Smith or James B. Walker of Minneapolis owns most. It is a question of which is entitled to the title of "largest" owner in the world.

NEW INSURANCE CHIEF



Darwin P. Kingsley, the new president of the New York Life insurance company, to succeed Alexander E. Orr, has attracted no little attention in the business and financial world during the past ten years.

Mr. Kingsley is 50 years old. Following his graduation from the University of Vermont, he went to Colorado, where he worked as a teacher and a journalist. In 1886 he was made auditor of the state of Colorado. In 1889 he became identified with the New York Life insurance company and was made inspector of agencies for New England. He was soon transferred to the home office. After filling the chairs of superintendent and third vice president he was elected, vice president in 1903.

Mr. Kingsley has taken a prominent part in the executive affairs of his company and has served on all the important committees. He is a fighter for business and he takes for his watchwords "safety" and "economy."

In his letter of acceptance he made this characteristic remark: "The laws of this state have in effect declared that the activities of this and other companies must diminish. Whether that as a theory of statesmanship is sound or unsound is a question which time will settle. The state has so decreed and we accept the decree in a good faith. But I believe that such restrictive legislation applied to life insurance is economically unsound."

A FACTORY HEROINE

Miss Mary Gulnan, a resident of Middletown, N. Y., the first woman to receive the Roosevelt prize for bravery, is not at all confused by the great honor bestowed upon her. She is a modest little woman, and works every day at her machine in the shirt factory where she has been employed for 18 years.

On December 19 last, when Miss Gulnan was returning from her work, she saw John C. Runyon, an aged merchant of Middletown, N. Y., standing on the Erie railroad tracks at Montgomery street, waiting for a train to pass. The train was going west, and Mr. Runyon did not see an east-bound train approaching.

Miss Gulnan saw the old man's danger and, stooping under the gates, pushed the aged merchant off the east-bound track as the train rushed past. The two were for a moment in a space of less than three feet, with a train rubbing past at high speed on each side. Miss Gulnan held the old man until one of the trains passed and then assisted him to the sidewalk.

Miss Gulnan then went home without giving her name and told no one of the incident. One of the spectators followed her, and on learning her identity made the story public.

In talking about the incident, Miss Gulnan said: "I did not think I would get a medal. I did not think anything about it. I saw Mr. Runyon standing on the track and it worried me. I saw that he was going to be struck by the train, and I knew that I could not reach him in time to pull him back, so I thought I would push him in between the two trains and hold him fast until one of them went by. I was terribly frightened when the trains were rushing past on each side, and expected every minute we would be struck."



Three-wheeled Autos. Three-wheeled motor vehicles have a number of advantages, but it has been found very difficult to introduce them, mainly because of the radical departure in the appearance, which suggests an old-fashioned baby coach or a wheelbarrow more than anything else. A very determined effort was made to popularize this style of automobile in this country some time ago, and later, with more success, in England. A fire apparatus built on these lines has recently been put into service as part of the fire department of

Nuremberg, Germany, and is said to be a great success. It is a steam pump, and the same source of power is used in propelling the engine and driving the pump.

Freedom's Charge.

"This magazine article says that bachelors should be taxed," remarked Mrs. Grouch. "That's the way!" exclaimed Mr. Grouch, vigorously. "A man can't enjoy anything these days without paying for it."—Judge.

FOR THE BEDROOM MATINEE.

Dainty, Attractive, Made of Lawn or Linen, Satin Squares.

For the invalid or the woman who takes her breakfast in bed there are the most delectable of French matinees made from large squares of liberty satin, cloth, lawn, or what you will. These are hemmed on all four sides; and in the middle of the square two large slits are made crossing each other.

The four points made by these slits are turned back, finished with narrow hems and lace frills, or perhaps with hand embroidery and lace frills, and the head is passed through the opening thus made, the corners falling in full folds at back, front and sides.

We have seen such a matinee made in fine white dimity over pink china silk. Lace butterflies were inset in the points of the neck finish and flutter up from the corners of the squares and across the front, and all the edges are bordered by three inch frills of valenciennes.

An added touch of coquetry for the breakfast in bed toilette, is the picturesque mob cap to accompany the matinee made of fine lawn and lace and adorned with becoming ribbon bows. This hides the ruffled hair and is exceedingly becoming as a rule.

TO GET MEALY POTATOES.

Must Be Boiled and Looked After in Proper Manner.

Potatoes, to boil well together, should be as nearly equal in size as possible. Wash off the mold and scrub them very clean with a hard brush, but neither scoop or apply a knife to them in any way; even to clear the eyes.

Rinse them well and arrange compactly in a saucenpan so that they may not lie loose in the water and that a small quantity may suffice to cover them.

Pour this in cold and when it boils throw in about a teaspoonful of salt to the quart and simmer the potatoes until they are nearly done; the last two or three minutes let them boil rapidly; when quite tender, which may be known by probing them with a fork, pour all the water from them and lift the lid of the saucenpan to allow the steam to escape; place on a trivet high over the fire or by the side of it until the moisture is quite evaporated; peel and send to the table as quickly as possible. Irish families always prefer them served in their skins.

German Fish Chowder.

Get a three-pound haddock cleaned and skinned. Remove most of the flesh and cover bones and head with three cups of cold water and simmer for 25 minutes. Chop the flesh fine, add two crackers (pounded), teaspoon salt, one-quarter teaspoon pepper, two tablespoons melted butter, little onion juice (if liked), speck of cayenne and one beaten egg. Form into small balls. Drain the stock from the bones, put the fishballs in it and add four small potatoes, sliced. Boil 15 minutes. Scald three cups of milk, thicken with one-quarter cup of flour and add to the chowder. Have ready about a cupful of boiled noodles (or spaghetti) and add. Season highly with salt, pepper, piece of butter and serve. It's the way we made it in the old country.

Something Good for Breakfast.

Boil a large soup bone of beef until the meat is tender, then remove the meat from the bone and chop fine, season with pepper and salt, being careful to discard gristle and small bits of bone. A dash of cayenne and a suspicion of onion if liked. Return the chopped meat to the soup in which it was boiled. Then, when the soup boils again, thicken with corn meal to the consistency of mush. Pour out into a long, deep pan and put away to cool. In the morning turn out the solid cake on to a platter, cut in slices, and fry in butter a light brown. Serve hot. Can be eaten plain or with jelly. This is fine for those who "don't know what to have for breakfast."

Fruit Pudding.

Baked batter pudding with fruit—Quarter of a pound of flour, salt one-half pint of milk, two eggs, one-fourth pound of fruit, one-half ounce of butter, sugar. Put flour in a basin, add one-fourth teaspoon of salt, stir in gradually one-half pint of milk. When sufficiently liquid beat with a spoon. Break an egg into a cup, add it to the batter, beating lightly till thoroughly mixed, then repeat with the second egg. Grease a pie dish—and grease it well—and pour in batter. Take one-fourth pound of any fruit, sprinkle it into the batter, and put two or three pieces of butter on top. Put dish in the oven to bake for half an hour. When taken out sprinkle some sugar on the top.

Umbrella Renovating.

Old umbrellas may be recovered to do excellent service for everyday use, or for children's school umbrellas. Remove the old cover and metal cap which held its top edge. A good, smooth satine with a dull finish is good material.

Use one of the sections of old covering for a pattern. Lay it always with the outer edge on the selvage and cut as many as required.

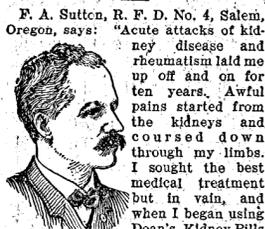
Sew together in French seam—first a tiny one on the right side, then turn in and sew again. Slip cover over the rod and tack strongly at the points of the ribs. Tack the top and replace metal cap. Tack seams at the middle of ribs, also.

Scalloped Eggplant.

Peel, cut into strips as long as your finger and nearly as wide. Lay these in ice-cold water well salted and leave in a cold place for an hour. Then boil until they are clear and tender, but not broken. Drain all the water off in a colander and arrange the strips in a buttered bake dish. Butter, pepper and salt, strew with fine crumbs, season these in like manner, then another layer of eggplant, and so on until the dish is full. The last layer should be thicker than the rest and soaked with cream. Bake, covered, half an hour, then brown.

WHERE DOCTORS FAILED.

An Interesting Case from Salem, the Capital of Oregon.



F. A. Sutton, R. F. D. No. 4, Salem, Oregon, says: "Acute attacks of kidney disease and rheumatism laid me up off and on for ten years. Awful pains started from the kidneys and coursed down through my limbs. I sought the best medical treatment but in vain, and when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills

I was walking with two canes and suffering continual pains, headaches and sleepless nights. I improved quickly and after taking three boxes felt better than I had for 15 years. The effects have been lasting."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE BEST HE COULD GET.

Amateur Gardener Could Not Understand Why Seeds Did Not Sprout.

The woes of the amateur gardener are very amusing to others, but decidedly real to the man who has spoiled a suit of clothes, blistered his hands and lost his temper in his efforts to make things grow.

A young man, recently married, early in the spring secured a suburban place, mainly with the idea of "fresh, home-grown vegetables." Every evening he would hurry through his supper and rush out to his garden, where he displayed more energy than skill. But, alas! When many little green things began to break the ground in his neighbors' gardens, his own remained as bare as the Sahara. "It certainly has got me beat," he confided to a friend at his office one day. "I can't understand why not a blessed thing has come up. I planted peas and corn and tomatoes."

"Perhaps the seed were defective," the friend suggested. "I hardly think it was that," the gardener replied, "for I got the very best—paid 15 cents a can for them."

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Colleries Under the Sea.

At Cape Breton there are immense colleries being worked under the ocean. These submarine mines cover a thousand acres, and are being increased steadily. The mines are entered at the shore, and the operators follow the vein beneath the water for more than a mile. It might be expected that the weight of the water would force its way into the mine. The bed of the ocean is as tight as a cement cistern. A sort of fireclay lines the submarine roof of the mine, and the sediment above is held in place and packed down by the water pressure until there is not a crevice nor a drop of water from overhead.

Full Particulars Wanted.

When the nurse brought the cheering news to Toperton recently that he had just become the father of triplets, he betrayed no particular satisfaction. "Boys!" he growlingly queried. "Only one boy, sir." "Well," said Toperton, "go on; don't keep me in suspense. One boy—what are the others?"—Sketchy Bits.

With a smooth iron and Defiance Starch, you can launder your shirt-waist just as well at home as the steam laundry can; it will have the proper stiffness and finish, there will be less wear and tear of the goods, and it will be a positive pleasure to use a Starch that does not stick to the iron.

Damage.

"Do you believe that water in stocks does any great harm?" "Well," answered Mr. Dustin Stax, "water in stocks, combined with the sunshine of publicity, is responsible for a great many faded reputations."—Washington Star.

WHY SHE WAS THANKFUL.

Little, One Had Reason to Approve. Father's Choice.

Of the sisters of a well-known New York family one is married. She has one little girl greatly petted by all the aunts and subject to much advice from all of them. Of this last the little lady sometimes wearies, which weariness on a certain occasion made itself shown in the following reply from her small ladyship:

Said one aunt: "If you were my child I should have you do thus and thus." Said another aunt: "Were you my child I would do so and so." The remaining aunt made a similar remark.

The little lady thought it high time to express her own feelings. "But I have," she said, "always been so thankful that papa married the sister he did!"

ALMOST A SOLID SORE.

Skin Disease from Birth—Fortune Spent on Her Without Benefit—Cured Her with Cuticura.

"I have a cousin in Rockingham Co. who once had a skin disease from her birth until she was six years of age. Her father had spent a fortune on her to get her cured and none of the treatments did her any good. Old Dr. suggested that he try the Cuticura Remedies which he did. When he commenced to use it the child was almost a solid scab. He had used it about two months and the child was well. I could hardly believe she was the same child. Her skin was as soft as a baby's without a scar on it. I have not seen her in seventeen years, but I have heard from her and the last time I heard she was well. Mrs. W. P. Ingle, Burlington, N. C., June 16, 1905."

The Psychological Moment.

The fact that Priam was closeted with the adjuster did not prevent Cassandra from dropping in to say that she had told him just how it would be. "She was all I saved," murmured the burnt-out monarch, jerking his thumb at the retiring propheteess. "Say no more," rejoined the other. "We'll call the loss total, and I could make it any more than that, old man! I'd do it, under the circumstances."

This incident shows the value of a word spoken at the right time.—Puck.

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

Strains at a Gnat.

The dean of Westminster has refused to admit a memorial tablet which was dedicated to Herbert Spencer into the abbey on the ground that he was not orthodox in his Christian belief.

The greatest cause of worry on ironing day can be removed by using Defiance Starch, which will not stick to the iron. Sold everywhere, 16 oz. for 10c.

President Jordan to Lecture. President Jordan, of Stanford university, Cal., is on his way to Australia and New Zealand, where he will lecture before the colleges of the Antipodes on the American university system.

It Cures White You Walk. Allen's Foot-Powder is a certain cure for hot, sweating, callous, and swollen, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

M. C. Russel, of Andermath, who has just celebrated his one hundred and first birthday, is the oldest Alpinist in the world. Last summer he scaled the Gutsch mountain without assistance.

Does Your Head Ache? If so, get a box of Krause's Headache Capsules of your Druggist. 25c. Norman Lichty Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

Many a woman averages things up by figuring that her \$28 bonnet and her husband's \$2 lid average \$15 each.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, relieves inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Theoretically speaking, the heroine's death scene is usually less realistic than her hair dyeing.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Stebbins* of **NEW YORK.** In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

GOO DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assuaging the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN.
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Fac-Simile Signature of *Chas. H. Stebbins* NEW YORK.
35 Doses 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act.
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

SICK HEADACHE
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heart Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature *W. D. Blood* REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR BUSINESS WHITMORE BUSINESS COLLEGE
Book-keeping, Shorthand, and Business Courses. 100 of positions. We want pleasant work for young men and women. Don't delay—start now. Special Rates. Write A. R. Whitmore, Pitt., St. Joseph For Particulars and Catalogue.

DAISY FLY KILLER
For killing and getting rid of the annoying and pestiferous fly. It is a safe and reliable remedy for the fly. It is sold by all druggists and grocers. Price 10c a bottle. It is sold by all druggists and grocers. Price 10c a bottle.

It afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye W. W. N. U., LINCOLN, NEB., 28, 1905

YOU can furnish your table with fine American china. Every twenty-five cent family package contains either a cup and saucer, plate, a bowl, etc., of fine American china. The best oatmeal, the best dishes and the best assortment.

The Quaker Oats Company. CHICAGO

Quaker Wheat Berries just on the delicious. Try a box. Two q

To Cigar Smokers

Lewis' Single Binder

5c Cigar is growing in popularity among smokers throughout the west at an astonishing rate. The reason is plain. Lewis' Single Binder 5c Cigar is made from the choicest quality tobacco always and by experienced, clean and reliable craftsmen. Lewis' Single Binder Cigars are put up in tin foil—five to a package—thus insuring their reaching the smoker as fresh as when leaving the factory.

Annual Sales Now Exceed **8,500,000**

You pay 10c for cigars not so good. Ask your dealer for Lewis' Single Binder 5c Cigar. You will save money and insure satisfaction at the same time.

FRANK P. LEWIS, Manufacturer, Peoria, Ill.
Originator of Tin Foil Smoker Package.

IN NEW ZEALAND.

How Public Ownership Works on the World's Other Side.

Official Balance Sheets Generally Show Profits, but Analyses Thereof Indicate Real Deficits Almost Invariably. Conditions No Better in New South Wales, Where Fares Are Higher, on the Whole, Than Here—Inefficiency and Extravagance Due to Political Interference.

By C. ARTHUR WILLIAMS.
The New Zealand cities which own their tram lines are Dunedin, Christchurch and Wellington. The systems are comparatively new in all three, so it is difficult to say how the account between them and the people will stand eventually. In Christchurch the trams are controlled by a board elected by the people. Most of the lines have been operated electrically for more than a year, but some extremely ancient steam equipment is still in use at this writing.

The cost of construction is about \$42,000 per mile. The excess of revenue over working expenses for the ten and one-half months ending March 31, 1906, was \$18,022. Leaving depreciation out of the question, interest on the capital at only 4 per cent would amount to \$59,547, and at least one-half of 1 per cent would necessarily be charged off for sinking fund. The balance sheet on the date named showed a net profit, but it is plain that there was really a deficit of considerable proportions. In that balance sheet the only interest item is \$22,132 "on capital charged to net revenue," and only \$2,687 is shown to have been set aside for sinking fund.

Although the penny section plan prevails and one may ride short distances cheaper than in the United States, the average fare per passenger carried in this ten and one-half months was 4.18 cents, no transfers being allowed. Dunedin's tramway loan is \$1,440,000, and the rate of interest is 4 per cent on \$778,080 and 4 1/2 per cent on the remainder. The official returns for 1905 showed a deficit of \$18,648, not including depreciation. Of the twenty-one cent sections into which the divided eleven are less than a quarter mile, and the average length, the longest is only 1.98 miles each. Crowded relatively as numerous as in the United States, and the same may be said of every other publicly owned tram system in Australia. The municipal fund of Dunedin proper, less sinking fund available, was about \$110 per cent on March 31, 1906, \$3,054,091 of a total debt of \$7,798,481 having been accumulated on account of the municipality's tram, abattoir and water and establishments.

At Dunedin and Wellington respectively asserted that politics in the management of the tramways system, said that it was practically impossible for the head officials to dismiss one of his employees because of political influence. So noticeable has been the effect of politics in the tramway system, and other matters that suggestions have been made looking to the designation of Wellington, which is the capital of New Zealand, as federal territory and to the disfranchisement of all its residents. The District of Columbia is cited as a precedent.

The revenues of the Wellington tramways exceeded the operating expenses by \$48,507 in 1905-06, but the interest on the total tramway loan amounted to \$81,648, and 1 per cent, amounting to \$18,144, was charged off on account of sinking fund. Much dissatisfaction with the arrangement of fares and sections has been expressed by the public, but the council has decided to make no changes before the system is completed and until "circumstances and the general interest render any amendment expedient or imperative." A project to extend the system to one of the suburbs could not be carried out because the government stood in the way.

The explanation of the government's attitude in the circumstance of the tramway government railways in question, and it would not tolerate people were the tram line was needed. Lines in New South Wales the city of Sydney broken into 126 miles. The Sydney population of 500,000, drawn by numerous lines are higher than in any other city. The average cost of construction and equipment of the tramways was \$139,641 a mile. This indicates undue extravagance, as in Melbourne tram class tram lines have been put in and equipped for about \$40,000 a mile.

During the last fiscal year the lines showed a profit of \$268,608 without, however, allowing for depreciation, which, on account of the high capitalization, would exceed \$1,000,000 a year. Even with no allowance for depreciation, deficits have been a general rule, in one year running up to \$68,868. The tram lines are divided into sections, the average length of which is about two miles. The fare per section is 2 cents, no transfers being allowed. Between midnight and 4 a. m. the fare is increased to 6 cents per section, with a maximum of 12 cents for the complete trip over any one line.

Notice of Dissolution.
Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Eva M. Fuson and Bessie M. Schwaner, under the firm name and style of Fuson & Schwaner, and with the principal place of business at Ord, Nebraska, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will be conducted hereafter by Eva M. Fuson.
Dated at Ord, Nebraska, June 26, 1907.
Bessie M. Schwaner,
Eva M. Fuson.

Ord Market Top—Prices
Wheat, spring 72c, winter 72c.
Barley 43c.
Rye, 50c.
Oats, 35c.
Corn, 37c.
Potatoes, \$1.50
Butter, 14c.
Eggs, 10c.
Hens, 7c.
Hogs, \$5.25

JOSEPH BONDY'S FIGURES.

Estimates \$420,000 Profits on Gross Business of \$550,000—Job For Bondy. Joseph Bondy of Syracuse, N. Y., has suddenly shot into the limelight as a municipal ownership authority of the first magnitude. He figures that Syracuse by operating its own electric light plant could make a profit of \$420,000 a year after allowing \$170,000 for excess of cost of municipal over private operation. As the total electrical receipts of the Syracuse Lighting company are only \$550,000, it is hard to see where all the municipal profit is to come from. But Mr. Bondy is sure he is right because he has got his figures from officials of 101 cities that have municipal plants, all but seven of whom blushing admit that their plants are successful. The Syracuse Post-Standard is, however, unfeeling enough to say:

"Mr. Bondy reports that ninety-four cities where municipal ownership of the lighting business is practiced show successful results. It would have been exactly the same if he had got his reports from 940 cities where municipal ownership is practiced, the simple reason being that the report is always furnished by the mayor or the manager of the plant, and in almost every instance it is to the political or financial advantage of the mayor or manager to say that municipal ownership is a huge success."

"It's a cinch, so to speak, that a man who has run for office on a municipal ownership platform won't be found afterward dropping any remarks to Mr. Bondy or any one else to show that the thing has turned out a failure. It is another cinch that the man who is employed by the city to run a municipal lighting plant will keep in mind which side his bread is buttered on and not make any fool remarks about the advantages of private ownership."

"There is no great difficulty about it. Figure out your total revenues, subtract from them your total expenses for the year, multiply by two and charge the result to your general municipal account, and you can show a profit instead of a loss without any trouble. The method has been compared to the success of the child who made a good profit out of poultry when his parents provided food for the chickens, hired some one to take care of them and bought the eggs."

"It has been shown that electric light plants deteriorate and become antiquated faster than almost any other kind of municipal undertaking. What is simpler than to disregard this fact and give yourself credit for every cent of value which was originally put into the plant, refuse to let experts examine it and show a paper profit to the taxpayers?"

Seriously, however, if Mr. Bondy can make good on his figures, municipal ownership should give way to national ownership, and Mr. Bondy should be given the job of lighting the United States.

SIX DOLLARS FOR NO TALK.

A Canadian's Experience With Municipal Telephone Abroad.

On his return from Europe recently Rodolphe Forget, a member of the Canadian parliament, was asked by a representative of the Montreal Star to give his opinion of municipal ownership in the European cities he had visited. His reply was:

"It is awful. The telephone system is an illustration. A friend of mine called me up from Brussels while I was in Paris. That is about the same as calling up a man in Ottawa, speaking from Montreal. He left a call for me for 6:30 p. m. I went to the phone, and they said that he had just left. It was only a matter of a few minutes. They charged me 15 francs for having been called up. I did not speak to my man, and when he arrived in Paris later on I learned that he, too, had been charged 15 francs. I wonder if they would stand this sort of thing on this side of the water. I do not think so."

"It takes about twenty-five minutes to get a connection, so that if you are within 10 or 15 minutes' drive it is better to jump in a cab and go and see your man personally. That is no joke."

Private Supply Lessens Cost.

The municipal electric light plant of Grand Rapids, Mich., which has been in operation since 1890; has been held up as an example of successful municipal operation. It was therefore a great surprise when in a detailed report to the board of public works Samuel A. Freshney, the general manager of the plant, advised that the generating plant be shut down and that current be purchased from a private company, as the city would save thereby 30 per cent of the generating cost, amounting to more than \$6,000 per annum. The board of public works promptly adopted Mr. Freshney's report and recommended to the city council that a contract with a private company be entered into. The council is, however, holding the matter in abeyance until the company secures a franchise.

Plant Worn Out in Greenfield, Ind.

The committee appointed by the city council to investigate the condition of the municipal light plant reports that the engines, machinery and equipment are worn out; that the capacity of the plant is inadequate. The city wishes to erect a new \$40,000 plant, but cannot secure the money by the sale of bonds because of having already reached the debt limit. The city council proposes to ask for bids upon the part of manufacturers of electric light machinery to install a plant, the city making an advance payment and permitting the plant to work out its own indebtedness.—Electrical World.

Ord Market Top—Prices
Wheat, spring 72c, winter 72c.
Barley 43c.
Rye, 50c.
Oats, 35c.
Corn, 37c.
Potatoes, \$1.50
Butter, 14c.
Eggs, 10c.
Hens, 7c.
Hogs, \$5.25

WANT COLUMN

WANTED—200 more farmers to make money by feeding tankage. O. P. Cromwell.

WANTED—A load of oobs at the Park jewelry store.

STRAYED or STOLEN—Black and white full grown pointer dog answers to the name of Sport. When last seen had on name strap for collar and city tax tag No. 29. Suitable reward will be paid for information regarding his whereabouts. W. A. Harding.

FOR SALE—House and two lots Anna L. Marks. 221f.

FOR RENT—Small cottage close to the square. Equipped with city water. Enquire at Quiz office.

WANTED—A girl for general work at the Domestic Kitchen. 201f

FOUND—Lady left umbrella in Misko meat market. Pay for this notice and get the same.

FOR SALE—Good Laporte \$150, rubber tired buggy at a bargain. G. R. Gard.

FOR SALE—Three thoroughbred Herford bulls. Guy Clement.

FOR RENT—Six room cottage. Mrs. C. A. Mann. 20

FOR SALE—A Kimball organ, a double office desk and an office book case. Mrs. C. A. Mann. 20-

FOR RENT—Old Scott house and barn. See Alvin Hill. 19-1f.

FOR RENT small house close in. See The Quiz.

FOR SALE OR RENT—6 room house two blocks from square. W. C. Wentworth. 1f.

FARM FOR RENT in Noble township. Mrs. C. A. Mann. 4-1f.

HOGS—Will be in Eljira every Wednesday and buy hogs for western shipment. See me then if you have hogs for sale. Phone 1 for particulars. E. L. Johnson.

WANTED—Your house to build. R. B. Whited.

FOR SALE: Good plastering sand, easy to get at in the east part of town. K. Hundtotte. 18-3-pd.

Land office at Lincoln, Neb., June 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that George L. Swainie of Arcadia, Neb., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 17892 made, May 26, 1902, for the w 1/2 NW 1/4, section 15, township 17n, range 16w, and that said proof will be made before H. Gudmundsen county judge, at Ord, Neb., on August 10, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz: Dudley M. Goddard of Arcadia, Neb. Jacob L. Gordon of Arcadia, Neb. Henry Nelson of Arcadia, Neb. Miles R. Buck of Arcadia, Neb. Chas. T. Shedd, Register.



July Specials

GOOD CHANCES EASTWARD:

Many low round-trip rates to eastern resorts during July. Jamestown Exposition tickets include New York and sea shore resorts with variable routes; excursions to Saratoga, Philadelphia, northern Michigan, Canada and St. Lawrence River resorts, Niagara Falls and Boston. Consult Agent as to making use of these excursion rates for your eastern trip.

LOW RATES WESTWARD:

During July, low round-trip rates to Pacific coast, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, etc., Yellowstone Park, Salt Lake, Colorado resorts, Big Horn Basin, Black Hills, Sheridan and Spokane. Consult Agent.

BIG HORN BASIN AND BILLINGS DISTRICT:

We personally conduct home-seekers' excursions on the first and third Tuesday of each month to these localities to assist you to secure fine irrigated lands at low cost. Write D. Clem Dever, General Agent Landseekers' Information Bureau. Half rates with maximum of \$20.00 from Nebraska; home-seekers' excursions west, northwest and southwest

Call or Write for Details.

J. W. MOORHOUSE, Ticket Agent, Ord, Nebraska.

L. W. WARELY, G. P. A., Omaha, Nebraska.

Insurance

The St. Paul is ready to furnish insurance on growing crops against hail losses.

Fire, lightning and wind-storm losses are fully covered by policies in the St. Paul or the Home, of New York, the largest American company, at \$2.50 per \$100.00 for five-year term.

Let me look after your insurance for you,

J. H. CAPRON, Ord.

Bullets as Peace Promoters.

While Mark Twain is hobnobbing around with royalty in London, the peace delegates at The Hague conference are furnishing material for a novel or serial story of real humor. Just now the delegates are up to their eyes in the discussion of a protest about the kind of bullets used by the American soldiers. These men of peace have not given any clear idea of what would suit their fancy in the bullet line, but they have made it plain that the Krag-Jorgensen, the Mauser and the Spitz bullets leave much to be desired in the gentle art of killing and maiming. It appears that they want a rifle bullet that will kill without hurting, leaving the victim with a smile on his lips rather than with distorted visage and blood-soaked garment. Testimony offered at the Hague shows that the Krag-Jorgensen is not by any means as ragged as its name, but may pass through a man man without hurting him very much and its use is apt to leave a top-heavy hospital list compared with the subjects for the burial squad. The Mauser is open to the same criticism, but the real bolt of wrath is aimed at the Spitz. This is a new bullet which does its preliminary work all right, but is so constructed that after it enters the body it has a habit of veering from the course, and the victim, as shown by autopsies, looks as though he might have swallowed a cannon cracker just before it exploded. Of course, the man who stops a Spitz also stops fighting, but the Hague sages think it inhuman to disfigure a corpse as a Spitz does, and they want the use of the Spitz prohibited by an international agreement.

The world is not bloodthirsty. It wants no more wars, but the delegates at the Hague are wasting their time if they hope to make war a pink tea affair, accompanied by no more danger or terror than a French duel. It would seem to be a better plan to encourage the promotion of universal peace by substituting harmless substitutes for force and violence. War will not be stopped if it is made possible pastime for mollicoddlers or to be conducted along lines that will not shock the gentle sensibilities of the peace theorists.—Omaha Bee.

We want your HOGS!

Light Hogs

We have made arrangements with the trade at Portland, Oregon, to handle all of the light hogs we can ship them, and are now in the market for light hogs for western shipment. Call us up by phone or stop at our office and let us quote you top prices.

Blessing Bros. Farmers' phone 25. Bell phone 42

Prof. J. N. D. Able Magnetic Healer

GRADUATE OF WELTMER SCHOOL OF HEALING OF NEVADA, MISSOURI

A few of the diseases treated: appendicitis, cancer, cross eyes, curvature of the spine, typhoid fever, heart trouble, insomnia, liquor habit, ovarian tumors, paralysis, spinal meningitis, asthma, constipation, cough, croup, hip joint disease, kidney trouble, locomotor ataxia, pneumonia, rheumatism.

Consultation Free. OFFICE AT RESIDENCE Two blocks east of square Ord, - - Nebraska

Have Your Law Work Done Right

Wills
Contracts
Leases
Settlement of Estates
Collections
Legal Advice
Law Suits
Farm Loans
Real Estate

Herman E. Oleson Attorney and Counselor at Law ORD, NEBRASKA
Office in Court House
Office phone No. 2, res. No. 40.

She Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. CALDWELL of Chicago,

Practicing Allopathy, Homeopathy, Electric and General Medicine.

Will, by Request, Visit Ord Professionally on

Friday, Aug 2



Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. when she may be found at the Ord Hotel, returning every four weeks.

Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Consumption, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, Diseases of Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in Bones, Granular Enlargements, and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, throat ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to get cured.

Cancers, Goitre, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treating and diagnosing of diseases, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice one dollar to those interested.

Dr. Ora Caldwell & Co., Omaha, Neb., and Chicago, Ill. Address all mail to 104 Bee Building Omaha, Neb.

Ord Church and Lodge Directory

RATES—Six lines or less, \$3.00 per year. Additional lines of cents per year.

ORD LODGE NO. 103 A. F. & A. M. Meeting held on Wednesday or before the full moon of each month. T. A. Waters, W. M. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

ORD CHAPTER NO. 50 R. A. M. Convocation first Tuesday of each month. John C. Work, H. P. J. F. Colby, Secretary.

MIZPAH CHAPTER ORDER OF EASTERN STAR, ORD LODGE NO. 92. Regular meetings first and third Friday of each month.

Kansas Land

Wheat, oats, barley and alfalfa land. A good clay soil, with no sand, rock or shale. Good water. Smooth land, from \$7 to \$12 per acre

One-fourth cash, the balance on four years' time. Newbecker Land Co., GOODLAND, SHERMAN COUNTY, KANSAS.

SEE HONNOLD & DAVIS FOR Real Estate Insurance and 5% Loans

SEE HONNOLD & DAVIS FOR Real Estate Insurance and 5% Loans

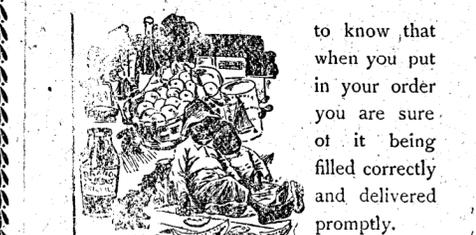
Koupal & Barsto Lumber Co.

There is only one way to make and maintain a reputation for high-grade goods—deliver the goods. It costs like smoke at times, but it pays in the long run, and we are glad we stuck to it.

See our line of Fence Posts

Telephone 34, and a trial order will convince you.

It is a Comfortable Feeling



Frank Dworak

We handle only eggs that ARE fresh, not eggs that WERE fresh.

First National Bank Ord, Nebraska

Capital \$70,000.00 Surplus and Profits 50,000.00

We take this means of calling your attention to our bank and its management, trusting we may receive your favorable consideration, when you have any banking business to transact.

A review of our history since organization, we think is sufficient guarantee that your interests will be safely guarded.

Our continued and rapid increase in business and number of depositors, is taken by us as an indication that we are pleasing the public with our business methods.

We will be pleased to have you deposit your money with us and we will take pleasure in extending you the advantages consistent with sound banking.

Peter Mortensen, President E. M. Williams, Cashier

ORD BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.

C. C. SHEPARD, M. D. Office over post office. Phone 116 NEBRASKA

Dr. F. D. HALDEMAN, Physician & Surgeon. Residence Phone 48 Office Phone 158. ORD, - - NEBRASKA

C. J. MILLER, M. D. Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence phone 41. Office in new Misko block. ORD, - - Nebraska.

R. L. STAPLE, Lawyer and Bonded Abstractor. Real Estate. Insurance of all kinds. Fire National Bank Building. ORD, - - NEBRASKA

A. M. DANIELS, ...Undertaking... Licensed Embalmer. Residence Phone 74. Store Phone 82. ORD, NEB

DR. GEO. TAYLOR, Dentist. Office over First National Bank. Office Phone 24. Residence Phone 274.

A. M. ROBBINS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE. Attention given to legal business in Valley and adjoining counties. ORD, - - NEBRASKA

C. D. BUNDY, M. D. Successor to Chester A. Brink. Calls answered night and day. Office and resident phone 40.

The Quiz and the Nebraska Farmer one year for \$1.50.